

System Management Commands

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I

arp

arp

	To display the contents of the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) table, use the arp command in boot loader mode.		
	arp [<i>ip_address</i>]		
Syntax Description	<i>ip_address</i> (Optional) Shows the ARP table or the mapping for a specific IP address.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Boot loader		
Command History	Release Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	The ARP table contains the IP-address-to-MAC-address mappings.		
Examples	This example shows how to display the ARP table:		
	Device: arp 172.20.136.8 arp'ing 172.20.136.8 172.20.136.8 is at 00:1b:78:dl:25:ae, via port 0		

boot

To load and boot an executable image and display the command-line interface (CLI), use the **boot** command in boot loader mode.

Syntax Description	<i>filesystem:</i> Alias for a file system. Use flash: for the system board flash device; use usbflash0: for USB memory sticks.			
	/file-url	Path (directory) and name of a bootable image. Separate image names with a semicolon.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Boot loader			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE	Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	When you enter the boot command without any arguments, the device attempts to automatically boot the system by using the information in the BOOT environment variable, if any.			
	If you supply an image name for the <i>file-url</i> variable, the boot command attempts to boot the specified image.			
	When you specify boot loader boot command options, they are executed immediately and apply only to the current boot loader session.			
	These settings are not saved for the next boot operation.			
	Filenames and directory names are case sensitive.			
	Example			
	This example s	shows how to boot the device using the new-image.bin image:		
	Device: set B Device: boot	BOOT flash:/new-images/new-image.bin		

After entering this command, you are prompted to start the setup program.

I

cat

To display the contents of one or more files, use the **cat** command in boot loader mode.

	cat filesystem:/file-url		
Syntax Description	filesystem: Specifies a file system.		
	/file-url Specifies the path (directory) and name of the files to display. Separate each filename with a space.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values. Boot loader		
Command Modes			
Command History	Release Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Filenames and directory names are case sensitive.		
	If you specify a list of files, the contents of each file appears sequentially.		
Examples	This example shows how to display the contents of an image file:		
	Device: cat flash : <i>image_file_name</i> version_suffix: universal-122-xx.SEx version_directory: <i>image_file_name</i> <i>image_system_type_id</i> : 0x0000002 <i>image_name: image_file_name.bin</i> <i>ios_image_file_size</i> : 8919552 total_image_file_size: 11592192 <i>image_feature</i> : IP LAYER_3 PLUS MIN_DRAM_MEG=128 <i>image_family</i> : <i>family</i> stacking_number: 1.34 board_ids: 0x00000068 0x00000069 0x0000006a 0x0000006b <i>info_end</i> :		

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To copy a file from a source to a destination, use the **copy** command in boot loader mode.

copy *filesystem:/source-file-url filesystem:/destination-file-url*

Syntax Description	filesystem:	Alias for a file system. Use usbflash0: for U	JSB memory sticks.		
	/source-file-url Path (directory) and filename (source) to be copied.				
	/destination-file-u	rl Path (directory) and filename of the destina	tion.		
Command Default	No default behavi	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Boot loader				
Command History	Release	Modification	-		
	Cisco IOS XE Gil	oraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.	-		
Usage Guidelines	Filenames and dire	ectory names are case sensitive.	-		
-	Directory names are limited to 127 characters between the slashes (/); the name cannot contain control characters, spaces, deletes, slashes, quotes, semicolons, or colons.				
	Filenames are limited to 127 characters; the name cannot contain control characters, spaces, deletes, slashes, quotes, semicolons, or colons.				
	If you are copying	a file to a new directory, the directory must a	lready exist.		
Examples	This example show	ws how to copy a file at the root:			
		<pre>bflash0:test1.text usbflash0:test4.text :test1.text" successfully copied to "us</pre>			
	You can verify that	t the file was copied by entering the dir filesy.	stem: boot loader command.		

copy startup-config tftp:

To copy the configuration settings from a switch to a TFTP server, use the **copy startup-config tftp:** command in Privileged EXEC mode.

copy startup-config tftp: remote host {ip-address}/{name}

Syntax Description	remote host {ip-address}/{name} Host name or IP-address of Remote host.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Cisco IOS XE Rel	lease 16.1 This command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines To copy your current configurations from the switch, run the command copy startup-co the instructions. The configurations are copied onto the TFTP server.			
	· •	ther switch and run the command copy tft s are now copied onto the other switch.	p: startup-config and follow the instructions.
Examples	This example show	vs how to copy the configuration settings	onto a TFTP server:
		of remote host []?	

copy tftp: startup-config

To copy the configuration settings from a TFTP server onto a new switch, use the **copy tftp: startup-config** command in Privileged EXEC mode on the new switch.

copy tftp: startup-config remote host {ip-address}/{name}

Syntax Description	remote host {ip-address}/{name} Host name or IP-address of Remote host. No default behavior or values. Privileged EXEC		
Command Default			
Command Modes			
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Cisco IOS XE Re	lease 16.1 This command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines	After the configurations are copied, to save your configurations, use write memory command and then a reload the switch or run the copy startup-config running-config command.		
Examples	This example show	ws how to copy the configuration settings	from the TFTP server onto a switch:
	Device: copy tftp: startup-config Address or name of remote host []?		

either

debug voice diagnostics mac-address

To enable debugging of voice diagnostics for voice clients, use the **debug voice diagnostics mac-address** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

debug voice diagnostics mac-address mac-address 1 verbose mac-address mac-address 2 verbose nodebug voice diagnostics mac-address mac-address mac-address mac-address 2 verbose

Syntax Description	voice diagnostics		Configures voice debugging for voice clients.
	mac-address mac-address1 m	ac-address mac-address2	Specifies MAC addresses of the voice clients.
	verbose		Enables verbose mode for voice diagnostics.
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.	
	The following is sample output fi	rom the debug voice diagn	
	• • •		t with MAC address of 00:1f:ca:cf:b6:60:

Device# debug voice diagnostics mac-address 00:1f:ca:cf:b6:60

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debug platform condition feature multicast controlplane

To enable radioactive tracing for the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) and Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping features, use the **debug platform condition feature multicast controlplane** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable radioactive tracing, use the **no** form of this command.

debug platform condition feature multicast controlplane {{igmp-debug | pim} group-ip {*ipv4 address* | *ipv6 address*} | {mld-snooping | igmp-snooping} mac *mac-address* ip {*ipv4 address* | *ipv6 address*} vlan *vlan-id* } level {debug | error | info | verbose | warning}

no debug platform condition feature multicast controlplane {{**igmp-debug** | **pim**} **group-ip** {*ipv4 address* | *ipv6 address*} | {**mld-snooping** | **igmp-snooping**} **mac** *mac-address* **ip** {*ipv4 address* | *ipv6 address*} **vlan** *vlan-id* } **level** {**debug** | **error** | **info** | **verbose** | **warning**}

Syntax Description	igmp-debug	Enables IGMP control radioactive tracing.
	pim	Enables Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) control radioactive tracing.
	mld-snooping	Enables MLD snooping control radioactive tracing.
	igmp-snooping	Enables IGMP snooping control radioactive tracing.
	mac mac-address	MAC address of the receiver.
	<pre>group-ip {ipv4 address ipv6 address}</pre>	IPv4 or IPv6 address of the igmp-debug or pim group.
	ip {ipv4 address / ipv6 address}	IPv4 or IPv6 address of the mld-snooping or igmp-snooping group.
	vlan vlan-id	VLAN ID. The range is from 1 to 4094.
	level	Enables debug severity levels.
	debug	Enables debugging level.
	error	Enables error debugging.
	info	Enables information debugging.
	verbose	Enables detailed debugging.
	warning	Enables warning debugging.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release

Modification

Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 This command was introduced.

The following example shows how to enable radioactive tracing for IGMP snooping:

Device# debug platform condition feature multicast controlplane igmp-snooping mac 000a.f330.344a ip 10.1.1.10 vlan 550 level warning

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear debug platform condition all	Removes the debug conditions applied to a platform.
	debug platform condition	Filters debugging output for debug commands on the basis of specified conditions.
	debug platform condition start	Starts conditional debugging on a system.
	debug platform condition stop	Stops conditional debugging on a system.
	show platform condition	Displays the currently active debug configuration.

debug platform condition mac

To enable radioactive tracing for MAC learning, use the **debug platform condition mac** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable radioactive tracing for MAC learning, use the **no** form of this command.

debug platform condition mac {*mac-address* {**control-plane** | **egress** | **ingress**} | **access-list** *access-list name* {**egress** | **ingress**}}

no debug platform condition mac {*mac-address* {**control-plane** | **egress** | **ingress**} | **access-list** *access-list name* {**egress** | **ingress**}}

Syntax Description	mac mac-address	Filters output on the basis of the specified MAC address.
	access-list access-list name	Filters output on the basis of the specified access list.
	control-plane	Displays messages about the control plane routines.
	egress	Filters output on the basis of outgoing packets.
	ingress	Filters output on the basis of incoming packets.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.	

The following example shows how to filter debugging output on the basis of a MAC address:

Device# debug platform condition mac bc16.6509.3314 ingress

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show platform condition	Displays the currently active debug configuration.
	debug platform condition	Filters debugging output for debug commands on the basis of specified conditions.
	debug platform condition start	Starts conditional debugging on a system.
	debug platform condition stop	Stops conditional debugging on a system.
	clear debug platform condition all	Removes the debug conditions applied to a platform.

debug platform rep

To enable debugging of Resilient Ethernet Protocol (REP) functions, use the **debug platform rep** command in privileged EXEC mode. To remove the specified condition, use the **no** form of this command.

debug platform rep {all | error | event | packet | verbose} no debug platform rep {all | error | event | packet | verbose}

Syntax Description	all		Enables all REP debugging functions.	
	error		Enables REP error debugging.	
	event		Enables REP event debugging.	
	packet		Enables REP packet debugging.	
	verbose		Enables REP verbose debugging.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 This command was introduced.			
	The following example shows how to enable debugging for all functionss:			
	Device# debug platform rep all			
	debug platform rep verbose of debug platform rep control p debug platform rep error deb debug platform rep event deb	okt handle debugging is on ougging is on		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	show platform condition	Displays the currently active	e debug configuration.	
	debug platform condition	Filters debugging output for debug commands on the basis of spec conditions.		
	debug platform condition star	t Starts conditional debugging on a system.		
	debug platform condition stop	• Stops conditional debugging on a system.		
	clear debug platform condition all	n Removes the debug conditions applied to a platform.		

debug ilpower powerman

To enable debugging of the power controller and Power over Ethernet (PoE) system, use the **debug ilpower powerman** command in privileged EXEC mode. Use the no form of this command to disable debugging.

Command Default This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.

This example shows the output for the **debug ilpower powerman** command for releases prior to Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1:

Device# debug ilpower powerman

```
1. %ILPOWER-3-CONTROLLER PORT ERR: Controller port error, Interface
Gix/y/z: Power Controller reports power Imax error detected
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: ilpower power assign handle event: event 0, pwrassign
 is done by proto CDP
Port Gi1/0/48: Selected Protocol CDP
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) process tlvfrom cdpINPUT:
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: power consumption= 2640, power request id= 1,
power man id= 2,
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: power request level[] = 2640 0 0 0 0
Mar 8 16:35:17.801:
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) power negotiation:
consumption = 2640, alloc power= 2640
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) setting ICUT OFF threshold
 to 2640.
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.803: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.803: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.803: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: ILP:: posting ilpslot 1 port 48 event 5 class 0
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: ILP:: Gi1/0/48: State=NGWC ILP LINK UP S-6,
Event=NGWC ILP IMAX FAULT EV-5
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: ilpowerdelete power from pdlinkdownGi1/0/48
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48), delete allocated power
2640
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) setting ICUT OFF threshold
 to 0.
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: ilpower notify lldp power via mdi tlvGi1/0/48 pwralloc0
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: Gi1/0/48 AUTO PORT PWR Alloc130 Request 130
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: Gi1/0/48: LLDP NOTIFY TLV:
```

```
(curr/prev) PSE Allocation: 13000/0
(curr/prev) PD Request : 13000/0
(curr/prev) PD Class : Class 4/
(curr/prev) PD Priority : low/unknown
(curr/prev) Power Type : Type 2 PSE/Type 2 PSE
(curr/prev) mdi_pwr_support: 7/0
(curr/prevPower Pair) : Signal/
(curr/prev) PSE PwrSource : Primary/Unknown
```

This example shows the output for the **debug ilpower powerman** command starting Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1. Power Unit (mW) has been added to the power_request_level, PSE Allocation and PD Request. Power_request_level has been enhanced to display only non-zero values.

```
Device# debug ilpower powerman
1. %ILPOWER-3-CONTROLLER PORT ERR: Controller port error, Interface
Gix/y/z: Power Controller reports power Imax error detected
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: ilpower power assign handle event: event 0, pwrassign
is done by proto CDP
Port Gi1/0/48: Selected Protocol CDP
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) process tlvfrom cdpINPUT:
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: power consumption= 2640, power request id= 1,
power man id=2,
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: power request level(mW) = 2640
<----- mW unit added, non-zero value display
Mar 8 16:35:17.801:
Mar 8 16:35:17.801: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) power negotiation:
consumption = 2640, alloc power= 2640
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) setting ICUT OFF threshold
to 2640.
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.802: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.803: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.803: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:17.803: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: ILP:: posting ilpslot 1 port 48 event 5 class 0
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: ILP:: Gi1/0/48: State=NGWC ILP LINK UP S-6,
Event=NGWC ILP IMAX FAULT EV-5
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: ilpowerdelete power from pdlinkdownGi1/0/48
Mar 8 16:35:18.115: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48), delete allocated power
2640
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: Ilpowerinterface (Gi1/0/48) setting ICUT OFF threshold
to 0.
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: ILP:: Sending icutoffcurrent msgto slot:1 port:48
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: ilpower notify lldp power via mdi tlvGi1/0/48 pwralloc0
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: Gi1/0/48 AUTO PORT PWR Alloc130 Request 130
Mar 8 16:35:18.116: Gi1/0/48: LLDP NOTIFY TLV:
(curr/prev) PSE Allocation (mW): 13000/0
<----- mW unit added
(curr/prev) PD Request (mW) : 13000/0
<----- mW unit added
```

(curr/prev) PD Class : Class 4/ (curr/prev) PD Priority : low/unknown (curr/prev) Power Type : Type 2 PSE/Type 2 PSE (curr/prev) mdi_pwr_support: 7/0 (curr/prevPower Pair) : Signal/ (curr/prev) PSE PwrSource : Primary/Unknown

delete

	To delete one or more files from the specified file system, use the delete command	d in boot
	delete filesystem:/file-url	
Syntax Description	filesystem: Alias for a file system. Use usbflash0: for USB memory sticks.	
	/file-url Path (directory) and filename to delete. Separate each filename with a s	space.
Command Default	No default behavior or values.	
Command Modes	Boot loader	
Command History	Release Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Filenames and directory names are case sensitive.	
	The device prompts you for confirmation before deleting each file.	
Examples	This example shows how to delete two files:	
	Device: delete usbflash0:test2.text usbflash0:test5.text Are you sure you want to delete "usbflash0:test2.text" (y/n)? y File "usbflash0:test2.text" deleted Are you sure you want to delete "usbflash0:test5.text" (y/n)? y File "usbflash0:test2.text" deleted	
	You can verify that the files were deleted by entering the dir usbflash0: boot load	ler com

dir

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	To display the list of files and directories on the specified file system, use the dir command in boot loader mode.			
	dir filesystem:/file-url			
Syntax Description	filesystem	<i>n:</i> Alias for a file system. Use flash: for the system board flash device; use usbflash0: for USB memory sticks.		
	/file-url	(Optional) Path (directory) and directory name that contain the contents you want to display. Separate each directory name with a space.		
Command Default	No defau	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Boot Loader			
	Privilege	d EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IC	OS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Directory names are case sensitive.			
Examples	This exa	mple shows how to display the files in flash memory:		
	Director 2 - 3 - 4 - 6 c 645 c 647 - 648 - 96453	-rwx 4316 Mar 01 2013 01:14:05 config.text		
	2	Index number of the file.		

2	Index number of the file.
-rwx	File permission, which can be any or all of the following: • d—directory • r—readable • w—writable • x—executable

I

Field	Description
1644045	Size of the file.
<date></date>	Last modification date.
env_vars	Filename.

exit

I

	To return to the previous mode	or exit from the CLI EXEC mode, use the exit command.	
	exit		
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
	Global configuration		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.	
	This example shows how to exi	t the configuration mode:	
	Device(config)# exit Device#		

factory-reset

To erase all customer-specific data and restore a device to its factory configuration, use the **factory-reset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

	Note The erasure is consistent with the clear method, as described in NIST SP 800-88 Rev. 1. Standalone Device factory-reset { all [secure] [3-pass] boot-vars config } Stacked Device factory-reset { all [secure 3-pass] boot-vars config switch switch_number all { all [secure 3-pass] boot-vars config] switch switch_number all { all [secure 3-pass] boot-vars config } }			
Syntax Description	all	Erases all the content from the NVRAM, all Cisco IOS images, including the current boot image, boot variables, startup and running configuration data, and user data.		
	all secure	Performs data sanitization and securely resets the device.		
	Note This option implements guidelines for media sanitization as described in NIST SP 800-88 Rev. 1.			
	secure 3-pass	Erases all the content from the device with 3-pass overwrite.		
		• Pass 1: Overwrites all addressable locations with binary zeroes.		
		• Pass 2: Overwrites all addressable locations with binary ones.		
		• Pass 3: Overwrites all addressable locations with a random bit pattern.		
	boot-vars	Erases only the user-added boot variables.		
	config	Erases only the startup configurations.		
		Erases content on the selected switch:		
	all }	• switch-number: Specifies the switch number. The range is from 1 to 16.		
		• all: Selects all the switches in the stack.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar	16.11.1This command was introduced.		

	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.1	The secure 3-pass and switch keyword was i			
	Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1	The all secure option was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	The factory-reset command is used in the following scenarios:				
	• To return a device to Cisco for Return Material Authorization the customer-specific data before obtaining an RMA certification				
	• If the key information or credentials that are stored on a device is compromised, use this command to reset the device to factory configuration, and then reconfigure the device.				
	After the factory reset process is successfully completed, the devic	e reboots and enters ROMMON mode.			
Examples	The following example shows how to erase all the content from a d command:	levice using the factory-reset all			
	Device> enable Device# factory-reset all				
	The factory reset operation is irreversible for all operations. Are you sure? [confirm] The following will be deleted as a part of factory reset: 1: Crash info and logs 2: User data, startup and running configuration 3: All IOS images, including the current boot image 4: OBFL logs 5: User added rommon variables 6: Data on Field Replaceable Units(USB/SSD/SATA) The system will reload to perform factory reset. It will take some time to complete and bring it to rommon. You will need to load IOS image using USB/TFTP from rommon after this operation is completed. DO NOT UNPLUG THE POWER OR INTERRUPT THE OPERATION Are you sure you want to continue? [confirm]				
	The following examples show how to perform a factory reset on stacked devices:				
	<pre>Device> enable Device# factory-reset switch all all The factory reset operation is irreversible for all oper The following will be deleted as a part of factory reset 1: Crash info and logs 2: User data, startup and running configuration 3: All IOS images, including the current boot image 4: OBFL logs 5: User added rommon variables 6: Data on Field Replaceable Units(USB/SSD/SATA) The system will reload to perform factory reset. It will take some time to complete and bring it to romr You will need to load IOS image using USB/TFTP from ror this operation is completed. DO NOT UNFLUG THE POWER OR INTERRUPT THE OPERATION Are you sure you want to continue? [confirm] Chassis 1 reloading, reason - Factory Reset Protection key not found</pre>	non.			
	9300L#Oct 25 09:53:05.740: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: fp action requested Oct 25 09:53:07.277: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION:vp: Process mana				

with reload switch code Enabling factory reset for this reload cycle Switch booted with tftp://10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin Switch booted via //10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin % FACTORYRESET - Started Cleaning Up... % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sdl % FACTORYRESET - Cleaning Up sd1 [0] % FACTORYRESET - erase In progress.. please wait for completion... % FACTORYRESET - write zero... % FACTORYRESET - finish erase % FACTORYRESET - Making File System sd1 [0] Discarding device blocks: done Creating filesystem with 409600 4k blocks and 102544 inodes Filesystem UUID: fcf01664-7c6f-41ce-99f0-6df1d941701e Superblock backups stored on blocks: 32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912 Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done % FACTORYRESET - Mounting Back sd1 [0] % FACTORYRESET - Handling Mounted sd1 % FACTORYRESET - Factory Reset Done for sdl % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd3 % FACTORYRESET - Cleaning Up sd3 [0] % FACTORYRESET - erase In progress.. please wait for completion... % FACTORYRESET - write zero... Chassis 2 reloading, reason - Factory Reset Dec 12 01:02:12.500: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload fp action requested De Enabling factory reset for this reload cycle Switch booted with tftp://10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin Switch booted via //10.5.40.45/cat9k iosxe.BLD POLARIS DEV LATEST 20191007 224933 V17 2 0 21 2.SSA.bin % FACTORYRESET - Started Cleaning Up... % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd1 % FACTORYRESET - Cleaning Up sd1 [0] % FACTORYRESET - erase In progress.. please wait for completion... % FACTORYRESET - write zero...

After this the switch will come to boot prompt. Then the customer has to boot the device from TFTP.

The following example shows how to erase all the content from a device using the **factory-reset all secure** command:

```
Device# factory-reset all secure
The factory reset operation is irreversible for securely reset all. Are you sure? [confirm]
```

The following will be deleted as a part of factory reset: NIST SP-800-88r1 1: Crash info and logs 2: User data, startup and running configuration 3: All IOS images, excluding the current boot image 4: OBFL logs 5: User added rommon variables 6: Data on Field Replaceable Units(SSD/SATA) 7: License usage log files Note: Secure erase logs/reports will be stored in flash. The system will reload to perform factory reset. It will take some time to complete and bring it to rommon. DO NOT UNPLUG THE POWER OR INTERRUPT THE OPERATION Are you sure you want to continue? [confirm] Protection key not found Switch# Chassis 1 reloading, reason - Factory Reset Sep 18 06:18:01.632: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: C0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload cc action requested Sep 18 06:18:01.657: %PMAN-5-EXITACTION: F0/0: pvp: Process manager is exiting: reload fp action requested Sep 18 06 Enabling factory reset for this reload cycle Switch booted with flash:cat9k lite iosxe.BLD V1710 THROTTLE LATEST 20220912 071947 QU C.SSA.bin Switch booted via cat9k lite iosxe.BLD V1710 THROTTLE LATEST 20220912 071947 QU C.SSA.bin FACTORY-RESET-RESTORE-IMAGE Taking backup of flash:cat9k lite iosxe.BLD V1710 THROTTLE LATEST 20220912 071947 QU C.SSA.bin FACTORY-RESET-RESTORE-IMAGE Searching for cat9k lite iosxe.BLD V1710 THROTTLE LATEST 20220912 071947 QU C.SSA.bin on flash factory-reset-restore-image copying /flash/cat9k lite iosxe.BLD V1710 THROTTLE LATEST 20220912 071947 QU C.SSA.bin image to /tmp/factory reset % FACTORYRESET - Started Data Sanitization... % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sdl % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd3 % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd4 % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd5 % FACTORYRESET - Unmounting sd6 Executing Data Sanitization... MTD Data Sanitization started ... !!! Please, wait - Reading MTD Info !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mtd3 !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mtd4 !!! MTD Data Sanitization completed ... eMMC Data Sanitization started ... !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT_CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - sanitizing !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mmcblk0p1 !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - sanitizing !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mmcblk0p3 !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - sanitizing !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mmcblk0p4 !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT_CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - sanitizing !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mmcblk0p5 !!! !!! Please, wait - Reading EXT CSD !!!

!!! Please, wait - Reading EXT_CSD !!! !!! Please, wait - sanitizing !!! !!! Please, wait - Validating Erase for/dev/mmcblk0p6 !!! eMMC Data Sanitization completed ... Data Sanitization Success! Exiting ... % FACTORYRESET - Data Sanitization Success... % FACTORYRESET - Making File System sd1 [0] mke2fs 1.43-WIP (18-May-2015) Discarding device blocks: done Creating filesystem with 204800 4k blocks and 51296 inodes Filesystem UUID: 8aae2120-0c5f-4c05-82d0-1be3ea5f5f1a Superblock backups stored on blocks: 32768, 98304, 163840 Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done % FACTORYRESET - Mounting Back sd6 [0] % FACTORYRESET - Factory Reset Done for sd6 % FACTORYRESET - Lic Clean UP % act2 export - ROMMON BOARDID=800 act2 cleaning Starting... % act2 cleaning success act2 logging Starting... % act2 logging success % FACTORYRESET - Restore lic0 Files Factory reset Secure Completed ... % FACTORYRESET - Secure Successfull ReloadReason=Factory Reset FACTORY-RESET-RESTORE-IMAGE Copying back image from /tmp/factory reset onto /bootflash/ FACTORY-RESET-RESTORE-IMAGE Copying image is successful. % FACTORYRESET - md5sum : e4394cc1f436bcb7fc518600d3f0254f /bootflash/cat9k lite iosxe.BLD V1710 THROTTLE LATEST 20220912 071947 QU C.SSA.bin Factory reset successful. Rebooting...

flash_init

To initialize the flash: file system, use the **flash_init** command in boot loader mode.

	flash_init		
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	The flash: file system is automatically initialized during normal system operation.		
Command Modes	Boot loader		
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Cisco IOS XE Gib	raltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines	During the normal	boot process, the flash: file system is automa	- atically initialized.
	Use this command to manually initialize the flash: file system. For example, you use this command duri the recovery procedure for a lost or forgotten password.		For example, you use this command during

help

To display the available commands, use the help command in boot loader mode.

	help		
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Boot loader		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.	

Example

This example shows how to display a list of available boot loader commands:

```
Device:help
? -- Present list of available commands
arp -- Show arp table or arp-resolve an address
boot -- Load and boot an executable image
cat -- Concatenate (type) file(s)
copy -- Copy a file
delete -- Delete file(s)
dir -- List files in directories
emergency-install -- Initiate Disaster Recovery
...
...
unset -- Unset one or more environment variables
version -- Display boot loader version
```

hostname

To specify or modify the hostname for the network server, use the **hostname** command in global configuration mode.

hostname name Syntax Description name New hostname for the network server. The default hostname is switch. **Command Default** Global configuration (config) **Command Modes Command History** Release Modification Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced. The hostname is used in prompts and default configuration filenames. **Usage Guidelines** Do not expect case to be preserved. Uppercase and lowercase characters look the same to many internet software applications. It may seem appropriate to capitalize a name the same way you might do in English, but conventions dictate that computer names appear all lowercase. For more information, refer to RFC 1178, Choosing a Name for Your Computer. The name must also follow the rules for ARPANET hostnames. They must start with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior characters only letters, digits, and hyphens. Names must be 63 characters or fewer. Creating an all numeric hostname is not recommended but the name will be accepted after an error is returned. Device(config) #hostname 123 % Hostname contains one or more illegal characters. 123(config)# A hostname of less than 10 characters is recommended. For more information, refer to RFC 1035, Domain Names--Implementation and Specification. On most systems, a field of 30 characters is used for the hostname and the prompt in the CLI. Note that the length of your hostname may cause longer configuration mode prompts to be truncated. For example, the full prompt for service profile configuration mode is: (config-service-profile)# However, if you are using the hostname of "Switch," you will only see the following prompt (on most systems):

```
Switch(config-service-profil)#
```

If the hostname is longer, you will see even less of the prompt:

```
Basement-rtr2(config-service)#
```

Keep this behavior in mind when assigning a name to your system (using the **hostname** global configuration command). If you expect that users will be relying on mode prompts as a CLI navigation aid, you should assign hostnames of no more than nine characters.

The use of a special character such as '\'(backslash) and a three or more digit number for the character setting like **hostname**, results in incorrect translation:

```
Device(config)#
Device(config)#hostname \99
% Hostname contains one or more illegal characters.
```

Examples

The following example changes the hostname to "host1":

Device(config)# hostname host1
host1(config)#

install

To install Software Maintenance Upgrade (SMU) packages, use the **install** command in privileged EXEC mode.

install {abort | activate | file {bootflash: | flash: | harddisk: | webui:} [auto-abort-timer timer prompt-level {all | none}] | add file {bootflash: | flash: | ftp: | harddisk: | http: | https: | rcp: | scp: | tftp: | webui:} [activate [auto-abort-timer timer prompt-level {all | none}commit]] | commit | auto-abort-timer stop | deactivate file {bootflash: | flash: | harddisk: | webui:} | label id {description description | label-name name} | remove {file {bootflash: | flash: | harddisk: | webui:} | inactive } | rollback to {base | committed | id {install-ID } | label {label-name}}}

Syntax Description	abort	Terminates the current install operation.
	activate	Validates whether the SMU is added through the install add command.
		This keyword runs a compatibility check, updates package status, and if the package can be restarted, triggers post-install scripts to restart the necessary processes, or triggers a reload for nonrestartable packages.
	file	Specifies the package to be activated.
	{bootflash: flash: harddisk: webui:}	Specifies the location of the installed package.
	auto-abort-timer timer	(Optional) Installs an auto-abort timer.
	prompt-level {all none}	(Optional) Prompts a user about installation activities.
		For example, the activate keyword automatically triggers a reload for packages that require a reload. Before activating the package, a message prompts users about wanting to continue or not.
		The all keyword allows you to enable prompts. The none keyword disables prompts.
	add	Copies files from a remote location (through FTP or TFTP) to a device and performs SMU compatibility check for the platform and image versions.
		This keyword runs base compatibility checks to ensure that a specified package is supported on a platform.
	{ bootflash: flash: ftp: harddisk: http: https: rcp: scp: tftp: webui:}	Specifies the package to be added.

I

	commit	Makes SMU changes persistent over reloads.	
		You can perform a commit after activating a package while the system is up, or after the first reload. If a package is activated, but not committed, it remains active after the first reload, but not after the second reload. Stops the auto-abort timer. Deactivates an installed package.	
	auto-abort-timer stop		
	deactivate		
		Note Deactivating a package also updates the package status and might trigger a process restart or reload.	
	label id	Specifies the ID of the install point to label. Adds a description to the specified install point. Adds a label name to the specified install point. Removes the installed packages. The remove keyword can only be used on packages that are currently inactive. Removes all the inactive packages from the device. Rolls back the data model interface (DMI) package SMU to the base version, the last committed version, or a known commit ID.	
	description		
	label-name name		
	remove		
	inactive rollback to base		
		Returns to the base image.	
	committed	Returns to the installation state when the last commit operation was performed.	
	id install-ID	Returns to the specific install point ID. Valid values are from 1 to 4294967295.	
Command Default	Packages are not installed.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced	
Usage Guidelines	An SMU is a package that can be installed on a system to provide a patch fix or security resolution to a released image. This package contains a minimal set of files for patching the release along with metadata that describes the contents of the package.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Packages must be added before the SMU is activated.

A package must be deactivated before it is removed from Flash. A removed packaged must be added again.

The following example shows how to add an install package to a device:

```
Device# install add file
flash:cat9k iosxe.BLD SMU 20180302 085005 TWIG LATEST 20180306 013805.3.SSA.smu.bin
install_add: START Mon Mar 5 21:48:51 PST 2018
install_add: Adding SMU
--- Starting initial file syncing ---
Info: Finished copying
flash:cat9k iosxe.BLD SMU 20180302 085005 TWIG LATEST 20180306 013805.3.SSA.smu.bin to the
selected switch(es)
Finished initial file syncing
Executing pre scripts....
Executing pre scripts done.
 -- Starting SMU Add operation ---
Performing SMU ADD on all members
 [1] SMU ADD package(s) on switch 1
  [1] Finished SMU ADD on switch 1
Checking status of SMU ADD on [1]
SMU ADD: Passed on [1]
Finished SMU Add operation
SUCCESS: install add
/flash/cat9k iosxe.BLD SMU 20180302 085005 TWIG LATEST 20180306 013805.3.SSA.smu.bin Mon
Mar 5 21:49:00 PST 2018
```

The following example shows how to activate an install package:

```
Device# install activate file
flash:cat9k_iosxe.BLD_SMU_20180302_085005_TWIG_LATEST_20180306_013805.3.SSA.smu.bin
install activate: START Mon Mar 5 21:49:22 PST 2018
install activate: Activating SMU
Executing pre scripts....
Executing pre sripts done.
--- Starting SMU Activate operation ---
Performing SMU ACTIVATE on all members
  [1] SMU ACTIVATE package(s) on switch 1
  [1] Finished SMU ACTIVATE on switch 1
Checking status of SMU_ACTIVATE on [1]
SMU ACTIVATE: Passed on [1]
Finished SMU Activate operation
SUCCESS: install activate
/flash/cat9k iosxe.BLD SMU 20180302 085005 TWIG LATEST 20180306 013805.3.SSA.smu.bin Mon
Mar 5 21:49:34 PST 2018
```

The following example shows how to commit an installed package:

Device# install commit

```
install_commit: START Mon Mar 5 21:50:52 PST 2018
install_commit: Committing SMU
Executing pre scripts....
```

Executing pre sripts done. --- Starting SMU Commit operation ---Performing SMU_COMMIT on all members [1] SMU_COMMIT package(s) on switch 1 [1] Finished SMU_COMMIT on switch 1 Checking status of SMU_COMMIT on [1] SMU_COMMIT: Passed on [1] Finished SMU Commit operation SUCCESS: install_commit /flash/cat9k_iosxe.BLD_SMU_20180302_085005_TWIG_LATEST_20180306_013805.3.SSA.smu.bin Mon Mar 5 21:51:01 PST 2018

Related Commands

Command	Description	
show install	Displays information about the install packages.	

L

ip http banner

To enable the HTTP or HTTP Secure (HTTPS) server banner, use the **ip http banner** command in global configuration mode. To disable the HTTP or HTTPS server banner, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http banner no ip http banner

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default The HTTP or HTTPS server banner is not enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines While the HTTP server processes a request, if the session ID is invalid or expired, the server redirects the user to a banner page. The banner page allows the user to log in with credentials. The server validates the credentials and processes the request.

Examples The following example shows how to enable the HTTP or HTTPS server banner:

Device> enable Device# configure terminal Device(config)# ip http banner Device(config)# end

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip http banner-path	Sets a custom path for the HTTP or HTTPS banner page.

ip http banner-path

To set a custom path for the HTTP or HTTP Secure (HTTPS) banner page, use the **ip http banner-path** command in global configuration mode. To disable the custom path for the HTTP or HTTPS banner page, use the **no** form of this command.

ip http banner-path *path-name* **no ip http banner-path** *path-name*

Syntax Description	<i>path-name</i> Custom path for the HTTP or HTTPS banner.				
Command Default	The custom path for the HTTP or HTTPS banner is not set.				
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)				
Command History	Release		Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gil	braltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the ip http banner-path command to direct the user to the banner path. If the command is not configured or if the custom banner path does not exist, the server directs the user to the default banner page.				
Examples	The following example shows how to set the path to the HTTP or HTTPS banner page: Device> enable Device# configure terminal Device(config)# ip http banner-path welcome Device(config)# end				
Related Commands	Command	Description			

Enables the HTTP or HTTPS server banner.

ip http banner

ip ssh bulk-mode

To enable the Secure Shell (SSH) bulk data transfer mode, use the **ip ssh bulk-mode** command in global configuration mode. To disable this mode, use the **no** form of this command.

ip ssh bulk-mode [window-size]
no ip ssh bulk-mode [window-size]

Syntax Description window-size (Optional) The SSH window size. The range is from 131072 to 1073741824. The default is 131072.

Command Default SSH bulk mode is enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1	This command was modified. The <i>window-size</i> variable option was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1	SSH bulk mode is enabled by default.

Usage Guidelines SSH bulk mode enables optimizing the throughput performance of procedures that involve the transfer of large amounts of data. The Secure Copy feature has been enhanced to leverage bulk mode optimizations.

Beginning from Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1, SSH bulk mode is enabled by default with the default window size of 128KB.

Note

• Bulk data transfer mode does not support the time or volume-based SSH rekey functionality.

• Bulk data transfer mode is not supported with SSH Version 1.

Examples

The following example shows how to enable bulk data transfer mode on an SSH server:

Device> enable Device# configure terminal Device(config)# ip ssh bulk-mode Device(config)# exit

12 traceroute

To enable the Layer 2 traceroute server, use the **l2 traceroute** command in global configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to disable the Layer 2 traceroute server.

 I2 traceroute no l2 traceroute

 Syntax Description

 This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Global configuration (config#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	The command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Layer 2 traceroute is enabled by default and opens a listening socket on User Datagram Protocol (UDP) port 2228. To close the UDP port 2228 and disable Layer 2 traceroute, use the **no l2 traceroute** command in global configuration mode.

The following example shows how to configure Layer 2 traceroute using the 12 traceroute command.

Device# configure terminal Device(config)# 12 traceroute

license air level

To configure AIR licenses on a wireless controller that is connected to Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches, enter the **license air level** command in global configuration mode. To revert to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

license air level { air-network-advantage [addon air-dna-advantage] | air-network-essentials [addon air-dna-essentials] }

no license air level

Syntax Description	air-network-advantage	Configures the AIR network advantage license level.
	addon air-dna-advantage	(Optional) Configures the add-on AIR DNA advantage license level.
		This add-on option is available with the AIR network advantage license, and is the default license.
	air-network-essentials	Configures the AIR network essential license level.
	addon air-dna-essentials	(Optional) Configures the add-on AIR DNA essentials license level.
		This add-on option is available with the AIR network essential license.
Command Default	AIR DNA Advantage is the	default license
Command Modes	Global configuration (Devic	e(config)#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.	.11.1 This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 1'	7.3.2a This command continues to be available and applicable with the introduction of Smart Licensing Using Policy in this release. See the <i>Usage Guidelines</i> section below for details.
Usage Guidelines		
Usage Guidelines		g Policy environment, you can use the license air level command to change the he product instance, or to additionally configure an add-on license on the product ctive after a reload.
Usage Guidelines	license level being used on the	he product instance, or to additionally configure an add-on license on the product ctive after a reload.
Usage Guidelines	license level being used on the instance. The change is effect	he product instance, or to additionally configure an add-on license on the product ctive after a reload. figured are:
Usage Guidelines	license level being used on the instance. The change is effect The licenses that can be con	he product instance, or to additionally configure an add-on license on the product ctive after a reload. figured are:
Usage Guidelines	license level being used on the instance. The change is effect The licenses that can be con • AIR Network Essential	he product instance, or to additionally configure an add-on license on the product ctive after a reload. figured are:

You can configure AIR DNA Essential or AIR DNA Advantage license level, and on term expiry, you can move to the Network Advantage or Network Essentials license level, if you do not want to renew the DNA license.

Every connecting Access Point requires a Cisco DNA Center License to leverage the unique value properties of the controller.

For more information, see the Cisco Catalyst 9800 Series Wireless Controller Software Configuration Guide for the required release.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the AIR DNA Essential license level:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license air level network-essentials addon air-dna-essentials
```

The following example shows how to configure the AIR DNA Advantage license level:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license air level air-network-advantage addon air-dna-advantage
```

license boot level

To boot a new software license on the device, use the **license boot level** command in global configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to remove all software licenses from the device.

license boot level { network-advantage [addon dna-advantage] | network-essentials [addon dna-essentials] }

no license boot level

Syntax Description	network-advantage [addon dna-advantage]	Configures the Network Advantage license.		
		Optionally, you can also configure the Digital Networking Architecture (DNA) Advantage license.		
	network-essentials [addon dna-essentials]	Configures the Network Essentials license.		
		Optionally, you can also configure the Digital Networking Architecture (DNA) Essentials license.		
Command Default	- Network Essentials			
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	This command continues to be available and applicable with the introduction of Smart Licensing Using Policy in this release. See the <i>Usage Guidelines</i> section below for details.		
Usage Guidelines	The software features available on Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series Switches fall under these base or add-on license levels:			
	Base Licenses:			
	• Network Advantage—Includes features available with the Network Essentials license and more.			
	Add-on Licenses:			
	• DNA Advantage—Includes features available with the Network Essentials license and more.			
	Base licenses are permanent or perpetual licenses.			
	Add-on licenses are subscription or term licenses and can be purchased for a three, five, or seven year period Base licenses are a prerequite for add-on licenses. See the release notes for more information about this.			
	The sections below provide information about using the license boot level command in the earlier Smart			

The sections below provide information about using the **license boot level** command in the earlier Smart Licensing environment, and in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment.

Smart Licensing: If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier release, Smart Licensing is enabled by default and you can use the **license boot level** command for these purposes:

- · Downgrade or upgrade licenses
- Enable or disable an evaluation or extension license
- Clear an upgrade license

This command forces the licensing infrastructure to boot the configured license level instead of the license hierarchy maintained by the licensing infrastructure for a given module:

- When the switch reloads, the licensing infrastructure checks the configuration in the startup configuration for licenses, if any. If there is a license in the configuration, the switch boots with that license. If there is no license, the licensing infrastructure follows the image hierarchy to check for licenses.
- If the forced boot evaluation license expires, the licensing infrastructure follows the regular hierarchy to check for licenses.
- If the configured boot license has already expired, the licensing infrastructure follows the hierarchy to check for licenses.

Smart Licensing Using Policy: If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, Smart Licensing Using Policy is enabled by default and you can use the **license boot level** command for these purposes:

• To change the base or add-on license levels being used on the product instance.

For example, if you are using Network Essentials and you want to use Network Advantage with the next reload, or if you are using DNA Advantage and you want to use DNA Essentials with the next reload.

• To add or remove add-on license levels being used on the product instance.

For example, if you are using only Network Essentials and you want to use DNA Essentials with the next reload, or if you are using DNA Advantage and you do not want to use the add-on after the next reload.

The notion of evaluation or expired licenses does not exist in Smart Licensing Using Policy.

After the command is configured, the configured license is effective after the next reload. License usage continues to be recorded on device and this changed licensing consmption information may have to be sent via the next Resource Utilization Measurement Report (RUM report), to CSSM. The reporting requirements and frequency are determined by the policy that is applied. See the Usage Reporting: section of the **show license status** command output. For more information about Smart Licensing Using Policy, in the software configuration guide of the required release, see *System Management > Smart Licensing Using Policy*.

