



Software Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS XE Gibraltar 16.12.x (Catalyst 9200 Switches)

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CONTENTS

PREFACE

Preface v

Document Conventions

Related Documentation vii

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request vii

CHAPTER 1

Contents 1

CHAPTER 2

Configuring the Switch Using the Web User Interface 3

Setting up the Switch 3

Connecting to the Switch 4

Creating User Accounts 6

Choosing Setup Options 7

Configuring Basic Device Settings 7

Configuring Your Device Based on a Site Profile 9

Configuring VLAN Settings 11

Configure STP Settings 11

Configuring DHCP, NTP, DNS and SNMP Settings 12

Configuring Port Settings 13

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Preface

This preface describes the conventions of this document and information on how to obtain other documentation. It also provides information on what's new in Cisco product documentation.



Note

The documentation set for this product strives to use bias-free language. For purposes of this documentation set, bias-free is defined as language that does not imply discrimination based on age, disability, gender, racial identity, ethnic identity, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status, and intersectionality. Exceptions may be present in the documentation due to language that is hardcoded in the user interfaces of the product software, language used based on RFP documentation, or language that is used by a referenced third-party product.

- Document Conventions, on page v
- Related Documentation, on page vii
- Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request, on page vii

Document Conventions

This document uses the following conventions:

Convention	Description
^ or Ctrl	Both the ^ symbol and Ctrl represent the Control (Ctrl) key on a keyboard. For example, the key combination ^D or Ctrl-D means that you hold down the Control key while you press the D key. (Keys are indicated in capital letters but are not case sensitive.)
bold font	Commands and keywords and user-entered text appear in bold font.
Italic font	Document titles, new or emphasized terms, and arguments for which you supply values are in <i>italic</i> font.
Courier font	Terminal sessions and information the system displays appear in courier font.
Bold Courier font	Bold Courier font indicates text that the user must enter.
[x]	Elements in square brackets are optional.

Convention	Description		
	An ellipsis (three consecutive nonbolded periods without spaces) after a syntellier element indicates that the element can be repeated.		
	A vertical line, called a pipe, indicates a choice within a set of keywords or arguments.		
[x y]	Optional alternative keywords are grouped in brackets and separated by vertical bars.		
{x y}	Required alternative keywords are grouped in braces and separated by vertical bars.		
[x {y z}]	Nested set of square brackets or braces indicate optional or required choices within optional or required elements. Braces and a vertical bar within square brackets indicate a required choice within an optional element.		
string	A nonquoted set of characters. Do not use quotation marks around the string or the string will include the quotation marks.		
<>	Nonprinting characters such as passwords are in angle brackets.		
[]	Default responses to system prompts are in square brackets.		
!,#	An exclamation point (!) or a pound sign (#) at the beginning of a line of code indicates a comment line.		

Reader Alert Conventions

This document may use the following conventions for reader alerts:



Note

Means reader take note. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to material not covered in the manual.



Tip

Means the following information will help you solve a problem.



Caution

Means *reader be careful*. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.



Timesaver

Means the described action saves time. You can save time by performing the action described in the paragraph.



Warning

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents. Use the statement number provided at the end of each warning to locate its translation in the translated safety warnings that accompanied this device. Statement 1071

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Related Documentation



Note

Before installing or upgrading the, refer to the release notes.



Note

Before installing or upgrading the switch, refer to the switch release notes.

 Cisco Catalyst 9400 Series Switches documentation, located at: http://www.cisco.com/go/c9400

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the monthly *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which also lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation, at:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html

Subscribe to the *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation* as a Really Simple Syndication (RSS) feed and set content to be delivered directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service and Cisco currently supports RSS version 2.0.

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request



Contents

Cisco TrustSec

DNA Service for Bonjour

Interface and Hardware Components

IP Multicast Routing

Layer 2

Network Management

Programmablity

Quality of Service

IP Routing

Security

Stacking and High Availability

System Management

VLAN



Configuring the Switch Using the Web User Interface



Note

Any figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only.

