



Interface and Hardware Commands

- [bluetooth pin](#), on page 4
- [debug ilpower](#), on page 5
- [debug interface](#), on page 6
- [debug lldp packets](#), on page 7
- [debug platform poe](#), on page 8
- [debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start](#), on page 9
- [duplex](#), on page 10
- [errdisable detect cause](#), on page 12
- [errdisable recovery cause](#), on page 14
- [errdisable recovery cause](#), on page 16
- [hw-module beacon](#), on page 18
- [hw-module slot upoe-plus](#), on page 20
- [hw-module subslot mode](#), on page 21
- [interface](#), on page 23
- [interface range](#), on page 25
- [lldp \(interface configuration\)](#), on page 27
- [logging event power-inline-status](#), on page 29
- [mode \(power-stack configuration\)](#), on page 30
- [monitoring](#), on page 32
- [network-policy](#), on page 33
- [network-policy profile \(global configuration\)](#), on page 34
- [platform usb disable](#), on page 35
- [power-priority](#) , on page 36
- [power inline](#), on page 38
- [power inline auto-shutdown](#), on page 42
- [power inline police](#), on page 43
- [power supply](#), on page 45
- [power supply autoLC shutdown](#), on page 47
- [shell trigger](#), on page 48
- [show beacon all](#), on page 49
- [show environment](#), on page 51
- [show errdisable detect](#), on page 53
- [show errdisable recovery](#), on page 55

- [show hardware led](#), on page 56
- [show hw-module subslot mode](#), on page 59
- [show idprom fan-tray](#), on page 60
- [show ip interface](#), on page 61
- [show interfaces](#), on page 66
- [show interfaces counters](#), on page 72
- [show interfaces switchport](#), on page 74
- [show interfaces transceiver](#), on page 76
- [show inventory](#), on page 80
- [show logg onboard slot](#), on page 84
- [show memory platform](#), on page 85
- [show module](#), on page 88
- [show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower](#), on page 90
- [show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha](#), on page 92
- [show mgmt-infra trace messages platform-mgr-poe](#), on page 93
- [show network-policy profile](#), on page 94
- [show platform hardware bluetooth](#), on page 95
- [show platform hardware fed active forward](#), on page 96
- [show platform hardware fed forward interface](#), on page 98
- [show platform hardware fed forward last summary](#), on page 101
- [show platform hardware fed switch fwd-asic counters tla](#), on page 104
- [show platform hardware iomd lc-portmap brief](#), on page 108
- [show platform hardware iomd portgroups](#), on page 109
- [show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource team utilization](#), on page 111
- [show platform resources](#), on page 113
- [show platform software audit](#), on page 114
- [show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates](#), on page 118
- [show platform software fed punt packet-capture display](#), on page 120
- [show platform software fed switch punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker](#), on page 122
- [show platform software ilpower](#), on page 125
- [show platform software memory](#), on page 127
- [show platform software process list](#), on page 133
- [show platform software process memory](#), on page 137
- [show platform software process slot switch](#), on page 140
- [show platform software status control-processor](#), on page 142
- [show platform software thread list](#), on page 145
- [show platform usb status](#), on page 147
- [show processes cpu platform](#), on page 148
- [show processes cpu platform history](#), on page 151
- [show processes cpu platform monitor](#), on page 154
- [show processes memory](#), on page 156
- [show processes memory platform](#), on page 159
- [show processes platform](#), on page 163
- [show power](#), on page 166
- [show power inline priority](#), on page 169
- [show power inline detail](#), on page 171

- [show power inline upoe-plus](#), on page 174
- [show system mtu](#), on page 176
- [show tech-support](#) , on page 177
- [show tech-support bgp](#), on page 179
- [show tech-support diagnostic](#), on page 182
- [show tech-support poe](#), on page 190
- [speed](#), on page 252
- [switchport block](#), on page 254
- [system mtu](#), on page 255
- [tlv-type \(device classifier condition\)](#), on page 256
- [voice-signaling vlan \(network-policy configuration\)](#), on page 258
- [voice vlan \(network-policy configuration\)](#), on page 260

bluetooth pin

To configure a new Bluetooth pin, use the **bluetooth pin** command in interface configuration or global configuration mode.

bluetooth pin *pin*

| | | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>pin</i> | Pairing pin for the Bluetooth interface. The pin is a 4-digit number. |
|---------------------------|------------|--|

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Command Modes | Interface configuration (config-if) Global configuration (config) |
|----------------------|--|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | The bluetooth pin command can be configured either in the interface configuration or global configuration mode. Cisco recommends using the global configuration mode to configure the Bluetooth pin. |
|-------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This example shows how to configure a new Bluetooth pin using the bluetooth pin command. |
|-----------------|---|

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# bluetooth pin 1111
Device(config)#+
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| | show platform hardware bluetooth | Displays information about the Bluetooth interface |

debug ilpower

To enable debugging of the power controller and Power over Ethernet (PoE) system, use the **debug ilpower** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

```
debug ilpower {cdp | event | ha | port | powerman | registries | scp | sense}
no debug ilpower {cdp | event | ha | port | powerman | registries | scp | sense}
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| cdp | Displays PoE Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) debug messages. |
| event | Displays PoE event debug messages. |
| ha | Displays PoE high-availability messages. |
| port | Displays PoE port manager debug messages. |
| powerman | Displays PoE power management debug messages. |
| registries | Displays PoE registries debug messages. |
| scp | Displays PoE SCP debug messages. |
| sense | Displays PoE sense debug messages. |

Command Default

Debugging is disabled.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

This command is supported only on PoE-capable switches.

When you enable debugging on a switch stack, it is enabled only on the active switch. To enable debugging on a stack member, you can start a session from the active switch by using the **session switch-number** EXEC command. Then enter the **debug** command at the command-line prompt of the stack member. You also can use the **remote command stack-member-number LINE** EXEC command on the active switch to enable debugging on a member switch without first starting a session.

debug interface

debug interface

To enable debugging of interface-related activities, use the **debug interface** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

```
debug interface {interface-id | counters {exceptions | protocol memory} | null interface-number | port-channel port-channel-number | states | vlan vlan-id}
no debug interface {interface-id | counters {exceptions | protocol memory} | null interface-number | port-channel port-channel-number | states | vlan vlan-id}
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <p>interface-id ID of the physical interface. Displays debug messages for the specified physical port, identified by type switch number/module number/port, for example, gigabitethernet 1/0/2.</p> <p>null interface-number Displays debug messages for null interfaces. The interface number is always 0.</p> <p>port-channel port-channel-number Displays debug messages for the specified EtherChannel port-channel interface. The <i>port-channel-number</i> range is 1 to 48.</p> <p>vlan vlan-id Displays debug messages for the specified VLAN. The <i>vlan</i> range is 1 to 4094.</p> <p>counters Displays counters debugging information.</p> <p>exceptions Displays debug messages when a recoverable exceptional condition occurs during the computation of the interface packet and data rate statistics.</p> <p>protocol memory Displays debug messages for memory operations of protocol counters.</p> <p>states Displays intermediary debug messages when an interface's state transitions.</p> |
| Command Default | Debugging is disabled. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | <p>If you do not specify a keyword, all debug messages appear.</p> <p>The undebug interface command is the same as the no debug interface command.</p> <p>When you enable debugging on a switch stack, it is enabled only on the active switch. To enable debugging on a stack member, you can start a session from the active switch by using the session switch-number EXEC command. Then enter the debug command at the command-line prompt of the stack member. You also can use the remote command stack-member-number LINE EXEC command on the active switch to enable debugging on a member switch without first starting a session.</p> |
|-------------------------|--|

debug lldp packets

To enable debugging of Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) packets, use the **debug lldp packets** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

debug lldp packets
no debug lldp packets

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Debugging is disabled.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The **undebbug lldp packets** command is the same as the **no debug lldp packets** command.

When you enable debugging on a switch stack, it is enabled only on the active switch. To enable debugging on a stack member, you can start a session from the active switch by using the **session switch-number** EXEC command.

debug platform poe

debug platform poe

To enable debugging of a Power over Ethernet (PoE) port, use the **debug platform poe** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging, use the **no** form of this command.

```
debug platform poe [{error | info}] [switch switch-number]
no debug platform poe [{error | info}] [switch switch-number]
```

| Syntax Description | error (Optional) Displays PoE-related error debug messages. info (Optional) Displays PoE-related information debug messages. switch switch-number (Optional) Specifies the stack member. This keyword is supported only on stacking-capable switches. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | Debugging is disabled. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |
| Usage Guidelines | The undebbug platform poe command is the same as the no debug platform poe command. | | | | |

debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start

To enable debugging of packets during high CPU utilization, for a switch, use the **debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start** command in privileged EXEC mode. To disable debugging of packets during high CPU utilization, for a switch, use the **debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture stop** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start
debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture stop
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | active | Displays information about the active switch. |
| | punt | Specifies the punt information. |
| | packet-capture | Specifies information about the captured packet. |
| | start | Enables debugging of the active switch. |
| | stop | Disables debugging of the active switch. |

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | The debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start command starts the debugging of packets during high CPU utilization. The packet capture is stopped when the 4k buffer size is exceeded. |
|-------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Examples | The following is a sample output from the debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start command: |
|-----------------|--|

```
Device# debug platform software fed active packet-capture start
Punt packet capturing started.
```

The following is a sample output from the **debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture stop** command:

```
Device# debug platform software fed active packet-capture stop
Punt packet capturing stopped. Captured 101 packet(s)
```

duplex

To specify the duplex mode of operation for a port, use the **duplex** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

```
duplex {auto | full | half}
no duplex {auto | full | half}
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------|--|
| auto | Enables automatic duplex configuration. The port automatically detects whether it should run in full- or half-duplex mode, depending on the attached device mode. |
| full | Enables full-duplex mode. |
| half | Enables half-duplex mode (only for interfaces operating at 10 or 100 Mb/s). You cannot configure half-duplex mode for interfaces operating at 1000 Mb/s, 10,000 Mb/s, 2.5Gb/s, or 5Gb/s. |

Command Default

The default is **auto** for Gigabit Ethernet ports.

Duplex options are not supported on the 1000BASE-x or 10GBASE-x (where -x is -BX, -CWDM, -LX, -SX, or -ZX) small form-factor pluggable (SFP) modules.

Command Modes

Interface configuration

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

For Gigabit Ethernet ports, setting the port to **auto** has the same effect as specifying **full** if the attached device does not autonegotiate the duplex parameter.



Note Half-duplex mode is supported on Gigabit Ethernet interfaces if the duplex mode is **auto** and the connected device is operating at half duplex. However, you cannot configure these interfaces to operate in half-duplex mode.

Certain ports can be configured to be either full duplex or half duplex. How this command is applied depends on the device to which the switch is attached.

If both ends of the line support autonegotiation, we highly recommend using the default autonegotiation settings. If one interface supports autonegotiation and the other end does not, configure duplex and speed on both interfaces, and use the **auto** setting on the supported side.

If the speed is set to **auto**, the switch negotiates with the device at the other end of the link for the speed setting and then forces the speed setting to the negotiated value. The duplex setting remains as configured on each end of the link, which could result in a duplex setting mismatch.

You can configure the duplex setting when the speed is set to **auto**.



Caution Changing the interface speed and duplex mode configuration might shut down and re-enable the interface during the reconfiguration.

You can verify your setting by entering the **show interfaces** privileged EXEC command.

Examples

This example shows how to configure an interface for full-duplex operation:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# duplex full
```

errdisable detect cause

errdisable detect cause

To enable error-disable detection for a specific cause or for all causes, use the **errdisable detect cause** command in global configuration mode. To disable the error-disable detection feature, use the **no** form of this command.

```
errdisable detect cause {all | arp-inspection | bpduguard shutdown vlan | dhcp-rate-limit | dtp-flap | gbic-invalid | inline-power | link-flap | loopback | pagp-flap | pppoe-ia-rate-limit | psp shutdown vlan | security-violation shutdown vlan | sfp-config-mismatch}
no errdisable detect cause {all | arp-inspection | bpduguard shutdown vlan | dhcp-rate-limit | dtp-flap | gbic-invalid | inline-power | link-flap | loopback | pagp-flap | pppoe-ia-rate-limit | psp shutdown vlan | security-violation shutdown vlan | sfp-config-mismatch}
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---|---|---|
| all | Enables error detection for all error-disabled causes. | |
| arp-inspection | Enables error detection for dynamic Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection. | |
| bpduguard shutdown vlan | Enables per-VLAN error-disable for BPDU guard. | |
| dhcp-rate-limit | Enables error detection for DHCP snooping. | |
| dtp-flap | Enables error detection for the Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP) flapping. | |
| gbic-invalid | Enables error detection for an invalid Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC) module. | Note This error refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module. |
| inline-power | Enables error detection for the Power over Ethernet (PoE) error-disabled cause. | Note This keyword is supported only on switches with PoE ports. |
| link-flap | Enables error detection for link-state flapping. | |
| loopback | Enables error detection for detected loopbacks. | |
| pagp-flap | Enables error detection for the Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP) flap error-disabled cause. | |
| pppoe-ia-rate-limit | Enables error detection for the PPPoE Intermediate Agent rate-limit error-disabled cause. | |
| psp shutdown vlan | Enables error detection for protocol storm protection (PSP). | |
| security-violation shutdown vlan | Enables voice aware 802.1x security. | |
| sfp-config-mismatch | Enables error detection on an SFP configuration mismatch. | |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Command Default | Detection is enabled for all causes. All causes, except per-VLAN error disabling, are configured to shut down the entire port. |
|------------------------|--|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Global configuration |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | A cause (such as a link-flap or dhcp-rate-limit) is the reason for the error-disabled state. When a cause is detected on an interface, the interface is placed in an error-disabled state, an operational state that is similar to a link-down state. |
|-------------------------|---|

When a port is error-disabled, it is effectively shut down, and no traffic is sent or received on the port. For the bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) guard, voice-aware 802.1x security, and port-security features, you can configure the switch to shut down only the offending VLAN on the port when a violation occurs, instead of shutting down the entire port.

If you set a recovery mechanism for the cause by entering the **errdisable recovery** global configuration command, the interface is brought out of the error-disabled state and allowed to retry the operation when all causes have timed out. If you do not set a recovery mechanism, you must enter the **shutdown** and then the **no shutdown** commands to manually recover an interface from the error-disabled state.

For protocol storm protection, excess packets are dropped for a maximum of two virtual ports. Virtual port error disabling using the **psp** keyword is not supported for EtherChannel and Flexlink interfaces.

To verify your settings, enter the **show errdisable detect** privileged EXEC command.

This example shows how to enable error-disabled detection for the link-flap error-disabled cause:

```
Device(config)# errdisable detect cause link-flap
```

This command shows how to globally configure BPDU guard for a per-VLAN error-disabled state:

```
Device(config)# errdisable detect cause bpduguard shutdown vlan
```

This command shows how to globally configure voice-aware 802.1x security for a per-VLAN error-disabled state:

```
Device(config)# errdisable detect cause security-violation shutdown vlan
```

You can verify your setting by entering the **show errdisable detect** privileged EXEC command.

errdisable recovery cause

errdisable recovery cause

To enable the error-disabled mechanism to recover from a specific cause, use the **errdisable recovery cause** command in global configuration mode. To return to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

```
errdisable recovery cause {all | arp-inspection | bpduguard | channel-misconfig | dhcp-rate-limit |
dtp-flap | gbic-invalid | inline-power | link-flap | loopback | mac-limit | pagp-flap | port-mode-failure |
pppoe-ia-rate-limit | psecure-violation | psp | security-violation | sfp-config-mismatch | storm-control |
udld}
no errdisable recovery cause {all | arp-inspection | bpduguard | channel-misconfig | dhcp-rate-limit |
dtp-flap | gbic-invalid | inline-power | link-flap | loopback | mac-limit | pagp-flap | port-mode-failure |
pppoe-ia-rate-limit | psecure-violation | psp | security-violation | sfp-config-mismatch | storm-control |
udld}
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | all | Enables the timer to recover from all error-disabled causes. |
| | arp-inspection | Enables the timer to recover from the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection error-disabled state. |
| | bpduguard | Enables the timer to recover from the bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) guard error-disabled state. |
| | channel-misconfig | Enables the timer to recover from the EtherChannel misconfiguration error-disabled state. |
| | dhcp-rate-limit | Enables the timer to recover from the DHCP snooping error-disabled state. |
| | dtp-flap | Enables the timer to recover from the Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP) flap error-disabled state. |
| | gbic-invalid | Enables the timer to recover from an invalid Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC) module error-disabled state. |
| | Note | This error refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) error-disabled state. |
| | inline-power | Enables the timer to recover from the Power over Ethernet (PoE) error-disabled state. This keyword is supported only on switches with PoE ports. |
| | link-flap | Enables the timer to recover from the link-flap error-disabled state. |
| | loopback | Enables the timer to recover from a loopback error-disabled state. |
| | mac-limit | Enables the timer to recover from the mac limit error-disabled state. |
| | pagp-flap | Enables the timer to recover from the Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP)-flap error-disabled state. |

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| port-mode-failure | Enables the timer to recover from the port mode change failure error-disabled state. |
| pppoe-ia-rate-limit | Enables the timer to recover from the PPPoE IA rate limit error-disabled state. |
| psecure-violation | Enables the timer to recover from a port security violation disable state. |
| psp | Enables the timer to recover from the protocol storm protection (PSP) error-disabled state. |
| security-violation | Enables the timer to recover from an IEEE 802.1x-violation disabled state. |
| sfp-config-mismatch | Enables error detection on an SFP configuration mismatch. |
| storm-control | Enables the timer to recover from a storm control error. |
| udld | Enables the timer to recover from the UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) error-disabled state. |

Command Default Recovery is disabled for all causes.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines A cause (such as all or BPDU guard) is defined as the reason that the error-disabled state occurred. When a cause is detected on an interface, the interface is placed in the error-disabled state, an operational state similar to link-down state.

When a port is error-disabled, it is effectively shut down, and no traffic is sent or received on the port. For the BPDU guard and port-security features, you can configure the switch to shut down only the offending VLAN on the port when a violation occurs, instead of shutting down the entire port.

If you do not enable the recovery for the cause, the interface stays in the error-disabled state until you enter the **shutdown** and the **no shutdown** interface configuration commands. If you enable the recovery for a cause, the interface is brought out of the error-disabled state and allowed to retry the operation again when all the causes have timed out.

Otherwise, you must enter the **shutdown** and then the **no shutdown** commands to manually recover an interface from the error-disabled state.

You can verify your settings by entering the **show errdisable recovery** privileged EXEC command.

Examples This example shows how to enable the recovery timer for the BPDU guard error-disabled cause:

```
Device# Device#configure terminal
Device(config)# errdisable recovery cause bpduguard
```

errdisable recovery cause

errdisable recovery cause

To enable the error-disabled mechanism to recover from a specific cause, use the **errdisable recovery cause** command in global configuration mode. To return to the default setting, use the **no** form of this command.

```
errdisable recovery cause {all | arp-inspection | bpduguard | channel-misconfig | dhcp-rate-limit |
dtp-flap | gbic-invalid | inline-power | link-flap | loopback | mac-limit | pagp-flap | port-mode-failure |
pppoe-ia-rate-limit | psecure-violation | psp | security-violation | sfp-config-mismatch | storm-control |
udld}
no errdisable recovery cause {all | arp-inspection | bpduguard | channel-misconfig | dhcp-rate-limit |
dtp-flap | gbic-invalid | inline-power | link-flap | loopback | mac-limit | pagp-flap | port-mode-failure |
pppoe-ia-rate-limit | psecure-violation | psp | security-violation | sfp-config-mismatch | storm-control |
udld}
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | all | Enables the timer to recover from all error-disabled causes. |
| | arp-inspection | Enables the timer to recover from the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) inspection error-disabled state. |
| | bpduguard | Enables the timer to recover from the bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) guard error-disabled state. |
| | channel-misconfig | Enables the timer to recover from the EtherChannel misconfiguration error-disabled state. |
| | dhcp-rate-limit | Enables the timer to recover from the DHCP snooping error-disabled state. |
| | dtp-flap | Enables the timer to recover from the Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP) flap error-disabled state. |
| | gbic-invalid | Enables the timer to recover from an invalid Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC) module error-disabled state. |
| | Note | This error refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) error-disabled state. |
| | inline-power | Enables the timer to recover from the Power over Ethernet (PoE) error-disabled state. This keyword is supported only on switches with PoE ports. |
| | link-flap | Enables the timer to recover from the link-flap error-disabled state. |
| | loopback | Enables the timer to recover from a loopback error-disabled state. |
| | mac-limit | Enables the timer to recover from the mac limit error-disabled state. |
| | pagp-flap | Enables the timer to recover from the Port Aggregation Protocol (PAgP)-flap error-disabled state. |

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| port-mode-failure | Enables the timer to recover from the port mode change failure error-disabled state. |
| pppoe-ia-rate-limit | Enables the timer to recover from the PPPoE IA rate limit error-disabled state. |
| psecure-violation | Enables the timer to recover from a port security violation disable state. |
| psp | Enables the timer to recover from the protocol storm protection (PSP) error-disabled state. |
| security-violation | Enables the timer to recover from an IEEE 802.1x-violation disabled state. |
| sfp-config-mismatch | Enables error detection on an SFP configuration mismatch. |
| storm-control | Enables the timer to recover from a storm control error. |
| udld | Enables the timer to recover from the UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) error-disabled state. |

Command Default Recovery is disabled for all causes.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines A cause (such as all or BPDU guard) is defined as the reason that the error-disabled state occurred. When a cause is detected on an interface, the interface is placed in the error-disabled state, an operational state similar to link-down state.

When a port is error-disabled, it is effectively shut down, and no traffic is sent or received on the port. For the BPDU guard and port-security features, you can configure the switch to shut down only the offending VLAN on the port when a violation occurs, instead of shutting down the entire port.

If you do not enable the recovery for the cause, the interface stays in the error-disabled state until you enter the **shutdown** and the **no shutdown** interface configuration commands. If you enable the recovery for a cause, the interface is brought out of the error-disabled state and allowed to retry the operation again when all the causes have timed out.

Otherwise, you must enter the **shutdown** and then the **no shutdown** commands to manually recover an interface from the error-disabled state.

You can verify your settings by entering the **show errdisable recovery** privileged EXEC command.

Examples This example shows how to enable the recovery timer for the BPDU guard error-disabled cause:

```
Device# Device#configure terminal
Device(config)# errdisable recovery cause bpduguard
```

hw-module beacon

To control the beacon LED on a device, use the **hw-module beacon** command in the privileged EXEC mode.

```
hw-module beacon { rp { active | standby } | fan-tray | power-supply ps-slot-number | slot slot-number } { on | off | status }
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Syntax Description | rp {active standby} fan-tray power-supply ps-slot-number slot slot-number on off status | Specifies the active or the standby Supervisor to be controlled. Specifies the fan tray beacon to be controlled. Specifies the power supply beacon to be controlled. Specifies the slot to be controlled. Turns the beacon on. Turns the beacon off. Displays the status of the beacon. |
| Command Default | This command has no default settings. | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | <p>Use the hw-module beacon command to turn on or off the beacon LEDs. You can monitor the power-supply, fan-tray, line card slots, and supervisor units by turning on the respective beacon LEDs. You can also find the status of these units with the hw-module beacon status command. Turning on the respective beacon LED helps in identifying the unit on the chassis for administrative purposes.</p> <p>Use the hw-module beacon slot slot-number command to enable or disable the module slot LED and also check its status. Blue indicates the slot LED is on and black indicates that it is off.</p> <p>Use the hw-module beacon rp active {on off} command to enable or disable the active supervisor LED. Similarly the standby supervisor LED can be turned on or off with the hw-module beacon rp standby {on off} command. You can check the status of the supervisor LED using the hw-module beacon rp {active standby} status command. Blue indicates the supervisor LED is on and black indicates the supervisor LED is off.</p> <p>Use the hw-module beacon fan-tray {on off status} command to enable or disable the fan tray LED or to check the status of the fan tray LED. Blue indicates the fan tray LED is on and black indicates that it is off.</p> <p>Use the hw-module beacon power-supply ps-slot-number {on off status} command to enable or disable the particular power supply LED, or to check its status. Blue indicates the power supply LED is on and black indicates the power supply LED is off.</p> | |



Note If the switch is operating in SVL mode, then select either the active or standby switch. For example: **hw-module beacon switch {active | standby}**.

The following example shows how to switch on the LED beacon of the active supervisor:

```
Device> enable  
Device# hw-module beacon rp active on
```

hw-module slot upoe-plus

hw-module slot upoe-plus

To enable the 802.3bt mode on the device, use the **hw-module slot upoe-plus** command in the Global Configuration mode. To unconfigure the 802.3bt mode, use the **no** form of the command.

hw-module slot *slot-number* upoe-plus
no hw-module slot *slot-number* upoe-plus

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Command Default | The device is in 802.3at mode. | |
| Command Modes | Global Configuration (config) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | When a line card boots up, it is in 802.3at-compliant mode by default. Use the hw-module slot <i>slot-number</i> upoe-plus command to enable 802.3bt mode that makes the device 802.3bt compliant. This command causes the line card to be power-cycled to enable 802.3bt compliance. | |

The following command enables 802.3bt mode on the line card located in slot numbered 4 of the device.

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# hw-module slot 4 upoe-plus
Performing oir to update poe fw on chassis 1 slot 4
Device#
*Mar 21 05:39:36.215: %IOSXE_OIR-6-REMSPA: SPA removed from subslot 4/0, interfaces disabled
```

hw-module subslot mode

To control the subscriber line interface (SLI) traffic rate of a device, use the **hw-module subslot mode** command in global configuration mode. To return to the default mode, use the **no** form of this command.

Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.x and Earlier Releases

```
hw-module subslot slot/subslot mode [{dynamic | performance}]
no hw-module subslot slot/subslot mode
```

Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 and Later Releases

```
hw-module subslot slot/subslot mode [{dynamic | performance | static}]
no hw-module subslot slot/subslot mode
```

| Syntax Description | <p>slot Slot number. The range is from 0 to 10.</p> <p>subslot Subslot number. The range is from 0 to 0.</p> <p>dynamic (Optional) Sets the line card operation modes to dynamic mode.</p> <p>performance (Optional) Sets the line card operation modes to performance mode.</p> <p>static (Optional) Sets the line card operation modes to static mode.</p> |
|--------------------|---|
|--------------------|---|

- | Command Default | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Until Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.x release, the default mode is static. • Starting in Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 release, the default mode is dynamic. |
|-----------------|---|
|-----------------|---|

- | Command Modes | Global Configuration (config) |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
|---------------|-------------------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| Usage Guidelines | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Performance mode: Allows limited number of front panel interfaces to operate at full 64-byte 10G rate, while keeping the other interfaces in disabled state. <p>For 7 slot chassis, 8 10G/MGig line card front panel interfaces get activated and provides full 64-byte 10G rate. For 10 slot chassis, 5 front panel interfaces get activated at full 64-byte 10G rate. The other line card interfaces are disabled and do not link up. Disabled front panel interfaces has amber LED on and the show interfaces command displays hardware in disabled state.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dynamic mode: Monitors the system software on how many SLI links are active based on the front panel port link status, and dynamically configures SLI link 64-byte packet max traffic bandwidth. <p>For 7 slot chassis, when the number of active SLI links exceed 8, system software limits SLI 64-byte packet traffic rate down to 7.5G for all 12 SLIs. For 10 slot chassis, when the number of active SLI links exceed 5, SLI 64-byte packet traffic rate is limited to 6.25G for all 8 SLIs. Otherwise, system software allows full 10G traffic with 64-byte packets on the active SLIs.</p> |
|------------------|--|
|------------------|--|

hw-module subslot mode

- **Static mode:** SLI traffic rate is fixed to 7.5G for both 7 slot chassis and 10 slot chassis.

Examples

The following example shows how to set the line card mode to performance:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# hw-module subslot 1/0 mode performance
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | show hw-module subslot mode | Displays the line card mode of the platform. |
| | show platform hardware iomd portgroups | Displays the port grouping information of the platform. |
| | show platform hardware iomd lc-portmap brief | Displays the line card port map information of the platform. |

interface

To configure an interface, use the **interface** command.

```
interface {Auto-Template interface-number | FortyGigabitEthernet
switch-number/slot-number/port-number | GigabitEthernet switch-number/slot-number/port-number |
Group VI Group VI interface number | Internal Interface Internal Interface number | Loopback
interface-number Null interface-number Port-channel interface-number TenGigabitEthernet
switch-number/slot-number/port-number Tunnel interface-number Vlan interface-number }
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| | Auto-Template <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a auto-template interface. The range is from 1 to 999. |
| | FortyGigabitEthernet <i>switch-number/slot-number/port-number</i> | Enables you to configure a 40-Gigabit Ethernet interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>switch-number</i> — Switch ID. The range is from 1 to 8. • <i>slot-number</i> — Slot number. Value is 1. • <i>port-number</i> — Port number. The range is from 1 to 2. |
| | GigabitEthernet <i>switch-number/slot-number/port-number</i> | Enables you to configure a Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>switch-number</i> — Switch ID. The range is from 1 to 8. • <i>slot-number</i> — Slot number. The range is from 0 to 1. • <i>port-number</i> — Port number. The range is from 1 to 48. |
| | Group VI <i>Group VI interface number</i> | Enables you to configure a Group VI interface. The range is from 0 to 9. |
| | Internal Interface <i>Internal Interface</i> | Enables you to configure an internal interface. |
| | Loopback <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a loopback interface. The range is from 0 to 2147483647. |
| | Null <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a null interface. The default value is 0. |
| | Port-channel <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a port-channel interface. The range is from 1 to 128. |
| | TenGigabitEthernet <i>switch-number/slot-number/port-number</i> | Enables you to configure a 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>switch-number</i> — Switch ID. The range is from 1 to 8. • <i>slot-number</i> — Slot number. The range is from 0 to 1. • <i>port-number</i> — Port number. The range is from 1 to 24 and 37 to 48 |

Tunnel *interface-number* Enables you to configure a tunnel interface. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.

Vlan *interface-number* Enables you to configure a switch VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094.

Command Default None

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History **Release** **Modification**

Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines You can not use the "no" form of this command.

The following example shows how to configure a tunnel interface:

```
Device# interface Tunnel 15
```

interface range

To configure an interface range, use the **interface range** command.

```
interface range {Auto-Template interface-number | FortyGigabitEthernet
switch-number/slot-number/port-number | GigabitEthernet switch-number/slot-number/port-number |
Group VI Group VI interface number | Internal Interface Internal Interface number | Loopback
interface-number Null interface-number Port-channel interface-number TenGigabitEthernet
switch-number/slot-number/port-number Tunnel interface-number Vlan interface-number }
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|---|---|
| | Auto-Template <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a auto-template interface. The range is from 1 to 999. |
| | FortyGigabitEthernet <i>switch-number/slot-number/port-number</i> | Enables you to configure a 40-Gigabit Ethernet interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>switch-number</i> — Switch ID. The range is from 1 to 8. • <i>slot-number</i> — Slot number. Value is 1. • <i>port-number</i> — Port number. The range is from 1 to 2. |
| | GigabitEthernet <i>switch-number/slot-number/port-number</i> | Enables you to configure a Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3z interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>switch-number</i> — Switch ID. The range is from 1 to 8. • <i>slot-number</i> — Slot number. The range is from 0 to 1. • <i>port-number</i> — Port number. The range is from 1 to 48. |
| | Group VI <i>Group VI interface number</i> | Enables you to configure a Group VI interface. The range is from 0 to 9. |
| | Internal Interface <i>Internal Interface</i> | Enables you to configure an internal interface. |
| | Loopback <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a loopback interface. The range is from 0 to 2147483647. |
| | Null <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a null interface. The default value is 0. |
| | Port-channel <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a port-channel interface. The range is from 1 to 128. |

interface range

| TenGigabitEthernet <i>switch-number/slot-number/port-number</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>switch-number</i> — Switch ID. The range is from 1 to 8. • <i>slot-number</i> — Slot number. The range is from 0 to 1. • <i>port-number</i> — Port number. The range is from 1 to 24 and 37 to 48. <p>Enables you to configure a 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface.</p> | | | | |
|---|--|---------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Tunnel <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a tunnel interface. The range is from 0 to 2147483647. | | | | |
| Vlan <i>interface-number</i> | Enables you to configure a switch VLAN. The range is from 1 to 4094. | | | | |
| Command Default | None | | | | |
| Command Modes | Global configuration | | | | |
| Command History | <p><i>Table 1:</i></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Examples

This example shows how you can select a set of VLAN interfaces to be configured :

```
Device(config)# interface range vlan 1-100
```

lldp (interface configuration)

To enable Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) on an interface, use the **lldp** command in interface configuration mode. To disable LLDP on an interface, use the **no** form of this command.

```
lldp {med-tlv-select tlv | receive | tlv-select power-management | transmit}
no lldp {med-tlv-select tlv | receive | tlv-select power-management | transmit}
```

| Syntax Description | med-tlv-select Selects an LLDP Media Endpoint Discovery (MED) time-length-value (TLV) element to send. tlv String that identifies the TLV element. Valid values are the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • inventory-management— LLDP MED Inventory Management TLV. • location— LLDP MED Location TLV. • network-policy— LLDP MED Network Policy TLV. • power-management— LLDP MED Power Management TLV. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| receive | Enables the interface to receive LLDP transmissions. | | | | |
| tlv-select | Selects the LLDP TLVs to send. | | | | |
| power-management | Sends the LLDP Power Management TLV. | | | | |
| transmit | Enables LLDP transmission on the interface. | | | | |
| Command Default | LLDP is disabled. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Interface configuration (config-if) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Usage Guidelines This command is supported on 802.1 media types.

If the interface is configured as a tunnel port, LLDP is automatically disabled.

The following example shows how to disable LLDP transmission on an interface:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# no lldp transmit
```

The following example shows how to enable LLDP transmission on an interface:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
```

lldp (interface configuration)

```
Device(config-if)# lldp transmit
```

logging event power-inline-status

To enable the logging of Power over Ethernet (PoE) events, use the **logging event power-inline-status** command in interface configuration mode. To disable the logging of PoE status events, use the **no** form of this command.

```
logging event power-inline-status
no logging event power-inline-status
```

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Logging of PoE events is enabled.

Command Modes Interface configuration (config-if)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The **no** form of this command does not disable PoE error events.

Examples This example shows how to enable logging of PoE events on a port:

```
Device(config-if)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# logging event power-inline-status
Device(config-if)#
```

mode (power-stack configuration)

To configure power stack mode for the power stack, use the **mode** command in power-stack configuration mode. To return to the default settings, use the **no** form of the command.

```
mode {power-shared | redundant} [strict]
no mode
```

| Syntax Description | power-shared Sets the power stack to operate in power-shared mode. This is the default. redundant Sets the power stack to operate in redundant mode. The largest power supply is removed from the power pool to be used as backup power in case one of the other power supplies fails. strict (Optional) Configures the power stack mode to run a strict power budget. The stack power needs cannot exceed the available power. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | The default modes are power-shared and nonstrict. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Power-stack configuration (config-stackpower) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | <p>This command is available only on switch stacks running the IP Base or IP Services feature set.</p> <p>To access power-stack configuration mode, enter the stack-power stack <i>power stack name</i> global configuration command.</p> <p>Entering the no mode command sets the switch to the defaults of power-shared and non-strict mode.</p> |
|-------------------------|---|



Note For stack power, available power is the total power available for PoE from all power supplies in the power stack, available power is the power allocated to all powered devices connected to PoE ports in the stack, and consumed power is the actual power consumed by the powered devices.

In **power-shared** mode, all of the input power can be used for loads, and the total available power appears as one large power supply. The power budget includes all power from all supplies. No power is set aside for power supply failures. If a power supply fails, load shedding (shutting down of powered devices or switches) might occur.

In **redundant** mode, the largest power supply is removed from the power pool to use as backup power in case one of the other power supplies fails. The available power budget is the total power minus the largest power supply. This reduces the available power in the pool for switches and powered devices, but in case of a failure or an extreme power load, there is less chance of having to shut down switches or powered devices.

In **strict** mode, when a power supply fails and the available power drops below the budgeted power, the system balances the budget through load shedding of powered devices, even if the actual power is less than the available power. In nonstrict mode, the power stack can run in an over-allocated state and is stable as long as

the actual power does not exceed the available power. In this mode, a powered device drawing more than normal power could cause the power stack to start shedding loads. This is normally not a problem because most devices do not run at full power. The chances of multiple powered devices in the stack requiring maximum power at the same time is small.

In both strict and nonstrict modes, power is denied when there is no power available in the power budget.

This is an example of setting the power stack mode for the stack named power1 to power-shared with strict power budgeting. All power in the stack is shared, but when the total available power is allotted, no more devices are allowed power.

```
Device(config)# stack-power stack power1
Device(config-stackpower)# mode power-shared strict
Device(config-stackpower)# exit
```

This is an example of setting the power stack mode for the stack named power2 to redundant. The largest power supply in the stack is removed from the power pool to provide redundancy in case one of the other supplies fails.

