# cisco.



# Release Notes for Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches, Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x

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# Introduction

Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches are the next generation purpose-built 40 GigabitEthernet, 50 GigabitEthernet, 100 GigabitEthernet, and 400 GigabitEthernet modular core and aggregation platform providing resiliency at scale with the industry's most comprehensive security while allowing your business to grow at the lowest total operational cost. They have been purpose-built to address emerging trends of Security, IoT, Mobility, and Cloud.

They deliver hardware and software convergence in terms of ASIC architecture with Unified Access Data Plane (UADP) 3.0 and Cisco Silicon One Q200. The platform runs an Open Cisco IOS XE that supports model driven programmability, Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) Solid State Drive (SSD) local storage, and a higher memory footprint). The series forms the foundational building block for SD-Access, which is Cisco's lead enterprise architecture.

It also supports features that provide high availability, advanced routing and infrastructure services, security capabilities, and application visibility and control.

• Supported Hardware, on page 1

# **Supported Hardware**

### **Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches—Model Numbers**

The following table lists the supported switch models. For information about the available license levels, see section *License Levels*.

Switch Model	Description
(append with "=" for spares)	
C9606R	Cisco Catalyst 9606R Switch
	Redundant supervisor module capability
	• Four linecard slots
	• Hot-swappable fan tray, front and rear serviceable, fan tray assembly with 9 fans.
	• Four power supply module slots

# **Supported Hardware on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches**

Product ID	Description
(append with "=" for spares)	
Supervisor Modules	
C9600-SUP-1	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 1 Module
	This supervisor module is supported on the C9606R chassis.
C9600X-SUP-2	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor Engine 2
	This supervisor module is supported on the C9606R chassis.
$\mathbf{SATA}^{\underline{1}}  \mathbf{SSD}^{\underline{2}}  \mathbf{Modules}$ (for the	Supervisor)
C9K-F2-SSD-240GB	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 240GB SSD Storage
C9K-F2-SSD-480GB	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 480GB SSD Storage
C9K-F2-SSD-960GB	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 960GB SSD Storage
Line Cards	
C9600X-LC-32CD	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 30-Port QSFP28, 2-Port QSFP-DD line card.
	• C9600X-SUP-2
	• 30 QSFP28 ports of 100G/40G
	• 2 QSFP-DD ports of 400G/200G/100G/40G
	• C9600-SUP-1
	• Not supported
C9600-LC-40YL4CD	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 40-Port SFP56, 2-Port QSFP56, 2-Port QSFP-DD line card.
	• C9600X-SUP-2
	• 40 SFP56 ports of 50G/25G/10G
	• 2 QSFP56 ports of 200G/100G/40G
	• 2 QSFP-DD ports of 400G/200G/100G/40G
	• C9600X-SUP-1
	• 40 SFP28 ports of 25G/10G/1G
	• 2 QSFP28 ports of 100G/40G

Product ID	Description
(append with "=" for spares)	
C9600-LC-48YL	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 48-Port SFP56 line card.
	• C9600X-SUP-2
	• 48 SFP56 ports of 50G/25G/10G
	• C9600X-SUP-1
	• 48 SFP28 ports of 25G/10G/1G
C9600-LC-24C	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 24-Port 40G/12-Port 100G line card.
	• C9600X-SUP-2
	• 24 QSFP28 ports of 100G/40G
	• C9600-SUP-1
	• 12 ports of 100G or 24 ports of 40G
C9600-LC-48TX	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 48-Port MultiGigabit RJ45 line card.
	• C9600X-SUP-2
	• 48 ports of 10G/5G/2.5G
	• C9600X-SUP-1
	• 48 ports of 10G/5G/2.5G/1G and 100M/10M
C9600-LC-48S	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 48-Port SFP line card.
	• C9600X-SUP-2
	• Not supported
	• C9600-SUP-1
	• 48 SFP ports of 1G
AC Power Supply Modules	
C9600-PWR-2KWAC	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 2000W AC Power Supply Module <sup>3</sup>
C9600-PWR-3KWAC	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 3000W AC Power Supply Module
DC Power Supply Modules	1
C9600-PWR-2KWDC	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 2000W DC Power Supply Module

<sup>1</sup> Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA)

- <sup>2</sup> Solid State Drive (SSD) Module
  <sup>3</sup> Power supply output capacity is 1050W at 110 VAC.

### **Optics Modules**

Cisco Catalyst Series Switches support a wide range of optics and the list of supported optics is updated on a regular basis. Use the Transceiver Module Group (TMG) Compatibility Matrix tool, or consult the tables at this URL for the latest transceiver module compatibility information: https://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ hw/modules/ps5455/products\_device\_support\_tables\_list.html



# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x

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# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.6

### Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE 17.9.6

There are no new hardware features in this release.

### Software Features in Cisco IOS XE 17.9.6

There are no new software features in this release.

### Software Features in Cisco IOS XE 17.9.6

There are no new software features in this release.

# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5

### Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5

There are no new hardware features in this release.

### Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5

There are no new software features in this release.

### Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5

There are no behavior changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5.

# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4a

There are no new features in this release. This release provides a fix for CSCwh87343: Cisco IOS XE Software Web UI Privilege Escalation Vulnerability. For more information, see Security Advisory: cisco-sa-iosxe-webui-privesc-j22SaA4z.

# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4

### Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4

There are no new hardware features in this release.

### Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4

Feature Name	Description
Support for Wireless in a LISP VXLAN Fabric	A LISP VXLAN Fabric supports wireless infrastructure and wireless clients through two modes: Fabric-enabled Wireless and Over-the-top (OTT) Centralized Wireless.
	In a Fabric-enabled Wireless deployment, the wireless infrastructure is integrated with the wired fabric network to provide a single overlay for the wired and wireless clients.
	In an OTT Wireless deployment, the wireless infrastructure uses the wired fabric network as a transport medium to carry the traditional wireless traffic.

### Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4

There are no behavior changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4.

# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3

# Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3

There are no new hardware features in this release.

# Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3

Feature Name	Description
Wired Network	A LISP VXLAN fabric is an enterprise solution that enables policy-based segmentation over a LISP-based fabric overlay across a Campus and Branch network. It uses a LISP-based control plane and VXLAN-based data plane.

### Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3

There are no behavior changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3.

# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2

### Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2

There are no new hardware features in this release.

# Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2

There are no new software features in this release.

### Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2

There are no behavior changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2.

# Whats New in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1

# Hardware Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1

Feature Name	Description and Documentation Link
C9600X-LC-32CD	Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 32 port module with 30 ports supporting 100G/40G QSFP28 and 2-ports supporting 400G QSFP-DD.
	For more information about the hardware, see Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Line Card Installation Note.

### Software Features in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1

Feature Name	Description
BGP EVPN VXLAN: TCP MSS Adjustment	TCP MSS Adjustment: Introduces support for IPv4 and IPv6 TCP MSS Adjustment for EVPN Routed Overlay.
DHCP Snooping with Egress SPAN on the same interface	Introduces support for configuring concurrent DHCP Snooping and egress SPAN on the same interface for non-SDA deployments.
Programmability	The following programmability features are introduced in this release:
• YANG Data Models • Pubd Restartability	• YANG Data Models: For the list of Cisco IOS XE YANG models available with this release, navigate to: https://github.com/YangModels/yang/tree/master/vendor/cisco/xe/1791.
	Revision statements embedded in the YANG files indicate if there has been a model revision. The README.md file in the same GitHub location highlights changes that have been made in the release.
	• Pubd Restartability: The pubd process is restartable on all platforms in this release. Prior to this release, pubd was restartable only on certain platforms. On other platforms, to restart the pubd process, the whole device had to be restarted.