- Setting up the Switch, on page 3
- Connecting to the Switch, on page 4
- Creating User Accounts, on page 6
- Choosing Setup Options, on page 7
- Configuring Basic Device Settings, on page 7
- Configuring Your Device Based on a Site Profile, on page 9
- Configuring VLAN Settings, on page 11
- Configure STP Settings, on page 11
- Configuring DHCP, NTP, DNS and SNMP Settings, on page 12
- Configuring Port Settings, on page 13

Setting up the Switch

After you complete the hardware installation, you need to setup the switch with configuration required to enable traffic to pass through the network. On your first day with your new device, you can perform a number of tasks to ensure that your device is online, reachable and easily configured.

The Web User Interface (Web UI) is an embedded GUI-based device-management tool that provides the ability to provision the device, to simplify device deployment and manageability, and to enhance the user experience. It comes with the default image, so there is no need to enable anything or install any license on the device. You can use WebUI to build configurations, and to monitor and troubleshoot the device without having CLI expertise.

Connecting to the Switch

Before you begin

Set up the DHCP Client Identifier on the client to get the IP address from the switch, and to be able to authenticate with Day 0 login credentials.

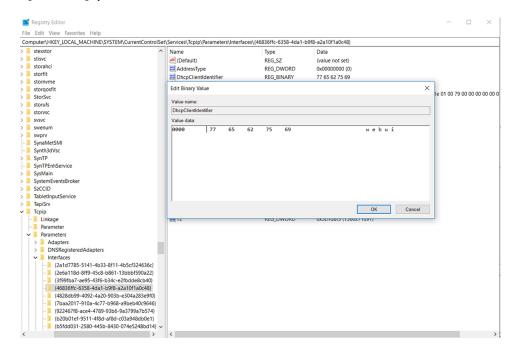
Setting up the DHCP Client Identifier on the client for Windows

- 1. Type regedit in the Windows search box on the taskbar and press enter.
- 2. If prompted by User Account Control, click Yes to open the Registry Editor.
- 3. Navigate to

Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters\Interfaces\ and locate the Ethernet Interface Global Unique Identifier (GUID).

4. Add a new REG_BINARY **DhcpClientIdentifier** with Data **77 65 62 75 69** for **webui**. You need to manually type in the value.

Figure 1: Setting up DHCP Client Identifier on Windows



5. Restart the PC for the configuration to take effect.

Setting up the DHCP Client Identifier on the client for MAC

1. Go to System Preferences > Network > Advanced > TCP > DHCP Client ID: and enter webui.

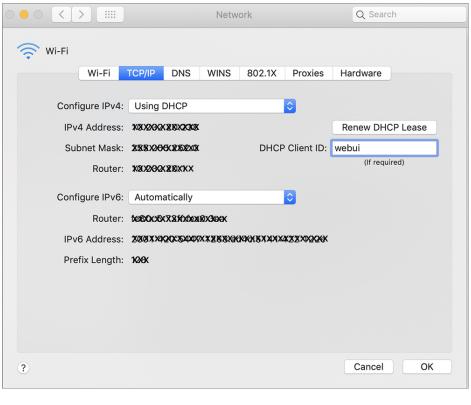


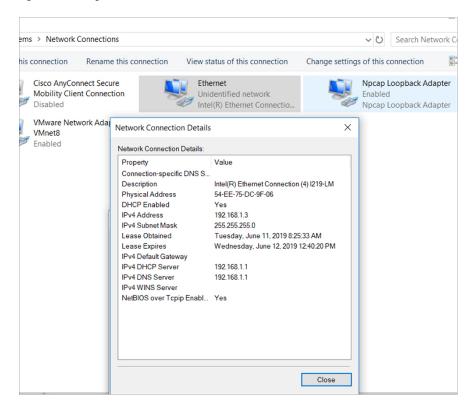
Figure 2: Setting up DHCP Client Identifier on MAC

2. Click **OK** to save the changes.

The bootup script runs the configuration wizard, which prompts you for basic configuration input: (**Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:**). To configure Day 0 settings using the web UI, do not enter a response. Perform the following tasks instead:

- **Step 1** Make sure that no devices are connected to the switch.
- Step 2 Connect one end of an ethernet cable to one of the downlink (non-management) ports on the active supervisor and the other end of the ethernet cable to the host (PC/MAC).
- Set up your PC/MAC as a DHCP client, to obtain the IP address of the switch automatically. You should get an IP address within the 192.168.1.x/24 range.