Examples

The following example shows how to configure the Network Essentials license at the next reload:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license boot level network-essentals
Device(config)# exit
Device# copy running-config startup-config
Device# reload
```

The following example shows how to activate the DNA Essentials license at the next reload:

Device# configure terminal Device(config)# license boot level network-essentals add-on dna-essentials Device(config)# exit Device# copy running-config startup-config Device# reload

license smart (global config)

To configure licensing-related settings such as the mode of transport and the URL that the product instance uses to communicate with Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM), or Cisco Smart Licensing Utility (CSLU), or Smart Software Manager On-Prem (SSM On-Prem), to configure the usage reporting interval, to configure the information that must be exluded or included in a license usage report (RUM report), enter the **license smart** command in global configuration mode. Use the **no** form of the command to revert to default values.

license smart { custom_id ID | enable | privacy { all | hostname | version } | proxy { address address_hostname | port port } | reservation | server-identity-check | transport { automatic | callhome | cslu | off | smart } | url { url | cslu cslu_or_on-prem_url | default | smart smart_url | utility secondary_url } | usage { customer-tags { tag1 | tag2 | tag3 | tag4 } tag_value | interval interval_in_days } | utility [customer_info { city city | country country | postalcode postalcode | state state | street street }] }

no license smart { custom_id | enable | privacy { all | hostname | version } | proxy { address address_hostname | port port } | reservation | server-identity-check | transport | url { url | cslu cslu_or_on-prem_url | default | smart smart_url | utility secondary_url } | usage { customer-tags { tag1 | tag2 | tag3 | tag4 } tag_value | interval interval_in_days } | utility [customer_info { city city | country country | postalcode postalcode | state state | street street }] }

Syntax Description	custom_id ID	Although available on the CLI, this option is not supported.
	enable	Although visible on the CLI, configuring this keyword has no effect. Smart licensing is always enabled.

<pre>privacy { all hostname version }</pre>	Sets a privacy flag to prevent the sending of the specified data privacy related information.
	When the flag is disabled, the corresponding information is sent in a message or offline file created by the product instance.
	Depending on the topology this is sent to one or more components, including CSSM, CSLU, and SSM On-Prem.
	All data privacy settings are disabled by default. You must configure the option you want to exclude from all communication:
	• all : All data privacy related information is excluded from any communication.
	The no form of the command causes all data privacy related information to be sent in a message or offline file.
	Note The Product ID (PID) and serial number are <i>included in the RUM report</i> regardless of whether data privacy is enabled or not.
	• hostname : Excludes hostname information from any communication. When hostname privacy is enabled, the <i>UDI</i> of the product instance is displayed on the applicable user interfaces (CSSM, CSLU, and SSM On-Prem).
	The no form of the command causes hostname information to be sent in a message or offline file. The hostname is displayed on the applicable user interface (CSSM, CSLU, and SSM On-Prem).
	• version: Excludes the Cisco IOS-XE software version running on the product instance and the Smart Agent version from any communication.
	The no form of the command causes version information to be sent in a message or offline file.

<pre>proxy { address address_hostname port port }</pre>	Configures a proxy for license usage synchronization with CSLU or CSSM. This means that you can use this option to configure a proxy only if the transport mode is license smart transport smart (CSSM), or license smart transport cslu (CSLU).
	However, you cannot configure a proxy for license usage synchronization in an SSM On-Prem deployment, which also uses license smart transport cslu as the transport mode.
	Configure the following options:
	• address <i>address_hostname</i> : Configures the proxy address.
	For <i>address_hostname</i> , enter the enter the IP address or hostname of the proxy.
	• port <i>port</i> : Configures the proxy port.
	For <i>port</i> , enter the proxy port number.
reservation	Enables or disables a license reservation feature.
	Note Although available on the CLI, this option is not applicable because license <i>reservation</i> is not applicable in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment.
server-identity-check	Enables or disables the HTTP secure server identity check.
<pre>transport { automatic callhome cslu off smart }</pre>	Configures the mode of transport the product instance uses to communicate with CSSM. Choose from the following options:
	• automatic: Sets the transport mode cslu.
	• callhome: Enables Call Home as the transport mode.
	• cslu: Enables CSLU as the transport mode. This is the default transport mode.
	The same keyword applies to both CSLU <i>and</i> SSM On-Prem, but the URLs are different. See cslu <i>cslu_or_on-prem_url</i> in the following row.
	• off: Disables all communication from the product instance.
	• smart: Enables Smart transport.

url { url | cslu cslu_url | default | smart
smart_url | utility secondary_url }

Sets a URL for the configured transport mode. Choose from the following options:

• *url*: If you have configured the transport mode as **callhome**, configure this option. Enter the CSSM URL exactly as follows:

https://tools.cisco.com/its/service/oddce/services/DDCEService

The **no license smart url** *url* command reverts to the default URL.

- cslu *cslu_or_on-prem_url*: If you have configured the transport mode as cslu, configure this option, with the URL for CSLU or SSM On-Prem, as applicable:
 - If you are using CSLU, enter the URL as follows:

http://<cslu_ip_or_host>:8182/cslu/v1/pi

For <cslu_ip_or_host>, enter the hostname or the IP address of the windows host where you have installed CSLU. 8182 is the port number and it is the only port number that CSLU uses.

The no license smart url cslu

cslu_or_on-prem_url command reverts to http://cslu-local:8182/cslu/v1/pi

• If you are using SSM On-Prem, enter the URL as follows:

http://<ip>/cslu/v1/pi/<tenant ID>

For <ip>, enter the hostname or the IP address of the server where you have installed SSM On-Prem. The <tenantID> must be the default local virtual account ID.

Tip You can retrieve the entire URL from SSM On-Prem. In the software configuration guide of the required release (17.3.x onwards), see System Management > Smart Licensing Using Policy > Task Library for Smart Licensing Using Policy > Retrieving the Transport URL (SSM On-Prem UI).

The **no license smart url cslu** *cslu_or_on-prem_url* command reverts to http://cslu-local:8182/cslu/v1/pi

• **default**: Depends on the configured transport mode. Only the **smart** and **cslu** transport modes are supported with this option.

If the transport mode is set to **cslu**, and you configure **license smart url default**, the CSLU URL is

.

configured automatically
(https://cslu-local:8182/cslu/v1/pi).

If the transport mode is set to **smart**, and you configure **license smart url default**, the Smart URL is configured automatically

(https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license).

• **smart** *smart_url*: If you have configured the transport type as **smart**, configure this option. Enter the URL exactly as follows:

https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license

When you configure this option, the system automatically creates a duplicate of the URL in **license smart url** *url*. You can ignore the duplicate entry, no further action is required.

The **no license smart url smart***smart_url* command reverts to the default URL.

• **utility** *smart_url*: Although available on the CLI, this option is not supported.

		tags { tag1 tag2 tag3nterval interval_in_days	Configures usage reporting settings. You can set the following options:
	}		• customer-tags { tag1 tag2 tag3 tag4 } tag_value: Defines strings for inclusion in data models, for telemetry. Up to 4 strings (or tags) may be defined.
			For <i>tag_value</i> , enter the string value for each tag that you define.
			• interval <i>interval_in_days</i> : Sets the reporting interval in days. By default the RUM report is sent every 30 days. The valid value range is 1 to 3650.
			If you set the value to zero, RUM reports are not sent, regardless of what the applied policy specifies - this applies to topologies where CSLU or CSSM may be on the receiving end.
			If you set a value that is greater than zero and the transport type is set to off , then, between the <i>interval_in_days</i> and the policy value for Ongoing reporting frequency (days) :, the lower of the two values is applied. For example, if <i>interval_in_days</i> is set to 100, and the value in the in the policy says Ongoing reporting frequency (days) :90, RUM reports are sent every 90 days.
			If you do not set an interval, and the default is effective, the reporting interval is determined entirely by the policy value. For example, if the default value is effective and only unenforced licenses are in use, if the policy states that reporting is not required, then RUM reports are not sent.
	-	info { city city country e postalcode state state	Although visible on the CLI, this option is not supported on any of the Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches.
Command Default	Cisco IOS XE Amster	rdam 17.3.1 or earlier: Sm	art Licensing is enabled by default
	Cisco IOS XE Amster	rdam 17.3.2a and later: Sr	nart Licensing Using Policy is enabled by default.
Command Modes	Global config (Device	e(config)#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was interested of the second se	roduced.

Release	Modification		
Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	The following keywords and variables were introduced with Smart Licensing Using Policy:		
	• Under the url keyword, these options were introduced:		
	<pre>{ cslu_url smart smart_url }</pre>		
	• Under the transport keyword, these options were introduced:		
	{ cslu off }		
	Further, the default transport type was changed from callhome, to cslu.		
	<pre>• usage { customer-tags { tag1 tag2 tag3 tag4 } tag_value interval interval_in_days }</pre>		
	The following keywords and variables under the license smart global command are deprecated and no longer available on the CLI: enable and conversion automatic .		
Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.3	SSM On-Prem support was introduced. For product instance-initiated communication in an SSM On-Prem deployment, the existing [no] license smart url cslu <i>cslu_or_on-prem_url</i> command supports the configuration of a URL for SSM On-Prem as well. But the required URL format for SSM On-Prem is: http:// <ip>/cslu/v1/pi/<tenant id="">.</tenant></ip>		
	The corresponding transport mode that must be configured is also an existing command (license smart transport cslu).		
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	If version privacy is disabled (no license smart privacy version global configuration command), the Cisco IOS-XE software version running on the product instance and the Smart Agent version is <i>included</i> in the RUM report.		
	To exclude version information from the RUM report, version privacy must be enabled (license smart privacy version).		
Cisco IOS XE	Support for sending hostname information was introduced.		
Cupertino 17.9.1	If the privacy setting for the hostname is disabled (no license smart privacy hostname global configuration command), hostname information is sent from the product instance, in a separate sync message, or offline file. Depending on the topology you have implemented, the hostname information is received by CSSM, CSLU, or SSM On-Prem. It is also displayed on the corresponding user interface.		
	• A new mechanism to send all data privacy related information was introduced. This information is no longer included in a RUM report.		
	If data privacy is disabled (no license smart privacy { all hostname version } global configuration command), data privacy related information is sent in a separate sync message or offline file.		

Usage Guidelines

Data Privacy Settings

When you disable a privacy setting, the topology you have implemented determines the recipient and how the information reaches its destination:

• The recipient of the information may be one or more of the following: CSSM, CSLU, and SSM On-Prem. The privacy setting has no effect on a controller (Cisco DNA Center).

In case of the **hostname** keyword, after the hostname information is received by CSSM, CSLU, or SSM On-Prem, it is also displayed on the corresponding UIs – as applicable. If you then *enable* privacy the corresponding UIs revert to displaying the UDI of the product instance.

- How the information is sent.
 - In case of a topology where the product instance initiates communication, the product instance initiates the sending of this information in a message, to CSSM, or CSLU, or SSM On-Prem.

The product instance sends the hostname sent every time one of the following events occur: the product instance boots up, the hostname changes, there is a switchover in a High Availability set-up.

 In case of a topology where CSLU or SSM On-Prem initiate communication, the corresponding component initiates the retrieval of privacy information from the product instance.

The hostname is retrieved at the frequency you configure in CSLU or SSM On-Prem, to retrieve information.

• In case of a topology where the product instance is in an air-gapped network, privacy information is included in the offline file that is generated when you enter the **license smart save usage** privileged EXEC command.



Note For all topologies, data privacy related information is *not* included in the RUM report.

Data privacy related information it is not stored by the product instance *prior* to sending or saving. This ensures that if and when information is sent, it is consistent with the data privacy setting at the time of sending or saving.

Communication failure and reporting

The reporting interval that you configure (**license smart usage interval** *interval_in_days* command), determines the date and time at which the product instance sends out the RUM report. If the scheduled interval coincides with a communication failure, the product instance attempts to send out the RUM report for up to four hours after the scheduled time has expired. If it is still unable to send out the report (because the communication failure persists), the system resets the interval to 15 minutes. Once the communication failure is resolved, the system reverts the reporting interval to the value that you last configured.

The system message you may see in case of a communicatin failure is %SMART_LIC-3-COMM_FAILED. For information about resolving this error and restoring the reporting interval value, in the software configuration guide of the required release (17.3.x onwards), see *System Management* > *Smart Licensing Using Policy* > *Troubleshooting Smart Licensing Using Policy*.

Proxy server acceptance

When configuring the **license smart proxy** {**address** *address_hostname* | **port***port*} command, note the change in the criteria for the acceptance of proxy servers, starting with Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1: only the status code of the proxy server response is verified by the system and not the reason phrase. The RFC

format is status-line = HTTP-version SP status-code SP reason-phrase CRLF, where the status code is a three-digit numeric code. For more information about the status line, see section 3.1.2 of RFC 7230.

- Examples for Data Privacy, on page 53
- Examples for Transport Type and URL, on page 54
- Examples for Usage Reporting Options, on page 54

Examples for Data Privacy

The following examples show how to configure data privacy related information using **license smart privacy** command in global configuration mode. The accompanying **show license status** output displays configured information.



Note

The output of the **show** command only tells you if a particular option is enabled or disabled.

Here, no data privacy related information information is sent:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license smart privacy all
Device(config)# exit
Device# show license status
<output truncated>
Data Privacy:
Sending Hostname: no
Callhome hostname privacy: ENABLED
Smart Licensing hostname privacy: ENABLED
Version privacy: ENABLED
Transport:
Type: Callhome
```

<output truncated>

Here, hostname is included and version information is excluded in the message initiated from the product instance. The product instance is directly connected to CSSM (transport type is **smart**, with the corresponding URL).

```
Device# configure terminal
Device (config) # license smart privacy version
Device(config) # no license smart privacy hostname
Device(config) # exit
Device# show license all
<output truncated>
Data Privacy:
  Sending Hostname: no
    Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED
    Smart Licensing hostname privacy: ENABLED
  Version privacy: DISABLED
Transport:
  Type: Smart
  URL: https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license
  Proxy:
    Not Configured
```

VRF: Not Configured

<output truncated>

Examples for Transport Type and URL

The following examples show how to configure some of the transport types using the **license smart transport** and the **license smart url** commands in global configuration mode. The accompanying **show license all** output displays configured information.

Transport: cslu:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license smart transport cslu
Device(config)# license smart url default
Device(config)# exit
Device# show license all
<output truncated>
Transport:
   Type: cslu
   Cslu address: http://192.168.0.1:8182/cslu/v1/pi
Proxy:
    Not Configured
<output truncated>
```

Transport: **smart**:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license smart transport smart
Device(config)# license smart url smart https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license
Device(config)# exit
Device# show license all
<output truncated>
Transport:
   Type: Smart
   URL: https://smartreceiver-stage.cisco.com/licservice/license
   Proxy:
    Not Configured
<output truncated>
```

Examples for Usage Reporting Options

The following examples show how to configure some of the usage reporting settings using the **license smart usage** command in global configuration mode. The accompanying **show running-config** output displays configured information.

Configuring the customer-tag option:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license smart usage customer-tags tag1 SA/VA:01
Device(config)# exit
Device# show running-config | include tag1
license smart usage customer-tags tag1 SA/VA:01
```

Configuring a narrower reporting interval than the currently applied policy:

```
Device# show license status
<output truncated>
Usage Reporting:
Last ACK received: Sep 22 13:49:38 2020 PST
Next ACK deadline: Dec 21 12:02:21 2020 PST
Reporting push interval: 30 days
```

Next ACK push check: Sep 22 12:20:34 2020 PST Next report push: Oct 22 12:05:43 2020 PST Last report push: Sep 22 12:05:43 2020 PST Last report file write: <none> <output truncated>

Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# license smart usage interval 20
Device(config)# exit
Device# show license status
<output truncated>

Usage Reporting: Last ACK received: Sep 22 13:49:38 2020 PST Next ACK deadline: Nov 22 12:02:21 2020 PST Reporting push interval: 20 days Next ACK push check: Sep 22 12:20:34 2020 PST Next report push: Oct 12 12:05:43 2020 PST Last report push: Sep 22 12:05:43 2020 PST Last report file write: <none> <output truncated>

license smart (privileged EXEC)

To configure licensing functions such as requesting or returning authorization codes, saving Resource Utilization Measurement reports (RUM reports), importing a file on to a product instance, establishing trust with Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM), synchronizing the product instance with CSSM, or Cisco Smart License Utility (CSLU), or Smart Software Manager On-Prem (SSM On-Prem), and removing licensing information from the product instance, enter the **license smart** command in privileged EXEC mode with the corresponding keyword or argument.

license smart { authorization { request { add | replace | save path } feature_name { all | local } |
return { all | local } { offline [path] | online } } | clear eventlog | export return { all | local }
feature_name | factory reset | import file_path | save { trust-request filepath_filename | usage { all |
days days | rum-id rum-ID | unreported } { file file_path } } | sync { all | local } | trust idtoken
id_token_value { local | all } [force] }

Syntax Description	smart	Provides options for Smart Licensing.
	authorization	Provides the option to request for, or return, authorization codes.
		Authorization codes are required <i>only</i> if you use licenses with enforcement type: export-controlled or enfored.
	request	Requests an authorization code from CSSM, CSLU (CSLU in-turn fetches it from CSSM), or SSM On-Prem and installs it on the product instance.
	add	Adds the requested license to the existing authorization code. The new authorization code will contain all the licenses of the existing authorization code and the requested license.
	replace	Replaces the existing authorization code. The new authorization code will contain only the requested license. All licenses in the current authorization code are returned.
		When you enter this option, the product instance verifies if licenses that correspond to the authorization codes that will be removed, are in-use. If licenses are being used, an error message tells you to first disable the corresponding features.
	<pre>save filepath_filename</pre>	Saves the authorization code request to a file.
		For <i>filepath_filename</i> , specify the absolute path to the file, including the filename.
	feature_name	Name of the license for which you are requesting an authorization code.
	all	Performs the action for all product instances in a High Availability or stacking set-up.
	local	Performs the action for the <i>active</i> product instance. This is the default option.
	return	Returns an authorization code back to the license pool in CSSM.

offline filepath_filename	Means the product instance is not connected to CSSM. The authorization code is returned offline. This option requires you to print the return code to a file.		
	Optionally, you can also specify a path to save the file. The file format can be any readable format, such as <code>.txt</code>		
	If you choose the offline option, you must complete the additional step of copying the return code from the CLI or the saved file and entering it in CSSM.		
online	Means that the product instance is in a connected mode. The authorization code is returned to CSLU or CSSM directly.		
clear eventlog	Clears all event log files from the product instance.		
export return	Although visible on the CLI, this command is not applicable in the Smart Licensin Using Policy environment. Use the license smart authorization return privileg EXEC command to return an authorization code instead.		
factory reset	Clears all saved licensing information from the product instance.		
import filepath_filename	Imports a file on to the product instance. The file may be that of an authorization code, a trust code, or, or a policy.		
	For <i>filepath_filename</i> , specify the location, including the filename.		
save	Provides options to save RUM reports or trust code requests.		
trust-request	Saves the trust code request for the active product instance in the specified location.		
filepath_filename	For <i>filepath_filename</i> , specify the absolute path to the file, including the filename.		
usage { all days days rum-id rum-ID	Saves RUM reports (license usage information) in the specified location. You must specify one of these options:		
<pre>unreported } { file file_path }</pre>	• all: Saves all RUM reports.		
juo_pant j	• days <i>days</i> : Saves RUM report for the last <i>n</i> number of days (excluding the current day). Enter a number. The valid range is 0 to 4294967295.		
	For example, if you enter 3, RUM reports of the last three days are saved.		
	• rum-Id <i>rum-ID</i> : Saves a specified RUM ID. The valid value range is 0 to 18446744073709551615.		
	• unreported: Saves all unreported RUM reports.		
	file <i>filepath_filename</i> : Saves the specified usage information to a file. Specify the absolute path to the file, including the filename.		

I

	<pre>sync { all local }</pre>	Synchronizes with CSSM or CSLU, or SSM On-Prem, to send and receive any pending data. This includes uploading pending RUM reports, downloading the ACK response, any pending authorization codes, trust codes, and policies for the product instance.		
		Specify the product instance by entering one of these options:		
		• all: Performs synchronization for all the product instances in a High Availability or stacking set-up. If you choose this option, the product instance also sends the list of all the UDIs in the synchronization request.		
		• local : Performs synchronization only for the active product instance sending the request, that is, its own UDI. This is the default option.		
	trust idtoken	Establishes a trusted connection with CSSM.		
	id_token_value	To use this option, you must first generate a token in the CSSM portal. Provide the generated token value for <i>id_token_value</i> .		
	force	Submits a trust code request even if a trust code already exists on the product instance.		
		A trust code is node-locked to the UDI of a product instance. If the UDI is already registered, CSSM does not allow a new registration for the same UDI. Entering the force keyword overrides this behavior.		
Command Default	Cisco IOS XE Amster	dam 17.3.1 and earlier: Smart Licensing is enabled by default.		
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a and later: Smart Licensing Using Policy is enabled by default.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (Device#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		

Release	Modification		
Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	The following keywords and variables were introduced with Smart Licensing Using Policy:		
	 authorization { request { add replace } feature_name { all local } return { all local } { offline [path] online } } 		
	• import file_path		
	• save { trust-request <i>filepath_filename</i> usage { all days <i>days</i> rum-id <i>rum-ID</i> unreported } { file <i>file_path</i> } }		
	• sync { all local }		
	• trust idtoken <i>id_token_value</i> { local all } [force]		
	The following keywords and variables under the license smart command are deprecated and no longer available on the CLI:		
	• register idtoken token_id [force]		
	• deregister		
	• renew id { ID auth }		
	• debug { error debug trace all }		
	• mfg reservation { request install install file cancel }		
	• conversion { start stop }		
Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.3	Support for SSM On-Prem was introduced. You can perform licensing-related tasks such as saving Resource Utilization Measurement reports (RUM reports), importing a file on to a product instance, synchronizing the product instance, returning authorization codes, and removing licensing information from the product instance in an SSM On-Prem deployment.		
Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.2	Support for the Export Control Key for High Security (HSECK9 key) was introduced on the Cisco Catalyst 9300X Series Switches. The authorization code related commands (license smart authorization request and license smart authorization return) can be used to request and return the Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) for the HSECK9 key, on supported platforms.		
Cisco IOS XE	The following enhancements were introduced in this release:		
Cupertino 17.7.1	• The save <i>path</i> keyword and variable were added to the license smart authorization request command string. You can use this option to generate a SLAC request and save it to a file. The new options are displayed as follows:		
	license smart authorization request { add replace save <i>path</i> } <i>feature_name</i> { all local } <i>request_count</i>		
	• The existing license smart save usage command was enhanced to automatically include a trust code request if it doesn't already exist.		
	include a trust code request in it doesn't arready exist.		

Release	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1	The authorization code related commands (license smart authorization request and license smart authorization return) were implemented on the following products:	
	 Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 40-Port 50G, 2-Port 200G, 2-Port 400G Line Care (C9600-LC-40YL4CD) 	
	Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches	
	You can use the above commands to request and return the Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) for the HSECK9 key on supported platforms.	
Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.11.1	The HSECK9 key was implemented on Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Supervisor 2 and 2XL Modules (C9400X-SUP-2 and C9400X-SUP-2XL)	
	The authorization code related commands (license smart authorization request and license smart authorization return) can be used to request and return the Smar Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) for the HSECK9 key, on supported platforms	

Starting with Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1 if a trust code is not available on the product instance, the product instance automatically includes a trust code request in the RUM report when you enter the **license smart save usage** command. This is supported in a standalone set-up, as well as a High Availability and stacking set-up. In a a High Availability and stacking set-up, the active product instance requests and installs the trust code for all members or standbys where a trust code is missing. CSSM includes the trust code in the ACK which is available for download from the CSSM Web UI. You then have to install the ACK on the product instance. You can verify trust code installation by entering the **show license status** command in privileged EXEC mode - check for the updated timestamp in the Trust Code Installed field.

Overwriting a Trust Code

Use cases for the **force** option when configuring the **license smart trust idtoken** command:

- You use same token for all the product instances that are part of one Virtual Account. If the product instance has moved from one account to another (for instance, because it was added to a High Availability set-up, which is part of another Virtual Account), then there may be an existing trust code you have to overwrite.
- There is already a factory-installed trust code on the product instance, but you want to implement a topology where the product instance is directly connected to CSSM. A factory-installed trust code cannot be used for secure communication with CSSM. You must generate an ID token in the CSSM Web UI and download a trust code file. When you install this new trust code, you must overwrite the existing factory-installed trust code.

Removing Licensing Information

Entering the **license smart factory reset** command removes all licensing information (except the licenses in-use) from the product instance, including any authorization codes, RUM reports etc. Therefore, we recommend the use of this command only if the product instance is being returned (Return Material Authrization, or RMA), or being decommissioned permanently. We also recommend that you return any authorization codes and send a RUM report to CSSM, before you remove licensing information from the product instance - this is to ensure that CSSM has up-to-date usage information.

Usage Guidelines

Requesting and Returning Authorization Codes:

- Requesting and returning SLAC when the product instance is connected to CSSM, or CSLU or SSM On-Prem:
 - Use the following command to request SLAC on supported product instances. In a stacking set-up, you can request SLAC for either the active (**local**), or the entire stack (**all**). You cannot request SLAC for just one member or standby. Here the product instance is connected to CSSM, or CSLU or SSM On-Prem. For air-gapped networks, you must enter the required details directly in CSSM to generated SLAC.

license smart authorization request { add | replace } feature_name { all | local }

• Use the following command to return a SLAC or an SLR authorization code:

license smart authorization return { all | local } { online }

- Requesting and returning a SLAC when the product instance is in an air-gapped network.
 - Starting from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1

You can request and install a SLAC without having to enter the required PIDs or generating a SLAC in the CSSM Web UI. Instead, save a SLAC request in a file by configuring the **license smart authorization request** {**add** | **replace** } *feature_name* {**all** | **local** }, followed by the **license smart authorization request save** [*path*] commands.

Upload the SLAC request file, to the CSSM Web UI (in the same location and just as you would, a RUM report). After the request is processed, a SLAC file is available on the CSSM Web UI. Download, and import the SLAC file into the product instance.

Similarly, to return a SLAC configure the **license smart authorization return** command with the **offline** [*path*] option to save the file. Upload the file to the CSSM Web UI in the same location and just as you would, a RUM report).

• Prior to Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1:

To request SLAC on a product instance in an air-gapped network, you must enter the required details directly in the CSSM Web UI to generate SLAC.

To return a SLAC or an SLR authorization code:

license smart authorization return { all | local } { offline [path] | online }

Copy the return code that is displayed on the CLI and enter it in CSSM. If you save the return code to a file, you can copy the code from the file and enter the same in CSSM.

For SLR authorization codes in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment, note that you cannot request a new SLR in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment, because the notion of "reservation" does not apply. If you are in an air-gapped network, the *No Connectivity to CSSM and No CSLU* topology applies instead.

Authorization Codes in an SSM On-Prem Deployment

When requesting SLAC in an SSM On-Prem Deployment, ensure that you meet the following prerequisites before you configure the **license smart authorization request** command:

- The product instance must be added to SSM On-Prem. The process of addition validates and maps the product instance to the applicable Smart Account and Virtual account in CSSM.
- The authorization codes required for export-controlled and enfored licenses must be generated in CSSM and imported into SSM On-Prem.

Examples

- Example for Requesting SLAC (Connected Directly to CSSM), on page 62
- Example for Saving Licensing Usage Information, on page 63
- Example for Installing a Trust Code, on page 63
- Example for Returning an SLR Authorization Code, on page 64

Example for Requesting SLAC (Connected Directly to CSSM)

The following example shows how you can request and install SLAC on a product instance that is directly connected to CSSM. This example is of a stacking set-up with an active, a standby, and a member - all the devices in the stack are C9300X and support the HSECK9 key and IPSec. IPsec is a cryptographic feature which requires the HSECK9 key. A SLAC is requested for all the product instances in the set-up.

```
Device# license smart authorization request add hseck9 all
Device#
Oct 19 15:49:47.888: %SMART LIC-6-AUTHORIZATION INSTALL SUCCESS: A new licensing authorization
code was successfully installed on PID:C9300X-24HX,SN:FOC2519L8R7
Oct 19 15:49:47.946: %SMART LIC-6-AUTHORIZATION INSTALL SUCCESS: A new licensing authorization
 code was successfully installed on PID:C9300X-48HXN, SN:FOC2524L39P
Oct 19 15:49:48.011: %SMART_LIC-6-AUTHORIZATION_INSTALL_SUCCESS: A new licensing authorization
code was successfully installed on PID:C9300X-48HX, SN:FOC2516LC92
Device# show license authorization
Overall status:
  Active: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7
      Status: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED on Oct 19 15:49:47 2021 UTC
      Last Confirmation code: 4e740fb8
  Standby: PID:C9300X-48HXN, SN:FOC2524L39P
      Status: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED on Oct 19 15:49:47 2021 UTC
      Last Confirmation code: 086d28d7
  Member: PID:C9300X-48HX, SN:FOC2516LC92
      Status: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED on Oct 19 15:49:48 2021 UTC
      Last Confirmation code: beb51aa1
Authorizations:
  C9K HSEC (Cat9K HSEC):
    Description: HSEC Key for Export Compliance on Cat9K Series Switches
    Total available count: 3
    Enforcement type: EXPORT RESTRICTED
    Term information:
      Active: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7
        Authorization type: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED
        License type: PERPETUAL
          Term Count: 1
      Standby: PID:C9300X-48HXN, SN:FOC2524L39P
        Authorization type: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED
        License type: PERPETUAL
          Term Count: 1
      Member: PID:C9300X-48HX,SN:FOC2516LC92
        Authorization type: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED
```

```
License type: PERPETUAL
Term Count: 1
Purchased Licenses:
No Purchase Information Available
```

Example: Requesting a SLAC and Returning a SLAC (No Connectivity to CSSM and No CSLU)

The following examples show you how to generate and save a SLAC request on the product instance and also how to return a SLAC to the CSSM Web UI, for a product instance in an air-gapped network. The software version running on the product instance is Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1, which introduces support for a more simplified way of requesting and returning SLAC in an air-gapped network.

Requesting a SLAC

Device# license smart authorization request add hseck9 local Device# license smart authorization request save bootflash:slac-request.txt

After the above steps, upload the file to the CSSM Web UI. From the CSSM Web UI, download the file containing the SLAC. To import and install the file on the product instance, enter the following commands:

```
Device# copy tftp://10.8.0.6/user01/slac_code.txt bootflash:
Device# license smart import bootflash:slac_code.txt
```

Returning a SLAC

Device# license smart authorization return local offline bootflash:auth_return.txt

After the above step, upload the file to the CSSM Web UI. A file is available for download after this, but import and installation of this file is optional.

Example for Saving Licensing Usage Information

The following example shows how you can save license usage information on the product instance. You can use this option to fulfil reporting requirements in an air-gapped network. In the example, the file is first save to flash memory and then copied to a TFTP location:

```
Device> enable
Device# license smart save usage unreported file flash:RUM-unrep.txt
Device# copy flash:RUM-unrep.txt tftp://192.168.0.1//auto/tftp-user/user01/
Address or name of remote host [192.168.0.1]?
Destination filename [//auto/tftp-user/user01/RUM-unrep.txt]?
!!
15128 bytes copied in 0.161 secs (93963 bytes/sec)
```

After you save RUM reports to a file, you must upload it to CSSM (from a workstation that has connectivity to the internet, and Cisco).

Example for Installing a Trust Code

The following example shows how to install a trust code even if one is already installed on the product instance. This requires connectivity to CSSM. The accompanying **show license status** output shows sample output after successful installation:

Before you can install a trust code, you must generate a token and download the corresponding file from CSSM.

Use the show license status command (Trust Code Installed:) to verify results.

Device> enable
Device# license smart trust idtoken
NGMwMjk5mYtNZaxMS00NzMZmtgWm local force
Device# show license status
<output truncated>
Trust Code Installed:
 Active: PID:C9500-24Y4C,SN:CAT2344L4GH
 INSTALLED on Sep 04 01:01:46 2020 EDT
 Standby: PID:C9500-24Y4C,SN:CAT2344L4GJ
 INSTALLED on Sep 04 01:01:46 2020 EDT
<output truncated>

Example for Returning an SLR Authorization Code

The following example shows how to remove and return an SLR authorization code. Here the code is returned offline (no connectivity to CSSM). The accompanying **show license all** output shows sample output after successful return:

```
Device> enable
Device# license smart authorization return local offline
Enter this return code in Cisco Smart Software Manager portal:
UDI: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
Return code: Cr9JHx-L1x5Rj-ftwzg1-h9QZAU-LE5DT1-babWeL-FABPt9-Wr1Dn7-Rp7
Device# configure terminal
Device(config) # no license smart reservation
Device# show license all
<output truncated>
License Authorizations
_____
Overall status:
  Active: UDI: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
     Status: NOT INSTALLED
     Last return code: Cr9JHx-L1x5Rj-ftwzg1-h9QZAU-LE5DT1-babWeL-FABPt9-Wr1Dn7-Rp7
<output truncated>
```

Since the product instance is in an air-gapped network, you must copy the return code from the CLI, locate the product instance in the CSSM Web UI and enter the return code there to complete the return process.

line auto-consolidation

To consolidate multiple line configurations of the same submode into a single line, use the **line auto-consolidation** command in global configuration mode. Auto-consolidation of line configurations is enabled by default. Starting with the Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1 you can disable auto consolidation by using the **no** form of the command.

line auto-consolidation no line auto-consolidation

Syntax Description	auto-consolidation	Consolidates multiple line configurations of the same submode into a single line.			
Command Default	Autoconsolidation is enabled by default.				
Command Modes	Global configuration mode (config)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1	The command was introduced.			
	The following example shows the nonvolatile generation (NVGEN) process output with line auto-consolidation configured:				
	Device# show run sec line line con 0 stopbits 1 line vty 0 4 transport input ssh line vty 5 9 transport input all Device# configure terminal Device(config)# line vty 10 15 Device(config-line)# transport inp Device(config-line)# end Device# show run sec line line con 0 stopbits 1 line vty 0 4 transport input ssh line vty 5 15 transport input all	out all			
	The following example shows the nonvolatile generation (NVGEN) process output after no line auto-consolidation is configured:				
	Device# show run sec line line con 0 stopbits 1 line vty 0 4 transport input ssh line vty 5 9 transport input all Device# configure terminal				

Device (config) #no line auto-consolidation Device (config) # line vty 10 15 Device (config-line) # transport input all Device (config-line) # end Device # show run | sec line no line auto-consolidation line con 0 stopbits 1 line vty 0 4 transport input ssh line vty 5 9 transport input all line vty 10 15 transport input all

location

To configure location information for an endpoint, use the **location** command in global configuration mode. To remove the location information, use the **no** form of this command.

 location {admin-tag string | civic-location identifier {hostid} | civic-location identifier {hostid} |

 elin-location {string | identifier id} | geo-location identifier {hostid} | prefer {cdp weight priority-value | lldp-med weight priority-value | static config weight priority-value}

 no location {admin-tag string | civic-location identifier {hostid} | prefer {cdp weight priority-value | static config weight priority-value}

 | elin-location {string | identifier id} | geo-location identifier {hostid} | prefer {cdp weight priority-value | static config weight priority-value}

Syntax Description	admin-tagstring	Configures administrative tag or site information. Site or location information in alphanumeric format.		
	civic-location	Configures civic location information.		
	identifier	Specifies the name of the civic location, emergency, or geographical location.		
	host	Defines the host civic or geo-spatial location.		
	id	Name of the civic, emergency, or geographical location.		
		Note The identifier for the civic location in the LLDP-MED switch TLV is limited to 250 bytes or less. To avoid error messages about available buffer space during switch configuration, be sure that the total length of all civic-location information specified for each civic-location identifier does not exceed 250 bytes.		
	elin-location Configures emergency location information (ELIN).			
	geo-location	ocation Configures geo-spatial location information.		
	prefer	Sets location information source priority.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Global configuration			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.	1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	After entering the location civic-location identifier global configuration command, you enter civic location configuration mode. After entering the location geo-location identifier global configuration command, you enter geo location configuration mode.			
	you enter geo location configu	iration mode.		

The host identifier configures the host civic or geo-spatial location. If the identifier is not a host, the identifier only defines a civic location or geo-spatial template that can be referenced on the interface.

The **host** keyword defines the device location. The civic location options available for configuration using the **identifier** and the **host** keyword are the same. You can specify the following civic location options in civic location configuration mode:

- additional-code—Sets an additional civic location code.
- additional-location-information-Sets additional civic location information.
- branch-road-name—Sets the branch road name.
- building—Sets building information.
- city—Sets the city name.
- country-Sets the two-letter ISO 3166 country code.
- **county**—Sets the county name.
- default—Sets a command to its defaults.
- division—Sets the city division name.
- exit—Exits from the civic location configuration mode.
- floor—Sets the floor number.
- landmark—Sets landmark information.
- · leading-street-dir-Sets the leading street direction.
- name—Sets the resident name.
- neighborhood—Sets neighborhood information.
- no-Negates the specified civic location data and sets the default value.
- number—Sets the street number.
- post-office-box—Sets the post office box.
- postal-code—Sets the postal code.
- postal-community-name—Sets the postal community name.
- primary-road-name-Sets the primary road name.
- road-section—Sets the road section.
- room—Sets room information.
- seat—Sets seat information.
- state—Sets the state name.
- street-group—Sets the street group.
- street-name-postmodifier—Sets the street name postmodifier.
- street-name-premodifier-Sets the street name premodifier.
- street-number-suffix-Sets the street number suffix.
- street-suffix—Sets the street suffix.
- sub-branch-road-name—Sets the sub-branch road name.
- trailing-street-suffix—Sets the trailing street suffix.
- type-of-place—Sets the type of place.
- unit—Sets the unit.

You can specify the following geo-spatial location information in geo-location configuration mode:

- altitude—Sets altitude information in units of floor, meters, or feet.
- **latitude**—Sets latitude information in degrees, minutes, and seconds. The range is from -90 degrees to 90 degrees. Positive numbers indicate locations north of the equator.
- **longitude**—Sets longitude information in degrees, minutes, and seconds. The range is from -180 degrees to 180 degrees. Positive numbers indicate locations east of the prime meridian.

- **resolution**—Sets the resolution for latitude and longitude. If the resolution value is not specified, default value of 10 meters is applied to latitude and longitude resolution parameters. For latitude and longitude, the resolution unit is measured in meters. The resolution value can also be a fraction.
- default—Sets the geographical location to its default attribute.
- exit—Exits from geographical location configuration mode.
- no-Negates the specified geographical parameters and sets the default value.

Use the **no lldp med-tly-select location information** interface configuration command to disable the location TLV. The location TLV is enabled by default.

This example shows how to configure civic location information on the switch:

```
Device(config)# location civic-location identifier 1
Device(config-civic)# number 3550
Device(config-civic)# primary-road-name "Cisco Way"
Device(config-civic)# city "San Jose"
Device(config-civic)# state CA
Device(config-civic)# building 19
Device(config-civic)# room C6
Device(config-civic)# county "Santa Clara"
Device(config-civic)# county US
Device(config-civic)# end
```

You can verify your settings by entering the **show location civic-location** privileged EXEC command.

This example shows how to configure the emergency location information on the switch:

Device(config)# location elin-location 14085553881 identifier 1

You can verify your settings by entering the show location elin privileged EXEC command.

The example shows how to configure geo-spatial location information on the switch:

```
Device(config)# location geo-location identifier host
Device(config-geo)# latitude 12.34
Device(config-geo)# longitude 37.23
Device(config-geo)# altitude 5 floor
Device(config-geo)# resolution 12.34
```

You can use the **show location geo-location identifier** command to display the configured geo-spatial location details.

location plm calibrating

To configure path loss measurement (CCX S60) request for calibrating clients, use the **location plm calibrating** command in global configuration mode.

location plm calibrating {multiband | uniband}

multiband Specifies the path loss measurement request for calibrating clients on the associated 802.11a or 802.11b/g radio.			
uniband	uniband Specifies the path loss measurement request for calibrating clients on the associated 802.11a/b/g radio.		
No default be	ehavior or values.		
Global config	guration		
Release		Modification	
Cisco IOS X	E Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.	
The uniband is useful for single radio clients (even if the radio is a dual band and can operate in the 2.4-GHz and the 5-GHz bands). The multiband is useful for multiple radio clients.			
This example shows how to configure the path loss measurement request for calibrating clients on the associated 802.11a/b/g radio:			
Device(conf	ig)# location pl	lm calibrating uniband	
	uniband No default be Global config Release Cisco IOS X The uniband and the 5-GH This example the associated bevice# config Device# config	or 802.11b/g radi uniband Specifies the path radio. No default behavior or values. Global configuration Release Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 The uniband is useful for single and the 5-GHz bands). The mul This example shows how to cor the associated 802.11a/b/g radio Device# configure terminal	or 802.11b/g radio. uniband Specifies the path loss measurement request for radio. No default behavior or values. Global configuration Release Modification Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced. The uniband is useful for single radio clients (even if the rad and the 5-GHz bands). The multiband is useful for multiple This example shows how to configure the path loss measure the associated 802.11a/b/g radio: Device# configure terminal Device (config)# location plm calibrating uniband

mac address-table move update

To enable the MAC address table move update feature, use the **mac address-table move update** command in global configuration mode on the switch stack or on a standalone switch. To return to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

mac address-table move update {receive | transmit}
no mac address-table move update {receive | transmit}

Syntax Description	receive Specifies that the switch processes MAC address-table move update messages.				
	transmit Specifies that the switch sends MAC address-table move update messages to other switches in the network if the primary link goes down and the standby link comes up.				
Command Default	By default, the MAC address-table move update feature is disabled.				
Command Modes	Global configuration				
Command History					
Command History	Release Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	The MAC address-table move update feature allows the switch to provide rapid bidirectional convergence if a primary (forwarding) link goes down and the standby link begins forwarding traffic.				
	You can configure the access switch to send the MAC address-table move update messages if the primary link goes down and the standby link comes up. You can configure the uplink switches to receive and process the MAC address-table move update messages.				
	Examples				
	This example shows how to configure an access switch to send MAC address-table move update messages:				
	Device# configure terminal Device(config)# mac address-table move update transmit Device(config)# end				
	This example shows how to configure an uplink switch to get and process MAC address-table move update messages:				
	Device# configure terminal Device(config)# mac address-table move update receive Device(config)# end				
	You can verify your setting by entering the show mac address-table move update privileged EXEC command.				

I

mgmt_init

To initialize the Ethernet management port, use the **mgmt_init** command in boot loader mode.

	mgmt_init			
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Boot loader			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the mgmt_init command only during debugging of the Ethernet management port.			
Examples	This example shows how to initialize the Ethernet management port:			
	Device: mgmt_init			

mkdir

	To create one or more directories on the specified file system, use the mkdir command in boot loader				
	mkdir filesystem:/directory-url				
Syntax Description	<i>filesystem:</i> Alias for a file system. Use usbflash0: for USB memory sticks.				
	/directory-url Name of the directories to create. Separate each directory name with a space.				
Command Default	No default behavior or values.				
Command Modes	Boot loader				
Command History	Release Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.				
Jsage Guidelines	Directory names are case sensitive.				
	Directory names are limited to 127 characters between the slashes (/); the name cannot contain control characters, spaces, deletes, slashes, quotes, semicolons, or colons.				
	Example				
	This example shows how to make a directory called Saved_Configs:				

Device: mkdir usbflash0:Saved_Configs Directory "usbflash0:Saved_Configs" created

I

more

	To display the contents of one or more files, use the more command in boot loader mode.				
	more filesystem:/file-url				
Syntax Description	filesystem: Alias for a file system. Use flash: for the system board flash device.				
	/file-url Path (directory) and name of the files to display. Separate each filename with a				
Command Default	No default behavior or values.				
Command Modes	Boot loader				
Command History	Release Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Filenames and directory names are case sensitive.				
	If you specify a list of files, the contents of each file appears sequentially.				
Examples	This example shows how to display the contents of a file:				
	<pre>Device: more flash:image_file_name version_suffix: universal-122-xx.SEx version_directory: image_file_name image_system_type_id: 0x0000002 image_name: image_file_name.bin ios_image_file_size: 8919552 total_image_file_size: 11592192 image_feature: IP LAYER_3 PLUS MIN_DRAM_MEG=128 image_family: family stacking_number: 1.34 board_ids: 0x00000068 0x00000069 0x0000006a 0x0000006b info_end:</pre>				

no debug all

To disable debugging on a switch, use the **no debug all** command in Privileged EXEC mode.

	no debug all			
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Release 16.1	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example shows how to	disable debugging on a switch.		
	Device : no debug all All possible debugging l	has been turned off.		

System Management Commands

I

rename

	To rename a file, use the rename command in boot loader mode.				
	rename filesystem:/source-file-url filesystem:/destination-file-url				
Syntax Description	filesystem:	Alias for a file system. Use usbflash0: for U	SB memory sticks.		
	/source-file-url	Original path (directory) and filename.			
	/destination-file-u	<i>l</i> New path (directory) and filename.			
Command Default	No default behavio	or or values.			
Command Modes	Boot loader				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Git	raltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Filenames and dire	ectory names are case sensitive.			
	2	re limited to 127 characters between the slashe deletes, slashes, quotes, semicolons, or colons			
	Filenames are limi quotes, semicolons	ted to 127 characters; the name cannot contain s, or colons.	control characters, spaces, deletes, slashes,		
Examples	This example show	vs a file named <i>config.text</i> being renamed to co	onfig1.text:		
	Device: rename w	nsbflash0:config.text usbflash0:config1	.text		
	You can verify that	t the file was renamed by entering the dir files	ystem: boot loader command.		

request consent-token accept-response shell-access

To submit the Consent Token response to a previously generated challenge, use the **request consent-token** accept-response shell-access command.

request consent-token accept-response shell-access response-string

Syntax Description

	Syntax	Description		
	response-string	Specifies the character string representing the response.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC mode (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	You must enter the response string within 30 minutes of challenge generation. If it is not entered, the c expires and a new challenge must be requested.			
	Example			
	The following is sample output from the request consent-token accept-response shell-access <i>response-sta</i> command:			
	Device# request consent-token accept-	-response shell-access		

% Consent token authorization success

```
*Jan 18 02:51:37.807: %CTOKEN-6-AUTH_UPDATE: Consent Token Update (authentication success: Shell access 0).
```

request consent-token generate-challenge shell-access

To generate a Consent Token challenge for system shell access, use the **request consent-token** generate-challenge shell-access command.

request consent-token generate-challenge shell-access auth-timeout time-validity-slot

Syntax Description

auth-timeout time-validity-slot Specifies the time slot in minutes for shell-access is requested. Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode (#) Release Modification		Syntax	Description Specifies the time slot in minutes for which shell-access is requested.	
		auth-timeout time-validity-slot		
Command History Release Modification	Command Modes	Privileged EXEC mode (#)		
		Poloasa	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.	Command History	nelease		
	ommand History		This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines When the requested time-slot for system shell expires, the session gets terminated automatic		Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1		

Example

The following is sample output from the **request consent-token generate-challenge shell-access auth-timeout** *time-validity-slot* command:

Device# request consent-token generate-challenge shell-access auth-timeout 900 zstrmgergrmmagrammAlBcshmlOFAQEcDcquedBawQAFMACBADDEFENTCAEND@FIDEND@FIDEND@FIDEND@FIDEND@FIDEND@FIDEND@FIDEND Device#

*Jan 18 02:47:06.733: %CTOKEN-6-AUTH_UPDATE: Consent Token Update (challenge generation attempt: Shell access 0).

request consent-token terminate-auth

Shell access 0).

Device#

To terminate the Consent Token based authorization to system shell, use the **request consent-token terminate-auth** command.

request consent-token terminate-auth

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC mode (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	In system shell access scenario, exiting the timeout occurs.	shell does not terminate authorization until the authorization			
	We recommend that you force terminate system shell authorization by explicitly issuing the request consent-token terminate-auth command once the purpose of system shell access is complete.				
	If the current authentication is terminated using the request consent-token terminate-auth command, the user will have to repeat the authentication process to gain access to system shell.				
	Example				
	The following is sample output from the request consent-token terminate-auth command:				
	Device# request consent-token terminate-auth shell-access % Consent token authorization termination success				
	Device# *Mar 13 01:45:39.197: %CTOKEN-6-AUTH	UPDATE: Consent Token Update (terminate authentication			

request platform software console attach switch

To start a session on a member switch, use the **request platform software console attach switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
Note
```

te On stacking switches (Catalyst 3650/3850/9200/9300 switches), this command can only be used to start a session on the standby console. On Catalyst 9500 switches, this command is supported only in a stackwise virtual setup. You cannot start a session on member switches. By default, all consoles are already active, so a request to start a session on the active console will result in an error.

request platform software console attach switch { switch-number | active | standby } { 0/0 | R0 }

Syntax Description					
	switch-number	Speci	fies the switch number. The range is from 1 to 9.		
	active Specifies the active switch.				
		Note	This argument is not supported on Catalyst 9500 switches.		
	standby	andby Specifies the standby switch.			
	0/0 Specifies that the SPA-Inter-Processor slot is 0, and bay is 0				
		Note	Do not use this option with stacking switches. It will result in an error.		
	R0	R0 Specifies that the Route-Processor slot is 0.			
Command Default	By default, all	switche	es in the stack are active.		
	- Drivilagad EVI	EC (#)			
Command Modes	Privileged EXI	EC (#)			
	Privileged EXI		 I		
	Release Modi				
Command History	Release Modi This of introc	fication comma luced.			
Command Modes Command History Usage Guidelines Examples	Release Modi This of introc	fication comma duced.	nd was		

#
Connecting to the IOS console on the route-processor in slot 0.
Enter Control-C to exit.
#
Device-stby> enable
Device-stby#

reset

To perform a hard reset on the system, use the **reset** command in boot loader mode. A hard reset is similar to power-cycling the device; it clears the processor, registers, and memory.

	reset			
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Boot loader			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example shows how to res	et the system:		
	Device: reset			

System resetting...