Feature Name	Description
Smart Licensing Using Policy	The following Smart Licensing Using Policy features are introduced in this release:
<ul> <li>New mechanism to send data privacy related information</li> <li>Hostname support</li> </ul>	• New mechanism to send data privacy related information: This information is no longer included in a RUM report.
	If data privacy is disabled ( <b>no license smart privacy</b> { <b>all</b>   <b>hostname</b>   <b>version</b> } global configuration command), data privacy related information is sent in a separate sync message or offline file.
	Depending on the topology you have implemented, the product instance initiates the sending of this information in a separate message, or CSLU and SSM On-Prem initiates the retrieval of this information from the product instance, or this information is saved in the offline file that is generated when you enter the <b>license smart save usage</b> privileged EXEC command.
	Hostname support: Support for sending hostname information was introduced.
	If you configure a hostname on the product instance and disable the corresponding privacy setting ( <b>no license smart privacy hostname</b> global configuration command), hostname information is sent from the product instance, in a separate sync message or offline file.
	Depending on the topology you have implemented, the hostname information is received by CSSM, and CSLU or SSM On-Prem. It is then displayed on the corresponding user interface.
SMU Installation disabled in bundle mode	Support for SMU installation is disabled in bundle mode. Installation is supported only in install mode.
Support for PI SSH	Cisco IOS SSH Server and Client support for the following encryption algorithms have been introduced:
	• aes128-gcm@openssh.com
	• aes256-gcm@openssh.com
SXP Version 5	SXP version 5 has been designed to export and import SXP mappings between specified SXP peers.
	New on the WebUI
There are no WebUI features in	this release

There are no WebUI features in this release.

# Hardware and Software Behavior Changes in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1

Behavior Change	Description
Custom SDM Templates: Default FIB MAC Address Value	The custom FIB MAC address minimum/default value is 16K. The configurable range for the number of 1k entries is 16 to 128. From Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1, this is applicable to <i>all</i> subsequent releases.
DHCP Egress Packets Captured in SPAN Sessions	SPAN sessions capture Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) egress packets when DHCP snooping is enabled on the device.

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Behavior Change	Description
MTU Packet Length	Prior to 17.9.1, the device was sending four bytes more than the maximum allowed packet length. Starting this release, the device sends packets as per the standard allowed packet length.
Non-queuing Service-Policy	Support for non-queuing service-policy is enabled on the port-channel subinterface of the Cisco Catalyst 9600X Series Switches.
RUM report throttling	For all topologies where the product instance initiates communication, the minimum reporting frequency is throttled to one day. This means the product instance does not send more than one RUM report a day.
	The affected topologies are: <i>Connected Directly to CSSM</i> , <i>Connected to CSSM</i> <i>Through CSLU</i> (product instance-initiated communication), <i>CSLU Disconnected</i> <i>from CSSM</i> (product instance-initiated communication), and <i>SSM On-Prem</i> <i>Deployment</i> (product instance-initiated communication).
	This resolves the problem of too many RUM reports being generated and sent for certain licenses. It also resolves the memory-related issues and system slow-down that was caused by an excessive generation of RUM reports.
	You can override the reporting frequency throttling, by entering the <b>license smart sync</b> command in privileged EXEC mode. This triggers an on-demand synchronization with CSSM or CSLU, or SSM On-Prem, to send and receive any pending data.
	RUM report throttling also applies to the Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.6 and later releases of the 17.3.x train, and Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.4 and later releases of the 17.6.x train. From Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1, RUM report throttling is applicable to <i>all</i> subsequent releases.
show vlan mapping command output	The <b>show vlan mapping</b> command output is modified. Information about Five GigabitEthernet interface is displayed in the output.



# **Important Notes**

• Important Notes, on page 11

# **Important Notes**

**Unsupported Features: Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module** 

- Cisco TrustSec
  - Cisco TrustSec Manual Configuration
  - Cisco TrustSec Security Association Protocol (SAP)
  - Cisco TrustSec Metadata Header Encapsulation
  - IPv6 Support for SGT and SGACL
  - Cisco TrustSec SGT Caching
  - TrustSec SGT Handling: L2 SGT Imposition and Forwarding
  - Cisco TrustSec SGT Inline Tagging
- High Availability
  - · Quad-Supervisor with Route Processor Redundancy
  - Cisco StackWise Virtual
  - Secure StackWise Virtual

#### • Interface and Hardware

- Per-port MTU
- Link Debounce Timer
- EnergyWise
- IP Addressing Services
  - Next Hop Resolution Protocol (NHRP)

- Network Address Translation (NAT)
- Gateway Load Balancing Protocol (GLBP)
- Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP)
- · Switchport Block Unknown Unicast and Switchport Block Unknown Multicast
- Message Session Relay Protocol (MSRP)
- TCP MSS Adjustment
- GRE IPv6 Tunnels
- IP Fast Reroute (IP FRR)

#### • IP Multicast Routing

- Multicast Routing over GRE Tunnel
- Multicast VLAN Registration (MVR) for IGMP Snooping
- IPv6 Multicast over Point-to-Point GRE
- IGMP Proxy
- Bidirectional PIM
- Multicast VPN
- MVPNv6
- mVPN Extranet Support
- MLDP-Based VPN
- PIM Snooping
- PIM Dense Mode

#### • IP Routing

- OSPFv2 Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
- EIGRP Loop-Free Alternate IP Fast Reroute
- Policy-Based Routing (PBR)
- VRF-Aware PBR
- Local PBR
- PBR for Object-Group Access Control List (OGACL) Based Matching
- Multipoint GRE
- Web Cache Communication Protocol (WCCP)
- Unicast and Multicast over Point-to-Multipoint GRE

#### • Layer 2

- Multi-VLAN Registration Protocol (MVRP)
- · Loop Detection Guard

#### • Multiprotocol Label Switching

- BGP Multipath Load Sharing for Both eBGP and iBGP in an MPLS VPN
- MPLS over GRE
- MPLS Layer 2 VPN over GRE
- MPLS Layer 3 VPN over GRE
- Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)
- VPLS Autodiscovery, BGP-based
- VPLS Layer 2 Snooping: Internet Group Management Protocol or Multicast Listener Discovery
- Hierarchical VPLS with MPLS Access
- VPLS Routed Pseudowire IRB(v4) Unicast
- MPLS VPN Inter-AS Options (options A, B, and AB)
- MPLS VPN Inter-AS IPv4 BGP Label Distribution
- Seamless Multiprotocol Label Switching

#### Network Management

- ERSPAN and RSPAN
- · Flow-Based Switch Port Analyser
- FRSPAN
- Egress Netflow
- IP Aware MPLS Netflow
- NetFlow Version 5

#### • Quality of Service

- QoS Ingress Shaping
- VPLS QoS
- Microflow Policers
- Per VLAN Policy and Per Port Policer
- Mixed COS/DSCP Threshold in a QoS LAN-queueing Policy
- Easy QoS: match-all Attributes
- Classify: Packet Length
- Class-Based Shaping for DSCP/Prec/COS/MPLS Labels

- CoPP Microflow Policing
- Egress Policing
- · Egress Microflow Destination-Only Policing
- Ethertype Classification
- Packet Classification Based on Layer3 Packet-Length
- PACLs
- Per IP Session QoS
- Per Queue Policer
- QoS Data Export
- QoS L2 Missed Packets Policing

#### • Security

- · Lawful Intercept
- MACsec:
  - MACsec EAP-TLS
  - Switch-to-host MACsec
  - Certificate-based MACsec
  - Cisco TrustSec SAP MACsec
- MAC ACLs
- Port ACLs
- VLAN ACLs
- IP Source Guard
- IPv6 Source Guard
- · Web-based Authentication
- Port Security
- Weighted Random Early Detection mechanism (WRED) Based on DSCP, PREC, or COS
- IEEE 802.1x Port-Based Authentication
- Dynamic ARP Inspection
- Dynamic ARP Inspection Snooping
- System Management
  - · Unicast MAC Address Filtering
- VLAN

- Wired Dynamic PVLAN
- Private VLANs

#### **Complete List of Supported Features**

For the complete list of features supported on a platform, see the Cisco Feature Navigator.

#### **Accessing Hidden Commands**

This section provides information about hidden commands in Cisco IOS XE and the security measures that are in place, when they are accessed. These commands are only meant to assist Cisco TAC in advanced troubleshooting and are not documented.

Hidden commands are available under:

- Category 1—Hidden commands in privileged or User EXEC mode. Begin by entering the service internal command to access these commands.
- Category 2—Hidden commands in one of the configuration modes (global, interface and so on). These
  commands do not require the service internal command.

Further, the following applies to hidden commands under Category 1 and 2:

• The commands have CLI help. Enter enter a question mark (?) at the system prompt to display the list of available commands.

Note: For Category 1, enter the **service internal** command before you enter the question mark; you do not have to do this for Category 2.