Figure 3: Obtaining the IP Address



It may take up to three mins. You must complete the Day 0 setup through the web UI before using the device terminal.

- Step 4 Launch a web browser on the PC and enter the device IP address (https://192.168.1.1) in the address bar.
- Step 5 Enter the Day 0 username webui and password serial number of the switch.

The serial number is case sensitive.

What to do next

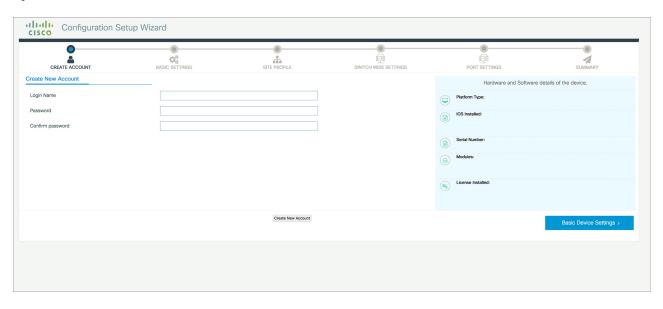
Create a user account.

Creating User Accounts

Setting a username and password is the first task you will perform on your device. Typically, as a network administrator, you will want to control access to your device and prevent unauthorized users from seeing your network configuration or manipulating your settings.

- **Step 1** Log on using the default username and password provided with the device.
- Step 2 Set a password of up to 25 alphanumeric characters. The username password combination you set gives you privilege 15 access. The string cannot start with a number, is case sensitive, and allows spaces but ignores leading spaces.

Figure 4: Create Account



Choosing Setup Options

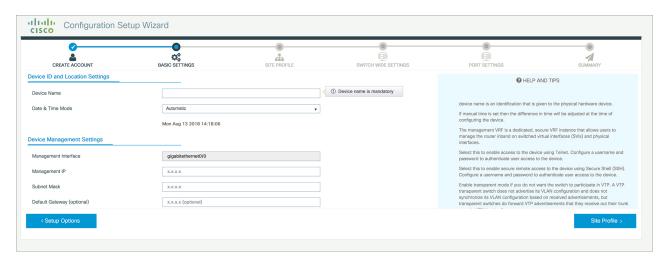
Select **Wired Network** to configure your device based on a site profile, and continue to configure switch wide settings. Otherwise, continue to the next step and configure only basic settings for your device.

Configuring Basic Device Settings

On the **Basic Device Settings** page configure the following information:

- **Step 1** In the **Device ID and Location Settings** section, type a unique name to identify your device in the network.
- Step 2 Choose the date and time settings for your device. To synchronize your device with a valid outside timing mechanism, such as an NTP clock source, choose Automatic, or choose Manual to set it yourself.

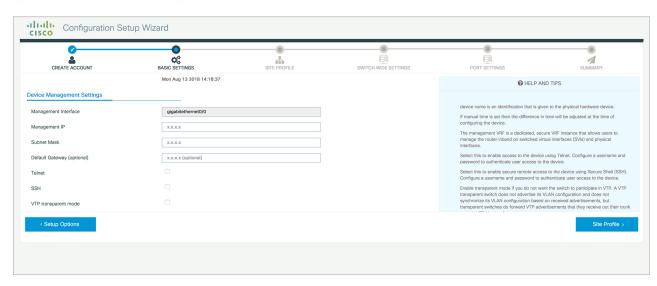
Figure 5: Basic Settings - Device ID and Location Settings



- Step 3 In the **Device Management Settings** section, assign an **IP** address to the management interface. Ensure that the IP address you assign is part of the subnet mask you enter.
- **Step 4** Optionally, enter an **IP** address to specify the default gateway.
- **Step 5** To enable access to the device using telnet, check the **Telnet** check box.
- **Step 6** To enable secure remote access to the device using Secure Shell (SSH), check the **SSH** check box.
- **Step 7** Check the **VTP** transparent mode check box to disable the device from participating in VTP.

If you did not select **Wired Network**, in the earlier step, continue to the next screen to verify your configuration on the **Day 0 Config Summary** screen, and click **Finish**. To automatically configure your device based on a site profile, click **Setup Options**, and select **Wired Network**.