Are you sure you want to reset the system (y/n)? ${\boldsymbol{y}}$

rmdir

To remove one or more empty directories from the specified file system, use the **rmdir** command in boot loader mode. rmdir filesystem:/directory-url... **Syntax Description** Alias for a file system. Use usbflash0: for USB memory sticks. filesystem: /directory-url... Path (directory) and name of the empty directories to remove. Separate each directory name with a space. No default behavior or values. **Command Default** Boot loader **Command Modes Command History** Release Modification Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced. Directory names are case sensitive and limited to 45 characters between the slashes (/); the name cannot **Usage Guidelines** contain control characters, spaces, deletes, slashes, quotes, semicolons, or colons. Before removing a directory, you must first delete all of the files in the directory. The device prompts you for confirmation before deleting each directory. Example This example shows how to remove a directory: Device: rmdir usbflash0:Test

You can verify that the directory was deleted by entering the dir filesystem: boot loader command.

sdm prefer

To specify the SDM template for use on the switch, use the **sdm prefer** command in global configuration mode.

 sdm prefer
{advanced}

 Syntax Description
 advanced

 advanced
 Supports advanced features such as NetFlow.

 Command Default
 No default behavior or values.

 Command Modes
 Global configuration

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines In a stack, all stack members must use the same SDM template that is stored on the active .

When a new is added to a stack, the SDM configuration that is stored on the active overrides the template configured on an individual.

Example

This example shows how to configure the advanced template:

```
Device(config)# sdm prefer advanced
Device(config)# exit
Device# reload
```

service private-config-encryption

To enable private configuration file encryption, use the **service private-config-encryption** command. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command.

service private-config-encryption no service private-config-encryption

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.

Examples The following example shows how to enable private configuration file encryption:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# service private-config-encryption
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show parser encrypt file status	Displays the private configuration encryption status.

set

set

To set or display environment variables, use the **set** command in boot loader mode. Environment variables can be used to control the boot loader or any other software running on the device.

set variable value

Syntax Description	variable	Use one of the following keywords for <i>variable</i> and the appropriate value for <i>value</i> :
	value	MANUAL_BOOT—Decides whether the device boots automatically or manually.
		Valid values are 1/Yes and 0/No. If it is set to 0 or No, the boot loader attempts to automatically boot the system. If it is set to anything else, you must manually boot the device from the boot loader mode.
		BOOT <i>filesystem:/file-url</i> —Identifies a semicolon-separated list of executable files to try to load and execute when automatically booting.
		If the BOOT environment variable is not set, the system attempts to load and execute the first executable image it can find by using a recursive, depth-first search through the flash: file system. If the BOOT variable is set but the specified images cannot be loaded, the system attempts to boot the first bootable file that it can find in the flash: file system.
		ENABLE_BREAK —Allows the automatic boot process to be interrupted when the user presses the Break key on the console.
		Valid values are 1, Yes, On, 0, No, and Off. If set to 1, Yes, or On, you can interrupt the automatic boot process by pressing the Break key on the console after the flash: file system has initialized.
		HELPER <i>filesystem:/file-url</i> —Identifies a semicolon-separated list of loadable files to dynamically load during the boot loader initialization. Helper files extend or patch the functionality of the boot loader.
		PS1 prompt—Specifies a string that is used as the command-line prompt in boot loader mode.
		CONFIG_FILE flash: / <i>file-url</i> —Specifies the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.
		BAUD <i>rate</i> —Specifies the number of bits per second (b/s) that is used for the baud rate for the console. The Cisco IOS software inherits the baud rate setting from the boot loader and continues to use this value unless the configuration file specifies another setting. The range is from 0 to 128000 b/s. Valid values are 50, 75, 110, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 28800, 38400, 56000, 57600, 115200, and 128000.
		The most commonly used values are 300, 1200, 2400, 9600, 19200, 57600, and 115200.
		SWITCH_NUMBER stack-member-number—Changes the member number of a stack member.
		SWITCH_PRIORITY <i>priority-number</i> —Changes the priority value of a stack member.

Command Default

The environment variables have these default values:

MANUAL_BOOT: No (0)

BOOT: Null string

ENABLE_BREAK: No (Off or 0) (the automatic boot process cannot be interrupted by pressing the **Break** key on the console).

HELPER: No default value (helper files are not automatically loaded).

PS1 device:

CONFIG_FILE: config.text

BAUD: 9600 b/s

SWITCH_NUMBER: 1

SWITCH_PRIORITY: 1



Environment variables that have values are stored in the flash: file system in various files. Each line in the files contains an environment variable name and an equal sign followed by the value of the variable.

A variable has no value if it is not listed in these files; it has a value if it is listed even if the value is a null string. A variable that is set to a null string (for example, "") is a variable with a value.

Many environment variables are predefined and have default values.

Command Modes	Boot loader		
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Cisco IOS XE Gibra	Itar 16.11.1 This command was introduced	 1
Usage Guidelines	Environment variable	es are case sensitive and must be entered a	is documented.
	Environment variable	es that have values are stored in flash men	nory outside of the flash: file system.
	Under typical circum	stances, it is not necessary to alter the sett	ing of the environment variables.
	The MANUAL_BOO command.	OT environment variable can also be set by	y using the boot manual global configuration
	The BOOT environm configuration comma	nent variable can also be set by using the hand.	ooot system filesystem:/file-url global
	The ENABLE_BRE.	AK environment variable can also be set b and.	by using the boot enable-break global
	The HELPER enviro configuration comma	nment variable can also be set by using th and.	e boot helper <i>filesystem: / file-url</i> global
	The CONFIG_FILE configuration comma		sing the boot config-file flash: /file-url global
	—	BER environment variable can also be set er-number renumber new-stack-member-re-	

The SWITCH_PRIORITY environment variable can also be set by using the device *stack-member-number* **priority** *priority-number* global configuration command.

The boot loader prompt string (PS1) can be up to 120 printable characters not including the equal sign (=).

Example

This example shows how to set the SWITCH_PRIORITY environment variable:

Device: set SWITCH_PRIORITY 2

You can verify your setting by using the set boot loader command.

show avc client

To display information about top number of applications, use the **show avc client** command in privileged EXEC mode.

 show avc client client-mac top n application [aggregate | upstream | downstream]

 Syntax Description

 client client-mac
 Specifies the client MAC address.

 top n application
 Specifies the number of top "N" applications for the given client.

 Command Default
 No default behavior or values.

 Privileged EXEC
 Privileged EXEC

 Command History
 Release Modification

The following is sample output from the **show avc client** command:

This command was introduced.

sh avc client 0040.96ae.65ec top 10 application aggregate

Cumulative Stats:

No.	AppName	Packet-Count	Byte-Count	AvgPkt-Size	usage%
1	skinny	7343	449860	61	94
2	unknown	99	13631	137	3
3	dhcp	18	8752	486	2
4	http	18	3264	181	1
5	tftp	9	534	59	0
6	dns	2	224	112	0
Last	Interval(90	seconds) Stats:			
No.	AppName	Packet-Count	Byte-Count	AvgPkt-Size	usage%
1	skinny	9	540	60	100

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show bootflash:

To display information about the bootflash: file system, use the **show bootflash:** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show bootflash: [all | filesys | namesort | sizesort | timesort]

yntax Description	all	(Optional) Displays all possible Flash information.
	filesys	(Optional) Displays Flash system information.
	namesort	(Optional) Sorts the output by file name.
	sizesort	(Optional) Sorts the output by file size.
	timesort	(Optional) Sorts the output by time stamp.
Command Default	User EXEC (>)	
	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command Default Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1	The following keywords were introduced:
		• namesort
		• sizesort

Example:

The following is a sample output from the **show bootflash: all** command:

	show bootfla ength	ash: all date/time pa	path	
2	4096 May 11	2020 16:49:01.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer	
3	4096 Feb 27	2020 15:03:50.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/issu_crash	
4	12 May 05	2020 22:06:48.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/issu_crash/fru_c	rash
5	50 May 11	2020 16:40:40.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/last_pkgconf_sha	.sum
6	6 Feb 27	2020 16:33:59.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/install_issu_pid	l
7	13 Feb 27	2020 21:05:35.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/install_issu_pre	v_state
8	17 Feb 27	2020 21:05:36.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/install_issu_sta	te
9	13 May 11	2020 16:41:12.000000000	0 +00:00 .installer/watchlist	

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10	8 Feb	28 20	20 18:04:31.000000000	+00:00	.installer/crdu_frus
11	0 Mar 01	L 2020	18:01:09.000000000 +0	0:00 .ir	nstaller/.install_add_pkg_list.prev.txt
12	1729 Mar	01 20	20 18:02:54.000000000	+00:00	.installer/install_add_oper.log
13	5 May	11 20	20 16:40:40.0000000000	+00:00	.installer/install_global_trans_lock
14	10 May	11 20	20 16:40:40.0000000000	+00:00	.installer/install_state
15	33554432 May	11 20	20 16:42:37.0000000000	+00:00	nvram_config
16	396 May	11 20	20 16:41:02.0000000000	+00:00	boothelper.log
17	4096 May	11 20	20 16:40:42.0000000000	+00:00	rpr
18	80 May	11 20	20 16:40:42.0000000000	+00:00	rpr/RPR_log.txt
19	80 May	05 20	20 22:10:45.000000000	+00:00	rpr/RPR_log_prev.txt
20	2183 May	11 20	20 16:40:42.0000000000	+00:00	bootloader_evt_handle.log
21	4096 Mar	06 20	20 21:00:51.000000000	+00:00	.ssh
22	965 Dec	24 20	19 15:23:55.0000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_key
23	630 Dec	24 20	19 15:23:55.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_key.pub
24	1675 Dec	24 20	19 15:23:56.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key
25	382 Dec	24 20	19 15:23:56.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key.pub
26	668 Dec	24 20	19 15:23:56.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key
27	590 Dec	24 20	19 15:23:56.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_dsa_key.pub
28	492 Mar	06 20	20 21:00:51.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key
29	162 Mar	06 20	20 21:00:51.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_ecdsa_key.pub
30	387 Mar	06 20	20 21:00:51.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key
31	82 Mar	06 20	20 21:00:51.000000000	+00:00	.ssh/ssh_host_ed25519_key.pub
32	4096 Dec	24 20	19 15:24:41.000000000	+00:00	core
33	4096 May	11 20	20 16:41:29.000000000	+00:00	core/modules
34	4096 May	05 20	20 22:11:47.000000000	+00:00	.prst_sync
35	4096 Mar	01 20	20 18:17:15.000000000	+00:00	.rollback_timer
36	4096 Mar	06 20	20 21:01:11.000000000	+00:00	gs_script
37	4096 Mar	06 20	20 21:01:11.000000000	+00:00	gs_script/sss
38	4096 Apr	24 20	20 18:56:40.000000000	+00:00	tech_support
39	15305 May	11 20	20 16:41:01.000000000	+00:00	tech_support/igmp-snooping.tcl
40	1612 May	11 20	20 16:41:01.000000000	+00:00	tech_support/igmpsn_dump.tcl

System Management Commands

The following is a sample output from the **show bootflash: sizesort** command: Device# show bootflash: sizesort -#- --length-- -----date/time----- path 126 968337890 Mar 27 2020 18:06:17.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k iosxe.CSCvt37598.bin 136 967769293 May 05 2020 21:50:33.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k_iosxe.CSCvu05574 124 967321806 Mar 23 2020 18:48:45.000000000 +00:00 cat9k_ts_2103.bin 133 951680494 Apr 13 2020 19:46:35.000000000 +00:00 cat9k iosxe.2020-04-13 17.34 rakoppak.SSA.bin 130 950434163 Apr 09 2020 09:03:47.000000000 +00:00 cat9k iosxe.2020-04-09 13.49 rakoppak.SSA.bin 132 950410332 Apr 09 2020 07:29:57.000000000 +00:00 cat9k_iosxe.2020-04-09_12.28_rakoppak.SSA.bin 134 948402972 Apr 17 2020 23:02:04.000000000 +00:00 cat9k_iosxe.tla.bin 77 810146146 Feb 27 2020 15:41:42.000000000 +00:00 cat9k iosxe.16.12.01c.SPA.bin 88 701945494 Feb 27 2020 16:23:55.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k iosxe.16.09.03.SPA.bin 101 535442436 Mar 01 2020 18:01:41.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k-rpbase.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg 86 88884228 Mar 01 2020 18:01:41.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k-espbase.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg 60167172 Mar 01 2020 18:01:41.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k-sipspa.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg 104 102 43111770 Mar 01 2020 18:02:07.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k-rpboot.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg 15 33554432 May 11 2020 16:42:37.000000000 +00:00 nvram config 131 33554432 May 11 2020 16:42:39.000000000 +00:00 nvram config bkup 31413252 Mar 01 2020 18:01:41.000000000 +00:00 cat9k-sipbase.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg 103 105 22676484 Mar 01 2020 18:01:41.0000000000 +00:00 cat9k-srdriver.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg 85 14226440 Mar 01 2020 18:01:41.000000000 +00:00 cat9k-cc srdriver.16.12.01c.SPA.pkg .

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show consistency-checker mcast

To run a consistency-checker and detect inconsistent states of software entries on Layer 2 multicast forwarding tables and Layer 3 multicast forwarding tables, run the **show consistency-checker mcast** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show consistency-checker mcast { l2m | l3m } start { all | vlan vlan-id { ipv4-address | ipv6-adddress } } [recursive]

Syntax Description	12m	Layer 2 multicast forwarding tables are selected to run a consistency-checker.					
	l3m	Layer 3 multicast forwarding tables are selected to run a consistency-checker.					
	start Starts the consistency-checker for Layer 2 multicast.						
		• all : Starts the checker for entire table					
		• vlan <i>vlan-id</i> { <i>ipv4-address</i> <i>ipv6-address</i> }: Starts the checker for the specified VLAN.					
	all	Starts the checker for entire table.					
	vlan vlan-id {ipv4-address ipv6-address}	Starts the checker for the specified VLAN.					
	recursive	Runs a recursive consistency-checker.					
Command Default	No default behavior or values.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)						
Command History	Release	Modification					
	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.	1 This command was introduced.					
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.	1 The keyword I3m was introduced to run consistency checker on Layer 3 multicast forwarding tables.					
Usage Guidelines	The consistency checker has th	e following limitations:					
-	• There is no command to a has been displayed.	bort or terminate the consistency checker. It will stop only once the full report					
	• FED hardware checks are	• FED hardware checks are partially implemented. Only errors in programming hardware will be reported.					
	• False Positive cases: When the consistency checker is running and a large number of feature table entry delete/add/modify actions occur (triggered via clear * or relearn), the consistency checker may report inconsistent or missing entries across processes. It can also switch off the stale reporting due to a large number of changes in table entries.						

Example

The following is a sample output for the **show consistency-checker mcast l2m** command:

```
Device# show consistency-checker mcast 12m start vlan 900 229.1.1.1 recursive
Single entry scan started with Run id: 2
*Feb 17 06:54:09.880: %IOSXE FMANRP CCK-6-FMANRP COMPLETED: Consistency Check for Run-Id 2
 is completed. Check 'show consistency-checker run-id 2'.
Device#
Device# show consistency-checker run 2
Process: IOSD
 Start-timeEntriesExceptions12m_vlan2021/02/17 06:54:011012m_group2021/02/17 06:54:011^
Process: FMAN-FP
  *Statistics(A/I/M/S/O): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Others

        Object-Type
        Start-time
        State
        A / I / M / S / 0

        12m_vlan
        1970/01/01 00:10:03
        Consistent
        0/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0

        12m_group
        1970/01/01 00:10:03
        Consistent
        0/ 0/ 0/ 0

Process: FED
   *Statistics (A/I/M/S/HW/O): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Hardware/Others
                                                                              A / I / M / S / HW/ O
  Object-Type Start-time
                                                      State

        State
        A / 1 / M / S / HW / 0

        12m_vlan
        2021/02/17 06:54:01
        Inconsistent
        1/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0

        12m_group
        2021/02/17 06:54:01
        Inconsistent
        0/ 1/ 0/ 0/ 0

Device#
The following is a sample output for the show consistency-checker mcast I3m command:
Device# show consistency-checker mcast l2m start vlan 900 229.1.1.1 recursive
Single entry scan started with Run_id: 2
*Feb 17 06:54:09.880: %IOSXE FMANRP CCK-6-FMANRP COMPLETED: Consistency Check for Run-Id 2
is completed. Check 'show consistency-checker run-id 2'.
Device#
Device# show consistency-checker run 2
Process: IOSD
  Object-Type
                       Start-time
                                                      Entries
                                                                          Exceptions
                   2021/02/17 06:54:01
                                                     1
 l2m_vlan2021/02/17 06:54:01l2m_group2021/02/17 06:54:01
                                                                                      0
                                                              1
                                                                                       0
Process: FMAN-FP
  *Statistics(A/I/M/S/O): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Others
                                                                             A / I / M / S / O
  Object-Type Start-time
                                                      State

        State
        A / 1 / M / S / 0

        12m_vlan
        1970/01/01 00:10:03
        Consistent
        0/ 0/ 0/ 0

        12m_group
        1970/01/01 00:10:03
        Consistent
        0/ 0/ 0/ 0
```

Process: FED

*Statistics(A/I/M/S/HW/O): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Hardware/Others

Object-Type	Start-time	State	A / I	/	М /	s /	HW/	0
l2m_vlan	2021/02/17 06:54:01	Inconsistent	1/	0/	0/	0/	0/	0
12m_group	2021/02/17 06:54:01	Inconsistent	0/	1/	0/	0/	0/	0

Device#

show consistency-checker mcast I3m

To run a consistency-checker and detect inconsistent states of software entries on the Layer 3 multicast forwarding tables, run the **show consistency-checker mcast 13m** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show consistency-checker mcast l3m start { all | vrf vrf-name { ipv4-address | ipv6-adddress }
} [recursive]

Syntax Description	start Starts the consistency-checker for Layer 3 multicast.						
	• all : Starts the checker for entire table						
		• vrf <i>vrf-name</i> { <i>ipv4-add</i> for the specified VRF.	<i>dress</i> <i>ipv6-address</i> }: Starts the checker				
	all	Starts the checker for entire	table.				
	vrf vrf-name {ipv4-address ipv6-address }	Starts the checker for the sp	ecified VRF.				
	recursive	recursive Runs a recursive consistency-checker.					
Command Default	No default behavior or values.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)						
Command History	Release	Modification	-				
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	The consistency checker has the	following limitations:					
-	• There is no command to abort or terminate the consistency checker. It will stop only once the full report has been displayed.						
	• FED hardware checks are partially implemented. Only errors in programming hardware will be reported.						
	• False Positive cases: When the consistency checker is running and a large number of feature table entry delete/add/modify actions occur (triggered via clear * or relearn), the consistency checker may report inconsistent or missing entries across processes. It can also switch off the stale reporting due to a large number of changes in table entries.						
	You can run an end to end consistency checker using the show diagnostic content switch all command for Layer 2 multicast and Layer 3 multicast.						
	Example						
	The following is a sample output	t for the show consistency-che	cker mcast 13m start allcommand:				

```
Device# show consistency-checker mcast 13m start all
L3 multicast Full scan started. Run id: 1
Use 'show consistency-checker run-id 1 status' for completion status.
SF-2043#
*Apr 2 17:30:01.831: %IOSXE FMANRP CCK-6-FMANRP COMPLETED: Consistency Check for Run-Id 1
is completed. Check 'show consistency-checker run-id 1'.
SF-2043#
SF-2043#
SF-2043#
SF-2043#
SF-2043#
SF-2043#sh consi
SF-2043#sh consistency-checker
SF-2043#sh consistency-checker run-id 1
Process: IOSD
Flags: F - Full Table Scan, S - Single Entry Run
         RE - Recursive Check, GD - Garbage Detector
         Hw - Hardware Check, HS - Hardware Shadow Copy
 Object-Type
              Start-time
                                    Entries Exceptions Flags
                                         8
                2021/04/02 17:29:35
 13m entry
                                                    0 F GD Hw HS
Process: FMAN-FP
  *Statistics(A/I/M/S/Oth): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Others
                Start-time
                                                       A/ I/ M/ S/Oth
 Object-Type
                                       State
                2021/04/02 17:29:35 Consistent
                                                       0/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0
 13m entry
Process: FED
 *Statistics(A/I/M/S/HW/Oth): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Hardware/Others
 Object-Type
                Start-time
                                       State
                                                         A/ I/ M/ S/ HW/Oth
                2021/04/02 17:29:35
                                       Consistent
                                                         0/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0
 13m entry
```

The following is a sample output for the **show consistency-checker mcast l3m** command running a recursive consistency checker:

```
Device# sh consistency-checker mcast 13m start 225.1.1.1 recursive
Single entry scan started with Run id: 2
Use 'show consistency-checker run-id 2 status' for completion status.
Device#show consistency-checker run-id 2 detail
Process: IOSD
  Object-Type:12m vlan Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
   Key/data
                                         Reason
   (Ipv4, vlan:100)
                                         Success
     snoop:on stp tcn:off flood:off pimsn:off
  Object-Type:12m_group Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
   Key/data
                                         Reason
   (Ipv4, vlan:100, (*,225.1.1.1))
                                        Success
   Fo1/0/3
  Object-Type:13m_entry Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
                                        Reason
   Key/data
   (Ipv4, (*,225.1.1.1))
                                        Success
   Entry flags: C
   Total entries: 1
   Obj id: F80004A1 Flags: F
Process: FMAN-FP
  Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
   Key/data
                                         Reason
```

```
(Ipv4, vrf:0, ((*,225.1.1.1))) Inherited
     Entry Flags: C
     Total entries: 1
     Obj id: f80004a1 Flags:
                             F
Object-Type:12m group Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
Key/data
                                     Reason
(Ipv4, vlan:100, ((*,225.1.1.1)))
                                     Inherited
       Group ports: total entries: 1
         FortyGigabitEthernet1/0/3
-----Recursion-level-2-----
Object-Type:12m vlan Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
Key/data
                                     Reason
(Ipv4, vlan:100)
                                     Inconsistent
        snoop:on stp tcn:off flood:off pimsn:off
Process: FED
 Object-Type:13m entry Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
   Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
   Kev/data
                                        Reason
   (Ipv4, vrf:0 (*,225.1.1.1))
                                        Inherited
   Entry Flags: C
   Total entries: 1
   Obj id: f80004a1 Flags: F
-----Recursion-level-1-----
Object-Type:12m_group Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
    Key/data
                                         Reason
   (Ipv4, vlan:100 (*,225.1.1.1))
                                        Inherited
    Group ports: total entries: 1
    FortyGigabitEthernet1/0/3
-----Recursion-level-2-----
Object-Type:12m vlan Start-time:2021/03/31 15:22:44
    Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
    Key/data
                                         Reason
    (Ipv4, vlan: 100)
                                        Inconsistent
    snoop:on stp_tcn:off flood:off pimsn:off
```

The following is a sample output for the **show consistency-checker mcast l3m** command for a specified VRF:

```
Device#show consistency-checker mcast 13m start vrf vrf3001 229.1.1.1
Single entry scan started with Run id: 5
Use 'show consistency-checker run-id 5 status' for completion status.
Stark#
*May 26 13:21:18.689: %IOSXE FMANRP CCK-6-FMANRP COMPLETED: Consistency Check for Run-Id 5
is completed. Check 'show consistency-checker run-id 5'.
Stark#
Stark#
Stark#
Stark#sh consistency-checker run-id 5 detail
Process: IOSD
  Object-Type:13m_entry Start-time:2021/05/26 13:21:07
    Key/data
                                           Reason
    (Ipv4, vrf:vrf3001, (*,229.1.1.1))
                                           Success
    Entry flags: C
    Total entries: 2
    Obj id: 4D Obj flags: A
    Obj id: F80004B1 Obj flags: F
```

```
Process: FMAN-FP
  Object-Type:l3m_entry Start-time:2021/05/26 13:21:07
   Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
   Kev/data
                                           Reason
   (Ipv4, vrf:4, ((*,229.1.1.1)))
                                           Inconsistent
   Entry Flags: C
   Total entries: 2
   Obj id: 6e Obj flags: A
   Obj id: f80004b1 Obj flags: F
Process: FED
  Object-Type:13m entry Start-time:2021/05/26 13:21:07
   Status:Completed State:Inconsistent
   Kev/data
                                           Reason
   (Ipv4, vrf:4 (*,229.1.1.1))
                                           Inconsistent
   Entry Flags: C
    Total entries: 2
    Obj id: 6e Obj flags: A
    Obj id: f80004b1 Obj flags: F
```

The following is a sample output for the **show diagnostic content switch all** command:

```
Device#show diagnostic content switch all
switch 2 module 1:
 Diagnostics test suite attributes:
   M/C/\star - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA
     B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
   \text{P/V}/\star - Per port test / Per device test / NA
   D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
     \ensuremath{\text{S/*}} - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
     \rm X/\star - Not a health monitoring test / NA
     \mathrm{F}/\mathrm{\star} - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
     E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
     A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive
                                                     Test Interval Thre-
 ID Test Name
                                                     dav hh:mm:ss.ms shold
                                      Attributes
                                                      _____
  ____ _____
   1) TestGoldPktLoopback ----> *BPN*X**I
                                                     not configured n/a
   2) TestOBFL -----> *B*N*X**I
                                                     not configured n/a
   3) TestFantray -----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:40.00 1
   4) TestPhyLoopback -----> *BPD*X**I
                                                     not configured n/a
   5) TestThermal -----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 1
   6) TestScratchRegister ----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 5
   7) TestPortTxMonitoring -----> *BPN****A
                                                      000 00:02:30.00 1
   8) TestConsistencyCheckL2 ----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 1
   9) TestConsistencyCheckL3 ----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 1
  10) TestConsistencyCheckMcast ----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 1
  11) TestConsistencyCheckL2m -----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 1
  12) TestConsistencyCheckL3m -----> *B*N****A
                                                      000 00:01:30.00 1 🗆
This gives the status of consistency check for multicast
```

show consistency-checker objects

		•	nd detect inconsistent sommand in privileged		e entries on	ı objects	s, run the shov	V
	show cons 13_entry	istency-checker obje 13m_entry } [<i>rt</i>	· • •	interface	12m_gr o	oup	l2m_vlan	
Syntax Description	adjacency	Runs the consistence	c-checker on adjacency	y entries.				
	interface	Runs the consistence	c-checker on interface	entries.				
	l2m_group	Runs the consistence	c-checker on Layer 2 N	Iulticast group e	ntries.			
	l2m_vlan	Runs the consistence	c-checker on Layer 2 M	ulticast VLAN e	ntries.			
	l3_entry	Runs the consistence	c-checker on Layer 3 U	Jnicast entries.				
	l3m_entry	Runs the consistence	c-checker on Layer 3 M	Aulticast entries.				
	run-id	Runs the consistence	cy-checker by run ID.					
	detail	Displays detailed or	utput for the run ID.					
Command Default	No default	behavior or values.						
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#)						
Command History	Release		Modification					
	Cisco IOS	XE Bengaluru 17.6.1	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines	The consis	tency checker has the	e following limitations	:				
J	• There is no command to abort or terminate the consistency checker. It will stop only once the full report has been displayed.							
	• FED hardware checks are partially implemented. Only errors in programming hardware will be reported.							
	delete incons	/add/modify actions of	the consistency check occur (triggered via cluries across processes. e entries.	ear * or relearn),	the consis	tency cl	hecker may re	port
	Example							
	-	ing is sample output	for the show consister	acy-checker obj	jects l2m_g	group c	command:	

Device# show consistency-checker objects 12m_group Process: IOSD

Run-id Start-time Exception
 2021/02/17
 05:20:42
 0

 2021/02/17
 06:19:05
 0
 1 2 Process: FMAN-FP *Statistics(A/I/M/S/Oth): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Others Run-id Start-time A/ I/ M/ S/Oth State 2021/02/17 05:20:42 Consistent 0/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0 1 0/ 0/ 0/ 0/ 0 2 2021/02/17 06:19:05 Consistent Process: FED *Statistics(A/I/M/S/HW/Oth): Actual/Inherited/Missing/Stale/Hardware/Others

Run-id	Start-time	State	A/	I/	M/	s/	HW/O	th
1	2021/02/17 05:20:42	Consistent	0/	0/	0/	0/	0/	0
2	2021/02/17 06:19:05	Inconsistent	4/	0/	2/	0/	0/	0

Device#

show consistency-checker run-id

To run a consistency-checker and detect inconsistent states of software entries by run ID, run the show consistency-checker run-id run-id command in privileged EXEC mode.

	show consistency-checker run	-id run-id [detail st	tatus]
Syntax Description	run-id Specifies the run ID.		
	detail Displays detailed output	t for the run ID.	
	status Displays the completion	status of the checker.	
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	The consistency checker has the	e following limitations:	
	 There is no command to ab has been displayed. 	port or terminate the consister	ncy checker. It will stop only once the full report
	• FED hardware checks are p	partially implemented. Only e	rrors in programming hardware will be reported.
	False Positive cases: When	the consistency checker is ru	unning and a large number of feature table entry

number of feature table entry delete/add/modify actions occur (triggered via clear * or relearn), the consistency checker may report inconsistent or missing entries across processes. It can also switch off the stale reporting due to a large number of changes in table entries.

Example

The following is sample output for the **show consistency-checker run-id** command:

Device# show co Process: IOSD	nsistency-che	cker run-id	6				
Flags: F - Fi	ill Table Sca	n. S - Singl	e Entry R	מוו			
2	Recursive Che		-				
Hw -	Hardware Che	ck, HS - Har	dware Sha	dow Copy			
Object-Type	Start-time		Entries	Exceptions	Fla	ags	
l2m vlan	2021/07/19	15:19:41	30	0	FΗ	Iw HS	
l2m_group	2021/07/19	15:19:42	10	0	FΗ	W HS	
Process: FMAN-F1	P						
*Statistics(A,	/I/M/S/Oth): /	Actual/Inher	ited/Miss	ing/Stale/O	thers	3	
Object-Type	Start-time		State			/ M/	
l2m_vlan	2021/07/19		Consiste	nt O	/ 0,	/ 0/	0/ 0
l2m_group	2021/07/19	15:19:42	Consiste	nt O	/ 0/	/ 0/	0/ 0

Process: FED *Statistics(A	/I/M/S/HW/Oth): Actual/I	nherited/Missing/S	tale/H	ardw	are/	Others
Object-Type	Start-time	State	A/	I/	M/	S/ HW/Oth
l2m vlan	2021/07/19 15:19:41	Consistent	0/	0/	0/	0/ 0/ 0
l2m_group	2021/07/19 15:19:42	Consistent	0/	0/	0/	0/ 0/ 0

Device#

The following is sample output for the show consistency-checker run-id status command:

Device# show consi	stency-checker ru	n-id 6 status	
Process: IOSD			
Object-Type	Status	Time(sec)	Exceptions
l2m vlan	Completed	13	No
12m_group	Completed	13	No
Process: FMAN-FP			
Object-Type	Status	Time(sec)	State
l2m_vlan	Completed	12	Consistent
l2m_group	Completed	11	Consistent
Process: FED			
Object-Type	Status	Time(sec)	State
l2m vlan	Completed	12	Consistent
l2m_group	Completed	11	Consistent

Device#

show debug

To display all the debug commands available on a switch, use the **show debug** command in Privileged EXEC mode.

show debug

show debug condition Condition identifier | All conditions

Syntax Description	Condition identif	ier Sets the value of the condition identif	ier to be used. Range is between 1 and 1000.
	All conditions	Shows all conditional debugging opti	ons available.
Command Default	No default behavi	or or values.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	_
	Cisco IOS XE Re	elease 16.1 This command was introduced	 I
Usage Guidelines	For this reason, us with Cisco technic traffic and fewer u	e debug commands only to troubleshoot sp cal support staff. Moreover, it is best to use	CPU process, it can render the system unusable. ecific problems or during troubleshooting sessions debug commands during periods of lower network eases the likelihood that increased debug command
Examples	This example sho	ws the output of a show debug command	:
	Device# show de	bug condition all	
	To disable debugg	ging, use the no debug all command.	

show env xps

To display budgeting, configuration, power, and system power information for the Cisco eXpandable Power System (XPS) 2200, use the **show env xps** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show env xps { budgeting | configuration | port [all | number] | power | system |
thermal | upgrade | version }

Syntax Description	budgeting	Displays XPS power budgeting, the allocated and budgeted power of all switches in the power stack.
	configuration	Displays the configuration resulting from the power xps privileged EXEC commands. The XPS configuration is stored in the XPS. Enter the show env xps configuration command to retrieve the non-default configuration.
	port [all number]	Displays the configuration and status of all ports or the specified XPS port. Port numbers are from 1 to 9.
	power	Displays the status of the XPS power supplies.
	system	Displays the XPS system status.
	thermal	Displays the XPS thermal status.
	upgrade	Displays the XPS upgrade status.
	version	Displays the XPS version details.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC	
Command History	Release Modification	
	12.2(55)SE1 This command was introduce	d.
Usage Guidelines	Use the show env xps privileged EXEC co	ommand to display the information for XPS 2200.
Examples	This is an example of output from the show	v env xps budgeting command:
	Switch# ======	
	XPS 0101.0100.0000 :	
	Data Current Pow Committed Budget	ver Power Port Switch # PS A PS B Role-State
	223 1543	1 715 SP-PS

2	-		- SP-PS	223	223
3	-			-	-
4	-			-	-
5	-			-	-
6	-			-	-
7	-			-	-
8	-			-	-
9	1	1100 -	- RPS-NB	223	070
XPS	-	- 11	L00 -	-	

This is an example of output from the show env xps configuration command:

Switch# show env xps configuration

This is an example of output from the show env xps port all command:

Switch# XPS 010

```
_____
Port name : -
Connected : Yes
Mode : Enabled (On)
Priority : 1
Data stack switch # : - Configured role : Auto-SP
Run mode: SP-PS : Stack Power Power-Sharing ModeCable faults: 0x0 XPS 0101.0100.0000 Port 2
  ------
Port name : -
Connected : Yes
Mode : Enabled (On)
Priority : 2
Data stack switch # : - Configured role
                                        : Auto-SP
Run mode: SP-PS : Stack Power Power-Sharing ModeCable faults: 0x0 XPS 0101.0100.0000 Port 3
_____
Port name : -
     tred : No
: Enabled (On)
ty : 3
Connected
Mode
Priority
Data stack switch # : - Configured role : Auto-SP Run mode
                                                                       : -
Cable faults
<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the show env xps power command:

 XPS 0101.0100.0000 :

 Port-Supply SW PID
 Serial#
 Status
 Mode Watts

 XPS-A
 Not present
 ----- -----

 XPS-B
 NG3K-PWR-1100WAC
 LIT13320NTV OK
 SP 1100

 1-A

1-B		-	-	SP	715
2-A		-	-		
2-B		-	-		
9-A	100WAC	LIT141307	RK OK	RPS	1100
9-B	esent				

This is an example of output from the show env xps system command:

Switch#

```
XPS 0101.0100.0000 :
XPS
            Cfg Cfg RPS Switch Current Data Port XPS Port Name
Mode Role Pri Conn Role-State Switch #
On Auto-SF
On Auto-SP 2 Yes
On Auto-SP 3 No -
On Auto-SP 5 No -
CO-SP 6 No -
NO -
           On Auto-SP 1 Yes SP-PS -
On Auto-SP 2 Yes SP-PS -
1
   -
2
   -
3
                                         -
4 none
                                         -
   -
5
                                        -
6
   -
                 On Auto-SP 8 No
7
                                 _
8
   _
                 On Auto-SP 9 No
                                  _
                 On Auto-SP 4 Yes RPS-NB
9
   test
```

This is an example of output from the show env xps thermal command:

Switch# =======

This is an example of output from the show env xps upgrade command when no upgrade is occurring:

```
Switch# show env xps upgrade
No XPS is connected and upgrading.
```

These are examples of output from the show env xps upgrade command when an upgrade is in process:

This is an example of output from the show env xps version command:

Switch# show env xps version

Table 2: Related Commands

Command	Description
power xps(global configuration command)	Configures XPS and XPS port names.
power xps(privileged EXEC command)	Configures the XPS ports and system.

show flow monitor

To display the status and statistics for a flow monitor, use the **show flow monitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Syntax Description	name	(Optional) Specifies the name of a flow monitor.
	monitor-name	(Optional) Name of a flow monitor that was previously configured.
	cache	(Optional) Displays the contents of the cache for the flow monitor.
	format	(Optional) Specifies the use of one of the format options for formatting the display output.
	CSV	(Optional) Displays the flow monitor cache contents in comma-separated variables (CSV) format.
	record	(Optional) Displays the flow monitor cache contents in record format.
	table	(Optional) Displays the flow monitor cache contents in table format.
	statistics	(Optional) Displays the statistics for the flow monitor.
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	С
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE	Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th	word uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor <i>monitor-name</i> cache command nat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show
	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor <i>m</i> for the cache.	word uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor <i>monitor-name</i> cache command hat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show <i>monitor-name</i> cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data
	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor <i>m</i> for the cache. The following e	word uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor <i>monitor-name</i> cache command nat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show
	 The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor m for the cache. The following e # show flow m 	<pre>vord uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor monitor-name cache command nat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show monitor-name cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data example displays the status for a flow monitor: onitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 FLOW-MONITOR-1: : Used for basic traffic analysis : flow-record-1 er: flow-exporter-1</pre>
	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor m for the cache. The following e # show flow m Flow Monitor Description Flow Record	<pre>vord uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor monitor-name cache command nat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show <i>nonitor-name</i> cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data example displays the status for a flow monitor: onitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 FLOW-MONITOR-1: : Used for basic traffic analysis : flow-record-1</pre>
	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor m for the cache. The following e # show flow m Flow Monitor Description Flow Record Flow Export	<pre>vord uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor monitor-name cache command nat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show <i>nonitor-name</i> cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data example displays the status for a flow monitor: onitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 FLOW-MONITOR-1: : Used for basic traffic analysis : flow-record-1 er: flow-exporter-1</pre>
Usage Guidelines Examples	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor m for the cache. The following e # show flow m Flow Monitor Description Flow Record Flow Export Cache:	<pre>vord uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor monitor-name cache command hat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show monitor-name cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data example displays the status for a flow monitor: onitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 FLOW-MONITOR-1: : Used for basic traffic analysis : flow-record-1 er: flow-exporter-1 flow-exporter-2</pre>
	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor m for the cache. The following e # show flow mu Flow Monitor Description Flow Record Flow Export. Cache: Type: Status: Size:	<pre>vord uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor monitor-name cache command nat uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show nonitor-name cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data example displays the status for a flow monitor: onitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 FLOW-MONITOR-1: Used for basic traffic analysis flow-record-1 er: flow-exporter-1 flow-exporter-2 normal allocated 4096 entries / 311316 bytes</pre>
	The cache keyw The uppercase f are key fields th flow monitor m for the cache. The following e # show flow mu Flow Monitor Description Flow Record Flow Export. Cache: Type: Status: Size:	<pre>word uses the record format by default. field names in the display output of the show flowmonitor monitor-name cache command that uses to differentiate flows. The lowercase field names in the display output of the show the nonitor-name cache command are nonkey fields from which collects values as additional data example displays the status for a flow monitor: conitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 FLOW-MONITOR-1: : Used for basic traffic analysis : flow-record-1 er: flow-exporter-1 flow-exporter-2 normal allocated 4096 entries / 311316 bytes Timeout: 15 secs</pre>

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Flow Monitor	Name of the flow monitor that you configured.
Description	Description that you configured or the monitor, or the default description User defined.
Flow Record	Flow record assigned to the flow monitor.
Flow Exporter	Exporters that are assigned to the flow monitor.
Cache	Information about the cache for the flow monitor.
Туре	Flow monitor cache type. The value is always normal, as it is the only supported cache type.
Status	Status of the flow monitor cache.
	The possible values are:
	• allocated—The cache is allocated.
	• being deleted—The cache is being deleted.
	• not allocated—The cache is not allocated.
Size	Current cache size.
Inactive Timeout	Current value for the inactive timeout in seconds.
Active Timeout	Current value for the active timeout in seconds.

Table 3: show flow monitor monitor-name Field Descriptions

The following example displays the status, statistics, and data for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1:

This table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

The following example displays the status, statistics, and data for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-1 in a table format:

The following example displays the status, statistics, and data for the flow monitor named FLOW-MONITOR-IPv6 (the cache contains IPv6 data) in record format:

The following example displays the status and statistics for a flow monitor:

show idprom module

To display the identification programmable read-only memory (IDPROM) information for a specific module, use the show idprom module command in privileged EXEC mode.

show idprom module slot-number eeprom [detail | dump]

Syntax Description	slot-number	Specifies the slot number.		
	eeprom	Specifies EEPROM information.		
	detail	(Optional) Specifies detailed EEPROM information		
	dump	(Optional) Specifies EEPROM information in hexadecimal or ASCII format.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.		
	The following is sample output from the s Device# show idprom module 1 eepror Slot 1 EEPROM data:	•		

Device#	show	idprom	module	1	eeprom	detail
Slot 1 1	EEPROM	i data:				

EEPROM version	:	4							
Compatible Type	:	0xI	FF						
Controller Type	:	348	31						
Hardware Revision	:	0.5	5						
PCB Part Number	:	73-	-183	351-	-03				
Board Revision	:	03							
Deviation Number	:	0							
Fab Version	:	03							
PCB Serial Number	:	CAT	r223	32L(OND				
RMA Test History	:	00							
RMA Number	:	0-0)-0-	-0					
RMA History	:	00							
Top Assy. Part Number	:	068	3-10	0154	18-0	01			
Top Assy. Revision	:	11							
CLEI Code	:	UNI	DEF	INEI	D				
ECI Number	:	0							
Product Identifier (PID)	:	C96	500-	-LC-	-483	ζL			
Version Identifier (VID)	:	V00	C						
Base MAC Address	:	78	72	5D	EC	6C	00		
MAC Address block size	:	128	3						
Environment Monitor Data	:	06	00	00	00	0E	60	ΕG	00
		A6							
Environment Monitor Data	:	00	06	00	FA				
Manufacturing Test Data	:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Field Diagnostics Data	:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Platform features	:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
		00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
		00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Environment Monitor Data	:								

Description Shutdown threshold Critical threshold Major threshold Minor threshold	:	060
Minor threshold Environment Monitor Description Shutdown threshold Critical threshold Major threshold Minor threshold	Data : : : :	
Environment Monitor Description Shutdown threshold Critical threshold Major threshold Minor threshold Environment Monitor	Data : : : :	OtltFrnt 090 085 080
Description Shutdown threshold Critical threshold Major threshold Minor threshold	:	OtltRear 090 085 080 075

show install

To display information about install packages, use the show install command in privileged EXEC mode.

show install {active | committed | inactive | log | package {bootflash: | flash: | webui:} | rollback | summary | uncommitted}

Syntax Description	active	Displays information about active packages.			
	committed	Displays package activations that are persistent.			
	inactive	Displays inactive packages.			
	log	Displays entries stored in the logging installation buffer.			
	package	Displays metadata information about the package, including description, restart information, components in the package, and so on.			
	{bootflash: flash: harddisk: webui:}	Specifies the location of the install package.			
	rollback	Displays the software set associated with a saved installation.			
	summary	Displays information about the list of active, inactive, committed, and superseded packages.			
	uncommitted	Displays package activations that are nonpersistent.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced			
Usage Guidelines	Use the show commands to view the status of the install package.				
	Example				
	The following is sample output from the show install package command:				
	Device# show install package bootfla CSCxxx.SSA.dmp.bin Name: cat3k-universalk9.2017-01-10 Version: 16.6.1.0.199.1484082952 Platform: Catalyst3k Package Type: dmp Defect Db: CSCwww				

System Management Commands

Defect ID: CSCxxx
Package State: Added
Supersedes List: {}

Smu ID: 1

L

The following is sample output from the **show install summary** command:

```
Device# show install summary
Active Packages:
    bootflash:cat3k-universalk9.2017-01-10_13.15.1.CSCxxx.SSA.dmp.bin
Inactive Packages:
    No packages
Committed Packages:
    bootflash:cat3k-universalk9.2017-01-10_13.15.1.CSCxxx.SSA.dmp.bin
Uncommitted Packages:
    No packages
Device#
```

The table below lists the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 4: show install summar	ry Field Descriptions
------------------------------	-----------------------

Field	Description
Active Packages	Name of the active install package.
Inactive Packages	List of inactive packages.
Committed Packages	Install packages that have saved or committed changes to the harddisk, so that the changes become persistent across reloads.
Uncommitted Packages	Intall package activations that are nonpersistent.

The following is sample output from the **show install log** command:

Device# show install log

```
[0|install_op_boot]: START Fri Feb 24 19:20:19 Universal 2017
[0|install_op_boot]: END SUCCESS Fri Feb 24 19:20:23 Universal 2017
[3|install_add]: START Sun Feb 26 05:55:31 UTC 2017
[3|install_add( FATAL)]: File path (scp) is not yet supported for this command
[4|install_add]: START Sun Feb 26 05:57:04 UTC 2017
[4|install_add]: END SUCCESS
/bootflash/cat3k-universalk9.2017-01-10_13.15.1.CSCvb12345.SSA.dmp.bin
Sun Feb 26 05:57:22 UTC 2017
[5|install_activate]: START Sun Feb 26 05:58:41 UTC 2017
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	install	Installs SMU packages.

show license all

To display all licensing information enter the **show license all** command in privileged EXEC mode. This command displays status, authorization, UDI, and usage information, all combined.

show license all

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	Command output was updated to display information relating to Smart Licensing Using Policy.
		Command output no longer displays Smart Account and Virtual account information.
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	The output of the command was enhanced to display the following information:
		• RUM report statistics, in section Usage Report Summary.
		• Smart Account and Virtual Account information, in section Account Information.

Usage Guidelines This command concatenates the output of other show license commands, enabling you to display different kinds of licensing information together. For field descriptions, refer to the corresponding commands.

Smart Licensing: If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing (whether smart licensing is enabled, all associated licensing certificates, compliance status, and so on).

Smart Licensing Using Policy: If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing Using Policy.

- The smart Licensing Status section corresponds with the output of the show license status command.
- The License Usage section corresponds with the output of the show license usage command.
- The Product Information section corresponds with the output of the show license udi command.
- The Agent Version section of the show license all command displays the Smart Agent version and is available only in this command.
- The License Authorizations section corresponds with the output of the show license authorization command.
- The Usage Report Summary section corresponds with the output in the show license tech command.

Examples

- show license all for Smart Licensing Using Policy (Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switches), on page 115
- show license all for Smart Licensing Using Policy (Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches), on page 117
- #unique_1087 unique_1087 Connect_42_section_zlh_2xn_nnb

show license all for Smart Licensing Using Policy (Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switches)

The following is sample output of the **show license all** command in a stacking set-up. All the product instances in the stack are C9300X switches, which support the Export Control Key for High Security (HSECK9) starting from Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.2. An HSECK9 key is used here and the requisite Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) is installed (SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED on Oct 29 17:45:28 2021 UTC).

Device# show license all Smart Licensing Status _____ Smart Licensing is ENABLED Export Authorization Key: Features Authorized: <none> Utility: Status: DISABLED Smart Licensing Using Policy: Status: ENABLED Data Privacy: Sending Hostname: ves Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED Smart Licensing hostname privacy: DISABLED Version privacy: DISABLED Transport: Type: cslu Cslu address: <empty> Proxy: Not Configured Miscellaneous: Custom Id: <empty> Policy: Policy in use: Installed On Oct 29 17:44:15 2021 UTC Policy name: Custom Policy Reporting ACK required: yes (Customer Policy) Unenforced/Non-Export Perpetual Attributes: First report requirement (days): 365 (Customer Policy) Reporting frequency (days): 0 (Customer Policy) Report on change (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Unenforced/Non-Export Subscription Attributes: First report requirement (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Reporting frequency (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Report on change (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Enforced (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes: First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default)

Reporting frequency (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Report on change (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Export (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes: First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Report on change (days): 90 (Customer Policy) Usage Reporting: Last ACK received: Oct 29 17:48:51 2021 UTC Next ACK deadline: Jan 27 17:48:51 2022 UTC Reporting push interval: 30 days Next ACK push check: <none> Next report push: Oct 29 18:32:43 2021 UTC Last report push: Oct 29 17:44:50 2021 UTC Last report file write: <none> Trust Code Installed: Active: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7 INSTALLED on Oct 29 17:44:15 2021 UTC Standby: PID:C9300X-48HXN, SN:FOC2524L39P INSTALLED on Oct 29 17:44:15 2021 UTC Member: PID:C9300X-48HX, SN:FOC2516LC92 INSTALLED on Oct 29 17:44:15 2021 UTC License Usage _____ network-advantage (C9300-24 Network Advantage): Description: C9300-24 Network Advantage Count: 1 Version: 1.0 Status: IN USE Export status: NOT RESTRICTED Feature Name: network-advantage Feature Description: C9300-24 Network Advantage Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED License type: Perpetual dna-advantage (C9300-24 DNA Advantage): Description: C9300-24 DNA Advantage Count: 1 Version: 1.0 Status: IN USE Export status: NOT RESTRICTED Feature Name: dna-advantage Feature Description: C9300-24 DNA Advantage Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED License type: Subscription network-advantage (C9300-48 Network Advantage): Description: C9300-48 Network Advantage Count: 2 Version: 1.0 Status: IN USE Export status: NOT RESTRICTED Feature Name: network-advantage Feature Description: C9300-48 Network Advantage Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED License type: Perpetual dna-advantage (C9300-48 DNA Advantage): Description: C9300-48 DNA Advantage Count: 2 Version: 1.0

```
Status: IN USE
 Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
  Feature Description: C9300-48 DNA Advantage
  Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
  License type: Subscription
hseck9 (Cat9K HSEC):
  Description: hseck9
  Count: 1
  Version: 1.0
  Status: IN USE
 Export status: RESTRICTED - ALLOWED
  Feature Name: hseck9
  Feature Description: hseck9
  Enforcement type: EXPORT RESTRICTED
  License type: Perpetual
Product Information
_____
UDI: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7
HA UDI List:
   Active:PID:C9300X-24HX,SN:FOC2519L8R7
    Standby:PID:C9300X-48HXN,SN:FOC2524L39P
   Member:PID:C9300X-48HX,SN:FOC2516LC92
Agent Version
_____
Smart Agent for Licensing: 5.1.23 rel/104
License Authorizations
_____
Overall status:
  Active: PID:C9300X-24HX,SN:FOC2519L8R7
     Status: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED on Oct 29 17:45:28 2021 UTC
     Last Confirmation code: 6746c5b5
  Standby: PID:C9300X-48HXN, SN:FOC2524L39P
     Status: NOT INSTALLED
  Member: PID:C9300X-48HX, SN:FOC2516LC92
     Status: NOT INSTALLED
Authorizations:
  C9K HSEC (Cat9K HSEC):
    Description: HSEC Key for Export Compliance on Cat9K Series Switches
   Total available count: 1
   Enforcement type: EXPORT RESTRICTED
   Term information:
     Active: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7
        Authorization type: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED
       License type: PERPETUAL
         Term Count: 1
Purchased Licenses:
  No Purchase Information Available
```

show license all for Smart Licensing Using Policy (Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches)

The following is sample output of the **show license all** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 switch. The software version running on the product instance here is Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1. Similar output is displayed on all Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches.

Device# show license all Smart Licensing Status _____ Smart Licensing is ENABLED Export Authorization Key: Features Authorized: <none> Utility: Status: DISABLED Smart Licensing Using Policy: Status: ENABLED Account Information: Smart Account: <none> Virtual Account: <none> Data Privacy: Sending Hostname: no Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED Smart Licensing hostname privacy: ENABLED Version privacy: DISABLED Transport: Type: Smart URL: https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license Proxy: Not Configured VRF: Not Configured Miscellaneous: Custom Id: <empty> Policy: Policy in use: Merged from multiple sources. Reporting ACK required: yes (CISCO default) Unenforced/Non-Export Perpetual Attributes: First report requirement (days): 365 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 90 (CISCO default) Unenforced/Non-Export Subscription Attributes: First report requirement (days): 90 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 90 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 90 (CISCO default) Enforced (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes: First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 0 (CISCO default) Export (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes: First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 0 (CISCO default) Usage Reporting: Last ACK received: <none> Next ACK deadline: Mar 30 22:32:22 2020 EST Reporting push interval: 30 davs Next ACK push check: <none>

Next report push: Oct 19 04:39:08 2021 EST

Last report push: <none>

```
Last report file write: <none>
Trust Code Installed: <none>
License Usage
_____
network-advantage (C9500 Network Advantage):
 Description: C9500 Network Advantage
 Count: 1
 Version: 1.0
 Status: IN USE
 Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
 Feature Name: network-advantage
 Feature Description: C9500 Network Advantage
 Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
 License type: Perpetual
dna-advantage (C9500-40X DNA Advantage):
 Description: C9500-40X DNA Advantage
 Count: 1
 Version: 1.0
 Status: IN USE
 Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
 Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Feature Description: C9500-40X DNA Advantage
 Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
 License type: Subscription
Product Information
_____
UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
Agent Version
_____
Smart Agent for Licensing: 5.3.9_rel/22
License Authorizations
_____
Overall status:
 Active: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
     Status: NOT INSTALLED
Purchased Licenses:
 No Purchase Information Available
Derived Licenses:
 Entitlement Tag:
regid.2017-03.com.cisco.advantagek9-Nyquist-C9500,1.0 f1563759-2e03-4a4c-bec5-5feec525a12c
 Entitlement Tag:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
Usage Report Summary:
_____
Total: 26, Purged: 0
Total Acknowledged Received: 0, Waiting for Ack: 0
Available to Report: 26 Collecting Data: 2
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
show license status	Displays compliance status of a license.

I

Command	Description
show license authorization	Displays authorization code-related information.
show license summary	Displays summary of all active licenses.
show license udi	Displays UDI.
show license usage	Displays license usage information
show license tech support	Displays the debug output.

show license authorization

To display authorization-related information for (export-controlled and enforced) licenses, enter the **show license authorization** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license authorization

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (Device#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines Use this command to display information about authorization codes. This includes SLR authorization codes and Smart Licensing Authorization Codes (SLAC).

Examples

For information about fields shown in the display, see Table 5: show license authorization Field Descriptions, on page 122.

For sample outputs, see:

- Displaying SLAC, on page 124
- Displaying SLR Authorization Code, on page 124.

Field		Description
Overall Status	Header for UDI information for all product instances in the set-up, the type of authorization that is installed, and configuration errors, if any. In a High Availability set-up, all UDIs in the set-up are listed.	
	Active: Status:	The active product instance UDI, followed by the status of the authorization code installation for this UDI. If the status indicates that the authorization code is installed and there is a confirmation code, this is also displayed.
	Standby: Status:	The standby product instance UDI, followed by the status of the authorization code installation for this UDI. If the status indicates that the authorization code is installed and there is a confirmation code, this is also displayed.
	Member: Status:	The member product instance UDI, followed by the status of the authorization code installation for this UDI. If the status indicates that the authorization code is installed and there is a confirmation code, this is also displayed.
	ERROR:	Configuration errors or discrepancies in the High Availability set-up, if any.

Table 5: show license authorization Field Descriptions

Field		Description
Authorizations	types, and validity	license authorization information. All licenses, their enforcement durations are displayed. Errors are displayed for each product prization or mode does not match what is installed on the active.
	This section is disp authorization code.	layed only if the product instance is using a license with an
	0:	License name and a shortened form of the license name.
	Description	License description.
	Total available	Total count of licenses that are <i>available</i> to consume.
	count:	This includes licenses of all durations (perpetual and subscription), including expired subscription licenses, for all the product instances in a High Availability setup.
	Enforcement type	Enforcement type for the license. This may be one of the following:
		• Enforced
		• Not enforced
		• Export-Controlled
	Term information:	Header providing license duration information. The following fields maybe included under this header:
		• Active: The active product instance UDI, followed by the status of the authorization code installation for this UDI.
		• Authorization type: Type of authorization code installed and date of installation. The type can be: SLAC, UNIVERSAL, SPECIFIED, PAK, RTU.
		• Start Date: Displays validity start date if the license is for a specific term or time period.
		• Start Date: Displays validity end date if the license is for a specific term or time period.
		• Term Count: License count.
		• Subscription ID: Displays ID if the license is for a specific term or time period.
		• License type: License duration. This can be: SUBSCRIPTION or PERPETUAL.
		• Standby: The standby product instance UDI, followed by the status of the authorization code installation for this UDI.
		• Member: The member product instance UDI, followed by the status of the authorization code installation for this UDI.

Field		Description
Purchased Licenses Header for license pu		urchase information.
	Active:	The active product instance and its the UDI.
	Count:	License count.
	Description:	License description.
	License type:	License duration. This can be: SUBSCRIPTION or PERPETUAL.
	Standby:	The standby product instance UDI.
	Member:	The member product instance UDI.

Displaying SLAC

The following is sample output of the **show license authorization** command on a C9300X model switch. Here SLAC is installed only on the active product instance in a stacking set-up:

```
Device# show license authorization
Overall status:
  Active: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7
      Status: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED on Oct 29 17:45:28 2021 UTC
      Last Confirmation code: 6746c5b5
  Standby: PID:C9300X-48HXN, SN:FOC2524L39P
     Status: NOT INSTALLED
  Member: PID:C9300X-48HX, SN:FOC2516LC92
     Status: NOT INSTALLED
Authorizations:
 C9K HSEC (Cat9K HSEC):
   Description: HSEC Key for Export Compliance on Cat9K Series Switches
   Total available count: 1
   Enforcement type: EXPORT RESTRICTED
   Term information:
      Active: PID:C9300X-24HX, SN:FOC2519L8R7
        Authorization type: SMART AUTHORIZATION INSTALLED
        License type: PERPETUAL
          Term Count: 1
Purchased Licenses:
  No Purchase Information Available
```

Displaying SLR Authorization Code

The following is sample output of the **show license authorization** command showing SLR authorization codes (Last Confirmation code:). An SLR authorization code is supported after upgrade to Smart Licensing Using Policy. While existing SLRs are carried over after upgrade, you cannot request a new SLR in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment. If you are in an air-gapped network, the *No Connectivity to CSSM and No CSLU* topology applies instead.

```
Device# show license authorization
```

```
Overall status:
Active: PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZV
```

```
Status: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
      Last Confirmation code: 184ba6d6
  Standby: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZY
      Status: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
      Last Confirmation code: 961d598f
Specified license reservations:
  C9500 Network Advantage (C9500 Network Advantage):
    Description: C9500 Network Advantage
    Total reserved count: 2
   Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
    Term information:
      Active: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
        Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
        License type: PERPETUAL
         Term Count: 1
      Standby: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZY
        Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
        License type: PERPETUAL
         Term Count: 1
  C9500-DNA-16X-A (C9500-16X DNA Advantage):
    Description: C9500-DNA-16X-A
    Total reserved count: 2
    Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
   Term information:
      Active: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
        Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
        License type: PERPETUAL
          Term Count: 1
      Standby: PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZY
        Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
        License type: PERPETUAL
         Term Count: 1
Purchased Licenses:
  No Purchase Information Available
Derived Licenses:
```

Entitlement Tag: regid.2017-03.com.cisco.advantagek9-Nyquist-C9500,1.0_f1563759-2e03-4a4c-bec5-5feec525a12c Entitlement Tag: regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-16X-A,1.0 ef3574d1-156b-486a-864f-9f779ff3ee49

show license data conversion

To display license data conversion information, enter the **show license data** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license data conversion

Syntax Description

This command has no keywords or arguments

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (Device#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	Command output was updated to display information relating to Smart Licensing Using Policy.
		Command output no longer displays Smart Account and Virtual account information.
Usage Guidelines	0	version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier fields pertinent to Smart Licensing.
	e e .	f the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) .2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart

Device-led conversion is not supported on Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches.

L

show license eventlog

To display event logs relating to Smart Licensing Using Policy, enter the **show license eventlog** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license eventlog [*days*]

Syntax Description *days* Enter the number of days for which you want to display event logs. The valid value range is from 0 to 2147483647.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (Device#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	Additional events were added with the introduction of Smart Licensing Using Policy:
		• Installation and removal of a policy
		• Request, installation and removal of an authorization code.
		• Installation and removal of a trust code.
		• Addition of authorization source information for license usage.
Usage Guidelines	e	version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier fields pertinent to Smart Licensing.
	8 8 .	The software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) 2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart

Examples

show license eventlog for One Day, for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 127

show license eventlog for All Events, for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 128

show license eventlog for One Day, for Smart Licensing Using Policy

The following is sample output from the **show license eventlog** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 switch. Similar output is displayed on all supported Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches. The command is configured to display events for one day.

```
Device# show license eventlog 1
**** Event Log ****
2020-09-11 00:50:17.693 EDT SAEVT_PLATFORM eventSource="INFRA_SL"
eventName="INFRA_SL_EVLOG_ERM_RESET" MSG="ERM-Reset: Client 0, AP-GROUP group, 2 features
air-network-advantage,air-dna-advantage"
2020-09-11 00:50:17.695 EDT SAEVT_ENDPOINT_USAGE count="0"
```

entitlementTag="regid.2018-06.com.cisco.DNA_NWStack,1.0_e7244e71-3ad5-4608-8bf0-d12f67c80896"
2020-09-11 00:50:17.695 EDT SAEVT_ENDPOINT_USAGE count="0"
entitlementTag="regid.2017-08.com.cisco.AIR-DNA-A,1.0_b6308627-3ab0-4al1-a3d9-586911a0d790"
2020-09-11 00:50:50.175 EDT SAEVT_POLL_MESSAGE messageType="LICENSE_USAGE"
2020-09-11 08:50:17.694 EDT SAEVT_PLATFORM eventSource="INFRA_SL"
eventName="INFRA_SL_EVLOG_ERM_RESET" MSG="ERM-Reset: Client 0, AP-GROUP group, 2 features
air-network-advantage,air-dna-advantage"
2020-09-11 08:50:17.696 EDT SAEVT_ENDPOINT_USAGE count="0"
entitlementTag="regid.2018-06.com.cisco.DNA_NWStack,1.0_e7244e71-3ad5-4608-8bf0-d12f67c80896"
2020-09-11 08:50:17.696 EDT SAEVT_ENDPOINT_USAGE count="0"
entitlementTag="regid.2017-08.com.cisco.AIR-DNA-A,1.0_b6308627-3ab0-4al1-a3d9-586911a0d790"
2020-09-11 08:50:17.696 EDT SAEVT_ENDPOINT_USAGE count="0"
entitlementTag="regid.2017-08.com.cisco.AIR-DNA-A,1.0_b6308627-3ab0-4al1-a3d9-586911a0d790"
2020-09-11 08:50:52.804 EDT SAEVT POLL MESSAGE messageType="LICENSE USAGE"

show license eventlog for All Events, for Smart Licensing Using Policy

The following is sample output from the **show license eventlog** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 switch. Similar output is displayed on all supported Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches. The command is configured to display all events.

```
Device# show license eventlog
```

```
**** Event Log ****
2020-09-01 15:43:42.300 UTC SAEVT INIT START version="4.13.14 rel/41"
2020-09-01 15:43:42.301 UTC SAEVT INIT CRYPTO success="False" error="Crypto Initialization
has not been completed"
2020-09-01 15:43:42.301 UTC SAEVT HA EVENT eventType="SmartAgentEvtHArmfRegister"
2020-09-01 15:43:45.055 UTC SAEVT READY
2020-09-01 15:43:45.055 UTC SAEVT_ENABLED
2020-09-01 15:43:45.088 UTC SAEVT PLATFORM eventSource="INFRA SL"
eventName="INFRA SL EVLOG SYSDATA FAIL" MSG="Get-SDL: not the active switch"
2020-09-01 15:43:45.089 UTC SAEVT PLATFORM eventSource="INFRA SL"
eventName="INFRA SL EVLOG SYSDATA FAIL" MSG="Get-SDL: not the active switch"
2020-09-01 15:43:45.089 UTC SAEVT_PLATFORM eventSource="INFRA_SL"
eventName="INFRA SL EVLOG SYSDATA FAIL" MSG="Get-SDL: not the active switch"
2020-09-01 15:43:45.089 UTC SAEVT LICENSE USAGE count="0" type="destroy"
entitlementTag="regid.2018-01.com.cisco.C9500-24Y4C-A,1.0 6b065611-6552-472a-8859-ab3339550166"
2020-09-01 15:43:45.098 UTC SAEVT PLATFORM eventSource="INFRA SL"
eventName="INFRA SL EVLOG SYSDATA FAIL" MSG="Get-SDL: not the active switch"
```

show license history message

To display communication history between the product instance and CSSM or CSLU (as the case may be), enter the **show license history message** command in privileged EXEC mode. The output of this command is used by the technical support team, for troubleshooting.

show license history message

This command has no keywords or arguments.		
Privileged EXEC (Device#)		
Release	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	This command was introduced.	
	Privileged EXEC (Device#) Release	

age Guidelines When you encounter an error message that you are not able to resolve, along with a copy of the message that appears on the console or in the system log, provide your Cisco technical support representative with sample output of these commands: **show license tech support**, **show license history message**, and the **show platform software sl-infra all** privileged EXEC commands.

show license reservation

To display license reservation information, enter the **show license reservation** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license reservation

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (Device#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	The command continues to be available on the CLI, but is no longer applicable because the notion of reserveration does not exist in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment.
Usage Guidelines	The command continues to be ava	ilable on the CLI and corresponding output is displayed, but with the

ge Guidelines The command continues to be available on the CLI and corresponding output is displayed, but with the introduction of Smart Licensing Using Policy, the notion of reservation is not longer applicable. Use the **show license all** command in privileged EXEC mode, to display *migrated* SLR licenses instead (the SLR authorization code is migrated to Smart Licensing Using Policy).

show license rum

To display information about Resource Utilization Measurement reports (RUM report) available on the product instance, including report IDs, the current processing state of a report, error information (if any), and to save the detailed or summarized view that is displayed, enter the **show license rum** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license rum { feature { license_name | all } | id { rum_id | all } } [detail] [save path] Syntax Description feature { license name | all } Displays RUM report information based on the license name. Specify a particular license name to display all RUM reports for that license, or use the all keyword to display all RUM reports available on the product instance. id { rum_id | all } Displays RUM report information based on the RUM report ID. Specify a report ID to display information for a single report, or use the all keyword to display all RUM reports available on the product instance. detail Displays detailed RUM report information. You can use this to display detailed information by license name and detailed information by RUM report ID. save path Saves the information that is displayed. This can be the simplified or detailed version and depends on the preceeding keywords you have entered. Information about 200 RUM reports can be displayed. If there are more 200 RUM reports on the product instance, you can view information about all the RUM reports by saving it to a text (.txt) file. Note This option saves the information *about* RUM reports and is not for reporting purposes. It does not save the RUM report, which is an XML file containing usage information.

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (Device#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	-
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	This command was introduced.	-
Usage Guidelines	as specified by the policy. An a	cknowledgement (ACK) is a re	- nce generates, to fulfil reporting requirements sponse from CSSM and provides information available on the product instance, it indicates

that the corresponding RUM report is no longer required and can be deleted. You can use the **show license rum** command to:

- Display information about the available RUM reports on the product instance filtered by ID or license name.
- Display a short summary of the information or display a detailed view of the information.
- Track a RUM report throughout its lifecycle (from the time it is first generated until its acknowledgement from CSSM). By displaying the current processing state and condition of a report you can ascertain if and when there is a problem in the reporting workflow.
- Save the displayed information. The CLI displays information about up to 200 reports. If there are more than 200 reports on the product instance and you want to view information about all of them, save the displayed info in a .txt file and export to the desired location to view.

To display a statistical view of RUM report information (the total number of reports on the product instance, the number of reports that have a corresponding ACK, the number of reports waiting for an ACK etc.) refer to the Usage Report Summary: section of the show license all and show license tech privileged EXEC commands.

The **show license tech** command also provides RUM report related information that the Cisco technical support team can use to troubleshoot, if there are problems with RUM reporting.

Examples

For information about fields shown in the display, see Table 6: show license rum (simplified view) Field Descriptions, on page 132 and Table 7: show license rum (detailed view) Field Descriptions, on page 134

For examples of the show license rum command, see:

- show license rum feature: Simplified and Detailed View, on page 135
- Saving RUM Report View, on page 138

Table 6: show license rum (simplified view) Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description
Report Id	A numeric field that identifies a RUM report. The product instance automatically assigns an ID to every RUM report it generates. An ID may be up to 20 characters long.

Field Name	Description
State	This field displays the current processing state of a RUM report, and can be only one of the following:
	• OPEN: This means new measurements are being added to this report.
	• CLOSED: This means no further measurements can be added to this report, and the report is ready for communication to CSSM.
	• PENDING: This is a transitional status that you may see if you display a report while it is being transmitted.
	• UNACK: This means the report was transmitted and is waiting for confirmation from CSSM, that it is processed.
	• ACK: This means the report was processed or acknowledged by CSSM and is eligible for deletion.
Flag	Indicates the condition of the RUM report, and is displayed in the form of a character. Each character represents a specific condition, and can be only one of the following values:
	• N: Normal; This means no errors have been detected and the report is going through normal operation.
	• P: Purged; This means the report was removed due to system resource limitation, and can refer to a shortage of disk space or insufficient memory. If this flag is displayed, refer to the State Change Reason field in the detailed view for more information.
	• E: Error; This means an error was detected in the RUM report. If this flag is displayed, refer to the detailed view for more information. Possible workflow issues include and are not limited to the following:
	• RUM report was dropped by CSSM. If this is the issue, the State field displays value ACK, but the State Change Reason does not change to ACKED.
	• RUM Report data is missing. If this is the issue, the Storage State field displays value MISSING.
	• Tracking information is missing. If this is the case the state field displays value UNACK and the Transaction ID field has no information.
	Note Occasional errors in RUM reports do not require any action from you and are not an indication of a problem. It is only if you see a large number of reports (greater than 10) with errors that you must contact the Cisco technical support team.
Feature Name	The name of the license that the RUM report applies to.

Field Name	Description
Report Id	A numeric field that identifies a RUM report. The product instance automatically assigns an ID to every RUM report it generates. An ID may be up to 20 characters long.
Metric Name:	Shows the type of data that is recorded.
	For a RUM report, the only possible value is ENTITLEMENT, and refers to measurement of license usage.
Feature Name:	The name of the license that the RUM report applies to.
Metric Value	A unique identifier for the data that is recorded.
	This is the same as the "Entitlement Tag" in the output of the show license tech commad and it displays information about the license being tracked.
UDI	Composed of the Product ID (PID) and serial number of the product instance.
Previous Report Id:	ID of the previous RUM report that the product instance generated for a license.
Next Report Id:	The ID that the product instance will use for the next RUM report it generates for a llicense.
State:	Displays the current processing state of a RUM report. The value displayed here is always the same as the value displayed in the simplified view.
	For the list of possible values see Table 6: show license rum (simplified view) Field Descriptions, on page 132above.
State Change Reason:	Displays the reason for a RUM report state change. Not all state changes provide a reason.
	• NONE: This means the RUM report is going through its normal lifecycle (for instance, from OPEN → CLOSED → ACK). This state change reason is usually accompanied by an N flag (meaning Normal) in the simplified view and requires no action from you.
	• ACKED: RUM report was processed normally by CSSM.
	• REMOVED: RUM report was received and requested to be removed by CSSM.
	• RELOAD: RUM report state was changed due to some type of device reload.
	• DECONFIG: License was removed from configuration.
Start Time:	Timestamps for measurement start and measurement end for a RUM report.
End Time:	Together, the start time and end time provide the time duration that the measurements cover.

Table 7: show license rum (detailed view) Field Descriptions

Field Name	Description		
Storage State:	Displays current storage state of the RUM report and can be one of the following values:		
	• EXIST: This means the data for the RUM report is located in storage.		
	• DELETED: This means the data was intentionally deleted. Refer to the Storage State Change Reason in the output of the show license tech command for more information about this storage state.		
	• PURGED: This means the data was deleted due to a system resource limitation. Refer to the Storage State Change Reason in the output of the show license tech command for more information about this storage state.		
	• MISSING: This means data is missing from storage. If reports are identified as missing, there is no recovery process.		
Transaction ID:	Contains tracking information for the RUM report. This information can be either polling information or ACK import information.		
Transaction Message:	The Transaction Message contains the error message, if the product instance receives one when importing an ACK.		
	The information in these fields is used by the Cisco technical support team when troubleshooting problems with RUM reports.		

show license rum feature: Simplified and Detailed View

The following is sample output of the **show license rum feature** *license-name* and **show license rum feature** *license-name* **detail** commands on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switch. Similar output is displayed on all other Catalyst switches.

The output is filtered to display all RUM reports for the DNA Advantage license, followed by a detailed view of all RUM reports for the DNA Advantage license.

Device# show license rum feature dna-advantage

Smart Licensing Usage Report:				
Report Id, 1574560487 1574560489 1574560499 1574560493 1574560495 1574560497	State, CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED	Flag, N N N N N N	Feature Name dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage	
1574560499 1574560501 1574560503 1574560505 1574560507 1574560509 1574560511	CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED CLOSED OPEN	N N N N N	dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage dna-advantage	

Device# show license rum feature dna-advantage detail Smart Licensing Usage Report Detail:

_____ Report Id: 1574560487 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT Feature Name: dna-advantage Metric Value: regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC Previous Report Id: 0, Next Report Id: 1574560489 State: CLOSED, State Change Reason: None Start Time: Sep 02 00:11:55 2020 EST, End Time: Sep 02 20:12:04 2020 EST Storage State: EXIST Transaction ID: 0 Transaction Message: <none> Report Id: 1574560489 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT Feature Name: dna-advantage Metric Value: regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC Previous Report Id: 1574560487, Next Report Id: 1574560491 State: CLOSED, State Change Reason: None Start Time: Sep 02 20:24:46 2020 EST, End Time: Sep 02 22:24:56 2020 EST Storage State: EXIST Transaction ID: 0 Transaction Message: <none> Report Id: 1574560491 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT Feature Name: dna-advantage Metric Value: regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC Previous Report Id: 1574560489, Next Report Id: 1574560493 State: CLOSED, State Change Reason: None Start Time: Sep 02 22:34:27 2020 EST, End Time: Sep 03 14:34:37 2020 EST Storage State: EXIST Transaction ID: 0 Transaction Message: <none> Report Id: 1574560493 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT Feature Name: dna-advantage Metric Value: regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC Previous Report Id: 1574560491, Next Report Id: 1574560495 State: CLOSED, State Change Reason: None Start Time: Sep 03 14:45:16 2020 EST, End Time: Sep 03 15:30:49 2020 EST Storage State: EXIST Transaction ID: 0 Transaction Message: <none> Report Id: 1574560495 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT Feature Name: dna-advantage Metric Value: regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC Previous Report Id: 1574560493, Next Report Id: 1574560497 State: CLOSED, State Change Reason: None Start Time: Sep 03 15:47:29 2020 EST, End Time: Dec 21 17:02:39 2020 EST Storage State: EXIST Transaction ID: 0

Transaction Message: <none>

```
Report Id: 1574560497
  Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
  Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
  UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560495,
                                     Next Report Id: 1574560499
  State: CLOSED,
                    State Change Reason: None
  Start Time: Jan 05 14:02:34 2021 EST,
                                            End Time: Feb 19 21:02:21 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
  Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560499
  Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
  UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560497,
                                     Next Report Id: 1574560501
  State: CLOSED,
                     State Change Reason: None
  Start Time: Feb 19 21:17:57 2021 EST,
                                            End Time: Jul 05 14:03:07 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
  Transaction ID: 0
 Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560501
 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
  UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560499,
                                    Next Report Id: 1574560503
  State: CLOSED,
                   State Change Reason: None
                                           End Time: Jul 06 14:34:40 2021 EST
  Start Time: Jul 05 14:19:30 2021 EST,
  Storage State: EXIST
  Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560503
  Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
  Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
  UDT: PTD:C9500-40X,SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560501,
                                     Next Report Id: 1574560505
                     State Change Reason: None
  State: CLOSED,
  Start Time: Jul 06 14:39:42 2021 EST,
                                          End Time: Jul 06 15:10:14 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
  Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560505
  Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
  UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560503,
                                     Next Report Id: 1574560507
                      State Change Reason: RELOAD
  State: CLOSED,
  Start Time: Jul 06 15:25:36 2021 EST,
                                             End Time: Aug 05 15:55:46 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
```

show license rum

```
Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560507
 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560505,
                                    Next Report Id: 1574560509
  State: CLOSED,
                    State Change Reason: REPORTING
  Start Time: Aug 05 16:15:11 2021 EST,
                                        End Time: Aug 05 16:15:14 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
 Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560509
  Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
 Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
  UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
  Previous Report Id: 1574560507,
                                    Next Report Id: 1574560511
 State: CLOSED,
                     State Change Reason: REPORTING
  Start Time: Aug 05 16:15:14 2021 EST, End Time: Aug 05 19:38:43 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
 Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
Report Id: 1574560511
 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
 UDI: PID:C9500-40X, SN:FCW2227A4NC
 Previous Report Id: 1574560509,
                                    Next Report Id: 0
  State: OPEN,
                   State Change Reason: None
  Start Time: Aug 05 19:38:43 2021 EST, End Time: Oct 18 02:53:39 2021 EST
  Storage State: EXIST
  Transaction ID: 0
  Transaction Message: <none>
```

Saving RUM Report View

The following example shows you how to save a simplified view of the **show license rum feature all** command.

By using the **feature** and **all** keywords, the output is filtered to display all RUM reports for all licenses being used on the product instance. You can then transfer it to a location from where you can open the text file and view the information.

Device# show license rum feature all save bootflash:all-rum-stats.txt Device# copy bootflash:all-rum-stats.txt tftp://10.8.0.6/user01/

show license status

To display information about licensing settings such as data privacy, policy, transport, usage reporting and trust codes, enter the **show license status** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license status

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	Command output was updated to reflect new fields that are applicable to Smart Licensing Using Policy. This includes Trust code installed:, Policy in use, Policy name: , reporting requirements as in the policy, and Usage Reporting: .
		Command output no longer displays Smart Account and Virtual account information.
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	Command output was updated to display Smart Account and Virtual account information.

Usage Guidelines

Smart Licensing: If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing.

Smart Licensing Using Policy: If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing Using Policy.

Account Information in the output

Starting with Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1, every ACK includes the Smart Account and Virtual Account that was reported to, in CSSM. When it receives the ACK, the product instance securely stores only the latest version of this information - as determined by the timestamp in the ACK. The Smart Account and Virtual Account information that is displayed in the Account Information section of this command's output is therefore always as per the latest available ACK on the product instance.

If a product instance is moved from one Smart Account and Virtual Account to another, the next ACK after the move will have this updated information. The output of this command is updated once this ACK is available on the product instance.

The ACK may be received directly (where the product instance is connected to CSSM), or indirectly (where the product instance is connect to CSSM through CSLU, Cisco DNA Center, or SSM On-Prem), or by manually importing the ACK (where a product instance is in an air-gapped network).

Examples

For information about fields shown in the display, see Table 8: show license status Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 140

For sample outputs, see:

- show license status for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 145
- show license status for Smart Licensing, on page 146

Field		Description		
Utility	Header for utility settings that are configured on the product instance.			
	Status:	Status		
	Utility report:	Last attempt:		
	Customer Information:	The following fields are displayed:		
		• Id:		
		• Name:		
		• Street		
		• City:		
		• State:		
		• Country:		
		Postal Code:		
Smart Licensing	Header for policy settings on the product instance.			
Using Policy:	Status:	Indicates if Smart Licensing Using Policy is enabled.		
		Smart Licensing Using Policy is supported starting from Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2 and is always enabled on supported software images.		
Account	Header for account information that the product instance belongs to, in CSSM.			
Information:	This section is displayed only if the software version on the product instance is Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1 or a later release.			
	If an ACK is not installed on the product instance, these fields display <none>.</none>			
	Smart Account:	The Smart Account that the product instance is part of. This information is always as per the latest available ACK on the product instance.		
	Virtual Account:	The Virtual Account that the product instance is part of. This information is always as per the latest available ACK on the product instance.		

Table 8: show license status Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy

Field		Description			
Data Privacy:	Header for privacy s	Header for privacy settings that are configured on the product instance.			
	Sending Hostname:	A <i>yes</i> or <i>no</i> value which shows if the hostname is sent in usage reports.			
	Callhome hostname privacy:	Indicates if the Call Home feature is configured as the mode of transport for reporting. If configured, one of these values is displayed:			
		• ENABLED			
		• DISABLED			
	Smart Licensing	One of these values is displayed:			
	hostname privacy:	• ENABLED			
		• DISABLED			
	Version privacy:	One of these values is displayed:			
		• ENABLED			
		• DISABLED			
Transport:	Header for transport	Header for transport settings that are configured on the product instance.			
	Туре:	Mode of transport that is in use.			
		Additional fields are displayed for certain transport modes. For example, if transport type is set to CSLU, the CSLU address is also displayed.			

I

Field		Description			
Policy:	Header for policy inf	Header for policy information that is applicable to the product instance.			
	Policy in use:	Policy that is applied			
		This can be one of the following: Cisco default, Product default, Permanent License Reservation, Specific License Reservation, PAK license, Installed on <date>, Controller.</date>			
	Policy name:	Name of the policy			
	Reporting ACK required:	A yes or no value which specifies if the report for this product instance requires CSSM acknowledgement (ACK) or not. The default policy is always set to "yes".			
	Unenforced/Non-Export	Displays policy values for perpetual licenses.			
	Perpetual Attributes	• First report requirement (days): The maximum amount of time available before the first report must be sent, followed by policy name.			
		• Reporting frequency (days): The maximum amount of time available before the subsequent report must be sent, followed by policy name.			
		• Report on change (days): he maximum amount of time available to send a report in case of a change in license usage, followed by policy name			
	Unenforced/Non-Export	Displays policy values for subscription licenses.			
	Subscription Attributes	• First report requirement (days): The maximum amount of time available before the first report must be sent, followed by policy name.			
		• Reporting frequency (days): The maximum amount of time available before the subsequent report must be sent, followed by policy name.			
		• Report on change (days): he maximum amount of time available to send a report in case of a change in license usage, followed by policy name			
	Enforced (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes				

Field		Description		
		Displays policy values for enforced licenses.		
		• First report requirement (days): The maximum amount of time available before the first report must be sent, followed by policy name.		
		• Reporting frequency (days): The maximum amount of time available before the subsequent report must be sent, followed by policy name.		
		• Report on change (days): The maximum amount of time available to send a report in case of a change in license usage, followed by policy name		
	Export	Displays policy values for export-controlled licenses.		
	(Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes	• First report requirement (days): The maximum amount of time available before the first report must be sent, followed by policy name.		
		• Reporting frequency (days): The maximum amount of time available before the subsequent report must be sent, followed by policy name.		
		• Report on change (days): The maximum amount of time available to send a report in case of a change in license usage, followed by policy name		
Miscellaneous	Header for custom ID.			
	Custom Id:	ID		

Field		Description		
Usage Reporting:	Header for usage reporting (RUM reports) information.			
	Last ACK received: Date and time of last ACK received, in the local time zon			
	Next ACK deadline:	Date and time for next ACK. If the policy states that an ACK is not requires then this field displays none.		
		Note If an ACK is required and is not received by this deadline, a syslog is displayed.		
	Reporting Interval:	Reporting interval in days		
		The value displayed here depends on what you configure in the license smart usage interval <i>interval_in_days</i> and the policy value. For more information, see the corresponding Syntax Description: Table 8: show license status Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 140.		
	Next ACK push check:	Date and time when the product instance will submit the next polling request for an ACK. Date and time are in the local time zone.		
		This applies only to product instance- initiated communication to CSSM or CSLU. If the reporting interval is zero, or if no ACK polling is pending, then this field displays none.		
	Next report push:	Date and time when the product instance will send the next RUM report. Date and time are in the local time zone. If the reporting interval is zero, or if there are no pending RUM reports, then this field displays none.		
	Last report push:	Date and time for when the product instance sent the last RUM report. Date and time are in the local time zone.		
	Last report file write:	Date and time for when the product instance last saved an offline RUM report. Date and time are in the local time zone.		
	Last report pull:	Date and time for when usage reporting information was retrieved using data models. Date and time are in the local time zone.		

Field		Description
Trust Code Installed:Header for trust code-related information.Displays date and time if trust code is installed. D zone.If a trust code is not installed, then this field display		and time if trust code is installed. Date and time are in the local time
	Active:	Active product instance. In a High Availability set-up, the the UDIs of all product instances in the set-up, along with corresponding trust code installation dates and times are displayed.
	Standby:	Standby product instance.
	Member:	Member product instance

show license status for Smart Licensing Using Policy

The following is sample output of the **show license status** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 switch where the software version running on the product instance is Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1. Note the Smart Account and Virtual Account fields in the output starting from this release.

An ACK has not been installed on this product instance (Last ACK received: <none>). The account information fields therefore display <none>:

```
Device# show license status
```

```
Utility:
 Status: DISABLED
Smart Licensing Using Policy:
 Status: ENABLED
Account Information:
  Smart Account: <none>
 Virtual Account: <none>
Data Privacy:
  Sending Hostname: no
   Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED
   Smart Licensing hostname privacy: ENABLED
  Version privacy: DISABLED
Transport:
  Type: Smart
  URL: https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license
  Proxy:
   Not Configured
  VRF:
   Not Configured
Policy:
  Policy in use: Merged from multiple sources.
  Reporting ACK required: yes (CISCO default)
  Unenforced/Non-Export Perpetual Attributes:
   First report requirement (days): 365 (CISCO default)
   Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default)
   Report on change (days): 90 (CISCO default)
```

Unenforced/Non-Export Subscription Attributes: First report requirement (days): 90 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 90 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 90 (CISCO default) Enforced (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes: First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 0 (CISCO default) Export (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes: First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default) Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default) Report on change (days): 0 (CISCO default) Miscellaneous: Custom Id: <empty> Usage Reporting: Last ACK received: <none> Next ACK deadline: Mar 30 22:32:22 2020 EST Reporting push interval: 30 days Next ACK push check: <none> Next report push: Oct 21 04:39:08 2021 EST Last report push: <none> Last report file write: <none>

Trust Code Installed: <none>

show license status for Smart Licensing

The following is sample output of the show license status command.