 The system generates a %PARSER-5-HIDDEN syslog message when a hidden command is used. For example:

```
*Feb 14 10:44:37.917: %PARSER-5-HIDDEN: Warning!!! 'show processes memory old-header '
is a hidden command.
Use of this command is not recommended/supported and will be removed in future.
```

Apart from category 1 and 2, there remain internal commands displayed on the CLI, for which the system does NOT generate the %PARSER-5-HIDDEN syslog message.

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Important We recommend that you use any hidden command only under TAC supervision.

If you find that you are using a hidden command, open a TAC case for help with finding another way of collecting the same information as the hidden command (for a hidden EXEC mode command), or to configure the same functionality (for a hidden configuration mode command) using non-hidden commands.

#### Default Behaviour

Beginning from Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.5 and later, do not fragment bit (DF bit) in the IP packet is always set to 0 for all outgoing RADIUS packets (packets that originate from the device towards the RADIUS server).



# **Compatibility Matrix and Web UI System Requirements**

- Compatibility Matrix, on page 17
- Web UI System Requirements, on page 23

# **Compatibility Matrix**

The following table provides software compatibility information between Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches, Cisco Identity Services Engine, Cisco Access Control Server, and Cisco Prime Infrastructure.

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Cupertino 17.9.6	<ul> <li>3.3</li> <li>3.2 + latest patch</li> <li>3.1 + latest patch</li> <li>3.0 latest patch</li> <li>2.7 latest patch</li> <li>2.6 latest patch</li> <li>2.4 latest patch</li> </ul>	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads.
Cupertino 17.9.5	<ul> <li>3.2</li> <li>3.1 + Patch 1</li> <li>3.0 latest patch</li> <li>2.7 latest patch</li> <li>2.6 latest patch</li> <li>2.4 latest patch</li> </ul>	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 → Downloads.

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Cupertino 17.9.4	3.2	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.1 + Patch 1		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	3.0 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.7 latest patch		Downloads.
	2.6 latest patch		
	2.4 latest patch		
Cupertino 17.9.3	3.2	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.1 + Patch 1		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	3.0 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.7 latest patch		Dowmoads.
	2.6 latest patch		
	2.4 latest patch		
Cupertino 17.9.2	3.2	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.1 + Patch 1		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	3.0 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.7 latest patch		Downloads.
	2.6 latest patch		
	2.4 latest patch		
Cupertino 17.9.1	3.2	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.1 + Patch 1		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	3.0 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.7 latest patch		Downloads.
	2.6 latest patch		
	2.4 latest patch		
Cupertino 17.8.1	3.1	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.0 latest patch		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.6 latest patch		Downioaus.
	2.4 latest patch		

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Cupertino 17.7.1	3.1	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.0 latest patch		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.6 latest patch		2.0
	2.4 latest patch		
Bengaluru 17.6.8	3.2 Patch 4	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.10 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Bengaluru 17.6.7	3.1	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.0 latest patch		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.6 latest patch		Downloads.
	2.4 latest patch		
Bengaluru 17.6.6a	3.1	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.0 latest patch		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.6 latest patch		Downloads.
	2.4 latest patch		
Bengaluru 17.6.6	3.1	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.0 latest patch		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.6 latest patch		Downloads.
	2.4 latest patch		
Bengaluru 17.6.5	3.1	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance
	3.0 latest patch		release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	2.6 latest patch		Downioaus.
	2.4 latest patch		

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Bengaluru 17.6.4	3.1 3.0 latest patch	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
	2.7 latest patch		See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
	<ul><li>2.6 latest patch</li><li>2.4 latest patch</li></ul>		
Bengaluru 17.6.3	<ul><li>3.1</li><li>3.0 latest patch</li><li>2.7 latest patch</li><li>2.6 latest patch</li><li>2.4 latest patch</li></ul>	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Bengaluru 17.6.2	<ul> <li>3.1</li> <li>3.0 latest patch</li> <li>2.7 latest patch</li> <li>2.6 latest patch</li> <li>2.4 latest patch</li> </ul>	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.10 $\rightarrow$ Downloads.
Bengaluru 17.6.1	<ul><li>3.1</li><li>3.0 latest patch</li><li>2.7 latest patch</li><li>2.6 latest patch</li><li>2.4 latest patch</li></ul>	-	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads.
Bengaluru 17.5.1	3.0 Patch 1 2.7 Patch 2 2.6 Patch 7 2.4 Patch 13	-	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads.
Bengaluru 17.4.1	3.0 2.7 Patch 2	-	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 → Downloads.
Amsterdam 17.3.8a	2.7	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.10 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Amsterdam 17.3.8	2.7	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.10 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.7	2.7	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.10 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.6	2.7	-	PI 3.10 + PI 3.10 latest maintenance release + PI 3.10 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.10 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.5	2.7	-	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.4	2.7	-	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.3	2.7	-	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release + PI 3.9 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.9 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.2a	2.7	-	PI 3.8 + PI 3.8 latest maintenance release + PI 3.8 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.8 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.3.1	2.7	-	PI 3.8 + PI 3.8 latest maintenance release + PI 3.8 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.8 $\rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Amsterdam 17.2.1	2.7	-	PI 3.7 + PI 3.7 latest maintenance release + PI 3.7 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.7 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Amsterdam 17.1.1	2.7	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.8	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.7	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.6	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.5b	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.5	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.4	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.3a	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.3	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.2	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.12.1	2.6	-	-
Gibraltar 16.11.1	2.6	5.4	-
	2.4 Patch 5	5.5	
Gibraltar 16.10.1	2.3 Patch 1	5.4	PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release
	2.4 Patch 1	5.5	+ PI 3.4 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.4→ Downloads.
Fuji 16.9.8	2.5	5.4	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release
	2.1	5.5	+ PI 3.9 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.9 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Fuji 16.9.7	2.5	5.4	PI 3.9 + PI 3.9 latest maintenance release
	2.1	5.5	+ PI 3.9 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.9 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Fuji 16.9.6	2.3 Patch 1	5.4	PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release
	2.4 Patch 1	5.5	+ PI 3.4 latest device pack
			See Cisco Prime Infrastructure 3.4→ Downloads.

Catalyst 9600	Cisco Identity Services Engine	Cisco Access Control Server	Cisco Prime Infrastructure
Fuji 16.9.5	2.3 Patch 1 2.4 Patch 1	5.4 5.5	PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release + PI 3.4 latest device pack
	2.11 4001 1	0.0	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.4 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Fuji 16.9.4	2.3 Patch 1 2.4 Patch 1	5.4 5.5	PI 3.4 + PI 3.4 latest maintenance release + PI 3.4 latest device pack
	2.4 I aten 1	5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.4 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Fuji 16.8.1a	2.3 Patch 1	5.4	PI 3.3 + PI 3.3 latest maintenance release + PI 3.3 latest device pack
	2.4	5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.3 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Everest 16.6.4a	2.2	5.4	PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13
	2.3	5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.1 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Everest 16.6.4	2.2	5.4	PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13
	2.3	5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.1 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b> .
Everest 16.6.3	2.2	5.4	PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13
	2.3	5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.1 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b>
Everest 16.6.2	2.2	5.4	PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13
	2.3	5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.1 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b>
Everest 16.6.1	2.2	5.4	PI 3.1.6 + Device Pack 13
		5.5	See Cisco Prime Infrastructure $3.1 \rightarrow$ <b>Downloads</b>
Everest 16.5.1a	2.1 Patch 3	5.4	-
		5.5	

# Web UI System Requirements

The following subsections list the hardware and software required to access the Web UI:

#### **Minimum Hardware Requirements**

Processor Speed	DRAM	Number of Colors	Resolution	Font Size
233 MHz minimum <sup>4</sup>	512 MB <sup>5</sup>	256	1280 x 800 or higher	Small

- <sup>4</sup> We recommend 1 GHz
- <sup>5</sup> We recommend 1 GB DRAM

#### **Software Requirements**

#### **Operating Systems**

- Windows 10 or later
- Mac OS X 10.9.5 or later

#### Browsers

- Google Chrome—Version 59 or later (On Windows and Mac)
- Microsoft Edge
- Mozilla Firefox—Version 54 or later (On Windows and Mac)
- Safari—Version 10 or later (On Mac)



# **Licensing and Scaling Guidelines**

- Licensing, on page 25
- Scaling Guidelines, on page 26

# Licensing

This section provides information about the licensing packages for features available on Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches.