```
Device(config)# stack-power stack power2
Device(config-stackpower)# mode redundant
Device(config-stackpower)# exit
```

monitoring

To enable monitoring of all optical transceivers and to specify the time period for monitoring the transceivers, use the **monitoring** command in transceiver type configuration mode. To disable the monitoring, use the **no** form of this command.

monitoring [interval seconds]
no monitoring [interval]

| | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | interval <i>seconds</i> | (Optional) Specifies the time interval for monitoring optical transceivers. The range is from 300 to 3600 seconds, and the default interval time is 600 seconds. |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|

Command Default The interval time is 600 seconds.

Command Modes Transceiver type configuration (config-xcvr-type)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines You need digital optical monitoring (DOM) feature and transceiver module compatibility information to configure the **monitoring** command. Refer to the [compatibility matrix](#) to get the lists of Cisco platforms and minimum required software versions to support Gigabit Ethernet transceiver modules.

Gigabit Ethernet Transceivers transmit and receive Ethernet frames at a rate of a gigabit per second, as defined by the IEEE 802.3-2008 standard. Cisco's Gigabit Ethernet Transceiver modules support Ethernet applications across all Cisco switching and routing platforms. These pluggable transceivers offer a convenient and cost effective solution for the adoption in data center, campus, metropolitan area access and ring networks, and storage area networks.

The **interval** keyword enables you to change the default polling interval. For example, if you set the interval as 1500 seconds, polling happens at every 1500th second. During the polling period entSensorStatus of optical transceivers is set to *Unavailable*, and once the polling finishes entSensorStatus shows the actual status.

Examples

This example shows how to enable monitoring of optical transceivers and set the interval time for monitoring to 1500 seconds:

```
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# transceiver type all
Device(config-xcvr-type)# monitoring interval 1500
```

This example shows how to disable monitoring for all transceiver types:

```
Device(config-xcvr-type)# no monitoring
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | transceiver type all | Enables monitoring on all transceivers. |

network-policy

To apply a network-policy profile to an interface, use the **network-policy** command in interface configuration mode. To remove the policy, use the **no** form of this command.

```
network-policy profile-number
no network-policy
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>profile-number</i> The network-policy profile number to apply to the interface. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Command Default | No network-policy profiles are applied. |
|------------------------|---|

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Command Modes | Interface configuration (config-if) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | Use the network-policy <i>profile number</i> interface configuration command to apply a profile to an interface. |
|-------------------------|---|

You cannot apply the **switchport voice vlan** command on an interface if you first configure a network-policy profile on it. However, if **switchport voice vlan *vlan-id*** is already configured on the interface, you can apply a network-policy profile on the interface. The interface then has the voice or voice-signaling VLAN network-policy profile applied.

This example shows how to apply network-policy profile 60 to an interface:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# network-policy 60
```

network-policy profile (global configuration)

To create a network-policy profile and to enter network-policy configuration mode, use the **network-policy profile** command in global configuration mode. To delete the policy and to return to global configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

network-policy profile *profile-number*
no network-policy profile *profile-number*

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Syntax Description | <i>profile-number</i> Network-policy profile number. The range is 1 to 4294967295. | |
| Command Default | No network-policy profiles are defined. | |
| Command Modes | Global configuration (config) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | <p>Use the network-policy profile global configuration command to create a profile and to enter network-policy profile configuration mode.</p> <p>To return to privileged EXEC mode from the network-policy profile configuration mode, enter the exit command.</p> <p>When you are in network-policy profile configuration mode, you can create the profile for voice and voice signaling by specifying the values for VLAN, class of service (CoS), differentiated services code point (DSCP), and tagging mode.</p> <p>These profile attributes are contained in the Link Layer Discovery Protocol for Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED) network-policy time-length-value (TLV).</p> | |

This example shows how to create network-policy profile 60:

```
Device(config)# network-policy profile 60
Device(config-network-policy) #
```

platform usb disable

To disable all the USB ports on a device, use the **platform usb disable** command in global configuration mode. To reenable all the USB ports on the device, use the **no platform usb disable** command.

platform usb disable
no platform usb disable

Command Default All the USB ports are enabled by default.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.5.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The **platform usb disable** command disables all the USB ports on both stacked and standalone devices, but not Bluetooth dongles connected to USB ports.

Examples The following example shows how to disable USB ports on a device:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# platform usb disable
This config cli may cause data corruption if there is some ongoing operation on usb device.
Do you want to proceed [confirm]?
Y
Device(config)# end
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | show platform usb status | Displays the status of the USB ports on a device. |

power-priority

power-priority

To configure Cisco StackPower power-priority values for a switch in a power stack and for its high-priority and low-priority PoE ports, use the **power-priority** command in switch stack-power configuration mode. To return to the default setting, use the **no** form of the command.

```
power-priority {high value | low value | switch value}
no power-priority {high | low | switch}
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <p>high value Sets the power priority for the ports configured as high-priority ports. The range is 1 to 27, with 1 as the highest priority. The high value must be lower than the value set for the low-priority ports and higher than the value set for the switch.</p> <p>low value Sets the power priority for the ports configured as low-priority ports. The range is 1 to 27. The low value must be higher than the value set for the high-priority ports and the value set for the switch.</p> <p>switch value Sets the power priority for the switch. The range is 1 to 27. The switch value must be lower than the values set for the low and high-priority ports.</p> |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Command Default | If no values are configured, the power stack randomly determines a default priority. The default ranges are 1 to 9 for switches, 10 to 18 for high-priority ports, 19 to 27 for low-priority ports. On non-PoE switches, the high and low values (for port priority) have no effect. |
|------------------------|--|

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Command Modes | Switch stack-power configuration (config-stack) |
|----------------------|---|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | <p>To access switch stack-power configuration mode, enter the stack-power switch switch-number global configuration command.</p> <p>Cisco StackPower power-priority values determine the order for shutting down switches and ports when power is lost and load shedding must occur. Priority values are from 1 to 27; the highest numbers are shut down first.</p> <p>We recommend that you configure different priority values for each switch and for its high priority ports and low priority ports to limit the number of devices shut down at one time during a loss of power. If you try to configure the same priority value on different switches in a power stack, the configuration is allowed, but you receive a warning message.</p> |
|-------------------------|--|



Note This command is available only on switch stacks running the IP Base or IP Services feature set.

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This is an example of setting the power priority for switch 1 in power stack a to 7, for the high-priority ports to 11, and for the low-priority ports to 20. |
|-----------------|---|

```
Device(config)# stack-power switch 1
Device(config-switch-stackpower)# stack-id power_stack_a
Device(config-switch-stackpower)# power-priority high 11
Device(config-switch-stackpower)# power-priority low 20
Device(config-switch-stackpower)# power-priority switch 7
Device(config-switch-stackpower)# exit
```

power inline

power inline

To configure the power management mode on PoE ports, use the **power inline** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default settings, use the **no** form of this command.

```
power inline {auto [max max-wattage] | consumption max-wattage | never | port {1-event | 2-event | priority value} | static [max max-wattage]}
no power inline {auto | consumption | never | port {1-event | 2-event | priority} | static}
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|---|
| | auto | Enables powered-device detection. If enough power is available, automatically allocates power to the PoE port after device detection. Allocation is on the first-come, first-serve basis. |
| | max max-wattage | (Optional) Limits the power allowed on a port. The range is 4000 to 30000 mW. If no value is specified, the maximum is allowed. |
| | never | Disables device detection, and disables power to the port. |
| | port | Configures the power priority of the port. |
| | 1-event | Enables 1-event classification. This is applicable only when the port is in Universal Power over Ethernet-plus (UPOE) mode. |
| | 2-event | Enables 2-event classification. |
| | priority value | Sets the power priority of the port. In case of a power supply failure, ports configured as lowest priority (7) are turned off first and ports configured as highest priority (0) are turned off last. The range is 0 to 7. |
| | static | Enables powered-device detection. Pre-allocates (reserves) power for a port before the switch discovers the powered device. This action guarantees that the device connected to the interface receives enough power. |

| Command Default | The default is auto (enabled). The maximum wattage is 30,000 mW. The default PoE port priority is 0 . | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Command Default | Interface configuration (config-if) | | | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1</td><td>The port priority value was introduced to configure power priority on PoE ports.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | The port priority value was introduced to configure power priority on PoE ports. |
| Release | Modification | | | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | The port priority value was introduced to configure power priority on PoE ports. | | | | | | |

Usage Guidelines This command is supported only on PoE-capable ports. If you enter this command on a port that does not support PoE, the following error message appears:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# power inline auto
^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
```

In a switch stack, this command is supported on all ports in the stack that support PoE.

Use the **max max-wattage** option to disallow higher-power powered devices. With this configuration, when the powered device sends Cisco Discovery Protocol messages requesting more power than the maximum wattage, the switch removes power from the port. If the powered-device IEEE class maximum is greater than the maximum wattage, the switch does not power the device. The power is reclaimed into the global power budget.



Note The switch never powers any class 0 or class 3 device if the **power inline max max-wattage** command is configured for less than 30 W.

If the switch denies power to a powered device (the powered device requests more power through Cisco Discovery Protocol messages or if the IEEE class maximum is greater than the maximum wattage), the PoE port is in a power-deny state. The switch generates a system message, and the Oper column in the **show power inline** command output shows *power-deny*.

Use the **power inline static max** command to give a port high priority. The switch allocates PoE to a port configured in static mode before allocating power to a port configured in auto mode. The switch reserves power for the static port when it is configured rather than upon device discovery. The switch reserves the power on a static port even when there is no connected device and whether or not the port is in a shutdown or in a no shutdown state. The switch allocates the configured maximum wattage to the port, and the amount is never adjusted through the IEEE class or by Cisco Discovery Protocol messages from the powered device. Because power is pre-allocated, any powered device that uses less than or equal to the maximum wattage is guaranteed power when it is connected to a static port. However, if the powered device IEEE class is greater than the maximum wattage, the switch does not supply power to it. If the switch learns through Cisco Discovery Protocol messages that the powered device needs more than the maximum wattage, the powered device is shut down.

power inline

If the switch cannot pre-allocate power when a port is in static mode (for example, because the entire power budget is already allocated to other auto or static ports), this message appears:

```
Command rejected: power inline static: pwr not available.
```

The port configuration remains unchanged.

When you configure a port by using the **power inline auto** or the **power inline static** command, the port autonegotiates by using the configured speed and duplex settings. This is necessary to determine the power requirements of the connected device (whether or not it is a powered device). After the power requirements have been determined, the switch hardcodes the interface by using the configured speed and duplex settings without resetting the interface.

When you configure a port by using the **power inline never** command, the port reverts to the configured speed and duplex settings.

If a port has a Cisco-powered device connected to it, you should not use the **power inline never** command to configure the port. A false link-up can occur, placing the port in an error-disabled state.

Use the **power inline port priority** command to configure the power priority of a PoE port. Powered devices connected to ports with low port priority are shut down first in case of a power shortage.

You can verify your settings by entering the **show power inline** command.

Examples

This example shows how to enable detection of a powered device and to automatically power a PoE port on a switch:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
Device(config-if)# power inline auto
```

This example shows how to configure a PoE port on a switch to allow a class 1 or a class 2 powered device:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
Device(config-if)# power inline auto max 7000
```

This example shows how to disable powered-device detection and to not power a PoE port on a switch:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
Device(config-if)# power inline never
```

This example shows how to set the priority of a PoE port to the highest, so that it will be one of the last ports to be shut down in case of power supply failure:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
```

```
Device(config-if)# power inline port priority 0
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | power inline max | Specifies the maximum amount of power, in milliwatts, that a device connected to a port can consume. |
| | power inline static | Allocates power from the system power pool to a switch port. |
| | power inline auto | Turns on the device discovery protocol and applies power to the device. |
| | power inline never | Sets the inline power to the off mode on a switch port. |
| | power inline port priority | Configures port priorities on PoE ports. |
| | show power inline | Displays the power status for the specified port or for all ports. |

power inline auto-shutdown

power inline auto-shutdown

To enable automatic shutdown control on Power over Ethernet (PoE) ports during power shortage, use the **power inline auto-shutdown** command in global configuration mode. To disable the automatic shutdown control on PoE ports, use the **no** form of this command.

power inline auto-shutdown
no power inline auto-shutdown

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Automatic shutdown control on PoE ports is disabled.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines This command must be configured for the **power inline port priority** command to work. The **power inline port priority** command configures port priorities on PoE ports.

Examples This example shows how to enable the automatic shutdown control on PoE ports:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# power inline auto-shutdown
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | power inline port priority | Configures port priorities on PoE ports. |

power inline police

To enable policing of real-time power consumption on a powered device, use the **power inline police** command in interface configuration mode. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command

```
power inline police [action {errdisable | log}]
no power inline police
```

| Syntax Description | action (Optional) Configures the device to turn off power to the port if the real-time power consumption exceeds the maximum power allocation on the port. This is the default action. errdisable action log (Optional) Configures the device to generate a syslog message while still providing power to a connected device if the real-time power consumption exceeds the maximum power allocation on the port. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | Policing of the real-time power consumption of the powered device is disabled. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Interface configuration (config-if) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Usage Guidelines This command is supported only on Power over Ethernet (PoE)-capable ports. If you enter this command on a device or port that does not support PoE, an error message appears.

In a switch stack, this command is supported on all switches or ports in the stack that support PoE and real-time power-consumption monitoring.

When policing of the real-time power consumption is enabled, the device takes action when a powered device consumes more power than the allocated maximum amount.

When PoE is enabled, the device senses the real-time power consumption of the powered device. This feature is called *power monitoring* or *power sensing*. The device also polices the power usage with the *power policing* feature.

When power policing is enabled, the device uses one of the these values as the cutoff power on the PoE port in this order:

1. The user-defined power level that limits the power allowed on the port when you enter the **power inline auto max max-wattage** or the **power inline static max max-wattage** interface configuration command
2. The device automatically sets the power usage of the device by using CDP power negotiation or by the IEEE classification and LLDP power negotiation.

If you do not manually configure the cutoff-power value, the device automatically determines it by using CDP power negotiation or the device IEEE classification and LLDP power negotiation. If CDP or LLDP are not enabled, the default value of 30 W is applied. However without CDP or LLDP, the device does not allow devices to consume more than 15.4 W of power because values from 15400 to 30000 mW are only allocated based on CDP or LLDP requests. If a powered device consumes more than 15.4 W without CDP or LLDP negotiation, the device might be in violation of the maximum current *I_{max}* limitation and might experience

power inline police

an *Icut* fault for drawing more current than the maximum. The port remains in the fault state for a time before attempting to power on again. If the port continuously draws more than 15.4 W, the cycle repeats.

When a powered device connected to a PoE+ port restarts and sends a CDP or LLDP packet with a power TLV, the device locks to the power-negotiation protocol of that first packet and does not respond to power requests from the other protocol. For example, if the device is locked to CDP, it does not provide power to devices that send LLDP requests. If CDP is disabled after the device has locked on it, the device does not respond to LLDP power requests and can no longer power on any accessories. In this case, you should restart the powered device.

If power policing is enabled, the device polices power usage by comparing the real-time power consumption to the maximum power allocated on the PoE port. If the device uses more than the maximum power allocation (or *cutoff power*) on the port, the device either turns power off to the port, or the device generates a syslog message and updates the LEDs (the port LEDs are blinking amber) while still providing power to the device.

- To configure the device to turn off power to the port and put the port in the error-disabled state, use the **power inline police** interface configuration command.
- To configure the device to generate a syslog message while still providing power to the device, use the **power inline police action log** command.

If you do not enter the **action log** keywords, the default action is to shut down the port, turn off power to it, and put the port in the PoE error-disabled state. To configure the PoE port to automatically recover from the error-disabled state, use the **errdisable detect cause inline-power** global configuration command to enable error-disabled detection for the PoE cause and the **errdisable recovery cause inline-power interval** *interval* global configuration command to enable the recovery timer for the PoE error-disabled cause.



Caution If policing is disabled, no action occurs when the powered device consumes more than the maximum power allocation on the port, which could adversely affect the device.

You can verify your settings by entering the **show power inline police** privileged EXEC command.

Examples

This example shows how to enable policing of the power consumption and configuring the device to generate a syslog message on the PoE port on a device:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/2
Device(config-if)# power inline police action log
```

power supply

To configure and manage the internal power supplies on a switch, use the **power supply** command in privileged EXEC mode.

power supply stack-member-number slot {A | B} {off | on}

| | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>stack-member-number</i> | Stack member number for which to configure the internal power supplies. The range is 1 to 9, depending on the number of switches in the stack. |
| | | This parameter is available only on stacking-capable switches. |
| | slot | Selects the switch power supply to set. |
| | A | Selects the power supply in slot A. |
| | B | Selects the power supply in slot B. |
| | | Note Power supply slot B is the closest slot to the outer edge of the switch. |
| | off | Sets the switch power supply to off. |
| | on | Sets the switch power supply to on. |

Command Default The switch power supply is on.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The **power supply** command applies to a switch or to a switch stack where all switches are the same platform.

In a switch stack with the same platform switches, you must specify the stack member before entering the **slot {A | B} off** or **on** keywords.

To return to the default setting, use the **power supply stack-member-number on** command.

You can verify your settings by entering the **show env power** privileged EXEC command.

Examples This example shows how to set the power supply in slot A to off:

```
Device> power supply 2 slot A off
Disabling Power supply A may result in a power loss to PoE devices and/or switches ...
Continue? (yes/[no]): yes
Device
Jun 10 04:52:54.389: %PLATFORM_ENV-6-FRU_PS_OIR: FRU Power Supply 1 powered off
Jun 10 04:52:56.717: %PLATFORM_ENV-1-FAN_NOT_PRESENT: Fan is not present
```

power supply

This example shows how to set the power supply in slot A to on:

```
Device> power supply 1 slot B on
Jun 10 04:54:39.600: %PLATFORM_ENV-6-FRU_PS_OIR: FRU Power Supply 1 powered on
```

This example shows the output of the show env power command:

```
Device> show env power
SW  PID          Serial#      Status        Sys Pwr  PoE Pwr  Watts
--  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----  -----
1A  PWR-1RUC2-640WAC  DCB1705B05B  OK       Good    Good   250/390
1B  Not Present
```

power supply autoLC shutdown

To enable automatic shutdown control on linecards, use the **power supply autoLC shutdown** command in global configuration mode. This command is enabled by default and cannot be disabled. The AutoLC shutdown cannot be disabled message will be displayed if you try to disable it.

power supply autoLC shutdown
no power supply autoLC shutdown

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Automatic shutdown control on linecards is enabled.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Examples This example shows how to enable automatic shutdown on linecards:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# power supply autoLC shutdown
```

shell trigger

To create an event trigger, use the **shell trigger** command in global configuration mode. Use the **no** form of this command to delete the trigger.

shell trigger identifier description

no shell trigger identifier description

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <table border="0"> <tr> <td><i>identifier</i></td><td>Specifies the event trigger identifier. The identifier should have no spaces or hyphens between words.</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>description</i></td><td>Specifies the event trigger description text.</td></tr> </table> | <i>identifier</i> | Specifies the event trigger identifier. The identifier should have no spaces or hyphens between words. | <i>description</i> | Specifies the event trigger description text. |
| <i>identifier</i> | Specifies the event trigger identifier. The identifier should have no spaces or hyphens between words. | | | | |
| <i>description</i> | Specifies the event trigger description text. | | | | |

Command Default System-defined event triggers:

- CISCO_DMP_EVENT
- CISCO_IPVSC_AUTO_EVENT
- CISCO_PHONE_EVENT
- CISCO_SWITCH_EVENT
- CISCO_ROUTER_EVENT
- CISCO_WIRELESS_AP_EVENT
- CISCO_WIRELESS_LIGHTWEIGHT_AP_EVENT

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines Use this command to create user-defined event triggers for use with the **macro auto device** and the **macro auto execute** commands.

To support dynamic device discovery when using IEEE 802.1x authentication, you need to configure the RADIUS authentication server to support the Cisco attribute-value pair: **auto-smart-port=event trigger**.

Example

This example shows how to create a user-defined event trigger called RADIUS_MAB_EVENT:

```
Device(config)# shell trigger RADIUS_MAB_EVENT MAC_AuthBypass Event
Device(config)# end
```

show beacon all

To display the status of beacon LED on the device, use the **show beacon all** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show beacon { rp { active | standby } | fan-tray | power-supply ps-slot-number | slot slot-number } | all
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | rp { active standby } | Specifies the active or the standby Supervisor whose beacon LED status is to be displayed. |
| | slot slot-num | Specifies the slot whose beacon LED status is to be displayed. |
| | fan-tray | Specifies that the status of fan tray beacon is to be displayed. |
| | power-supply ps-slot-number | Specifies the power supply whose beacon LED status is to be displayed. |
| | all | Displays the status of all beacon LEDs. |

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Command Default | This command has no default settings. | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Usage Guidelines | Use the command show beacon all to know the status of all beacon LEDs. | |

Sample output of **show beacon all** command on a 7-slot device.

```
Device#show beacon all
Slot#      Beacon Status
-----
1          OFF
2          OFF
3          OFF
*4         OFF
5          OFF
6          OFF
7          OFF
-----
Power-Supply#   Beacon Status
-----
4          OFF
8          OFF
-----
FANTRAY BEACON: OFF
Switch#
```

show beacon all

Following is a sample output of *show beacon rp* command on a 7-slot device

```
Device#show beacon rp active
Slot#    Beacon Status
-----
3                  ON

Switch#show beacon rp standby
Slot#    Beacon Status
-----
4                  OFF
```

The following example displays the status of fantray:

```
Device#show beacon fantray
-----
FANTRAY BEACON: ON
Switch#
```

show environment

To display information about the sensors, and status of fan and power supply, use the **show environment** command in EXEC mode.

```
show environment { all | counters | history | location | sensor | status | summary | table }
```

| Syntax Description | all counters history location sensor status summary table | (Optional) Displays the list of sensors. (Optional) Displays the operational counters of the sensors. (Optional) Displays history of the sensor state changes. (Optional) Displays the sensors by location. (Optional) Displays sensor summary. (Optional) Displays the power supply and fan tray status of the switch. (Optional) Displays a summary of all the environment monitoring sensors. (Optional) Displays sensor state table. |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Command Default | None | |
| Command Modes | User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | Modification This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | Use the show environment EXEC command to display the information for the switch being accessed—a standalone switch or the active switch. | |
| Examples | This example shows a sample output of the show environment all command: Device> show environment all Sensor List: Environmental Monitoring Sensor Location State Reading Temp: UADP_0_0 R1 Normal 52 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_1 R1 Normal 50 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_2 R1 Normal 50 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_3 R1 Normal 52 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_4 R1 Normal 51 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_5 R1 Normal 52 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_6 R1 Normal 63 Celsius Temp: UADP_0_7 R1 Normal 54 Celsius .. <output truncated> | |

show environment

This example shows a sample output of the **show environment status** command:

```
Device> show environment status

Power
Supply Model No          Type   Capacity Status      Fan States
----- ----- ----- ----- -----
PS1    C9600-PWR-2KWAC   ac     2000 W  active     1       2
PS4    C9600-PWR-2KWAC   ac     2000 W  active     good    good

PS Current Configuration Mode : Combined
PS Current Operating State   : none

Power supplies currently active   : 2
Power supplies currently available : 2

Fantray : good
Power consumed by Fantray : 300 Watts
Fantray airflow direction : side-to-side
Fantray beacon LED: off
Fantray status LED: green
```

show errdisable detect

To display error-disabled detection status, use the **show errdisable detect** command in EXEC mode.

show errdisable detect

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | This command has no arguments or keywords. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|------------------------|------|
| Command Default | None |
|------------------------|------|

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC (>) |
| | Privileged EXEC (#) |

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines A gbic-invalid error reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module.

The error-disable reasons in the command output are listed in alphabetical order. The mode column shows how error-disable is configured for each feature.

You can configure error-disabled detection in these modes:

- port mode—The entire physical port is error-disabled if a violation occurs.
- vlan mode—The VLAN is error-disabled if a violation occurs.
- port/vlan mode—The entire physical port is error-disabled on some ports and is per-VLAN error-disabled on other ports.

This is an example of output from the **show errdisable detect** command:

```
Device> show errdisable detect
ErrDisable Reason      Detection     Mode
-----  -----  -----
arp-inspection        Enabled       port
bpduguard             Enabled       vlan
channel-misconfig     Enabled       port
community-limit       Enabled       port
dhcp-rate-limit       Enabled       port
dtp-flap              Enabled       port
gbic-invalid          Enabled       port
inline-power           Enabled       port
invalid-policy         Enabled       port
l2ptguard              Enabled       port
link-flap              Enabled       port
loopback               Enabled       port
lsgroup                Enabled       port
pagp-flap              Enabled       port
psecure-violation     Enabled       port/vlan
security-violatio     Enabled       port
sfp-config-mismat    Enabled       port
storm-control          Enabled       port
```

```
show errdisable detect
```

| | | |
|------|---------|------|
| udld | Enabled | port |
| vmps | Enabled | port |

show errdisable recovery

To display the error-disabled recovery timer information, use the **show errdisable recovery** command in EXEC mode.

show errdisable recovery

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | This command has no arguments or keywords. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|------------------------|------|
| Command Default | None |
|------------------------|------|

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC (> Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | A gbic-invalid error-disable reason refers to an invalid small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module interface. |
|-------------------------|--|



| | |
|-------------|---|
| Note | Though visible in the output, the unicast-flood field is not valid. |
|-------------|---|

show hardware led

show hardware led

To display the status of hardware components on the device, use the **show hardware led** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show hardware led [port [FortyGigabitEthernet interface-number | TenGigabitEthernet interface-number | GigabitEthernet interface-number | status] ]
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Syntax Description | FortyGigabitEthernet interface-number TenGigabitEthernet interface-number GigabitEthernet interface-number status | Specifies the FortyGigabit interface whose LED status is to be displayed. Specifies the Tengigabit interface whose LED status is to be displayed. Specifies the One Gigabit interface whose LED status is to be displayed. Displays the status of the ports on the device. |
|---------------------------|--|---|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a | This command was introduced. |

Command Default This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Usage Guidelines The **show hardware led** command displays the status of ports on the Line Cards and Supervisors, status of PowerSupply and Fan tray modules, and the status of RJ45 console.

On a Supervisor there are four PORT SET ENABLED LEDs, each representing a group of ports. Port numbers 1 to 4 form Group 1 (G1), Port numbers 5 to 8 form Group 2 (G2), Port number 9 is Group 3 (G3) and Port number 10 is Group 4 (G4). Status of each group for an active or standby supervisor is displayed.

The command displays the following colors to indicate status of the PORT LEDs:

- GREEN—Indicates the interface is up.
- BLACK—Indicates the interface is down.
- AMBER—Indicates the interface ADMIN is down.

The command displays the following colors to indicate the status of Line Cards (LC):

- AMBER—Indicates the LC is booting up.
- GREEN—Indicates the LC is up and running.
- RED—Indicates the LC has a problem or is disabled.

Status of BEACON LED for fantray, power-supply, line cards and supervisor moodules are indicated by the following colours:

- BLUE—Indicates the Beacon LED is On.
- BLACK—Indicates the Beacon LED is Off.

Status of SYSTEM LED is indicated by the following colors:

- GREEN—Indicates all components are up and running.
- RED—Indicates that temperature exceeds either the critical temperature or the shutdown threshold; or fantray is either removed or has failed.
- ORANGE—Indicates that temperature exceeds the warning threshold; or fantray experiences partial fails; or active power supply failed.

For more information on LEDs refer [Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switches Hardware Installation Guide](#).

Sample output of *show hardware led* command

```
Device#show hardware led

SWITCH: C9407R

SYSTEM: GREEN

Line Card : 1
PORT STATUS: (24) Te1/0/1:BLACK Te1/0/2:BLACK Te1/0/3:BLACK Te1/0/4:BLACK Te1/0/5:BLACK
Te1/0/6:BLACK Te1/0/7:BLACK Te1/0/8:BLACK Te1/0/9:BLACK Te1/0/10:BLACK Te1/0/11:BLACK
Te1/0/12:BLACK Te1/0/13:BLACK Te1/0/14:BLACK Te1/0/15:BLACK Te1/0/16:BLACK Te1/0/17:BLACK
Te1/0/18:BLACK Te1/0/19:BLACK Te1/0/20:BLACK Te1/0/21:BLACK Te1/0/22:BLACK Te1/0/23:BLACK
Te1/0/24:BLACK
BEACON: BLUE

STATUS: GREEN

Line Card : 2
PORT STATUS: (48) Gi2/0/1:ACT_GREEN Gi2/0/2:ACT_GREEN Gi2/0/3:BLACK Gi2/0/4:BLACK
Gi2/0/5:BLACK Gi2/0/6:BLACK Gi2/0/7:BLACK Gi2/0/8:BLACK Gi2/0/9:BLACK Gi2/0/10:BLACK
Gi2/0/11:BLACK Gi2/0/12:BLACK Gi2/0/13:BLACK Gi2/0/14:BLACK Gi2/0/15:BLACK Gi2/0/16:BLACK
Gi2/0/17:BLACK Gi2/0/18:BLACK Gi2/0/19:BLACK Gi2/0/20:BLACK Gi2/0/21:BLACK Gi2/0/22:BLACK
Gi2/0/23:ACT_GREEN Gi2/0/24:BLACK Gi2/0/25:ACT_GREEN Gi2/0/26:BLACK Gi2/0/27:BLACK
Gi2/0/28:BLACK Gi2/0/29:BLACK Gi2/0/30:BLACK Gi2/0/31:BLACK Gi2/0/32:BLACK Gi2/0/33:BLACK
Gi2/0/34:BLACK Gi2/0/35:BLACK Gi2/0/36:BLACK Gi2/0/37:BLACK Gi2/0/38:BLACK Gi2/0/39:BLACK
Gi2/0/40:BLACK Gi2/0/41:BLACK Gi2/0/42:BLACK Gi2/0/43:BLACK Gi2/0/44:BLACK Gi2/0/45:ACT_GREEN
Gi2/0/46:BLACK Gi2/0/47:BLACK Gi2/0/48:BLACK
BEACON: BLUE

STATUS: GREEN

SUPERVISOR: ACTIVE
PORT STATUS: (10) Te3/0/1:BLACK Te3/0/2:BLACK Te3/0/3:BLACK Te3/0/4:BLACK Te3/0/5:BLACK
Te3/0/6:BLACK Te3/0/7:BLACK Te3/0/8:BLACK Fo3/0/9:BLACK Fo3/0/10:BLACK

BEACON: BLUE

GROUP LED: UPLINK-G1:GREEN UPLINK-G2:BLACK UPLINK-G3:BLACK UPLINK-G4:BLACK

SUPERVISOR: STANDBY
```

show hardware led

PORT STATUS: (10) Te4/0/1:BLACK Te4/0/2:BLACK Te4/0/3:BLACK Te4/0/4:BLACK Te4/0/5:BLACK
Te4/0/6:BLACK Te4/0/7:BLACK Te4/0/8:BLACK Fo4/0/9:BLACK Fo4/0/10:BLACK

BEACON: BLUE

GROUP LED: UPLINK-G1:BLACK UPLINK-G2:BLACK UPLINK-G3:GREEN UPLINK-G4:BLACK

Line Card : 5

PORT STATUS: (48) Gi5/0/1:BLACK Gi5/0/2:BLACK Gi5/0/3:BLACK Gi5/0/4:BLACK Gi5/0/5:BLACK
Gi5/0/6:BLACK Gi5/0/7:BLACK Gi5/0/8:BLACK Gi5/0/9:BLACK Gi5/0/10:BLACK Gi5/0/11:BLACK
Gi5/0/12:BLACK Gi5/0/13:BLACK Gi5/0/14:BLACK Gi5/0/15:BLACK Gi5/0/16:BLACK Gi5/0/17:BLACK
Gi5/0/18:BLACK Gi5/0/19:BLACK Gi5/0/20:BLACK Gi5/0/21:BLACK Gi5/0/22:BLACK Gi5/0/23:ACT_GREEN
Gi5/0/24:BLACK Gi5/0/25:ACT_GREEN Gi5/0/26:BLACK Gi5/0/27:BLACK Gi5/0/28:BLACK Gi5/0/29:BLACK
Gi5/0/30:BLACK Gi5/0/31:BLACK Gi5/0/32:BLACK Gi5/0/33:BLACK Gi5/0/34:BLACK Gi5/0/35:BLACK
Gi5/0/36:BLACK Gi5/0/37:BLACK Gi5/0/38:BLACK Gi5/0/39:BLACK Gi5/0/40:BLACK Gi5/0/41:ACT_GREEN
Gi5/0/42:BLACK Gi5/0/43:BLACK Gi5/0/44:BLACK Gi5/0/45:ACT_GREEN Gi5/0/46:BLACK Gi5/0/47:BLACK
Gi5/0/48:ACT_GREEN

BEACON: BLUE

STATUS: GREEN

Line Card : 6

PORT STATUS: (48) Gi6/0/1:BLACK Gi6/0/2:BLACK Gi6/0/3:BLACK Gi6/0/4:BLACK Gi6/0/5:BLACK
Gi6/0/6:BLACK Gi6/0/7:BLACK Gi6/0/8:BLACK Gi6/0/9:BLACK Gi6/0/10:BLACK Gi6/0/11:BLACK
Gi6/0/12:BLACK Gi6/0/13:BLACK Gi6/0/14:BLACK Gi6/0/15:BLACK Gi6/0/16:BLACK Gi6/0/17:BLACK
Gi6/0/18:BLACK Gi6/0/19:BLACK Gi6/0/20:BLACK Gi6/0/21:BLACK Gi6/0/22:BLACK Gi6/0/23:BLACK
Gi6/0/24:BLACK Gi6/0/25:BLACK Gi6/0/26:BLACK Gi6/0/27:BLACK Gi6/0/28:BLACK Gi6/0/29:BLACK
Gi6/0/30:BLACK Gi6/0/31:BLACK Gi6/0/32:BLACK Gi6/0/33:BLACK Gi6/0/34:BLACK Gi6/0/35:BLACK
Gi6/0/36:BLACK Gi6/0/37:BLACK Gi6/0/38:BLACK Gi6/0/39:BLACK Gi6/0/40:BLACK Gi6/0/41:ACT_GREEN
Gi6/0/42:BLACK Gi6/0/43:BLACK Gi6/0/44:BLACK Gi6/0/45:BLACK Gi6/0/46:BLACK Gi6/0/47:BLACK
Gi6/0/48:BLACK

BEACON: BLUE

STATUS: GREEN

Line Card : 7

PORT STATUS: (48) Gi7/0/1:BLACK Gi7/0/2:BLACK Gi7/0/3:BLACK Gi7/0/4:BLACK Gi7/0/5:BLACK
Gi7/0/6:BLACK Gi7/0/7:BLACK Gi7/0/8:BLACK Gi7/0/9:BLACK Gi7/0/10:BLACK Gi7/0/11:BLACK
Gi7/0/12:BLACK Gi7/0/13:BLACK Gi7/0/14:BLACK Gi7/0/15:BLACK Gi7/0/16:BLACK Gi7/0/17:BLACK
Gi7/0/18:BLACK Gi7/0/19:BLACK Gi7/0/20:BLACK Gi7/0/21:BLACK Gi7/0/22:BLACK Gi7/0/23:BLACK
Gi7/0/24:BLACK Te7/0/25:BLACK Te7/0/26:BLACK Te7/0/27:BLACK Te7/0/28:BLACK Te7/0/29:BLACK
Te7/0/30:BLACK Te7/0/31:BLACK Te7/0/32:BLACK Te7/0/33:BLACK Te7/0/34:BLACK Te7/0/35:BLACK
Te7/0/36:BLACK Te7/0/37:BLACK Te7/0/38:BLACK Te7/0/39:BLACK Te7/0/40:BLACK Te7/0/41:BLACK
Te7/0/42:BLACK Te7/0/43:BLACK Te7/0/44:BLACK Te7/0/45:BLACK Te7/0/46:BLACK Te7/0/47:BLACK
Te7/0/48:BLACK

BEACON: BLUE

STATUS: GREEN

RJ45 CONSOLE: GREEN

FANTRAY STATUS: GREEN

FANTRAY BEACON: BLUE

POWER-SUPPLY 1 BEACON: BLUE

POWER-SUPPLY 2 BEACON: BLUE

show hw-module subslot mode

To display the line card mode of the platform, use the **show hw-module subslot mode** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show hw-module subslot *slot/subslot* mode

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>slot</i> Slot number. The range is from 0 to 10. <i>subslot</i> Subslot number. The range is from 0 to 0. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
| Command History | Release Modification Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 This command was introduced. |

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show hw-module subslot mode** command:

```
Device# show hw-module subslot 1/0 mode
subslot [1/0] mode: dynamic
```

show idprom fan-tray

show idprom fan-tray

To display the serial number for the fan-tray component and the chassis, use the **show idprom fan-tray** command in privileged EXEC mode.

`show idprom fan-tray`

| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a | The output of the command was enhanced to include Chassis Serial Number in the command output. |

The following is sample output from the **show idprom fan-tray** command:

```
Device#show idprom fan tray
Fan Tray Idprom:

Controller Type      : 3196
Hardware Revision   : 0.1
Top Assy. Revision  : 24
Deviation Number    : 0
PCB Serial Number   : FXS2006018B
Chassis Serial Number: FXS2009Q09Z
RMA Test History    : 00
RMA Number          : 0-0-0-0
RMA History         : 00
CLEI Code           : 0
ECI Number          : 0
Product Identifier (PID) : WS-XFAN7
Version Identifier (VID) : V00
Manufacturing Test Data : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Field Diagnostics Data : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Environment Monitor Data : 03 00 00 00 15 E1 5E 00
                                A9
Environment Monitor Data : 00 06 00 FA
```

show ip interface

To display the usability status of interfaces configured for IP, use the **show ip interface** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show ip interface [type number] [brief]

Syntax Description

| | |
|---------------|---|
| type | (Optional) Interface type. |
| number | (Optional) Interface number. |
| brief | (Optional) Displays a summary of the usability status information for each interface. |

Command Default

The full usability status is displayed for all interfaces configured for IP.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

The Cisco IOS software automatically enters a directly connected route in the routing table if the interface is usable (which means that it can send and receive packets). If an interface is not usable, the directly connected routing entry is removed from the routing table. Removing the entry lets the software use dynamic routing protocols to determine backup routes to the network, if any.

If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked "up." If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked "up."

If you specify an optional interface type, information for that specific interface is displayed. If you specify no optional arguments, information on all the interfaces is displayed.

When an asynchronous interface is encapsulated with PPP or Serial Line Internet Protocol (SLIP), IP fast switching is enabled. A **show ip interface** command on an asynchronous interface encapsulated with PPP or SLIP displays a message indicating that IP fast switching is enabled.

You can use the **show ip interface brief** command to display a summary of the device interfaces. This command displays the IP address, the interface status, and other information.

The **show ip interface brief** command does not display any information related to Unicast RPF.

