

Security Policy Using Policy Groups

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Security Policy Using Policy Groups

Table 1: Feature History

| Feature Name | Release Information | Description |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Security Policy Using Policy Groups | | This feature provides a simple, reusable, and structured approach for configuring security policies. You can create a security policy, that is, a logical grouping of policies that is applied to one or more sites or a single device at a site in the network. |
| | | The Deploy Policy Group workflow provides a guided method to choose previously created policy groups and deploy them to sites or a single device at a site that is managed by configuration groups. |

Information About Security Policy

Configuring security policies using policy groups simplifies the experience of configuring and deploying policies on SD-Routing devices. Use a workflow to configure policies and associate them with devices in the network.

The **Policy Groups** page includes the following:

- Policy Group
- Embedded Security Configuration
- DNS Security Configuration

Enable RBAC for Security Policy

To create a policy group and security feature profiles using configuration groups, role-based access control (RBAC) must provide read and write permissions on the following profiles to access each feature. Set the permissions of the user group to enable access to policy groups from **Configuration** > **Policy Groups**.

- 1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose Administration > Manage Users > User Groups.
- 2. Click Add User Group.
- 3. Enter User Group Name.
- **4.** Check a **Read** or **Write** check box for the **Policy Group**, **Device** and **Deploy** feature that you want to assign to a user group.
- 5. Check a **Read** or **Write** check box for the following features that you want to assign to a user group:
 - Feature Profile > Embedded Security > Legacy Policy
 - Feature Profile > Embedded Security > NGFirewall
 - Feature Profile > Embedded Security > Policy
 - Feature Profile > Policy Object > Advanced Inspection Profile

The **Advanced Inspection Profile** has the following subfeature profiles:

- Advanced Malware Protection
- Intrusion Prevention
- SSL Decryption
- SSL Decryption Profile
- URL Filtering
- 6. Click Add.

Restrictions for Security Policy

Security policy does not support matching traffic using a custom application in a custom-defined application list.

Configure a Security Policy Using a Policy Group

Using the Create Security Policy workflow, you can create a security policy, add sub-policy, add rules to existing sub-policies, and so on.

- 1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose **Workflows** > **Workflow Library** > **Create Security Policy**. Alternatively, choose **Configuration** > **Policy Groups**.
- 2. Click Embedded Security.
- 3. On the Embedded Security page, click Add Security Policy. This launches the Security Policy workflow.
- 4. Enter Policy Name and Description and click Next.
- 5. On the Select the optional Configuration Group to associate with the security policy page, choose the configuration groups and click Next.
- 6. Click Add Sub-Policy.
- 7. Click **Submit**. You can view the new security policy in the **Embedded Security** tab.

Configure a Group of Interest for a Security Policy

- 1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose **Configuration > Policy Groups > Group of Interest**.
- 2. Click the **Security** tab. The list of security objects and profiles appears.

Use the following tables to configure a different group of lists for security policy:

Application

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| Application List Name | Name of the application list. |
| Applications | Choose one or more application types from the drop-down list. For example, Third Party Control, ABC News, Microsoft Teams, and so on. Choose one or more application family types from the drop-down list. For example, application-service, audio_video, authentication, behavioral, compression, database, encrypted, and so on. |

Data Prefix

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Data Prefix List Name | Name of the prefix list. |
| Data Prefix | The data prefix value. |

Local Domain

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Local Domain List Name | Name of the local domain list. |
| Local Domain | The local domain values separated by comma. For example, cisco.com. |

FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name)

The FQDN is intended to be used for matching standalone servers in data centers or a private cloud. When matching public URLs, the recommended match action is **drop**. If you use **inspect** for public URLs, you must define all related sub URLs and redirect URLs.

| Field | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| FQDN List Name | Name of the FQDN list. |
| FQDN | The URL names separated by comma. For example, cisco.com. |

Signature

The signature set blocks vulnerability with a Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) score that is greater than or equal to 9. It also blocks Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVEs) published in the last two years and that have the rule categories: Malware CNC, Exploit Kits, SQL Injection or blocked list.

| Field | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| IPS Signature List Name | Name of the IPS signature list. |
| IPS Signature | The signatures in the format Generator ID:Signature ID, separated with commas. For example, 1234:5678. Range is 0 to 4294967295 |

URL Allow

List-based filtering allows the user to control access by permitting or denying access based on allowed or blocked lists. Here are some important points to note about these lists:

• URLs that are allowed are not subjected to any category-based filtering.