### **License Levels**

The software features available on Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches fall under these base or add-on license levels.

#### **Base Licenses**

Network Advantage

#### Add-On Licenses

Add-On Licenses require a Network Essentials or Network Advantage as a pre-requisite. The features available with add-on license levels provide Cisco innovations on the switch, as well as on the Cisco Digital Network Architecture Center (Cisco DNA Center).

• DNA Advantage

To find information about platform support and to know which license levels a feature is available with, use Cisco Feature Navigator. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to https://cfnng.cisco.com. An account on cisco.com is not required.

### **Available Licensing Models and Configuration Information**

• Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1: Smart Licensing is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.

In the software configuration guide of the required release, see System Management  $\rightarrow$  Configuring Smart Licensing.

Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a and later: Smart Licensing Using Policy, which is an enhanced version
of Smart Licensing, is the default and the only supported method to manage licenses.

In the software configuration guide of the required release (17.3.x onwards), see System Management  $\rightarrow$  Smart Licensing Using Policy.

For a more detailed overview on Cisco Licensing, go to cisco.com/go/licensingguide.

### **License Levels - Usage Guidelines**

• The duration or term for which a purchased license is valid:

Smart Licensing Using Policy	Smart Licensing
• Perpetual: There is no expiration date for such a license.	• Permanent: for a license level, and without an expiration date.
• Subscription: The license is valid only until a certain date (for a three, five, or seven year period).	<ul> <li>Term: for a license level, and for a three, five, or seven year period.</li> <li>Evaluation: a license that is not registered.</li> </ul>

• Base licenses (Network-Advantage) are ordered and fulfilled only with a perpetual or permanent license type.

- Add-on licenses (DNA Advantage) are ordered and fulfilled only with a subscription or term license type.
- An add-on license level is included when you choose a network license level. If you use DNA features, renew the license before term expiry, to continue using it, or deactivate the add-on license and then reload the switch to continue operating with the base license capabilities.
- Evaluation licenses cannot be ordered. They are not tracked via Cisco Smart Software Manager and expire after a 90-day period. Evaluation licenses can be used only once on the switch and cannot be regenerated. Warning system messages about an evaluation license expiry are generated only 275 days after expiration and every week thereafter. An expired evaluation license cannot be reactivated after reload. This applies only to *Smart Licensing*. The notion of evaluation licenses does not apply to *Smart Licensing Using Policy*.

# **Scaling Guidelines**

For information about feature scaling guidelines, see the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches datasheets at: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-series-data-sheet-cte-en.html https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-series-line-data-sheet-cte-en.html https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-series-line-data-sheet-cte-en.html https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/nb-06-cat9600-series-line-data-sheet-cte-en.html



# **Limitations and Restrictions**

• Limitations and Restrictions, on page 27

# **Limitations and Restrictions**

- Auto negotiation: The SFP+ interface (TenGigabitEthernet0/1) on the Ethernet management port with a 1G transceiver does not support auto negotiation.
- Control Plane Policing (CoPP)—The **show run** command does not display information about classes configured under system-cpp policy, when they are left at default values. Use the **show policy-map system-cpp-policy** or the **show policy-map** control-plane commands in privileged EXEC mode instead.
- Convergence: During SSO, a higher convergence time is observed while removing the active supervisor module installed in slot 3 of a C9606R chassis.
- Hardware Limitations-Optics:
  - Installation restriction for C9600-LC-24C linecard with CVR-QSFP-SFP10G adapter This adapter must not be installed on an even numbered port where the corresponding odd numbered port is configured as 40GE port. For example, if port 1 is configured as 40GE, CVR-QSFP-SFP10G must not be installed in port 2.

Installation restriction for C9600-LC-24C linecard with CVR-QSFP-SFP10G adapter — If you insert a 40-Gigabit Ethernet Transceiver Module to odd numbered port, the corresponding even numbered port does not work with CVR-QSFP-SFP10G adapter.

- GLC-T and GLC-TE operating at 10/100Mbps speed are not supported with Cisco QSA Module (CVR-QSFP-SFP10G).
- SFP-10G-T-X supports 100Mbps/1G/10G speeds based on auto negotiation with the peer device. You cannot force speed settings from the transceiver.
- Hardware Limitations—Power Supply Modules:
  - Input voltage for AC power supply modules—All AC-input power supply modules in the chassis must have the same AC-input voltage level.
  - Using power supply modules of different types—When mixing AC-input and DC-input power supplies, the AC-input voltage level must be 220 VAC.
- In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU)

- While ISSU allows you to perform upgrades with zero downtime, we recommend you to do so during a maintenance window only.
- If a new feature introduced in a software release requires a change in configuration, the feature should not be enabled during ISSU.
- If a feature is not available in the downgraded version of a software image, the feature should be disabled before initiating ISSU.
- QoS restrictions
  - When configuring QoS queuing policy, the sum of the queuing buffer should not exceed 100%.
  - Policing and marking policy on sub interfaces is supported.
  - Marking policy on witched virtual interfaces (SVI) is supported.
  - QoS policies are not supported for port-channel interfaces, tunnel interfaces, and other logical interfaces.
- Secure Shell (SSH)
  - Use SSH Version 2. SSH Version 1 is not supported.
  - When the device is running SCP and SSH cryptographic operations, expect high CPU until the SCP read process is completed. SCP supports file transfers between hosts on a network and uses SSH for the transfer.

Since SCP and SSH operations are currently not supported on the hardware crypto engine, running encryption and decryption process in software causes high CPU. The SCP and SSH processes can show as much as 40 or 50 percent CPU usage, but they do not cause the device to shutdown.

• Smart Licensing Using Policy: Starting with Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a, with the introduction of Smart Licensing Using Policy, even if you configure a hostname for a product instance or device, only the Unique Device Identifier (UDI) is displayed. This change in the display can be observed in all licensing utilities and user interfaces where the hostname was displayed in earlier releases. It does not affect any licensing functionality. There is no workaround for this limitation.

The licensing utilities and user interfaces that are affected by this limitation include only the following: Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM), Cisco Smart License Utility (CSLU), and Smart Software Manager On-Prem (SSM On-Prem).

This limitation is removed from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1. If you configure a hostname and disable hostname privacy (**no license smart privacy hostname** global configuration command), hostname information is sent from the product instance and displayed on the applicable user interfaces (CSSM, CSLU, SSM On-Prem). For more information, see the command reference for this release.

- TACACS legacy command: Do not configure the legacy **tacacs-server host** command; this command is deprecated. If the software version running on your device is Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.2 or a later release, using the legacy command can cause authentication failures. Use the **tacacs server** command in global configuration mode.
- USB Authentication—When you connect a Cisco USB drive to the switch, the switch tries to authenticate the drive against an existing encrypted preshared key. Since the USB drive does not send a key for authentication, the following message is displayed on the console when you enter **password encryption aes** command:

L

Device(config)# **password encryption aes** Master key change notification called without new or old key

- MACsec is not supported on Software-Defined Access deployments.
- VLAN Restriction—It is advisable to have well-defined segregation while defining data and voice domain during switch configuration and to maintain a data VLAN different from voice VLAN across the switch stack. If the same VLAN is configured for data and voice domains on an interface, the resulting high CPU utilization might affect the device.
- YANG data modeling limitation—A maximum of 20 simultaneous NETCONF sessions are supported.
- Embedded Event Manager---Identity event detector is not supported on Embedded Event Manager.
- On the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor 2 Module, TCAM space will not be reserved for different features. The available TCAM space will be shared across the features.
- The File System Check (fsck) utility is not supported in install mode.



# **ROMMON Versions**

• ROMMON Versions, on page 31

# **ROMMON Versions**

ROMMON, also known as the boot loader, is firmware that runs when the device is powered up or reset. It initializes the processor hardware and boots the operating system software (Cisco IOS XE software image). The ROMMON is stored on the following Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) flash devices on your switch:

- Primary: The ROMMON stored here is the one the system boots every time the device is powered-on or reset.
- Golden: The ROMMON stored here is a backup copy. If the one in the primary is corrupted, the system automatically boots the ROMMON in the golden SPI flash device.