Figure 6: Basic Settings - Device Management Settings



Configuring Your Device Based on a Site Profile

To ease your configuration tasks and save time, choose a site profile based on where your device may be installed and managed in your network. Based on the site profile you choose, your device is automatically configured according to Cisco best practices. You can easily modify this default configuration, from the corresponding detailed configuration screens.

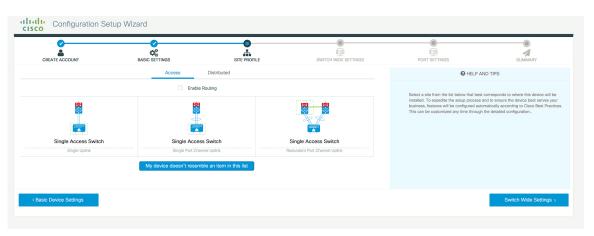
Choosing a site profile as part of Quick Setup allows you to configure your device based on the business needs of your enterprise. For example, you could use your device as an access switch, to connect client nodes and endpoints on your network, or as a distribution switch, to route packets between subnets and VLANs.

Table 1: Default Configuration Loaded with Each Site Profile (Access Switches)

Setting	Single Access Switch (Single Uplink)	Single Access Switch (Single Port Channel Uplink)	Single Access Switch (Redundant Port Channel Uplink)
Hostname	The hostname or device name you provided as part of Quick Setup	The hostname or device name you provided as part of Quick Setup	The hostname or device name you provided as part of Quick Setup
Spanning Tree Mode	RPVST+	RPVST+	RPVST+
VTP	Mode Transparent	Mode Transparent	Mode Transparent
UDLD	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
Error Disable Recovery	Recovery mode set to Auto	Recovery mode set to Auto	Recovery mode set to Auto
Port Channel Load Balance	Source Destination IP	Source Destination IP	Source Destination IP
SSH	Version 2	Version 2	Version 2
SCP	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
VTY Access to Switch	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
Service Timestamp	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
VLAN	The following VLANs are created:	The following VLANs are created:	The following VLANs are created:
	• Default VLAN	• Default VLAN	• Default VLAN
	• Data VLAN	• Data VLAN	• Data VLAN
	Voice VLAN	Voice VLAN	Voice VLAN
	Management VLAN	Management VLAN	Management VLAN

Setting	Single Access Switch (Single Uplink)	Single Access Switch (Single Port Channel Uplink)	Single Access Switch (Redundant Port Channel Uplink)
Management Interface	Layer 3 settings	Layer 3 settings	Layer 3 settings
	configured on the	configured on the	configured on the
	management port, based	management port, based	management port, based
	on Quick Setup	on Quick Setup	on Quick Setup
IPv6 Host Policy	IPv6 host policy created	IPv6 host policy created	IPv6 host policy created
QoS Policy for Downlink	Auto QoS Policy for	Auto QoS Policy for	Auto QoS Policy for
Ports	Access defined	Access defined	Access defined
QoS Policy for Uplink	QoS Policy for	QoS Policy for	QoS Policy for
Ports	Distribution created	Distribution created	Distribution created
Uplink Interfaces	Selected uplink interfaces configured as trunk ports, set to allow all VLANs	Selected ports configured as Port-channel in trunk mode, set to allow all VLANs.	Selected ports configured as Port-channel in trunk mode, set to allow all VLANs.
Downlink Interfaces	Downlink ports	Downlink ports	Downlink ports
	configured in Access	configured in Access	configured in Access
	mode	mode	mode
Port-channel	Not configured	Port-channel to distribution created	Port-channel to distribution created

Figure 7: Site Profile - Access Switches



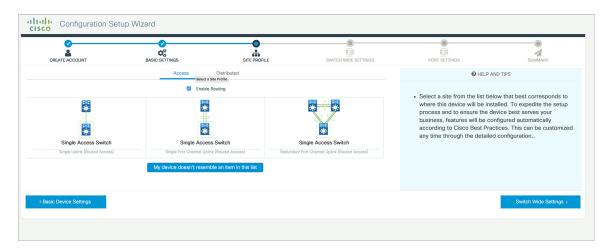


Figure 8: Site Profile - Access Switches (with Routed Access)