Examples

The following example shows interface information on Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/0/1:

```
Device# show ip interface gigabitethernet 1/0/1
GigabitEthernet1/0/1 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet address is 10.1.1.1/16
  Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255
  Address determined by setup command
  MTU is 1500 bytes
  Helper address is not set
  Directed broadcast forwarding is disabled
```

show ip interface

```

Outgoing access list is not set
Inbound access list is not set
Proxy ARP is enabled
Local Proxy ARP is disabled
Security level is default
Split horizon is enabled
ICMP redirects are always sent
ICMP unreachables are always sent
ICMP mask replies are never sent
IP fast switching is enabled
IP fast switching on the same interface is disabled
IP Flow switching is disabled
IP CEF switching is enabled
IP Feature Fast switching turbo vector
IP VPN Flow CEF switching turbo vector
IP multicast fast switching is enabled
IP multicast distributed fast switching is disabled
IP route-cache flags are Fast, CEF
Router Discovery is disabled
IP output packet accounting is disabled
IP access violation accounting is disabled
TCP/IP header compression is disabled
RTP/IP header compression is disabled
Policy routing is enabled, using route map PBR
Network address translation is disabled
BGP Policy Mapping is disabled
IP Multi-Processor Forwarding is enabled
  IP Input features, "PBR",
    are not supported by MPF and are IGNORED
  IP Output features, "NetFlow",
    are not supported by MPF and are IGNORED

```

The following example shows how to display the usability status for a specific VLAN:

```

Device# show ip interface vlan 1

Vlan1 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet address is 10.0.0.4/24
  Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255
  Address determined by non-volatile memory
  MTU is 1500 bytes
  Helper address is not set
  Directed broadcast forwarding is disabled
  Outgoing access list is not set
  Inbound access list is not set
  Proxy ARP is enabled
  Local Proxy ARP is disabled
  Security level is default
  Split horizon is enabled
  ICMP redirects are always sent
  ICMP unreachables are always sent
  ICMP mask replies are never sent
  IP fast switching is enabled
  IP fast switching on the same interface is disabled
  IP Flow switching is disabled
  IP CEF switching is enabled
  IP Fast switching turbo vector
  IP Normal CEF switching turbo vector
  IP multicast fast switching is enabled
  IP multicast distributed fast switching is disabled
  IP route-cache flags are Fast, CEF
  Router Discovery is disabled
  IP output packet accounting is disabled

```

```

IP access violation accounting is disabled
TCP/IP header compression is disabled
RTP/IP header compression is disabled
Probe proxy name replies are disabled
Policy routing is disabled
Network address translation is disabled
WCCP Redirect outbound is disabled
WCCP Redirect inbound is disabled
WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled
BGP Policy Mapping is disabled
Sampled Netflow is disabled
IP multicast multilayer switching is disabled
Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled

```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 2: show ip interface Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Broadcast address is | Broadcast address. |
| Peer address is | Peer address. |
| MTU is | MTU value set on the interface, in bytes. |
| Helper address | Helper address, if one is set. |
| Directed broadcast forwarding | Shows whether directed broadcast forwarding is enabled. |
| Outgoing access list | Shows whether the interface has an outgoing access list set. |
| Inbound access list | Shows whether the interface has an incoming access list set. |
| Proxy ARP | Shows whether Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is enabled for the interface. |
| Security level | IP Security Option (IPSO) security level set for this interface. |
| Split horizon | Shows whether split horizon is enabled. |
| ICMP redirects | Shows whether redirect messages will be sent on this interface. |
| ICMP unreachables | Shows whether unreachable messages will be sent on this interface. |
| ICMP mask replies | Shows whether mask replies will be sent on this interface. |
| IP fast switching | Shows whether fast switching is enabled for this interface. It is generally enabled on serial interfaces, such as this one. |
| IP Flow switching | Shows whether Flow switching is enabled for this interface. |
| IP CEF switching | Shows whether Cisco Express Forwarding switching is enabled for the interface. |
| IP multicast fast switching | Shows whether multicast fast switching is enabled for the interface. |

show ip interface

| Field | Description |
|---|--|
| IP route-cache flags are Fast | Shows whether NetFlow is enabled on an interface. Displays "Flow init" to specify that NetFlow is enabled on the interface. Displays "Ingress Flow" to specify that NetFlow is enabled on a subinterface using the ip flow ingress command. Shows "Flow" to specify that NetFlow is enabled on a main interface using the ip route-cache flow command. |
| Router Discovery | Shows whether the discovery process is enabled for this interface. It is generally disabled on serial interfaces. |
| IP output packet accounting | Shows whether IP accounting is enabled for this interface and what the threshold (maximum number of entries) is. |
| TCP/IP header compression | Shows whether compression is enabled. |
| WCCP Redirect outbound is disabled | Shows the status of whether packets received on an interface are redirected to a cache engine. Displays "enabled" or "disabled." |
| WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled | Shows the status of whether packets targeted for an interface will be excluded from being redirected to a cache engine. Displays "enabled" or "disabled." |
| Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled | NetFlow Data Expert (NDE) hardware flow status on the interface. |

The following example shows how to display a summary of the usability status information for each interface:

```
Device# show ip interface brief
```

| Interface | IP-Address | OK? | Method | Status | Protocol |
|----------------------|------------|-----|--------|-----------------------|----------|
| Vlan1 | unassigned | YES | NVRAM | administratively down | down |
| GigabitEthernet0/0 | unassigned | YES | NVRAM | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/1 | unassigned | YES | NVRAM | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/2 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/3 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/4 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/5 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/6 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |
| GigabitEthernet1/0/7 | unassigned | YES | unset | down | down |

<output truncated>

Table 3: show ip interface brief Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|------------|--|
| Interface | Type of interface. |
| IP-Address | IP address assigned to the interface. |
| OK? | "Yes" means that the IP Address is valid. "No" means that the IP Address is not valid. |

| Field | Description |
|----------|---|
| Method | <p>The Method field has the following possible values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RARP or SLARP: Reverse Address Resolution Protocol (RARP) or Serial Line Address Resolution Protocol (SLARP) request. • BOOTP: Bootstrap protocol. • TFTP: Configuration file obtained from the TFTP server. • manual: Manually changed by the command-line interface. • NVRAM: Configuration file in NVRAM. • IPCP: ip address negotiated command. • DHCP: ip address dhcp command. • unset: Unset. • other: Unknown. |
| Status | Shows the status of the interface. Valid values and their meanings are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • up: Interface is up. • down: Interface is down. • administratively down: Interface is administratively down. |
| Protocol | Shows the operational status of the routing protocol on this interface. |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| ip interface | Configures a virtual gateway IP interface on a Secure Socket Layer Virtual Private Network (SSL VPN) gateway |
| show interface status | Displays the status of the interface. |

show interfaces

show interfaces

To display the administrative and operational status of all interfaces or for a specified interface, use the **show interfaces** command in the EXEC mode.

```
show interfaces [{ interface-id | vlan vlan-id }] [{ accounting | capabilities [ module number ] | description | etherchannel | flowcontrol | link [ module number ] | pruning | stats | status | { err-disabled } ] | trunk | [{ platform }] }
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | interface-id | (Optional) ID of the interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member for stacking-capable switches, module, and port number) and port channels. The port channel range is 1 to 252. |
| | vlan vlan-id | (Optional) VLAN identification. The range is 1 to 4094. |
| | accounting | (Optional) Displays accounting information on the interface, including active protocols and input and output packets and octets. Note The display shows only packets processed in software; hardware-switched packets do not appear. |
| | capabilities | (Optional) Displays the capabilities of all interfaces or the specified interface, including the features and options that you can configure on the interface. Though visible in the command line help, this option is not available for VLAN IDs. |
| | module number | (Optional) Displays capabilities of all interfaces on the switch or specified stack member. This option is not available if you entered a specific interface ID. |
| | description | (Optional) Displays the administrative status and description set for interfaces. |
| | etherchannel | (Optional) Displays interface EtherChannel information. |
| | flowcontrol | (Optional) Displays interface flow control information. |
| | link [modulenumber] | (Optional) Displays the up time and down time of the interface. |
| | pruning | (Optional) Displays trunk VTP pruning information for the interface. |
| | stats | (Optional) Displays the input and output packets by switching the path for the interface. |
| | status | (Optional) Displays the status of the interface. A status of unsupported in the Type field means that a non-Cisco small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module is inserted in the module slot. |
| | err-disabled | (Optional) Displays interfaces in an error-disabled state. |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| trunk | (Optional) Displays interface trunk information. If you do not specify an interface, only information for active trunking ports appears. |
| platform | (Optional) Displays interface status, controller status, and platform information. |



Note Though visible in the command-line help strings, the **crb**, **fair-queue**, **irb**, **mac-accounting**, **precedence**, **random-detect**, **rate-limit**, and **shape** keywords are not supported.

Command Default None

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1 | The link keyword was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.1 | The platform keyword was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The **show interfaces capabilities** command with different keywords has these results:

- Use the **show interface capabilities module number** command to display the capabilities of all interfaces on that switch in the stack. If there is no switch with that module number in the stack, there is no output.
- Use the **show interfaces interface-id capabilities** to display the capabilities of the specified interface.
- Use the **show interfaces capabilities** (with no module number or interface ID) to display the capabilities of all interfaces in the stack.



Note The field **Last Input** displayed in the command output indicates the number of hours, minutes, and seconds since the last packet was successfully received by an interface and processed by the CPU on the device. This information can be used to know when a dead interface failed.

Last Input is not updated by fast-switched traffic.

The field **output** displayed in the command output indicates the number of hours, minutes, and seconds since the last packet was successfully transmitted by the interface. The information provided by this field can be useful for knowing when a dead interface failed.

The **show interfaces link** command with different keywords has these results:

- Use the **show interface link module number** command to display the up time and down time of all interfaces on that switch in the stack. If there is no switch with that module number in the stack, there is no output.

show interfaces

Note On a standalone switch, the **module number** refers to the slot number.

- Use the **show interfaces interface-id link** to display the up time and down time of the specified interface.
- Use the **show interfaces link** (with no module number or interface ID) to display the up time and down time of all interfaces in the stack.
- If the interface is up, the up time displays the time (hours, minutes, and seconds) and the down time displays 00:00:00.
- If the interface is down, only the down time displays the time (hours, minutes, and seconds).

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces interface description** command when the interface has been described as *Connects to Marketing* by using the **description** interface configuration command:

```
Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/2 description
```

| Interface | Status | Protocol | Description |
|-----------|--------|----------|-----------------------|
| Gi1/0/2 | up | down | Connects to Marketing |

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces interface-id pruning** command when pruning is enabled in the VTP domain:

```
Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/2 pruning
```

| Port | Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor |
|---------|--|
| Gi1/0/2 | 3,4 |

| Port | Vlans traffic requested of neighbor |
|---------|-------------------------------------|
| Gi1/0/2 | 1-3 |

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces stats** command for a specified VLAN interface:

```
Device# show interfaces vlan 1 stats
```

| Switching path | Pkts In | Chars In | Pkts Out | Chars Out |
|----------------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Processor | 1165354 | 136205310 | 570800 | 91731594 |
| Route cache | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1165354 | 136205310 | 570800 | 91731594 |

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces status err-disabled** command. It displays the status of interfaces in the error-disabled state:

```
Device# show interfaces status err-disabled
```

| Port | Name | Status | Reason |
|---------|------|--------------|--------------|
| Gi1/0/2 | | err-disabled | gbic-invalid |
| Gi2/0/3 | | err-disabled | dtp-flap |

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces interface-id pruning** command:

```
Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/2 pruning
```

Port Vlans pruned for lack of request by neighbor

```
Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 trunk
```

| | | | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Port Gi1/0/1 | Mode on | Encapsulation 802.1q | Status other | Native vlan 10 |
| Port Gi1/0/1 | Vlans allowed on trunk none | | | |
| Port Gi1/0/1 | Vlans allowed and active in management domain none | | | |
| Port Gi1/0/1 | Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned none | | | |

This is a sample output of the **show interfaces interface-id capabilities** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switch:

```
Device# show interface fi2/0/1 capabilities
FiveGigabitEthernet2/0/1
Model: C9400-LC-48HN
Type: 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
Speed: 100,1000,2500,5000,auto
Duplex: full,auto
Trunk encaps. type: 802.1Q
Trunk mode: on,off,desirable,nonegotiate
Channel: yes
Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100)
Unicast suppression: percentage(0-100)
Multicast suppression: percentage(0-100)
Flowcontrol: rx-(off,on,desired),tx-(none)
Fast Start: yes
QoS scheduling: rx-(not configurable on per port basis),
tx-(2p6q3t)
CoS rewrite: yes
ToS rewrite: yes
UDLD: yes
Inline power: yes
SPAN: source/destination
PortSecure: yes
Dot1x: yes
Diagnostic Monitoring: N/A
Breakout Support: not applicable
```

This is a sample output of the **show interfaces statusmodule** command on a Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switch:

```
Device# show interface status module 2
      Port      Name      Status      Vlan      Duplex      Speed      Type
      Fi2/0/1          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/2          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/3          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/4          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/5          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/6          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/7          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/8          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/9          connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/10         connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
      Fi2/0/11         connected      1      a-full      100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX
```

show interfaces

| | | | |
|----------|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Fi2/0/12 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/13 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/14 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/15 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/16 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/17 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/18 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/19 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/20 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/21 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/22 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/23 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/24 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/25 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/26 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/27 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/28 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/29 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/30 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/31 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/32 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/33 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/34 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/35 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/36 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/37 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/38 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/39 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/40 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/41 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/42 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/43 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/44 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/45 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/46 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/47 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |
| Fi2/0/48 | connected | 1 | a-full a-5000 100/1000/2.5G/5GBaseTX |

The following is a sample output of the **show interfaces link** command:

```
Device> enable
Device# show interfaces link
Port      Name          Down Time     Up Time
Gi1/0/1    6w0d
Gi1/0/2    6w0d
Gi1/0/3    00:00:00      5w3d
Gi1/0/4    6w0d
Gi1/0/5    6w0d
Gi1/0/6    6w0d
Gi1/0/7    6w0d
Gi1/0/8    6w0d
Gi1/0/9    6w0d
Gi1/0/10   6w0d
Gi1/0/11   2d17h
Gi1/0/12   6w0d
Gi1/0/13   6w0d
Gi1/0/14   6w0d
Gi1/0/15   6w0d
Gi1/0/16   6w0d
Gi1/0/17   6w0d
Gi1/0/18   6w0d
Gi1/0/19   6w0d
```

| | |
|----------|------|
| Gi1/0/20 | 6w0d |
| Gi1/0/21 | 6w0d |

show interfaces counters

show interfaces counters

To display various counters for the switch or for a specific interface, use the **show interfaces counters** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show interfaces [interface-id] counters [{errors | etherchannel | module member-number | protocol status | trunk}]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| interface-id | (Optional) ID of the physical interface, including type, stack member (stacking-capable switches only) module, and port number. |
| errors | (Optional) Displays error counters. |
| etherchannel | (Optional) Displays EtherChannel counters, including octets, broadcast packets, multicast packets, and unicast packets received and sent. |
| module member-number | (Optional) Displays counters for the specified member. |
| protocol status | (Optional) Displays the status of protocols enabled on interfaces. |
| trunk | (Optional) Displays trunk counters. |



Note Though visible in the command-line help string, the **vlan vlan-id** keyword is not supported.

Command Default

None

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

If you do not enter any keywords, all counters for all interfaces are included.

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters** command. It displays all counters for the switch.

```
Device# show interfaces counters
Port          InOctets    InUcastPkts   InMcastPkts   InBcastPkts
Gi1/0/1        0           0             0             0
Gi1/0/2        0           0             0             0
Gi1/0/3      95285341     43115         1178430      1950
Gi1/0/4        0           0             0             0

<output truncated>
```

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters module** command for module 2. It displays all counters for the specified switch in the module.

```
Device# show interfaces counters module 2
Port          InOctets   InUcastPkts   InMcastPkts   InBcastPkts
Gi1/0/1        520         2             0             0
Gi1/0/2        520         2             0             0
Gi1/0/3        520         2             0             0
Gi1/0/4        520         2             0             0

<output truncated>
```

This is an example of partial output from the **show interfaces counters protocol status** command for all interfaces:

```
Device# show interfaces counters protocol status
Protocols allocated:
Vlan1: Other, IP
Vlan20: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan30: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan40: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan50: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan60: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan70: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan80: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan90: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan900: Other, IP, ARP
Vlan3000: Other, IP
Vlan3500: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/1: Other, IP, ARP, CDP
GigabitEthernet1/0/2: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/3: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/4: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/5: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/6: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/7: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/8: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/9: Other, IP
GigabitEthernet1/0/10: Other, IP, CDP

<output truncated>
```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces counters trunk** command. It displays trunk counters for all interfaces.

```
Device# show interfaces counters trunk
Port          TrunkFramesTx   TrunkFramesRx   WrongEncap
Gi1/0/1        0              0              0
Gi1/0/2        0              0              0
Gi1/0/3        80678          0              0
Gi1/0/4        82320          0              0
Gi1/0/5        0              0              0

<output truncated>
```

show interfaces switchport

show interfaces switchport

To display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, including port blocking and port protection settings, use the **show interfaces switchport** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show interfaces [interface-id] switchport [{module number}]

| Syntax Description | <p>interface-id (Optional) ID of the interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports (including type, stack member for stacking-capable switches, module, and port number) and port channels. The port channel range is 1 to 48.</p> <p>module number (Optional) Displays switchport configuration of all interfaces on the switch or specified stack member.</p> <p>This option is not available if you entered a specific interface ID.</p> | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | None | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Usage Guidelines Use the **show interface switchport module number** command to display the switch port characteristics of all interfaces on that switch in the stack. If there is no switch with that module number in the stack, there is no output.

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces switchport** command for a port. The table that follows describes the fields in the display.

```
Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/0/1 switchport
Name: Gi1/0/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: trunk
Operational Mode: down
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 10 (VLAN0010)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk associations: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk mappings: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: 11-20
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
```

Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL

Protected: false
 Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
 Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
 Appliance trust: none

| Field | Description |
|--|--|
| Name | Displays the port name. |
| Switchport | Displays the administrative and operational status of the port. In this display, the port is in switchport mode. |
| Administrative Mode Operational Mode | Displays the administrative and operational modes. |
| Administrative Trunking Encapsulation Operational Trunking Encapsulation Negotiation of Trunking | Displays the administrative and operational encapsulation method and whether trunking negotiation is enabled. |
| Access Mode VLAN | Displays the VLAN ID to which the port is configured. |
| Trunking Native Mode VLAN Trunking VLANs Enabled Trunking VLANs Active | Lists the VLAN ID of the trunk that is in native mode. Lists the allowed VLANs on the trunk. Lists the active VLANs on the trunk. |
| Pruning VLANs Enabled | Lists the VLANs that are pruning-eligible. |
| Protected | Displays whether or not protected port is enabled (True) or disabled (False) on the interface. |
| Unknown unicast blocked Unknown multicast blocked | Displays whether or not unknown multicast and unknown unicast traffic is blocked on the interface. |
| Voice VLAN | Displays the VLAN ID on which voice VLAN is enabled. |
| Appliance trust | Displays the class of service (CoS) setting of the data packets of the IP phone. |

show interfaces transceiver

show interfaces transceiver

To display the physical properties of a small form-factor pluggable (SFP) module interface, use the **show interfaces transceiver** command in EXEC mode.

```
show interfaces [interface-id] transceiver [{detail | module number | properties | supported-list | threshold-table}]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| interface-id | (Optional) ID of the physical interface, including type, stack member (stacking-capable switches only) module, and port number. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays calibration properties, including high and low numbers and any alarm information for any Digital Optical Monitoring (DoM)-capable transceiver if one is installed in the switch. |
| module number | (Optional) Limits display to interfaces on module on the switch. This option is not available if you entered a specific interface ID. |
| properties | (Optional) Displays speed, duplex, and inline power settings on an interface. |
| supported-list | (Optional) Lists all supported transceivers. |
| threshold-table | (Optional) Displays alarm and warning threshold table. |

Command Modes

User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release

Modification

Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1

This command was introduced.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces interface-id transceiver properties** command:

```
Device# show interfaces transceiver
```

```
If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed.
++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive.
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).
```

| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | Voltage (Volts) | Current (mA) | Optical Tx Power (dBm) | Optical Rx Power (dBm) |
|---------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Gi5/1/2 | 42.9 | 3.28 | 22.1 | -5.4 | -8.1 |
| Te5/1/3 | 32.0 | 3.28 | 19.8 | 2.4 | -4.2 |

```
Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/1/1 transceiver properties
Name : Gi1/1/1
Administrative Speed: auto
```

```

Operational Speed: auto
Administrative Duplex: auto
Administrative Power Inline: enable
Operational Duplex: auto
Administrative Auto-MDIx: off
Operational Auto-MDIx: off

```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces interface-id transceiver detail** command:

```

Device# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/1/1 transceiver detail
ITU Channel not available (Wavelength not available),
Transceiver is internally calibrated.
mA:milliamperes, dBm:decibels (milliwatts), N/A:not applicable.
++:high alarm, +:high warning, -:low warning, -- :low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are uncalibrated.

```

| | | High Alarm Threshold (Celsius) | High Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius) |
|---------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | 74.0 | 70.0 | 0.0 | -4.0 |
| Gi1/1/1 | | High Alarm Threshold (Celsius) | High Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius) |
| Port | Voltage (Volts) | | | | |
| Gi1/1/1 | 3.28 | 3.60 | 3.50 | 3.10 | 3.00 |
| Port | Optical Transmit Power (dBm) | High Alarm Threshold (dBm) | High Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Alarm Threshold (dBm) |
| Gi1/1/1 | 1.8 | 7.9 | 3.9 | 0.0 | -4.0 |
| Port | Optical Receive Power (dBm) | High Alarm Threshold (dBm) | High Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Alarm Threshold (dBm) |
| Gi1/1/1 | -23.5 | -5.0 | -9.0 | -28.2 | -32.2 |

```
Device# show interfaces transceiver supported-list
```

| Transceiver Type | Cisco p/n min version supporting DOM |
|--------------------|---|
| DWDM GBIC | ALL |
| DWDM SFP | ALL |
| RX only WDM GBIC | ALL |
| DWDM XENPAK | ALL |
| DWDM X2 | ALL |
| DWDM XFP | ALL |
| CWDM GBIC | NONE |
| CWDM X2 | ALL |
| CWDM XFP | ALL |
| XENPAK ZR | ALL |
| X2 ZR | ALL |
| XFP ZR | ALL |
| Rx_only_WDM_XENPAK | ALL |
| XENPAK_ER | 10-1888-04 |
| X2_ER | ALL |
| XFP_ER | ALL |
| XENPAK_LR | 10-1838-04 |

show interfaces transceiver

```

X2_LR          ALL
XFP_LR         ALL
XENPAK_LW      ALL
X2_LW          ALL
XFP_LW         NONE
XENPAK_SR      NONE
X2_SR          ALL
XFP_SR         ALL
XENPAK_LX4     NONE
X2_LX4         NONE
XFP_LX4        NONE
XENPAK_CX4     NONE
X2_CX4         NONE
XFP_CX4        NONE
SX_GBIC        NONE
LX_GBIC        NONE
ZX_GBIC        NONE
CWDM_SFP       ALL
Rx_only_WDM_SFP NONE
SX_SFP         ALL
LX_SFP         ALL
ZX_SFP         ALL
EX_SFP         ALL
SX_SFP         NONE
LX_SFP         NONE
ZX_SFP         NONE
GIgE_BX_U_SFP NONE
GIgE_BX_D_SFP  ALL
X2_LRM         ALL
SR_SFPP        ALL
LR_SFPP        ALL
LRM_SFPP       ALL
ER_SFPP        ALL
ZR_SFPP        ALL
DWDM_SFPP      ALL
GIgE_BX_40U_SFP ALL
GIgE_BX_40D_SFP ALL
GIgE_BX_40DA_SFP ALL
GIgE_BX_80U_SFP ALL
GIgE_BX_80D_SFP ALL
GIG_BXU_SFPP   ALL
GIG_BXD_SFPP   ALL
GIG_BX40U_SFPP ALL
GIG_BX40D_SFPP ALL
GigE_Dual_Rate_LX_SFP ALL
CWDM_SFPP      ALL
CPAK_SR10      ALL
CPAK_LR4       ALL
QSFP_LR        ALL
QSFP_SR        ALL

```

This is an example of output from the **show interfaces transceiver threshold-table** command:

| Device# show interfaces transceiver threshold-table | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------|--------------------|---------|
| | Optical Tx | Optical Rx | Temp | Laser Bias current | Voltage |
| DWDM GBIC | | | | | |
| Min1 | -4.00 | -32.00 | -4 | N/A | 4.65 |
| Min2 | 0.00 | -28.00 | 0 | N/A | 4.75 |
| Max2 | 4.00 | -9.00 | 70 | N/A | 5.25 |
| Max1 | 7.00 | -5.00 | 74 | N/A | 5.40 |
| DWDM SFP | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|--------|----|-----|------|
| Min1 | -4.00 | -32.00 | -4 | N/A | 3.00 |
| Min2 | 0.00 | -28.00 | 0 | N/A | 3.10 |
| Max2 | 4.00 | -9.00 | 70 | N/A | 3.50 |
| Max1 | 8.00 | -5.00 | 74 | N/A | 3.60 |
| RX only WDM GBIC | | | | | |
| Min1 | N/A | -32.00 | -4 | N/A | 4.65 |
| Min2 | N/A | -28.30 | 0 | N/A | 4.75 |
| Max2 | N/A | -9.00 | 70 | N/A | 5.25 |
| Max1 | N/A | -5.00 | 74 | N/A | 5.40 |
| DWDM XENPAK | | | | | |
| Min1 | -5.00 | -28.00 | -4 | N/A | N/A |
| Min2 | -1.00 | -24.00 | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Max2 | 3.00 | -7.00 | 70 | N/A | N/A |
| Max1 | 7.00 | -3.00 | 74 | N/A | N/A |
| DWDM X2 | | | | | |
| Min1 | -5.00 | -28.00 | -4 | N/A | N/A |
| Min2 | -1.00 | -24.00 | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Max2 | 3.00 | -7.00 | 70 | N/A | N/A |
| Max1 | 7.00 | -3.00 | 74 | N/A | N/A |
| DWDM XFP | | | | | |
| Min1 | -5.00 | -28.00 | -4 | N/A | N/A |
| Min2 | -1.00 | -24.00 | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Max2 | 3.00 | -7.00 | 70 | N/A | N/A |
| Max1 | 7.00 | -3.00 | 74 | N/A | N/A |
| CWDM X2 | | | | | |
| Min1 | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Min2 | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Max2 | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Max1 | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |

<output truncated>

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| transceiver type all | Enters the transceiver type configuration mode. |
| monitoring | Enables digital optical monitoring. |

show inventory

show inventory

To display the product inventory listing of all Cisco products installed in the networking device, use the **show inventory** command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

show inventory {fru | oid | raw} [entity]

| | |
|---------------|--|
| fru | (Optional) Retrieves information about all Field Replaceable Units (FRUs) installed in the Cisco networking device. |
| oid | (Optional) Retrieves information about the vendor specific hardware registration identifier referred to as object identifier (OID). The OID identifies the MIB object's location in the MIB hierarchy, and provides a means of accessing the MIB object in a network of managed devices |
| raw | (Optional) Retrieves information about all Cisco products referred to as entities installed in the Cisco networking device, even if the entities do not have a product ID (PID) value, a unique device identifier (UDI), or other physical identification. |
| <i>entity</i> | (Optional) Name of a Cisco entity (for example, chassis, backplane, module, or slot). A quoted string may be used to display very specific UDI information; for example “sfslot 1” will display the UDI information for slot 1 of an entity named sfslot. |

| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | <p>The show inventory command retrieves and displays inventory information about each Cisco product in the form of a UDI. The UDI is a combination of three separate data elements: a product identifier (PID), a version identifier (VID), and the serial number (SN).</p> <p>The PID is the name by which the product can be ordered; it has been historically called the “Product Name” or “Part Number.” This is the identifier that one would use to order an exact replacement part.</p> <p>The VID is the version of the product. Whenever a product has been revised, the VID will be incremented. The VID is incremented according to a rigorous process derived from Telcordia GR-209-CORE, an industry guideline that governs product change notices.</p> <p>The SN is the vendor-unique serialization of the product. Each manufactured product will carry a unique serial number assigned at the factory, which cannot be changed in the field. This is the means by which to identify an individual, specific instance of a product.</p> <p>The UDI refers to each product as an entity. Some entities, such as a chassis, will have subentities like slots. Each entity will display on a separate line in a logically ordered presentation that is arranged hierarchically by Cisco entities.</p> <p>Use the show inventory command without options to display a list of Cisco entities installed in the networking device that are assigned a PID.</p> |
|-------------------------|---|

The following is sample output from the **show inventory** command:

```

Device# show inventory
NAME: "Chassis", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 7 Slot Chassis"
PID: C9407R      , VID: V01 , SN: FXS2128Q13X

NAME: "Slot 2 - Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE 10/100/1000
(RJ-45)"
PID: C9400-LC-48U      , VID: V01 , SN: JAE213102KS

NAME: "Slot 5 - Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE 10/100/1000
(RJ-45)"
PID: C9400-LC-48U      , VID: V01 , SN: JAE2132070M

NAME: "Slot 3 - Supervisor", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Supervisor 1 Module"
PID: C9400-SUP-1      , VID:      , SN:

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet3/0/1", DESC: "10GE CU5M"
PID: N/A            , VID: T      , SN: TED2116C4SV

NAME: "Slot 4 - Supervisor", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Supervisor 1 Module"
PID: C9400-SUP-1      , VID: V01 , SN: JAE221703LD

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet4/0/1", DESC: "10GE CU5M"
PID: N/A            , VID: T      , SN: TED2116C4EG

NAME: "Power Supply Module 1", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC , VID: V01 , SN: DTM212200X2

NAME: "Fan Tray", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 7 Slot Chassis Fan Tray"
PID: C9407-FAN      , VID: V01 , SN: FXS212206DG

```

This sample output displays a list of all Cisco entities installed on the Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 10 Slot Chassis .

```

Device# show inventory
NAME: "Chassis", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 10 Slot Chassis"
PID: C9410R      , VID: V00 , SN: FXS2118Q1GM

NAME: "Slot 1 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p
RJ-45"
PID: C9400-LC-48UX      , VID: V01 , SN: JAE2229053D

NAME: "Slot 2 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port 5Gig/mGig 90W BT (RJ-45) "
PID: C9400-LC-48HN      , VID: V00 , SN: JAE24530BF3

NAME: "Slot 3 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p
RJ-45"
PID: C9400-LC-48UX      , VID: V00 , SN: JAE2128068Z

NAME: "Slot 4 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port 5Gig/mGig 90W BT (RJ-45) "
PID: C9400-LC-48HN      , VID: V00 , SN: JAE24241WAY

NAME: "Slot 7 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p
RJ-45"
PID: C9400-LC-48UX      , VID: V01 , SN: JAE2229055N

NAME: "Slot 8 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p
RJ-45"
PID: C9400-LC-48UX      , VID: V01 , SN: JAE22280DBU

NAME: "Slot 9 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p
RJ-45"

```

show inventory

```

PID: C9400-LC-48UX      , VID: V00 , SN: JAE22080BWS

NAME: "Slot 10 Linecard", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p
RJ-45"
PID: C9400-LC-48UX      , VID: V02 , SN: JAE230707YP

NAME: "Slot 5 Supervisor", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Supervisor 1 Module"
PID: C9400-SUP-1        , VID: V02 , SN: JAE22280PL8

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet5/0/1", DESC: "10G AOC1M"
PID: SFP-10G-AOC1M     , VID: V01 , SN: FIW222201SM-B

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet5/0/2", DESC: "10GE ACU10M"
PID: SFP-H10GB-ACU10M   , VID: V02 , SN: TED2108U099

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet5/0/3", DESC: "GE SX"
PID: GLC-SX-MMD        , VID: V01 , SN: FNS22420G8V

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet5/0/4", DESC: "10GE CU3M"
PID: SFP-H10GB-CU3M    , VID: V03 , SN: TED2235B5HC

NAME: "Slot 6 Supervisor", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Supervisor 1 Module"
PID: C9400-SUP-1        , VID: V02 , SN: JAE22280PHT

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet6/0/1", DESC: "10GE CU5M"
PID: SFP-H10GB-CU5M    , VID: V03 , SN: LRM211491F1

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet6/0/2", DESC: "10GE CU5M"
PID: SFP-H10GB-CU5M    , VID: V03 , SN: MOC2114A6KH

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet6/0/3", DESC: "GE SX"
PID: GLC-SX-MMD        , VID: V01 , SN: FNS22420G8G

NAME: "TenGigabitEthernet6/0/4", DESC: "10GE CU3M"
PID: SFP-H10GB-CU3M    , VID: V03 , SN: TED2235B3RE

NAME: "Power Supply Module 1", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM214003L1

NAME: "Power Supply Module 2", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V00 , SN: LIT23083MLE

NAME: "Power Supply Module 3", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM214003LL

NAME: "Power Supply Module 4", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM214003G8

NAME: "Power Supply Module 5", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM214003L2

NAME: "Power Supply Module 6", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM21370321

NAME: "Power Supply Module 7", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM214003K0

NAME: "Power Supply Module 8", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 3200W AC Power Supply"
PID: C9400-PWR-3200AC   , VID: V01 , SN: DTM213702YJ

NAME: "Fan Tray", DESC: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 10 Slot Chassis Fan Tray"
PID: C9410-FAN          , VID: V00 , SN: FXS2118Q1F2

```

Table 4: show inventory Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|-------|--|
| NAME | Physical name (text string) assigned to the Cisco entity. For example, console or a simple component number (port or module number), such as "1," depending on the physical component naming syntax of the device. |
| DESCR | Physical description of the Cisco entity that characterizes the object. The physical description includes the hardware serial number and the hardware revision. |
| PID | Entity product identifier. Equivalent to the entPhysicalModelName MIB variable in RFC 2737. |
| VID | Entity version identifier. Equivalent to the entPhysicalHardwareRev MIB variable in RFC 2737. |
| SN | Entity serial number. Equivalent to the entPhysicalSerialNum MIB variable in RFC 2737. |

For diagnostic purposes, the **show inventory** command can be used with the **raw** keyword to display every RFC 2737 entity including those without a PID, UDI, or other physical identification.



Note The **raw** keyword option is primarily intended for troubleshooting problems with the **show inventory** command itself.