ROMMON upgrades may be required to resolve firmware defects, or to support new features, but there may not be new versions with every release.

The following table provides ROMMON version information for the Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Supervisor Modules. For ROMMON version information of Cisco IOS XE 16.x.x releases, refer to the corresponding Cisco IOS XE 16.x.x release notes of the respective platform.

Release	ROMMON Version (C9600-SUP-1)	ROMMON Version (C9600X-SUP-2)
Cupertino 17.9.6	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.9.5	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.9.4	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.9.3	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.9.2	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.9.1	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.8.1	17.8.1r[FC1]	17.7.1r[FC3]
Cupertino 17.7.1	17.6.1r	17.7.1r[FC3]
Bengaluru 17.6.8	17.6.1r	-

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Release	ROMMON Version (C9600-SUP-1)	ROMMON Version (C9600X-SUP-2)
Bengaluru 17.6.7	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.6a	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.6	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.5	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.4	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.3	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.2	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.6.1	17.6.1r	-
Bengaluru 17.5.1	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Bengaluru 17.4.1	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.8a	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.8	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.7	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.6	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.5	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.4	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.3	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.2a	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.3.1	17.3.1r[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.2.1	17.1.1[FC2]	-
Amsterdam 17.1.1	17.1.1[FC1]	-



# **Upgrading the Switch Software**

- Finding the Software Version, on page 33
- Software Images, on page 33
- Upgrading the ROMMON, on page 34
- Software Installation Commands, on page 35
- Upgrading in Install Mode, on page 35
- Downgrading in Install Mode, on page 41
- In Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) with Cisco StackWise Virtual and Dual Supervisor Module Configuration, on page 45
- Field-Programmable Gate Array Version Upgrade, on page 48

# **Finding the Software Version**

The package files for the Cisco IOS XE software are stored on the system board flash device (flash:).

You can use the **show version** privileged EXEC command to see the software version that is running on your switch.



**Note** Although the **show version** output always shows the software image running on the switch, the model name shown at the end of this display is the factory configuration and does not change if you upgrade the software license.

You can also use the **dir** *filesystem:* privileged EXEC command to see the directory names of other software images that you might have stored in flash memory.

# **Software Images**

Release	Image Type	File Name
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.6	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.09.05.SPA.bin
	No Payload Encryption (NPE)	cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.09.05.SPA.bin

Release	Image Type	File Name
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.09.04.SPA.bin
	No Payload Encryption (NPE)	cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.09.04.SPA.bin
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.09.03.SPA.bin
	No Payload Encryption (NPE)	cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.09.03.SPA.bin
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.09.02.SPA.bin
	No Payload Encryption (NPE)	cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.09.02.SPA.bin
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1	CAT9K_IOSXE	cat9k_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin
	No Payload Encryption (NPE)	cat9k_iosxe_npe.17.09.01.SPA.bin

# **Upgrading the ROMMON**

To know the ROMMON or bootloader version that applies to every major and maintenance release, see ROMMON Versions, on page 31.

You can upgrade the ROMMON before, or, after upgrading the software version. If a new ROMMON version is available for the software version you are upgrading to, proceed as follows:

• Upgrading the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device

This ROMMON is upgraded automatically. When you upgrade from an existing release on your switch to a later or newer release for the first time, and there is a new ROMMON version in the new release, the system automatically upgrades the ROMMON in the primary SPI flash device, based on the hardware version of the switch.

· Upgrading the ROMMON in the golden SPI flash device

You must manually upgrade this ROMMON. Enter the **upgrade rom-monitor capsule golden switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.



Note

- In case of a Cisco StackWise Virtual setup, upgrade the active and standby supervisor modules.
  - In case of a High Availability set up, upgrade the active and standby supervisor modules.

After the ROMMON is upgraded, it will take effect on the next reload. If you go back to an older release after this, the ROMMON is not downgraded. The updated ROMMON supports all previous releases.

# **Software Installation Commands**

Summary of Software Installation Commands		
To install and activate the specified file, and to commit changes to be persistent across reloads:		
install add file filenan	me [activate commit]	
To separately install, activate, commit, cancel, or remove the installation file: install ?		
add file tftp: filename	Copies the install file package from a remote location to the device and performs a compatibility check for the platform and image versions.	
activate [auto-abort-timer]	Activates the file, and reloads the device. The <b>auto-abort-timer</b> keyword automatically rolls back image activation.	
commit	Makes changes persistent over reloads.	
rollback to committed	Rolls back the update to the last committed version.	
abort	Cancels file activation, and rolls back to the version that was running before the current installation procedure started.	
remove	Deletes all unused and inactive software installation files.	

# **Upgrading in Install Mode**

Follow these instructions to upgrade from one release to another, using **install** commands, in install mode. To perform a software image upgrade, you must be booted into IOS through **boot flash:packages.conf**.

## Before you begin

Â

Caution

n You must comply with these cautionary guidelines during an upgrade:

- Do not power cycle the switch.
- Do not disconnect power or remove the supervisor module.
- Do not perform an online insertion and replacement (OIR) of either supervisor (in a High Availability setup), if one of the supervisor modules in the chassis is in the process of a bootloader upgrade or when the switch is booting up.
- Do not perform an OIR of a switching module (linecard) when the switch is booting up.

Note that you can use this procedure for the following upgrade scenarios:

When upgrading from	То
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.x or earlier releases	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x

The sample output in this section displays upgrade from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1 to Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1 using **install** commands.

## Procedure

### Step 1 Clean-up

#### install remove inactive

Use this command to clean-up old installation files in case of insufficient space and to ensure that you have at least 1GB of space in flash, to expand a new image.

The following sample output displays the cleaning up of unused files, by using the **install remove inactive** command:

```
Switch# install remove inactive
install remove: START Fri Jul 29 19:51:48 UTC 2022
Cleaning up unnecessary package files
Scanning boot directory for packages ... done.
Preparing packages list to delete ...
    cat9k-cc srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-espbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-questshell.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-rpbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-rpboot.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-sipbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-sipspa.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
     File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-webui.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-wlc.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    packages.conf
      File is in use, will not delete.
  done.
The following files will be deleted:
[switch 1]:
/flash/cat9k-cc_srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipspa.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-wlc.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/packages.conf
```

## Do you want to remove the above files? [y/n]y

```
[switch 1]:
Deleting file flash:cat9k-cc srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
```

```
Deleting file flash:cat9k-espbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-guestshell.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-rpbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-rpboot.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-sipbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-sipspa.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-webui.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:cat9k-wlc.17.08.01.SPA.pkg ... done.
Deleting file flash:packages.conf ... done.
SUCCESS: Files deleted.
--- Starting Post Remove Cleanup ---
Performing Post Remove Cleanup on all members
[1] Post Remove Cleanup package(s) on switch 1
[1] Finished Post Remove Cleanup on switch 1
Checking status of Post Remove Cleanup on [1]
Post Remove Cleanup: Passed on [1]
Finished Post Remove Cleanup
SUCCESS: install remove Fri Jul 29 19:52:25 UTC 2022
```

### **Step 2** Copy new image to flash

Switch#

#### a) **copy tftp:**[[//location]/directory]/filenameflash:

Use this command to copy the new image from a TFTP server to flash memory. The location is either an IP address or a host name. The filename is specified relative to the directory used for file transfers. Skip this step if you want to use the new image from a TFTP server.

601216545 bytes copied in 50.649 secs (11870255 bytes/sec)

#### b) dir flash:\*.bin

Use this command to confirm that the image has been successfully copied to flash.

```
Switch# dir flash:*.bin
Directory of flash:/*.bin
Directory of flash:/
434184 -rw- 601216545 Jul 29 2022 10:18:11 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin
11353194496 bytes total (8976625664 bytes free)
```

### **Step 3** Set boot variable

a) boot system flash:packages.conf

Use this command to set the boot variable to **flash:packages.conf**.

Switch(config) # boot system flash:packages.conf

b) no boot manual

Use this command to configure the switch to auto-boot. Settings are synchronized with the standby switch, if applicable.

Switch(config)# no boot manual
Switch(config)# exit

#### c) write memory

Use this command to save boot settings.