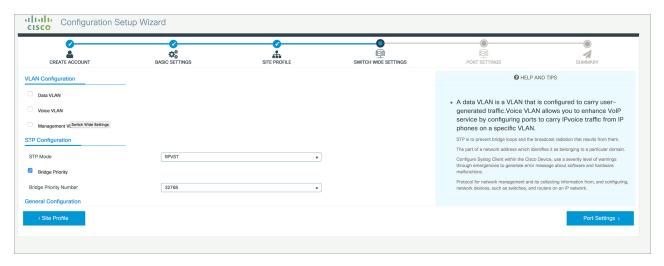
Configuring VLAN Settings

- **Step 1** In the **VLAN Configuration** section, you can configure both data and voice VLANs. Type a name for your data VLAN.
- Step 2 To configure a data VLAN, ensure that the **Data VLAN** check box is checked, type a name for your VLAN, and assign a VLAN ID to it. If you are creating several VLANs, indicate only a VLAN range.
- **Step 3** To configure a voice VLAN, ensure that the **Voice VLAN** check box is checked, type a name for your VLAN, and assign a VLAN ID to it. If you are creating several VLANs, indicate a VLAN range.

Configure STP Settings

- **Step 1** RPVST is the default STP mode configured on your device. You can change it to PVST from the **STP Mode** drop-down list.
- **Step 2** To change a bridge priority number from the default value 32748, change **Bridge Priority** to Yes and choose a priority number from the drop-down list.

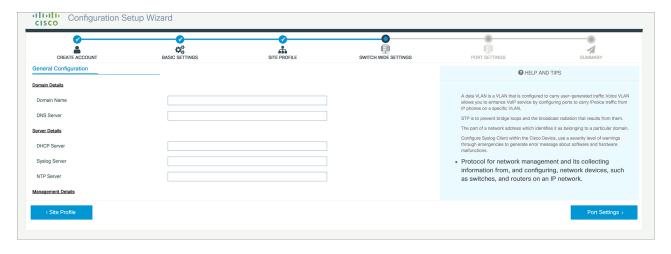
Figure 9: VLAN and STP Settings



Configuring DHCP, NTP, DNS and SNMP Settings

- **Step 1** In the **Domain Details** section, enter a domain name that the software uses to complete unqualified hostnames.
- **Step 2** Type an IP address to identify the DNS server. This server is used for name and address resolution on your device.
- **Step 3** In the **Server Details** section, type the IP address of the DNS server that you want to make available to DHCP clients.
- **Step 4** In the **Syslog Server** field, type the IP address of the server to which you want to send syslog messages.
- **Step 5** To ensure that your device is configured with the right time, date and timezone, enter the IP address of the NTP server with which you want to synchronize the device time.
- Step 6 In the Management Details section, type an IP address to identify the SNMP server. SNMPv1, SNMPv2, and SNMPv3 are supported on your device.
- **Step 7** Specify the **SNMP community** string to permit access to the SNMP protocol.

Figure 10: DHCP, NTP, DNS and SNMP Settings



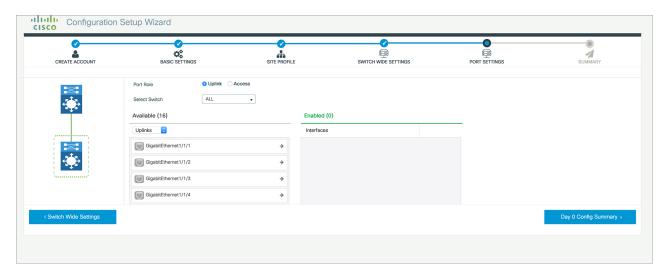
What to do next

Configure port settings.

Configuring Port Settings

- Step 1 Based on the site profile chosen in the earlier step which is displayed in the left-pane, select the **Port Role** from among the following options:
 - Uplink For connecting to devices towards the core of the network.
 - Downlink For connecting to devices further down in the network topology.
 - Access For connecting guest devices that are VLAN-unaware.
- **Step 2** Choose an option from the **Select Switch** drop-down list.
- Step 3 Make selections from the Available list of interfaces based on how you want to enable them and move them to the Enabled list.

Figure 11: Port Settings



What to do next

- Click Day 0 Config Summary to verify your setup.
- · Click Finish.

Figure 12: Day 0 Config Summary