Enter the **show inventory** command with an *entity* argument value to display the UDI information for a specific type of Cisco entity installed in the networking device. In this example, a list of Cisco entities that match the *sfslot* argument string is displayed. You can request even more specific UDI information with the *entity* argument value enclosed in quotation marks.

```
9407R#show inv "Slot 2 Linecard"
NAME: "Slot 2 Linecard", DESCRIPTOR: "Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series 48-Port UPOE 10/100/1000 (RJ-45)"
PID: C9400-LC-48U , VID: V01 , SN: JAE213102KS
```

show logg onboard slot

show logg onboard slot

To display the status of a line card use the **show logg onboard slot *slot-num state*** command in the global configuration mode.

show logg onboard slot *slot-num state*

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Syntax Description | <i>slot-num</i> | Specifies the line card. |
| | state | Displays the status of the line card. |
| Command Default | This command has no default settings. | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.8.1a | |
| | Modification This command was introduced. | |
| Usage Guidelines | Use this command to monitor the state of a line card. The status is AMBER during the boot-up of the line card; RED when the linecard is disabled or has a problem; GREEN when the linecard is up and running. | |

show memory platform

To display memory statistics of a platform, use the **show memory platform** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show memory platform [{compressed-swap | information | page-merging}]

| Syntax Description | compressed-swap (Optional) Displays platform memory compressed-swap information. information (Optional) Displays general information about the platform. page-merging (Optional) Displays platform memory page-merging information. | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |
| Usage Guidelines | Free memory is accurately computed and displayed in the Free Memory field of the command output. | | | | |

Examples The following is sample output from the **show memory platform** command:

```
Switch# show memory platform

Virtual memory : 12874653696
Pages resident : 627041
Major page faults: 2220
Minor page faults: 2348631

Architecture : mips64
Memory (kB)
Physical : 3976852
Total : 3976852
Used : 2761276
Free : 1215576
Active : 2128196
Inactive : 1581856
Inact-dirty : 0
Inact-clean : 0
Dirty : 0
AnonPages : 1294984
Bounce : 0
Cached : 1978168
Commit Limit : 1988424
Committed As : 3343324
High Total : 0
High Free : 0
Low Total : 3976852
Low Free : 1215576
Mapped : 516316
NFS Unstable : 0
Page Tables : 17124
Slab : 0
```

show memory platform

```

VMmalloc Chunk : 1069542588
VMmalloc Total : 1069547512
VMmalloc Used : 2588
Writeback : 0
HugePages Total: 0
HugePages Free : 0
HugePages Rsvd : 0
HugePage Size : 2048

Swap (kB)
Total : 0
Used : 0
Free : 0
Cached : 0

Buffers (kB) : 437136

Load Average
1-Min : 1.04
5-Min : 1.16
15-Min : 0.94

```

The following is sample output from the **show memory platform information** command:

```

Device# show memory platform information

Virtual memory : 12870438912
Pages resident : 626833
Major page faults: 2222
Minor page faults: 2362455

Architecture : mips64
Memory (kB)
Physical : 3976852
Total : 3976852
Used : 2761224
Free : 1215628
Active : 2128060
Inactive : 1584444
Inact-dirty : 0
Inact-clean : 0
Dirty : 284
AnonPages : 1294656
Bounce : 0
Cached : 1979644
Commit Limit : 1988424
Committed As : 3342184
High Total : 0
High Free : 0
Low Total : 3976852
Low Free : 1215628
Mapped : 516212
NFS Unstable : 0
Page Tables : 17096
Slab : 0
VMmalloc Chunk : 1069542588
VMmalloc Total : 1069547512
VMmalloc Used : 2588
Writeback : 0
HugePages Total: 0
HugePages Free : 0
HugePages Rsvd : 0
HugePage Size : 2048

```

```
Swap (kB)
  Total      : 0
  Used       : 0
  Free        : 0
  Cached      : 0

  Buffers (kB)      : 438228

Load Average
  1-Min      : 1.54
  5-Min      : 1.27
  15-Min     : 0.99
```

show module

show module

To display module information such as switch number, model number, serial number, hardware revision number, software version, MAC address and so on, use this command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

```
show module [{switch-num}]
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>switch-num</i> (Optional) Number of the switch. | |
| Command Default | None | |
| Command Modes | User EXEC (>) Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | Modification This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | Entering the show module command without the <i>switch-num</i> argument is the same as entering the show module all command. The following example displays information for all modules on a Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switch: | |
| | <pre>Device# show module Chassis Type: C9410R Mod Ports Card Type Model Serial No. ---+---+-----+-----+ 1 48 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p RJ-45 C9400-LC-48UX JAE2229053D 2 48 48-Port 5Gig/mGig 90W BT (RJ-45) C9400-LC-48HN JAE24530BF3 3 48 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p RJ-45 C9400-LC-48UX JAE2128068Z 4 48 48-Port 5Gig/mGig 90W BT (RJ-45) C9400-LC-48HN JAE24241WAY 5 11 Supervisor 1 Module C9400-SUP-1 JAE22280PL8 6 11 Supervisor 1 Module C9400-SUP-1 JAE22280PHT 7 48 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p RJ-45 C9400-LC-48UX JAE2229055N 8 48 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p RJ-45 C9400-LC-48UX JAE22280DBU 9 48 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p RJ-45 C9400-LC-48UX JAE22080BWS 10 48 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mGig 24p RJ-45 C9400-LC-48UX JAE230707YP Mod MAC addresses Hw Fw Sw Status ---+---+-----+-----+ 1 BC26.C7A4.E738 to BC26.C7A4.E767 1.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 2 ECCE.13E2.B670 to ECCE.13E2.B69F 1.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 3 E4AA.5D59.A868 to E4AA.5D59.A897 1.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 4 A0B4.3982.43C0 to A0B4.3982.43EF 1.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 5 2C5A.0F1C.1EEC to 2C5A.0F1C.1EF6 2.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 6 2C5A.0F1C.1EF6 to 2C5A.0F1C.1F00 2.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 7 BC26.C7A4.D820 to BC26.C7A4.D84F 1.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 8 BC26.C772.E91C to BC26.C772.E94B 1.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 9 707D.B9C8.B5F8 to 707D.B9C8.B627 2.1 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok 10 70EA.1ADB.7E74 to 70EA.1ADB.7EA3 3.0 17.5.1r 17.05.01 ok Mod Redundancy Role Operating Mode Configured Mode Redundancy Status ---+---+-----+-----+</pre> | |

| | | | | |
|---|---------|-----|-----|-------------|
| 5 | Active | sso | sso | Active |
| 6 | Standby | sso | sso | Standby Hot |

Chassis MAC address range: 44 addresses from 2c5a.0f1c.1ec0 to 2c5a.0f1c.1eeb

show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower

show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower

To display inline power messages within a trace buffer, use the **show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower [switch stack-member-number]

| Syntax Description | switch stack-member-number (Optional) Specifies the stack member number for which to display inline power messages within a trace buffer. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | None | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

This is an output example from the **show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower** command:

```
Device# show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 1 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 1.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 2 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 2.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 3 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 3.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 4 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 4.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 5 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 5.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 6 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 6.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 7 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 7.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 8 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 8.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC 9 3] Initialized inline power system configuration fo
r slot 9.
[10/23/12 14:05:10.984 UTC a 3] Inline power subsystem initialized.
[10/23/12 14:05:18.908 UTC b 264] Create new power pool for slot 1
[10/23/12 14:05:18.909 UTC c 264] Set total inline power to 450 for slot 1
[10/23/12 14:05:20.273 UTC d 3] PoE is not supported on .
[10/23/12 14:05:20.288 UTC e 3] PoE is not supported on .
[10/23/12 14:05:20.299 UTC f 3] PoE is not supported on .
[10/23/12 14:05:20.311 UTC 10 3] PoE is not supported on .
[10/23/12 14:05:20.373 UTC 11 98] Inline power process post for switch 1
[10/23/12 14:05:20.373 UTC 12 98] PoE post passed on switch 1
[10/23/12 14:05:20.379 UTC 13 3] Slot #1: PoE initialization for board id 16387
[10/23/12 14:05:20.379 UTC 14 3] Set total inline power to 450 for slot 1
[10/23/12 14:05:20.379 UTC 15 3] Gi1/0/1 port config Initialized
[10/23/12 14:05:20.379 UTC 16 3] Interface Gi1/0/1 initialization done.
[10/23/12 14:05:20.380 UTC 17 3] Gi1/0/24 port config Initialized
[10/23/12 14:05:20.380 UTC 18 3] Interface Gi1/0/24 initialization done.
[10/23/12 14:05:20.380 UTC 19 3] Slot #1: initialization done.
```

```
[10/23/12 14:05:50.440 UTC 1a 3] Slot #1: PoE initialization for board id 16387
[10/23/12 14:05:50.440 UTC 1b 3] Duplicate init event
```

```
show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha
```

show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha

To display inline power high availability messages within a trace buffer, use the **show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha [switch stack-member-number]
```

| Syntax Description | switch stack-member-number (Optional) Specifies the stack member number for which to display inline power messages within a trace buffer. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | None | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

This is an output example from the **show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha** command:

```
Device# show mgmt-infra trace messages ilpower-ha
[10/23/12 14:04:48.087 UTC 1 3] NG3K_ILPOWER_HA: Created NGWC ILP CF client successfully.
```

show mgmt-infra trace messages platform-mgr-poe

To display platform manager Power over Ethernet (PoE) messages within a trace buffer, use the **show mgmt-infra trace messages platform-mgr-poe** privileged EXEC command.

show mgmt-infra trace messages platform-mgr-poe [switch *stack-member-number*]

| Syntax Description | switch <i>stack-member-number</i> (Optional) Specifies the stack member number for which to display messages within a trace buffer. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Default | None | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

This is an example of partial output from the **show mgmt-infra trace messages platform-mgr-poe** command:

```
Device# show mgmt-infra trace messages platform-mgr-poe
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 1 5495] PoE Info: get power controller param sent:
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 2 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 1 (0:0)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 3 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 2 (0:1)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 4 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 3 (0:2)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 5 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 4 (0:3)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 6 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 5 (0:4)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 7 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 6 (0:5)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 8 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 7 (0:6)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 9 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 8 (0:7)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC a 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 9 (0:8)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC b 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 10 (0:9)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC c 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 11 (0:10)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC d 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 12 (0:11)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC e 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 13 (e:0)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC f 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 14 (e:1)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 10 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 15 (e:2)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 11 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 16 (e:3)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 12 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 17 (e:4)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 13 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 18 (e:5)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 14 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 19 (e:6)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 15 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 20 (e:7)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 16 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 21 (e:8)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 17 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 22 (e:9)
[10/23/12 14:04:06.431 UTC 18 5495] PoE Info: POE_SHUT sent for port 23 (e:10)
```

show network-policy profile

show network-policy profile

To display the network-policy profiles, use the **show network policy profile** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show network-policy profile [profile-number] [detail]

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>profile-number</i> (Optional) Displays the network-policy profile number. If no profile is entered, all network-policy profiles appear. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|---------------|---|
| detail | (Optional) Displays detailed status and statistics information. |
|---------------|---|

| | |
|------------------------|------|
| Command Default | None |
|------------------------|------|

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

| | | |
|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|

This is an example of output from the **show network-policy profile** command:

```
Device# show network-policy profile
Network Policy Profile 10
    voice vlan 17 cos 4
    Interface:
        none
Network Policy Profile 30
    voice vlan 30 cos 5
    Interface:
        none
Network Policy Profile 36
    voice vlan 4 cos 3
    Interface:
        Interface_id
```

show platform hardware bluetooth

To display information about Bluetooth interface, use the **show platform hardware bluetooth** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware bluetooth

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Command Default | None | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.1 | Modification This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | The show platform hardware bluetooth command is to be used when an external USB Bluetooth dongle is connected on the device. | |
| Examples | This example shows how to display the information of the Bluetooth interface using the show platform hardware bluetooth command. Device> enable Device# show platform hardware bluetooth Controller: 0:1a:7d:da:71:13 Type: Primary Bus: USB State: DOWN Name: HCI Version: | |

show platform hardware fed active forward

show platform hardware fed active forward

To display device-specific hardware information, use the **show platform hardware fed active** command.

This topic elaborates only the forwarding-specific options, that is, the options available with the **show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward** command.

The output of the **show platform hardware fed active forward** displays all the details about the forwarding decision taken for the packet.

show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward

| Syntax Description | { active standby } The switch for which you want to display information. You have the following options : | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • active—Displays information relating to the active switch. • standby—Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available. | | | | |
| forward | Displays packet forwarding information. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |
| Usage Guidelines | <p>Do not use this command unless a technical support representative asks you to. Use this command only when you are working directly with a technical support representative while troubleshooting a problem.</p> <p>Fields displayed in the command output are explained below.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Station Index : The Station Index is the result of the layer 2 lookup and points to a station descriptor which provides the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Destination Index : Determines the egress port(s) to which the packets should be sent to. Global Port Number(GPN) can be used as the destination index. A destination index with 15 down to 12 bits set indicates the GPN to be used. For example, destination index - 0xF04E corresponds to GPN - 78 (0x4e). • Rewrite Index : Determines what needs to be done with the packets. For layer 2 switching, this is typically a bridging action • Flexible Lookup Pipeline Stages(FPS) : Indicates the forwarding decision that was taken for the packet - routing or bridging • Replication Bit Map : Determines if the packets should be sent to CPU or stack <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Data Copy = 1 • Remote Data copy = 0 • Local CPU Copy = 0 | | | | |

- Remote CPU Copy = 0

show platform hardware fed forward interface

show platform hardware fed forward interface

To debug forwarding information and to trace the packet path in the hardware forwarding plane, use the **show platform hardware fed forward interface** command. This command simulates a user-defined packet and retrieves the forwarding information from the hardware forwarding plane. A packet is generated on the ingress port based on the packet parameters that you have specified in this command. You can also provide a complete packet from the captured packets stored in a PCAP file.

This topic elaborates only the interface forwarding-specific options, that is, the options available with the **show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward interface** command.

show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward interface *interface-type interface-number source-mac-address destination-mac-address {protocol-number | arp | cos | ipv4 | ipv6 | mpls}*

show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward interface *interface-type interface-number pcap *pcap-file-name number packet-number data**

show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward interface *interface-type interface-number vlan *vlan-id source-mac-address destination-mac-address {protocol-number | arp | cos | ipv4 | ipv6 | mpls}**

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Syntax Description | {active standby } | The switch on which packet tracing has to be scheduled. The input port should be available on this switch. You have the following options : |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • active—indicates the active switch on which the the ingress port is present. • standby—indicates the standby switch on which the ingress port is present. |
| | | Note This keyword is not supported. |
| | interface <i>interface-type interface-number</i> | The input interface on which packet trace is simulated. |
| | source-mac-address | The source MAC address of the packet you want to simulate. |
| | destination-mac-address | The MAC address of the destination interface in hexadecimal format. |
| | protocol-number | The number assigned to any L3 protocol. |
| | arp | The Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) parameters. |
| | ipv4 | The IPv4 packet parameters. |
| | ipv6 | The IPv6 packet parameters. |
| | mpls | The Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) label parameters. |
| | cos | The class of service (CoS) number from 0 to 7 to set priority. |

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| pcap <i>pcap-file-name</i> | Name of the pcap file in internal flash (flash:). Ensure that the file already exists in flash:. |
| number <i>packet-number</i> | Specifies the packet number in the pcap file. |
| vlan <i>vlan-id</i> | VLAN id of the dot1q header in the simulated packet. The range is 1 to 4096. |

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC |
|----------------------|-----------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1 | The command was enhanced to support MPLS/ARP/VxLAN packet parameters and trace packets captured in a PCAP file. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | The command was enhanced to support data capture across a stack. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | Do not use this command unless a technical support representative asks you to. Use this command only when you are working directly with a technical support representative while troubleshooting a problem. |
|-------------------------|---|

This command supports the following packet types:

- Non-IP packets with any L3 protocol
- ARP packets
- IPv4 packets with any L4 protocol
- IPv4 packets with TCP/UDP/IGMP/ICMP/SCTP payload
- VxLAN packets
- MPLS packets with up to 3 Labels and meta data
- MPLS packets with IPv4/IPv6 payload
- IPv6 packets with TCP/UDP/IGMP/ICMP/SCTP payload

In a stack environment, you can trace packets across the stack irrespective of the number of stack members and topology. The **show platform hardware fed forward interface** *interface-type interface-number* command consolidates packet-forwarding information of all the stack members on the ingress switch. To achieve this, ensure that the *interface-number* argument is of the input switch.

To trace any particular packet from the captured packets stored in a PCAP file, use the **show platform hardware fed forward interface** *interface-type interface-number pcap* *pcap-file-name number packet-number* **data** command.

show platform hardware fed forward interface

Example

This is an example of output from the **show platform hardware fed { active | standby } forward interface** command.

```
Device#show platform hardware fed active forward interface gigabitEthernet 1/0/35
0000.0022.0055 0000.0055.0066 ipv4 44.44.0.2 55.55.0.2 udp 1222 3333
```

Show forward is running in the background. After completion, syslog will be generated.

```
*Sep 24 05:57:36.614: %SHFWD-6-PACKET_TRACE_DONE: Switch 1 R0/0: fed: Packet Trace Complete:
   Execute (show platform hardware fed <> forward last summary|detail)
*Sep 24 05:57:36.614: %SHFWD-6-PACKET_FLOW_ID: Switch 1 R0/0: fed: Packet Trace Flow
   id is 150323855361
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| monitor capture interface | Configures monitor capture points specifying an attachment point and the packet flow direction. |
| monitor capture start | Starts the capture of packet data at a traffic trace point into a buffer. |
| monitor capture stop | Stops the capture of packet data at a traffic trace point. |
| monitor capture export | Saves the captured packets in the buffer. Use this command to export the monitor capture buffer to a pcap file in flash: that you can use as an input in the show forward with pcap . |

show platform hardware fed forward last summary

To display a summary of packet tracing data from a switch or switches in a stack, use the **show platform hardware fed forward last summary** command.

The output of the **show platform hardware fed forward last summary** command displays all the details about the forwarding decision taken for the packet from the last time the **show forward** command was run.

show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward last summary

| | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | active standby | The switch on which you want to schedule a packet capture for a port. You have the following options : |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • active—indicates the active switch on which the ingress port is present. • standby—indicates the standby switch on which the ingress port is present. |
| | Note | This keyword is not supported. |

forward last summary Displays packet forwarding information.

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|--|---|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 and later releases | Support for the keyword summary was discontinued. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.9.1 | Support for keywords last and summary is introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | The output of the command was enhanced to display the details about all the copies of the packets and the corresponding outgoing ports. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | Do not use this command unless a technical support representative asks you to. Use this command only when you are working directly with a technical support representative while troubleshooting a problem. |
|-------------------------|---|

With Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1, **show platform hardware fed forward last summary** command is enhanced to:

- Inject the debug packets from the CPU to simulate the incoming port and packets
- Use the debug packets to trace the packet in hardware data-path to provide forwarding details such as lookup, adjacency, rewrite information, drop decision, outgoing port and so on
- Drop the original packets at egress so as not to transmit the packet to the outgoing port

show platform hardware fed forward last summary

- Send a copy of all the packets to the CPU and display the details in the packet tracing output

Example

This is an example of output from the **show platform hardware fed {active | standby} forward last summary** command.

```
#show platform hardware fed active forward last summary
Input Packet Details:
###[ Ethernet ]###
    dst      = 01:00:5e:01:01:02
    src      = 00:00:00:03:00:05
    type     = 0x0
###[ Raw ]###
    load     = '00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
    00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00'
Ingress:
    Port                  : GigabitEthernet1/0/11
    Global Port Number    : 11
    Local Port Number     : 11
    Asic Port Number      : 10
    Asic Instance          : 1
    Vlan                  : 20
    Mapped Vlan ID        : 6
    STP Instance           : 4
    BlockForward           : 0
    BlockLearn              : 0
    L3 Interface            : 39
        IPv4 Routing         : enabled
        IPv6 Routing         : enabled
        Vrf Id                : 0
Adjacency:
    Station Index          : 3      [SI_DIET_L2]
    Destination Index       : 18
    Rewrite Index             : 2
    Replication Bit Map     : 0x15  ['localData', 'remoteData', 'coreData']
Decision:
    Destination Index       : 24     [DI_DIET_L2]
    Rewrite Index             : 2      [RI_L2]
    Dest Mod Index           : 9      [DMI_IGMP_CTRL_Q]
    CPU Map Index             : 0      [CMI_NULL]
    Forwarding Mode          : 0      [Bridging]
    Replication Bit Map     : 0x15  ['localData', 'remoteData', 'coreData']
    Winner                  : L2DESTMACVLAN LOOKUP
    Qos Label                : 65
    SGT                      : 0
    DGTID                   : 0
Egress:
    Possible Replication    :
        Port                 : GigabitEthernet1/0/11
        Port                 : GigabitEthernet1/0/22
        Port                 : GigabitEthernet2/0/1
    Output Port Data          :
        Port                 : GigabitEthernet1/0/22
        Global Port Number   : 22
        Local Port Number    : 22
        Asic Port Number      : 21
        Asic Instance          : 0
        Unique RI              : 2
        Rewrite Type           : 1      [L2_BRIDGE]
```

```

        Mapped Rewrite Type : 1      [L2_BRIDGE]
        Vlan                : 20
        Mapped Vlan ID     : 6
        Port                : GigabitEthernet2/0/1
        Global Port Number : 97
        Local Port Number  : 1
        Asic Port Number   : 0
        Asic Instance       : 1
        Unique RI           : 2
        Rewrite Type        : 1      [L2_BRIDGE]
        Mapped Rewrite Type : 1      [L2_BRIDGE]
        Vlan                : 20
        Mapped Vlan ID     : 6

Output Packet Details:
        Port                  : GigabitEthernet1/0/22
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 01:00:5e:01:01:02
src      = 00:00:00:03:00:05
type    = 0x0
###[ Raw ]###
load    = '00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00'
        Port                  : GigabitEthernet2/0/1
###[ Ethernet ]###
dst      = 01:00:5e:01:01:02
src      = 00:00:00:03:00:05
type    = 0x0
###[ Raw ]###
load    = '00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
          00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00'
*****

```

show platform hardware fed switch fwd-asic counters tla

show platform hardware fed switch fwd-asic counters tla

To display the register information of a counter from the forwarding ASIC, use the **show platform hardware fed switch fwd-asic counters tla** command in the Privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware fed switch {switch_num | active | standby} fwd-asic counters tla tla_counter{detail | drop | statistics} [asic asic_num] output location:filename

Syntax Description

| | |
|---|--|
| switch {switch_num active standby} | The switch for which you want to display information. You have the following options : |
| } | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • switch_num: ID of the switch. • active: Displays information relating to the active switch. • standby: Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available. |

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| tlatla_counter | <i>tla_counter</i> can be any of the following Three Letter Acronym (TLA) counters: |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AQM Active Queue Management • ASE ACL Search Engine • DPP DopplerE Point to Point • EGR Egress Global Resolution • EPF Egress Port FIFO • ESM Egress Scheduler Module • EQC Egress Queue Controller • FPE Flexible Parser • FPS Flexible Pipe Stage • FSE Fib Search Engine • IGR Ingress Global Resolution • IPF Ingress Port FIFO • IQS Ingress Queues and Scheduler • MSC Macsec Engine • NFL Netflow • NIF Network Interface • PBC Packet Buffer Complex • PIM Protocol Independent Multicast • PLC Policer • RMU Recirculation Multiplexer Unit • RRE Reassembly Engine • RWE Rewrite Engine • SEC Security Engine • SIF Stack Interface • SPQ Supervisor Packet Queuing Engine • SQS Stack Queues And Scheduler • SUP Supervisor Interface |
| detail | Displays the contents of the registers of all non-zero counters. |
| drop | Displays the contents of the registers of all non-zero drop counters. |
| statistics | Displays the contents of the registers of all non-zero statistical counters. |

show platform hardware fed switch fwd-asic counters tla

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| asic asic_num | (Optional) Specifies the ASIC. |
| output location:filename | Specifies an output file to which the contents of the counters registers are to be dumped. |

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | The command output was modified to be presented in a readable tabular format. The size of the output file was also reduced by not printing fields that had zero values. The change keyword was deprecated. |

Usage Guidelines Do not use this command unless a technical support representative asks you to. Use this command only when you are working directly with a technical support representative while troubleshooting a problem.



Note Some TLAs may not have any registers to display as part of **drop** or **statistics** options because of the lack of these drop or statistics registers for them. In such a case, a message, **No <detail|drop|statistics> counters to display for tla <TLA_NAME>** is displayed and no output file is generated.

Example

This is an example output from the **show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic counters tla aqm** command.

```
Device#show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic counters tla aqm detail output flash:aqm
command to get counters for tla AQM succeeded
Device#
Device# more flash:aqm
=====
asic | core | Register Name           | Fields          | value
=====
0     0     AqmRepTransitUsageCnt[0][0] totalCntHighMark : 0x4
                                                transitWait4DoneHighMark : 0x2
0     1     AqmRepTransitUsageCnt[0][0] totalCntHighMark : 0x2
                                                transitWait4DoneHighMark : 0x2
=====
asic | core | Register Name           | Fields          | value
=====
0     0     AqmGlobalHardBufCnt[0][0]
```

| asic | core | Register Name | Fields | value |
|-------|------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| ===== | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [673] | acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0x4e44e : 0x5e1 |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [674] | acceptByteCnt1 acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt1 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0x88 : 0xa7c : 0x2 : 0x16 |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [676] | acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0xfbfb06 : 0x2440 |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [677] | acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0xcc : 0x3 |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [687] | acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0x2caeaa0 : 0xa836 |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [691] | acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0x2dc : 0x6 |
| 0 | 0 | AqmRedQueueStats[0] [692] | acceptByteCnt2 acceptFrameCnt2 | : 0xc518 : 0xe6 |

show platform hardware iomd lc-portmap brief

show platform hardware iomd lc-portmap brief

To display the line card port map information of the platform, use the **show platform hardware iomd lc-portmap brief** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware iomd slot/card lc-portmap brief

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>slot</i> Slot number. The range is from 0 to 10. |
|---------------------------|---|

| |
|--|
| <i>card</i> Card number. The range is from 0 to 0. |
|--|

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | | This command was introduced. |

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform hardware iomd lc-portmap brief** command:

```
Device# show platform hardware iomd 1/0 lc-portmap brief
```

```

id 1 asic 0 port 0 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 2 asic 0 port 1 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 3 asic 0 port 2 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 4 asic 0 port 3 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 5 asic 0 port 4 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 6 asic 0 port 5 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 7 asic 1 port 6 intl_port_sup0 9 intl_port_sup1 1 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 8 asic 1 port 7 intl_port_sup0 9 intl_port_sup1 1 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 9 asic 1 port 8 intl_port_sup0 9 intl_port_sup1 1 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 10 asic 1 port 9 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 11 asic 1 port 10 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 12 asic 1 port 11 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 13 asic 2 port 12 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 14 asic 2 port 13 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 15 asic 2 port 14 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 16 asic 2 port 15 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 17 asic 2 port 16 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 18 asic 2 port 17 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 19 asic 3 port 18 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 20 asic 3 port 19 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 21 asic 3 port 20 intl_port_sup0 8 intl_port_sup1 0 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 22 asic 3 port 21 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 23 asic 3 port 22 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G
id 24 asic 3 port 23 intl_port_sup0 10 intl_port_sup1 2 max_speed DEV_PORT_SPEED_10G

```

show platform hardware iomd portgroups

To display the port grouping information of the platform, use the **show platform hardware iomd portgroups** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware iomd slot/card portgroups

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>slot</i> Slot number. The range is from 0 to 10. |
|---------------------------|---|

| |
|--|
| <i>card</i> Card number. The range is from 0 to 0. |
|--|

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | | This command was introduced. |

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform hardware iomd portgroups** command:

```
Device# show platform hardware iomd 1/0 portgroups
```

| Port Group | Interface | Status | Interface Bandwidth | Group Max Bandwidth |
|------------|--------------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/1 | up | 10G | |
| 1 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/2 | up | 10G | |
| 1 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/3 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 2 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/4 | up | 10G | |
| 2 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/5 | down | 10G | |
| 2 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/6 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 3 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/7 | up | 10G | |
| 3 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/8 | down | 10G | |
| 3 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/9 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 4 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/10 | up | 10G | |
| 4 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/11 | down | 10G | |
| 4 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/12 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 5 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/13 | up | 10G | |
| 5 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/14 | down | 10G | |
| 5 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/15 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 6 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/16 | down | 10G | |
| 6 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/17 | up | 10G | |
| 6 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/18 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 7 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/19 | down | 10G | |
| 7 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/20 | down | 10G | |
| 7 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/21 | down | 10G | 10G |
| 8 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/22 | down | 10G | |
| 8 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/23 | down | 10G | |

```
show platform hardware iomd portgroups
```

| | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|------|-----|-----|
| 8 | TenGigabitEthernet1/0/24 | down | 10G | 10G |
|---|--------------------------|------|-----|-----|

show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization

To display hardware information about the Ternary Content Addressable Memory (TCAM) usage, use the **show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization[{asic-number }]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>asic-number</i> | ASIC number. Valid values are from 0 to 7. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.1 | Modification This command was introduced in a release prior to Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.2.1 . |

Usage Guidelines On stackable switches, this command has the **switch** keyword, **show platform hardware fed switch active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization**. On non-stackable switches, the **switch** keyword is not available.

Example

The following is sample output from the **show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization** command:

```
Device# show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization
Codes: EM - Exact_Match, I - Input, O - Output, IO - Input & Output, NA - Not Applicable

CAM Utilization for ASIC [0]
  Table          Subtype     Dir   Max    Used   %Used    V4    V6
MPLS      Other

-----
OPENFLOW Table0      TCAM      I    5000     5    0%     3     0
  0      2
OPENFLOW Table0 Ext.  EM       I    8192     3    0%     0     0
  0      3
OPENFLOW Table1      TCAM      I    3600     1    0%     1     0
  0      0
OPENFLOW Table1 Ext.  EM       I    8192     1    0%     0     0
  0      1
OPENFLOW Table2      TCAM      I    3500     1    0%     1     0
  0      0
OPENFLOW Table2 Ext.  EM       I    8192     1    0%     0     0
  0      1
OPENFLOW Table3 Ext.  EM       I    8192     0    0%     0     0
  0      0
OPENFLOW Table4 Ext.  EM       I    8192     0    0%     0     0
  0      0
```

```
show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization
```

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----|---|------|---|----|---|---|
| OPENFLOW Table5 Ext. | EM | I | 8192 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| 0 0 | | | | | | | |
| OPENFLOW Table6 Ext. | EM | I | 8192 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| 0 0 | | | | | | | |
| OPENFLOW Table7 Ext. | EM | I | 8192 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| 0 0 | | | | | | | |

The table below lists the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 5: show platform hardware fed active fwd-asic resource tcam utilization Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|---------|--|
| Table | OpenFlow table numbers. |
| Subtype | What are the different subtypes available? |
| Dir | |
| Max | |
| Used | |
| %Used | |
| V4 | |
| V6 | |
| MPLS | |
| Other | |

show platform resources

To display platform resource information, use the **show platform resources** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform resources

This command has no arguments or keywords.

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | The output of this command displays the used memory, which is total memory minus the accurate free memory. |
|-------------------------|--|

Example

The following is sample output from the **show platform resources** command:

| | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Switch# | show platform resources |
| **State Acronym: H - Healthy, W - Warning, C - Critical | |
| Resource State | Usage |
| Control Processor | 7.20% |
| H | 2701MB (69%) |
| DRAM | 3883MB |
| H | |

show platform software audit

show platform software audit

To display the SE Linux Audit logs, use the **show platform software audit** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform software audit {all | summary | [switch {switch-number | active | standby}] {0 | F0 | R0 | {FP | RP} {active}}}}
```

| Syntax Description | |
|----------------------|---|
| all | Shows the audit log from all the slots. |
| summary | Shows the audit log summary count from all the slots. |
| switch | Shows the audit logs for a slot on a specific switch. |
| <i>switch-number</i> | Selects the switch with the specified switch number. |
| switch active | Selects the active instance of the switch. |
| standby | Selects the standby instance of the switch. |
| 0 | Shows the audit log for the SPA-Inter-Processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Shows the audit log for the Embedded-Service-Processor slot 0. |
| R0 | Shows the audit log for the Route-Processor slot 0. |
| FP active | Shows the audit log for the active Embedded-Service-Processor slot. |
| RP active | Shows the audit log for the active Route-Processor slot. |

| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Usage Guidelines This command was introduced in the Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 as a part of the SELinux Permissive Mode feature. The **show platform software audit** command displays the system logs containing the access violation events.

In Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1, operation in a permissive mode is available - with the intent of confining specific components (process or application) of the IOS-XE platform. In the permissive mode, access violation events are detected and system logs are generated, but the event or operation itself is not blocked. The solution operates mainly in an access violation detection mode.

The following is a sample output of the **show software platform software audit summary** command:

```
Device# show platform software audit summary
=====
AUDIT LOG ON switch 1
-----
AVC Denial count: 58
=====
```

The following is a sample output of the **show software platform software audit all** command:

```
Device# show platform software audit all
=====
AUDIT LOG ON switch 1
-----
===== START =====
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { read } for pid=14017 comm="mcp_trace_filte" name="crashinfo" dev="rootfs" ino=13667 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_disk_crashinfo_t:s0 tclass=lnk_file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { setattr } for pid=14017 comm="mcp_trace_filte" path="/mnt/sd1" dev="sd1" ino=2 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_disk_crashinfo_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:101): avc: denied { setattr } for pid=14028 comm="ls" path="/tmp/ufs/crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:102): avc: denied { read } for pid=14028 comm="ls" name="crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438600.896:119): avc: denied { execute } for pid=8300 comm="sh" name="id" dev="loop0" ino=6982 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438600.897:120): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=8300 comm="sh"
path="/tmp/sw/mount/cat9k-rpbbase.2018-10-02_00.13_mhungund.SSA.pkg/nyquist/usr/bin/id" dev="loop0" ino=6982 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438615.535:121): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421 comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438624.916:122): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=8600 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438648.936:123): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=9307 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438678.649:124): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421 comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438696.969:125): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=10057 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438732.973:126): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=10858 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438778.008:127): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=11579 comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0 tcontext=system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
```

show platform software audit

```

type=AVC msg=audit(1539438800.156:128): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438834.099:129): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=12451
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539440246.697:149): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539440299.119:150): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
=====
===== END =====
=====
```

The following is a sample output of the **show software platform software audit switch** command:

```

Device# show platform software audit switch active R0

=====
START =====
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { read } for pid=14017
comm="mcp_trace_filte" name="crashinfo" dev="rootfs" ino=13667
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_disk_crashinfo_t:s0 tclass=lnk_file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.584:100): avc: denied { setattr } for pid=14017
comm="mcp_trace_filte" path="/mnt/sd1" dev="sdal" ino=2
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_disk_crashinfo_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:101): avc: denied { setattr } for pid=14028 comm="ls"
path="/tmp/ufs/crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539222292.586:102): avc: denied { read } for pid=14028 comm="ls"
name="crashinfo" dev="tmpfs" ino=58407 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_trace_filter_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_ncd_tmp_t:s0 tclass=dir permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438624.916:122): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=8600
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438648.936:123): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=9307
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438678.649:124): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438696.969:125): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=10057
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438732.973:126): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=10858
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438778.008:127): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=11579
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438800.156:128): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438834.099:129): avc: denied { execute_no_trans } for pid=12451
comm="auto_upgrade_se" path="/bin/bash" dev="rootfs" ino=7276
scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_auto_upgrade_server_rp_t:s0
```

```
tcontext=system_u:object_r:shell_exec_t:s0 tclass=file permissive=1
type=AVC msg=audit(1539438860.907:130): avc: denied { name_connect } for pid=26421
comm="nginx" dest=8098 scontext=system_u:system_r:polaris_nginx_t:s0
tcontext=system_u:object_r:polaris_caf_api_port_t:s0 tclass=tcp_socket permissive=1
===== END =====
=====
```

show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates

show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates

To display the rate at which packets are punted, including the drops in the punted path, use the **show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software fed {active | standby} punt cpuq rates

| | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | active standby | Displays information about the switch. You have the following options: |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • active—Displays information relating to the active switch. • standby—Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available. |
| | | Note This keyword is not supported. |
| | punt | Specifies the punt information. |
| | cpuq | Specifies information about CPU receive queue. |
| | rates | Specifies the rate at which the packets are punted. |

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The output of this command displays the rate in packets per second at intervals of 10 seconds, 1 minute and 5 minutes.

Example

The following is sample output from the **show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates** command.

```
Device#show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates
```

```
Punt Rate CPU Q Statistics
```

```
Packets per second averaged over 10 seconds, 1 min and 5 mins
```

| Q no | Queue Name | Rx 10s | Rx 1min | Rx 5min | Drop 10s | Drop 1min | Drop 5min |
|------|-----------------------|--------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| 0 | CPU_Q_DOT1X_AUTH | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | CPU_Q_L2_CONTROL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | CPU_Q_FORUS_TRAFFIC | 336 | 266 | 320 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | CPU_Q_ICMP_GEN | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | CPU_Q_ROUTING_CONTROL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | CPU_Q_FORUS_ADDR_RESOLUTION | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | CPU_Q_ICMP_REDIRECT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | CPU_Q_INTER_FED_TRAFFIC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | CPU_Q_L2LVX_CONTROL_PKT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | CPU_Q_EWLC_CONTROL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | CPU_Q_EWLC_DATA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11 | CPU_Q_L2LVX_DATA_PKT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12 | CPU_Q_BROADCAST | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 13 | CPU_Q_LEARNING_CACHE_OVFL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 14 | CPU_Q_SW_FORWARDING | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 15 | CPU_Q_TOPOLOGY_CONTROL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | CPU_Q_PROTO_SNOOPING | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 17 | CPU_Q_DHCP_SNOOPING | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 18 | CPU_Q_TRANSIT_TRAFFIC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 19 | CPU_Q_RPF_FAILED | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | CPU_Q_MCAST_END_STATION_SERVICE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | CPU_Q_LOGGING | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | CPU_Q_PUNT_WEBAUTH | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | CPU_Q_HIGH_RATE_APP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 24 | CPU_Q_EXCEPTION | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | CPU_Q_SYSTEM_CRITICAL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | CPU_Q_NFL_SAMPLED_DATA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 27 | CPU_Q_LOW_LATENCY | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 28 | CPU_Q_EGR_EXCEPTION | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 29 | CPU_Q_FSS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 30 | CPU_Q_MCAST_DATA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 31 | CPU_Q_GOLD_PKT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 6: show platform software fed active punt cpuq rates Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|------------|---|
| Queue Name | Name of the queue. |
| Rx | The per second rate at which the packets are received in 10s, 1 minute and 5 minutes. |
| Drop | The per second rate at which the packets are dropped in 10s, 1 minute and 5 minutes. |

show platform software fed punt packet-capture display

show platform software fed punt packet-capture display

To display packet capture information during high CPU utilization, use the **show platform software fed active punt packet-capture display** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software fed active punt packet-capture display { detailed | hexdump}

| | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | {active standby} | Displays information about a switch. You have the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• active—Displays information relating to the active switch.• standby—Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available. |
| | | Note The standby keyword is not supported. |
| | punt | Specifies punt information. |
| | packet-capture display | Specifies information about the captured packet. |
| | detailed | Specifies detailed information about the captured packet. |
| | hex-dump | Specifies information about the captured packet, in hex format. |

| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | The output of this command displays the periodic and persistent logs of CPU-bound packets, inband CPU traffic rates, and running CPU processes when the CPU passes a high CPU utilization threshold. |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Examples | The following is a sample output from the show platform software fed active punt packet-capture display detailed command: |
|-----------------|--|

```
Device# show platform software fed active punt packet-capture display detailed
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 101 packets. Capture capacity : 4096 packets
----- Packet Number: 1, Timestamp: 2018/09/04 23:22:10.179 -----
interface : GigabitEthernet2/0/2 [if-id: 0x00000032] (physical)
ether hdr : dest mac: 0100.0ccc.ccc, src mac: 2c36.f8fc.4884
ether hdr : ethertype: 0x0032
Doppler Frame Descriptor :
```

```
0000000044004E04 C00F402D94510000 0000000000000100 0000400401000000
000000001000050 000000006D000100 000000025836200 0000000000000000

Packet Data Dump (length: 68 bytes) :
01000CCCCCD2C36 F8FC48840032AAAA 0300000C010B0000 00000080012C36F8
FC48800000000080 012C36F8FC488080 040000140002000F 0071000000020001
244E733E

----- Packet Number: 2, Timestamp: 2018/09/04 23:22:10.179 -----
interface : GigabitEthernet2/0/2 [if-id: 0x00000032] (physical)
ether hdr : dest mac: 0180.c200.0000, src mac: 2c36.f8fc.4884
ether hdr : ethertype: 0x0026
!
!
!
```

```
show platform software fed switch punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker
```

show platform software fed switch punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker

To display the occurrences of an attribute of a packet capture, use the **show platform softwarefed switch punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform software fed switch { switch number | active | standby } punt packet-capture
cpu-top-talker { cause-code | dst_ipv4 | dst_ipv6 | dst_l4 | dst_mac | eth_type | incoming-interface
| ipv6_hoplt | protocol | src_dst_port | src_ipv4 | src_ipv6 | src_l4 | src_mac | summary | ttl |
vlan }
```

Syntax Description

switch{switch-number|active|standby} Displays information about a switch. You have the following options:

- **active**—Displays information relating to the active switch.
- **standby**—Displays information relating to the standby switch, if available.

Note The **standby** keyword is not supported.

Note The **switch** keyword is not supported on nonstackable devices and on the devices that do not support StackWise Virtual.

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| cause-code | Displays the occurrences of cause-code. |
| dst_ipv4 | Displays the occurrences on the destination IPv4 interface. |
| dst_ipv6 | Displays the occurrences on the destination IPv6 interface. |
| dst_l4 | Displays the occurrences of the Layer 4 destination port. |
| dst_mac | Displays the occurrences of the destination MAC address. |
| eth_type | Displays the occurrences of the Ethernet frame type. |
| incoming-interface | Displays the occurrences of incoming-interfaces. |
| ipv6_hoplt | Displays the occurrences of the hop limit on IPv6. |
| protocol | Displays the occurrences of the Layer 4 protocol. |
| src_dst_port | Displays the occurrences of the Layer 4 source destination port. |
| src_ipv4 | Displays the occurrences on the source IPv4 interface. |
| src_ipv6 | Displays the occurrences on the source IPv6 interface. |
| src_l4 | Displays the occurrences on the Layer 4 source. |

| | |
|----------------|--|
| src_mac | Displays the occurrences of the source MAC address. |
| summary | Displays the summary of the occurrences of all the attributes. |
| ttl | Displays the occurrences on IPv4 Time to Live (TTL). |
| vlan | Displays the occurrences of VLAN. |

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines Ensure to start and stop debugging of the packets from the active switch to obtain the occurrences of the packet capture attributes.

Examples The following is a sample out of the **debugplatform software fed switch active punt packet-capture start** command:

```
Device# debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture start
Punt packet capturing started.
Device#
*Jan 28 12:51:14.978: %FED_PUNJECT-6-PKT_CAPTURE_FULL: F0/0: fed: Punject pkt capture buffer
is full. Use show command to display the punted packets
```

The following is a sample out of the **debugplatform software fed switch active punt packet-capture stop** command:

```
Device# debug platform software fed active punt packet-capture stop
Punt packet capturing stopped. Captured 4096 packet(s)
```

These commands provide a maximum of ten unique values in descending order for each of the attributes.

The following is a sample output of the **show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talkercause-code** command:

```
Device# show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker cause-code
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 4096 packets. Capture capacity : 4096 packets
Sr.no. Value/Key Occurrence
1 Layer2 control protocols 4096
```

The following is a sample output of the **show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talkerdst_mac** command:

```
Device# show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker dst_mac
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 4096 packets. Capture capacity : 4096 packets
Sr.no. Value/Key Occurrence
1 01:80:c2:00:00:00 4096
```

The following is a sample output of the **show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talkerincoming-interface** command:

show platform software fed switch punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker

```
Device# show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker
incoming-interface
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 4096 packets. Capture capacity : 4096 packets
Sr.no. Value/Key Occurrence
1 TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1 1366
2 TwentyFiveGigE1/0/16 1365
3 TwentyFiveGigE1/0/18 1365
```

The following is a sample output of the **show platform software fed switch activepunt packet-capture cpu-top-talkersrc_mac** command:

```
Device# show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker src_mac
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 4096 packets. Capture capacity : 4096 packets
Sr.no. Value/Key Occurrence
1 70:b3:17:1e:9e:8f 1366
2 70:b3:17:1e:9e:90 1365
3 70:b3:17:1e:9e:91 1365
```

The following is a sample output of the **show platform software fed switch activepunt packet-capture cpu-top-talkersummary** command. This command will provide one highest output for each of the attributes.