```
Device# show license status
Smart Licensing is ENABLED
Utility:
 Status: DISABLED
Data Privacy:
  Sending Hostname: yes
   Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED
    Smart Licensing hostname privacy: DISABLED
  Version privacy: DISABLED
Transport:
  Type: Callhome
Registration:
  Status: REGISTERED
  Smart Account: Cisco Systems
  Virtual Account: NPR
  Export-Controlled Functionality: Allowed
  Initial Registration: First Attempt Pending
  Last Renewal Attempt: SUCCEEDED on Jul 19 14:49:49 2018 IST
  Next Renewal Attempt: Jan 15 14:49:47 2019 IST
  Registration Expires: Jul 19 14:43:47 2019 IST
License Authorization:
  Status: AUTHORIZED on Jul 28 07:02:56 2018 IST
  Last Communication Attempt: SUCCEEDED on Jul 28 07:02:56 2018 IST
  Next Communication Attempt: Aug 27 07:02:56 2018 IST
```

Communication Deadline: Oct 26 06:57:50 2018 IST

Related Commands

Command	Description
show license all	Displays entitlements information.
show license authorization	Displays authorization code-related information.
show license summary	Displays summary of all active licenses.
show license udi	Displays UDI.
show license usage	Displays license usage information
show tech-support license	Displays the debug output.

show license summary

To display a brief summary of license usage, which includes information about licenses being used, the count, and status, use the **show license summary** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license summary

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	Command output was updated to reflect valid license status for Smart Licensing Using Policy. Valid license statuses are now only IN USE, NOT IN USE, NOT AUTHORIZED.
		Command output was also updated to remove registration and authorization information.
		Command output no longer displays Smart Account and Virtual account information.
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	Command output was updated to display Smart Account and Virtual account information.

Usage Guidelines Smart Licensing: If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing.

Smart Licensing Using Policy: If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing Using Policy.

License status

- The unenforced licenses that are available on Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches are never NOT AUTHORIZED OF NOT IN USE.
- The export-controlled license, Export Control Key for High Security (HSECK9 key), which is supported on the switches listed below, displays status NOT IN USE if an HSECK9 key is available on the product instance and the requisite Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) is installed, but the cryptographic feature that requires the HSECK9 key is not configured.
 - Cisco Catalyst 9300X Series Switches, from Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.2
 - Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 40-Port 50G, 2-Port 200G, 2-Port 400G Line Card (C9600-LC-40YL4CD) from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1
 - Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1

Configure the applicable cryptographic feature for the count and status fields to change to 1 and IN USE respectively.

For more detailed license usage information, see the output of the **show license usage** privileged EXEC command.

Usage Count

In a stacking setup, even if you install SLAC on more than one device, the usage count remains 1. This is because only one HSECK9 key is used at a given point in time - the one on the active. The license on the standby comes into effect when a switchover occurs. The count remains 1 with the new active as well, because it is still only one HSECK9 key that is being used.

In case of a modular chassis, the usage count must display only 1 because only one HSECK9 key is required for each chassis UDI - regardless of the number of supervisors installed.

Account information in the output

Starting with Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1, every ACK includes the Smart Account and Virtual Account that was reported to, in CSSM. When it receives the ACK, the product instance securely stores only the latest version of this information - as determined by the timestamp in the ACK. The Smart Account and Virtual Account information that is displayed in the Account Information section of this command's output is therefore always as per the latest available ACK on the product instance.

If a product instance is moved from one Smart Account and Virtual Account to another, the next ACK after the move will have this updated information. The output of this command is updated once this ACK is available on the product instance.

The ACK may be received directly (where the product instance is connected to CSSM), or indirectly (where the product instance is connect to CSSM through CSLU, Cisco DNA Center, or SSM On-Prem), or by manually importing the ACK (where a product instance is in an air-gapped network).

Examples

For information about fields shown in the display, see Table 9: show license summary Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 149

For sample outputs, see:

- show license summary (Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches), on page 150
- show license summary (Cisco Catalyst 9300X Series Switches), on page 150

Table 9: show license summary Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy

Field	Description
Account Information: Smart Account:	The Smart Account and Virtual Account that the product instance is part of. This information is always as per the latest available ACK on the product instance.
Virtual Account:	This field is displayed only if the software version on the product instance is Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1 or a later release.
	If an ACK is not installed on the product instance, these fields display <none>.</none>
License	Name of the licenses in use
Entitlement Tag	Short name for license

Field	Description
Count	License count
Status	License status can be one of the following In-Use: Valid license, and in-use.
	• Not In-Use: An HSECK9 key is available on the product instance and the requisite Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) is installed, but the cryptographic feature that requires the HSECK9 key is disabled or not configured.
	This status is a prerequisite when you want to <i>return</i> the SLAC for an HSECK9 license to CSSM.
	• Not Authorized: Means that the license requires installation of SLAC before use.

show license summary (Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches)

The following is sample output of the **show license summary** command, on a product instance where the software version is Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1. Note the account information fields displayed from this release onwards:

```
Device# show license summary
```

```
Account Information:

Smart Account: Eg-SA

Virtual Account: Eg-VA

License Usage:

License Entitlement Tag Count Status

network-advantage_250M (ESR_P_250M_A) 1 IN USE

dna-advantage_250M (DNA_P_250M_A) 1 IN USE
```

show license summary (Cisco Catalyst 9300X Series Switches)

The following are sample outputs of the **show license summary** command, on a C9300X stack.

The Status and Count columns here, display NOT IN USE and 0 for the HSECK9 key. This means the HSECK9 key is available and SLAC is installed, but the cryptographic feature that requires the license is not configured:

Device# show license summary

License Usage: License	- Entitlement Tag	Count Status
network-advantage	(C9300-24 Network Advan)	1 IN USE
dna-advantage	(C9300-24 DNA Advantage)	1 IN USE
network-advantage	(C9300-48 Network Advan)	2 IN USE
dna-advantage	(C9300-48 DNA Advantage)	2 IN USE
C9K HSEC	(Cat9K HSEC)	0 NOT IN USE

The Status and Count columns here display IN USE and 1 for the HSECK9 key. This means the cryptographic feature, which requires an HSECK9 key, is configured.

Device# show license summary License Usage:

License	Entitlement Tag	Count Status
network-advantage	(C9300-24 Network Advan)	1 IN USE
dna-advantage network-advantage	(C9300-24 DNA Advantage) (C9300-48 Network Advan)	1 IN USE 2 IN USE
dna-advantage	(C9300-48 DNA Advantage)	2 IN USE
hseck9	(Cat9K HSEC)	1 IN USE

show license tech

To display licensing information to help the technical support team troubleshoot a problem, enter the **show license tech** command in privileged EXEC mode. The output for this command includes outputs of several other **show license** commands and more.

show license tech { message | rum { feature { license_name | all } | id { rum_id | all } } [detail] [
save path] | support }

Syntax Description	message	Displays messages concerning trust establishment, usage reporting, result polling, authorization code requests and returns, and trust synchronization.
		This is the same information as displayed in the output of the show license history message command.
	<pre>rum { feature { license_name all } id { rum_id all }] [detail] [save path]</pre>	Displays information about Resource Utilization Measurement reports (RUM reports) on the product instance, including report IDs, the current processing state of a report, error information (if any), and an option save the displayed RUM report information.
		Note This option saves the information <i>about</i> RUM reports and is not for reporting purposes. It does not save the RUM report, which is an XML file containing usage information.
	support	Displays licensing information that helps the technical support team to debug a problem.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (Device#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
		Command output was updated to reflect new fields that are applicable to Smart Licensing Using Policy.

	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1	The rum keyword and additional options under this keyword were added:		
		{ feature { lice	ense_name all } id { rum_id all } }	
		The output of the the following in	show license tech support command was enhanced to display formation:	
		• RUM report Summary.	rt information, in section License Usage and Usage Report	
		• Smart Acco Informatio	ount and Virtual account information, in section Account	
		this command. T	rsion, eventlog and reservation keywords were removed from They continue to be available as separate show commands, that data, show license eventlog, and show license reservation	
Usage Guidelines	Smart Licensing : If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing (whether smart licensing is enabled, al associated licensing certificates, compliance status, and so on).			
	Smart Licensing Using Policy : If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing Using Policy.			
	Troubleshooting with a Support Representative			
	that appears on the con sample output of these	sole or in the system commands: show	It you are not able to resolve, along with a copy of the message n log, provide your Cisco technical support representative with license tech support , show license history message , and the ileged EXEC commands.	
	• RUM Report Information in the output			
	-		support command displays the following sections pertaining	
	Table 10: show license tech support: Field Descriptions for Header "License Usage", on page 153			
	License Usage			
	<pre>measurements: ENTITLEMENT: Interval: 00:15:00 Current Value: 1</pre>			
		Report: 15745605	10 Previous: 1574560508	
	Table 10: show licens	e tech support: Field De	escriptions for Header "License Usage"	
	Field Name		Description	
	Interval:		This is a fixed measurement duration and is always 15	

minutes.

Current Value:

Information about the current license count.

Field Name	Description
Current Report:	ID of the currently OPEN report for the license.
Previous:	ID of the last OPEN report for the license. This report will have state CLOSED now.

Table 11: show license tech support: Field Descriptions for Header "Usage Report Summary", on page 154

Table 11: show license tech support: Field Descriptions for Header "Usage Report Summary"

Field Name	Description		
Total:	Total number of reports that the product instance has ever generated.		
	Note This total does not refer to the total number of reports <i>currently available</i> on and being tracked by the product instance. For this you must sum up the Total Acknowledged Received: and Available to Report fields.		
Purged:	The number of reports deleted due to a system resource limitation. This number includes RUM reports where the product instance no longer has tracking information.		
Total Acknowledged Received:	The number of RUM reports acknowledged on this product instance.		
Waiting for Ack:	The number of RUM reports waiting for an ACK. This is the total number of reports in an UNACK state, where the product instance still has tracking information.		
Available to Report:	The number of RUM reports that are available to send to CSSM. This is the total number of reports in an OPEN or CLOSED state, where the product instance still has tracking information.		
Collecting Data:	Number of reports where the product instance is currently collecting measurements.		
Maximum Display:	Number of reports available for display in a show command's output.		
In Storage:	Number of reports currently stored on the disk		
MIA:	The number of reports missing.		

• The output of the **show license tech rum** command displays the following fields pertaining to RUM reports: Table 12: show license tech rum: Field Descriptions for Header "Smart Licensing Usage Report Detail", on page 155

The options available under the **show license tech rum** keyword are the same as the options available with the **show license rum** privileged EXEC command. The sample output that is displayed in the *simplified view* is also the same. But if you use the **detail** keyword (for example if you enter **show license tech rum feature** *license_name* **detail**), the detailed view is displayed and this has a few *additional* fields when compared to **show license rum**.

```
Smart Licensing Usage Report Detail:
_____
Report Id: 1574560509
 Metric Name: ENTITLEMENT
 Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Metric Value:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-40X-A,1.0 7eb18f4c-2d44-4077-8346-818defbd9ad9
 UDI: PID:C9500-40X,SN:FCW2227A4NC
 Previous Report Id: 1574560507,
                                  Next Report Id: 1574560511
 Version: 2.0
                    State Change Reason: REPORTING
 State: CLOSED,
 Start Time: Aug 05 16:15:14 2021 EST,
                                         End Time: Aug 05 19:38:43 2021 EST
 Storage State: EXIST, Storage State Change Reason: None
 Transaction ID: 0
 Transaction Message: <none>
 Report Size: 1086(1202)
```

Field Name	Description
Version:	Displays the format of the report during transmission.
	Starting with Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1, RUM reports are stored in a new format that reduces processing time. This field indicates if the product instance is using the old format or the new format.
Storage State:	Indicates if a given report is currently in storage.
	In addition to the displaying the current storage state of the RUM report, with these possible values: EXIST, DELETED, PURGED, MISSING, if a "(1)" is displayed next to the label (Storage State (1)), this means the RUM report is in the older (pre-17.7.1 format) and will be processed accordingly. If the RUM report is in the new format, the field is displayed as Storage State - without any extra information.

Field Name	Description
Storage State Change Reason:	Displays the reason for the change in the storage state change. Not all state changes provide a reason.
	• NONE: This means no reason was recorded for the the storage state change.
	• PROCESSED: This means the RUM report was deleted after CISCO has processed the data.
	• LIMIT_STORAGE: This means the RUM report was deleted because the product instance reached it's storage limit.
	• LIMIT_TIME: This means the RUM report was deleted because the report reached the persisted time limit.
Transaction ID: Transaction Message:	If the transaction ID displays a correlation ID and an error status is displayed, the product instance displays the error code field in this section. If there are no errors, no data is displayed here.
Report Size	This field displays two numbers. The first number is the size of raw report for communication, in bytes. The second number is the disk space used for saving the report, also in bytes. The second number is displayed only if report is stored in the new format.

Examples

Example: show license tech support (Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switches)

The following is sample output from the **show license tech support** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9400 switch running software version Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.7.1. Similar output is displayed on all supported Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches.

```
Status: ENABLED
Account Information:
  Smart Account: Eg-SA
  Virtual Account: Eg-VA
Data Privacy:
  Sending Hostname: yes
   Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED
    Smart Licensing hostname privacy: DISABLED
  Version privacy: DISABLED
Transport:
  Type: Smart
  URL: https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license
  Proxy:
   Address: <empty>
    Port: <empty>
   Username: <empty>
   Password: <empty>
  Server Identity Check: True
  VRF: <empty>
Miscellaneous:
  Custom Id: <empty>
Policy:
  Policy in use: Installed On Nov 20 12:10:02 2021 PDT
  Policy name: SLE Policy
  Reporting ACK required: yes (Customer Policy)
  Unenforced/Non-Export Perpetual Attributes:
    First report requirement (days): 30 (Customer Policy)
   Reporting frequency (days): 60 (Customer Policy)
    Report on change (days): 60 (Customer Policy)
  Unenforced/Non-Export Subscription Attributes:
   First report requirement (days): 120 (Customer Policy)
    Reporting frequency (days): 111 (Customer Policy)
    Report on change (days): 111 (Customer Policy)
  Enforced (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes:
    First report requirement (days): 30 (Customer Policy)
    Reporting frequency (days): 90 (Customer Policy)
   Report on change (days): 60 (Customer Policy)
  Export (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes:
    First report requirement (days): 30 (Customer Policy)
    Reporting frequency (days): 30 (Customer Policy)
   Report on change (days): 30 (Customer Policy)
Usage Reporting:
  Last ACK received: Dec 03 12:12:10 2021 PDT
  Next ACK deadline: Feb 01 12:12:10 2022 PDT
  Reporting push interval: 30 days State(4) InPolicy(60)
  Next ACK push check: Dec 04 04:12:06 2021 PDT
  Next report push: Dec 03 20:08:05 2021 PDT
  Last report push: Dec 03 12:08:08 2021 PDT
  Last report file write: <none>
License Usage
_____
Handle: 1
  License: network-advantage
  Entitlement Tag:
regid.2017-05.com.cisco.advantagek9-C9400,1.0 61a546cd-1037-47cb-bbe6-7cad3217a7b3
  Description: C9400 Network Advantage
  Count: 2
```

Version: 1.0 Status: IN USE(15) Status time: Nov 20 19:07:28 2021 PDT Request Time: Nov 20 19:08:05 2021 PDT Export status: NOT RESTRICTED Feature Name: network-advantage Feature Description: C9400 Network Advantage Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED License type: Perpetual Measurements: ENTITLEMENT: Interval: 00:15:00 Current Value: 2 Current Report: 1637348082 Previous: 1637348080 Soft Enforced: True Handle: 2 License: dna-essentials Entitlement Tag: regid.2017-05.com.cisco.dna essentials-C9400,1.0 74d47865-1bf3-4f00-a06b-edbe18b049b3 Description: C9400 DNA Essentials Count: 1 Version: 1.0 Status: IN USE(15) Status time: Nov 20 19:07:28 2021 PDT Request Time: Nov 20 19:07:28 2021 PDT Export status: NOT RESTRICTED Feature Name: dna-essentials Feature Description: C9400 DNA Essentials Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED License type: Subscription Measurements: ENTITLEMENT: Interval: 00:15:00 Current Value: 1 Current Report: 1637348083 Previous: 1637348081 Soft Enforced: True Handle: 7 License: air-network-advantage Entitlement Tag: regid.2018-06.com.cisco.DNA NWStack,1.0 e7244e71-3ad5-4608-8bf0-d12f67c80896 Description: air-network-advantage Count: 0 Version: 1.0 Status: NOT IN USE(1) Status time: Dec 03 20:07:35 2021 PDT Request Time: None Export status: NOT RESTRICTED Feature Name: air-network-advantage Feature Description: air-network-advantage Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED License type: Perpetual Measurements: ENTITLEMENT: Interval: 00:15:00 Current Value: 0 Current Report: 0 Previous: 0 Soft Enforced: True Handle: 8 License: air-dna-advantage Entitlement Tag: regid.2017-08.com.cisco.AIR-DNA-A,1.0 b6308627-3ab0-4a11-a3d9-586911a0d790

```
Description: air-dna-advantage
  Count: 0
  Version: 1.0
  Status: NOT IN USE(1)
  Status time: Dec 03 20:07:35 2021 PDT
  Request Time: None
  Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: air-dna-advantage
  Feature Description: air-dna-advantage
  Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
  License type: Subscription
  Measurements:
   ENTITLEMENT:
     Interval: 00:15:00
      Current Value: 0
                             Previous: 0
     Current Report: 0
  Soft Enforced: True
Product Information
_____
UDI: PID:C9407R, SN:FXS2119Q2U7
HA UDI List:
   Active:PID:C9407R,SN:FXS2119Q2U7
    Standby:PID:C9407R,SN:FXS2119Q2U7
Agent Version
_____
Smart Agent for Licensing: 5.3.16 rel/55
Upcoming Scheduled Jobs
-------
Current time: Dec 03 22:58:47 2021 PDT
Daily: Dec 04 19:07:31 2021 PDT (20 hours, 8 minutes, 44 seconds remaining)
Authorization Renewal: Expired Not Rescheduled
Init Flag Check: Expired Not Rescheduled
Reservation configuration mismatch between nodes in HA mode: Expired Not Rescheduled
Retrieve data processing result: Dec 04 04:12:06 2021 PDT (5 hours, 13 minutes, 19 seconds
remaining)
Start Utility Measurements: Dec 03 23:08:06 2021 PDT (9 minutes, 19 seconds remaining)
Send Utility RUM reports: Dec 04 20:08:05 2021 PDT (21 hours, 9 minutes, 18 seconds remaining)
Save unreported RUM Reports: Dec 03 23:53:16 2021 PDT (54 minutes, 29 seconds remaining)
Process Utility RUM reports: Dec 04 12:17:10 2021 PDT (13 hours, 18 minutes, 23 seconds
remaining)
Data Synchronization: Expired Not Rescheduled
External Event: Jan 19 11:53:19 2022 PDT (46 days, 12 hours, 54 minutes, 32 seconds remaining)
Operational Model: Expired Not Rescheduled
Communication Statistics:
Communication Level Allowed: DIRECT
Overall State: <empty>
Trust Establishment:
  Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
    Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Trust Acknowledgement:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
  Last Failure Time: <none>
```

```
Usage Reporting:
  Attempts: Total=45, Success=22, Fail=23 Ongoing Failure: Overall=1 Communication=1
  Last Response: NO REPLY on Dec 03 20:08:05 2021 PDT
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: Dec 03 12:08:07 2021 PDT
  Last Failure Time: Dec 03 20:08:05 2021 PDT
Result Polling:
  Attempts: Total=85, Success=25, Fail=60 Ongoing Failure: Overall=3 Communication=3
  Last Response: NO REPLY on Dec 03 20:12:19 2021 PDT
    Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: Dec 03 12:29:18 2021 PDT
 Last Failure Time: Dec 03 20:12:19 2021 PDT
Authorization Request:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
  Last Failure Time: <none>
Authorization Confirmation:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
    Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Authorization Return:
  Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Trust Sync:
  Attempts: Total=5, Success=1, Fail=4 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: OK on Nov 20 19:17:37 2021 PDT
    Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: Nov 20 19:17:37 2021 PDT
 Last Failure Time: Nov 20 19:17:02 2021 PDT
Hello Message:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
License Certificates
_____
Production Cert: True
Not registered. No certificates installed
HA Info
RP Role: Active
Chassis Role: Active
Behavior Role: Active
RMF: True
CF: True
CF State: Stateless
Message Flow Allowed: False
Reservation Info
_____
License reservation: DISABLED
Overall status:
```

```
Active: PID:C9407R, SN:FXS2119Q2U7
```

```
Reservation status: NOT INSTALLED
      Request code: <none>
     Last return code: <none>
      Last Confirmation code: <none>
     Reservation authorization code: <none>
  Standby: PID:C9407R, SN:FXS2119Q2U7
     Reservation status: NOT INSTALLED
     Request code: <none>
     Last return code: <none>
     Last Confirmation code: <none>
     Reservation authorization code: <none>
Specified license reservations:
Purchased Licenses:
 No Purchase Information Available
Usage Report Summary:
_____
Total: 137, Purged: 0(0)
Total Acknowledged Received: 98, Waiting for Ack: 34(39)
Available to Report: 4 Collecting Data: 2
Maximum Display: 137 In Storage: 59, MIA: 0(0)
Report Module Status: Ready
Other Info
_____
Software ID: regid.2017-05.com.cisco.C9400,v1 ad928212-d182-407e-ac85-29e213602efa
Agent State: authorized
TS enable: True
Transport: Smart
 Default URL: https://smartreceiver.cisco.com/licservice/license
Locale: en US.UTF-8
Debug flags: 0x7
Privacy Send Hostname: True
Privacy Send IP: True
Build type:: Production
sizeof(char) : 1
             : 4
sizeof(int)
sizeof(long) : 4
sizeof(char *): 8
sizeof(time t): 4
sizeof(size t): 8
Endian: Big
Write Erase Occurred: False
XOS version: 0.12.0.0
Config Persist Received: True
Message Version: 1.3
connect_info.name: <empty>
connect_info.version: <empty>
connect info.additional: <empty>
connect_info.prod: False
connect info.capabilities: <empty>
agent.capabilities: UTILITY, DLC, AppHA, MULTITIER, EXFORT_2, OK_TRY_AGAIN, POLICY USAGE
Check Point Interface: True
Config Management Interface: False
License Map Interface: True
HA Interface: True
Trusted Store Interface: True
Platform Data Interface: True
Crypto Version 2 Interface: False
SAPluginMgmtInterfaceMutex: True
SAPluginMgmtIPDomainName: True
SmartTransportVRFSupport: True
```

SmartAgentClientWaitForServer: 2000 SmartAgentCmReTrySend: True SmartAgentClientIsUnified: True SmartAgentCmClient: True SmartAgentClientName: UnifiedClient builtInEncryption: True enableOnInit: True routingReadyByEvent: True systemInitByEvent: True SmartTransportServerIdCheck: True SmartTransportProxySupport: True SmartAgentPolicyDisplayFormat: 0 SmartAgentReportOnUpgrade: False SmartAgentIndividualRUMEncrypt: 2 SmartAgentMaxRumMemory: 50 SmartAgentConcurrentThreadMax: 10 SmartAgentPolicyControllerModel: False SmartAgentPolicyModel: True SmartAgentFederalLicense: True SmartAgentMultiTenant: False attr365DayEvalSyslog: True checkPointWriteOnly: False SmartAgentDelayCertValidation: False enableByDefault: False conversionAutomatic: False conversionAllowed: False storageEncryptDisable: False storageLoadUnencryptedDisable: False TSPluginDisable: False bypassUDICheck: False loggingAddTStamp: False loggingAddTid: True HighAvailabilityOverrideEvent: UnknownPlatformEvent platformIndependentOverrideEvent: UnknownPlatformEvent platformOverrideEvent: SmartAgentSystemDataListChanged WaitForHaRole: False standbyIsHot: True chkPtType: 2 delayCommInit: False roleByEvent: True maxTraceLength: 150 traceAlwaysOn: True debugFlags: 0 Event log max size: 5120 KB Event log current size: 58 KB P:C9407R,S:FXS2119Q2U7: P:C9407R,S:FXS2119Q2U7, state[2], Trust Data INSTALLED TrustId:412 P:C9407R,S:FXS2119Q2U7: P:C9407R,S:FXS2119Q2U7, state[2], Trust Data INSTALLED TrustId:412 Overall Trust: INSTALLED (2) Clock sync-ed with NTP: True Platform Provided Mapping Table _____ C9407R: Total licenses found: 198 Enforced Licenses:

```
P:C9407R,S:FXS2119Q2U7:
No PD enforced licenses
```

show license tech support for Smart Licensing Using Policy (Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series Switches)

The following is sample output from the **show license tech support** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 switch. Similar output is displayed on all supported Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches.

```
Device# show license tech support
Smart Licensing Tech Support info
Smart Licensing Status
_____
Smart Licensing is ENABLED
License Reservation is ENABLED
Export Authorization Key:
  Features Authorized:
    <none>
Utility:
  Status: DISABLED
Smart Licensing Using Policy:
 Status: ENABLED
Data Privacy:
  Sending Hostname: yes
    Callhome hostname privacy: DISABLED
    Smart Licensing hostname privacy: DISABLED
  Version privacy: DISABLED
Transport:
  Type: Transport Off
Miscellaneous:
  Custom Id: <empty>
Policy:
  Policy in use: Merged from multiple sources.
  Reporting ACK required: yes (CISCO default)
  Unenforced/Non-Export Perpetual Attributes:
   First report requirement (days): 365 (CISCO default)
   Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default)
   Report on change (days): 90 (CISCO default)
  Unenforced/Non-Export Subscription Attributes:
   First report requirement (days): 90 (CISCO default)
   Reporting frequency (days): 90 (CISCO default)
   Report on change (days): 90 (CISCO default)
  Enforced (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes:
   First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default)
    Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default)
   Report on change (days): 0 (CISCO default)
  Export (Perpetual/Subscription) License Attributes:
   First report requirement (days): 0 (CISCO default)
    Reporting frequency (days): 0 (CISCO default)
   Report on change (days): 0 (CISCO default)
Usage Reporting:
  Last ACK received: <none>
  Next ACK deadline: Jan 27 09:49:33 2021 PST
  Reporting push interval: 30 days State(2) InPolicy(90)
  Next ACK push check: <none>
  Next report push: Oct 29 09:51:33 2020 PST
  Last report push: <none>
  Last report file write: <none>
License Usage
_____
```

Handle: 1 License: network-advantage

```
Entitlement Tag:
regid.2017-03.com.cisco.advantagek9-Nyquist-C9500,1.0_f1563759-2e03-4a4c-bec5-5feec525a12c
  Description: network-advantage
  Count: 2
 Version: 1.0
  Status: IN USE(15)
  Status time: Oct 29 09:48:54 2020 PST
  Request Time: Oct 29 09:49:18 2020 PST
  Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: network-advantage
  Feature Description: network-advantage
 Measurements:
   ENTITLEMENT:
     Interval: 00:15:00
      Current Value: 2
  Soft Enforced: True
Handle: 2
 License: dna-advantage
 Entitlement Tag:
regid.2017-07.com.cisco.C9500-DNA-16X-A,1.0_ef3574d1-156b-486a-864f-9f779ff3ee49
 Description: C9500-16X DNA Advantage
  Count: 2
 Version: 1.0
 Status: IN USE(15)
  Status time: Oct 29 09:48:54 2020 PST
 Request Time: Oct 29 09:49:18 2020 PST
 Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
 Feature Description: C9500-16X DNA Advantage
 Measurements:
   ENTITLEMENT:
      Interval: 00:15:00
      Current Value: 2
  Soft Enforced: True
Handle: 7
  License: air-network-advantage
  Entitlement Tag:
regid.2018-06.com.cisco.DNA NWStack,1.0 e7244e71-3ad5-4608-8bf0-d12f67c80896
 Description: air-network-advantage
  Count: 0
 Version: 1.0
 Status: IN USE(15)
  Status time: Oct 29 10:49:09 2020 PST
  Request Time: None
  Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: air-network-advantage
 Feature Description: air-network-advantage
 Measurements:
   ENTITLEMENT:
     Interval: 00:15:00
     Current Value: 0
  Soft Enforced: True
Handle: 8
  License: air-dna-advantage
 Entitlement Tag: regid.2017-08.com.cisco.AIR-DNA-A,1.0 b6308627-3ab0-4a11-a3d9-586911a0d790
  Description: air-dna-advantage
  Count: 0
  Version: 1.0
  Status: IN USE(15)
  Status time: Oct 29 10:49:09 2020 PST
```

```
Request Time: None
  Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: air-dna-advantage
  Feature Description: air-dna-advantage
 Measurements:
   ENTITLEMENT:
      Interval: 00:15:00
      Current Value: 0
  Soft Enforced: True
Product Information
_____
UDI: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
HA UDI List:
   Active:PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZV
    Standby:PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZY
Agent Version
_____
Smart Agent for Licensing: 5.0.5 rel/42
Upcoming Scheduled Jobs
_____
Current time: Oct 29 11:04:46 2020 PST
Daily: Oct 30 09:48:56 2020 PST (22 hours, 44 minutes, 10 seconds remaining)
Init Flag Check: Expired Not Rescheduled
Reservation configuration mismatch between nodes in HA mode: Nov 05 09:52:25 2020 PST (6
days, 22 hours, 47 minutes, 39 seconds remaining)
Start Utility Measurements: Oct 29 11:19:09 2020 PST (14 minutes, 23 seconds remaining)
Send Utility RUM reports: Oct 30 09:53:10 2020 PST (22 hours, 48 minutes, 24 seconds
remaining)
Save unreported RUM Reports: Oct 29 12:04:19 2020 PST (59 minutes, 33 seconds remaining)
Process Utility RUM reports: Oct 30 09:49:33 2020 PST (22 hours, 44 minutes, 47 seconds
remaining)
Data Synchronization: Expired Not Rescheduled
External Event: Nov 28 09:49:33 2020 PST (29 days, 22 hours, 44 minutes, 47 seconds remaining)
Operational Model: Expired Not Rescheduled
Communication Statistics:
_____
Communication Level Allowed: INDIRECT
Overall State: <empty>
Trust Establishment:
  Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
  Last Failure Time: <none>
Trust Acknowledgement:
  Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
  Last Failure Time: <none>
Usage Reporting:
  Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
  Last Success Time: <none>
  Last Failure Time: <none>
Result Polling:
  Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
  Last Response: <none>
```

```
Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Authorization Request:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Authorization Confirmation:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Authorization Return:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Trust Sync:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
Hello Message:
 Attempts: Total=0, Success=0, Fail=0 Ongoing Failure: Overall=0 Communication=0
 Last Response: <none>
   Failure Reason: <none>
 Last Success Time: <none>
 Last Failure Time: <none>
License Certificates
_____
Production Cert: True
Not registered. No certificates installed
HA Info
_____
RP Role: Active
Chassis Role: Active
Behavior Role: Active
RMF: True
CF: True
CF State: Stateless
Message Flow Allowed: False
Reservation Info
_____
License reservation: ENABLED
Overall status:
 Active: PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZV
     Reservation status: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
     Request code: <none>
     Last return code: <none>
     Last Confirmation code: 184ba6d6
     Reservation authorization code:
ŧĸĨŦĸĨĸĊĸĬŎĸĹŖĊĔŖĸĿŎŹĸĊĸĹŶĬĬĿĿŶŶĦŊĊĨŦŸŖĹĬĸĿġĊĹĬĬŧĿĊĸĨŀŧĿĊĸĹĬŧĸĊĸţĹŢĹĬĸċĸĸĿĬĸĬŶŶĬĸĿĬĿŔĿĬĿŔĸĬĿĊĸĬĸĊĬĿĹĬĸĿŢĸŹĸĬĿĊĹ
 Network Advantage</displayName><tagDescription>C9500 Network
```

```
Standby: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZY
     Reservation status: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
     Request code: <none>
     Last return code: <none>
     Last Confirmation code: 961d598f
     Reservation authorization code:
ŧĸĨŦĸĨĸĬĸĨŎĸĨŖĊĬŎĸĬĸĊĸĨŦĨĬĬŦĬĬĊĬĊĬĸŧĸĔŇĨĔĸĬŧĸŊŨĬŧĸŎĿĬŦĸĸĸĸĬŧĬŶġĿŴŨĨŦŸŶŀŀĿŦĿĨĸĊĸŎĸĬŎĸĹŎĸĨĿĊĬĬĸĬĿŔĬĿĬĿŖĬĬĬĸŢŶĊĬĬŎ
Network Advantage</displayName><tagDescription>C9500 Network
Specified license reservations:
  C9500 Network Advantage (C9500 Network Advantage):
    Description: C9500 Network Advantage
   Total reserved count: 2
   Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
   Term information:
     Active: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
       Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
       License type: PERPETUAL
         Start Date: <none>
         End Date: <none>
         Term Count: 1
         Subscription ID: <none>
     Standby: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZY
       Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
       License type: PERPETUAL
         Start Date: <none>
         End Date: <none>
         Term Count: 1
         Subscription ID: <none>
  C9500-DNA-16X-A (C9500-16X DNA Advantage):
    Description: C9500-DNA-16X-A
    Total reserved count: 2
   Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
   Term information:
     Active: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV
       Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
       License type: PERPETUAL
         Start Date: <none>
         End Date: <none>
         Term Count: 1
         Subscription ID: <none>
     Standby: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZY
       Authorization type: SPECIFIC INSTALLED on Oct 29 09:44:06 2020 PST
       License type: PERPETUAL
         Start Date: <none>
         End Date: <none>
         Term Count: 1
         Subscription ID: <none>
Purchased Licenses:
 No Purchase Information Available
Other Info
_____
Software ID: regid.2017-05.com.cisco.C9500,v1 7435cf27-0075-4bfb-b67c-b42f3054e82a
Agent State: authorized
TS enable: True
Transport: Transport Off
Locale: en US.UTF-8
Debug flags: 0x7
Privacy Send Hostname: True
```

Privacy Send IP: True Build type:: Production sizeof(char) : 1 sizeof(int) : 4 sizeof(long) : 4 sizeof(char *): 8 sizeof(time t): 4 sizeof(size t): 8 Endian: Big Write Erase Occurred: False XOS version: 0.12.0.0 Config Persist Received: False Message Version: 1.3 connect info.name: <empty> connect info.version: <empty> connect_info.additional: <empty> connect_info.prod: False connect info.capabilities: <empty> agent.capabilities: UTILITY, DLC, AppHA, MULTITIER, EXPORT_2, OK_TRY_AGAIN, POLICY_USAGE Check Point Interface: True Config Management Interface: False License Map Interface: True HA Interface: True Trusted Store Interface: True Platform Data Interface: True Crypto Version 2 Interface: False SAPluginMgmtInterfaceMutex: True SAPluginMgmtIPDomainName: True SmartAgentClientWaitForServer: 2000 SmartAgentCmReTrySend: True SmartAgentClientIsUnified: True SmartAgentCmClient: True SmartAgentClientName: UnifiedClient builtInEncryption: True enableOnInit: True routingReadyByEvent: True systemInitByEvent: True SmartTransportServerIdCheck: False SmartTransportProxySupport: False SmartAgentMaxRumMemory: 50 SmartAgentConcurrentThreadMax: 10 SmartAgentPolicyControllerModel: False SmartAgentPolicyModel: True SmartAgentFederalLicense: True SmartAgentMultiTenant: False attr365DayEvalSyslog: True checkPointWriteOnly: False SmartAgentDelayCertValidation: False enableByDefault: False conversionAutomatic: False conversionAllowed: False storageEncryptDisable: False storageLoadUnencryptedDisable: False TSPluginDisable: False bypassUDICheck: False loggingAddTStamp: False loggingAddTid: True HighAvailabilityOverrideEvent: UnknownPlatformEvent platformIndependentOverrideEvent: UnknownPlatformEvent platformOverrideEvent: SmartAgentSystemDataListChanged WaitForHaRole: False standbyIsHot: True chkPtType: 2 delayCommInit: False

roleByEvent: True maxTraceLength: 150 traceAlwaysOn: True debugFlags: 0 Event log max size: 5120 KB Event log current size: 109 KB P:C9500-16X,S:FCW2233A5ZV: No Trust Data P:C9500-16X,S:FCW2233A5ZY: No Trust Data Overall Trust: No ID

Platform Provided Mapping Table

C9500-16X: Total licenses found: 143 Enforced Licenses: P:C9500-16X,S:FCW2233A5ZV: No PD enforced licenses P:C9500-16X,S:FCW2233A5ZY: No PD enforced licenses

show license udi

To display Unique Device Identifier (UDI) information for a product instance, enter the **show license udi** command in Privileged EXEC mode. In a High Availability set-up, the output displays UDI information for all connected product instances.

show license udi

This command has no arguments or keywords. Syntax Description Privileged EXEC (#) **Command Default Command History** Modification Release Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced. Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a The command continues to be available and applicable in the Smart Licensing Using Policy environment. Smart Licensing: If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier **Usage Guidelines** release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing. **Smart Licensing Using Policy**: If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing Using Policy. In a High Availability or stacking set-up, the output of the show license udi command displays the UDI information for all connected product instances. **Examples** show licensing udi for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 170 show licensing udi for Smart Licensing Using Policy The following is sample output of the **show license udi** command for a High Availability set-up on a Catalyst 9500 switch. Similar output is displayed on all supported Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches. Device# show license udi UDI: PID:C9500-16X, SN:FCW2233A5ZV HA UDI List: Active:PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZV

Standby:PID:C9500-16X,SN:FCW2233A5ZY

show license usage

To display license usage information such as status, a count of licenses being used, and enforcement type, enter the **show license usage** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show license usage

This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

nd History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a	Command output was updated to reflect new fields that are applicable to Smart Licensing Using Policy. This includes the Status, Enforcement type fields.
		Command output was also updated to remove reservation related information, authorization status information, and export status information.

Usage Guidelines

Smart Licensing: If the software version on the device is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 or an earlier release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing.

Smart Licensing Using Policy: If the software version on the device (also referred to as a product instance) is Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.2a or a later release, command output displays fields pertinent to Smart Licensing Using Policy.

License status

- The unenforced licenses that are available on Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches are never NOT AUTHORIZED OF NOT IN USE.
- The export-controlled license, Export Control Key for High Security (HSECK9 key), which is supported on the switches listed below, displays status NOT IN USE if an HSECK9 key is available on the product instance and the requisite Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) is installed, but the cryptographic feature that requires the HSECK9 key is not configured.
 - Cisco Catalyst 9300X Series Switches, from Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.2
 - Cisco Catalyst 9600 Series 40-Port 50G, 2-Port 200G, 2-Port 400G Line Card (C9600-LC-40YL4CD) from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1
 - Cisco Catalyst 9500X Series Switches from Cisco IOS XE Cupertino 17.8.1

Configure the applicable cryptographic feature for the count and status fields to change to 1 and IN USE respectively.

Usage Count

In a stacking setup, even if you install SLAC on more than one device, the usage count remains 1. This is because only one HSECK9 key is used at a given point in time - the one on the active. The license on the

standby comes into effect when a switchover occurs. The count remains 1 with the new active as well, because it is still only one HSECK9 key that is being used.

In case of a modular chassis, the usage count must display only 1 because only one HSECK9 key is required for each chassis UDI - regardless of the number of supervisors installed.

Examples

See Table 13: show license usage Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 172 for information about fields shown in the display.

show license usage for Smart Licensing Using Policy, on page 173

Table 13: show license usage Field Descriptions for Smart Licensing Using Policy

Field	Description
License Authorization:	Displays overall authorization status.
Status:	
0:	Name of the license as in CSSM.
	If this license is one that requires an authorization code, the name of the li the code.
Description	Description of the license as in CSSM.
Count	License count. If the license is not in-use, the count is reflected as zero.
Version	Version.
Status	License status can be one of the following
	• In-Use: Valid license, and in-use.
	• Not In-Use: An HSECK9 key is available on the product instance a Smart Licensing Authorization Code (SLAC) is installed, but the cry that requires the HSECK9 key is disabled or not configured.
	This status is a prerequisite when you want to <i>return</i> the SLAC for to CSSM.
	• Not Authorized: The license requires installation of a SLAC before
Export Status:	Indicates if the license is export-controlled or not. Accordingly, one of the is displayed:
	RESTRICTED - ALLOWED
	• RESTRICTED - NOT ALLOWED
	NOT RESTRICTED
Feature name	Name of the feature that uses this license.
Feature Description:	Description of the feature that uses this license.

Field	Description
Utility Subscription id:	ID
	Not applicable, because the corresponding confiuration option is not
Enforcement type	Enforcement type status for the license. This may be one of the follo
	• ENFORCED: A license, which requires authorization before us
	• NOT ENFORCED: A license, which does not require authorization
	• EXPORT RESTRICTED - ALLOWED: An export-controlled lie authorization, that is, a SLAC is installed.
	• EXPORT RESTRICTED - NOT ALLOWED: An export-contro the required authorization. An export-controlled license require use.
	the required authorization. An export-controlled license

show license usage for Smart Licensing Using Policy

The following is sample output of the **show license usage** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 switch. Unenforced licenses are in-use here. Similar output is displayed on all supported Cisco Catalyst Access, Core, and Aggregation Switches.