- If the same item is configured under both the allowed and blocked list, the traffic is allowed.
- If the traffic does not match either the allowed or blocked lists, then it is subjected to category-based and reputation-based filtering.

| Field | Description |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Allow URL List Name | Name of the Allow URL list. |
| Allow URL | The URLs to allow. |

URL Block

List-based filtering allows the user to control access by permitting or denying access based on allowed or blocked lists.

| Field | Description |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Block URL List Name | Name of the Block URL list. |
| Block URL | The URLs to block. |

Zone

| Field | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Zone List Name | Name of the zone list. |
| VPN | Choose to configure zones with zone type as VPN . Add the VPNs to the zones from the drop-down list. The options are: |
| | Payment Processing Network |
| | Corporate Users |
| | • Local Internet for Guests |
| | Physical Security Devices |
| Interface | Choose to configure zones with zone type as Interface . Add the interfaces to the zones from the Add Interface drop-down list. The options are: |
| | • Ethernet |
| | • FastEthernet |
| | • FiveGigabitEthernet |
| | FortyGigabitEthernet |
| | GigabitEthernet |
| | • HundredGigE |

Port

| Field | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Port List Name | Name of the port list. |
| Port | The port values separated by comma. The range is 0 to 65530. |

Protocol

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Protocol List Name | Name of the protocol list. |
| Protocols | Select one or more protocol names from the drop-down list. For example, snmp, tcp, udp, icmp, echo, telnet, and so on. |

Geo Location

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Geo Location List Name | Name of the geolocation list. |
| Geo Location | Select one or more geo locations from the drop-down list. For example, Africa, Antartic, Asia, Europe, and so on. |

The security group of interest has the following profiles:

- Advanced Inspection Profile
- Intrusion Prevention Policy
- URL Filtering
- Advanced Malware Protection
- TLS/SSL Profile
- TLS/SSL Decryption

Advanced Inspection Profile

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Profile Name | Name of the advanced inspection profile. |
| Description | The description of the profile. |
| Select an Intrusion Prevention | Choose an intrusion prevention option from the drop-down list. |

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Select an URL Filter | Choose a URL filter from the drop-down list. |
| Select an Advanced Malware Protection | Choose an advanced malware protection. |
| TLS Action | Choose the TLS action. The options are: |
| | • Decrypt |
| | Pass Through |
| | Do not Decrypt |
| | |

Intrusion Prevention Policy

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Profile Name | Name of the intrusion prevention policy. |
| Signature Set | Choose a signature set that defines the rules for an evaluating traffic from the Signature Set drop-down list. The following options are available. |
| | Balanced: Provides protection without significant effect on system performance. |
| | • Connectivity: Less restrictive and provide better performance by imposing fewer rules. |
| | • Security: Provides more protection than Balanced but with an impact on performance. |
| Inspection Mode | Choose the inspection mode. The following options are available: |
| | Detection: Choose this option for intrusion detection mode. |
| | Protection: Choose this option for intrusion protection mode. |
| Custom Signature Set | Select one or more web categories from the drop-down list. The categories are: abortion, abused-drugs, auctions, and so on. |
| Select an Signature Allow List | Select a signature allow list. |

| Field | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Alerts Log Level | Choose the alert log level: |
| | • Error |
| | • Emergency |
| | • Alert |
| | • Critical |
| | • Warning |
| | • Notice |
| | • Info |
| | • Debug |
| | |