```
Device# show platform software fed switch active punt packet-capture cpu-top-talker summary
Punt packet capturing: disabled. Buffer wrapping: disabled
Total captured so far: 4096 packets. Capture capacity : 4096 packets
```

L2 Top Talkers:
 1366 Source mac 70:b3:17:1e:9e:8f
 4096 Dest mac 01:80:c2:00:00:00

L3 Top Talkers:

L4 Top Talkers:

Internal Top Talkers:
 1366 Interface TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1
 4096 CPU Queue Layer2 control protocols

show platform software ilpower

To display the inline power details of all the PoE ports on the device, use the **show platform software ilpower** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform software ilpower {details | port {GigabitEthernet interface-number } | system slot-number }
```

| Syntax Description | details Displays inline power details for all the interfaces. port Displays inline power port configuration. GigabitEthernet interface-number The GigabitEthernet interface number. Values range from 0 to 9. system slot-number Displays inline power system configuration. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---------|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td><td>The command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | The command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | The command was introduced. | | | | |

Examples The following is sample output from the **show platform software ilpower details** command:

```
Device# show platform software ilpower details
ILP Port Configuration for interface Gi1/0/1
Initialization Done: Yes
ILP Supported: Yes
ILP Enabled: Yes
POST: Yes
Detect On: No
Powered Device Detected No
Powered Device Class Done No
Cisco Powered Device: No
Power is On: No
Power Denied: No
Powered Device Type: Null
Powered Device Class: Null
Power State: NULL
Current State: NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S
Previous State: NGWC_ILP_SHUT_OFF_S
Requested Power in milli watts: 0
Short Circuit Detected: 0
Short Circuit Count: 0
Cisco Powered Device Detect Count: 0
Spare Pair mode: 0
    IEEE Detect: Stopped
    IEEE Short: Stopped
    Link Down: Stopped
    Voltage sense: Stopped
Spare Pair Architecture: 1
Signal Pair Power allocation in milli watts: 0
Spare Pair Power On: 0
Powered Device power state: 0
Timer:
```

```
show platform software ilpower
```

```
Power Good:           Stopped
Power Denied:        Stopped
Cisco Powered Device Detect: Stopped
```

show platform software memory

To display memory information for a specified switch, use the **show platform software memory** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software memory [{chunk | database | messaging}] process slot

Syntax Description

Syntax Description

| | |
|------------------|---|
| chunk | (Optional) Displays chunk memory information for the specified process. |
| database | (Optional) Displays database memory information for the specified process. |
| messaging | (Optional) Displays messaging memory information for the specified process. The information displayed is for internal debugging purposes only. |

show platform software memory

process

Level that is being set. Options include:

- **bt-logger**—The Binary-Tracing Logger process.
- **btrace-manager**—The Btrace Manager process.
- **chassis-manager**—The Chassis Manager process.
- **cli-agent**—The CLI Agent process.
- **cmm**—The CMM process.
- **dbm**—The Database Manager process.
- **dmiauthd**—The DMI Authentication Daemon process.
- **emd**—The Environmental Monitoring process.
- **fed**—The Forwarding Engine Driver process.
- **forwarding-manager**—The Forwarding Manager process.
- **geo**—The Geo Manager process.
- **gnmi**—The GNMI process.
- **host-manager**—The Host Manager process.
- **interface-manager**—The Interface Manager process.
- **iomd**—The Input/Output Module daemon (IOMd) process.
- **ios**—The IOS process.
- **iox-manager**—The IOx Manager process.
- **license-manager**—The License Manager process.
- **logger**—The Logging Manager process.
- **mdt-pubd**—The Model Defined Telemetry Publisher process.
- **ndbman**—The Netconf DataBase Manager process.
- **nesd**—The Network Element Synchronizer Daemon process.
- **nginx**—The Nginx Webserver process.
- **nif_mgr**—The NIF Manager process.
- **platform-mgr**—The Platform Manager process.
- **pluggable-services**—The Pluggable Services process.
- **replication-mgr**—The Replication Manager process.
- **shell-manager**—The Shell Manager process.
- **sif**—The Stack Interface (SIF) Manager process.
- **smd**—The Session Manager process.
- **stack-mgr**—The Stack Manager process.

show platform software memory

- **syncfd**—The SyncmDaemon process.
- **table-manager**—The Table Manager Server.
- **thread-test**—The Multithread Manager process.
- **virt-manager**—The Virtualization Manager process.

| | |
|-------------|--|
| <i>slot</i> | <p>Hardware slot where the process for which the level is set, is running. Options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>number</i>—Number of the SIP slot of the hardware module where the level is set. For instance, if you want to specify the SIP in SIP slot 2 of the switch, enter 2. • <i>SIP-slot / SPA-bay</i>—Number of the SIP switch slot and the number of the shared port adapter (SPA) bay of that SIP. For instance, if you want to specify the SPA in bay 2 of the SIP in switch slot 3, enter 3/2. • F0—The Embedded Service Processor slot 0. • FP active—The active Embedded Service Processor. • FP standby—The standby Embedded Service Processor. • R0—The route processor in slot 0. • RP active—The active route processor. • RP standby—The standby route processor. • switch active—The active switch. • switch standby—The standby switch. • <i>number</i>—Number of the SIP slot of the hardware module where the level is set. For instance, if you want to specify the SIP in SIP slot 2 of the switch, enter 2. • <i>SIP-slot / SPA-bay</i>—Number of the SIP switch slot and the number of the shared port adapter (SPA) bay of that SIP. For instance, if you want to specify the SPA in bay 2 of the SIP in switch slot 3, enter 3/2. • F0—The Embedded Service Processor in slot 0. • FP active—The active Embedded Service Processor. • R0—The route processor in slot 0. • RP active—The active route processor. |
|-------------|--|

Command Default No default behavior or values.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History**Command History****Release****Modification**

Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1

This command

The following is a sample output displaying the abbreviated (brief keyword) memory information for the Forwarding Manager process for Cisco Catalyst 9000 Series ESP slot 0:

```
Device# show platform software memory forwarding-manager switch 1 fp active brief
      module      allocated      requested      allocs      frees
-----+
Summary          5702540       5619788     121888      116716
AOM object       1920374       1920310        4          0
AOM links array  880379        880315        4          0
smc_message      819575        819511        4          0
AOM update state 640380       640316        4          0
dpidb-config    208776       203544       351         24
fman-infra-avl  178016       153680      1521         0
AOM batch        152373       152309        4          0
AOM asynchronous conte 128388       128324        4          0
AOM basic data   124824       124760        5          1
eventutil        118939       118299       50          10
AOM tree node    96465        96385         5          0
AOM tree root    72377        72313         4          0
acl              36090        31914        504         243
fman-infra-ipc  35326        24366      115097      114412
AOM uplink update node 32386       32322         4          0
unknown          30528        23808       424          4
uipeer           27232        27152         5          0
fman-infra-qos  26872        24712       164         29
cce-class        19427        15411       251         0
l2 control protocol 15472       12896       325         164
fman-infra-cce  15272        13576       106         0
smc_channel      15223        15159         4          0
unknown          14208        8736        447         105
chunk            12513        12033        33          3
cce-bind          8496         7552        82          23
MATM mac entry   8040         5928       544         412
adj              7064         6312       157         110
route-pfx         6116         5412       157         113
Filter_rules     4912         4896         1          0
fman-infra-dpidb 4130         2338       112         0
SMC Buffer       3794         3202        43          6
urpf-list         3028         2100        85          27
lookup            2480         2160        30          10
MATM mac table   2432         1600       148         96
cdllib            1688         1672         1          0
route-tbl         1600         1264        21          0
FNF Flowdef      1492         1460         3          1
acl-ref           1120         1024        8          2
cgm-lib            120          880        410         395
pbr_if_cfg        1088         976        205         198
FNF Monitor       1048         1032        1          0
pbr_routemap      960          864        18          12
!
!
!
```

The following table describes the significant fields shown in the display.

show platform software memory**Table 7: show platform software memory brief Field Descriptions**

| Field | Description |
|-----------|---|
| module | Name of submodule. |
| allocated | Memory, allocated in bytes. |
| requested | Number of bytes requested by application. |
| allocs | Number of discrete allocation event attempts. |
| frees | Number of free events. |

show platform software process list

To display the list of running processes on a platform, use the **show platform software process list** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform software process list switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | R0}
[ {name process-name | process-id process-ID | sort memory | summary}]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| switch <i>switch-number</i> | Displays information about the switch. Valid values for <i>switch-number</i> argument are from 0 to 9. |
| active | Displays information about the active instance of the switch. |
| standby | Displays information about the standby instance of the switch. |
| 0 | Displays information about the shared port adapters (SPA) Interface Processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Displays information about the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| R0 | Displays information about the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |
| name <i>process-name</i> | (Optional) Displays information about the specified process. Enter the process name. |
| process-id <i>process-ID</i> | (Optional) Displays information about the specified process ID. Enter the process ID. |
| sort | (Optional) Displays information sorted according to processes. |
| memory | (Optional) Displays information sorted according to memory. |
| summary | (Optional) Displays a summary of the process memory of the host device. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXE (#)

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | The Size column in the output was modified to display Resident Set Size (RSS) in KB. |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | The command was introduced. |

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform software process list switch active R0** command:

```
Switch# show platform software process list switch active R0 summary

Total number of processes: 278
  Running      : 2
  Sleeping    : 276
  Disk sleeping : 0
  Zombies     : 0
```

show platform software process list

```

Stopped : 0
Paging : 0

Up time : 8318
Idle time : 0
User time : 216809
Kernel time : 78931

Virtual memory : 12933324800
Pages resident : 634061
Major page faults: 2228
Minor page faults: 3491744

Architecture : mips64
Memory (kB)
Physical : 3976852
Total : 3976852
Used : 2766952
Free : 1209900
Active : 2141344
Inactive : 1589672
Inact-dirty : 0
Inact-clean : 0
Dirty : 4
AnonPages : 1306800
Bounce : 0
Cached : 1984688
Commit Limit : 1988424
Committed As : 3358528
High Total : 0
High Free : 0
Low Total : 3976852
Low Free : 1209900
Mapped : 520528
NFS Unstable : 0
Page Tables : 17328
Slab : 0
VMmalloc Chunk : 1069542588
VMmalloc Total : 1069547512
VMmalloc Used : 2588
Writeback : 0
HugePages Total: 0
HugePages Free : 0
HugePages Rsvd : 0
HugePage Size : 2048

Swap (kB)
Total : 0
Used : 0
Free : 0
Cached : 0

Buffers (kB) : 439528

Load Average
1-Min : 1.13
5-Min : 1.18
15-Min : 0.92

```

The following is sample output from the **show platform software process list switch active R0** command:

```
# show platform software process list switch active R0
Name          Pid   PPid  Group Id Status Priority Size
-----
systemd        1     0      1   S      20    7892
kthreadd      2     0      0   S      20    0
ksoftirqd/0   3     2      0   S      20    0
kworker/0:0H  5     2      0   S      0     0
rcu_sched     7     2      0   S      20    0
rcu_bh        8     2      0   S      20    0
migration/0   9     2      0   S      4294967196 0
migration/1   10    2      0   S      4294967196 0
ksoftirqd/1   11    2      0   S      20    0
kworker/1:0H  13    2      0   S      0     0
migration/2   14    2      0   S      4294967196 0
ksoftirqd/2   15    2      0   S      20    0
kworker/2:0H  17    2      0   S      0     0
systemd-journal 221  1      221 S      20    4460
kworker/1:3   246  2      0   S      20    0
systemd-udevd 253  1      253 S      20    5648
kvm-irqfd-clean 617  2      0   S      0     0
scsi_eh_6     620  2      0   S      20    0
scsi_tmf_6    621  2      0   S      0     0
usb-storage   622  2      0   S      20    0
scsi_eh_7     625  2      0   S      20    0
scsi_tmf_7    626  2      0   S      0     0
usb-storage   627  2      0   S      20    0
kworker/7:1   630  2      0   S      20    0
bioset        631  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/3:1H  648  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/0:1H  667  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/1:1H  668  2      0   S      0     0
bioset        669  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/6:2   698  2      0   S      20    0
kworker/2:2   699  2      0   S      20    0
kworker/2:1H  703  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/7:1H  748  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/5:1H  749  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/6:1H  754  2      0   S      0     0
kworker/7:2   779  2      0   S      20    0
auditd       838  1      838 S      16    2564
.
.
.
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 8: show platform software process list Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|----------|---|
| Name | Displays the command name associated with the process. Different threads in the same process may have different command values. |
| Pid | Displays the process ID that is used by the operating system to identify and keep track of the processes. |
| PPid | Displays process ID of the parent process. |
| Group Id | Displays the group ID |

show platform software process list

| Field | Description |
|----------|---|
| Status | Displays the process status in human readable form. |
| Priority | Displays the negated scheduling priority. |
| Size | Prior to Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1: Displays Virtual Memory size. From Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 onwards: Displays the Resident Set Size (RSS) that shows how much memory is allocated to that process in the RAM. |

show platform software process memory

To display the amount of memory used by each system process, use the **show platform software process memory** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform process memory

```
switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | FP | R0} {all [sorted | virtual [sorted] ] | name process-name {maps | smaps [summary] } | process-id process-id{maps | smaps [summary] } }
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | switch <i>switch-number</i> | Displays information about the switch. Enter the switch number. |
| | active | Specifies the active instance of the device. |
| | standby | Specifies the standby instance of the device. |
| | 0 | Specifies the Shared Port Adapter (SPA) Interface Processor slot 0. |
| | F0 | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| | FP | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP). |
| | R0 | Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |
| | all | Lists all processes. |
| | sorted | (Optional) Sorts the output based on Resident Set Size (RSS). |
| | virtual | (Optional) Specifies virtual memory. |
| | name <i>process-name</i> | Specifies a process name. |
| | maps | Specifies the memory maps of a process. |
| | smaps summary | Specifies the smaps summary of a process. |
| | process-id <i>process-id</i> | Specifies a process identifier. |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC(#) | |

Examples:

The following is a sample output from the **show platform software process memory active R0 all** command:

show platform software process memory

```
Device# show platform software process memory switch active R0 all
```

| Pid | RSS | PSS | Heap | Shared | Private | Name |
|------|-------|------|------|--------|---------|-----------------|
| 1 | 4876 | 3229 | 1064 | 1808 | 3068 | systemd |
| 118 | 3184 | 1327 | 132 | 2352 | 832 | systemd-journal |
| 159 | 3008 | 1191 | 396 | 1996 | 1012 | systemd-udevd |
| 407 | 3192 | 1262 | 132 | 2196 | 996 | dbus-daemon |
| 3406 | 4772 | 3064 | 264 | 1940 | 2832 | virtlogd |
| 3411 | 5712 | 3474 | 2964 | 2344 | 3368 | droputil.sh |
| 3416 | 2588 | 358 | 132 | 2336 | 252 | libvirttd.sh |
| 3420 | 5708 | 3484 | 2976 | 2308 | 3400 | reflector.sh |
| 3424 | 1804 | 263 | 132 | 1632 | 172 | xinetd |
| 3425 | 964 | 118 | 132 | 872 | 92 | sleep |
| 3434 | 3060 | 844 | 528 | 2304 | 756 | oom.sh |
| 3442 | 2068 | 606 | 132 | 1604 | 464 | rpcbind |
| 3485 | 2380 | 845 | 132 | 1636 | 744 | rpc.statd |
| 3486 | 1632 | 338 | 132 | 1348 | 284 | boothelper_evt. |
| 3493 | 1136 | 156 | 132 | 1004 | 132 | inotifywait |
| 3504 | 2048 | 753 | 132 | 1372 | 676 | rpc.mountd |
| 3584 | 2868 | 620 | 36 | 2384 | 484 | rotee |
| 3649 | 1032 | 116 | 132 | 944 | 88 | sleep |
| 3705 | 2784 | 613 | 36 | 2296 | 488 | rotee |
| 3718 | 2856 | 610 | 36 | 2376 | 480 | rotee |
| 3759 | 1292 | 184 | 132 | 1136 | 156 | inotifywait |
| 3787 | 4256 | 2040 | 1640 | 2300 | 1956 | iptbl.sh |
| 3894 | 2948 | 637 | 36 | 2460 | 488 | rotee |
| 4017 | 1380 | 175 | 132 | 1236 | 144 | inotifywait |
| 4866 | 1820 | 287 | 132 | 1624 | 196 | xinetd |
| 5887 | 1692 | 257 | 132 | 1508 | 184 | xinetd |
| 5891 | 7248 | 4984 | 4584 | 2348 | 4900 | rollback_timer. |
| 5893 | 1764 | 257 | 132 | 1588 | 176 | xinetd |
| 6031 | 2804 | 601 | 36 | 2332 | 472 | rotee |
| 6037 | 1228 | 163 | 132 | 1092 | 136 | inotifywait |
| 6077 | 4736 | 3389 | 2992 | 1368 | 3368 | psvp.sh |
| 6115 | 1620 | 476 | 36 | 1152 | 468 | rotee |
| 6122 | 624 | 149 | 132 | 480 | 144 | inotifywait |
| 6127 | 5440 | 4077 | 3680 | 1384 | 4056 | pvp.sh |
| 6165 | 1736 | 592 | 36 | 1152 | 584 | rotee |
| 6245 | 624 | 149 | 132 | 480 | 144 | inotifywait |
| 6353 | 2592 | 1260 | 924 | 1352 | 1240 | pman.sh |
| 6470 | 1632 | 488 | 36 | 1152 | 480 | rotee |
| 6499 | 2588 | 1262 | 924 | 1348 | 1240 | pman.sh |
| 6666 | 1640 | 496 | 36 | 1152 | 488 | rotee |
| 6718 | 2584 | 1258 | 800 | 1348 | 1236 | pman.sh |
| 6736 | 8360 | 7020 | 6640 | 1360 | 7000 | auto_upgrade_cl |
| 6909 | 1636 | 492 | 36 | 1152 | 484 | rotee |
| 6955 | 2588 | 1262 | 928 | 1348 | 1240 | pman.sh |
| 7029 | 2196 | 679 | 40 | 1552 | 644 | auto_upgrade_se |
| 7149 | 1636 | 492 | 36 | 1152 | 484 | rotee |
| 7224 | 13200 | 4595 | 48 | 9368 | 3832 | bt_logger |
| 7295 | 2588 | 1262 | 800 | 1348 | 1240 | pman.sh |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 9: show platform software process memory Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|--------------|---|
| PID | Displays the process ID that is used by the operating system to identify and keep track of the processes. |
| RSS | Displays the Resident Set Size (in kilobytes (KB)) that shows how much memory is allocated to that process in the RAM. |
| PSS | Displays the Proportional Set Size of a process. This is the count of pages it has in memory, where each page is divided by the number of processes sharing it. |
| Heap | Displays where all user-allocated memory is located. |
| Shared | Shared clean + Shared dirty |
| Private | Private clean + Private dirty |
| Name | Displays the command name associated with the process. Different threads in the same process may have different command values. |

show platform software process slot switch

show platform software process slot switch

To display platform software process switch information, use the **show platform software process slot switch** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform software process slot switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | R0}
monitor [{cycles no-of-times [{interval delay [{lines number}]}]}]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| <i>switch-number</i> | Switch number. |
| active | Specifies the active instance. |
| standby | Specifies the standby instance. |
| 0 | Specifies the shared port adapter (SPA) interface processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| R0 | Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |
| monitor | Monitors the running processes. |
| cycles no-of-times | (Optional) Sets the number of times to run monitor command. Valid values are from 1 to 4294967295. The default is 5. |
| interval delay | (Optional) Sets a delay after each . Valid values are from 0 to 300. The default is 3. |
| lines number | (Optional) Sets the number of lines of output displayed. Valid values are from 0 to 512. The default is 0. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release Modification

This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The output of the **show platform software process slot switch** and **show processes cpu platform monitor location** commands display the output of the Linux **top** command. The output of these commands display Free memory and Used memory as displayed by the Linux **top** command. The values displayed for the Free memory and Used memory by these commands do not match the values displayed by the output of other platform-memory related CLIs.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show platform software process slot monitor** command:

```
Switch# show platform software process slot switch active R0 monitor
```

```
top - 00:01:52 up 1 day, 11:20, 0 users, load average: 0.50, 0.68, 0.83
Tasks: 311 total, 2 running, 309 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 7.4%us, 3.3%sy, 0.0%ni, 89.2%id, 0.0%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.1%ssi, 0.0%st
Mem: 3976844k total, 3955036k used, 21808k free, 419312k buffers
Swap: 0k total, 0k used, 0k free, 1946764k cached
```

| PID | USER | PR | NI | VIRT | RES | SHR | S | %CPU | %MEM | TIME+ | COMMAND |
|-------|------|----|-----|-------|------|------|---|------|------|-----------|-----------------|
| 5693 | root | 20 | 0 | 3448 | 1368 | 912 | R | 7 | 0.0 | 0:00.07 | top |
| 17546 | root | 20 | 0 | 2044m | 244m | 79m | S | 7 | 6.3 | 186:49.08 | fed main event |
| 18662 | root | 20 | 0 | 1806m | 678m | 263m | S | 5 | 17.5 | 215:32.38 | linux_iosd-imag |
| 30276 | root | 20 | 0 | 171m | 42m | 33m | S | 5 | 1.1 | 125:06.77 | repm |
| 17835 | root | 20 | 0 | 935m | 74m | 63m | S | 4 | 1.9 | 82:28.31 | sif_mgr |
| 18534 | root | 20 | 0 | 182m | 150m | 10m | S | 2 | 3.9 | 8:12.08 | smand |
| 1 | root | 20 | 0 | 8440 | 4740 | 2184 | S | 0 | 0.1 | 0:09.52 | systemd |
| 2 | root | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:00.00 | kthreadd |
| 3 | root | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:02.86 | ksoftirqd/0 |
| 5 | root | 0 | -20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:00.00 | kworker/0:0H |
| 7 | root | RT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:01.44 | migration/0 |
| 8 | root | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:00.00 | rcu_bh |
| 9 | root | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:23.08 | rcu_sched |
| 10 | root | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:58.04 | rcuc/0 |
| 11 | root | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 21:35.60 | rcuc/1 |
| 12 | root | RT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | 0.0 | 0:01.33 | migration/1 |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show processes cpu platform monitor location | Displays information about the CPU utilization of the IOS-XE processes. |

show platform software status control-processor

show platform software status control-processor

To display platform software control-processor status, use the **show platform software status control-processor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show platform software status control-processor [{brief}]

| Syntax Description | brief (Optional) Displays a summary of the platform control-processor status. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Examples The following is sample output from the **show platform memory software status control-processor** command:

```
Switch# show platform software status control-processor

2-RP0: online, statistics updated 7 seconds ago
Load Average: healthy
  1-Min: 1.00, status: healthy, under 5.00
  5-Min: 1.21, status: healthy, under 5.00
  15-Min: 0.90, status: healthy, under 5.00
Memory (kb): healthy
  Total: 3976852
  Used: 2766284 (70%), status: healthy
  Free: 1210568 (30%)
  Committed: 3358008 (84%), under 95%
Per-core Statistics
CPU0: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
  User: 4.40, System: 1.70, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 93.80
  IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.10, IOwait: 0.00
CPU1: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
  User: 3.80, System: 1.20, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 94.90
  IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.10, IOwait: 0.00
CPU2: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
  User: 7.00, System: 1.10, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 91.89
  IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU3: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
  User: 4.49, System: 0.69, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 94.80
  IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00

3-RP0: unknown, statistics updated 2 seconds ago
Load Average: healthy
  1-Min: 0.24, status: healthy, under 5.00
  5-Min: 0.27, status: healthy, under 5.00
  15-Min: 0.32, status: healthy, under 5.00
Memory (kb): healthy
  Total: 3976852
  Used: 2706768 (68%), status: healthy
  Free: 1270084 (32%)
  Committed: 3299332 (83%), under 95%
Per-core Statistics
CPU0: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
```

```

User: 4.50, System: 1.20, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 94.20
IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.10, IOwait: 0.00
CPU1: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 5.20, System: 0.50, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 94.29
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU2: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 3.60, System: 0.70, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 95.69
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU3: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 3.00, System: 0.60, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 96.39
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00

4-RP0: unknown, statistics updated 2 seconds ago
Load Average: healthy
    1-Min: 0.21, status: healthy, under 5.00
    5-Min: 0.24, status: healthy, under 5.00
    15-Min: 0.24, status: healthy, under 5.00
Memory (kb): healthy
    Total: 3976852
    Used: 1452404 (37%), status: healthy
    Free: 2524448 (63%)
    Committed: 1675120 (42%), under 95%
Per-core Statistics
CPU0: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 2.30, System: 0.40, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 97.30
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU1: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 4.19, System: 0.69, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 95.10
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU2: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 4.79, System: 0.79, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 94.40
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU3: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 2.10, System: 0.40, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 97.50
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00

9-RP0: unknown, statistics updated 4 seconds ago
Load Average: healthy
    1-Min: 0.20, status: healthy, under 5.00
    5-Min: 0.35, status: healthy, under 5.00
    15-Min: 0.35, status: healthy, under 5.00
Memory (kb): healthy
    Total: 3976852
    Used: 1451328 (36%), status: healthy
    Free: 2525524 (64%)
    Committed: 1675932 (42%), under 95%
Per-core Statistics
CPU0: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 1.90, System: 0.50, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 97.60
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU1: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 4.39, System: 0.19, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 95.40
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU2: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 5.70, System: 1.00, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 93.30
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.00, IOwait: 0.00
CPU3: CPU Utilization (percentage of time spent)
    User: 1.30, System: 0.60, Nice: 0.00, Idle: 98.00
    IRQ: 0.00, SIRQ: 0.10, IOwait: 0.00

```

The following is sample output from the **show platform memory software status control-processor brief** command:

show platform software status control-processor

```

Switch# show platform software status control-processor brief

Load Average
  Slot Status 1-Min 5-Min 15-Min
2-RP0 Healthy 1.10 1.21 0.91
3-RP0 Healthy 0.23 0.27 0.31
4-RP0 Healthy 0.11 0.21 0.22
9-RP0 Healthy 0.10 0.30 0.34

Memory (kB)
  Slot Status Total Used (Pct) Free (Pct) Committed (Pct)
2-RP0 Healthy 3976852 2766956 (70%) 1209896 (30%) 3358352 (84%)
3-RP0 Healthy 3976852 2706824 (68%) 1270028 (32%) 3299276 (83%)
4-RP0 Healthy 3976852 1451888 (37%) 2524964 (63%) 1675076 (42%)
9-RP0 Healthy 3976852 1451580 (37%) 2525272 (63%) 1675952 (42%)

CPU Utilization
  Slot CPU User System Nice Idle IRQ SIRQ IOwait
2-RP0 0 4.10 2.00 0.00 93.80 0.00 0.10 0.00
      1 4.60 1.00 0.00 94.30 0.00 0.10 0.00
      2 6.50 1.10 0.00 92.40 0.00 0.00 0.00
      3 5.59 1.19 0.00 93.20 0.00 0.00 0.00
3-RP0 0 2.80 1.20 0.00 95.90 0.00 0.10 0.00
      1 4.49 1.29 0.00 94.20 0.00 0.00 0.00
      2 5.30 1.60 0.00 93.10 0.00 0.00 0.00
      3 5.80 1.20 0.00 93.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
4-RP0 0 1.30 0.80 0.00 97.89 0.00 0.00 0.00
      1 1.30 0.20 0.00 98.50 0.00 0.00 0.00
      2 5.60 0.80 0.00 93.59 0.00 0.00 0.00
      3 5.09 0.19 0.00 94.70 0.00 0.00 0.00
9-RP0 0 3.99 0.69 0.00 95.30 0.00 0.00 0.00
      1 2.60 0.70 0.00 96.70 0.00 0.00 0.00
      2 4.49 0.89 0.00 94.60 0.00 0.00 0.00
      3 2.60 0.20 0.00 97.20 0.00 0.00 0.00

```

show platform software thread list

To display the list of threads on a platform, use the **show platform software thread list** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show platform software thread list switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | FP
active | R0} pname {cdman | vidman | all} tname {main | pktio | rt | all}
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| switch <i>switch-number</i> | Displays information about the switch. Enter the switch number. |
| active | Specifies the active instance of the device. |
| standby | Specifies standby instance of the device. |
| 0 | Specifies the Shared Port Adapter (SPA) Interface Processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| FP active | Specifies the active instance of Embedded Service Processor (ESP). |
| R0 | Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |
| pname | Specifies a process name. The possible values are cdman , vidman , and all . |
| tname | Specifies a thread name. The possible values are main , pktio , rt , and all . |

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC(#)

Examples:

The following is sample output from the **show platform software thread list switch active R0 pname cdman tname all** command:

```
Device# show platform software thread list switch active R0 pname cdman tname all
```

| Name TIME+ | Tid | PPid | Group | Id | Core | Vcswch | Nvcswch | Status | Priority |
|----------------|------|------|-------|----|------|--------|---------|--------|----------|
| cdman 12309 | 8407 | 7295 | 8407 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | S | 20 |

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

show platform software thread list

Table 10: show platform software thread list Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|----------|---|
| Name | Displays the command name associated with the process. Different threads in the same process may have different command values. |
| Tid | Displays the process ID. |
| PPid | Displays the process ID of the parent process. |
| Group Id | Displays the group ID. |
| Core | Displays processor information. |
| Vcswch | Displays the number of voluntary context switches. |
| Nvcswch | Displays the number of non-voluntary context switches. |
| Status | Displays the process status in human readable form. |
| Priority | Displays the negated scheduling priority. |
| TIME+ | Displays the time since the start of the process. |
| Size | Displays the Resident Set Size (in kilobytes (KB)) that shows how much memory is allocated to that process in the RAM. |

show platform usb status

To display the status of the USB ports on a device, use the **show platform usb status** command in Privileged EXEC mode.

show platform usb status

| | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |

Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.5.1 This command was introduced.

Examples The following is a sample output of the **show platform usb status** command:

```
Device> enable
Device# show platform usb status
USB Disabled
```

show processes cpu platform

show processes cpu platform

To display information about the CPU utilization of the IOS-XE processes, use the **show processes cpu platform** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show processes cpu platform [ [ sorted [1min | 5min | 5sec] ] location
switch {switch-number | active | standby} {F0 | FP active | R0 | RP active} ]
```

| Syntax Description | sorted (Optional) Displays output sorted based on percentage of CPU usage on a platform. 1min (Optional) Sorts based on 1 minute intervals. 5min (Optional) Sorts based on 5 minute intervals. 5sec (Optional) Sorts based on 5 second intervals. location Specifies the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) location. switch Displays information about the switch. Enter the switch number. <i>switch-number</i> active Specifies the active instance of the device. standby Specifies the standby instance of the device. F0 Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. FP active Specifies active instances on the Embedded Service Processor (ESP). R0 Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. RP active Specifies active instances on the Route Processor (RP). | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Examples:

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu platform** command:

```
Device# show processes cpu platform

CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 3%, five minutes: 2%
Core 0: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 2%, five minutes: 2%
Core 1: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 2: CPU utilization for five seconds: 3%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 3: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 5%, five minutes: 2%
      Pid  PPid  5Sec   1Min   5Min Status     Size  Name
----- 
      1      0    0%     0%     0%   S        4876  systemd
```

```

2      0      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kthreadd
3      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  ksoftirqd/0
5      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kworker/0:0H
7      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  rcu_sched
8      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  rcu_bh
9      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  migration/0
10     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  watchdog/0
11     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  watchdog/1
12     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  migration/1
13     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  ksoftirqd/1
15     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kworker/1:0H
16     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  watchdog/2
17     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  migration/2
18     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  ksoftirqd/2
20     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kworker/2:0H
21     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  watchdog/3
22     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  migration/3
23     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  ksoftirqd/3
24     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kworker/3:0
25     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kworker/3:0H
26     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kdevtmpfs
27     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  netns
28     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  perf
29     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  khungtaskd
30     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  writeback
31     2      7%    8%    8%    S          0  ksmd
32     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  khugepaged
33     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  crypto
34     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  bioset
35     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kblockd
36     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  ata_sff
37     2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  rpciod
63      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  kswapd0
64      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  vmstat
65      2      0%    0%    0%    S          0  fsnotify_mark
.
.
.

```

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu platform sorted 5min location switch 5 R0**

```
Device# show processes cpu platform sorted 5min location switch 5 R0
```

```
CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 0: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 1: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 2: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 3: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 2%, five minutes: 1%
Core 4: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 5: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 6: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 7: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
```

| Pid | PPid | 5Sec | 1Min | 5Min | Status | Size | Name |
|-------|-------|------|------|------|--------|--------|----------------|
| 16358 | 15516 | 4% | 4% | 4% | S | 221376 | fed main event |
| 14062 | 12756 | 1% | 1% | 1% | S | 52140 | sif_mgr |
| 32105 | 8618 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 260 | inotifywait |
| 31396 | 31393 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 36516 | python2.7 |
| 31393 | 31271 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 2744 | rdope.sh |
| 31319 | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 2648 | rotee |
| 31271 | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 3852 | pman.sh |
| 29671 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kworker/u16:0 |
| 29341 | 29329 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 1780 | sntp |
| 29329 | 1 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 2788 | stack_sntp.sh |

show processes cpu platform

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu platform location switch 7 R0** command:

```
Device# show processes cpu platform location switch 7 R0

CPU utilization for five seconds: 3%, one minute: 3%, five minutes: 3%
Core 0: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 5%, five minutes: 5%
Core 1: CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 11%, five minutes: 5%
Core 2: CPU utilization for five seconds: 22%, one minute: 7%, five minutes: 6%
Core 3: CPU utilization for five seconds: 5%, one minute: 6%, five minutes: 6%
Core 4: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 5: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 6: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 0%
Core 7: CPU utilization for five seconds: 0%, one minute: 0%, five minutes: 6%
      Pid      PPid     5Sec    1Min    5Min Status        Size Name
-----
      1          0      0%      0%      0% S          8044 systemd
      2          0      0%      0%      0% S             0 kthreadd
.
```

show processes cpu platform history

To display information about the CPU usage history of a system, use the **show processes cpu platform history** command.