```
Device# show license usage
License Authorization:
  Status: Not Applicable
network-advantage (C9500 Network Advantage):
 Description: network-advantage
  Count: 2
 Version: 1.0
  Status: IN USE
  Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
 Feature Name: network-advantage
  Feature Description: network-advantage
 Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
 License type: Perpetual
dna-advantage (C9500-16X DNA Advantage):
 Description: C9500-16X DNA Advantage
 Count: 2
 Version: 1.0
  Status: IN USE
  Export status: NOT RESTRICTED
  Feature Name: dna-advantage
  Feature Description: C9500-16X DNA Advantage
  Enforcement type: NOT ENFORCED
  License type: Subscription
```

Related Commands

s	Command	Description				
	show license all	Displays entitlements information.				
	show license status	Displays compliance status of a license.				
	show license summary	Displays summary of all active licenses.				
	show license udi	Displays UDI.				

I

Command	Description			
show tech-support license	Displays the debug output.			

show location

To display location information for an endpoint, use the **show location** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show location

Primary road name

[admin-tag | civic-location {identifier identifier-string | interface type number | static} | custom-location {identifier identifier identifier

Syntax Description	admin-tag	Displays administrative tag or site	e information.				
	civic-location	Specifies civic location information.					
	identifier <i>identifier-string</i>	Information identifier of the civic location.	Information identifier of the civic location, custom location, or geo-spatial location.				
	interface type number	Interface type and number.					
		For information about the numbering syntax for your device, use the question mark (?) online help function.					
	static	Displays configured civic, custom, or geo-spatial location information.					
	custom-location Specifies custom location information.						
	elin-location	Specifies emergency location information (ELIN).					
	geo-location	Specifies geo-spatial location information.					
	host Specifies the civic, custom, or geo-spatial host location information.						
Command Default	No default behavior or val	lues.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC						
Command History	Release	Modification	_				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16	5.11.1 This command was introduced.					
	• •	put of the show location civic-locat ied identifier (identifier 1):	ion command displays civic location				
	Civic location informa						
	 Identifier County Street number Building Room	 : 1 : Santa Clara : 3550 : 19 : C6					

: Example

City	: San Jose
State	: CA
Country	: US

Related Commands

Command	Description				
location	Configures location information for an endpoint.				

show logging onboard switch uptime

To display a history of all reset reasons for all modules or switches in a system, use the **show logging onboard switch uptime** command.

show logging onboard switch { switch-number | active | standby } uptime [[[continuous |
detail] [start hour day month [year] [end hour day month year]]] |summary]

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Specifies a switch. Enter the switch number.						
	active	Specifies the active instance.						
	standby	Specifies the standby instance.						
	continuous	(Optional) Displays continuous data.						
	detail	(Optional) Displays detailed data.						
	start hour day month year	(Optional) Specifies the start time to display data.						
	end hour day month year	(Optional) Specifies the end time to display data.						
	summary	(Optional) Displays summary data.						
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC(#)							
Command History	Release	Modification						
		This command was implemented on the						
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	The output of this command was updated to display the reload reasons for members in a stack.						

Examples:

The following is a sample output from the **show logging onboard switch active uptime continuous** command:

Device# show logging onboard switch active uptime continuous

UPTIME CONTINUOUS INFORMATION							
Time Stamp MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS	Reset Reason		Jptime vears		days	hours	minutes
06/17/2018 19:42:56 06/17/2018 19:56:31	Reload Reload	0 0)	0 0	0 0	0 0	5 5
06/17/2018 20:10:46 06/17/2018 20:23:48	Reload Reload	0 0)	0 0	0 0	0 0	5 5
06/17/2018 20:37:20 06/18/2018 17:09:23	Reload Command Reload Command	0))	0	0	0 20	5 5
06/18/2018 17:18:39 06/18/2018 18:33:33	redundancy force-switchover Reload	0))	0	0 0	0 1	5 5
06/18/2018 19:03:05 06/18/2018 19:40:30	Reload Reload	0)	0	0 0	0	5 5

06/18/2018	20:37:47	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	20:51:13	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	21:04:08	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	21:18:23	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	21:31:25	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	21:45:15	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	21:59:02	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	22:11:41	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	22:24:27	Reload		0	0	0	0	5
06/18/2018	22:39:14	Reload Comm	land	0	0	0	0	4
06/19/2018	00:01:59	Reload Comm	land	0	0	0	1	5
06/19/2018	00:13:21	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/19/2018	01:05:42	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	02:37:16	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	1	1	5
06/20/2018	02:50:03	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	03:02:13	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	03:14:26	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	03:26:44	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	03:38:58	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	03:52:43	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
06/20/2018	04:05:16	redundancy	force-switchover	0	0	0	0	5
•								

The following is a sample output from the **show logging onboard switch active uptime detail** command:

Device# show logging onboard switch active uptime detail

UPTIME SUMMARY INFORMATION _____ First customer power on : 06/10/2017 09:28:22 Total uptime: 0 years 50 weeks 4 days 13 hours 38 minutesTotal downtime: 0 years 15 weeks 4 days 11 hours 52 minutesNumber of resets: 75 Number of slot changes : 9 Current reset reason : PowerOn Current reset timestamp : 09/17/2018 10:59:57 Current slot : 1 Chassis type : 0 Current uptime : 0 years 0 weeks 0 days 0 hours 0 minutes _____ UPTIME CONTINUOUS INFORMATION _____ Time Stamp | Reset | Uptime MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS | Reason | years weeks days hours minutes _____ 06/10/2017 09:28:22 Reload 0 0 0 0 0 <snip> 0 0 3 15 5 0 0 0 1 5 09/17/2018 09:07:44 PowerOn 09/17/2018 10:16:26 Reload Command 09/17/2018 10:59:57 PowerOn 0 0 0 0 5

The following is a sample output from the show logging onboard switch standby uptime detail command:

Device# show logging onboard switch standby uptime detail

UPTIME SUMMARY INFORMATION

First customer power on : 06/10/2017 11:51:26

L

```
Total uptime:0years46 weeks0days11 hours44 minutesTotal downtime:0years20 weeks1days10 hours45 minutesNumber of resets:79Number of slot changes:13Current reset reason:PowerOnCurrent reset timestamp:09/17/201810:59:57Current slot:2Chassis type:0Current uptime:0years0days0hours5minutes
```

UPTIME CONTINUOUS INFORMATION

Time Stamp MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS	Reset Reason	Uptim years		days	hours	minutes
06/10/2017 11:51:26 <snip></snip>	Reload	0	0	0	0	0
08/10/2018 09:13:58	LocalSoft	0	0	2	5	4
08/28/2018 14:21:42	Reload Slot Command	0	0	0	3	5
08/28/2018 14:34:29	System requested reload	0	0	0	0	0
09/11/2018 09:08:15	Reload	0	0	1	8	5
09/11/2018 19:15:06	redundancy force-switchover	0	0	0	9	4
09/13/2018 16:50:18	Reload Command	0	0	1	21	6
09/17/2018 10:55:09	PowerOn	0	0	0	0	5

The following is a sample output from the **show logging onboard switch active uptime summary** command:

Device# show logging onboard switch active uptime summary

```
UPTIME SUMMARY INFORMATION

First customer power on : 04/26/2018 21:45:39

Total uptime : 0 years 20 weeks 2 days 12 hours 22 minutes

Total downtime : 0 years 2 weeks 2 days 8 hours 40 minutes

Number of resets : 1900

Number of slot changes : 18

Current reset reason : Reload Command

Current reset timestamp : 09/26/2018 20:43:15

Current slot : 1

Chassis type : 91

Current uptime : 0 years 0 weeks 5 days 22 hours 5 minutes
```

show mac address-table

To display the MAC address table, use the **show mac address-table** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show mac address-table [address mac-addr [interface type/number | vlan vlan-id] | aging-time
[routed-mac | vlan vlan-id] | control-packet-learn | count [summary | vlan vlan-id] | [dynamic
| secure | static] [address mac-addr] [interface type/number | vlan vlan-id] | interface type/number
| learning [vlan vlan-id] | multicast [count] [igmp-snooping | mld-snooping | user] [vlan
vlan-id] | notification { change [interface [type/number]] | mac-move | threshold } | vlan
vlan-id]

Syntax Description	address mac-addr	(Optional) Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific MAC address.(Optional) Displays addresses for a specific interface.(Optional) Displays addresses for a specific VLAN.(Optional) Displays the aging time for the routed MAC or VLAN.				
	interface type/number					
	vlan vlan-id					
	aging-time [routed-mac vlan <i>vlan-id</i>]					
	control-packet-learn	(Optional) Displays the controlled packet MAC learning parameters.				
	count	 (Optional) Displays the number of entries that are currently in the MAC address table. (Optional) Displays only the dynamic addresses. (Optional) Displays only the secure addresses. (Optional) Displays only the static addresses. 				
	dynamic					
	secure					
	static					
	learning	(Optional) Displays learnings of a VLAN or interface.				
	multicast	(Optional) Displays information about the multicast MAC address table entries only.				
	igmp-snooping	 (Optional) Displays the addresses learned by Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping. (Optional) Displays the addresses learned by Multicast Listener Discover version 2 (MLDv2) snooping. (Optional) Displays the manually entered (static) addresses. 				
	mld-snooping					
	user					
	notification change	Displays the MAC notification parameters and history table.				
	notification mac-move	Displays the MAC-move notification status.				
	notification threshold	Displays the Counter-Addressable Memory (CAM) table utilization notification status.				

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Releas	Se	Modifi	cation	
	Cisco	IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.	1 This co	ommand was introduced.	
	Cisco	IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.	update	put of the show mac address-table vlan <i>vlan-id</i> command has been d to show the MAC addresses used for Cisco Software-Defined (SD-Access) solution.	
Usage Guidelines	The ma	<i>ac-addr</i> value is a 48-bi	MAC ad	dress. The valid format is H.H.H.	
	interfac and hav module	e type and the chassis are we a 48-port 10/100BAS e number are from 1 to	nd module SE-T Ethe 3 and val	es the module and port number. Valid values depend on the specifie that are used. For example, if you specify a Gigabit Ethernet interfac rnet module that is installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for th id values for the port number are from 1 to 48. show mac address-table command:	
	Device	# show mac address-	able		
		Mac Address Tab	e		
	Vlan	Mac Address	Туре	Ports	
	All	0100.0ccc.cccc	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0100.0ccc.cccd	STATIC	CPU	
	All All	0180.c200.0000 0180.c200.0001	STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0002	STATIC	CPU	
	A11	0180.c200.0003	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0004	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0005	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0006	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0007	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0008	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0009	STATIC	CPU	
	All All	0180.c200.000a 0180.c200.000b	STATIC STATIC	CPU CPU	
	All	0180.c200.000c	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.000d	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.000e	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.000f	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0010	STATIC	CPU	
	All	0180.c200.0021	STATIC	CPU	
	All 1	ffff.ffff.ffff 780c.f0e1.1dc3	STATIC STATIC	CPU Vl1	
	51	0000.1111.2222	STATIC	V151	
	51	780c.f0e1.1dc6	STATIC	V151	
	1021	0000.0c9f.f45c	STATIC	V11021	
	1021	0002.02cc.0002	STATIC	Gi6/0/2	
	1021	0002.02cc.0003	STATIC	Gi6/0/3	
	1021	0002.02cc.0004	STATIC	Gi6/0/4	
	1021	0002.02cc.0005	STATIC STATIC	Gi6/0/5	
	1001	0000 00 0000	511:411:10	Gi6/0/6	
	1021	0002.02cc.0006			
	1021	0002.02cc.0007	STATIC	Gi6/0/7	

<output truncated>

The following example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address:

Device# show mac address-table address fc58.9a02.7382

 Mac Address Table

 Vlan
 Mac Address
 Type
 Ports

 1
 fc58.9a02.7382
 DYNAMIC
 Tel/0/1

 Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 1

The following example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for a specific VLAN:

Device# show mac address-table aging-time vlan 1

Global Aging Time: 300 Vlan Aging Time ---- 1 300

The following example shows how to display the information about the MAC address table for a specific interface:

```
Device# show mac address-table interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/1
```

 Mac Address Table

 Vlan
 Mac Address
 Type
 Ports

 1
 fc58.9a02.7382
 DYNAMIC
 Tel/0/1

 Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 1

The following example shows how to display the MAC-move notification status:

Device# show mac address-table notification mac-move

MAC Move Notification: Enabled

The following example shows how to display the CAM-table utilization-notification status:

Device# show mac address-table notification threshold

The following example shows how to display the MAC notification parameters and history table for a specific interface:

Device# show mac address-table notification change interface tenGigabitEthernet1/0/1

MAC Notification Feature is Disabled on the switch
Interface MAC Added Trap MAC Removed Trap

L

TenGigabitEthernet1/0/1

Disabled Disabled

The following example shows how to display the information about the MAC-address table for a specific VLAN:

Note MAC addresses of the type CP LEARN will be displayed only if Cisco SD-Access solution is used.

Device# show mac address-table vlan 1021 Mac Address Table _____ Vlan Mac Address Туре Ports ____ _____ _____ ____ 1021 0000.0c9f.f45c Vl1021 STATIC 1021 0002.02cc.0002 STATIC Gi6/0/2 1021 0002.02cc.0003 STATIC Gi6/0/3 0002.02cc.0004 Gi6/0/4 1021 STATIC 1021 0002.02cc.0005 STATIC Gi6/0/5 Gi6/0/6 0002.02cc.0006 STATIC 1021 1021 0002.02cc.0007 STATIC Gi6/0/7 1021 0002.02cc.0008 STATIC Gi6/0/8 0002.02cc.0009 1021 STATIC Gi6/0/9 0002.02cc.000a 1021 STATIC Gi6/0/10 1021 0002.02cc.000b STATIC Gi6/0/11 1021 0002.02cc.000c STATIC Gi6/0/12 0002.02cc.000d Gi6/0/13 1021 STATIC 1021 0002.02cc.000e STATIC Gi6/0/14 0002.02cc.000f Gi6/0/15 1021 STATIC 1021 0002.02cc.0010 STATIC Gi6/0/16 1021 0002.02cc.0011 STATIC Gi6/0/17 1021 0002.02cc.0012 STATIC Gi6/0/18 1021 0002.02cc.0013 STATIC Gi6/0/19 0002.02cc.0014 Gi6/0/20 1021 STATIC . . 1021 0002.0100.0001 CP LEARN Tu0 1021 0002.0100.0002 CP LEARN Tu0 0002.0100.0003 CP_LEARN 1021 Tu0 1021 0002.0100.0004 CP_LEARN Tu0 1021 0002.0100.0005 CP LEARN Tu0 CP LEARN 1021 0002.0100.0006 Tu0 0002.0100.0007 CP LEARN 1021 Tu0 1021 0002.0100.0008 CP_LEARN Tu0 0002.0100.0009 CP_LEARN 1021 Тυ0 CP_LEARN 1021 0002.0100.000a Tu0 Total Mac Addresses for this criterion: 114

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the **show mac address-table** display.

I

Table 14: show mac address-table Field Descriptions

Field	Description
VLAN	VLAN number.
Mac Address	MAC address of the entry.
Туре	Type of address.
Ports	Port type.
Total MAC addresses	Total MAC addresses in the MAC address table.

Related Commands

nds	Command	Description	
	clear mac address-table	Deletes dynamic entries from the MAC address table.	

L

show mac address-table move update

To display the MAC address-table move update information on the device, use the **show mac address-table move update** command in EXEC mode.

show mac address-table move update

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes User EXEC

Privileged EXEC

Command History

Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1

Example

Release

This example shows the output from the **show mac address-table move update** command:

Device# show mac address-table move update

```
Switch-ID : 010b.4630.1780
Dst mac-address : 0180.c200.0010
Vlans/Macs supported : 1023/8320
Default/Current settings: Rcv Off/On, Xmt Off/On
Max packets per min : Rcv 40, Xmt 60
Rcv packet count : 10
Rcv conforming packet count : 5
Rcv invalid packet count : 0
Rcv packet count this min : 0
Rcv threshold exceed count : 0
Rcv last sequence# this min : 0
Rcv last interface : Po2
Rcv last src-mac-address : 0003.fd6a.8701
Rcv last switch-ID : 0303.fd63.7600
Xmt packet count : 0
Xmt packet count this min : 0
Xmt threshold exceed count : 0
Xmt pak buf unavail cnt : 0
Xmt last interface : None
```

show parser encrypt file status

To view the private configuration encryption status, use the show parser encrypt file status command.

show parser encrypt f	file status	
This command has no a	arguments or keywords.	
None		
User EXEC		
Release	Modification	
Cisco IOS XE Gibralta	r 16.11.1 This command was introduced.	
-	*	able and the file is encrypted. The
Device> enable		
	This command has no a None User EXEC Release Cisco IOS XE Gibralta The following commar file is in 'cipher text' fo	User EXEC

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service private-config-encryption	Enables private configuration file encryption.

show platform hardware fpga

To display the system field-programmable gate array (FPGA) settings, use the **show platform hardware fpga** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware fpga

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.	
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1	This command was introduced.

Example

The following is a sample output from the **show platform hardware fpga** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series switch:

Device# show platform hardware fpga

Register Addr	FPGA Reg Description	Value
0x0000000	Board ID	0x00006053
0x0000004	FPGA Version	0x0000206
0x0000008	Reset Reg1	0x00010204
0x000000c	Reset Reg2	0x00000000
0x0000028	FRU LED DATA Reg1	0x00001008
0x000002c	FRU LED DATA Reg2	0x00001008
0x0000030	FRU Control Reg	0x0000c015
0x0000034	Doppler Misc Reg	0x0000311
0x0000010	SBC Enable	0x000000f
<snip></snip>		

The following is a sample output from the **show platform hardware fpga** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9500 Series switch:

Device# show platform hardware fpga

Register Addr	FPGA Reg Description	Value
0x0000000	FPGA Version	0x00000110
0x0000040	FRU Power Cntrl Reg	0x0000112
0x0000020	System Reset Cntrl Reg	0x000000x0
0x0000024	Beacon LED Cntrl Reg	0x00000000
0x0000044	1588 Sync Pulse Reg	0x00000000
0x0000048	Mainboard Misc Cntrl Reg	0x000000a
0x0000038	DopplerD Misc Cntrl Reg	0x00000ff
<snip></snip>		

show platform integrity

To display checksum record for the boot stages, use the **show platform integrity** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform integrity [sign [nonce <nonce>]]

Syntax Description	sign (Optional) Show signature		
	nonce (Optional) Enter a nonce value		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release Modification		
	This command was introduced.		
Examples	This example shows how to view the checksum record for boot stages :		
	Device# show platform integrity sign PCR0: EE47F8644C2887D9BD4DE3E468DD27EB93F4A606006A0B7006E2928C50C7C9AB PCR8: E7B61EC32AFA43DA1FF4D77F108CA266848B32924834F5E41A9F6893A9CB7A38 Signature version: 1 Signature: 816C5A29741BBAC1961C109FFC36DA5459A44DBF211025F539AFB4868EF91834C05789 5DAFBC7474F301916B7D0D08ABE5E05E66598426A73E921024C21504383228B6787B74 8526A305B17DAD3CF8705BACFD51A2D55A333415CABC73DAFDEEFD8777AA77F482EC4B 731A09826A41FB3EFFC46DC02FBA66534DBEC7DCC0C029298DB8462A70DBA26833C2A 1472D1F08D721BA941CB94A418E43803699174572A5759445B3564D8EAEE57D64AE304 EE1D2A9C53E93E05B24A92387E261199CED8D8A0CE7134596FF8D2D6E6DA773757C70C D3BA91C43A591268C248DF32658999276FB972153ABE823F0ACFE9F3B6F0AD1A00E257 4A4CC41C954015A59FB8FE Platform: WS-C3650-12X48UZ		

show platform software audit

To display the SE Linux Audit logs, use the **show platform software audit** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software audit $\{all \mid summary \mid [switch \{switch-number \mid active \mid standby\}]$ $\{0 \mid F0 \mid R0 \mid \{FP \mid RP\} \{active\}\}\}$

Syntax Description	all	Shows the audit log from all the slots.
	summary	Shows the audit log summary count from all the slots.
	switch	Shows the audit logs for a slot on a specific switch.
	switch-number	Selects the switch with the specified switch number.
	switch active	Selects the active instance of the switch.
	standby	Selects the standby instance of the switch.
	0	Shows the audit log for the SPA-Inter-Processor slot 0.
	FO	Shows the audit log for the Embedded-Service-Processor slot 0.
	R0	Shows the audit log for the Route-Processor slot 0.
	FP active	Shows the audit log for the active Embedded-Service-Processor slot.
	RP active	Shows the audit log for the active Route-Processor slot.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	-	
Usage Guidelines		e Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 as a part of the SELinux Permissive oftware audit command displays the system logs containing the access

In Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1, operation in a permissive mode is available - with the intent of confining specific components (process or application) of the IOS-XE platform. In the permissive mode, access violation events are detected and system logs are generated, but the event or operation itself is not blocked. The solution operates mainly in an access violation detection mode.

The following is a sample output of the **show software platform software audit summary** command:

Device# show platform software audit summary

AUDIT LOG ON switch 1

violation events.

AVC Denial count: 58

The following is a sample output of the **show software platform software audit all** command:

Device# show platform software audit all

_____ AUDIT LOG ON switch 1 _____ ======= START ========= type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { read } for pid=14017 comm="mcp trace filte" name="crashinfo" dev="rootfs" ino=13667 scontext=system u:system r:polaris trace filter t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:polaris disk crashinfo t:s0 tclass=lnk file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { getattr } for pid=14017 comm="mcp trace filte" path="/mnt/sd1" dev="sda1" ino=2 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:polaris disk crashinfo t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:101): avc: denied { getattr } for pid=14028 comm="ls" path="/tmp/ufs/crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407 scontext=system u:system r:polaris trace filter t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:102): avc: denied { read } for pid=14028 comm="ls" name="crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407 scontext=system u:system r:polaris trace filter t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438600.896:119): avc: denied { execute } for pid=8300 comm="sh" name="id" dev="loop0" ino=6982 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:bin t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438600.897:120): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=8300 comm="sh" path="/tmp/sw/mount/cat9k-rpbase.2018-10-02 00.13 mhungund.SSA.pkg/nyquist/usr/bin/id" dev="loop0" ino=6982 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438615.535:121): avc: denied { name connect } for pid=26421 comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438624.916:122): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=8600 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438648.936:123): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=9307 comm="auto upgrade se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438678.649:124): avc: denied { name connect } for pid=26421 comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system u:system r:polaris nginx t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438696.969:125): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=10057 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438732.973:126): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=10858 comm="auto upgrade se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438778.008:127): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=11579 comm="auto upgrade se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438800.156:128): avc: denied { name connect } for pid=26421 comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0 tcontext=system u:object r:polaris caf api port t:s0 tclass=tcp socket permissive=1 type=AVC msg=audit(1539438834.099:129): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=12451 comm="auto upgrade se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276

The following is a sample output of the **show software platform software audit switch** command:

Device# show platform software audit switch active R0

```
======= START =========
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { read } for pid=14017
comm="mcp trace filte" name="crashinfo" dev="rootfs" ino=13667
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:polaris disk crashinfo t:s0 tclass=lnk file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { getattr } for pid=14017
comm="mcp trace filte" path="/mnt/sd1" dev="sda1" ino=2
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:polaris disk crashinfo t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:101): avc: denied { getattr } for pid=14028 comm="ls"
path="/tmp/ufs/crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407
scontext=system u:system r:polaris trace filter t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:polaris ncd tmp t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:102): avc: denied { read } for pid=14028 comm="ls"
name="crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438624.916:122): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=8600
comm="auto upgrade se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438648.936:123): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=9307
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438678.649:124): avc: denied { name connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system u:system r:polaris nginx t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438696.969:125): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=10057
comm="auto upgrade se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438732.973:126): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=10858
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438778.008:127): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=11579
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438800.156:128): avc: denied { name connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system u:system r:polaris nginx t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:polaris caf api port t:s0 tclass=tcp socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438834.099:129): avc: denied { execute no trans } for pid=12451
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system u:system r:polaris auto upgrade server rp t:s0
tcontext=system u:object r:shell exec t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438860.907:130): avc: denied { name connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system u:system r:polaris nginx t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
```

show platform software fed switch punt cause

To display information about why the packets received on an interface are punted to the Router Processor (RP), use the **show platform software fed switch punt cpuq cause** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software fed switch {switch-number | active | standby} punt {cause_id | clear
| summary}

Syntax Description	<pre>switch {switch-number active standby}</pre>			itch. You have the following options:
	······································	• switch-ni		
		• active —	-Displays information	n relating to the active switch.
		• standby- available		on relating to the standby switch, if
		Note T	his keyword is not su	apported.
	cause_id	Specifies the	ID of the cause for w	hich the details have to be displayed.
	clear Clears the statistics for all the causes. Clearing the causes might result in inconsistent statistics.			
	summary	Displays a hig	gh-level overview of	the punt reason.
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.	10.1 This comma	and was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	None			
	Example			
	The following is sample ou summary command.	tput from the sho	w platform software	e fed switch active punt cause
	Device# show platform s Statistics for all caus		itch active punt o	cause summary
	Cause Cause Info		Rcvd	Dropped
	7 ARP request or 1 21 RP<->QFP keepal: 55 For-us control	response	1 22314 12	0 0 0
	60 IP subnet or bro 96 Layer2 control p	-	21 133808	0 0

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active punt cause** *cause-id* command.

Device# show platform software fed switch active punt cause 21 Detailed Statistics

Sub Cause	Rcvd	Dropped
•	 22363	
0	22303	0

show platform software fed switch punt cpuq

To display information about the punt traffic on CPU queues, use the **show platform software fed switch punt cpuq** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software fed switch {switch-number | active | standby} punt cpuq {cpuq_id |
all | brief | clear | rates}

Syntax Description	switch {switch-number activ	• 2	Displays information about the switch. You have he following options:			
			• switch-number.			
			• active — Displays information relating to the active switch.			
			• standby —Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available.			
			Note This keyword is not supported.			
	punt	Γ	Displays the punt informtion.			
	cpuq	Γ	Displays information about the CPU receive queue.			
	cpuq_id		Specifies details specific to a particular CPU queue. Displays the statistics for all the CPU queues. Displays summarized statistics for all the queues like details about punt packets received and dropped.			
	all	Γ				
	brief	li				
	clear		Clears the statistics for all the CPU queues. Clearing the CPU queue might result in inconsistent statistics.			
	rates	Γ	Displays the rate at which the packets are punted.			
Command Default	None					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introdu	iced.			
Usage Guidelines	None					

Example

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active punt cpuq brief** command.

Device#show platform software fed switch active punt cpuq brief

Punt CPU Q Statistics Brief

Q no	 Queue Name	Rx prev		Rx cur	Rx delta	Drop prev		Drop cur		Drop delta
====		PICV		=======		======		======	-===	========
0	CPU Q DOT1X AUTH	0		0	0	0		0		0
1	CPU Q L2 CONTROL	0		6772	6772	0		0		0
2	CPU Q FORUS TRAFFIC	0		0	0	0		0		0
3	CPU Q ICMP GEN	0		0	0	0		0		0
4	CPU Q ROUTING CONTROL	0		12	12	0		0		0
5	CPU Q FORUS ADDR RESOLUTION	0		1	1	0		0		0
6	CPU Q ICMP REDIRECT	0		0	0	0		0		0
7	CPU Q INTER FED TRAFFIC	0		0	0	0		0		0
8	CPU Q L2LVX CONTROL PKT	0		0	0	0		0		0
9	CPU Q EWLC CONTROL	0		0	0	0		0		0
10	CPU Q EWLC DATA	0		0	0	0		0		0
11	CPU Q L2LVX DATA PKT	0		0	0	0		0		0
12	CPU Q BROADCAST	0		21	21	0		0		0
13	CPU Q LEARNING CACHE OVFL	0		0	0	0		0		0
14	CPU Q SW FORWARDING	0		0	0	0		0		0
15	CPU Q TOPOLOGY CONTROL	0		12730	0 12730	0 0		0		0
16	CPU Q PROTO SNOOPING	0		0	0	0		0		0
17	CPU Q BFD LOW LATENCY	0		0	0	0		0		0
18	CPU Q TRANSIT TRAFFIC	0		0	0	0		0		0
19	CPU Q RPF FAILED	0		0	0	0		0		0
20	CPU Q MCAST END STATION SERVIC	E 0		0	0	0		0		0
21	CPU Q LOGGING	0		0	0	0		0		0
22	CPU Q PUNT WEBAUTH	0		0	0	0		0		0
23	CPU Q HIGH RATE APP	0		0	0	0		0		0
24	CPU Q EXCEPTION	0		0	0	0		0		0
25	CPU Q SYSTEM CRITICAL	0		0	0	0		0		0
26	CPU Q NFL SAMPLED DATA	0		0	0	0		0		0
27	CPU Q LOW LATENCY	0		0	0	0		0		0
28	CPU Q EGR EXCEPTION	0		0	0	0		0		0
29	CPU_Q_FSS	0		0	0	0		0		0
30	CPU Q MCAST DATA	0		0	0	0		0		0
31	CPU Q GOLD PKT	0		0	0	0		0		0

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 15: show platform software fed switch active punt cpuq brief Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Q no	ID of the queue.
Queue Name	Name of the queue.
Rx	Number of packets received.

Field	Description
Drop	Number of packets dropped.

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed switch active punt cpuq cpuq_id** command.

 ${\tt Device} \# {\tt show} \ {\tt platform} \ {\tt software} \ {\tt fed} \ {\tt switch} \ {\tt active} \ {\tt punt} \ {\tt cpuq} \ 1$

Punt CPU Q Statistics

RX unsuspend count		6774 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Number of replenish Number of replenish suspend Number of replenish un-suspend	:	0

show platform software sl-infra

To display troubleshooting information and for debugging, enter the **show platform software sl-infra** command in privileged EXEC mode. The output of this command is used by the technical support team, for troubleshooting and debugging.

	show platform software sl-infra { all current debug stored }					
Syntax Description	all	Displays current, debugging, and stored information.				
	current	urrent Displays current license-related information. ebug Enables debugging				
	debug					
	stored Displays information that is stored on the product instance.					
	stored	Displays information that is stored on the product instance.				
Command Modes		d EXEC (Device#)				
Command Modes Command History		d EXEC (Device#)				

Usage Guidelines When you encounter an error message that you are not able to resolve, along with a copy of the message that appears on the console or in the system log, provide your Cisco technical support representative with sample output of these commands: show license tech support, show license history message, and the show platform software sl-infra all privileged EXEC commands.

show platform sudi certificate

To display checksum record for the specific SUDI, use the **show platform sudi certificate** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform sudi certificate [sign [nonce <nonce>]]

Syntax Description	sign (Optional) Show signature					
	nonce (Optional) Enter a nonce value					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release Modification					
	This command was introduced.					
Examples	This example shows how to view the checksum record for a specific SUDI :					
	# show platform sudi certificate					
	<pre>BEGIN CERTIFICATE MIIDQ2CCAiugAwIBAgIQV/h7KCUJ3IICoxWIAMmt/zANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADAI MRYwFAYDVQQKEwIDaXNjbyBTeXN02W1zMRswGQYDVQQDExJDAXNjbyBSD290IENB DIWNDgwHhcNMDQWNTE0MjANNzgYWhcNMjkwNTE0MjAyNTQYWjAIMRYwFAYDVQQK EwIDaXNjbyBTeXN02W1zMRswGQYDVQQDExJDAXNjbyBSD290IENBIDIwNDgwdgEg MAOGCSqGSID3DQEBAQUAA4IBDQAwggEIAoIBAQCwmrmr68Kd6ficba02mKUeIhH xmJVhEAyv8CrLqUccda8bnuoqrpu0hwI5EWdovyD0Wy5j0AmaHBKeN8hF570YQXJ FcjPFto1YymUQ6iEqDGYeJU5Tm8sUxJszR2tKy87McQr/4Nbb7Y9JHcJ6t8qdB9q VvYgDxFU14FlpyXOWqCZe+36ufijXWLbvLdT6ZeYpzPEApk0E5tzivMW/VgpSdH jWn0ff4bcN5wGyDWb52mAag8EtKpP6BrXru0IIt6ke01a06g58QBdKhTCytKmg91 Eg6CTY5j/e/rmxrbU6YTKK/CfdfHbbc11HP7R2RQgYCUTOG/rksc35LtLqKAgED o1EwT2ALBgNVHQ8EBAMCAYYwDWYDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAdBgNVHQ4EFgUJ/PI FFSumg1JFq0roIIgX9p7L6owEAYJKWBBAGCNxUBBAMCAQAwQVJKoZIhvcNAQEF BQADggEBAJ2dHISjQa18dwy308p0RFbi71R803UKH0jgxkhLv5M0hmBvLwBVhmW Yqpao2TB9k5UM823/sUcuVdJcr18J0aqxEU5sv4dEx+5wW4q+ffy0vhN4TauYuX cB7w4ovXsNgOnbP1iqRe61T37mjpXYgvc81WhJDL5d917rp77rMKSsHOT81asz Bvt9YAretIpjsJyp8qS5UWGH0GikJ3r/he6yUAdiGeOcaEb1fJU9u6ju7AQ714 CYNu/2bPPu8Xs1grJQk0XuPL1hS27FKb3TkL4Eq1ZKR40CXPDJoBYVL0fdX41Id kxpUnwVwwEpxYB5DC2Ae/qP0gRnhCzU= END CERTIFICATE MIIEPCCAySgAwIBAgIKYQ1ufQAAAAADDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADA1MRYwFAYD VQQKEw1DAXNjbyBTeXN0W1±MRswGQDVQQDExJDaXNjbyBSD290IENB1DWNDgw HhcNMTEwNjbWMTc1NjU3WhcNMjkWNTE0MjAyNTQyWjANQ4WbATVQQKEwVDAXNj bzEVMEMGA1UEAXMQUNMIBTVURJIENBMIBIJANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADA1MRYwFAYD VQQKEw1DAXNjbyBreXN0W1±MRswGQDVQQDExJDaXNjbyBSD290IENB1WNDgw HhcNMTEwNjbWMTc1NjU3WhcNMjkWNTE0MjAyNTQYJMJWJKJBG7367K1x53905Wzp 9pRcmCPUX+a6tHF/qRu0iJ44mdeDY203qPCpxzprWJDC1M4iYKHumMQMqmgmq+ xghH1ooWS80BocdiynEb95rZ7qRuewKMp11Ti3WdBNjZjnpfjg65FF483DK8b SX4U5050VTV/t2B1Zq3+LF6qrgKKQV06JVVf82DVJDc1M4iYKHumMQMgmgm4 xgh11o0x980BocdiynEb95rZ7qRuewKMp11Ti3WdBNjZjnpfjg65FF483DK8b SX6U503AUFF53Rd9JJWHk96neapszF+r+kdVQIDAQABo41BWjCAVYDVDR0PBAQD Ag8WH60A1UUAgQWBBRIZPH*wnDVW7t8cwT714MP4fzAfBgNVHSMECDAWgDQ B48WH60A1UDAgWBBRZPH*wnDVW7t8cwT714MP4fzAfBgNVHSMECDAWgDQ B48WH60A1UDAgWBBRF2DAMUBEPSMV1BEPDAMUBZBAGJUAHwybD8Q</pre>					

BQcBAQREMEIwQAYIKwYBBQUHMAKGNGh0dHA6Ly93d3cuY2lzY28uY29tL3NlY3Vy aXR5L3BraS9jZXJ0cy9jcmNhMjA00C5jZXIwXAYDVR0gBFUwUzBRBgorBgEEAQkV AQwAMEMwQQYIKwYBBQUHAgEWNWh0dHA6Ly93d3cuY2lzY28uY29tL3NlY3VyaXR5 L3BraS9wb2xpY2llcy9pbmRleC5odG1sMBIGA1UdEwEB/wQIMAYBAf8CAQAwDQYJ KoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBAGh1qclr9tx4hzWgDERm371yeuEmqcIfi9b9+GbMSJbi ZHc/CcCl0lJu0a9zTXA9w47H9/t6leduGxb4WeLxcwCiUgvFtCa51Iklt8nNbcKY /4dw1ex+7amATUQO4QggIE67wVIPu6bgAE3Ja/nRS3xKYSnj8H5TehimBSv6TECi i5jUhOWryAK4dVo8hCjkjEkzu3ufBTJapnv89g9OE+H3VKM4L+/KdkU0+52djFKn hy147d7cZR4DY4LIuFM2P1As8YyjzoNpK/urSR114WdI1plR1nH7KND15618yfVP 0IFJZBGrooCRBjOSwFv8cpWCbmWdPaCQT2nwIjTfY8c=

----END CERTIFICATE----

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----

MIIDhjCCAm6gAwIBAgIDctWkMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAMCcxDjAMBgNVBAoTBUNp c2NvMRUwEwYDVQQDEwxBQ1QyIFNVREkgQ0EwHhcNMTUwODA2MDgwODI5WhcNMjUw ODA2MDgwODI5WjBzMSwwKgYDVQQFEyNQSUQ6V1MtQzM2NTAtMTJYNDhVWiBTTjpG RE8xOTMyWDAwQzEOMAwGA1UEChMFQ21zY28xGDAWBgNVBAsTD0FDVC0yIExpdGUg U1VESTEZMBcGA1UEAxMQV1MtQzM2NTAtMTJYNDhVWjCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEB BQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBANZxOGYI0eUl4HcSwjL4H075qTjl9C2BHG3ufce9ikkN xwGXi8qg8vKxuB9tRYRaJC5bP1WMoq7+ZJtQA079xE4X14soNbkq5NaUhh7RB1wD iRUJvTfCOzVICbNfbzvtB30I75tCarFNmpd0K6AFrIa41U988QGqaCj7R1JrYNaj nC73UXXM/hC0HtNR5mhyqer5Y2qjjzo6tHZYqrrx2eS1XOa262ZSQriAxmaH/KLC K97ywyRBdJlxBRX3hGtKlog8nASB8WpXqB9NVCERzUajwU3L/kg2BsCqw9Y2m7HW U1cerTxgthuyUkdNI+Jg6iGApm2+s8E9hsHPBPMCdIsCAwEAAaNvMG0wDgYDVR0P AQH/BAQDAgXgMAwGA1UdEwEB/wQCMAAwTQYDVR0RBEYwRKBCBgkrBgEEAQkVAgOg NRMzQ2hpcElEPVVZSk5ORmRRRlFvN1ZIVmxJRTlqZENBeU9DQXhPRG93TlRveE1T QVg5eWc9MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBCwUAA4IBAQBKicTRZbVCRjVIR5MQcWXUT086v6Ej HahDHTts3YpQoyAVfioNg2x8J6EXcEau4voyVu+eMUuoNL4szPhmmDcULfiCGBcA /R3EFuoVMIzNT0geziytsCf728KGw1oGuosgVjNGOOahUELu4+F/My7bIJNbH+PD KjIFmhJpJg0F3q17yClAeXvd13g3W393i35d00Lm5L1WbBfQtyBaOLAbxsHvutrX u1VZ5sdqSTwTkkO9vKMaQjh7a8J/AmJi93jvzM69pe5711P1zqZfYfpiJ3cyJ0xf I4brQ1smdczloFD4asF7A+1vor5e4VDBP0ppmeFAJvCQ52JTpj0M0o1D ----END CERTIFICATE-----

show reload history

To display the reason for the device reload and its history, use the **show reload history** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show reload history

Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE 17.14.1	This command was introduced.		

Usage Guidelines You can use this command when you want to view the reload history details. This command displays the history for a maximum of 10 reloads.

Example

The following is sample output of the show reload history command:

Device> enable Device# show reload history

Unit ID: rp0

Reload Index: 1 Reload Code: Reload Reload Severity: Normal Reboot Reload Description: Reload Command Crash Data: -NA-HA Status: Active Software Version: 17.15.20240212:004947101 Reload Time: 23:10:53 UTC Fri Feb 16 2024

Reload Index: 2 Reload Code: Reload Reload Severity: Normal Reboot Reload Description: Reload Command Crash Data: -NA-HA Status: Active Software Version: 17.14.20231128:014033101 Reload Time: 22:24:39 UTC Fri Feb 16 2024

Reload Index: 3 Reload Code: Reload Reload Severity: Normal Reboot Reload Description: Reload Command Crash Data: -NA-HA Status: Standby Software Version: 17.15.20240205:004912101 Reload Time: 22:51:57 UTC Thu Feb 15 2024

Reload Index: 4 Reload Code: Other Reload Severity: Abnormal Reboot Reload Description: PowerOn Crash Data: -NA-HA Status: Active Software Version: 17.15.20240205:004912101 Reload Time: 17:23:29 UTC Wed Feb 7 2024 Reload Index: 5 Reload Code: Other Reload Severity: Abnormal Reboot Reload Description: LocalSoft Crash Data: -NA-HA Status: -NA-Software Version: 17.14.20231009:174246101 Reload Time: 15:31:17 UTC Wed Feb 7 2024

Reload Index: 6 Reload Code: Reload Reload Severity: Normal Reboot Reload Description: Reload Command Crash Data: -NA-HA Status: -NA-Software Version: -NA-Reload Time: 17:24:22 UTC Tue Nov 21 2023

show running-config

To display the contents of the current running configuration file or the configuration for a specific module, Layer 2 VLAN, class map, interface, map class, policy map, or virtual circuit (VC) class, use the **show running-config** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show running-config [options]

Syntax Description	options (Optional) Keywords used to customize output. You can enter more than one keyword.
	 aaa [accounting attribute authentication authorization diameter group ldap miscellaneous radius-server server tacacs-server user-name username]: Displays AAA configurations.
	• all: Expands the output to include the commands that are configured with default parameters. If the all keyword is not used, the output does not display commands configured with default parameters.
	• bridge-domain { id parameterized vlan }: Displays the running configuration for bridge domains.
	• brief: Displays the configuration without certification data and encrypted filter details.
	• class-map [<i>name</i>] [linenum]: Displays class map information.
	• cts [interface policy-server rbm-rbac server sxp] : Displays Cisco TrustSec configurations.
	• deprecated: Displays deprecated configuration along with the running configuration.
	• eap {method profiles}: Displays EAP method configurations and profiles.
	• flow {exporter monitor record}: Displays global flow configuration commands.
	• full: Displays the full configuration.
	• identity {policy profile}: Displays identity profile or policy information.

	• interface <i>type number</i> : Displays interface-specific configuration information. If you interface keyword, you must specify the interface type and the interface number (fo interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1). Use the show run interface ? command to deter interfaces available on your system.	r example,			
	• ip dhcp pool [<i>name</i>]: Displays IPv4 DHCP pool configuration.				
	• ipv6 dhcp pool [<i>name</i>]: Displays IPv6 DHCP pool configuration.				
	• linenum [brief full partition]: Displays line numbers in the output.				
	• map-class [atm dialer frame-relay] [name]: Displays map class information.				
	 mdns-sd [gateway location-group service-definition service-list service-peer service-policy]: Displays Multicast DNS Service Discovery (mDNS-SD) configura 				
	 partition {access-list class-map common global-cdp interface ip-as-path ip-cd ip-prefix-list ip-static-routes line policy-map route-map router snmp ta Displays the configuration corresponding to a partition. 				
	• policy-map [<i>name</i>] [linenum]: Displays policy map information.				
	• switch number: Displays configuration for the specified switch.				
	• view [full]: Enables the display of a full running configuration. This is for view-bas who typically can only view the configuration commands that they are entitled to ac that particular view.				
	• vlan [vlan-id]: Displays the specific VLAN information; valid values are from 1 to 4094.				
	• vrf [<i>vrf-name</i>]: Displays the Virtual routing and forwarding (VRF)-aware configurati number .	on module			
Command Default	The default syntax, show running-config , displays the contents of the running configuration file commands configured using the default parameters.	, except			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	The show running-config command is technically a command alias (substitute or replacement symmore system:running-config command. Although the use of more commands is recommended their uniform structure across platforms and their expandable syntax), the show running-config remains enabled to accommodate its widespread use, and to allow typing shortcuts such as show	(because of command			
	The show running-config interface command is useful when there are multiple interfaces and y look at the configuration of a specific interface.	ou want to			
	The linenum keyword causes line numbers to be displayed in the output. This option is useful for a particular portion of a very large configuration.	identifying			
	You can enter additional output modifiers in the command syntax by including a pipe character (optional keyword. For example, show running-config interface GigabitEthernet 1/0/1 linenum				

To display the output modifiers that are available for a keyword, enter |? after the keyword. Depending on the platform you are using, the keywords and the arguments for the *options* argument may vary.

The **show running-config all** command displays complete configuration information, including the default settings and values. For example, if the Cisco Discovery Protocol (abbreviated as CDP in the output) hold-time value is set to its default of 180:

- The show running-config command does not display this value.
- The show running-config all displays the following output: cdp holdtime 180.

If the Cisco Discovery Protocol holdtime is changed to a nondefault value (for example, 100), the output of the **show running-config** and **show running-config all** commands is the same; that is, the configured parameter is displayed.

The **show running-config** command displays ACL information. To exclude ACL information from the output, use the **show running** | **section exclude ip access** | **access list** command.

Examples

The following example shows the configuration for GigabitEthernet0/0 interface. The fields are self-explanatory.