Switch# write memory

### d) show bootvar

Use this command to verify the boot variable (packages.conf) and manual boot setting (no):

```
Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
BAUD variable = 9600
ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
BOOTMODE variable does not exist
IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
CONFIG_FILE variable =
```

```
Standby BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
Standby MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
Standby BAUD variable = 9600
Standby ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
Standby BOOTMODE variable does not exist
Standby IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
Standby CONFIG FILE variable =
```

### **Step 4** Install image to flash

#### install add file activate commit

Use this command to install the image.

We recommend that you point to the source image on a TFTP server or the flash, if you have copied the image to flash memory.

The following sample output displays installation of the Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1 software image to flash:

```
Switch# install add file flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin activate commit
_install_add_activate_commit: START Fri Jul 29 16:37:25 IST 2022
*Jul 29 16:37:26.544 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_START_INFO: R0/0: install_engine: Started
install one-shot flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin
install_add_activate_commit: Adding PACKAGE
install_add_activate_commit: Checking whether new add is allowed ....
This operation requires a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed?
Please confirm you have changed boot config to flash:packages.conf [y/n]y
---- Starting initial file syncing ---
Copying image file: flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin to standby
Info: Finished copying flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin to standby
Finished initial file syncing
```

--- Starting Add ---Performing Add on Active/Standby [R0] Add package(s) on R0 [R0] Finished Add on R0

[R1] Add package(s) on R1 [R1] Finished Add on R1 Checking status of Add on [R0 R1] Add: Passed on [R0 R1] Finished Add Image added. Version: 17.9.01 install add activate commit: Activating PACKAGE Following packages shall be activated: /flash/cat9k-wlc.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-webui.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-sipspa.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-espbase.17.09.01.SPA.pkg /flash/cat9k-cc srdriver.17.09.01.SPA.pkg

#### This operation may require a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed? [y/n]y

```
--- Starting Activate ---
Performing Activate on Active/Standby
*Jul 29 16:45:21.695 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL AUTO ABORT TIMER PROGRESS: R0/0: rollback timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds [R0] Activate package(s) on R0
  [R0] Finished Activate on R0
  [R1] Activate package(s) on R1
  [R1] Finished Activate on R1
Checking status of Activate on [R0 R1]
Activate: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Activate
*Jul 29 16:45:25.233 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL AUTO ABORT TIMER PROGRESS: R1/0: rollback timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds--- Starting Commit ---
Performing Commit on Active/Standby
  [R0] Commit package(s) on R0
  [R0] Finished Commit on R0
  [R1] Commit package(s) on R1
  [R1] Finished Commit on R1
Checking status of Commit on [R0 R1]
Commit: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Commit
Install will reload the system now!
```

```
SUCCESS: install_add_activate_commit  Fri Jul 29 16:46:18 IST 2022
```

**Note** The system reloads automatically after executing the **install add file activate commit command**. You do not have to manually reload the system.

### **Step 5** Verify installation

After the software has been successfully installed, use the **dir flash:** command to verify that the flash partition has ten new .pkg files and two .conf files.

a) dir flash:\*.conf

The following is sample output of the **dir flash:\*.pkg** command:

```
Switch# dir flash:*.pkg
Directory of flash:/*.pkg
Directory of flash:/
475140 -rw- 2012104 Mar 19 2022 09:52:41 -07:00 cat9k-cc srdriver.17.09.01.SPA.pkg
```

475141 -rw- 70333380 Mar 19 2022 09:52:44 -07:00 cat9k-espbase.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475142 -rw- 13256 Mar 19 2022 09:52:44 -07:00 cat9k-guestshell.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475143 -rw- 349635524 Mar 19 2022 09:52:54 -07:00 cat9k-rpbase.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475149 -rw- 24248187 Mar 19 2022 09:53:02 -07:00 cat9k-rpboot.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475144 -rw- 25285572 Mar 19 2022 09:52:55 -07:00 cat9k-sipbase.17.09.01.SPA.pkg Mar 19 2022 09:52:55 -07:00 cat9k-sipspa.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475145 -rw- 20947908 475146 -rw- 2962372 Mar 19 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-srdriver.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475147 -rw- 13284288 Mar 19 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-webui.17.09.01.SPA.pkg Mar 19 2022 09:52:56 -07:00 cat9k-wlc.17.09.01.SPA.pkg 475148 -rw- 13248 491524 -rw- 25711568 Jul 29 2022 11:49:33 -07:00 cat9k-cc srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg Jul 29 2022 11:49:35 -07:00 cat9k-espbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491525 -rw- 78484428 491526 -rw- 1598412 Jul 29 2022 11:49:35 -07:00 cat9k-guestshell.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491527 -rw- 404153288 Jul 29 2022 11:49:47 -07:00 cat9k-rpbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491533 -rw- 31657374 Jul 29 2022 11:50:09 -07:00 cat9k-rpboot.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491528 -rw- 27681740 Jul 29 2022 11:49:48 -07:00 cat9k-sipbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg Jul 29 2022 11:49:49 -07:00 cat9k-sipspa.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491529 -rw- 52224968 491530 -rw- 31130572 Jul 29 2022 11:49:50 -07:00 cat9k-srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491531 -rw- 14783432 Jul 29 2022 11:49:51 -07:00 cat9k-webui.17.08.01.SPA.pkg 491532 -rw- 9160 Jul 29 2022 11:49:51 -07:00 cat9k-wlc.17.08.01.SPA.pkg

11353194496 bytes total (8963174400 bytes free)

### b) dir flash:\*.conf

The following is sample output of the **dir flash:\*.conf** command. It displays the .conf files in the flash partition; note the two .conf files:

- packages.conf-the file that has been re-written with the newly installed .pkg files.
- cat9k\_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.conf— a backup copy of the newly installed packages.conf file.

Switch# dir flash:\*.conf

Directory of flash:/\*.conf Directory of flash:/ 16631 -rw- 4882 Jul 29 2022 05:39:42 +00:00 packages.conf 16634 -rw- 4882 Jul 29 2022 05:34:06 +00:00 cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.conf

### **Step 6** Verify version

#### show version

After the image boots up, use this command to verify the version of the new image.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1 image on the device:

```
Switch# show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.09.01
Cisco IOS Software [Cupertino], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.9.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2022 by Cisco Systems, Inc..
<output truncated>
```

# **Downgrading in Install Mode**

Follow these instructions to downgrade from one release to another, in install mode. To perform a software image downgrade, you must be booted into IOS through **boot flash:packages.conf**.

### Before you begin

Note that you can use this procedure for the following downgrade scenarios:

W	Vhen downgrading from	То
C	isco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.x or earlier releases.



Note

New switch models that are introduced in a release cannot be downgraded. The release in which a module is introduced is the minimum software version for that model. We recommend upgrading all existing hardware to the same release as the latest hardware.

The sample output in this section shows downgrade from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1 to Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1, using **install** commands.

### Procedure

### Step 1 Clean-up

#### install remove inactive

Use this command to clean-up old installation files in case of insufficient space and to ensure that you have at least 1GB of space in flash, to expand a new image.

The following sample output displays the cleaning up of unused files, by using the **install remove inactive** command:

```
Switch# install remove inactive
install remove: START Fri Jul 29 11:42:27 IST 2022
Cleaning up unnecessary package files
No path specified, will use booted path bootflash:packages.conf
Cleaning bootflash:
  Scanning boot directory for packages ... done.
  Preparing packages list to delete ...
    cat9k-cc srdriver.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-espbase.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-guestshell.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-rpbase.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-rpboot.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-sipbase.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
```

```
File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-sipspa.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
     File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-srdriver.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-webui.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    cat9k-wlc.17.09.01.SSA.pkg
      File is in use, will not delete.
    packages.conf
      File is in use, will not delete.
  done.
SUCCESS: No extra package or provisioning files found on media. Nothing to clean.
SUCCESS: install remove Fri Jul 29 11:42:39 IST 2022
--- Starting Post Remove Cleanup ---
Performing Post Remove Cleanup on all members
[1] Post Remove Cleanup package(s) on switch 1
[1] Finished Post Remove Cleanup on switch 1
Checking status of Post_Remove_Cleanup on [1]
Post Remove Cleanup: Passed on [1]
Finished Post Remove Cleanup
SUCCESS: install remove Fri Jul 29 19:52:25 UTC 2022
Switch#
```

## **Step 2** Copy new image to flash

```
a) copy tftp:[[//location]/directory]/filenameflash:
```

Use this command to copy the new image from a TFTP server to flash memory. The location is either an IP address or a host name. The filename is specified relative to the directory used for file transfers. Skip this step if you want to use the new image from a TFTP server.