```
show processes cpu platform history [1min | 5min | 5sec | 60min] location
switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | FP active | R0}
```

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1min | (Optional) Displays CPU utilization history with 1 minute intervals. |
| 5min | (Optional) Displays CPU utilization history with 5 minute intervals. |
| 5sec | (Optional) Displays CPU utilization history with 5 second intervals. |
| 60min | (Optional) Displays CPU utilization history with 60 minute intervals. |
| location | Specifies the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) location. |
| switch switch-number | Displays information about the switch. Enter the switch number. |
| active | Specifies the active instance of the device. |
| standby | Specifies the standby instance of the device. |
| 0 | Specifies the Shared Port Adapter (SPA) Interface Processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| FP active | Specifies active instances on the Embedded Service Processor (ESP). |
| R0 | Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) |
|----------------------|---------------------|

Examples:

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu platform** command:

```
Device# show processes cpu platform
```

show processes cpu platform history

```
CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 3%, five minutes: 2%
Core 0: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 2%, five minutes: 2%
Core 1: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 2: CPU utilization for five seconds: 3%, one minute: 1%, five minutes: 1%
Core 3: CPU utilization for five seconds: 2%, one minute: 5%, five minutes: 2%

```

| Pid | PPid | 5Sec | 1Min | 5Min | Status | Size | Name |
|-----|------|------|------|------|--------|------|---------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 4876 | systemd |
| 2 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kthreadd |
| 3 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | ksoftirqd/0 |
| 5 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kworker/0:0H |
| 7 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | rcu_sched |
| 8 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | rcu_bh |
| 9 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | migration/0 |
| 10 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | watchdog/0 |
| 11 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | watchdog/1 |
| 12 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | migration/1 |
| 13 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | ksoftirqd/1 |
| 15 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kworker/1:0H |
| 16 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | watchdog/2 |
| 17 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | migration/2 |
| 18 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | ksoftirqd/2 |
| 20 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kworker/2:0H |
| 21 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | watchdog/3 |
| 22 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | migration/3 |
| 23 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | ksoftirqd/3 |
| 24 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kworker/3:0 |
| 25 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kworker/3:0H |
| 26 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kdevtmpfs |
| 27 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | netns |
| 28 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | perf |
| 29 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | khungtaskd |
| 30 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | writeback |
| 31 | 2 | 7% | 8% | 8% | S | 0 | ksmd |
| 32 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | khugepaged |
| 33 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | crypto |
| 34 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | bioset |
| 35 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kblockd |
| 36 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | ata_sff |
| 37 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | rpciod |
| 63 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | kswapd0 |
| 64 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | vmstat |
| 65 | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | S | 0 | fsnotify_mark |

.

.

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu platform history 5sec** command:

```
Device# show processes cpu platform history 5sec
```

```
5 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
10 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
15 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
20 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
25 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
30 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
35 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
40 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
45 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
50 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
55 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
60 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
65 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
70 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
```

```
75 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
80 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
85 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
90 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
95 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
100 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
105 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
110 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
115 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
120 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
125 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
130 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
135 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
140 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
145 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 1%
150 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
155 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
160 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
165 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
170 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
175 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
180 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
185 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
190 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
195 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
200 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
205 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
210 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
215 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
220 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
225 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
230 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
235 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
240 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
245 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
250 seconds ago, CPU utilization: 0%
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

```
.
```

show processes cpu platform monitor

show processes cpu platform monitor

To displays information about the CPU utilization of the IOS-XE processes, use the **show processes cpu platform monitor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show processes cpu platform monitor location switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | R0}
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| location | Displays information about the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) location. |
| switch | Specifies the switch. |
| <i>switch-number</i> | Switch number. |
| active | Specifies the active instance. |
| standby | Specifies the standby instance. |
| 0 | Specifies the shared port adapter (SPA) interface processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| R0 | Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

Release Modification

Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The output of the **show platform software process slot switch** and **show processes cpu platform monitor location** commands display the output of the Linux **top** command. The output of these commands display Free memory and Used memory as displayed by the Linux **top** command. The values displayed for the Free memory and Used memory by these commands do not match the values displayed by the output of other platform-memory related CLIs.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show processes cpu monitor location switch active R0** command:

```
Switch# show processes cpu platform monitor location switch active R0

top - 00:04:21 up 1 day, 11:22,  0 users,  load average: 0.42, 0.60, 0.78
Tasks: 312 total,   4 running, 308 sleeping,   0 stopped,   0 zombie
Cpu(s): 7.4%us, 3.3%sy, 0.0%ni, 89.2%id, 0.0%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.1%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 3976844k total, 3956928k used, 19916k free, 419312k buffers
Swap:      0k total,      0k used,      0k free, 1947036k cached

          PID USER      PR  NI    VIRT    RES    SHR S %CPU %MEM     TIME+ COMMAND
        6294 root      20   0   3448  1368   912 R    9  0.0  0:00.07 top
        17546 root      20   0  2044m 244m  79m S    7  6.3 187:02.07 fed main event
       30276 root      20   0   171m   42m  33m S    7  1.1 125:15.54 repm
         16 root      20   0     0     0     0 S    5  0.0 22:07.92 rcuc/2
        21 root      20   0     0     0     0 R    5  0.0 22:13.24 rcuc/3
```

```

18662 root      20   0 1806m 678m 263m R    5 17.5 215:47.59 linux_iosd-imag
  11 root      20   0     0     0     0 S    4  0.0 21:37.41 rcuc/1
10333 root      20   0 6420 3916 1492 S    4  0.1 4:47.03 btrace_rotate.s
  10 root      20   0     0     0     0 S    2  0.0 0:58.13 rcuc/0
  6304 root     20   0 776   12     0 R    2  0.0 0:00.01 ls
17835 root      20   0 935m 74m 63m S    2  1.9 82:34.07 sif_mgr
  1 root      20   0 8440 4740 2184 S    0  0.1 0:09.52 systemd
  2 root      20   0     0     0     0 S    0  0.0 0:00.00 kthreadd
  3 root      20   0     0     0     0 S    0  0.0 0:02.86 ksoftirqd/0
  5 root      0 -20   0     0     0 S    0  0.0 0:00.00 kworker/0:0H
  7 root      RT   0     0     0     0 S    0  0.0 0:01.44 migration/0

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| show platform software process slot switch | Displays platform software process switch information. |

show processes memory

show processes memory

To display the amount of memory used by each system process, use the **show processes memory** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show processes memory [{ process-id | sorted [{ allocated | getbufs | holding }] }]

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| process-id | (Optional) Process ID (PID) of a specific process. When you specify a process ID, only details for the specified process will be shown. |
| sorted | (Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Allocated, Get Buffers, or Holding column. If the sorted keyword is used by itself, data is sorted by the Holding column by default. |
| allocated | (Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Allocated column. |
| getbufs | (Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Getbufs (Get Buffers) column. |
| holding | (Optional) Displays memory data sorted by the Holding column. This keyword is the default. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

The **show processes memory** command and the **show processes memory sorted** command displays a summary of total, used, and free memory, followed by a list of processes and their memory impact.

If the standard **show processes memory process-id** command is used, processes are sorted by their PID. If the **show processes memory sorted** command is used, the default sorting is by the Holding value.



Note Holding memory of a particular process can be allocated by other processes also, and so it can be greater than the allocated memory.

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command:

Device# **show processes memory**

| Processor | Pool | Total: | Used: | Free: | Process | |
|-----------|------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------|
| PID | TTY | Allocated | Freed | Holding | Getbufs | Retbufs |
| 0 | 0 | 8629528 | 689900 | 6751716 | 0 | 0 *Init* |
| 0 | 0 | 24048 | 12928 | 24048 | 0 | 0 *Sched* |
| 0 | 0 | 260 | 328 | 68 | 350080 | 0 *Dead* |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12928 | 0 | 0 Chunk Manager |
| 2 | 0 | 192 | 192 | 6928 | 0 | 0 Load Meter |
| 3 | 0 | 214664 | 304 | 227288 | 0 | 0 Exec |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12928 | 0 | 0 Check heaps |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12928 | 0 | 0 Pool Manager |
| 6 | 0 | 192 | 192 | 12928 | 0 | 0 Timers |
| 7 | 0 | 192 | 192 | 12928 | 0 | 0 Serial Backgroun |

```

    8   0      192      192     12928      0      0 AAA high-capacit
    9   0       0       0     24928      0      0 Policy Manager
   10  0       0       0     12928      0      0 ARP Input
   11  0      192      192     12928      0      0 DDR Timers
   12  0       0       0     12928      0      0 Entity MIB API
   13  0       0       0     12928      0      0 MPLS HC Counter
   14  0       0       0     12928      0      0 SERIAL A'detect

.
.

.
.

78   0       0       0     12992      0      0 DHCPD Timer
79   0      160      0     13088      0      0 DHCPD Database
8329440 Total

```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the display.

Table 11: show processes memory Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| Processor Pool Total | Total amount of memory, in kilobytes (KB), held for the Processor memory pool. |
| Used | Total amount of used memory, in KB, in the Processor memory pool. |
| Free | Total amount of free memory, in KB, in the Processor memory pool. |
| PID | Process ID. |
| TTY | Terminal that controls the process. |
| Allocated | Bytes of memory allocated by the process. |
| Freed | Bytes of memory freed by the process, regardless of who originally allocated it. |
| Holding | Amount of memory, in KB, currently allocated to the process. This includes memory allocated by the process and assigned to the process. |
| Getbufs | Number of times the process has requested a packet buffer. |
| Retbufs | Number of times the process has relinquished a packet buffer. |
| Process | Process name. |
| *Init* | System initialization process. |
| *Sched* | The scheduler process. |
| *Dead* | Processes as a group that are now dead. |
| <value> Total | Total amount of memory, in KB, held by all processes (sum of the “Holding” column). |

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command when the **sorted** keyword is used. In this case, the output is sorted by the Holding column, from largest to smallest.

```
Device# show processes memory sorted
```

```

Processor Pool Total: 25954228 Used: 8371280 Free: 17582948
 PID TTY Allocated Freed Holding Getbufs Retbufs Process
   0   0    8629528   689900   6751716      0      0 *Init*

```

show processes memory

```

 3   0    217304      304    229928      0        0 Exec
53   0    109248      192    96064       0        0 DHCPD Receive
56   0        0        0    32928       0        0 COPS
19   0    39048       0    25192       0        0 Net Background
42   0        0        0    24960       0        0 L2X Data Daemon
58   0    192       192    24928       0        0 X.25 Background
43   0    192       192    24928       0        0 PPP IP Route
49   0        0        0    24928       0        0 TCP Protocols
48   0        0        0    24928       0        0 TCP Timer
17   0    192       192    24928       0        0 XML Proxy Client
 9   0        0        0    24928       0        0 Policy Manager
40   0        0        0    24928       0        0 L2X SSS manager
29   0        0        0    24928       0        0 IP Input
44   0    192       192    24928       0        0 PPP IPCP
32   0    192       192    24928       0        0 PPP Hooks
34   0        0        0    24928       0        0 SSS Manager
41   0    192       192    24928       0        0 L2TP mgmt daemon
16   0    192       192    24928       0        0 Dialer event
35   0        0        0    24928       0        0 SSS Test Client
--More--

```

The following is sample output from the **show processes memory** command when a process ID (*process-id*) is specified:

```
Device# show processes memory 1
```

```

Process ID: 1
Process Name: Chunk Manager
Total Memory Held: 8428 bytes
Processor memory holding = 8428 bytes
pc = 0x60790654, size =      6044, count =      1
pc = 0x607A5084, size =      1544, count =      1
pc = 0x6076DBC4, size =      652, count =      1
pc = 0x6076FF18, size =      188, count =      1
I/O memory holding = 0 bytes

```

```
Device# show processes memory 2
```

```

Process ID: 2
Process Name: Load Meter
Total Memory Held: 3884 bytes
Processor memory holding = 3884 bytes
pc = 0x60790654, size =      3044, count =      1
pc = 0x6076DBC4, size =      652, count =      1
pc = 0x6076FF18, size =      188, count =      1
I/O memory holding = 0 bytes

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| show memory | Displays statistics about memory, including memory-free pool statistics. |
| show processes | Displays information about the active processes. |

show processes memory platform

To display memory usage for each Cisco IOS XE process, use the **show processes memory platform** command in privileged EXEC mode.

```
show processes memory platform [ [ detailed { name process-name | process-id process-ID } [ location | maps [ location ] | smaps [ location ] ] | location | sorted [ location ] ] { active | standby } { 0 | F0 | R0 } | accounting ]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | accounting | (Optional) Displays the top memory allocators for each Cisco IOS XE process. |
| | detailed | (Optional) Displays detailed memory information for a specified Cisco IOS XE process. |
| | name <i>process-name</i> | (Optional) Displays the Cisco IOS XE process name. Enter the process name. |
| | process-id <i>process-ID</i> | (Optional) Displays the Cisco IOS XE process ID. Enter the process ID. |
| | location | (Optional) Displays information about the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) location. |
| | maps | (Optional) Displays memory maps of a process. |
| | smaps | (Optional) Displays static memory maps of a process. |
| | sorted | (Optional) Displays the sorted output based on the Resident Set Size (RSS) memory used by Cisco IOS XE process. |
| | active | Displays information about the active instance of the device. |
| | standby | Displays information about the standby instance of the device. |
| | 0 | Displays information about Shared Port Adapter (SPA)-Inter-Processor slot 0. |
| | F0 | Displays information about Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| | R0 | Displays information about Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

show processes memory platform

| Release | Modification |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was modified. The keyword accounting was added. The Total column was deleted from the output. |

Examples

The following is a sample output from the **show processes memory platform** command:

```
device# show processes memory platform

System memory: 3976852K total, 2761580K used, 1215272K free,
Lowest: 1215272K
      Pid   Text      Data     Stack    Dynamic      RSS
-----+
      1   1246     4400     132    1308     4400      Name
      96   233     2796     132     132    2796      systemd
     105   284     1796     132     176    1796      systemd-journal
     707   52      2660     132     172    2660      systemd-udevd
     744  968      3264     132    1700    3264      in.telnetd
     835   52      2660     132     172    2660      in.telnetd
     863  968      3264     132    1700    3264      brelay.sh
     928  968      3996     132    2312    3996      reflector.sh
     933  968      3976     132    2312    3976      droputil.sh
     934  968      2140     132     528    2140      oom.sh
     936  173      936      132     132     936      xinetd
     945  968      1472     132     132    1472      libvirdt.sh
     947  592      43164    132    3096    43164      repm
     954   45      932      132     132     932      rpcbind
     986  482      3476     132     132    3476      libvirdt
     988   66      940      132     132     940      rpc.statd
     993  968      928      132     132     928      boothelper_evt.
    1017   21      640      132     132     640      inotifywait
    1089  102      1200     132     132    1200      rpc.mountd
    1328    9      2940     132     148    2940      rotee
    1353   39      532      132     132     532      sleep
!
!
!
```

The following is a sample output from the **show processes memory platform accounting** command:

```
device# show processes memory platform accounting
Hourly Stats

      process          callsite_ID(bytes)  max_diff_bytes  callsite_ID(calls)
max_diff_calls      tracekey                                timestamp(UTC)
-----+
smnd_rp_0           3624155137        172389        3624155138        50
                    1#a3e0e4361082c702e5bf1afbd90e6313  2018-09-04 14:23
linux_iosd-imag_rp_0 3626295305        49188        3624155138        12
                    1#545420bd869d25eb5ab826182ee5d9ce  2018-09-04 12:03
btman_rp_0          3624737792        17080        2953915394        64
                    1#d6888bd9564a3c4fcf049c31ba07a036  2018-09-04 22:29
fman_fp_image_fp_0  3624059905        16960        4027402242        298
                    1#921ba4d9df5b0a6e946a3b270bd6592d  2018-09-04 22:55
```

| | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|----|
| fed_main_event_fp_0 | 3626295305 | 16396 | 4027402242 | 32 |
| 1#27083f7bf3985d8925050806cae2bfb0d | | 2018-09-04 | 12:03 | |
| dbm_rp_0 | 3626295305 | 16396 | 4027402242 | 3 |
| 1#2b878f802bd7703c5298d37e7a4e8ac3 | | 2018-09-04 | 12:02 | |
| tamd_proc_rp_0 | 3895208962 | 12632 | 3624667171 | 7 |
| 1#5b0ed8f88ef5f873abcaf8a744037a44 | | 2018-09-04 | 18:47 | |
| btman_fp_0 | 3624233985 | 12288 | 3624737792 | 9 |
| 1#d6888bd9564a3c4fcf049c31ba07a036 | | 2018-09-04 | 15:23 | |
| sif_mgr_rp_0 | 3624059907 | 8216 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#de2a951a8a7bae83ca2c04c56810eb72 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| python2.7_fp_0 | 2954560513 | 8000 | 2954560513 | 1 |
| | | 2018-09-04 | 12:16 | |
| nginx_rp_0 | 3357041665 | 4608 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#32e56bb09e0509c5fa5ac32093631206 | | 2018-09-04 | 16:18 | |
| rotee_FRU_SLOT_NUM | 3624667169 | 4097 | 3624667169 | 1 |
| 1#ff68e5150a698cd59fa259828614995b | | 2018-09-04 | 10:43 | |
| hman_rp_0 | 3893617664 | 1488 | 3893617664 | 1 |
| 1#1c4aadada30083c5d6f66dc8ca8cd4cb | | 2018-09-04 | 10:42 | |
| tams_proc_rp_0 | 3895096320 | 1024 | 3895096320 | 1 |
| 1#a36a3afa9884c8dc4d40af1e80cacd26 | | 2018-09-04 | 10:42 | |
| stack_mgr_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 904 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#ca902eab11a18ab056b16554f49871e8 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| sessmgrd_rp_0 | 3491618816 | 848 | 3624155138 | 8 |
| 1#720239fc8bddcabc059768c55a1640ed | | 2018-09-04 | 14:32 | |
| psd_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 696 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#98cf04e0ddd78c2400b3ca3b5f298594 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| lman_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#dc8ed9e428d36477a617d56c51d5caf2 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| bt_logger_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#ba882be1ed783e72575e97cc0908e0e8 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| repm_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#ae461a05430efa767427f2ab40aba372 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| fman_rp_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 3 |
| 1#09def9cc1390911be9e3a7a9c89f4cf7 | | 2018-09-04 | 12:16 | |
| epc_ws_liaison_fp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#41451626dcce9d1478b22e2ebbbdcf54 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| cli_agent_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#92d3882919daf3a9e210807c61de0552 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| cmm_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 592 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#15ed1d79e96874b1e0621c42c3de6166 | | 2018-09-04 | 14:21 | |
| tms_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 352 | 4027402242 | 4 |
| 1#5c6efe2e21f15aa16318576d3ec9153c | | 2018-09-04 | 12:03 | |
| plogd_rp_0 | 4027402242 | 48 | 4027402242 | 1 |
| 1#2d7f2ef57206f4fa763d7f2f5400bf1b | | 2018-09-04 | 10:43 | |
| cmand_rp_0 | 3624155137 | 17 | 3624155137 | 1 |
| 1#f1f41f61c44d73014023db5d8a46ecf5 | | 2018-09-04 | 10:42 | |
| ! | | | | |
| ! | | | | |
| ! | | | | |

The following is a sample output from the **show processes memory platform sorted** command:

```
device# show processes memory platform sorted
System memory: 3976852K total, 2762884K used, 1213968K free,
Lowest: 1213968K
```

| Pid | Text | Data | Stack | Dynamic | RSS | Name |
|-------|--------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-----------------|
| 7885 | 149848 | 684864 | 136 | 80 | 684864 | linux_iosd-imag |
| 9655 | 3787 | 264964 | 136 | 18004 | 264964 | wcm |
| 17261 | 324 | 248588 | 132 | 103908 | 248588 | fed main event |
| 4268 | 391 | 102084 | 136 | 5596 | 102084 | cli_agent |

show processes memory platform

```

    4856      357      93388     132      3680      93388          dbm
17067      1087     77912     136      1796      77912      platform_mgr
!
!
!
```

```

device# show processes memory platform sorted location switch active R0
System memory: 3976852K total, 2762884K used, 1213968K free,
Lowest: 1213968K
```

| Pid | Text | Data | Stack | Dynamic | RSS | Name |
|-------|--------|--------|-------|---------|--------|-----------------|
| 7885 | 149848 | 684864 | 136 | 80 | 684864 | linux_iosd-imag |
| 9655 | 3787 | 264964 | 136 | 18004 | 264964 | wcm |
| 17261 | 324 | 248588 | 132 | 103908 | 248588 | fed main event |
| 4268 | 391 | 102084 | 136 | 5596 | 102084 | cli_agent |
| 4856 | 357 | 93388 | 132 | 3680 | 93388 | dbm |
| 17067 | 1087 | 77912 | 136 | 1796 | 77912 | platform_mgr |
| ! | | | | | | |
| ! | | | | | | |
| ! | | | | | | |

show processes platform

To display information about the IOS-XE processes running on a platform, use the **show processes platform** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**show processes platform [detailed name *process-name*] [location
switch {switch-number | active | standby} {0 | F0 | FP active | R0}]**

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| detailed | (Optional) Displays detailed information of the specified IOS-XE process. |
| name <i>process-name</i> | (Optional) Specifies the process name. |
| location | (Optional) Specifies the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) location. |
| switch switch-number | (Optional) Displays information about the switch. |
| active | (Optional) Specifies the active instance of the device. |
| standby | (Optional) Specifies standby instance of the device. |
| 0 | Specifies the Shared Port Adapter (SPA) Interface Processor slot 0. |
| F0 | Specifies the Embedded Service Processor (ESP) slot 0. |
| FP active | Specifies the active instance in the Embedded Service Processor (ESP). |
| R0 | Specifies the Route Processor (RP) slot 0. |

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

| | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC(#) |
|---------------|--------------------|

Examples:

The following is sample output from the **show processes platform** command:

```
Device# show processes platform

CPU utilization for five seconds: 1%, one minute: 2%, five minutes: 1%
  Pid  PPid Status      Size  Name
-----
   1    0   S       4876  systemd
   2    0   S        0  kthreadd
   3    2   S        0  ksoftirqd/0
   5    2   S        0  kworker/0:0H
   7    2   S        0  rcu_sched
   8    2   S        0  rcu_bh
   9    2   S        0  migration/0
  10    2   S        0  watchdog/0
  11    2   S        0  watchdog/1
  12    2   S        0  migration/1
```

show processes platform

```

13      2 S          0 ksoftirqd/1
15      2 S          0 kworker/1:0H
16      2 S          0 watchdog/2
17      2 S          0 migration/2
18      2 S          0 ksoftirqd/2
20      2 S          0 kworker/2:0H
21      2 S          0 watchdog/3
22      2 S          0 migration/3
23      2 S          0 ksoftirqd/3
24      2 S          0 kworker/3:0
25      2 S          0 kworker/3:0H
26      2 S          0 kdevtmpfs
27      2 S          0 netns
28      2 S          0 perf
29      2 S          0 khungtaskd
30      2 S          0 writeback
31      2 S          0 ksmd
32      2 S          0 khugepaged
33      2 S          0 crypto
34      2 S          0 bioset
35      2 S          0 kblockd
36      2 S          0 ata_sff
37      2 S          0 rpciod
63      2 S          0 kswapd0
64      2 S          0 vmstat
65      2 S          0 fsnotify_mark
66      2 S          0 nfsiod
74      2 S          0 bioset
75      2 S          0 bioset
76      2 S          0 bioset
77      2 S          0 bioset
78      2 S          0 bioset
79      2 S          0 bioset
80      2 S          0 bioset
81      2 S          0 bioset
82      2 S          0 bioset
83      2 S          0 bioset
84      2 S          0 bioset
85      2 S          0 bioset
86      2 S          0 bioset
87      2 S          0 bioset
88      2 S          0 bioset
89      2 S          0 bioset
90      2 S          0 bioset
91      2 S          0 bioset
92      2 S          0 bioset
93      2 S          0 bioset
94      2 S          0 bioset
95      2 S          0 bioset
96      2 S          0 bioset
97      2 S          0 bioset
100     2 S          0 ipv6_addrconf
102     2 S          0 deferwq

```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Table 12: show processes platform Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|-------|--------------------------|
| Pid | Displays the process ID. |

| Field | Description |
|--------|---|
| PPid | Displays the process ID of the parent process. |
| Status | Displays the process status in human readable form. |
| Size | Displays the Resident Set Size (in kilobytes (KB)) that shows how much memory is allocated to that process in the RAM. |
| Name | Displays the command name associated with the process. Different threads in the same process may have different command values. |

show power

show power

To display information of the power supplies and the cumulative power allocation of various port priorities configured on a device, use the **show power** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show power [{detail | inline | | module}]

| Syntax Description | detail (Optional) Displays detailed information of the cumulative power allocation and Power over Ethernet (PoE) port priorities configured on a device. inline (Optional) Displays the inline power status. module (Optional) Displays the status of the power supply modules. | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---------|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1</td> <td>The command output was enhanced to display information of the power allocated to the PoE port priorities.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | The command output was enhanced to display information of the power allocated to the PoE port priorities. |
| Release | Modification | | | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | The command output was enhanced to display information of the power allocated to the PoE port priorities. | | | | | | |

Examples

The following shows a sample output of the **show power** command:

```
Device# show power

Power
Supply Model No          Type Capacity Status   Fan States
----- ----- ----- ----- ----- 1      2
PS1    C9400-PWR-3200AC ac    1570 W active  good  good
PS2    C9400-PWR-3200AC ac    1570 W active  good  good
PS3    C9400-PWR-3200AC ac    1570 W active  good  good
PS4    C9400-PWR-3200AC ac    1570 W active  good  good

Power Summary           Maximum
(in Watts)   Used     Available
----- ----- -----
System Power   3070    3070
Inline Power   480     3210
----- -----
Total         3550    6280

PoE          PoE Shutdown
Priority    Allocation (Watts) Threshold (Watts)
----- ----- -----
Priority-0  240       1545
Priority-1  30        1575
Priority-2  0         1575
Priority-3  0         1575
Priority-4  0         1575
```

| | | |
|------------|---|------|
| Priority-5 | 0 | 1575 |
| Priority-6 | 0 | 1575 |
| Priority-7 | 0 | 1575 |

Table 13: show power Significant Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| PoE Shutdown Allocation(Watts) | Power allocated to the PoE port priorities. |
| Threshold(Watts) | <p>Minimum power required for the PoE ports to be up.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Priority-7: Minimum power required for priority 7 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-6: Minimum power required for priority 6 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-5: Minimum power required for priority 5 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-4: Minimum power required for priority 4 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-3: Minimum power required for priority 3 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-2: Minimum power required for priority 2 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-1: Minimum power required for priority 1 to priority 0 ports to be up • Priority-0: Minimum power required for priority 0 ports to be up |

PoE auto shutdown cutoff power is an addition of the current system power (not maximum) and power allocated to different PoE ports. For example:

- Priority 0 cutoff power = system power + minimum power required for priority 0 ports to be up, which is, $3070 + 60 = 3130$.

The hardware registers are programmed using scaling factor as 15, and so the closest multiple of 15 is taken. As the closest multiple of 15 for 3130 is 3135, 3135 is programmed as the cutoff power for priority 0 ports.

- Priority 1 cutoff power = system power + minimum power required for priority 0 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 1 ports to be up, which is, $3070 + 60 + 60 = 3190$.

As the closest multiple of 15 for 3190 is 3195, 3195 is programmed as the cutoff power for priority 1 ports.

- Priority 7 cutoff power = system power + minimum power required for priority 0 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 1 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 2 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 3 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 4 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 5 ports to be up.

show power

be up + minimum power required for priority 6 ports to be up + minimum power required for priority 7 ports to be up, which is, $3070 + 60 + 60 + 60 + 60 + 60 + 60 + 60 + 60 = 3550$.

As the closest multiple of 15 for 3550 is 3555, 3555 is programmed as the cutoff power for priority 7 ports.

If a power supply is removed, the hardware identifies which ports to shutdown based on the power requirements.

show power inline priority

To display the Power over Ethernet (PoE) port states and priorities of the administration and operating modes configured on an interface, use the **show power inline priority** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show power inline priority *interface-id*

| | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Specifies the ID of the physical interface. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Amsterdam 17.3.1 | The command output was enhanced to display information of the power allocated to the PoE port priorities. |

Examples

The following is a sample output of the **show power inline priority** command. The table that follows describes the output fields.

```
Device> show power inline priority gigabitEthernet 1/0/1

Power inline auto shutdown: Enabled
Interface Admin Oper Admin Oper
          State State Priority Priority
----- -----
Gi1/0/1   static on      5       0

Priority Power Per
           Priority (Watts)
----- -----
0          0
1          1440
2          1440
3          2880
4          0
5          2880
6          0
7          0
```

Table 14: show power inline priority Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|-------------|---|
| Admin State | Administration mode: auto, off, static. |

show power inline priority

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| Oper State | Operating mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> on: The powered device is detected, and power is applied. off: No PoE is applied. faulty: Device detection or a powered device is in a faulty state. power-deny: A powered device is detected, but no PoE is available, or the maximum wattage exceeds the detected powered-device maximum. |
| Admin Priority | Administration priority level: 0 to 7. |
| Oper Priority | Operating priority level: 0 to 7. |
| Power Per Priority(Watts) | Power allocated to the PoE port priorities. |

In the above example, Gi1/0/1 has administration state configured as static with priority as 5. The internal priority programmed in the hardware is 0.

show power inline detail

To display a detailed information on the Power over Ethernet (PoE) status for the specified interface, use the **show power inline *interface-id* detail** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show power inline [interface-id] detail

| | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) ID of the physical interface. |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 | This command was modified. The command output was enhanced to display information on the signal and spare pairs and also the physical class assigned by the power sourcing equipment (PSE) to the powered devices (PD). |

Examples

This following is a sample output from the **show power inline detail** command on a Single Signature device:

```
Device# show power inline gigabitethernet 1/0/29 detail

Interface: Gi1/0/29
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status (Alt-A,B): on,on
Device Detected: yes
Device Type: IEEE PD
Connection Check: SS
IEEE Class (Alt-A,B): 5
Physical Assigned Class (Alt-A,B): 5
Discovery mechanism used/configured: IEEE and Cisco
Police: off

Power Allocated
Admin Value: 60.0
Power drawn from the source: 30.0
Power available to the device: 30.0
Allocated Power (Alt-A,B): 30.0

Actual consumption
Measured at the port(watts) (Alt-A,B): 10.5
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 10.5

Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
Short Current Counter: 0
Invalid Signature Counter: 0
Power Denied Counter: 0
```

show power inline detail

```

Power Negotiation Used: IEEE 802.3bt LLDP
LLDP Power Negotiation      --Sent to PD--      --Rcvd from PD--
Power Type:                  Type 2 PSE        Type 2 PD
Power Source:                Primary           PSE
Power Priority:              low               critical
PD 4PID:                    0                 1
Requested Power(W):         25.5              25.5
Allocated Power(W):          25.5              40.0
Requested Power ModeA(W):   0.0               6.5
Allocated Power ModeA(W):   0.0               25.5
Requested Power ModeB(W):   0.0               13.0
Allocated Power ModeB(W):   0.0               25.5
PSE Powering Status:        4 pair SS PD    Ignore
PD Powering Status:         Ignore            SS PD
PSE Power Pair ext:         Both Alternatives Both Alternatives
DS Class Mode A ext:       SS PD             Class 2
DS Class Mode B ext:       SS PD             Class 4
SS Class ext:               Class 4           Class 5
PSE Type ext:               Type 3 PSE       Type 3 SS PD
PSE Max Avail Power:       51.0              51.2
PSE Auto Class Supp:       No                No
PD Auto Class Req:         No                No
PD Power Down Req:         No                No
PD Power Down Time(sec):   0                 70

Four-Pair PoE Supported: Yes
Spare Pair Power Enabled: Yes
Four-Pair PD Architecture: Shared

```

The following is sample output from the **show power inline gigabitEthernet** command where a DS PD sends a request to lower the power allocated by the PSE:

```

Device# show power inline gigabitethernet 4/0/48 detail

Interface: Gi4/0/48
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status (Alt-A,B): on,on
Device Detected: yes
Device Type: Ieee PD
Connection Check: DS
IEEE Class (Alt-A,B): 4,4
Physical Assigned Class (Alt-A,B): 4,4
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
Police: off

Power Allocated
Admin Value: 60.0
Power drawn from the source: 60.0
Power available to the device: 60.0
Allocated Power (Alt-A,B): 30.0,30.0
Actual consumption
Measured at the port(watts) (Alt-A,B): 10.7,10.7
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 21.4
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
Short Current Counter: 0
Invalid Signature Counter: 0
Power Denied Counter: 0

Power Negotiation Used: None
LLDP Power Negotiation      --Sent to PD--      --Rcvd from PD--
Power Type:                  -                 -

```

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Power Source: | - | - |
| Power Priority: | - | - |
| Requested Power(W): | - | - |
| Allocated Power(W): | - | - |

Four-Pair PoE Supported: Yes
Spare Pair Power Enabled: Yes
Four-Pair PD Architecture: Independent

show power inline upoe-plus

show power inline upoe-plus

To display the Power over Ethernet (PoE) status for the specified 802.3bt-compliant port, or all the 802.3bt-compliant ports, use the **show power inline upoe-plus** command in EXEC mode.

show power inline upoe-plus [interface-id]

| Syntax Description | <i>interface-id</i> (Optional) ID of the physical interface. | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.11.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | |

Examples

This is an example of an output from the **show power inline upoe-plus** command. The table that follows describes the output fields.

```
Device#show power inline upoe-plus
Available:4250.0 (w)  Used:1031.2 (w)  Remaining:3218.8 (w)

Codes: DS - Dual Signature device, SS - Single Signature device
      SP - Single Pairset device

Interface Admin Type Oper-State      Power(Watts)  Class    Device Name
          State          Alt-A,B   Allocated Utilized Alt-A,B
-----
Gi1/0/16  auto  SS   on,on        60.0       10.5     8       Ieee PD
Gi1/0/21  auto  DS   on,on        60.0       10.5     5,5     Ieee PD
```

This is an example of an output from the **show power inline upoe-plus interface-id** command on a switch port:

```
Device> show power inline upoe-plus gigabitEthernet 1/0/23

Codes: DS - Dual Signature device, SS - Single Signature device
      SP - Single Pairset device

Interface Admin Type Oper-State      Power(Watts)  Class    Device Name
          State          Alt-A,B   Allocated Utilized Alt-A,B
-----
Gi1/0/4   auto  SP   on           4.0        3.8      1       Ieee PD
Gi1/0/15  auto  SS   on,on       60.0       10.5     6       Ieee PD
Gi1/0/23  auto  DS   on,on       45.4       26.9     3,4     Ieee PD
```

Table 15: show power inline upoe-plus Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|------------|---|
| Type | Type of powered device: Single Pairset device or Single Signature device or Dual Signature device |
| Oper-State | The state of each signal and spare pair on the port. |

| Field | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Power Allocated | Power allocated to the port, in Watts |
| Power Utilized | Power consumed by the powered device on the port. |
| Class Alt-A, B | Signal, Spare-pair respectively |
| Device Name | Name of the powered device as advertised by CDP. |

show system mtu

show system mtu

To display the global maximum transmission unit (MTU) or maximum packet size set for the switch, use the **show system mtu** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show system mtu

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Syntax Description | This command has no arguments or keywords. | |
| Command Default | None | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC (#) | |
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |
| Usage Guidelines | For information about the MTU values and the stack configurations that affect the MTU values, see the system mtu command. | |
| Examples | This is an example of output from the show system mtu command: | |

```
Device# show system mtu
Global Ethernet MTU is 1500 bytes.
```

show tech-support

To automatically run **show** commands that display system information, use the **show tech-support** command in the privilege EXEC mode.

show tech-support

[**cef** | **cft** | **eigrp** | **evc** | **fnf** | **ipc** | **ipmulticast** | **ipsec** | **mfib** | **nat** | **nbar** | **onep** | **ospf** | **page** | **password** | **rsvp** | **subscriber** | **vrrp** | **wccp**]

Syntax Description

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| cef | (Optional) Displays CEF related information. |
| cft | (Optional) Displays CFT related information. |
| eigrp | (Optional) Displays EIGRP related information. |
| evc | (Optional) Displays EVC related information. |
| fnf | (Optional) Displays flexible netflow related information. |
| ipc | (Optional) Displays IPC related information. |
| ipmulticast | (Optional) Displays IP multicast related information. |
| ipsec | (Optional) Displays IPSEC related information. |
| mfib | (Optional) Displays MFIB related information. |
| nat | (Optional) Displays NAT related information. |
| nbar | (Optional) Displays NBAR related information. |
| onep | (Optional) Displays ONEP related information. |
| ospf | (Optional) Displays OSPF related information. |
| page | (Optional) Displays the command output on a single page at a time. Use the Return key to display the next line of output or use the space bar to display the next page of information. If not used, the output scrolls (that is, it does not stop for page breaks). Press the Ctrl-C keys to stop the command output. |
| password | (Optional) Leaves passwords and other security information in the output. If not used, passwords and other security-sensitive information in the output are replaced with the label "<removed>". |
| rsvp | (Optional) Displays IP RSVP related information. |
| subscriber | (Optional) Displays subscriber related information. |
| vrrp | (Optional) Displays VRRP related information. |
| wccp | (Optional) Displays WCCP related information. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC (#)

show tech-support

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was implemented. |

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | The output from the show tech-support command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to a file (for example, show tech-support >filename) in the local writable storage file system or the remote file system. Redirecting the output to a file also makes sending the output to your Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) representative easier. |
|------------------|---|

You can use one of the following redirection methods:

- **>filename** - Redirects the output to a file.
- **>>filename** - Redirects the output to a file in append mode.

show tech-support bgp

To automatically run show commands that display BGP related system information, use the **show tech-support bgp** command in the privileged EXEC mode.

```
show tech-support bgp [address-family {all | ipv4 [flowspec | multicast | unicast | [mdt | mvpn] {all | vrf vrf-instance-name} ] | ipv6 [flowspec | multicast | mvpn {all | vrf vrf-instance-name} | unicast] | l2vpn [evpn | vpls] | link-state [link-state] | [nsap | rtfilter] [unicast] | [vpnv4 | vpnv6] [flowspec | multicast | unicast] {all | vrf vrf-instance-name} } ] [detail]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| address-family | | (Optional) Displays the output for a specified address family. |
| address-family all | | (Optional) Displays the output for all address families. |
| ipv4 | | (Optional) Displays the output for IPv4 address family. |
| ipv6 | | (Optional) Displays the output for IPv6 address family. |
| l2vpn | | (Optional) Displays the output for L2VPN address family. |
| link-state | | (Optional) Displays the output for Link State address family. |
| nsap | | (Optional) Displays the output for NSAP address family. |
| rtfilter | | (Optional) Displays the output for RT Filter address family. |
| vpnv4 | | (Optional) Displays the output for VPNV4 address family. |
| vpnv6 | | (Optional) Displays the output for VPNV6 address family. |
| flowspec | | (Optional) Displays the flowspec related information for an address family. |
| multicast | | (Optional) Displays the multicast related information for an address family. |
| unicast | | (Optional) Displays the unicast related information for an address family. |
| mdt | | (Optional) Displays the Multicast Distribution Tree (MDT) related information for an address family. |

```
show tech-support bgp
```

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| mvpn | (Optional) Displays the Multicast VPN (MVPN) related information for an address family. |
| vrf | Displays the information for a VPN Routing/Forwarding instance. |
| evpn | (Optional) Displays the Ethernet VPN (EVPN) related information for an address family. |
| vpls | (Optional) Displays the Virtual Private LAN Services (VPLS) related information for an address family. |
| <i>vrf-instance-name</i> | Specifies the name of the VPN Routing/Forwarding instance. |
| all | Displays the information about all VPN NLRIs. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays the detailed routes information. |

Command Modes User EXEC (>)

Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|---------|--------------|
|---------|--------------|

Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

The **show tech-support bgp** command is used to display the outputs of various BGP show commands and log them to the show-tech file. The output from the **show tech-support bgp** command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to a file (for example, **show tech-support > filename**) in the local writable storage file system or the remote file system. Redirecting the output to a file also makes sending the output to your Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC) representative easier.

You can use one of the following redirection methods:

- > filename - Redirects the output to a file.
- >> filename - Redirects the output to a file in append mode.

The following **show** commands run automatically when the **show tech-support bgp** command is used:

- **show clock**
- **show version**
- **show running-config**
- **show process cpu sorted**
- **show process cpu history**
- **show process memory sorted**

The following **show** commands for a specific address family run automatically when the **show tech-support bgp address-familyaddress-family-name address-family-modifier** command is used:

- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier summary**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier detail**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier internal**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier neighbors**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier update-group**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier replication**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier community**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier dampening dampened-paths**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier dampening flap-statistics**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier dampening parameters**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier injected-paths**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier cluster-ids**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier cluster-ids internal**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier peer-group**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier pending-prefixes**
- **show bgp address-family-name address-family-modifier rib-failure**

In addition to the above commands, the following segment routing specific **show** commands also run when the **show tech-support bgp** command is used:

- **show bgp all binding-sid**
- **show segment-routing client**
- **show segment-routing mpls state**
- **show segment-routing mpls gb**
- **show segment-routing mpls connected-prefix-sid-map protocol ipv4**
- **show segment-routing mpls connected-prefix-sid-map protocol backup ipv4**
- **show mpls traffic-eng tunnel auto-tunnel client bgp**

show tech-support diagnostic

show tech-support diagnostic

To display diagnostic information for technical support, use the **show tech-support diagnostic** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show tech-support diagnostic

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines The output of this command is very long. To better manage this output, you can redirect the output to a file (for example, **show tech-support diagnostic > flash:filename**) in the local writable storage file system or remote file system.