```
Device# show running-config interface gigabitEthernet0/0
```

```
Building configuration...
```

```
Current configuration : 130 bytes !
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
vrf forwarding Mgmt-vrf
ip address 10.5.20.10 255.255.0.0
negotiation auto
ntp broadcast
end
```

The following example shows how to set line numbers in the command output and then use the output modifier to start the display at line 10. The fields are self-explanatory.

Device# show running-config linenum | begin 10

```
10 : boot-start-marker
11 : boot-end-marker
12 : !
13 : no logging buffered
14 : enable password #####
15 : !
16 : spe 1/0 1/7
17 : firmware location bootflash:mica-modem-pw.10.16.0.0.bin
18 : !
19 : !
20 : resource-pool disable
21 : !
22 : no aaa new-model
23 : ip subnet-zero
24 : ip domain name cisco.com
25 : ip name-server 172.16.11.48
26 : ip name-server 172.16.2.133
27 : !
28 : !
29 : isdn switch-type primary-5ess
30 : !
```

. 126 : end

In the following sample output from the **show running-config** command, the **shape average** command indicates that the traffic shaping overhead accounting for ATM is enabled. The BRAS-DSLAM encapsulation type is qinq and the subscriber line encapsulation type is snap-rbe based on the ATM adaptation layer 5 (AAL5) service. The fields are self-explanatory.

```
Device# show running-config
```

```
.
.
.
subscriber policy recording rules limit 64
no mpls traffic-eng auto-bw timers frequency 0
call rsvp-sync
!
controller T1 2/0
framing sf
linecode ami
!
controller T1 2/1
framing sf
linecode ami
!
!
policy-map unit-test
class class-default
shape average percent 10 account qing aal5 snap-rbe
```

The following is sample output from the **show running-config class-map** command. The fields in the display are self-explanatory.

```
Device# show running-config class-map
```

```
Building configuration ...
Current configuration : 2157 bytes
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-ewlc-control
 description EWLC Control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-topology-control
  description Topology control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sw-forward
  description Sw forwarding, L2 LVX data packets, LOGGING, Transit Traffic
class-map match-any system-cpp-default
 description EWLC Data, Inter FED Traffic
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sys-data
  description Openflow, Exception, EGR Exception, NFL Sampled Data, RPF Failed
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-punt-webauth
  description Punt Webauth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-l2lvx-control
 description L2 LVX control packets
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-forus
 description Forus Address resolution and Forus traffic
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast-end-station
  description MCAST END STATION
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-high-rate-app
 description High Rate Applications
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast
 description MCAST Data
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-12-control
  description L2 control
```

L

```
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-dotlx-auth
 description DOT1X Auth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-data
 description ICMP redirect, ICMP_GEN and BROADCAST
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-stackwise-virt-control
 description Stackwise Virtual OOB
...
```

The following example shows that the teletype (tty) line 2 is reserved for communicating with the second core:

```
Device# show running
Building configuration...
Current configuration:
1
version 12.0
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
Т
hostname device
!
enable password lab
!
no ip subnet-zero
1
!
1
interface Ethernet0
ip address 10.25.213.150 255.255.255.128
no ip directed-broadcast
no logging event link-status
Т
interface Serial0
no ip address
no ip directed-broadcast
no ip mroute-cache
shutdown
no fair-queue
1
interface Serial1
no ip address
no ip directed-broadcast
shutdown
1
ip default-gateway 10.25.213.129
ip classless
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.25.213.129
!
Т
line con 0
transport input none
line 1 6
no exec
transport input all
line 7
no exec
exec-timeout 300 0
transport input all
line 8 9
```

no exec

transport input all

```
line 10
no exec
transport input all
stopbits 1
line 11 12
no exec
 transport input all
line 13
no exec
transport input all
speed 115200
line 14 16
no exec
transport input all
line aux O
line vty 0 4
password cisco
login
!
end
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration. (Command alias for the copy system:running-config nvram:startup-config command.)
	show startup-config	Displays the contents of NVRAM (if present and valid) or displays the configuration file pointed to by the CONFIG_FILE environment variable. (Command alias for the more:nvram startup-config command.)

show sdm prefer

To display information about the templates that can be used to maximize system resources for a particular feature, use the show sdm prefer command in privileged EXEC mode. To display the current template, use the command without a keyword.

show sdm prefer [advanced]

Syntax Description	advanced (Optional) Displays information on the advanced template.					
Command Default	No default behavior or values.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC					
Command History	Release	Modificat	ion			
	Cisco IOS XE Gibralt	ar 16.11.1 This com	nand was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines				obal configuration command, the show sdm tly in use and not the newly configured		
	The actual number mi	ght vary, depending if your device had r	on the actual number nore than 16 routed in	e maximum number for each feature resource. of other features configured. For example, nterfaces (subnet VLANs), the number of		
	Example					
	The following is samp	ble output from the sl	now sdm prefer com	mand:		
	Device# show sdm p	refer				
	Showing SDM Templat	te Info				
	This is the Advance Number of VLANs: Unicast MAC addres Overflow Unicast N IGMP and Multicast	4094 sses: 32768 MAC addresses: 52	12			
	Overflow IGMP and Directly connected	Multicast groups d routes: 32				
	Indirect routes: Security Access Co QoS Access Contro Policy Based Rout: Netflow ACEs:	ontrol Entries: l Entries: 30	3072 072 024			
	Input Microflow po Output Microflow p Flow SPAN ACEs: Tunnels: 250	policer ACEs: 25 policer ACEs: 25 256				

512

Control Plane Entries:

Input Netflow flows:	8192	
Output Netflow flows:	16384	
SGT/DGT entries:		4096
SGT/DGT Overflow entries:		512

These numbers are typical for L2 and IPv4 features. Some features such as IPv6, use up double the entry size; so only half as many entries can be created.

show tech-support confidential

To hide confidential information from the **show tech-support** output, use the **show tech-support confidential** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support confidential output file-name

Syntax Description	output file-name	Specifies the output file where the tech-support data is to be saved.			
Command Default	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	The show tech-support confidential command will hide sensitive data like MAC addresses, IP addresses, and passwords. The output will be the same as that of the show tech-support command with all the customer-specific data masked.				
	The output from the show tech-support confidential command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to a file in the local writable storage file system or the remote file system by using the show tech-support confidential output <i>location:filename</i>). Redirecting the output to a file also makes sending the output to your Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) representative easier.				
	Device# show tech-support confidential output flash:tech_confidential Collecting tech-support without confidential info, it will take few min				
	To view the output of the redirected file, use the command more <i>location:filename</i> .				

show tech-support monitor

To display the SPAN monitor information, use the **show tech-support monitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support monitor [switch switch-number | active | standby]

Syntax Description	switch-number	Specifies the switch.			
	active	Specifies the active instance of the switch.			
	standby	Specifies the standby instance of the switch.			
Command Default	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	can redirect the output to a file (for example standby] redirect location: <i>filenam</i>	pnitor command is very long. To better manage this output, yo e, show tech-support monitor [switch <i>switch-number</i> activ <i>e</i>) in the local writable storage file system or the remote file makes sending the output to your Cisco Technical Assistance			

system. Redirecting the output to a file also makes sending the output to your Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) representative easier.

To view the output of the redirected file, use the command more location: filename.

show tech-support platform

To display detailed information about a platform for use by technical support, use the **show tech-support platform** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support platform

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.						
Command Modes Command History	Privileged EXEC (#)						
	Release	Modification					
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.					
Usage Guidelines		This command is used for platform-specific debugging. The output provides detailed information about a platform, such as CPU usage, Ternary Content Addressable Memory (TCAM) usage, capacity, and memory usage.					
	The output of the show tech-support platform command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to an external file (for example, show tech-support platform redirect flash : <i>filename</i>) in the local writable storage file system or remote file system.						
	The output of the show tech-support platform command displays a list commands and their output. These commands may differ based on the platform.						
Examples	The following is sample output from the show tech-support platform command:						
	Device# show tech-support platform						
	show platform hardware capacity						
	Load Average Slot Status 1-Min 5-Min 15-Min 1-RPO Healthy 0.25 0.17 0.12						
	Memory (kB) Slot Status Total Used 1-RPO Healthy 3964428 2212476						
	CPU Utilization Slot CPU User System Nice 1-RP0 0 1.40 0.90 0.00 1 2.00 0.20 0.00 2 0.20 0.00 0.00 3 0.79 0.19 0.00 4 5.61 0.50 0.00 5 2.90 0.40 0.00	Idle IRQ SIRQ IOwait 97.60 0.00 0.10 0.00 97.79 0.00 0.00 0.00 99.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 99.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 93.88 0.00 0.00 0.00 96.70 0.00 0.00 0.00					

*: interface is up

I

XBS: rx rate (bits/sec) XBS: tx rate (bits/sec) RTL: throttle count		OQD: pkts dropped from output queue RXPS: rx rate (pkts/sec) TXPS: tx rate (pkts/sec)				
Interface BS TXPS TRTL	IHQ	IQD	ОНД	OQD	RXBS	RXPS
Vlan1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 0 0 0 GigabitEthernet0/0	0	10179	0	0	2000	4
0 0 0 GigabitEthernet1/0/1 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/2 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/3 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/4 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/5 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/6 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/7 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/8 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/9 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/10 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/11 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/12	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/13	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/14	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/15 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/16 D 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/17 D 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/18 D 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/19 D 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/20 D 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/21	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/22	0	0	0	0	0	0
SigabitEthernet1/0/23	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/24 D 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GigabitEthernet1/0/25 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0

-	hernet1/0/		0	0	0	0	0	0
-	0 hernet1/0/		0	0	0	0	0	0
~	0 hernet1/0/		0	0	0	0	0	0
-	0 hernet1/0/		0	0	0	0	0	0
0 GigabitEt	0 hernet1/0/	0 /30	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 GigabitEt	0 hernet1/0/	0 /31	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 GigabitEt	0 hernet1/0/	0 /32	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 GigabitEt	0 hernet1/0/	0 /33	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0 hernet1/0/	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0				0		
0	hernet1/0/ 0	0	0	0	0		0	0
GigabitEt O	hernet1/0/ 0	/36 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/0/37 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/0/38 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/0/39 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/0/40 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/0/41			0	0	0	0	0	0
0 Te1/0/42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 Te1/0/43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 Te1/0/44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 Te1/0/45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 Te1/0/46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 Te1/0/47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0						
Te1/0/48 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/1/1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/1/2 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/1/3 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Te1/1/4 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASIC 0 Info)	Ũ						
ASIC 0 HASE MAB 0: Uni MAB 1: Uni MAB 2: Uni MAB 3: Uni MAB 4: Uni MAB 5: Uni MAB 6: Uni	I Table 0 S cast MAC a cast MAC a cast MAC a cast MAC a cast MAC a cast MAC a	addresses addresses addresses addresses addresses addresses	srip 0 1 srip 0 1 srip 0 1 srip 0 1 srip 0 1 srip 0 1)				

MAB 7: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 ASIC 0 HASH Table 1 Software info: FSE 0 MAB 0: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 1: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 2: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 3: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 4: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 5: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 6: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 MAB 7: Unicast MAC addresses srip 0 1 ASIC 0 HASH Table 2 Software info: FSE 1 MAB 0: L3 Multicast entries srip 2 3 MAB 1: L3 Multicast entries srip 2 3 MAB 2: SGT_DGT srip 0 1 MAB 3: SGT DGT srip 0 1 MAB 4: (null) srip MAB 5: (null) srip MAB 6: (null) srip MAB 7: (null) srip .

Output fields are self-explanatory.

Related Commands

Command	Description
show tech-support platform evpn_vxlan	Displays EVPN-VXLAN-related platform information.
show tech-support platform fabric	Displays detailed information about the switch fabic.
show tech-support platform igmp_snooping	Displays IGMP snooping information about a group.
show tech-support platform layer3	Displays Layer 3 platform forwarding information.
show tech-support platform mld_snooping	Displays MLD snooping information about a group.

show tech-support platform evpn_vxlan

To display Ethernet VPN (EVPN)-Virtual eXtensible LAN (VXLAN)-related platform information for use by technical support, use the **show tech-support platform evpn_vxlan** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support platform evpn_vxlan switch switch-number

Syntax Description	switch switch-number	Displays information for the specified switch. Valid values are from 1 to 9.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to an port platform evpn_vxlan switch 1 redirect flash: <i>filename</i>) in note file system.		
Examples	The following is sample output from the show tech-support platform evpn_vxlan command:			
	Device# show tech-support platform e	wpn_vxlan switch 1		
	•			
	"show clock"			
	"show version"			
	"show running-config"switch no:	1		
	sh sdm prefer			
	Showing SDM Template Info			
	This is the Advanced template.			
	Number of VLANs:	4094		
	Unicast MAC addresses:	32768		
	Overflow Unicast MAC addresses:	512		
	L2 Multicast entries:	4096		
	Overflow L2 Multicast entries:	512		
	L3 Multicast entries:	4096		
	Overflow L3 Multicast entries:	512		
	Directly connected routes:	16384		
	Indirect routes: STP Instances:	7168 4096		
	STP Instances: Security Access Control Entries:	4096 3072		
	QoS Access Control Entries:	2560		
	Policy Based Routing ACEs:	1024		
		768		
	Netflow ACEs:	768 512		
	Netflow ACEs: Flow SPAN ACEs:	512		
	Netflow ACEs:			

Input Netflow flows: 8192 Output Netflow flows: 16384 SGT/DGT (or) MPLS VPN entries: 4096 SGT/DGT (or) MPLS VPN Overflow entries: 512 2048 Wired clients: MACSec SPD Entries: 256 MPLS L3 VPN VRF: 127 MPLS Labels: 2048 MPLS L3 VPN Routes VRF Mode: 7168 MPLS L3 VPN Routes Prefix Mode: 3072 MVPN MDT Tunnels: 256 256 L2 VPN EOMPLS Attachment Circuit: MAX VPLS Bridge Domains : 64 MAX VPLS Peers Per Bridge Domain: 8 MAX VPLS/VPWS Pseudowires : 256 These numbers are typical for L2 and $\ensuremath{\text{IPv4}}$ features. Some features such as IPv6, use up double the entry size; so only half as many entries can be created. * values can be modified by sdm cli. ----- show platform software fed switch 1 ifm interfaces nve --------- show platform software fed switch 1 ifm interfaces efp ---------- show platform software fed switch 1 matm macTable -----Total Mac number of addresses:: 0 *a time=aging time(secs) *e time=total elapsed time(secs) Type: MAT DYNAMIC ADDR 0x1 MAT_STATIC_ADDR 0x2 MAT CPU ADDR 0x4 MAT DISCARD ADDR 0x8 MAT ALL VLANS 0x20 MAT_IPMULT_ADDR 0x10 MAT_NO_FORWARD 0x40 MAT RESYNC 0x80 MAT DO NOT AGE 0x100 MAT SECURE ADDR 0x200 MAT NO PORT 0x400 MAT_DROP_ADDR 0x800 0x1000 MAT_NULL_DESTINATION MAT_DUP_ADDR 0x1000 0x4000 MAT_ROUTER_ADDR 0x2000 MAT DOT1X ADDR 0x8000 MAT WIRELESS ADDR 0x10000 MAT SECURE CFG ADDR 0x20000 MAT OPQ DATA PRESENT 0x40000 MAT WIRED TUNNEL ADDR 0x80000 MAT_DLR_ADDR 0x100000 MAT_MRP_ADDR 0x200000 MAT_MSRP_ADDR 0x400000 MAT LISP LOCAL ADDR 0x800000 MAT LISP REMOTE ADDR 0x1000000 MAT VPLS ADDR 0x2000000 Device#

Output fields are self-explanatory.

Commands	Command	Description	
		Displays detailed information about a platform for use by technical support.	

Related

show tech-support platform fabric

To display information about the switch fabric, use the **show tech-support platform fabric** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support platform fabric [display-cli | vrf vrf-name {ipv4 display-cli | ipv6 display-cli | source instance-id instance-id {ipv4 ip-address/ip-prefix | ipv6 ipv6-address/ipv6-prefix | mac mac-address} {dest instance-id instance-id} {ipv4 ip-address/ip-prefix | ipv6 ipv6-address/ipv6-prefix | mac mac-address} [display-cli]}]

Syntax Description	display-cli		(Optional) Displays the list of show commands available in the output of this command.
	vrf vrf-name		(Optional) Displays fabric-related information for the specified virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) instance.
	ipv4 ip-address/ip-prefix		(Optional) Displays fabric-related information for the source or destination IP VRF.
	ipv6 ipv6-address/ipv6-prefix		(Optional) Displays fabric-related information for the source or destination IPv6 VRF.
	source		(Optional) Displays fabric-related information for the source VRF.
	instance-id instance-id		(Optional) Displays information about the endpoint identifier (EID) of the source.
	mac mac-address		(Optional) Displays fabric-related information for the source and destination MAC VRF for Layer 2 extension deployments.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command wa	as introduced.
Usage Guidelines	The output of this command is very long. external file (for example, show tech-sup storage file system or remote file system.		

The output of this command displays a list commands and their output. These commands may differ based on the platform.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show tech-support platform fabric vrf source instance-id ipv4 dest instance-id ipv4** command:

Device# show tech-support platform fabric vrf DEFAULT_VN source instance-id 4098 ipv4 10.1.1.1/32 dest instance-id 4098 ipv4 10.12.12/32

```
-----show ip lisp eid-table vrf DEFAULT VN forwarding eid remote 10.12.12.12----
Prefix
                      Fwd action Locator status bits encap iid
10.12.12.12/32
                                 0x00000001
                      encap
                                                        N/A
 packets/bytes 1/576
 path list 7F44EEC2C188, 4 locks, per-destination, flags 0x49 [shble, rif, hwcn]
   ifnums:
     LISP0.4098(78): 192.0.2.2
   1 path
     path 7F44F8B5AFF0, share 10/10, type attached nexthop, for IPv4
       nexthop 192.0.2.2 LISP0.4098, IP midchain out of LISP0.4098, addr 192.0.2.2
7F44F8E86CE8
   1 output chain
      chain[0]: IP midchain out of LISP0.4098, addr 192.0.2.2 7F44F8E86CE8
                IP adj out of GigabitEthernet1/0/1, addr 10.0.2.1 7F44F8E87378
-----show lisp instance-id 4098 ipv4 map-cache-----
LISP IPv4 Mapping Cache for EID-table vrf DEFAULT VN (IID 4098), 3 entries
0.0.0.0/0, uptime: 02:46:01, expires: never, via static-send-map-request
 Encapsulating to proxy ETR
10.1.1.0/24, uptime: 02:46:01, expires: never, via dynamic-EID, send-map-request
  Encapsulating to proxy ETR
10.12.12.12/32, uptime: 02:45:54, expires: 21:14:06, via map-reply, complete
 Locator Uptime State Pri/Wgt
                                          Encap-IID
 192.0.2.2 02:45:54 up
                                 10/10
-----show lisp instance-id 4098 ipv4 map-cache detail-----
LISP IPv4 Mapping Cache for EID-table vrf DEFAULT VN (IID 4098), 3 entries
0.0.0.0/0, uptime: 02:46:01, expires: never, via static-send-map-request
 Sources: static-send-map-request
  State: send-map-request, last modified: 02:46:01, map-source: local
 Exempt, Packets out: 2(676 bytes) (~ 02:45:38 ago)
 Configured as EID address space
 Encapsulating to proxy ETR
101.1.0/24, uptime: 02:46:01, expires: never, via dynamic-EID, send-map-request
 Sources: NONE
  State: send-map-request, last modified: 02:46:01, map-source: local
 Exempt, Packets out: 0(0 bytes)
 Configured as EID address space
  Configured as dynamic-EID address space
  Encapsulating dynamic-EID traffic
 Encapsulating to proxy ETR
```

10.12.12.12/32, uptime: 02:45:54, expires: 21:14:06, via map-reply, complete Sources: map-reply State: complete, last modified: 02:45:54, map-source: 10.0.1.2 Idle, Packets out: 1(576 bytes) (~ 02:45:38 ago) Locator Uptime State Pri/Wgt Encap-IID 192.0.2.2 02:45:54 up 10/10 Last up-down state change: 02:45:54, state change count: 1 Last route reachability change: 02:45:54, state change count: 1 never/never Last priority / weight change: RLOC-probing loc-status algorithm: Last RLOC-probe sent: 02:45:54 (rtt 1ms) -----show lisp instance-id 4098 ipv4 map-cache 10.12.12.12/32-----LISP IPv4 Mapping Cache for EID-table vrf DEFAULT VN (IID 4098), 3 entries 10.12.12.12/32, uptime: 02:45:54, expires: 21:14:06, via map-reply, complete Sources: map-reply State: complete, last modified: 02:45:54, map-source: 10.0.1.2 Idle, Packets out: 1(576 bytes) (~ 02:45:38 ago) Locator Uptime State Pri/Wgt Encap-IID 192.0.2.2 02:45:54 up 10/10 Last up-down state change: 02:45:54, state change count: 1 02:45:54, state change count: 1 Last route reachability change: Last priority / weight change: never/never RLOC-probing loc-status algorithm: Last RLOC-probe sent: 02:45:54 (rtt 1ms) ----show ip cef vrf DEFAULT VN 10.12.12.12/32 internal----10.12.12.12/32, epoch 1, flags [sc, lisp elig], refcnt 6, per-destination sharing sources: LISP, IPL feature space: Broker: linked, distributed at 1st priority subblocks: SC owned, sourced: LISP remote EID - locator status bits 0x00000001 LISP remote EID: 1 packets 576 bytes fwd action encap, cfg as EID space LISP source path list path list 7F44EEC2C188, 4 locks, per-destination, flags 0x49 [shble, rif, hwcn] ifnums: LISP0.4098(78): 192.0.2.2 1 path path 7F44F8B5AFF0, share 10/10, type attached nexthop, for IPv4 nexthop 192.0.2.2 LISP0.4098, IP midchain out of LISP0.4098, addr 192.0.2.2 7F44F8E86CE8 1 output chain chain[0]: IP midchain out of LISP0.4098, addr 192.0.2.2 7F44F8E86CE8 IP adj out of GigabitEthernet1/0/1, addr 10.0.2.1 7F44F8E87378 Dependent covered prefix type LISP, cover 0.0.0.0/0 2 IPL sources [no flags] ifnums: LISP0.4098(78): 192.0.2.2 path list 7F44EEC2C188, 3 locks, per-destination, flags 0x49 [shble, rif, hwcn] path 7F44F8B5AFF0, share 10/10, type attached nexthop, for IPv4 nexthop 192.0.2.2 LISP0.4098, IP midchain out of LISP0.4098, addr 192.0.2.2 7F44F8E86CE8 output chain: PushCounter (LISP:10.12.12.12/32) 7F44F3C8B8D8 IP midchain out of LISP0.4098, addr 192.0.2.2 7F44F8E86CE8 IP adj out of GigabitEthernet1/0/1, addr 10.0.2.1 7F44F8E87378

Output fields are self-explanatory.

Related Commands	Command	Description		
		Displays detailed information about a platform for use by technical support.		

show tech-support platform igmp_snooping

To display Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping information about a group, use the **show tech-support platform igmp_snooping** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support platform igmp_snooping [Group_ipAddr ipv4-address | [vlan vlan-ID]]

Syntax Description	Group_ipAddr	(Optional) Displays snooping information about the specified group address.
	ipv4-address	(Optional) IPv4 address of the group.
	vlan vlan-ID	(Optional) Displays IGMP snooping VLAN information. Valid values are from 1 to 4094.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.
		igmp_snooping GroupIPAddr 226.6.6.6 vlan
	show ip igmp snooping groups 5 226.6.6.6	i 226.6.6.6 user Gi1/0/8, Gi1/0/27, Gi1/0/28,
	show ip igmp snooping groups Total number of groups: 2	count
	show ip igmp snooping mroute	r
	Vlan ports 23 Router 24 Router	

25 Router

```
----- show ip igmp snooping querier -----
```

Vlan	IP Address	IGMP Version	Port
23	10.1.1.1	v2	Router
24 25	10.1.2.1 10.1.3.1	v2 v2	Router Router

----- show ip igmp snooping vlan 5 -----

```
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
```

IGMP snooping	: Enabled		
Global PIM Snooping	: Disabled		
IGMPv3 snooping	: Enabled		
Report suppression	: Enabled		
TCN solicit query	: Disabled		
TCN flood query count	: 2		
Robustness variable	: 2		
Last member query count	: 2		
Last member query interval	: 1000		

Vlan 5:

IGMP snooping	:	Enabled
Pim Snooping	:	Disabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave	:	Disabled
Explicit host tracking	:	Enabled
Multicast router learning mode	:	pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode	:	IGMP_ONLY
Robustness variable	:	2
Last member query count	:	2
Last member query interval	:	1000

----- show ip igmp snooping groups vlan 5 -----

Vlan	Group	Туре	Version	Port List
5	226.6.6.6	user		Gi1/0/8, Gi1/0/27, Gi1/0/28, Gi2/0/7, Gi2/0/8, Gi2/0/27, Gi2/0/28
5	238.192.0.1	user		Gi2/0/28

----- show platform software fed active ip igmp snooping vlan 5 -----

```
Vlan 5

------

IGMPSN Enabled : On

PIMSN Enabled : Off

Flood Mode : On

I-Mrouter : Off

Oper State : Up
```

```
STP TCN Flood : Off
 Routing Enabled : Off
 PIM Enabled : Off
 PVLAN
               : No
              : 0x0
In Retry
L3mcast Adj
                :
 Mrouter PortQ :
Flood PortQ
                :
----- show platform software fed active ip igmp snooping groups | begin 226.6.6.6 -----
Vlan:5 Group:226.6.6.6
------
Member ports :
CAPWAP ports :
Host Type Flags: 0
Failure Flags : 0
DI handle : 0x7f11151cbad8
REP RI handle : 0x7f11151cc018
SI handle : 0x7f11151cd198
HTM handle : 0x7f11151cd518
si hdl : 0x7f11151cd198 rep ri hdl : 0x7f11151cc018 di hdl : 0x7f11151cbad8 htm hdl :
0x7f11151cd518
Device#
```

Output fields are self-explanatory.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ip igmp snooping	Enables IGMP snooping globally or on an interface.
	show ip igmp snooping	Displays the IGMP snooping configuration of a device.
	show tech-support platform	Displays detailed information about a platform for use by technical support.

show tech-support platform layer3

To display Layer 3 platform forwarding information, use the **show tech-support platform layer3** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support platform layer3 {**multicast Group_ipAddr** *ipv4-address* **switch** *switch-number* **srcIP** *ipv4-address* | **unicast** {**dstIP** *ipv4-address* **srcIP** *ipv4-address* | **vrf** *vrf-name* **destIP** *ipv4-address* **srcIP** *ipv4-address* }}

Syntax Description	multicast	Displays multicast information.
	Group_ipv6Addr ipv4-address	Displays information about the specified multicast group address.
	switch switch-number	Displays information about the specified switch. Valid values are from 1 to 9.
	srcIP ipv4-address	Displays information about the specified source address.
	unicast	Displays unicast-related information.
	dstIP ipv4-address	Displays information about the specified destination address.
	vrf vrf-name	Displays unicast-related virtual routing and forwarding (VRF) information.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	external file (for example, show tech-sup	To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to an port platform layer3 multicast group 224.1.1.1 switch 1 srcIP local writable storage file system or remote file system.
Examples	The following is sample output from the s command:	how tech-support platform layer3 multicast group
	Device# show tech-support platform switch 1 srcIp 10.10.0.2	layer3 multicast group_ipAddr 224.1.1.1
	:	
	destination IP: 224.1.1.1 source IP: 10.10.0.2	

```
switch no: 1
----- show ip mroute 224.1.1.1 10.10.0.2 -----
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, B - Bidir Group, s - SSM Group, C - Connected,
       L - Local, P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag,
       T - SPT-bit set, J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, E - Extranet,
       X - Proxy Join Timer Running, A - Candidate for MSDP Advertisement,
       U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host Report,
       Z - Multicast Tunnel, z - MDT-data group sender,
      Y - Joined MDT-data group, y - Sending to MDT-data group,
       G - Received BGP C-Mroute, g - Sent BGP C-Mroute,
      N - Received BGP Shared-Tree Prune, n - BGP C-Mroute suppressed,
       Q - Received BGP S-A Route, q - Sent BGP S-A Route,
       V - RD & Vector, v - Vector, p - PIM Joins on route,
      x - VxLAN group, c - PFP-SA cache created entry
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched, A - Assert winner, p - PIM Join
Timers: Uptime/Expires
 Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode
(10.10.0.2, 224.1.1.1), 00:00:22/00:02:37, flags: LFT
  Incoming interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/10, RPF nbr 0.0.0.0, Registering
  Outgoing interface list:
   Vlan20, Forward/Sparse, 00:00:22/00:02:37, A
----- show ip mfib 224.1.1.1 10.10.0.2 -----
                C - Directly Connected, S - Signal, IA - Inherit A flag,
Entry Flags:
                ET - Data Rate Exceeds Threshold, K - Keepalive
                DDE - Data Driven Event, HW - Hardware Installed
                ME - MoFRR ECMP entry, MNE - MoFRR Non-ECMP entry, MP - MFIB
                MOFRR Primary, RP - MRIB MOFRR Primary, P - MOFRR Primary
                MS - MoFRR Entry in Sync, MC - MoFRR entry in MoFRR Client.
I/O Item Flags: IC - Internal Copy, NP - Not platform switched,
               NS - Negate Signalling, SP - Signal Present,
                A - Accept, F - Forward, RA - MRIB Accept, RF - MRIB Forward,
                MA - MFIB Accept, A2 - Accept backup,
                RA2 - MRIB Accept backup, MA2 - MFIB Accept backup
Forwarding Counts: Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kbits per second
Other counts:
                  Total/RPF failed/Other drops
I/O Item Counts: FS Pkt Count/PS Pkt Count
Default
 (10.10.0.2,224.1.1.1) Flags: HW
   SW Forwarding: 0/0/0/0, Other: 1/1/0
  HW Forwarding: NA/NA/NA, Other: NA/NA/NA
  GigabitEthernet1/0/10 Flags: A
  Vlan20 Flags: F IC
     Pkts: 0/0
   TunnelO Flags: F
     Pkts: 0/0
```

----- show platform software fed switch 1 ip multicast interface summary -----Multicast Interface database

VRF Interface SVI	IF ID	PIM Status	State	RI Handle
<pre>0 GigabitEthernet1/0/10 0x00007fb414b1f108 false 0 Vlan20 0x00007fb414b31a98 true</pre>	0x0000000000000005f 0x000000000000000060			
show platform software t	fed switch 1 ip mult	icast groups	summary	
Multicast Groups database				
Mvrf_id: 0 Mroute: (*, 224.0) Htm: 0x00007fb414b23ce8 Si 0x00007fb414b245f8			7fb414b240e8 R	ep_ri:
Mvrf_id: 0 Mroute: (*, 224.0) Htm: 0x00007fb4143549e8 Si 0x00007fb414b20428		Di: 0x0000	7fb414b1fe78 R	ep_ri:
Mvrf_id: 0 Mroute: (*, 224.1 Htm: 0x00007fb414b2cc98 Si 0x00007fb414b2b0c8			7fb414b2ab98 R	ep_ri:
Mvrf_id: 0 Mroute: (10.10.0.2 Htm: 0x00007fb414b2f348 Si 0x00007fb414b30ed8		2	7fb414b2dba8 R	ep_ri:
show platform software : Total Number of entries:4	fed switch 1 ip mult	icast groups	count	
show platform software source 10.10.0.2 detail	-	icast groups	224.1.1.1/32	
MROUTE ENTRY vrf 0 (10.10.0.2, HW Handle: 140411418055080 F RPF interface: GigabitEthernet HW Handle:140411418055080 F Number of OIF: 3 Flags: 0x4 Pkts : 0 OIF Details: Tunnel0 Adj: 0xf8000 Vlan20 Adj: 0xf8000 GigabitEthernet1/0/10 Htm: 0x7fb414b2f348 Si: 0x7fb	Flags: IC t1/0/10(95)): lags:A 0636 F 601 F IC A	b414b2dba8	Rep_ri: 0x7fb41	4b30ed8
DI details				
Handle:0x7fb414b2dba8 Res-Type Feature-ID:AL_FID_L3_ MULTICAST_IPV4 Lkp-ftr-id:LKP_ priv_ri/priv_si Handle:(nil) F mtu_index/13u_ri_index0:0x0	 _FEAT_INVALID ref_cc Hardware Indices/Har	ount:1 dles: index0	:0x538e	

```
Cookie length: 56
00 00
Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 0)
Destination Index (DI) [0x538e]
portMap = 0x0000000
                         0
cmi1 = 0x385
rcpPortMap = 0
al rsc cmi
CPU Map Index (CMI) [0x385]
ctiLo0 = 0x9
ctiLo1 = 0
ctiLo2 = 0
cpuQNum0 = 0x9e
cpuQNum1 = 0
cpuQNum2 = 0
npuIndex = 0
strip_seg = 0x0
copy seg = 0x0
Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 1)
-----
Destination Index (DI) [0x538e]
portMap = 0x0000000
                         0
cmi1 = 0x385
rcpPortMap = 0
al rsc cmi
CPU Map Index (CMI) [0x385]
ctiLo0 = 0x9
ctiLo1 = 0
ctiLo2 = 0
cpuQNum0 = 0x9e
cpuQNum1 = 0
cpuQNum2 = 0
npuIndex = 0
strip_seg = 0x0
copy\_seg = 0x0
_____
RI details
_____
Handle:0x7fb414b30ed8 Res-Type:ASIC RSC RI REP Res-Switch-Num:255 Asic-Num:255 Feature-ID:
AL_FID_L3_MULTICAST_IPV4 Lkp-ftr-id:LKP_FEAT_INVALID ref_count:1
priv ri/priv si Handle:(nil) Hardware Indices/Handles: index0:0x5 mtu index/l3u ri index0:0x0
index1:0x5 mtu_index/l3u_ri_index1:0x0
Cookie length: 56
00 00 00
Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 0)
Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 1)
_____
```

SI details Handle:0x7fb414b321d8 Res-Type:ASIC RSC SI STATS Res-Switch-Num:255 Asic-Num:255 Feature-ID: AL FID L3 MULTICAST IPV4 Lkp-ftr-id:LKP FEAT INVALID ref count:1 priv ri/priv si Handle:(nil) Hardware Indices/Handles: index0:0x4004 mtu index/l3u ri index0: 0x0 sm handle 0:0x7fb414b2df98 index1:0x4004 mtu index/l3u ri index1:0x0 Cookie length: 56 00 Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 0) _____ Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 1) _____ HTM details _____ Handle:0x7fb414b2f348 Res-Type:ASIC RSC HASH TCAM Res-Switch-Num:0 Asic-Num:255 Feature-ID: AL_FID_L3_MULTICAST_IPV4 Lkp-ftr-id:LKP_FEAT_IPV4_MCAST_SG ref_count:1 priv ri/priv si Handle:(nil) Hardware Indices/Handles: handle0:0x7fb414b2f558 Detailed Resource Information (ASIC# 0) _____ Number of HTM Entries: 1 Entry #0: (handle 0x7fb414b2f558) KEY - src_addr:10.10.0.2 starg_station_index: 16387 MASK - src addr:0.0.0.0 starg station index: 0 AD: use starg match: 0 mcast bridge frame: 0 mcast rep frame: 0 rpf valid: 1 rpf le ptr: 0 afd client flag: 0 dest mod bridge: 0 dest mod route: 1 cpp type: 0 dest mod index: 0 rp index: 0 priority: 5 rpf le: 36 station index: 16388 capwap mgid present: 0 mgid 0

The following is sample output from the **show tech-support platform layer3 unicast vrf** command:

Device# show tech-support platform layer3 unicast vrf vr1 dstIP 10.0.0.20 srcIP 10.0.0.10

----- show switch ------

•

```
10.0.0.10 -> 10.0.0.20 => IP adj out of GigabitEthernet1/0/7, addr 10.0.0.20
----- show ip cef exact-route platform 10.0.0.10 10.0.0.20 -----
nexthop is 10.0.20
Protocol Interface
                                  Address
ΙP
        GigabitEthernet1/0/7
                                   10.0.20(8)
                                  0 packets, 0 bytes
                                  epoch 0
                                   sourced in sev-epoch 0
                                  Encap length 14
                                   00211BFDE6495006AB8902C00800
                                  L2 destination address byte offset 0
                                  L2 destination address byte length 6
                                  Link-type after encap: ip
                                  ARP
----- show adjacency 10.0.0.20 detail -----
Routing entry for 10.0.0/24
 Known via "connected", distance 0, metric 0 (connected, via interface)
 Routing Descriptor Blocks:
  * directly connected, via GigabitEthernet1/0/7
     Route metric is 0, traffic share count is 1
----- show ip route 10.0.0.20 -----
10.0.0.20/32, epoch 3, flags [attached]
 Adj source: IP adj out of GigabitEthernet1/0/7, addr 10.0.0.20 FF90E67820
   Dependent covered prefix type adjfib, cover 10.0.0/24
  attached to GigabitEthernet1/0/7
----- show ip cef 10.0.0.20 detail -----
ip prefix: 10.0.0.20/32
Forwarding Table
10.0.0.20/32 -> OBJ_ADJACENCY (29), urpf: 30
Connected Interface: 31
Prefix Flags: Directly L2 attached
OM handle: 0x10205416d8
```

----- show platform software ip switch 1 R0 cef prefix 10.0.0.20/32 detail -----

```
OBJ ADJACENCY found: 29
Number of adjacency objects: 5
Adjacency id: 0x1d (29)
 Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/7, IF index: 31, Link Type: MCP LINK IP
 Encap: 0:21:1b:fd:e6:49:50:6:ab:89:2:c0:8:0
 Encap Length: 14, Encap Type: MCP_ET_ARPA, MTU: 1500
 Flags: no-13-inject
  Incomplete behavior type: None
  Fixup: unknown
 Fixup Flags 2: unknown
 Nexthop addr: 10.0.0.20
 IP FRR MCP ADJ IPFRR NONE 0
 OM handle: 0x1020541348
----- show platform software adjacency switch 1 R0 index 29 -----
Forwarding Table
10.0.20/32 -> OBJ ADJACENCY (29), urpf: 30
Connected Interface: 31
Prefix Flags: Directly L2 attached
aom id: 393, HW handle: (nil) (created)
----- show platform software ip switch 1 F0 cef prefix 10.0.0.20/32 detail -----
OBJ ADJACENCY found: 29
Number of adjacency objects: 5
Adjacency id: 0x1d (29)
  Interface: GigabitEthernet1/0/7, IF index: 31, Link Type: MCP LINK IP
 Encap: 0:21:1b:fd:e6:49:50:6:ab:89:2:c0:8:0
 Encap Length: 14, Encap Type: MCP_ET_ARPA, MTU: 1500
 Flags: no-13-inject
 Incomplete behavior type: None
 Fixup: unknown
  Fixup Flags 2: unknown
 Nexthop addr: 10.0.20
 IP FRR MCP ADJ IPFRR NONE 0
  aom id: 391, HW handle: (nil) (created)
----- show platform software adjacency switch 1 F0 index 29 -----
```

found aom id: 391

```
Object identifier: 391
  Description: adj 0x1d, Flags None
 Status: Done, Epoch: 0, Client data: 0xc6a747a8
----- show platform software object-manager switch 1 F0 object 391 -----
Object identifier: 66
 Description: intf GigabitEthernet1/0/7, handle 31, hw handle 31, HW dirty: NONE AOM dirty
NONE
 Status: Done
----- show platform software object-manager switch 1 F0 object 391 parents -----
Object identifier: 393
 Description: PREFIX 10.0.0.20/32 (Table id 0)
  Status: Done
```

Output fields are self-explanatory.