## b) dir flash:

Use this command to confirm that the image has been successfully copied to flash.

```
Switch# dir flash:*.bin
Directory of flash:/*.bin
Directory of flash:/
434184 -rw- 508584771 Jul 29 2022 13:35:16 -07:00 cat9k_iosxe.17.08.01.SPA.bin
11353194496 bytes total (9055866880 bytes free)
```

## **Step 3** Set boot variable

## a) boot system flash:packages.conf

Use this command to set the boot variable to flash:packages.conf.

Switch(config)# boot system flash:packages.conf

#### b) no boot manual

Use this command to configure the switch to auto-boot. Settings are synchronized with the standby switch, if applicable.

Switch(config)# no boot manual
Switch(config)# exit

#### c) write memory

Use this command to save boot settings.

Switch# write memory

### d) show bootvar

Use this command to verify the boot variable (packages.conf) and manual boot setting (no):

```
Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
BAUD variable = 9600
ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
BOOTMODE variable does not exist
IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
CONFIG_FILE variable =
```

```
Standby BOOT variable = bootflash:packages.conf
Standby MANUAL_BOOT variable = no
Standby BAUD variable = 9600
Standby ENABLE_BREAK variable = yes
Standby BOOTMODE variable does not exist
Standby IPXE_TIMEOUT variable does not exist
Standby CONFIG_FILE variable =
```

## **Step 4** Downgrade software image

#### install add file activate commit

Use this command to install the image.

We recommend that you point to the source image on a TFTP server or the flash, if you have copied the image to flash memory.

The following example displays the installation of the Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1 software image to flash, by using the **install add file activate commit** command.

```
Switch# install add file flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.08.01.SPA.bin activate commit
_install_add_activate_commit: START Fri Jul 29 21:37:25 IST 2022
*Jul 29 16:37:26.544 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_START_INFO: R0/0: install_engine: Started
install one-shot flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.08.01.SPA.bin
install_add_activate_commit: Adding PACKAGE
install_add_activate_commit: Checking whether new add is allowed ....
This operation requires a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed?
Please confirm you have changed boot config to flash:packages.conf [y/n]y
---- Starting initial file syncing ---
Copying image file: flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.08.01.SPA.bin to standby
Info: Finished copying flash:cat9k_iosxe.17.08.01.SPA.bin to standby
Finished initial file syncing
```

```
--- Starting Add ---
Performing Add on Active/Standby
```

[R0] Add package(s) on R0 [R0] Finished Add on R0 [R1] Add package(s) on R1 [R1] Finished Add on R1 Checking status of Add on [R0 R1] Add: Passed on [R0 R1] Finished Add

```
Image added. Version: 17.08.1
install_add_activate_commit: Activating PACKAGE
Following packages shall be activated:
/flash/cat9k-webui.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipspa.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-sipbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpboot.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-rpbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-espbase.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
/flash/cat9k-ct9k-cc_srdriver.17.08.01.SPA.pkg
```

#### This operation may require a reload of the system. Do you want to proceed? [y/n]y

```
--- Starting Activate ---
Performing Activate on Active/Standby
```

```
*Jul 29 21:45:21.695 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL AUTO ABORT TIMER PROGRESS: R0/0: rollback timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds [R0] Activate package(s) on R0
  [R0] Finished Activate on R0
 [R1] Activate package(s) on R1
  [R1] Finished Activate on R1
Checking status of Activate on [R0 R1]
Activate: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Activate
*Jul 29 21:45:25.233 IST: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL AUTO ABORT TIMER PROGRESS: R1/0: rollback timer:
Install auto abort timer will expire in 7200 seconds --- Starting Commit ---
Performing Commit on Active/Standby
 [R0] Commit package(s) on R0
  [R0] Finished Commit on R0
 [R1] Commit package(s) on R1
  [R1] Finished Commit on R1
Checking status of Commit on [R0 R1]
Commit: Passed on [R0 R1]
Finished Commit
Install will reload the system now!
```

SUCCESS: install add activate commit Fri Jul 29 21:46:18 IST 2022

**Note** The system reloads automatically after executing the **install add file activate commit** command. You do not have to manually reload the system.

### **Step 5** Verify version

### show version

After the image boots up, use this command to verify the version of the new image.

**Note** When you downgrade the software image, the ROMMON version does not downgrade. It remains updated.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1 image on the device:

```
Switch# show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.08.01
Cisco IOS Software [Cupertino], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.8.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2022 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
<output truncated>
```

# In Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) with Cisco StackWise Virtual and Dual Supervisor Module Configuration

Follow the instructions described here to perform an In Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) upgrade. Use the procedure described here, only for the releases indicated in the table below. For more general information about ISSU release support and recommended releases, see this technical reference document: In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU).

### Before you begin

Note that you can use this ISSU procedure only for the following scenarios:

When upgrading from	Use these commands	То
Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.x	install add file activate issu commit	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x
Not applicable	ISSU does not support downgrade. To downgrade, see Downgrading in Install Mode, on page 41.	Not applicable

## Procedure

#### Step 1 enable

Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted.

Switch# enable

### Step 2 install add file activate issu commit

Use this command to automate the sequence of all the upgrade procedures, including downloading the images to both the switches, expanding the images into packages, and upgrading each switch as per the procedures.

Switch# install add file tftp:cat9k\_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin activate issu commit

The following sample output displays installation of Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1 software image with ISSU procedure.

Switch# install add file tftp:cat9k\_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin activate issu commit install add activate commit: START Thu Jul 19 06:16:32 UTC 2021