Note For devices that support stacking, this command is executed on every switch that is up. For devices that do not support stacking, this command is executed only on the active switch.

The output of this command displays the output of the following commands:

Catalyst 9400 switches:

- **show clock**
- **show version**
- **show running-config**
- **show inventory**
- **show post**
- **show diagnostic bootup level**
- **show diagnostic status**
- **show diagnostic content module all**
- **show diagnostic result module all detail**
- **show diagnostic schedule module all**
- **show diagnostic description module [module number] test all**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] clilog detail**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] counter detail**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] environment detail**

- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] message detail**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] poe detail**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] status**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] temperature detail**
- **show logging onboard slot [slot number] uptime detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] voltage detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] clilog detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] counter detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] environment detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] message detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] poe detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] status**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] temperature detail**
- **show logging onboard RP [active | standby] uptime detail**

Catalyst 9400 StackWise Virtual Link (SVL) switches:

- **show clock**
- **show version**
- **show running-config**
- **show inventory**
- **show post**
- **show diagnostic bootup level**
- **show diagnostic status**
- **show diagnostic content switch all**
- **show diagnostic schedule switch all**
- **show diagnostic result switch [switch number] module [module number] detail**
- **show diagnostic description switch [switch number] module [module number] test all**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] clilog detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] counter detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] environment detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] message detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] poe detail**

show tech-support diagnostic

- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] status**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] temperature detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] uptime detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [switch number] slot [slot number] voltage detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active voltage detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active chilog detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active counter detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active environment detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active message detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active poe detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP activestatus**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active temperature detail**
- **show logging onboard switch [active | standby] RP active uptime detail**

Examples

The following is a sample output from the **show tech-support diagnostic** command:

```
Device# show tech-support diagnostic
.
.
.
----- show diagnostic status -----
<BU> - Bootup Diagnostics, <HM> - Health Monitoring Diagnostics,
<OD> - OnDemand Diagnostics, <SCH> - Scheduled Diagnostics

=====
Card      Description          Current Running Test      Run by
-----
2        C9400-LC-24XS        N/A
.
.
.
3        C9400-SUP-1          N/A
.
.
.
4        C9400-SUP-1          N/A
.
.
.
6        C9400-LC-48UX        N/A
```

```
===== ===== ===== ===== ===== ===== ===== =====
```

```
----- show post -----
```

```
Stored system POST messages:
```

```
Switch C9407R
```

```
-----
```

```
POST: MBIST Tests : Begin
```

```
POST: MBIST Tests : End, Status Passed
```

```
POST: Module: 3 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: Begin
```

```
POST: Module: 3 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: End, Status Passed
```

```
POST: Module: 4 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: Begin
```

```
POST: Module: 4 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: End, Status Passed
```

```
POST: Module: 2 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: Begin
```

```
POST: Module: 2 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: End, Status Passed
```

```
POST: Module: 6 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: Begin
```

```
POST: Module: 6 PHY Loopback: loopback Test: End, Status Passed
```

```
----- show diagnostic content module all -----
```

```
module 2:
```

```
Diagnostics test suite attributes:
```

```
M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA
```

```
B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
```

show tech-support diagnostic

P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA
 D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
 S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
 X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA
 F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
 E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
 A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive

| ID | Test Name | Attributes | Test Interval | Thre- |
|----|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | | day hh:mm:ss.ms | shold |
| 1) | TestGoldPktLoopback -----> *BPN*X**I | not configured | n/a | |
| 2) | TestPhyLoopback -----> *BPD*X**I | not configured | n/a | |
| 3) | TestThermal -----> *B*N****A | 000 00:01:30.00 | 1 | |
| 4) | TestScratchRegister -----> *B*N****A | 000 00:01:30.00 | 5 | |
| 5) | TestUnusedPortLoopback -----> *BPN****I | not configured | 1 | |
| 6) | TestPortTxMonitoring -----> *BPN****A | 000 00:01:15.00 | 1 | |

module 3:

Diagnostics test suite attributes:

M/C/* - Minimal bootup level test / Complete bootup level test / NA
 B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
 P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA
 D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
 S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
 X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA
 F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
 E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
 A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive

----- show diagnostic description module 1 test all -----

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 clilog detail -----
```

```
obfl clilog feature is not supported.
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 counter detail -----
```

```
obfl counter feature is not supported.
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 environment detail -----
```

```
obfl environment feature is not supported.
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 message detail -----
```

```
Line card at slot 1 is not present
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 poe detail -----
```

```
Line card at slot 1 is not present
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 status -----
```

```
Line card at slot 1 is not present
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 temperature detail -----
```

```
Line card at slot 1 is not present
```

```
show tech-support diagnostic
```

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 uptime detail -----
```

Line card at slot 1 is not present

```
----- show logging onboard slot 1 voltage detail -----
```

Line card at slot 1 is not present

```
----- show diagnostic description module 2 test all -----
```

TestGoldPktLoopback :

The GOLbD packet Loopback test verifies the MAC level loopback functionality. In this test, a GOLbD packet, for which doppler provides the support in hardware, is sent. The packet loops back at MAC level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a non-disruptive test.

TestPhyLoopback :

The PHY Loopback test verifies the PHY level loopback functionality. In this test, a packet is sent which loops back at PHY level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a disruptive test and cannot be run as a health monitoring test.

TestThermal :

This test verifies the temperature reading from the sensor is below the yellow temperature threshold. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

TestScratchRegister :

The Scratch Register test monitors the health of application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs) by writing values into registers and reading back the values from these registers. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring

test.

TestUnusedPortLoopback :

This test verifies the PHY level loopback functionality for admin-down ports. In this test, a packet is sent which loops back at PHY level and is matched against the stored packet. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

TestPortTxMonitoring :

This test monitors the TX counters of a connected interface.

This test verifies if the connected port is able to send the packets or not. It is a non-disruptive test and can be run as a health monitoring test.

.

.

.

show tech-support poe

show tech-support poe

To display the output of all the PoE-related troubleshooting commands, use the **show tech-support poe** command in privileged EXEC mode. This command displays the output of the following commands:

Non-SVL Setup

- **show clock**
- **show version**
- **show running-config**
- **show log**
- **show interface**
- **show interface status**
- **show controllers ethernet-controller**
- **show cdp neighbors detail**
- **show llpd neighbors detail**
- **show post**
- **show platform**
- **show module**
- **show platform software ilpower details**
- **show platform software ilpower system *switch-id***
- **show power detail**
- **show power inline**
- **show power inline *interface-id* detail**
- **show power inline police**
- **show power inline priority**
- **show platform software trace message iomd *slot-number*/0**
- **show platform software trace message iomd *slot-number*/0 reverse**
- **show logging onboard slot *slot-number* poe detail**
- **show platform hardware fed switch *switch-number* fwd-asic register read *register-name* *SupDeviceId***
- **test platform hardware poe get *slot-number* global**
- **test platform hardware poe get *slot-number* port *port-number***

SVL Setup

- **show clock**

- **show version**
- **show running-config**
- **show log**
- **show interface**
- **show interface status**
- **show controllers ethernet-controller**
- **show cdp neighbors**
- **show cdp neighbors detail**
- **show llpd neighbors**
- **show llpd neighbors detail**
- **show post**
- **show platform**
- **show module**
- **show platform software ilpower details**
- **show platform software ilpower system *switch-id***
- **show power detail**
- **show power inline**
- **show power inline *interface-id* detail**
- **show power inline police**
- **show power inline priority**
- **show platform software trace message iomd switch *switch-number slot-number/0***
- **show platform software trace message iomd switch*switch-number slot-number/0 reverse***
- **show logging onboard slot switch *switch-num slots* slot-number poe detail**
- **show platform hardware fed switch *switch-number fwd-asic register read register-name SupDeviceId***
- **test platform hardware poe get switch*switch-num slot-number global***
- **test platform hardware poe get switch*switch-num slot-number port port-number***

Command Default This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.10.1 | This command was introduced. |

show tech-support poe

This example shows the output from the **show tech-support poe** command:

```
# show tech-support poe
----- show clock -----
17:39:28.741 PDT Wed Aug 22 2018
----- show version -----
Cisco IOS XE Software, Version Version 16.10.01
Cisco IOS Software [Gibraltar], Catalyst L3 Switch Software (CAT9K_LITE_IOSXE), Version
16.10.1, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)
Copyright (c) 1986-2018 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 13-Jun-18 05:27 by mcpre

Cisco IOS-XE software, Copyright (c) 2005-2018 by cisco Systems, Inc.
All rights reserved. Certain components of Cisco IOS-XE software are
licensed under the GNU General Public License ("GPL") Version 2.0. The
software code licensed under GPL Version 2.0 is free software that comes
with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. You can redistribute and/or modify such
GPL code under the terms of GPL Version 2.0. For more details, see the
documentation or "License Notice" file accompanying the IOS-XE software,
or the applicable URL provided on the flyer accompanying the IOS-XE
software.

ROM: IOS-XE ROMMON

BOOTLDR: System Bootstrap, Version 16.6.2r[FC1], DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE

UUT1 uptime is 47 minutes

Uptime for this control processor is 52 minutes

System returned to ROM by Image Install at 09:53:40 PDT Wed Aug 22 2018

System restarted at 16:51:55 PDT Wed Aug 22 2018

System image file is "flash:cat9k_iosxe.BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LATEST_20180806_024152.SSA.conf"

Last reload reason: Image Install
```

This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to United States and local country laws governing import, export, transfer and use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic products does not imply third-party authority to import, export, distribute or use encryption. Importers, exporters, distributors and users are responsible for compliance with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product you agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable

to comply with U.S. and local laws, return this product immediately.

A summary of U.S. laws governing Cisco cryptographic products may be found at:

<http://www.cisco.com/wwl/export/crypto/tool/stqrg.html>

If you require further assistance please contact us by sending email to
export@cisco.com.

Technology Package License Information:

| Technology-package | Type | Technology-package |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Current | | Next reboot |
| network-advantage | Smart License | network-advantage |
| dna-advantage | Subscription Smart License | dna-advantage |

Smart Licensing Status: UNREGISTERED/EVAL MODE

cisco C9404R (X86) processor (revision V00) with 1940534K/6147K bytes of memory.

Processor board ID FXS214202WY

1 Virtual Ethernet interface

168 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces

40 Ten Gigabit Ethernet interfaces

4 Forty Gigabit Ethernet interfaces

32768K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.

15956620K bytes of physical memory.

11161600K bytes of Bootflash at bootflash:.

11161600K bytes of Bootflash at bootflash-2-0:.

1638400K bytes of Crash Files at crashinfo:.

show tech-support poe

1638400K bytes of Crash Files at crashinfo-2-0:.

0K bytes of WebUI ODM Files at webui:..

Base Ethernet MAC Address : 38-0E-4D-9B-05-C0

Motherboard Assembly Number : 49F4

Motherboard Serial Number : FXS214202WY

Model Revision Number : V02

Motherboard Revision Number : 1

Model Number : C9404R

System Serial Number : FXS2145Q20X

Switch 02

Base Ethernet MAC Address: 38:0e:4d:9b:10:00

Motherboard Assembly Number: 49F4

Motherboard Serial Number: FXS2143001X

Model Revision Number: V02

Motherboard Revision Number: 1

Model Number: C9404R

System Serial Number: FXS2145Q20C

Configuration register is 0x2

----- show running-config -----

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 22900 bytes

!

! Last configuration change at 14:59:57 PDT Mon Sep 11 2017

!

version 16.10

no service pad

service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime show-timezone

service timestamps log datetime msec localtime show-timezone

service compress-config

no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core

platform shell

!

hostname stack9-mixed2

!

```

!
vrf definition Mgmt-vrf
!
address-family ipv4
exit-address-family
!
address-family ipv6
exit-address-family
!
no logging monitor
!
no aaa new-model
boot system switch all flash:packages.conf
clock timezone PDT -7 0
stack-mac persistent timer 4
switch 1 provision ws-c3850-24xs
!
stack-power stack Powerstack-11
mode redundant strict
!
stack-power switch 1
stack Powerstack-11
!
ip routing
!
crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-2636786964
enrollment selfsigned
subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-2636786964
revocation-check none
rsakeypair TP-self-signed-2636786964
!
crypto pki certificate chain TP-self-signed-2636786964
certificate self-signed 01
30820330 30820218 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050030
31312F30 2D060355 04031326 494F532D 53656C66 2D536967 6E65642D 43657274
69666963 6174652D 32363336 37383639 3634301E 170D3137 30333137 31383331
31325A17 0D323030 31303130 30303030 305A3031 312F302D 06035504 03132649
4F532D53 656C662D 5369676E 65642D43 65727469 669696361 74652D32 36333637
38363936 34308201 22300D06 092A8648 86F70D01 01010500 0382010F 00308201
0A028201 0100E7C5 F498308A 83FF02DB 48AC4428 2F738E43 8587DD2E D1D43918
7921617F 563890D7 35707C69 413D9F6D A160A6E2 D741C0B3 8E2969EA 9E732EA8
D3BD6B75 3465C0E6 0FAC1055 340903A5 0EF67AE4 271D73BF F6C91B39 A13C2423
9250D266 86E07FBC B41851AC 2B03B570 73300C09 0D1B15D1 E56DDA9A 4D39CDF2
0C7A0831 C634DFE8 3EA55909 D9EEFEA7 B0EB872E 0E91CA86 B90965CC 326780EA
28274CB1 EB13CA17 08959E01 8F9D25EC 4F8CE767 394E345C E870D776 10758D21
9D6BD6CD D7619DD0 28B1E6CB D1032A62 DC215510 BA58895E D3724D3C 2A8481D4
5E5129F5 65CE9105 47DCFD46 1AA7E20E 1D20E4DD 7C786428 83ACCDCE C5900822
F85AF081 FF130203 010001A3 53305130 0F060355 1D130101 FF040530 030101FF
301F0603 551D2304 18301680 149EE39D 6B4CC129 72868658 69880994 7AC71912
04301D06 03551D0E 04160414 9EE39D6B 4CC12972 86865869 8809947A C7191204
300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050003 82010100 C42EAF92 1D2324B9 2B0153DD
A85E607E FA9FA0AD BB677982 B5DAC3F7 DE938EC9 6F948385 9916A359 AF2BBA86
06F04B7E 5B736DD7 CDD89067 1887C177 9241CDF5 0943000D D940F982 55F3DD8A
9E52167E 64074D23 A1E93445 1B60E4A0 D923F5FA 19064241 E575D6B9 7E1CCE9C
3957A4C7 67F86FE4 3CC37107 B003873A 3D986787 7DF29056 29D42E30 4AE1D7AC
3DABD1E8 940DDDF9 C14DCE35 71C79000 A7AF6B28 AD050608 4E7B16CB 7ED8D32E
FB4B5FF8 CDA2FFCD 3FDAAFEF6 AC279A80 03A7FC31 FEB27C2F D7AEFCAE 1B01850F
AEEAC787 1F1B6BBB 380AA70F CACE89AF 3B0096B6 05906C96 8D004FDC D35AECFC
A644C0AF 4F874C6D 67F5769E A6147323 D199FE63
quit
!
errdisable recovery cause inline-power
errdisable recovery interval 30
license boot level ipservicesk9

```

show tech-support poe

```

diagnostic bootup level minimal
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
!
redundancy
mode sso
!
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-topology-control
  description Topology control
class-map match-any system-cpp-police-sw-forward
  description Sw forwarding, L2 LVX data, LOGGING
class-map match-any system-cpp-default
  description EWLC control, EWCL data
!
policy-map port_child_policy
  class non-client-nrt-class
    bandwidth remaining ratio 10
policy-map system-cpp-policy
  class system-cpp-police-data
    police rate 600 pps
  class system-cpp-police-sys-data
    police rate 100 pps
!
interface Port-channel1
no switchport
no ip address
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
vrf forwarding Mgmt-vrf
ip address 10.5.49.131 255.255.255.0
negotiation auto
!
interface FortyGigabitEthernet1/1/1
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet1/0/1
!
interface FortyGigabitEthernet2/1/1
shutdown
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet2/1/1
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet3/0/40
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet9/0/1
power inline port poe-ha
!
interface GigabitEthernet9/0/11
power inline port priority high
!
interface Vlan1
no ip address
!
ip forward-protocol nd
ip http server
ip http authentication local
ip http secure-server
!
ip tftp source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip route 20.20.20.0 255.255.255.0 2.2.2.3
ip ssh time-out 60
ip ssh authentication-retries 2
ip ssh version 2

```

```
ip ssh server algorithm encryption aes128-ctr aes192-ctr aes256-ctr
ip ssh client algorithm encryption aes128-ctr aes192-ctr aes256-ctr
!
ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Bulk-Data
permit tcp any any eq 22
permit tcp any any eq 465
permit tcp any any eq 143
permit tcp any any eq 993
permit tcp any any eq 995
permit tcp any any eq 1914
permit tcp any any eq ftp
permit tcp any any eq ftp-data
permit tcp any any eq smtp
permit tcp any any eq pop3
ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-MultiEnhanced-Conf
permit udp any any range 16384 32767
permit tcp any any range 50000 59999
ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Scavenger
permit tcp any any range 2300 2400
permit udp any any range 2300 2400
permit tcp any any range 6881 6999
permit tcp any any range 28800 29100
permit tcp any any eq 1214
permit udp any any eq 1214
permit tcp any any eq 3689
permit udp any any eq 3689
permit tcp any any eq 11999
ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Signaling
permit tcp any any range 2000 2002
permit tcp any any range 5060 5061
permit udp any any range 5060 5061
ip access-list extended AutoQos-4.0-wlan-Acl-Transactional-Data
permit tcp any any eq 443
permit tcp any any eq 1521
permit udp any any eq 1521
permit tcp any any eq 1526
permit udp any any eq 1526
permit tcp any any eq 1575
permit udp any any eq 1575
permit tcp any any eq 1630
permit udp any any eq 1630
permit tcp any any eq 1527
permit tcp any any eq 6200
permit tcp any any eq 3389
permit tcp any any eq 5985
permit tcp any any eq 8080
!
control-plane
service-policy input system-cpp-policy
!
!
no vstack
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
stopbits 1
speed 115200
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
login
line vty 5 15
login
!
```

show tech-support poe

```
!
mac address-table notification mac-move
wsma agent exec
  profile httplistener
  profile httpslistener
!
wsma agent config
  profile httplistener
  profile httpslistener
!
wsma agent filesys
  profile httplistener
  profile httpslistener
!
wsma agent notify
  profile httplistener
  profile httpslistener
!
!
wsma profile listener httplistener
  transport http
!
wsma profile listener httpslistener
  transport https
!
ap dot11 airtime-fairness policy-name Default 0
ap group default-group
ap hyperlocation ble-beacon 0
ap hyperlocation ble-beacon 1
ap hyperlocation ble-beacon 2
ap hyperlocation ble-beacon 3
ap hyperlocation ble-beacon 4
end

----- show log -----
```

Syslog logging: enabled (0 messages dropped, 153 messages rate-limited, 0 flushes, 0 overruns,
xml disabled, filtering disabled)

No Active Message Discriminator.

No Inactive Message Discriminator.

Console logging: disabled

Monitor logging: level debugging, 0 messages logged, xml disabled,
filtering disabled

```

Buffer logging: level debugging, 2434 messages logged, xml disabled,
filtering disabled

Exception Logging: size (4096 bytes)

Count and timestamp logging messages: disabled

Persistent logging: disabled

No active filter modules.

Trap logging: level informational, 445 message lines logged

Logging Source-Interface: VRF Name:

Log Buffer (4096 bytes):

17:38:42.126 PDT: ILP power assign handling event: event 2, pwr assign is done by proto
LLDP-MDI

Port Gi1/1/0/23: Selected Protocol LLDP-MDI

Aug 22 17:38:42.126 PDT: ILP power-via-MDI request from IDB: Received LLDP 802.3at
Power-via-MDI TLV from port GigabitEthernet1/1/0/23

Aug 22 17:38:42.126 PDT: Print four wire power via-MDI TLV: FOUR WIRE via mdi class tlv:

Four Wire Power Supported : 0
Spare Pair Det Classify Req : 0
PD Desired State : 0
PSE Operation State : 0

Aug 22 17:38:42.126 PDT: Received 4-wire LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/23

Aug 22 17:38:42.126 PDT: four_pair 0, spare_pair_det 0, pd_state 0, pse_state 0Gi1/1/0/23
LLDP GET TLV

Aug 22 17:38:44.126 PDT: ILP get power-via-MDI TLV for IDB: Sending LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/23

Aug 22 17:38:44.126 PDT: Print LLDB power via-MDI TLV: LLDP power via mdi class tlv:

PSE Allocation(mW): 130
PD Request(mW) : 130
PD Class : Class 3
PD Priority : low

```

show tech-support poe

```

PD Power Type      : Type 2 PSE
Power Source      : Primary
mdi_pwr_support: 15
Power Pair       : SignalGi1/1/0/23 LLDP GET TLV

```

Aug 22 17:38:44.126 PDT: ILP get power-via-MDI TLV for IDB: PSE Sending 4-wire LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/23

Aug 22 17:38:44.126 PDT: Print four wire power via-MDI TLV: FOUR WIRE via mdi class tlv:

```

Four Wire Power Supported   : 1
Spare Pair Det Classify Req : 0
PD Desired State          : 0
PSE Operation State        : 0Gi1/1/0/23 LLDP GET TLV

```

Aug 22 17:38:44.261 PDT: ILP get power-via-MDI TLV for IDB: Sending LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/23

Aug 22 17:38:44.261 PDT: Print LLDB power via-MDI TLV: LLDP power via mdi class tlv:

```

PSE Allocation(mW): 130
PD Request(mW)     : 130
PD Class           : Class 3
PD Priority         : low
PD Power Type      : Type 2 PSE
Power Source       : Primary
mdi_pwr_support: 15
Power Pair       : SignalGi1/1/0/23 LLDP GET TLV

```

Aug 22 17:38:44.261 PDT: ILP get power-via-MDI TLV for IDB: PSE Sending 4-wire LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/23

Aug 22 17:38:44.261 PDT: Print four wire power via-MDI TLV: FOUR WIRE via mdi class tlv:

```

Four Wire Power Supported   : 1
Spare Pair Det Classify Req : 0
PD Desired State          : 0
PSE Operation State        : 0

```

Aug 22 17:39:04.397 PDT: ILP power-via-MDI request from IDB: Received LLDP 802.3at Power-via-MDI TLV from port GigabitEthernet1/1/0/47

Aug 22 17:39:04.397 PDT: Print LLDB power via-MDI TLV: LLDP power via mdi class tlv:

```

PSE Allocation(mW) : 130
PD Request(mW)      : 130
PD Class           : Class 3
PD Priority        : high
PD Power Type      : Type 1 PD
Power Source       : Primary
mdi_pwr_support: 0
Power Pair         : Signal

```

Aug 22 17:39:04.397 PDT: ILP power assign handling event: event 2, pwr assign is done by proto LLDP-MDI

Port Gi1/1/0/47: Selected Protocol LLDP-MDI

Aug 22 17:39:04.397 PDT: ILP power-via-MDI request from IDB: Received LLDP 802.3at Power-via-MDI TLV from port GigabitEthernet1/1/0/47Gi1/1/0/47 LLDP TLV REQUEST: No change in request/allocation

Gi1/1/0/47 LLDP GET TLV

Aug 22 17:39:06.397 PDT: ILP get power-via-MDI TLV for IDB: Sending LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/47

Aug 22 17:39:06.397 PDT: Print LLDB power via-MDI TLV: LLDP power via mdi class tlv:

```

PSE Allocation(mW) : 130
PD Request(mW)      : 130
PD Class           : Class 3
PD Priority        : low
PD Power Type      : Type 2 PSE
Power Source       : Primary
mdi_pwr_support: 15
Power Pair         : Signal

```

Gi1/1/0/47 LLDP GET TLV

Aug 22 17:39:06.397 PDT: ILP get power-via-MDI TLV for IDB: PSE Sending 4-wire LLDP TLV on Gi1/1/0/47

Aug 22 17:39:06.397 PDT: Print four wire power via-MDI TLV: FOUR WIRE via mdi class tlv:

```

Four Wire Power Supported   : 1
Spare Pair Det Classify Req : 0
PD Desired State          : 0

```

show tech-support poe

```
PSE Operation State      : 0

Aug 22 17:39:11.483 PDT: %SYS-5-LOG_CONFIG_CHANGE: Console logging disabled

Aug 22 17:39:11.522 PDT: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Aug 22 17:39:16.693 PDT: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

Aug 22 17:39:17.000 PDT: %SYS-6-CLOCKUPDATE: System clock has been updated from 17:39:16
PDT Wed Aug 22 2018 to 17:39:17 PDT Wed Aug 22 2018, configured from console by console.

----- show interface status -----
```

| Port | Name | Status | Vlan | Duplex | Speed | Type |
|------------|------|------------|------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| Gi1/1/0/1 | | connected | 1 | a-full | a-1000 | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/2 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/3 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/4 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/5 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/6 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/7 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/8 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/9 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/10 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/11 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/12 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/13 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/14 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/15 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/16 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/17 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/18 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/19 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/20 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/21 | | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |

| | | | | | |
|------------|------------|---|--------|--------|-------------------|
| Gi1/1/0/22 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/23 | connected | 1 | a-full | a-1000 | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/24 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/25 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/26 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/27 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/28 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/29 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/30 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/31 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/32 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/33 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/34 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/35 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/36 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/37 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/38 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/39 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/40 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/41 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/42 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/43 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/44 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/45 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/46 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/47 | connected | 1 | a-full | a-1000 | 10/100/1000BaseTX |
| Gi1/1/0/48 | notconnect | 1 | auto | auto | 10/100/1000BaseTX |

----- show interface -----

Vlan1 is administratively down, line protocol is down , Autostate Enabled

Hardware is Ethernet SVI, address is e4aa.5d54.2188 (bia e4aa.5d54.2188)

show tech-support poe

```

MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit/sec, DLY 10 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive not supported
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
Last input 00:00:02, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/375/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
    619 packets input, 71804 bytes, 0 no buffer
    Received 0 broadcasts (0 IP multicasts)
    0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
    0 packets output, 0 bytes, 0 underruns
    0 output errors, 0 interface resets
    0 unknown protocol drops
    0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
GigabitEthernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is RP management port, address is 380e.4d9b.05d5 (bia 380e.4d9b.05d5)
Internet address is 192.168.0.113/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit/sec, DLY 10 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Full Duplex, 1000Mbps, link type is auto, media type is RJ45
output flow-control is unsupported, input flow-control is unsupported
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
Last input 00:00:26, output 00:00:08, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never

```

```

Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0

Queueing strategy: fifo

Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)

5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

2063 packets input, 160652 bytes, 0 no buffer

Received 1 broadcasts (0 IP multicasts)

0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles

0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored

0 watchdog, 0 multicast, 0 pause input

134 packets output, 17698 bytes, 0 underruns

0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets

56 unknown protocol drops

0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred

0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier, 0 pause output

0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out

0 carrier transitions

----- show controllers ethernet-controller -----

```

| Transmit | GigabitEthernet1/1/0/1 | Receive |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 29775251 Total bytes | | 0 Total bytes |
| 455564 Unicast frames | | 0 Unicast frames |
| 29156096 Unicast bytes | | 0 Unicast bytes |
| 2882 Multicast frames | | 0 Multicast frames |
| 240089 Multicast bytes | | 0 Multicast bytes |
| 1068 Broadcast frames | | 0 Broadcast frames |
| 379066 Broadcast bytes | | 0 Broadcast bytes |
| 0 System FCS error frames | | 0 IpgViolation frames |
| 0 MacUnderrun frames | | 0 MacOverrun frames |
| 0 Pause frames | | 0 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 0 Pause frames | | 0 Cos 0 Pause frames |

show tech-support poe

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 Cos 1 Pause frames | 0 Cos 1 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 2 Pause frames | 0 Cos 2 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 3 Pause frames | 0 Cos 3 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 4 Pause frames | 0 Cos 4 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 5 Pause frames | 0 Cos 5 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 6 Pause frames | 0 Cos 6 Pause frames |
| 0 Cos 7 Pause frames | 0 Cos 7 Pause frames |
| 0 Oam frames | 0 OamProcessed frames |
| 0 Oam frames | 0 OamDropped frames |
| 457497 Minimum size frames | 0 Minimum size frames |
| 1153 65 to 127 byte frames | 0 65 to 127 byte frames |
| 0 128 to 255 byte frames | 0 128 to 255 byte frames |
| 741 256 to 511 byte frames | 0 256 to 511 byte frames |
| 123 512 to 1023 byte frames | 0 512 to 1023 byte frames |
| 0 1024 to 1518 byte frames | 0 1024 to 1518 byte frames |
| 0 1519 to 2047 byte frames | 0 1519 to 2047 byte frames |
| 0 2048 to 4095 byte frames | 0 2048 to 4095 byte frames |
| 0 4096 to 8191 byte frames | 0 4096 to 8191 byte frames |
| 0 8192 to 16383 byte frames | 0 8192 to 16383 byte frames |
| 0 16384 to 32767 byte frame | 0 16384 to 32767 byte frame |
| 0 > 32768 byte frames | 0 > 32768 byte frames |
| 0 Late collision frames | 0 SymbolErr frames |
| 56128 Excess Defer frames | 0 Collision fragments |
| 0 Good (1 coll) frames | 0 ValidUnderSize frames |
| 0 Good (>1 coll) frames | 0 InvalidOverSize frames |
| 0 Deferred frames | 0 ValidOverSize frames |
| 0 Gold frames dropped | 0 FcsErr frames |
| 0 Gold frames truncated | |
| 0 Gold frames successful | |
| 0 1 collision frames | |
| 0 2 collision frames | |
| 0 3 collision frames | |

```
0 4 collision frames  
0 5 collision frames  
0 6 collision frames  
0 7 collision frames  
0 8 collision frames  
0 9 collision frames  
0 10 collision frames  
0 11 collision frames  
0 12 collision frames  
0 13 collision frames  
0 14 collision frames  
0 15 collision frames  
0 Excess collision frames
```

LAST UPDATE 817 msecs AGO

----- show cdp neighbors detail -----

% CDP is not enabled

----- show lldp neighbors detail -----

Local Intf: Gi1/1/0/47

Chassis id: a418.7579.0110

Port id: Gi0

Port Description: GigabitEthernet0

System Name: AP2c54.2da4.3a3d

System Description:

Cisco IOS Software, C1260 Software (AP3G1-K9W8-M), Version 15.3(3)JNB2, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)

Technical Support: <http://www.cisco.com/techsupport>

Copyright (c) 1986-2015 by Cisco Systems, Inc.

```
show tech-support poe
```

Compiled Tue 21-Jul-15 01:31 by prod_rel_team

Time remaining: 106 seconds

System Capabilities: B

Enabled Capabilities: B

Management Addresses - not advertised

Auto Negotiation - supported, enabled

Physical media capabilities:

1000baseT (FD)

1000baseT (HD)

100base-TX (FD)

100base-TX (HD)

10base-T (FD)

10base-T (HD)

Media Attachment Unit type: 30

Vlan ID: - not advertised

PoE+ Power-via-MDI TLV:

Power Pair: Signal

Power Class: Class 3

Power Device Type: Type 1 PD

Power Source: PSE

Power Priority: high

Power Requested: 13000 mW

Power Allocated: 13000 mW

----- show post -----

Stored system POST messages:

Switch 1

```
POST: MBIST Tests : Begin
POST: MBIST Tests : End, Status Passed
```

```
POST: PHY Loopback Tests : Skipped !!!
Switch 2
-----
```

```
POST: MBIST Tests : Begin
POST: MBIST Tests : End, Status Passed
```

```
POST: PHY Loopback Tests : Skipped !!!
----- show power inline police -----
```

```
Available:620.0 (w) Used:30.8 (w) Remaining:589.2 (w)
```

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Admin | Oper | Cutoff | Oper |
|------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | State | State | Police | Police | Power | Power |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Gi1/1/0/1 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/2 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/3 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/4 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/5 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/6 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/7 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/8 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/9 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/10 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/11 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/12 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |

show tech-support poe

| | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/13 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/14 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/15 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/16 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/17 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/18 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/19 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/20 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/21 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/22 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/23 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 6.9 |
| Gi1/1/0/24 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/25 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/26 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/27 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/28 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/29 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/30 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/31 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/32 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/33 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/34 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/35 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/36 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/37 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/38 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/39 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/40 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/41 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/42 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/43 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/44 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |

| | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|
| Gi1/1/0/45 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/46 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/47 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 8.8 |
| Gi1/1/0/48 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Totals: | | | | | | 15.7 |

Available:1180.0 (w) Used:41.8 (w) Remaining:1138.2 (w)

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Admin | Oper | Cutoff | Oper |
|------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | State | State | Police | Police | Power | Power |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Gi2/1/0/1 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/2 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/3 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/4 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/5 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/6 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/7 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/8 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/9 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/10 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/11 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/12 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/13 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/14 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/15 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/16 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/17 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/18 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/19 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |

show tech-support poe

| | | | | | | |
|--|------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|
| Gi2/1/0/20 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/21 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 5.7 |
| Gi2/1/0/22 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/23 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/24 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/25 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/26 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/27 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/28 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/29 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/30 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/31 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/32 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/33 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/34 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/35 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/36 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 10.3 |
| Te2/1/0/37 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/38 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/39 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/40 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/41 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/42 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/43 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/44 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/45 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/46 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/47 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/48 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Totals: | | | | | | 16.0 |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| ----- show power inline priority ----- | | | | | | |

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Admin |
|------------|-------|-------|----------|
| | State | State | Priority |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Gi1/1/0/1 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/2 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/3 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/4 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/5 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/6 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/7 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/8 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/9 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/10 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/11 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/12 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/13 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/14 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/15 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/16 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/17 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/18 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/19 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/20 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/21 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/22 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/23 | auto | on | low |
| Gi1/1/0/24 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/25 | auto | off | low |
| Gi1/1/0/26 | auto | off | low |

show tech-support poe

| Gi1/1/0/27 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/28 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/29 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/30 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/31 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/32 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/33 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/34 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/35 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/36 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/37 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/38 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/39 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/40 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/41 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/42 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/43 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/44 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/45 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/46 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/47 | auto | on | low |
|------------|------|----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/48 | auto | off | low |
|------------|------|-----|-----|

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Priority |
|-----------|-------|------|----------|
|-----------|-------|------|----------|

| | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| | | | |

| | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/1 | auto | off | low |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/2 | auto | off | low |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/3 | auto | off | low |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/4 | auto | off | low |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/5 | auto | off | low |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/6 | auto | off | low |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/7 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/8 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/9 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/10 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/11 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/12 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/13 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/14 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/15 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/16 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/17 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/18 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/19 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/20 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/21 | auto | on | low |
| Gi2/1/0/22 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/23 | auto | off | low |
| Gi2/1/0/24 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/25 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/26 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/27 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/28 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/29 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/30 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/31 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/32 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/33 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/34 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/35 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/36 | auto | on | low |
| Te2/1/0/37 | auto | off | low |
| Te2/1/0/38 | auto | off | low |

show tech-support poe

```

Te2/1/0/39    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/40    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/41    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/42    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/43    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/44    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/45    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/46    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/47    auto    off     low
Te2/1/0/48    auto    off     low
----- show platform -----

```

Chassis type: C9404R

Switch 1

| Slot | Type | State | Insert time (ago) |
|-------|------------------|-------|-------------------|
| ----- | | | |
| 1 | C9400-LC-48U | ok | 01:17:25 |
| 1/0 | C9400-LC-48U | ok | 01:12:31 |
| 2 | C9400-SUP-1XL | ok | 01:17:25 |
| 2/0 | C9400-SUP-1XL | ok | 01:12:48 |
| 4 | WS-XL48D | ok | 01:17:25 |
| 4/0 | WS-XL48D | ok | 01:12:30 |
| P1 | C9400-PWR-3200AC | ok | 01:17:06 |
| P2 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ok | 01:17:06 |
| P9 | C9404-FAN | ok | 01:17:04 |

| Slot | CPLD Version | Firmware Version |
|-------|--------------|------------------|
| ----- | | |
| 1 | 17101705 | 16.6.2r[FC1] |

| | | |
|---|----------|--------------|
| 2 | 17101705 | 16.6.2r[FC1] |
| 4 | 17101705 | 16.6.2r[FC1] |

Switch 2

| Slot | Type | State | Insert time (ago) |
|------|------------------|----------|-------------------|
| 1 | C9400-LC-48UX | ok | 01:09:55 |
| 1/0 | C9400-LC-48UX | ok | 01:11:45 |
| 2 | C9400-SUP-1XL | ok | 01:09:55 |
| 2/0 | C9400-SUP-1XL | ok | 01:12:01 |
| 4 | C9400-LC-48S | ok | 01:09:55 |
| 4/0 | C9400-LC-48S | ok | 01:11:56 |
| P1 | C9400-PWR-3200AC | ok | 01:17:06 |
| P2 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ok | 01:17:06 |
| P3 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ok | 01:17:05 |
| P4 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ps, fail | 01:17:04 |
| P9 | C9404-FAN | ok | 01:17:03 |

| Slot | CPLD Version | Firmware Version |
|------|--------------|------------------|
| 1 | 17101705 | 16.6.2r[FC1] |
| 2 | 17101705 | 16.6.2r[FC1] |
| 4 | 17101705 | 16.6.2r[FC1] |