Related Commands	Command	Description	
		Displays detailed information about a platform for use by technical support.	

show tech-support platform mld_snooping

To display Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping information about a group, use the **show tech-support platform mld_snooping** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support platform mld_snooping [Group_ipv6Addr ipv6-address][vlan vlan-ID]

Syntax Description	Group_ipv6Addr	(Optional) Displays snooping information about the specified group address.
	ipv6-address	(Optional) IPv6 address of the group.
	vlan vlan-ID	(Optional) Displays MLD snooping VLAN information. Valid values are from 1 to 4094.
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines		To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to an port platform mld_snooping redirect flash: <i>filename</i>) in the local system.
Examples	The following is sample output from the s	how tech-support platform mld_snooping command:
	Device# show tech-support platform	mld_snooping GroupIPv6Addr FF02::5:1
	show running-con	fig
	Building configuration	
	Current configuration : 11419 bytes	
	! ! Last configuration change at 09:1 !	7:04 UTC Thu Sep 6 2018
	version 16.10	
	no service pad service timestamps debug datetime m	sec
	service timestamps log datetime mse	
	service call-home	kernel_core
	no platform punt-keepalive disable- !	Kerner-core
	hostname Switch	
	: !	
	vrf definition Mgmt-vrf	

```
address-family ipv4
 exit-address-family
 1
 address-family ipv6
 exit-address-family
!
1
no aaa new-model
switch 1 provision ws-c3650-12x48uq
call-home
! If contact email address in call-home is configured as sch-smart-licensing@cisco.com
 ! the email address configured in Cisco Smart License Portal will be used as contact email
 address to send SCH notifications.
 contact-email-addr sch-smart-licensing@cisco.com
profile "profile-1"
 active
 destination transport-method http
 no destination transport-method email
1
1
I
1
1
ip admission watch-list expiry-time 0
1
login on-success log
no device-tracking logging theft
crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-559433368
enrollment selfsigned
 subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-559433368
revocation-check none
 rsakeypair TP-self-signed-559433368
1
crypto pki trustpoint SLA-TrustPoint
 enrollment pkcs12
 revocation-check crl
I.
crypto pki certificate chain TP-self-signed-559433368
 certificate self-signed 01
  30820229 30820192 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050030
  30312E30 2C060355 04031325 494F532D 53656C66 2D536967 6E65642D 43657274
  69666963 6174652D 35353934 33333336 38301E17 0D313531 32303331 32353432
  325A170D 32303031 30313030 30303030 5A303031 2E302C06 03550403 1325494F
  532D5365 6C662D53 69676E65 642D4365 72746966 69636174 652D3535 39343333
  33363830 819F300D 06092A86 4886F70D 01010105 0003818D 00308189 02818100
  AD8C9C3B FEE7FFC8 986837D2 4C126172 446C3C53 E040F798 4BA61C97 7506FDCE
  46365D0A E47E3F4F C774CA5B 73E2A8DD B72A2E98 C66DB196 94E8150F 0B669CF6
  AA5BC4CD FC2E02F6 FE08B17F 0164FC19 7DC84ABB C99D91D6 398233FF 814EF6DA
  6DC8FC20 CA12C0D6 1CB28EDA 6ADD6DFA 7E3E8281 4A189A9A AA44FCC0 BA9BD8A5
  02030100 01A35330 51300F06 03551D13 0101FF04 05300301 01FF301F 0603551D
```

23041830 16801448 668D668E C92914BB 69E9BA64 F61228DE 132E2030 1D060355 1D0E0416 04144866 8D668EC9 2914BB69 E9BA64F6 1228DE13 2E20300D 06092A86 4886F70D 01010505 00038181 0000F1D3 3DD1E5F1 EB714A95 D5819933 CAD0C943 59927D55 9D70CAD0 D64830EB D54380AD D2B5B613 F8AF7A5B 1F801134 246F760D 5E5515DB D098304F 5086F6CE 88E8B576 F6B93A88 F458FDCF 91A42D7E FA741908 5C892D78 600FB655 E6C5A4D0 6C1F1B9A 3AECA550 E3DC0881 01C4D004 7AB65BC3 88CF24DE DAA19474 51B535A5 0C quit crypto pki certificate chain SLA-TrustPoint certificate ca 01 30820321 30820209 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 0B050030 32310E30 0C060355 040A1305 43697363 6F312030 1E060355 04031317 43697363 6F204C69 63656E73 696E6720 526F6F74 20434130 1E170D31 33303533 30313934 3834375A 170D3338 30353330 31393438 34375A30 32310E30 0C060355 040A1305 43697363 6F312030 1E060355 04031317 43697363 6F204C69 63656E73 696E6720 526F6F74 20434130 82012230 0D06092A 864886F7 0D010101 05000382 010F0030 82010A02 82010100 A6BCBD96 131E05F7 145EA72C 2CD686E6 17222EA1 F1EFF64D CBB4C798 212AA147 C655D8D7 9471380D 8711441E 1AAF071A 9CAE6388 8A38E520 1C394D78 462EF239 C659F715 B98C0A59 5BBB5CBD 0CFEBEA3 700A8BF7 D8F256EE 4AA4E80D DB6FD1C9 60B1FD18 FFC69C96 6FA68957 A2617DE7 104FDC5F EA2956AC 7390A3EB 2B5436AD C847A2C5 DAB553EB 69A9A535 58E9F3E3 C0BD23CF 58BD7188 68E69491 20F320E7 948E71D7 AE3BCC84 F10684C7 4BC8E00F 539BA42B 42C68BB7 C7479096 B4CB2D62 EA2F505D C7B062A4 6811D95B E8250FC4 5D5D5FB8 8F27D191 C55F0D76 61F9A4CD 3D992327 A8BB03BD 4E6D7069 7CBADF8B DF5F4368 95135E44 DFC7C6CF 04DD7FD1 02030100 01A34230 40300E06 03551D0F 0101FF04 04030201 06300F06 03551D13 0101FF04 05300301 01FF301D 0603551D 0E041604 1449DC85 4B3D31E5 1B3E6A17 606AF333 3D3B4C73 E8300D06 092A8648 86F70D01 010B0500 03820101 00507F24 D3932A66 86025D9F E838AE5C 6D4DF6B0 49631C78 240DA905 604EDCDE FF4FED2B 77FC460E CD636FDB DD44681E 3A5673AB 9093D3B1 6C9E3D8B D98987BF E40CBD9E 1AECA0C2 2189BB5C 8FA85686 CD98B646 5575B146 8DFC66A8 467A3DF4 4D565700 6ADF0F0D CF835015 3C04FF7C 21E878AC 11BA9CD2 55A9232C 7CA7B7E6 C1AF74F6 152E99B7 B1FCF9BB E973DE7F 5BDDEB86 C71E3B49 1765308B 5FB0DA06 B92AFE7F 494E8A9E 07B85737 F3A58BE1 1A48A229 C37C1E69 39F08678 80DDCD16 D6BACECA EEBC7CF9 8428787B 35202CDC 60E4616A B623CDBD 230E3AFB 418616A9 4093E049 4D10AB75 27E86F73 932E35B5 8862FDAE 0275156F 719BB2F0 D697DF7F 28 quit ! 1 diagnostic bootup level minimal diagnostic monitor syslog spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst spanning-tree extend system-id redundancy mode sso class-map match-any system-cpp-police-topology-control description Topology control class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sw-forward description Sw forwarding, L2 LVX data, LOGGING class-map match-any system-cpp-default description EWLC control, EWLC data, Inter FED class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sys-data

description Learning cache ovfl, High Rate App, Exception, EGR Exception, NFL SAMPLED

```
DATA, RPF Failed
class-map match-any AutoQos-4.0-RT1-Class
match dscp ef
match dscp cs6
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-punt-webauth
  description Punt Webauth
class-map match-any AutoQos-4.0-RT2-Class
match dscp cs4
match dscp cs3
match dscp af41
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-l2lvx-control
  description L2 LVX control packets
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-forus
  description Forus Address resolution and Forus traffic
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast-end-station
  description MCAST END STATION
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-multicast
  description Transit Traffic and MCAST Data
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-12-control
 description L2 control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-dot1x-auth
  description DOT1X Auth
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-data
  description ICMP redirect, ICMP GEN and BROADCAST
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-stackwise-virt-control
  description Stackwise Virtual
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-control-low-priority
  description ICMP redirect and general punt
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-wireless-priority1
  description Wireless priority 1
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-wireless-priority2
  description Wireless priority 2
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-wireless-priority3-4-5
  description Wireless priority 3,4 and 5
class-map match-any non-client-nrt-class
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-routing-control
  description Routing control and Low Latency
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-protocol-snooping
  description Protocol snooping
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-dhcp-snooping
 description DHCP snooping
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-system-critical
  description System Critical and Gold Pkt
policy-map system-cpp-policy
class system-cpp-police-data
 police rate 200 pps
 class system-cpp-police-routing-control
 police rate 500 pps
 class system-cpp-police-control-low-priority
 class system-cpp-police-wireless-priority1
 class system-cpp-police-wireless-priority2
class system-cpp-police-wireless-priority3-4-5
policy-map port_child_policy
 class non-client-nrt-class
  bandwidth remaining ratio 10
T
1
1
1
1
!
1
!
```

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0 vrf forwarding Mgmt-vrf no ip address speed 1000 negotiation auto Т interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1 switchport mode access macsec network-link interface GigabitEthernet1/0/2 interface GigabitEthernet1/0/3 1 interface TenGigabitEthernet1/1/1 interface TenGigabitEthernet1/1/2 interface TenGigabitEthernet1/1/3 1 interface TenGigabitEthernet1/1/4 interface Vlan1 no ip address shutdown ip forward-protocol nd ip http server ip http authentication local ip http secure-server ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Bulk-Data permit tcp any any eq 22 permit tcp any any eq 465 permit tcp any any eq 143 permit tcp any any eq 993 permit tcp any any eq 995 permit tcp any any eq 1914 permit tcp any any eq ftp permit tcp any any eq ftp-data permit tcp any any eq smtp permit tcp any any eq pop3 ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-MultiEnhanced-Conf permit udp any any range 16384 32767 permit tcp any any range 50000 59999 ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Scavanger permit tcp any any range 2300 2400 permit udp any any range 2300 2400 permit tcp any any range 6881 6999 permit tcp any any range 28800 29100 permit tcp any any eq 1214 permit udp any any eq 1214 permit tcp any any eq 3689 permit udp any any eq 3689 permit tcp any any eq 11999 ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Signaling permit tcp any any range 2000 2002 permit tcp any any range 5060 5061 permit udp any any range 5060 5061 ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Transactional-Data permit tcp any any eq 443 permit tcp any any eq 1521

L

permit udp any any eq 1521 permit tcp any any eq 1526 permit udp any any eq 1526 permit tcp any any eq 1575 permit udp any any eq 1575 permit tcp any any eq 1630 permit udp any any eq 1630 permit tcp any any eq 1527 permit tcp any any eq 6200 permit tcp any any eq 3389 permit tcp any any eq 5985 permit tcp any any eq 8080 T 1 1 ipv6 access-list preauth ipv6 acl permit udp any any eq domain permit tcp any any eq domain permit icmp any any nd-ns permit icmp any any nd-na permit icmp any any router-solicitation permit icmp any any router-advertisement permit icmp any any redirect permit udp any eq 547 any eq 546 permit udp any eq 546 any eq 547 deny ipv6 any any 1 control-plane service-policy input system-cpp-policy 1 1 line con 0 stopbits 1 line aux 0 stopbits 1 line vty 0 4 login line vty 5 15 login ! 1 mac address-table notification mac-move ! ! ! 1 1 end ----show switch | Include Ready-----Active 188b.9dfc.eb00 1 V00 *1 Ready ----- show ipv6 mld snooping address | i FF02::5:1 -----Vlan Group Version Port List Туре _____ 123 FF02::5:1 mld v2 Gi2/0/1 Device#

Output fields are self-explanatory.

Related Commands

Command	Description
ipv6 mld snooping	Enables MLDv2 protocol snooping globally.
show ipv6 mld snooping	Displays MLDv2 snooping information.
show tech-support platform	Displays detailed information about a platform for use by technical support.

show tech-support port

To display port-related information for use by technical support, use the **show tech-support port** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support port

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.					
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	The output of the show tech-support port command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to an external file (for example, show tech-support port redirect flash : <i>filename</i>) in the local writable storage file system or remote file system.					
	The output of this command displays the following commands:					
	• show clock					
	• show version					
	• show module					
	• show inventory					
	• show interface status					
	show interface counters					
	show interface counters errors					
	show interfaces					
	show interfaces capabilities					
	• show controllers					
	• show controllers utilization					
	 show idprom interface 					
	• show controller ethernet-controlle	r phy detail				
	• show switch					
	show platform software fed switch active port summary					
	• show platform software fed switch ifm interfaces ethernet					
	• show platform software fed switch ifm mappings					
	 show platform software fed switch 					

- show platform software fed switch ifm mappings gpn
- show platform software fed switch ifm mappings port-le
- show platform software fed switch ifm if-id
- show platform software fed switch active port if_id

Examples

The following is sample output from the show tech-support port command:

Device# show	tech	-support po	rt	
•				
•				
	cont	rollers uti	lization	
Port R	eceiv	e Utilizati	on Transmit	Utilization
Gi1/0/1	0	0		
Gi1/0/2	0	0		
Gi1/0/3	0	0		
Gi1/0/4	0 0	0 0		
Gi1/0/5 Gi1/0/6	0	0		
Gi1/0/7	0	0		
Gi1/0/8	0	0		
Gi1/0/9	0	0		
Gi1/0/10	0	0		
Gi1/0/11	0	0		
Gi1/0/12	0	0		
Gi1/0/13	0	0		
Gi1/0/14	0 0	0 0		
Gi1/0/15 Gi1/0/16	0	0		
Gi1/0/17	0	0		
Gi1/0/18	0	0		
Gi1/0/19	0	0		
Gi1/0/20	0	0		
Gi1/0/21	0	0		
Gi1/0/22	0	0		
Gi1/0/23 Gi1/0/24	0 0	0 0		
Gi1/0/25	0	0		
Gi1/0/26	0	0		
Gi1/0/27	0	0		
Gi1/0/28	0	0		
Gi1/0/29	0	0		
Gi1/0/30	0 0	0 0		
Gi1/0/31 Gi1/0/32	0	0		
Gi1/0/33	0	0		
Gi1/0/34	0	0		
Gi1/0/35	0	0		
Gi1/0/36	0	0		
Te1/0/37	0	0		
Te1/0/38	0 0	0 0		
Te1/0/39 Te1/0/40	0	0		
Te1/0/41	0	0		
Te1/0/42	0	0		
Te1/0/43	0	0		
Te1/0/44	0	0		

```
0 0
0 0
Te1/0/45
Te1/0/46
Te1/0/47
             0 0
Te1/0/48
             0 0
Te1/1/1
             0 0
             0 0
0 0
Te1/1/2
Te1/1/3
Te1/1/4
             0 0
Total Ports : 52
Total Ports Receive Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0
Total Ports Transmit Bandwidth Percentage Utilization : 0
Average Switch Percentage Utilization : 0
----- show idprom interface Gi1/0/1 -----
*Sep 7 08:57:24.249: No module is present
٠
•
.
The output fields are self-explanatory.
```

show tech-support pvlan

To display the private VLAN related information, use the **show tech-support pvlan** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support pvlan [pvlan_id pvlan-id]

Syntax Description	pvlan_id pvlan-id	Specifies the private VLAN ID.
Command Default	Privileged EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1	This command was introduced.

Usage GuidelinesThe output from the show tech-support pvlan command is very long. To better manage this output, you can
redirect the output to a file in the local writable storage file system or the remote file system by using the
show tech-support pvlan [pvlan_id pvlan-id] | redirect location:filename). Redirecting the output
to a file also makes sending the output to your Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) representative easier.

To view the output of the redirected file, use the command more location:filename.

show version

To display information about the currently loaded software along with hardware and device information, use the **show version** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show version [switch node][installed | provisioned | running]

Syntax Description	switch node	(optional) Only a single switch may be specified. Default is all switches in a stacked system.				
	running	(optional) Specifies information on the files currently running.				
	provisioned	(optional)Spe	(optional)Specifies information on the software files that are provisioned.			
	installed	Specifies info	Specifies information on the software installed on the RP			
	user-interface	Specifies information on the files related to the user-interface.				
Command Default	No default behav	vior or values.				
Command Modes	User EXEC (>)					
	Privileged EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release		Modification]		
	Cisco IOS XE Gi	ibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.	-		
Usage Guidelines	This command displays information about the Cisco IOS software version currently running on a device, the ROM Monitor and Bootflash software versions, and information about the hardware configuration, including the amount of system memory. Because this command displays both software and hardware information, the output of this command is the same as the output of the show hardware command. (The show hardware command is a command alias for the show version command.)					
	Specifically, the show version command provides the following information:					
	Software information					
	 Main Cisco IOS image version Main Cisco IOS image capabilities (feature set) Location and name of bootfile in ROM Bootflash image version (depending on platform) 					
	Device-specific information					
	 Device name System uptime System reload reason Config-register setting Config-register settings for after the next reload (depending on platform) 			nding on platform)		
	• Hardware in	formation				

- · Platform type
- Processor type
- Processor hardware revision
- Amount of main (processor) memory installed
- Amount I/O memory installed
- Amount of Flash memory installed on different types (depending on platform)
- Processor board ID

The output of this command uses the following format:

```
Cisco IOS Software, <platform> Software (<image-id>), Version <software-version>,
  <software-type
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) <date-range> by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled <day> <date> <time> by <compiler-id>
ROM: System Bootstrap, Version <software-version>, <software-type>
BOOTLDR: <platform> Software (image-id), Version <software-version>, <software-type>
<router-name> uptime is <w> weeks, <d> davs, <h> hours,
<m> minutes
System returned to ROM by reload at <time> <day> <date>
System image file is "<filesystem-location>/<software-image-name>"
Last reload reason: <reload-reason>Cisco <platform-processor-type>
processor (revision <processor-revision-id>) with <free-DRAM-memory>
K/<packet-memory>K bytes of memory.
Processor board ID < ID-number
<CPU-type> CPU at <clock-speed>Mhz, Implementation <number>, Rev <
```

Revision-number>, <kilobytes-Processor-Cache-Memory>KB <cache-Level> Cache

See the Examples section for descriptions of the fields in this output.

Entering **show version** displays the IOS XE software version and the IOS XE software bundle which includes a set of individual packages that comprise the complete set of software that runs on the switch.

The **show version running** command displays the list of individual packages that are currently running on the switch. When booted in installed mode, this is typically the set of packages listed in the booted provisioning file. When booted in bundle mode, this is typically the set of packages contained in the bundle.

The show version provisioned command displays information about the provisioned package set.

The following is sample output from the **show version** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switch:

```
Device# show version
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_V16_10_0_101_2
Cisco IOS Software [Fuji], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_IOSXE), Experimental Version
16.10.20180903:072347
[v1610_throttle-/nobackup/mcpre/BLD-BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_183]
Copyright (c) 1986-2018 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Mon 03-Sep-18 11:53 by mcpre
```

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ROM: IOS-XE ROMMON BOOTLDR: System Bootstrap, Version 16.10.1r, RELEASE SOFTWARE (P)

C9300 uptime is 20 hours, 7 minutes Uptime for this control processor is 20 hours, 8 minutes System returned to ROM by Image Install System image file is "flash:packages.conf" Last reload reason: Image Install

This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to United States and local country laws governing import, export, transfer and use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic products does not imply third-party authority to import, export, distribute or use encryption. Importers, exporters, distributors and users are responsible for compliance with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product you agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable to comply with U.S. and local laws, return this product immediately.

A summary of U.S. laws governing Cisco cryptographic products may be found at: http://www.cisco.com/wwl/export/crypto/tool/stqrg.html

If you require further assistance please contact us by sending email to export@cisco.com.

 Technology-package
 Technology-package

 Current
 Type

 network-advantage
 Smart License

 dna-advantage
 Subscription Smart License

Technology Package License Information:

Smart Licensing Status: UNREGISTERED/EVAL MODE

cisco C9300-24U (X86) processor with 1415813K/6147K bytes of memory. Processor board ID FCW2125L0BH 8 Virtual Ethernet interfaces 56 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces 16 Ten Gigabit Ethernet interfaces 4 TwentyFive Gigabit Ethernet interfaces 4 Forty Gigabit Ethernet interfaces 2048K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory. 8388608K bytes of physical memory. 1638400K bytes of Crash Files at crashinfo:. 1638400K bytes of Crash Files at crashinfo-2:. 11264000K bytes of Flash at flash:. 11264000K bytes of Flash at flash-2:. 0K bytes of WebUI ODM Files at webui:.

Base Ethernet MAC Address: 70:d3:79:be:6c:80Motherboard Assembly Number: 73-17954-06

Model Revisio	evision Number	: A0	4U	
Switch Ports	Model	SW Version	SW Image	Mode
* 140	 C9300-24U C9300-24U	16.10.1	CAT9K_IOSXE CAT9K_IOSXE	INSTALL
Switch 02				
Switch uptime		: 20 hour	s, 8 minutes	
Base Ethernet MAC Address Motherboard Assembly Number Motherboard Serial Number Model Revision Number Motherboard Revision Number Model Number System Serial Number Last reload reason		: 73-1795 : FOC2123 : A0	4-06 0KPK 4U L03W	

Configuration register is 0x102

In the following example, the **show version running** command is entered on a Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switch to view information about the packages currently running on both switches in a 2-member stack:

```
Device# show version running
Package: Provisioning File, version: n/a, status: active
 Role: provisioning file
 File: /flash/packages.conf, on: RP0
 Built: n/a, by: n/a
 File SHA1 checksum: 6a43991bae5b94de0df8083550f827a3c01756c5
Package: rpbase, version: BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_V16_10_0_101_2, status:
active
 Role: rp base
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03_13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: rpboot, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
active
 Role: rp_boot
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpboot.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: n/a
Package: guestshell, version: BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_V16_10_0_101_2,
status: active
 Role: guestshell
 File:
/flash/cat9k-guestshell.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0/0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
```

File SHA1 checksum: 10827f9f9db3b016d19a926acc6be0541440b8d7

```
Package: rpbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
 active
 Role: rp daemons
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
 on: RP0/0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: rpbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
 active
 Role: rp iosd
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
 on: RP0/0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: rpbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
 active
 Role: rp security
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
 on: RP0/0
  Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: webui, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
 active
 Role: rp webui
 File: /flash/cat9k-webui.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
 on: RP0/0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 5112d7749b38fa1e122ce6ee1bfb266ad7eb553a
Package: srdriver, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
 active
 Role: srdriver
 File:
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg, on:
RP0/0
  Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: aff411e981a8dfc8de14005cc33462dc69f8bfaf
Package: cc srdriver, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2,
status: active
  Role: cc srdriver
  File:
/flash/cat9k-cc srdriver.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: SIPO
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
  File SHA1 checksum: e3da784f3e61ef1e153028e53d9dc94b2c9b1bf7
```

In the following example, the **show version provisioned** command is entered on a Cisco Catalyst 9300 Series Switch that is the active switch in a 2-member stack. The **show version provisioned** command displays information about the packages in the provisioned package set.

```
Device# show version provisioned
Package: Provisioning File, version: n/a, status: active
Role: provisioning file
File: /flash/packages.conf, on: RP0
Built: n/a, by: n/a
File SHA1 checksum: 6a43991bae5b94de0df8083550f827a3c01756c5
```

Package: rpbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:

```
n/a
 Role: rp base
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RPO
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: guestshell, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2,
status: n/a
 Role: guestshell
 File:
/flash/cat9k-questshell.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 10827f9f9db3b016d19a926acc6be0541440b8d7
Package: rpboot, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: rp boot
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpboot.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03_13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: n/a
Package: rpbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: rp daemons
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
 on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03_13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: rpbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: rp iosd
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: rpbase, version: BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_V16_10_0_101_2, status:
n/a
 Role: rp security
 File: /flash/cat9k-rpbase.BLD_V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
 on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 78331327788b2cd00624043d71a15094bd19d885
Package: webui, version: BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_V16_10_0_101_2, status:
n/a
 Role: rp webui
 File: /flash/cat9k-webui.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 5112d7749b38fa1e122ce6ee1bfb266ad7eb553a
Package: wlc, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: rp wlc
 File: /flash/cat9k-wlc.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: RPO
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
  File SHA1 checksum: ada21bb3d57e1b03e5af2329503ed6caa7236d6e
```

```
Package: srdriver, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: srdriver
 File:
/flash/cat9k-srdriver.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg, on:
RP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: aff411e981a8dfc8de14005cc33462dc69f8bfaf
Package: espbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: fp
 File: /flash/cat9k-espbase.BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: ESP0
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 1a2317485f285a3945b31ae57aa64c56ed30a8c0
Package: sipbase, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: cc
 File: /flash/cat9k-sipbase.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: SIPO
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: ce821195f0c0bd5e44f21e32fca76cf9b2eed02b
Package: sipspa, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2, status:
n/a
 Role: cc spa
 File: /flash/cat9k-sipspa.BLD_V1610_THROTTLE_LATEST_20180903_070602_V16_10_0_101_2.SSA.pkg,
on: STPO
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: 54645404860b662d72f8ff7fa5e6e88cb0960e20
Package: cc srdriver, version: BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2,
status: n/a
 Role: cc_srdriver
 File:
/flash/cat9k-cc srdriver.BLD V1610 THROTTLE LATEST 20180903 070602 V16 10 0 101 2.SSA.pkg,
on: SIPO
 Built: 2018-09-03 13.11, by: mcpre
 File SHA1 checksum: e3da784f3e61ef1e153028e53d9dc94b2c9b1bf7
```

Table 16: Table 5, show version running Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Package:	The individual sub-package name.
version:	The individual sub-package version.
status:	Reveals if the package is active or inactive for the specific Supervisor module.
File:	The filename of the individual package file.
on:	The slot number of the Active or Standby Supervisor that this package is running on.
Built:	The date the individual package was built.

I

system env temperature threshold yellow

	To configure the difference between the yellow and red temperature thresholds that determines the value of yellow threshold, use the system env temperature threshold yellow command in global configuration mode. To return to the default value, use the no form of this command.				
	system env temperature threshold yellow value no system env temperature threshold yellow value				
Syntax Description	<i>value</i> Specifies the difference between the yellow and red threshold values (in Celsius). The range is 10 to 25.				
Command Default	These are the default values				
	Table 17: Default Values for the Temperature Thresholds				
	Device Difference between Yellow and Red Red ¹				
	14°C 60°C				
	1 You cannot configure the red temperature threshold.				
Command Modes	Global configuration				
Command History	Release Modification				
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	You cannot configure the green and red thresholds but can configure the yellow threshold. Use the system env temperature threshold yellow <i>value</i> global configuration command to specify the difference between the yellow and red thresholds and to configure the yellow threshold. For example, if the red threshold is 66 degrees C and you want to configure the yellow threshold as 51 degrees C, set the difference between the thresholds as 15 by using the system env temperature threshold yellow 15 command. For example, if the red threshold is 60 degrees C and you want to configure the yellow threshold as 51 degrees C, set the difference between the thresholds as 15 by using the system env temperature threshold yellow 9 command.				
-	Note The internal temperature sensor in the device measures the internal system temperature and might vary ±5 degrees C.				
Examples	This example sets 15 as the difference between the yellow and red thresholds:				
	Device(config)# system env temperature threshold yellow 15 Device(config)#				

tftp-server

To configure a router or a Flash memory device on the router as a TFTP server, use one of the following **tftp-server** commands in global configuration mode. To remove a previously defined filename, use the **no** form of this command with the appropriate filename.

tftp-server [bootflash | crashinfo | disk0 | flash | null | nvram | rom | system | tmpsys] $\{ <1-99 > | <1300-1999 > | alias \}$

```
no tftp-server [ bootflash | crashinfo | disk0 | flash | null | nvram | rom | system | tmpsys ] \{ \langle 1.99 \rangle | \langle 1300.1999 \rangle | alias \}
```

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Syntax Description	bootflash	Specifies TFTP service of a file on a Flash memory device
	crashinfo	Collection of useful information related to the current crash stored in bootflash or flash memory.
	disk0	Source or destination URL of rotating media.
	flash	Specifies TFTP service of a file in Flash memory.
	null	Null destination for copies or files. You can copy a remote file to null to determine its size.
	nvram	Device's NVRAM.
	rom	Specifies TFTP service of a file in ROM.
	system	Source or destination URL for system memory, which includes the running configuration.
	alias	Specifies an alternate name for the file that the TFTP server uses in answering TFTP Read Requests.

Usage Guidelines

You can specify multiple filenames by repeating the **tftp-server** command. The system sends a copy of the system image contained in ROM or one of the system images contained in Flash memory to any client that issues a TFTP Read Request with this filename.

If the specified *filename1* or *filename2* argument exists in Flash memory, a copy of the Flash image is sent. On systems that contain a complete image in ROM, the system sends the ROM image if the specified *filename1* or *filename2* argument is not found in Flash memory.

Images that run from ROM cannot be loaded over the network. Therefore, it does not make sense to use TFTP to offer the ROMs on these images.

If a USB is configured as a TFTP server, it is recommended that all corresponding configurations be removed before physically removing or disabling the USB. The usb option will not be available once the USB is disabled or physically removed.

Command Modes Global Configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.

The following example enables a device to operate as a TFTP server. The source file c3640-i-mz is in the second partition of internal Flash memory:

Device (config) # tftp-server flash flash:2:dirt/gate/c3640-i-mz

traceroute mac

To display the Layer 2 path taken by the packets from the specified source MAC address to the specified destination MAC address, use the **traceroute mac** command in privileged EXEC mode.

traceroute mac [interface interface-id] source-mac-address [interface interface-id] destination-mac-address [vlan vlan-id] [detail]

Syntax Description	interface interface-id	(Optional) Specifies an interface on the source or destination device.		
	source-mac-address	source-mac-address The MAC address of the source device in hexadecimal format.		
	destination-mac-address	The MAC address of the destination device in hexadecimal format.		
	vlan vlan-id	vlan-id(Optional) Specifies the VLAN on which to trace the Layer 2 path that the packets take from the source device to the destination device. Valid VLAN IDs are 1 to 4094.		
	detail	(Optional) Specifies that detailed information appears.		
Command Default	No default behavior or v	alues.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.			
	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.5.1 aborted was replaced with terminated in the output error message for the traceroute mac command.			
Usage Guidelines	For Layer 2 traceroute to function properly, Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) must be enabled on all of the devices in the network. Do not disable CDP.			
	When the device detects a device in the Layer 2 path that does not support Layer 2 traceroute, the device continues to send Layer 2 trace queries and lets them time out.			
	The maximum number of hops identified in the path is ten.			
	Layer 2 traceroute supports only unicast traffic. If you specify a multicast source or destination MAC address, the physical path is not identified, and an error message appears.			
	The traceroute mac command output shows the Layer 2 path when the specified source and destination addresses belong to the same VLAN.			
	If you specify source and destination addresses that belong to different VLANs, the Layer 2 path is not identified, and an error message appears.			
	If the source or destination MAC address belongs to multiple VLANs, you must specify the VLAN to which both the source and destination MAC addresses belong.			
	If the VLAN is not specified, the path is not identified, and an error message appears.			

The Layer 2 traceroute feature is not supported when multiple devices are attached to one port through hubs (for example, multiple CDP neighbors are detected on a port).

When more than one CDP neighbor is detected on a port, the Layer 2 path is not identified, and an error message appears.

This feature is not supported in Token Ring VLANs.

Examples

This example shows how to display the Layer 2 path by specifying the source and destination MAC addresses:

```
Device# traceroute mac 0000.0201.0601 0000.0201.0201
Source 0000.0201.0601 found on con6[WS-C3750E-24PD] (2.2.6.6)
con6 (2.2.6.6) :Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/0/3
con5 (2.2.5.5 ) : Gi0/0/3 => Gi0/0/1
con1 (2.2.1.1 ) : Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/0/2
con2 (2.2.2.2 ) : Gi0/0/2 => Gi0/0/1
Destination 0000.0201.0201 found on con2[WS-C3550-24] (2.2.2.2)
Layer 2 trace completed
```

This example shows how to display the Layer 2 path by using the **detail** keyword:

```
Device# traceroute mac 0000.0201.0601 0000.0201.0201 detail
Source 0000.0201.0601 found on con6[WS-C3750E-24PD] (2.2.6.6)
con6 / WS-C3750E-24PD / 2.2.6.6 :
        Gi0/0/2 [auto, auto] => Gi0/0/3 [auto, auto]
con5 / WS-C2950G-24-EI / 2.2.5.5 :
        Fa0/3 [auto, auto] => Gi0/1 [auto, auto]
con1 / WS-C3550-12G / 2.2.1.1 :
        Gi0/1 [auto, auto] => Gi0/2 [auto, auto]
con2 / WS-C3550-24 / 2.2.2.2 :
        Gi0/2 [auto, auto] => Fa0/1 [auto, auto]
Destination 0000.0201.0201 found on con2[WS-C3550-24] (2.2.2.2)
Layer 2 trace completed.
```

This example shows how to display the Layer 2 path by specifying the interfaces on the source and destination devices:

Device# traceroute mac interface fastethernet0/1 0000.0201.0601 interface fastethernet0/3
0000.0201.0201
Source 0000.0201.0601 found on con6[WS-C3750E-24PD] (2.2.6.6)

```
      con6 (2.2.6.6) :Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/0/3

      con5 (2.2.5.5 ) : Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/0/1

      con1 (2.2.1.1 ) : Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/0/2

      con2 (2.2.2.2 ) : Gi0/0/2 => Gi0/0/1

      Destination 0000.0201.0201 found on con2[WS-C3550-24] (2.2.2.2)

      Layer 2 trace completed
```

This example shows the Layer 2 path when the device is not connected to the source device:

Device# traceroute mac 0000.0201.0501 0000.0201.0201 detail Source not directly connected, tracing source

```
Source 0000.0201.0501 found on con5[WS-C3750E-24TD] (2.2.5.5)
con5 / WS-C3750E-24TD / 2.2.5.5 :
        Gi0/0/1 [auto, auto] => Gi0/0/3 [auto, auto]
con1 / WS-C3550-12G / 2.2.1.1 :
        Gi0/1 [auto, auto] => Gi0/2 [auto, auto]
con2 / WS-C3550-24 / 2.2.2.2 :
        Gi0/2 [auto, auto] => Fa0/1 [auto, auto]
Destination 0000.0201.0201 found on con2[WS-C3550-24] (2.2.2.2)
Layer 2 trace completed.
```

This example shows the Layer 2 path when the device cannot find the destination port for the source MAC address:

```
Device# traceroute mac 0000.0011.1111 0000.0201.0201
Error:Source Mac address not found.
Layer2 trace terminated.
```

This example shows the Layer 2 path when the source and destination devices are in different VLANs:

```
Device# traceroute mac 0000.0201.0601 0000.0301.0201
Error:Source and destination macs are on different vlans.
Layer2 trace terminated.
```

This example shows the Layer 2 path when the destination MAC address is a multicast address:

```
Device# traceroute mac 0000.0201.0601 0100.0201.0201
Invalid destination mac address
```

This example shows the Layer 2 path when source and destination devices belong to multiple VLANs:

```
Device# traceroute mac 0000.0201.0601 0000.0201.0201
Error:Mac found on multiple vlans.
Layer2 trace terminated.
```

traceroute mac ip

	To display the Layer 2 path taken by the packets from the specified source IP address or hostname specified destination IP address or hostname, use the traceroute mac ip command in privileged EX		
	traceroute mac ip { source-ip-address source-hostname } { destination-ip-address destination-hostname } [detail]		
Syntax Description	<i>source-ip-address</i> The IP address of the source device as a 32-bit quantity in dotted-decimal format.		
	source-hostname The IP hostname of the source device.		
	destination-ip-address The IP address of the destination device as a 32-bit quantity in dotted-decimal format.		
	destination-hostname The IP hostname of the destination device.		
	detail (Optional) Specifies that detailed information appears.		
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.5.1 aborted was replaced with terminated in the output error message for the traceroute mac ip command.		
Usage Guidelines	For Layer 2 traceroute to function properly, Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) must be enabled on each device in the network. Do not disable CDP.		
	When the device detects a device in the Layer 2 path that does not support Layer 2 traceroute, the device continues to send Layer 2 trace queries and lets them time out.		
	The maximum number of hops identified in the path is ten.		
	The traceroute mac ip command output shows the Layer 2 path when the specified source and destination IP addresses are in the same subnet.		
	When you specify the IP addresses, the device uses Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) to associate the IP addresses with the corresponding MAC addresses and the VLAN IDs.		
	 If an ARP entry exists for the specified IP address, the device uses the associated MAC address and identifies the physical path. If an ARP entry does not exist, the device sends an ARP query and tries to resolve the IP address. The IP addresses must be in the same subnet. If the IP address is not resolved, the path is not identified, and an error message appears. 		
	The Layer 2 traceroute feature is not supported when multiple devices are attached to one port through hubs (for example, multiple CDP neighbors are detected on a port).		

When more than one CDP neighbor is detected on a port, the Layer 2 path is not identified, and an error message appears.

This feature is not supported in Token Ring VLANs.

Examples

This example shows how to display the Layer 2 path by specifying the source and destination IP addresses and by using the **detail** keyword:

```
Device# traceroute mac ip 2.2.66.66 2.2.22.22 detail
Translating IP to mac ....
2.2.66.66 => 0000.0201.0601
2.2.22.22 => 0000.0201.0201
Source 0000.0201.0601 found on con6[WS-C2950G-24-EI] (2.2.6.6)
con6 / WS-C3750E-24TD / 2.2.6.6 :
        Gi0/0/1 [auto, auto] => Gi0/0/3 [auto, auto]
con5 / WS-C2950G-24-EI / 2.2.5.5 :
        Fa0/3 [auto, auto] => Gi0/1 [auto, auto]
con1 / WS-C3550-12G / 2.2.1.1 :
        Gi0/1 [auto, auto] => Gi0/2 [auto, auto]
con2 / WS-C3550-24 / 2.2.2.2 :
        Gi0/2 [auto, auto] => Fa0/1 [auto, auto]
Destination 0000.0201.0201 found on con2[WS-C3550-24] (2.2.2.2)
Layer 2 trace completed.
```

This example shows how to display the Layer 2 path by specifying the source and destination hostnames:

```
Device# traceroute mac ip con6 con2
Translating IP to mac ....
2.2.66.66 => 0000.0201.0601
2.2.22.22 => 0000.0201.0201
Source 0000.0201.0601 found on con6
con6 (2.2.6.6) :Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/0/3
con5 (2.2.5.5 ) : Gi0/0/3 => Gi0/1
con1 (2.2.1.1 ) : Gi0/0/1 => Gi0/2
con2 (2.2.2.2 ) : Gi0/0/2 => Fa0/1
Destination 0000.0201.0201 found on con2
Layer 2 trace completed
```

This example shows the Layer 2 path when ARP cannot associate the source IP address with the corresponding MAC address:

```
Device# traceroute mac ip 2.2.66.66 2.2.77.77
Arp failed for destination 2.2.77.77.
Layer2 trace terminated.
```

type

	To display the contents of one or more files, use the type command in boot loader mode. type <i>filesystem:/file-url</i>		
Syntax Description	<i>filesystem:</i> Alias for a file system. Use flash: for the system board flash device; use usbflash0: for USB memory sticks.		
	/file-url Path (directory) and name of the files to display. Separate each filename with a spa	.ce.	
Command Default	No default behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Boot loader		
Command History	Release Modification		
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Filenames and directory names are case sensitive.		
	If you specify a list of files, the contents of each file appear sequentially.		
Examples	This example shows how to display the contents of a file:		
	<pre>Device: type flash:image_file_name version_suffix: universal-122-xx.SEx version_directory: image_file_name image_system_type_id: 0x0000002 image_name: image_file_name.bin ios_image_file_size: 8919552 total_image_file_size: 11592192 image_feature: IP LAYER_3 PLUS MIN_DRAM_MEG=128 image_family: family stacking_number: 1.34 board_ids: 0x00000068 0x00000069 0x0000006a 0x0000006b info_end:</pre>		

unset

To reset one or more environment variables, use the **unset** command in boot loader mode.

unset variable...

Syntax Description	variable	Use one of these keywords for <i>variable</i> :	
		MANUAL_BOOT —Specifies whether the device automatically or manually boots.	
		BOOT —Resets the list of executable files to try to load and execute when automatically booting. If the BOOT environment variable is not set, the system attempts to load and execute the first executable image it can find by using a recursive, depth-first search through the flash: file system. If the BOOT variable is set but the specified images cannot be loaded, the system attempts to boot the first bootable file that it can find in the flash: file system.	
	ENABLE_BREAK—Specifies whether the automatic boot process can be interrupted by using the Break key on the console after the flash: file system has been initialized. HELPER—Identifies the semicolon-separated list of loadable files to dynamically load during the boot loader initialization. Helper files extend or patch the functionality of the boot loader.		
		PS1 —Specifies the string that is used as the command-line prompt in boot loader mode.	
		CONFIG_FILE —Resets the filename that Cisco IOS uses to read and write a nonvolatile copy of the system configuration.	
		BAUD —Resets the rate in bits per second (b/s) used for the console. The Cisco IOS software inherits the baud rate setting from the boot loader and continues to use this value unless the configuration file specifies another setting.	
Command Default	No default be	havior or values.	
Command Modes	Boot loader		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	Cisco IOS X	E Gibraltar 16.11.1 This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines	Under typical	circumstances, it is not necessary to alter the setting of the environment variables.	
	The MANUAL_BOOT environment variable can also be reset by using the no boot manual global configuration command.		
	The BOOT er	nvironment variable can also be reset by using the no boot system global configuration command.	
	The ENABLI configuration	E_BREAK environment variable can also be reset by using the no boot enable-break global command.	
	The HELPER command.	environment variable can also be reset by using the no boot helper global configuration	

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The CONFIG_FILE environment variable can also be reset by using the **no boot config-file** global configuration command.

Example

This example shows how to unset the SWITCH_PRIORITY environment variable:

Device: unset SWITCH_PRIORITY

upgrade rom-monitor capsule

To upgrade the read-only memory monitor (ROMMON) by using the capsule method, use the **upgrade rom-monitor capsule** command in privileged EXEC mode.

Standalone Devices

upgrade rom-monitor capsule {golden | primary}[R0 | RP active]

Device with High Availability upgrade rom-monitor capsule {golden | primary}[R0 | R1 | RP {active | standby}]

Device with StackWise Virtual upgrade rom-monitor capsule {golden | primary}[R0 | R1 | RP {active | standby} | switch {switch_number | active | standby} {R0 | R1 | RP {active | standby}}]

Syntax Description	golden	Specifies the golden ROMMON to be upgraded.
	primary	Specifies the primary ROMMON to be upgraded.
	R0	Upgrades the ROMMON of the Route Processor (RP) slot 3.
	R1	Upgrades the ROMMON of the RP slot 4.
	RP {active standby}	Upgrades the ROMMON of the RP slot 1 and slot 2.
		• active: Specifies the active instance.
		• standby: Specifies the standby instance.
	<pre>switch {switch_number active standby}</pre>	Specifies the switch.
		• <i>switch_number</i> : ID of the switch. The range is from 1 to 2.
		• active: Specifies the active switch.
		• standby: Specifies the standby switch.

Command Default	This command has no default settings.
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Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.1.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To know if a ROMMON version upgrade is applicable to a software version, see the release notes of the corresponding software release:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/switches/catalyst-9600-series-switches/products-release-notes-list.html

Examples This example shows how to upgrade the golden ROMMON on a device with StackWise Virtual: Device# upgrade rom-monitor capsule golden switch active R0 This operation will reload the switch and take a few minutes to complete. Do you want to proceed (y/n)? [confirm]y Device# Initializing Hardware ! <

version

To display the boot loader version, use the version command in boot loader mode.

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Boot loader

Command History	Release	Modification
	Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1	This command was introduced.

Examples This example shows how to display the boot loader version on a device:

version

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