Downloading file tftp://172.27.18.5//cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin \*Jul 19 06:16:34.064: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL START INFO: Switch 1 R0/0: install engine: Started install one-shot ISSU tftp://172.27.18.5//cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin Finished downloading file tftp://172.27.18.5//cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin to flash:cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin install add activate commit: Adding ISSU --- Starting initial file syncing ---[1]: Copying flash:cat9k\_iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin from switch 1 to switch 2 [2]: Finished copying to switch 2 Info: Finished copying flash:cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin to the selected switch(es) Finished initial file syncing --- Starting Add ---Performing Add on all members [1] Add package(s) on switch 1 [1] Finished Add on switch 1 [2] Add package(s) on switch 2 [2] Finished Add on switch 2 Checking status of Add on [1 2] Add: Passed on [1 2] Finished Add install add activate commit: Activating ISSU NOTE: Going to start Oneshot ISSU install process STAGE 0: Initial System Level Sanity Check before starting ISSU \_\_\_\_\_ --- Verifying install issu supported ------ Verifying standby is in Standby Hot state ------ Verifying booted from the valid media ------ Verifying AutoBoot mode is enabled ---Finished Initial System Level Sanity Check STAGE 1: Installing software on Standby \_\_\_\_\_ --- Starting install remote ---Performing install remote on Chassis remote [2] install remote package(s) on switch 2 [2] Finished install remote on switch 2 install remote: Passed on [2] Finished install remote STAGE 2: Restarting Standby \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ --- Starting standby reload ---Finished standby reload --- Starting wait for Standby to reach terminal redundancy state ---\*Jul 19 06:24:16.426: %SMART LIC-5-EVAL START: Entering evaluation period \*Jul 19 06:24:16.426: %SMART LIC-5-EVAL START: Entering evaluation period \*Jul 19 06:24:16.466: %HMANRP-5-CHASSIS DOWN EVENT: Chassis 2 gone DOWN! \*Jul 19 06:24:16.497: %REDUNDANCY-3-STANDBY LOST: Standby processor fault (PEER NOT PRESENT) \*Jul 19 06:24:16.498: %REDUNDANCY-3-STANDBY LOST: Standby processor fault (PEER DOWN) \*Jul 19 06:24:16.498: %REDUNDANCY-3-STANDBY\_LOST: Standby processor fault (PEER REDUNDANCY STATE CHANGE) \*Jul 19 06:24:16.674: %RF-5-RF RELOAD: Peer reload. Reason: EHSA standby down \*Jul 19 06:24:16.679: %IOSXE REDUNDANCY-6-PEER LOST: Active detected switch 2 is no longer standby

```
*Jul 19 06:24:16.416: %NIF MGR-6-PORT LINK DOWN: Switch 1 R0/0: nif mgr: Port 1 on front
side stack link 0 is DOWN.
*Jul 19 06:24:16.416: %NIF MGR-6-PORT CONN DISCONNECTED: Switch 1 R0/0: nif mgr: Port 1 on
front side stack link 0 connection has DISCONNECTED: CONN ERR PORT LINK DOWN EVENT
*Jul 19 06:24:16.416: %NIF MGR-6-STACK LINK DOWN: Switch 1 R0/0: nif mgr: Front side stack
 link 0 is DOWN.
*Jul 19 06:24:16.416: %STACKMGR-6-STACK LINK CHANGE: Switch 1 R0/0: stack mgr: Stack port
1 on Switch 1 is down
<output truncated>
*Jul 19 06:29:36.393: %IOSXE REDUNDANCY-6-PEER: Active detected switch 2 as standby.
*Jul 19 06:29:36.392: %STACKMGR-6-STANDBY ELECTED: Switch 1 R0/0: stack mgr: Switch 2 has
been elected STANDBY.
*Jul 19 06:29:41.397: %REDUNDANCY-5-PEER MONITOR EVENT: Active detected a standby insertion
(raw-event=PEER FOUND(4))
*Jul 19 06:29:41.397: %REDUNDANCY-5-PEER MONITOR EVENT: Active detected a standby insertion
 (raw-event=PEER REDUNDANCY STATE CHANGE(5))
*Jul 19 06:29:42.257: %REDUNDANCY-3-IPC: IOS versions do not match.
*Jul 19 06:30:24.323: %HA CONFIG SYNC-6-BULK CFGSYNC SUCCEED: Bulk Sync succeededFinished
wait for Standby to reach terminal redundancy state
*Jul 19 06:30:25.325: %RF-5-RF TERMINAL STATE: Terminal state reached for (SSO)
STAGE 3: Installing software on Active
_____
--- Starting install active ---
Performing install active on Chassis 1
<output truncated>
[1] install active package(s) on switch 1
[1] Finished install active on switch 1
install active: Passed on [1]
Finished install active
STAGE 4: Restarting Active (switchover to standby)
--- Starting active reload ---
New software will load after reboot process is completed
SUCCESS: install_add_activate commit Thu Jul 19 23:06:45 UTC 2021
Jul 19 23:06:45.731: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL COMPLETED INFO: R0/0: install engine: Completed
install one-shot ISSU flash:cat9k iosxe.17.09.01.SPA.bin
Jul 19 23:06:47.509: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload fp
action requested
Jul 19 23:06:48.776: %PM
Initializing Hardware ...
System Bootstrap, Version 17.9.1r[FC2], RELEASE SOFTWARE (P)
Compiled Fri 07/19/2022 10:48:42.68 by rel
Current ROMMON image : Primary
Last reset cause : PowerOn
C9500-40X platform with 16777216 Kbytes of main memory
boot: attempting to boot from [flash:packages.conf]
boot: reading file packages.conf
#
```

```
Jul 19 23:14:17.080: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_START_INFO: R0/0: install_engine: Started install
commit
Jul 19 23:15:48.445: %INSTALL-5-INSTALL_COMPLETED_INFO: R0/0: install_engine: Completed
install commit ISSU
```

### **Step 3** show version

Use this command to verify the version of the new image.

The following sample output of the **show version** command displays the Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1 image on the device:

```
Switch# show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version 17.09.01
Cisco IOS Software [Amsterdam], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Version 17.9.1,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 1986-2022 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
<output truncated>
```

## **Step 4 show issu state** [*detail*]

Use this command to verify that no ISSU process is in pending state.

```
Switch# show issu state detail
--- Starting local lock acquisition on chassis 2 ---
Finished local lock acquisition on chassis 2
No ISSU operation is in progress
```

Switch#

Step 5 exit

Exits privileged EXEC mode and returns to user EXEC mode.

# **Field-Programmable Gate Array Version Upgrade**

A field-programmable gate array (FPGA) is a type of programmable memory device that exists on Cisco switches. They are re-configurable logic circuits that enable the creation of specific and dedicated functions.

To check the current FPGA version, enter the **show firmware version all** command in IOS mode or the **version -v** command in ROMMON mode.



• Not every software release has a change in the FPGA version.

• The version change occurs as part of the regular software upgrade and you do not have to perform any other additional steps.



# **Caveats**

- Cisco Bug Search Tool, on page 51
- Open Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x, on page 51
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.6, on page 51
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5, on page 52
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4a, on page 52
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4, on page 52
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3, on page 52
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2, on page 53
- Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1, on page 53

# **Cisco Bug Search Tool**

The Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST) allows partners and customers to search for software bugs based on product, release, and keyword, and aggregates key data such as bug details, product, and version. The BST is designed to improve the effectiveness in network risk management and device troubleshooting. The tool has a provision to filter bugs based on credentials to provide external and internal bug views for the search input.

To view the details of a caveat, click on the identifier.

# **Open Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.x**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwh01883	C9600X-SUP-2: LCs can't boot from Golden region of IOFPGA when Upgrade/Primary region is corrupted

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.6**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwk36796	disparity error counter getting incremented on customer devices for few 100FX SFP\u2019s

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.5**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwi01706	GLC-TE link-down on interop between C9606R [LC-48YL] C3560x [Fa0, 100M speed] with AN enabl -day1
CSCwh39191	VULCAN: Incorrect Fan no. & Slot no. in warning syslog for fan failure on Fantray
CSCwe95691	PnP   Cat9k sends DHCP Discover with IP Source address 192.168.1.1 instead of 0.0.0.0
CSCwi10405	[NEAT] CISP installs a static MAC address entry pointing to a wrong interface

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4a**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwh87343	Cisco IOS XE Software Web UI Privilege Escalation Vulnerability
	For more information, see Security Advisory: cisco-sa-iosxe-webui-privesc-j22SaA4z.

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.4**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwe33886	17.9 install oper DB queries returning errors on DB queries to xpath install-oper-hist
CSCwe36743	Segmentation Fault - Crash - SSH - When Changing AAA Group Configs
CSCwe96441	Outgoing Flow control is not available on Cat platforms but it can be configured on cat9500HP

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.3**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwb53649	100G: Wrong output for DOM values through snmpwalk

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.2**

Identifier	Headline
CSCwb91153	fed_main_event memory leak @ htm_xml_parse_htm_section while running "show sdm"

# **Resolved Caveats in Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.9.1**

There are no resolved caveats in this release.



# **Additional Information**

- Troubleshooting, on page 55
- Related Documentation, on page 55
- Communications, Services, and Additional Information, on page 55

## Troubleshooting

For the most up-to-date, detailed troubleshooting information, see the Cisco TAC website at this URL:

https://www.cisco.com/en/US/support/index.html

Go to **Product Support** and select your product from the list or enter the name of your product. Look under Troubleshoot and Alerts, to find information for the problem that you are experiencing.

# **Related Documentation**

Information about Cisco IOS XE at this URL: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/ios-nx-os-software/ ios-xe/index.html

All support documentation for Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series Switches is at this URL: https://www.cisco.com/c/ en/us/support/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/tsd-products-support-series-home.html

Cisco Validated Designs documents at this URL: https://www.cisco.com/go/designzone

To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: https://cfnng.cisco.com/mibs

# **Communications, Services, and Additional Information**

- To receive timely, relevant information from Cisco, sign up at Cisco Profile Manager.
- To get the business impact you're looking for with the technologies that matter, visit Cisco Services.
- To submit a service request, visit Cisco Support.
- To discover and browse secure, validated enterprise-class apps, products, solutions and services, visit Cisco DevNet.

- To obtain general networking, training, and certification titles, visit Cisco Press.
- To find warranty information for a specific product or product family, access Cisco Warranty Finder.

## **Cisco Bug Search Tool**

Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST) is a web-based tool that acts as a gateway to the Cisco bug tracking system that maintains a comprehensive list of defects and vulnerabilities in Cisco products and software. BST provides you with detailed defect information about your products and software.

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