----- show module -----

Chassis Type: C9404R

Switch Number 1

| Mod Ports Card Type | Model | Serial No. |
|---------------------|-------|------------|
| ----- | ----- | ----- |

show tech-support poe

| | | | | |
|---|----|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1 | 48 | 48-Port UPOE 10/100/1000 (RJ-45) | C9400-LC-48U | JAE21150CEW |
| 2 | 10 | Supervisor 1 XL Module | C9400-SUP-1XL | JAE21200AEM |
| 4 | 48 | 48-Port 10/100/1000 (RJ-45) | WS-XL48D | JAE204700PH |

| Mod | MAC addresses | Hw | Fw | Sw | Status |
|-----|----------------------------------|-----|--------------|--------------------|--------|
| 1 | E4AA.5D54.BBA4 to E4AA.5D54.BBD3 | 0.6 | 16.6.2r[FC1] | BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LA | ok |
| 2 | 380E.4D9B.05EC to 380E.4D9B.05F5 | 0.6 | 16.6.2r[FC1] | BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LA | ok |
| 4 | E4AA.5D54.141C to E4AA.5D54.144B | 0.5 | 16.6.2r[FC1] | BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LA | ok |

| Mod | Redundancy Role | Operating Redundancy Mode | Configured Redundancy Mode |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2 | Active | SSO | SSO |

Switch Number 2

| Mod | Ports | Card Type | Model | Serial No. |
|-----|-------|------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1 | 48 | 48-Port UPOE w/ 24p mgig 24p RJ-45 | C9400-LC-48UX | JAE211701E0 |
| 2 | 10 | Supervisor 1 XL Module | C9400-SUP-1XL | JAE21200AFT |
| 4 | 48 | 48-Port 1 Gigabit Ethernet (SFP) | C9400-LC-48S | JAE2139034K |

| Mod | MAC addresses | Hw | Fw | Sw | Status |
|-----|----------------------------------|-----|--------------|--------------------|--------|
| 1 | E4AA.5D54.C5A0 to E4AA.5D54.C5CF | 0.7 | 16.6.2r[FC1] | BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LA | ok |
| 2 | 380E.4D9B.102C to 380E.4D9B.1035 | 0.6 | 16.6.2r[FC1] | BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LA | ok |
| 4 | 707D.B9CF.821C to 707D.B9CF.824B | 0.1 | 16.6.2r[FC1] | BLD_POLARIS_DEV_LA | ok |

| Mod | Redundancy Role | Operating Redundancy Mode | Configured Redundancy Mode |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2 | Standby | SSO | SSO |

Chassis MAC address range: 44 addresses from 380e.4d9b.05c0 to 380e.4d9b.05eb
----- show power detail -----

Switch:1

| Power | | | | | Fan States | | | |
|--------|------------------|------|----------|--------|------------|------|------|------|
| Supply | Model No | Type | Capacity | Status | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| PS1 | C9400-PWR-3200AC | ac | 1570 W | active | good | good | good | good |
| PS2 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ac | 950 W | active | good | good | good | good |

PS Current Configuration Mode : Combined

PS Current Operating State : Combined

Power supplies currently active : 2

Power supplies currently available : 2

Switch:2

| Power | | | | | Fan States | | | |
|--------|------------------|------|----------|--------|------------|------|------|------|
| Supply | Model No | Type | Capacity | Status | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| PS1 | C9400-PWR-3200AC | ac | 1570 W | active | good | good | good | good |
| PS2 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ac | 950 W | active | good | good | good | good |
| PS3 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ac | 950 W | active | good | good | good | good |
| PS4 | C9400-PWR-2100AC | ac | n.a. | faulty | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |

PS Current Configuration Mode : Combined

PS Current Operating State : Combined

show tech-support poe

```
Power supplies currently active : 3
Power supplies currently available : 3
```

Switch:1

| Power Summary | | Maximum |
|---------------|------|-----------|
| (in Watts) | Used | Available |
| System Power | 1900 | 1900 |
| Inline Power | 30 | 620 |
| Total | 1930 | 2520 |

Switch:2

| Power Summary | | Maximum |
|---------------|------|-----------|
| (in Watts) | Used | Available |
| System Power | 2290 | 2290 |
| Inline Power | 41 | 1180 |
| Total | 2331 | 3470 |

Switch:1

Automatic Linecard Shutdown : Disabled

Power Budget Mode : Dual Sup

| Mod | Model No | Priority | State | autoLC | Power | Instantaneous | Peak | Out of | In |
|-----|--------------|----------|----------|--------|-------|---------------|------|--------|----|
| | | | | Budget | Reset | | | Reset | |
| 1 | C9400-LC-48U | 0 | accepted | 65 | 32 | 37 | 65 | 5 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|---|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 2 | C9400-SUP-1XL | 0 | accepted | 700 | 259 | 301 | 700 | 130 |
| 3 | C9400-SUP-1XL | 0 | --- | 700 | 259 | 301 | 0 | 130 |
| 4 | WS-XL48D | 1 | accepted | 65 | 32 | 35 | 65 | 5 |
| -- | Fan Tray | 0 | accepted | 370 | -- | -- | 370 | -- |
| <hr/> | | | | | | | | |
| Total 1900 | | | | | | | | |

Switch:2

Automatic Linecard Shutdown : Disabled

Power Budget Mode : Dual Sup

| Mod | Model No | Priority | State | autoLC | | | Out of | In |
|------------|---------------|----------|----------|--------|---------------|------|--------|-----|
| | | | | Budget | Instantaneous | Peak | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | C9400-LC-48UX | 0 | accepted | 350 | 134 | 142 | 350 | 15 |
| 2 | C9400-SUP-1XL | 0 | accepted | 700 | 260 | 299 | 700 | 130 |
| 3 | C9400-SUP-1XL | 0 | --- | 700 | 260 | 299 | 0 | 130 |
| 4 | C9400-LC-48S | 1 | accepted | 170 | 41 | 41 | 170 | 5 |
| -- | Fan Tray | 0 | accepted | 370 | -- | -- | 370 | -- |
| <hr/> | | | | | | | | |
| Total 2290 | | | | | | | | |

Total 2290

----- show power inline -----

Available:620.0 (w) Used:30.8 (w) Remaining:589.2 (w)

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Power (Watts) | Device | Class |
|-----------|-----------|------|---------------|--------|-------|
| From PS | To Device | | | | |

show tech-support poe

| ----- | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|------|------|---------|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/1 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/2 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/3 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/4 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/5 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/6 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/7 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/8 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/9 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/10 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/11 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/12 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/13 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/14 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/15 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/16 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/17 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/18 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/19 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/20 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/21 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/22 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/23 | auto | on | 15.4 | 15.4 | Ieee PD | 3 |
| Gi1/1/0/24 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/25 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/26 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/27 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/28 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/29 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/30 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |

| | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|------|------|---------|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/31 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/32 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/33 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/34 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/35 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/36 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/37 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/38 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/39 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/40 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/41 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/42 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/43 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/44 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/45 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/46 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/47 | auto | on | 15.4 | 15.4 | Ieee PD | 3 |
| Gi1/1/0/48 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |

Totals: 2 on 30.8 30.8

Available:1180.0 (w) Used:41.8 (w) Remaining:1138.2 (w)

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Power (Watts) | | Device | Class |
|-----------|-------|------|---------------|-----------|--------|-------|
| | | | From PS | To Device | | |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Gi2/1/0/1 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/2 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/3 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |

show tech-support poe

| | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|------|------|---------|-----|
| Gi2/1/0/4 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/5 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/6 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/7 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/8 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/9 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/10 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/11 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/12 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/13 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/14 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/15 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/16 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/17 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/18 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/19 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/20 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/21 | auto | on | 11.8 | 11.8 | Ieee PD | 4 |
| Gi2/1/0/22 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/23 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/24 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/25 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/26 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/27 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/28 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/29 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/30 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/31 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/32 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/33 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/34 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/35 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | n/a |

| Te2/1/0/36 | auto | on | 30.0 | 30.0 | Ieee | PD | 4 |
|------------|------|-----|------|------|------|----|-----|
| Te2/1/0/37 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/38 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/39 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/40 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/41 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/42 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/43 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/44 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/45 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/46 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/47 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/48 | auto | off | 0.0 | 0.0 | n/a | | n/a |

Totals: 2 on 41.8 41.8

----- show controllers power inline module 1 -----

Alchemy instance 0, address 0

```
Pending event flag      : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Current State          : 00 00 10 93 D8 E8
Current Event          : 11 11 14 00 00 00
Timers                 : 22 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Error State            : 14 14 14 14 14 14
Error Code              : 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Power Status           : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Auto Config             : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Disconnect              : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Detection Status        : F0 00 10 00 00 00
Current Class           : 00 00 00 00 00 00
Tweetie debug           : 00 00 00 00
POE Commands pending at sub:
    Command 0 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
    Command 1 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
    Command 2 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
    Command 3 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

Alchemy instance 1, address E

| | | |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Pending event flag | : | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N |
| Current State | : | 00 00 10 93 D8 E8 |
| Current Event | : | 11 11 11 00 00 00 |
| Timers | : | 2A 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |
| Error State | : | 26 26 26 26 26 2A |
| Error Code | : | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |

show tech-support poe

```

Power Status          : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Auto Config          : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Disconnect           : N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
Detection Status     : F0 00 00 00 00 00
Current Class        : 00 00 00 00 00 00
Tweetie debug        : 00 00 00 00
POE Commands pending at sub:
    Command 0 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
    Command 1 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
    Command 2 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00
    Command 3 on each port : 00 00 00 00 00 00

```

----- show platform software ilpower details -----

ILP Port Configuration for interface Gi1/1/0/1

```

Initialization Done:      Yes
ILP Supported:          Yes
ILP Enabled:            Yes
POST:                  Yes
Detect On:              No
Powered Device Detected: No
Powered Device Class Done: No
Cisco Powered Device:   No
Power is On:             No
Power Denied:           No
Powered Device Type:    Null
Powered Device Class:   Null
Power State:             NULL
Current State:           NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S
Previous State:          NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S
Requested Power in milli watts:      0
Short Circuit Detected:       0
Short Circuit Count:         0
Cisco Powered Device Detect Count: 0
Spare Pair mode:            0
Spare Pair Architecture:    1
Signal Pair Power allocation in milli watts: 0
Spare Pair Power On:        0
Powered Device power state: 0

```

Timer:

| | |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Power Good: | Stopped |
| Power Denied: | Stopped |
| Cisco Powered Device Detect: | Stopped |
| IEEE Detect: | Stopped |
| IEEE Short: | Stopped |
| Link Down: | Stopped |
| Voltage sense: | Stopped |

ILP Port Configuration for interface Gi1/1/0/2

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Initialization Done: | Yes |
| ILP Supported: | Yes |
| ILP Enabled: | Yes |
| POST: | Yes |
| Detect On: | No |
| Powered Device Detected | No |
| Powered Device Class Done | No |
| Cisco Powered Device: | No |
| Power is On: | No |
| Power Denied: | No |
| Powered Device Type: | Null |
| Powered Device Class: | Null |
| Power State: | NULL |
| Current State: | NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S |
| Previous State: | NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S |
| Requested Power in milli watts: | 0 |
| Short Circuit Detected: | 0 |
| Short Circuit Count: | 0 |
| Cisco Powered Device Detect Count: | 0 |
| Spare Pair mode: | 0 |
| Spare Pair Architecture: | 1 |
| Signal Pair Power allocation in milli watts: | 0 |
| Spare Pair Power On: | 0 |

show tech-support poe

```

Powered Device power state:          0

Timer:

    Power Good:        Stopped
    Power Denied:     Stopped
    Cisco Powered Device Detect:   Stopped
    IEEE Detect:       Stopped
    IEEE Short:        Stopped
    Link Down:         Stopped
    Voltage sense:     Stopped

----- show platform software ilpower system 3 -----

ILP System Configuration
Slot:                      3
ILP Supported:            Yes
Total Power:               1101000
Used Power:                49400
Initialization Done:       Yes
Post Done:                 Yes
Post Result Logged:       No
Post Result:                Success
Power Summary:
    Module:              0
    Power Total:          1101000
    Power Used:           49400
    Power Threshold:      0
    Operation Status:     On
Pool:                      3
Pool Valid:                Yes
Total Power:               1101000
Power Usage:                49400

----- show power inline Gi1/1/0/1 detail -----

Interface: Gi1/1/0/1
Inline Power Mode: auto
Operational status: off
Device Detected: no
Device Type: n/a
IEEE Class: n/a
Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco
Police: off

Power Allocated

```

```
Admin Value: 60.0
Power drawn from the source: 0.0
Power available to the device: 0.0
```

```
Actual consumption
Measured at the port: 0.0
Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0
```

```
Absent Counter: 0
Over Current Counter: 0
Short Current Counter: 0
Invalid Signature Counter: 0
Power Denied Counter: 0
```

```
Power Negotiation Used: None
LLDP Power N00001      0x00000006      0x0000001E      0x00000000
0x000F000F      0x00000000      0x00000001      0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 15 Registers
0x00000001      0x00000006      0x0000001E      0x00000000
0x000F000F      0x00000000      0x00000001      0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 16 Registers
0x00000001      0x00000006      0x0000001E      0x00000000
0x000F000F      0x00000000      0x00000001      0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 17 Registers
0x00000001      0x00000006      0x0000001E      0x00000000
0x000F000F      0x00000000      0x00000001      0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 18 Registers
0x00000001      0x00000006      0x0000001E      0x00000000
0x000F000F      0x00000000      0x00000001      0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 19 Registers
0x00000001      0x00000006      0x0000001E      0x00000000
0x000F000F      0x00000000      0x00000001      0x00000000
```

show tech-support poe

```

Slot 6 PORT 20 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 21 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 22 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 23 Registers

0x0000003A 0x00000034 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F050F 0x0000E621 0x0000000A 0x00000000

Valid PD Detected on signal pair

class value on signal pair = 3

class done port status 1 on signal pair : TRUE

power good status on signal pair : GOOD

power enable status on signal pair : GOOD

Slot 6 PORT 24 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 25 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 26 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 27 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 28 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

```

Slot 6 PORT 29 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 30 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 31 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 32 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 33 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 34 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 35 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 36 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 37 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 38 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 39 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|

show tech-support poe

```

0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 40 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 41 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 42 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 43 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 44 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 45 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 46 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 47 Registers
0x0000003A 0x00000034 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F050F 0x0000E629 0x0000000A 0x00000000
Valid PD Detected on signal pair
class value on signal pair = 3
class done port status 1 on signal pair : TRUE
power good status on signal pair : GOOD
power enable status on signal pair : GOOD
Slot 6 PORT 48 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000

```

```
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

egotiation --Sent to PD--      --Rcvd from PD--

    Power Type:      -
    Power Source:    -
    Power Priority:  -
    Requested Power (W): -
    Allocated Power (W): -
```

Four-Pair PoE Supported: Yes

Spare Pair Power Enabled: No

Four-Pair PD Architecture: N/A

----- show power inline Te2/1/0/26 detail -----

Interface: Te2/1/0/26

Inline Power Mode: auto

Operational status: off

Device Detected: no

Device Type: n/a

IEEE Class: n/a

Discovery mechanism used/configured: Ieee and Cisco

Police: off

Power Allocated

Admin Value: 60.0

Power drawn from the source: 0.0

Power available to the device: 0.0

Actual consumption

Measured at the port: 0.0

Maximum Power drawn by the device since powered on: 0.0

Absent Counter: 0

Over Current Counter: 0

show tech-support poe

```

Short Current Counter: 0

Invalid Signature Counter: 0

Power Denied Counter: 0

Power Negotiation Used: None

LLDP Power Negotiation --Sent to PD--      --Rcvd from PD--

Power Type:      -
Power Source:    -
Power Priority:  -
Requested Power(W):  -
Allocated Power(W):  -

Four-Pair PoE Supported: Yes

Spare Pair Power Enabled: No

Four-Pair PD Architecture: N/A

----- show power inline police -----

Available:620.0(w)  Used:30.8(w)  Remaining:589.2(w)


```

| Interface | Admin State | Oper State | Admin Police | Oper Police | Cutoff Power | Oper Power |
|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| Gi1/1/0/1 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/2 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/3 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/4 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/5 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/6 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/7 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/8 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/9 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/10 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |

| | | | | | | |
|------------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Gi1/1/0/11 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/12 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/13 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/14 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/15 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/16 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/17 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/18 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/19 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/20 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/21 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/22 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/23 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 6.9 |
| Gi1/1/0/24 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/25 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/26 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/27 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/28 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/29 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/30 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/31 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/32 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/33 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/34 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/35 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/36 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/37 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/38 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/39 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/40 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/41 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/42 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |

```
show tech-support poe
```

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|
| Gi1/1/0/43 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/44 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/45 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/46 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi1/1/0/47 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 8.8 |
| Gi1/1/0/48 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Totals: | | | | | | 15.7 |
| Available:1180.0 (w) Used:41.8 (w) Remaining:1138.2 (w) | | | | | | |

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Admin | Oper | Cutoff | Oper |
|------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | State | State | Police | Police | Power | Power |
| Gi2/1/0/1 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/2 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/3 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/4 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/5 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/6 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/7 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/8 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/9 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/10 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/11 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/12 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/13 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/14 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/15 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/16 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/17 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/18 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/19 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |

| | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----|------|-----|-----|------|
| Gi2/1/0/20 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/21 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 5.7 |
| Gi2/1/0/22 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/23 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Gi2/1/0/24 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/25 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/26 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/27 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/28 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/29 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/30 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/31 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/32 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/33 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/34 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/35 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/36 | auto | on | none | n/a | n/a | 10.3 |
| Te2/1/0/37 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/38 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/39 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/40 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/41 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/42 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/43 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/44 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/45 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/46 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/47 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Te2/1/0/48 | auto | off | none | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| Totals: | | | | | | 16.0 |
| <hr/> | | | | | | |
| ----- show platform frontend-controller manager 0 1 ----- | | | | | | |

show tech-support poe

```

        showing manager info: 1
Tx cmd cnt SYS App                24681
Rx cmd cnt SYS App                24681
Tx cmd ignore SYS App             0
Tx cmd Q full SYS App            0
Tx cmd cnt SYS App               17706
Rx cmd cnt SYS App               11804
Tx cmd ignore SYS App             0
Tx cmd Q full SYS App            0
Tx cmd cnt SYS App               0
Rx cmd cnt SYS App               0
Tx cmd ignore SYS App             0
Tx cmd Q full SYS App            0
Tx cmd cnt POE App               0
Rx cmd cnt POE App               0
Tx cmd ignore POE App             0
Tx cmd Q full POE App            0
Tx cmd cnt FRUFE App              0
Rx cmd cnt FRUFE App              0
Tx cmd ignore FRUFE App           0
Tx cmd Q full FRUFE App           0
Tx cmd cnt SYS App               1744
Rx cmd cnt SYS App               993
Tx cmd ignore SYS App             0
Tx cmd Q full SYS App            0
Tx cmd cnt IMAGE App              13809
Rx cmd cnt IMAGE App              13808
Tx cmd ignore IMAGE App           0
Tx cmd Q full IMAGE App           0
Tx cmd cnt STACK App              0
Rx cmd cnt STACK App              0
Tx cmd ignore STACK App           0
Tx cmd Q full STACK App           0
Tx cmd cnt J2A App                0
Rx cmd cnt J2A App                0
Tx cmd ignore J2A App              0
Tx cmd Q full J2A App              0
Tx cmd cnt THERM App              0
Rx cmd cnt THERM App              0
Tx cmd ignore THERM App           0
Tx cmd Q full THERM App           0
Tx cmd cnt GPIO App               0
Rx cmd cnt GPIO App               255
Tx cmd ignore GPIO App             255
Tx cmd Q full GPIO App             255
Tx cmd cnt POE_E App              -369383984
Rx cmd cnt POE_E App              -369346528
Tx cmd ignore POE_E App            -1826379312
Tx cmd Q full POE_E App            -394693324
Tx cmd cnt DMSG App               0
Rx cmd cnt DMSG App               0
Tx cmd ignore DMSG App             0
Tx cmd Q full DMSG App             255
Tx reg cnt                         16
Rx reg cnt                         16
Tx reg ignore                      0
Tx reg Q full                      0
Rx invalid frame                   0
Rx invalid App                      748
Rx invalid Seq                      0
Rx invalid checksum                  0
Nack cnt                           0

```

```
Send Break count          0
Early Send Break count   0
Retransmission cnt       0
```

```
----- show platform frontend-controller subordinate 0 1 -----
```

```
showing sub info: 1
State                  OK
Last Reset Reason     UNKNOWN REASON
UART FE Error          0
UART PE Error          0
UART DOR Error         0
Rx Buf Overflow        0
Rx Buf Underflow       0
Tx Buf Full            0
Rx Bad Endbyte         0
PLE Invalid App        0
PLE Disabled App       0
PLE Invalid Data       0
PLE Invalid Flags      0
PLE App Error          0
PLE Lost Ctxt          0
PLE Invalid Reg         0
PLE Invalid Reg Len    0
PLE Invalid Msg Len    0
SLE Poe No Port        0
SLE I2C Busy            0
SLE I2C Error           0
SLE I2C Timeout         0
SLE Invalid Reg Len    0
SLE Msg Underrun       0
```

```
----- show platform frontend-controller version 0 1 -----
```

```
Switch 1 MCU:
Software Version 0.109
System Type       6
Device Id         2
Device Revision   0
Hardware Version  41
Bootloader Version 16
```

```
----- test platform hardware poe get switch 1 1 global -----
```

```
Global Register for slot 6
```

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 0x00FFFFFF | 0x00FFFFFF | 0x80001304 | 0x0000000C1 |
| 0x00000000 | 0x000000700 | 0x0FFD0FFD | 0x000000015 |
| 0x0000000E | 0x000000000 | 0x00026195 | 0x00003999 |
| 0x00000700 | 0x000000000 | 0x000000000 | 0x000000000 |
| 0x00000000 | 0x000000000 | 0x000000000 | 0x000000000 |

show tech-support poe

```

POE FW loaded successfully

POE health status : G

----- test platform hardware poe get switch 2 1 port -----

UUT1#OOD

POE PSE FW ver :19

POE Abstraction layer FW ver = 14

Slot 6 PORT 1 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000001 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 2 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 3 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 4 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 5 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 6 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 6 PORT 7 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

```

Slot 6 PORT 8 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 9 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 10 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 11 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 12 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 13 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 14 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 15 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 16 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 17 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |

Slot 6 PORT 18 Registers

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|

show tech-support poe

```

0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 19 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 20 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 21 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 22 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 23 Registers
0x0000003A 0x00000034 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x0000E621 0x0000000A 0x00000000
Valid PD Detected on signal pair
class value on signal pair = 3
class done port status 1 on signal pair : TRUE
power good status on signal pair : GOOD
power enable status on signal pair : GOOD
Slot 6 PORT 24 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 25 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 26 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 27 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000

```

| | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 28 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 29 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 30 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 31 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 32 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 33 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 34 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 35 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 36 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 37 Registers | | | |
| 0x00000001 | 0x00000006 | 0x0000001E | 0x00000000 |
| 0x000F000F | 0x00000000 | 0x00000001 | 0x00000000 |
| Slot 6 PORT 38 Registers | | | |

show tech-support poe

```

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 39 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 40 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 41 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 42 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 43 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 44 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 45 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 46 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 6 PORT 47 Registers
0x0000003A 0x00000034 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F050F 0x0000E62A 0x0000000A 0x00000000
Valid PD Detected on signal pair
class value on signal pair = 3
class done port status 1 on signal pair : TRUE

```

```

power good status on signal pair : GOOD
power enable status on signal pair : GOOD
Slot 6 PORT 48 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Global Register for slot 11
0x00FFFFFF 0x00FFFFFF 0x80001304 0x000000C1
0x00000000 0x00000700 0x0FFD0FFD 0x00000015
0x0000000E 0x00000000 0x0002503F 0x000039AF
0x00000700 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000
0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000

POE FW loaded successfully
POE health status : GOOD
POE PSE FW ver :19
POE Abstraction layer FW ver = 14
Slot 11 PORT 1 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000001 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 2 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 3 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 4 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 5 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

```

show tech-support poe

```

Slot 11 PORT 6 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 7 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 8 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 9 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 10 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 11 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 12 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 13 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 14 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 15 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 16 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000

```

```

0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 17 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 18 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 19 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 20 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 21 Registers
0x0039003A 0x00060044 0x011E011E 0x00000000
0xE9B809B8 0xE60DE60F 0x0009000A 0x00000000
Valid PD Detected on signal pair
class value on signal pair = 4
class done port status 1 on signal pair : TRUE
power good status on signal pair : GOOD
power good status on spare pair : GOOD
power enable status on signal pair : GOOD
power enable status on spare pair : GOOD
Slot 11 PORT 22 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 23 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 24 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

```

show tech-support poe

```

Slot 11 PORT 25 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 26 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 27 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 28 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 29 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 30 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 31 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 32 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 33 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 34 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000

Slot 11 PORT 35 Registers

0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000

```

```

0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 36 Registers
0x0000003A    0x00000044    0x0000011E    0x00000000
0x000F09B8    0x0000E631    0x0000000A    0x00000000
Valid PD Detected on signal pair
class value on signal pair = 4
class done port status 1 on signal pair : TRUE
power good status on signal pair : GOOD
power enable status on signal pair : GOOD
Slot 11 PORT 37 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 38 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 39 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 40 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 41 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 42 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 43 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000
0x000F000F    0x00000000    0x00000001    0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 44 Registers
0x00000001    0x00000006    0x0000001E    0x00000000

```

show tech-support poe

```

0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 45 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 46 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 47 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000006 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
Slot 11 PORT 48 Registers
0x00000001 0x00000001 0x0000001E 0x00000000
0x000F000F 0x00000000 0x00000001 0x00000000
----- show platform software ilpower details -----

```

ILP Port Configuration for interface Gi1/1/0/1

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Initialization Done: | Yes |
| ILP Supported: | Yes |
| ILP Enabled: | Yes |
| POST: | Yes |
| Detect On: | No |
| Powered Device Detected | No |
| Powered Device Class Done | No |
| Cisco Powered Device: | No |
| Power is On: | No |
| Power Denied: | No |
| Powered Device Type: | Null |
| Powered Device Class: | Null |
| Power State: | NULL |
| Current State: | NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S |
| Previous State: | NGWC_ILP_DETECTING_S |

```
Requested Power in milli watts:      0
Short Circuit Detected:            0
Short Circuit Count:              0
Cisco Powered Device Detect Count: 0
Spare Pair mode:                  0
Spare Pair Architecture:         1
Signal Pair Power allocation in milli watts: 0
Spare Pair Power On:             0
Powered Device power state:       0
Timer:
  Power Good:        Stopped
  Power Denied:     Stopped
  Cisco Powered Device Detect: Stopped
  IEEE Detect:       Stopped
  IEEE Short:        Stopped
  Link Down:         Stopped
  Voltage sense:     Stopped
```

speed

speed

To specify the speed of a port, use the **speed** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.



Note Available configuration options depend on the switch model and transceiver module installed. Options include 10, 100, 1000, 2500, 5000, 10000, 25000, 40000, 100000

speed {10 | 100 | 1000 | 2500 | 5000 | auto [{10 | 100 | 1000 | 2500 | 5000}] | nonegotiate}
no speed

Syntax Description

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| 10 | Specifies that the port runs at 10 Mbps. |
| 100 | Specifies that the port runs at 100 Mbps. |
| 1000 | Specifies that the port runs at 1000 Mbps. This option is valid and visible only on 10/100/1000 Mb/s ports. |
| 2500 | Specifies that the port runs at 2500 Mbps. This option is valid and visible only on multi-Gigabit-supported Ethernet ports. |
| 5000 | Specifies that the port runs at 5000 Mbps. This option is valid and visible only on multi-Gigabit-supported Ethernet ports. |
| auto | Detects the speed at which the port should run, automatically, based on the port at the other end of the link. If you use the 10 , 100 , 1000 , 2500 , or 5000 keyword with the auto keyword, the port autonegotiates only at the specified speeds. |
| nonegotiate | Disables autonegotiation, and the port runs at 1000 Mbps. |

Command Default

The default is **auto**.

Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines

You cannot configure speed on 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports.

Except for the 1000BASE-T small form-factor pluggable (SFP) modules, you can configure the speed to not negotiate (**nonegotiate**) when an SFP module port is connected to a device that does not support autonegotiation.

The keywords, **2500** and **5000** are visible only on multi-Gigabit (m-Gig) Ethernet supporting devices.

If the speed is set to **auto**, the switch negotiates with the device at the other end of the link for the speed setting, and then forces the speed setting to the negotiated value. The duplex setting remains configured on each end of the link, which might result in a duplex setting mismatch.

If both ends of the line support autonegotiation, we highly recommend the default autonegotiation settings. If one interface supports autonegotiation and the other end does not, use the auto setting on the supported side, but set the duplex and speed on the other side.



Caution Changing the interface speed and duplex mode configuration might shut down and re-enable the interface during the reconfiguration.

For guidelines on setting the switch speed and duplex parameters, see the “Configuring Interface Characteristics” chapter in the software configuration guide for this release.

Verify your settings using the **show interfaces** privileged EXEC command.

Examples

The following example shows how to set speed on a port to 100 Mbps:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# speed 100
```

The following example shows how to set a port to autonegotiate at only 10 Mbps:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# speed auto 10
```

The following example shows how to set a port to autonegotiate at only 10 or 100 Mbps:

```
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet1/0/1
Device(config-if)# speed auto 10 100
```

switchport block

switchport block

To prevent unknown multicast or unicast packets from being forwarded, use the **switchport block** command in interface configuration mode. To allow forwarding unknown multicast or unicast packets, use the **no** form of this command.

```
switchport block {multicast | unicast}
no switchport block {multicast | unicast}
```

Syntax Description

multicast Specifies that unknown multicast traffic should be blocked.

Note Only pure Layer 2 multicast traffic is blocked. Multicast packets that contain IPv4 or IPv6 information in the header are not blocked.

unicast Specifies that unknown unicast traffic should be blocked.

Command Default

Unknown multicast and unicast traffic is not blocked.

Command Modes

Interface configuration (config-if)

Command History**Release****Modification**

Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1

This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

By default, all traffic with unknown MAC addresses is sent to all ports. You can block unknown multicast or unicast traffic on protected or nonprotected ports. If unknown multicast or unicast traffic is not blocked on a protected port, there could be security issues.

With multicast traffic, the port blocking feature blocks only pure Layer 2 packets. Multicast packets that contain IPv4 or IPv6 information in the header are not blocked.

Blocking unknown multicast or unicast traffic is not automatically enabled on protected ports; you must explicitly configure it.

For more information about blocking packets, see the software configuration guide for this release.

This example shows how to block unknown unicast traffic on an interface:

```
Device(config-if)# switchport block unicast
```

You can verify your setting by entering the **show interfaces interface-id switchport** privileged EXEC command.

system mtu

To set the global maximum packet size or MTU size for switched packets on Gigabit Ethernet and 10-Gigabit Ethernet ports, use the **system mtu** command in global configuration mode. To restore the global MTU value to its default value, use the **no** form of this command.

```
system mtu bytes
no system mtu
```

Syntax Description

bytes The global MTU size in bytes. The range is 1500 to 9216 bytes; the default is 1500 bytes.

Command Default

The default MTU size for all ports is 1500 bytes.

Command Modes

Global configuration (config)

Command History

| | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Release | Modification |
|----------------|---------------------|

Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1

This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

You can verify your setting by entering the **show system mtu** privileged EXEC command.

The switch does not support the MTU on a per-interface basis.

If you enter a value that is outside the allowed range for the specific type of interface, the value is not accepted.

Examples

This example shows how to set the global system MTU size to 6000 bytes:

```
Device(config)# system mtu 6000
Global Ethernet MTU is set to 6000 bytes.
Note: this is the Ethernet payload size, not the total
Ethernet frame size, which includes the Ethernet
header/trailer and possibly other tags, such as ISL or
802.1q tags.
```

tlv-type (device classifier condition)

To configure profiles based on match of TLV for the given protocol, use the **tlv-type** command in device classifier condition mode.

```
{cdp|dhcp|lldp}tlv-type number value{integer num | string name | regex regular expression }
```

| Syntax Description | cdp Specifies Cisco Discovery Protocol on the device. dhcp Specifies DHCP protocol on the device. lldp Specifies Link Layer Discovery Protocol on the device. number <i>number</i> configures application TLV type information. The number range is 1 to 255. value Configures application TLV value information. integer num Defines integer number value to match. string name Defines string name value to match. regex regular expression Defines regular expression to match. | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Command Default | The profiling based on match of TLV of the given protocol is not configured. | | | | | | |
| Command Modes | Device classifier condition | | | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1</td> <td>The keyword regex was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1 | This command was introduced. | Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1 | The keyword regex was introduced. |
| Release | Modification | | | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.4.1 | This command was introduced. | | | | | | |
| Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1 | The keyword regex was introduced. | | | | | | |
| Usage Guidelines | The supported protocols are CDP, DHCP, and LLDP. Protocols like HTTP, OUI are not supported. | | | | | | |

Example

The following example shows how to define profiles based on match of TLV for the given protocol

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# device classifier condition ts-cond1
Device(config-device-classifier-condition)# cdp tlv-type 1 value String TS01
Device(config-device-classifier-condition)# exit
Device(config)# device classifier device-type Terminal-Server
Device(config-device-classifier-dtype)# condition ts-cond1

Device(config)# end

Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# device classifier condition ts-cond1
```

```
Device(config-device-classifier-condition)# cdp tlv-type 4 value integer 0x0029
Device(config-device-classifier-condition)# exit
Device(config)# device classifier device-type Terminal-Server
Device(config-device-classifier-dtype)# condition ts-cond2
Device(config)# end

Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# device classifier condition ts-cond1
Device(config-device-classifier-condition)# cdp tlv-type 5 value regex fibre*
Device(config-device-classifier-condition)# exit
Device(config)# device classifier device-type Terminal-Server
Device(config-device-classifier-dtype)# condition ts-cond3
Device(config)# end
```

voice-signaling vlan (network-policy configuration)

To create a network-policy profile for the voice-signaling application type, use the **voice-signaling vlan** command in network-policy configuration mode. To delete the policy, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice-signaling vlan {vlan-id [{cos cos-value | dscp dscp-value}] | dot1p [{cos l2-priority | dscp dscp}] | none | untagged}
```

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <p>vlan-id (Optional) The VLAN for voice traffic. The range is 1 to 4094.</p> <p>cos cos-value (Optional) Specifies the Layer 2 priority class of service (CoS) for the configured VLAN. The range is 0 to 7; the default is 5.</p> <p>dscp dscp-value (Optional) Specifies the differentiated services code point (DSCP) value for the configured VLAN. The range is 0 to 63; the default is 46.</p> <p>dot1p (Optional) Configures the phone to use IEEE 802.1p priority tagging and to use VLAN 0 (the native VLAN).</p> <p>none (Optional) Does not instruct the Cisco IP phone about the voice VLAN. The phone uses the configuration from the phone key pad.</p> <p>untagged (Optional) Configures the phone to send untagged voice traffic. This is the default for the phone.</p> |
|---------------------------|---|

Command Default No network-policy profiles for the voice-signaling application type are defined.

The default CoS value is 5.

The default DSCP value is 46.

The default tagging mode is untagged.

Command Modes Network-policy profile configuration

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines Use the **network-policy profile** global configuration command to create a profile and to enter network-policy profile configuration mode.

The voice-signaling application type is for network topologies that require a different policy for voice signaling than for voice media. This application type should not be advertised if all of the same network policies apply as those advertised in the voice policy TLV.

When you are in network-policy profile configuration mode, you can create the profile for voice-signaling by specifying the values for VLAN, class of service (CoS), differentiated services code point (DSCP), and tagging mode.

These profile attributes are contained in the Link Layer Discovery Protocol for Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED) network-policy time-length-value (TLV).

To return to privileged EXEC mode from the network-policy profile configuration mode, enter the **exit** command.

This example shows how to configure voice-signaling for VLAN 200 with a priority 2 CoS:

```
(config)# network-policy profile 1  
(config-network-policy)# voice-signaling vlan 200 cos 2
```

This example shows how to configure voice-signaling for VLAN 400 with a DSCP value of 45:

```
(config)# network-policy profile 1  
(config-network-policy)# voice-signaling vlan 400 dscp 45
```

This example shows how to configure voice-signaling for the native VLAN with priority tagging:

```
(config-network-policy)# voice-signaling vlan dot1p cos 4
```

voice vlan (network-policy configuration)

To create a network-policy profile for the voice application type, use the **voice vlan** command in network-policy configuration mode. To delete the policy, use the **no** form of this command.

```
voice vlan {vlan-id [{cos cos-value | dscp dscp-value}] | dot1p [{cos l2-priority | dscp dscp}] | none | untagged}
```

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <p>vlan-id (Optional) The VLAN for voice traffic. The range is 1 to 4094.</p> <p>cos cos-value (Optional) Specifies the Layer 2 priority class of service (CoS) for the configured VLAN. The range is 0 to 7; the default is 5.</p> <p>dscp dscp-value (Optional) Specifies the differentiated services code point (DSCP) value for the configured VLAN. The range is 0 to 63; the default is 46.</p> <p>dot1p (Optional) Configures the phone to use IEEE 802.1p priority tagging and to use VLAN 0 (the native VLAN).</p> <p>none (Optional) Does not instruct the Cisco IP phone about the voice VLAN. The phone uses the configuration from the phone key pad.</p> <p>untagged (Optional) Configures the phone to send untagged voice traffic. This is the default for the phone.</p> |
|---------------------------|---|

Command Default No network-policy profiles for the voice application type are defined.

The default CoS value is 5.

The default DSCP value is 46.

The default tagging mode is untagged.

Command Modes Network-policy profile configuration

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.6.1 | This command was introduced. |

Usage Guidelines Use the **network-policy profile** global configuration command to create a profile and to enter network-policy profile configuration mode.

The voice application type is for dedicated IP telephones and similar devices that support interactive voice services. These devices are typically deployed on a separate VLAN for ease of deployment and enhanced security through isolation from data applications.

When you are in network-policy profile configuration mode, you can create the profile for voice by specifying the values for VLAN, class of service (CoS), differentiated services code point (DSCP), and tagging mode.

These profile attributes are contained in the Link Layer Discovery Protocol for Media Endpoint Devices (LLDP-MED) network-policy time-length-value (TLV).

To return to privileged EXEC mode from the network-policy profile configuration mode, enter the **exit** command.

This example shows how to configure the voice application type for VLAN 100 with a priority 4 CoS:

```
(config)# network-policy profile 1  
(config-network-policy)# voice vlan 100 cos 4
```

This example shows how to configure the voice application type for VLAN 100 with a DSCP value of 34:

```
(config)# network-policy profile 1  
(config-network-policy)# voice vlan 100 dscp 34
```

This example shows how to configure the voice application type for the native VLAN with priority tagging:

```
(config-network-policy)# voice vlan dot1p cos 4
```

voice vlan (network-policy configuration)