URL Filtering Policy

| Field | Description | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Profile Name | Name of the URL filtering policy. | |
| Web Category | Choose the web category. The options are Block and Allow. | |
| Web Reputation | Choose the web reputation from the drop-down list. The reputation options are: • High Risk • Suspicious • Moderate Risk • Low Risk • Trustworthy | |
| Select one or more web categories | Select one or more web categories from the drop-down list. The categories are: abortion, abused-drugs, auctions, and so on. | |
| Select allow URL list | Select an allow URL list. | |
| Select block URL list | Select a block URL list. | |
| Block Page Server | Choose one of the options: • Block Page Content: Enter the default content header and content body. • Redirect URL: Enter the redirect URL. | |

| Field | Description |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Alerts and Logs | Choose the alert and log type: |
| | • Blocklist |
| | • Allowlist |
| | Reputation/Category |
| | |

Advanced Malware Protection Policy

| Field | Description | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Profile Name | Name of the advanced malware protection policy name. | |
| Select AMP Cloud Region | Select AMT Cloud region. The options are: | |
| | • NAM | |
| | • EU | |
| | • APJC | |
| Alert Log Level | Choose the alert log level. The options are: | |
| | Critical | |
| | Warning | |
| | • Info | |
| File Analysis | Enable file analysis. | |
| Select TG Cloud Region | Select TG Cloud region. The options are NAM and EU. | |
| Select one or more file types | Select one or more file types. The options are, pdf, ms-exe, new-office, rtf, mdb, mscab, msole2, wri, xlw, flv, and swf. | |

TLS/SSL Profile

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Profile Name | Name of the TLS/SSL profile. |
| Select Categories to assign action | Set the categories between the actions—Decrypt, No Decrypt, and Pass Through URL Categories. |
| | Alternatively, choose multiple categories and set the action. |

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Reputation | Enable reputation to choose the Decrypt Threshold . The decrypt threshold options are: |
| | • High Risk |
| | Suspicious |
| | Moderate Risk |
| | • Low Risk |
| | • Trustworthy |
| Advanced Options | |
| Select a Decrypt Domain list | Choose the decrypt domain list or click Create New to create a new decrypt domain list. |
| | 1. Enter Decrypt Domain List Name. |
| | 2. Enter Decrypt Domain |
| | 3. Click Add. |
| Select a No Decrypt Domain list | Choose the no decrypt domain list or click Create New to create a new no decrypt domain list. |
| | 1. Enter No Decrypt Domain List Name. |
| | 2. Enter No Decrypt Domain |
| | 3. Click Add. |
| Fail Decrypt | Enable the fail decrypt option, if decryption fails. |

TLS/SSL Decryption

| Field Name | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Policy Name | Name of the policy. The name can contain a maximum of 32 characters. |
| Server Certificate Checks | <u>'</u> |
| Expired Certificate | Defines what the policy should do if the server certificate has expired. The options are: |
| | • Drop: Drop traffic |
| | • Decrypt: Decrypt traffic |
| | |

| Field Name | Description |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Untrusted Certificate | Defines what the policy should do if the server certificate is not trusted. The options are: |
| | • Drop: Drop traffic |
| | • Decrypt: Decrypt traffic |
| Certificate Revocation Status | Defines whether the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) should be used to check the revocation status of the server certificate. The options are Enabled or Disabled . |
| Unknown Revocation Status | Defines what the policy does, if the OCSP revocation status is unknown . |
| | • Drop: Drop traffic |
| | • Decrypt: Decrypt traffic |
| Unsupported Mode Checks | |
| Unsupported Protocol Versions | Defines the unsupported protocol versions. |
| | • Drop : Drop the unsupported protocol versions. |
| | • Decrypt : Decrypt the unsupported protocol versions. |
| Unsupported Cipher Suites | Defines the unsupported cipher suites. |
| | • Drop : Drop the unsupported cipher suites. |
| | • Decrypt : Decrypt the unsupported cipher suites. |
| Failure Mode | Defines the failure mode. The options are close and open. |
| Certificate Bundle | Check the Use default CA certificate bundle checkbox to use the default CA. |
| Minimum TLS Version | Sets the minimum version of TLS that the proxy should support. The options are: |
| | • TLS 1.0 |
| | • TLS 1.1 |
| | • TLS 1.2 |
| Proxy Certificate Attributes | |

| Field Name | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| RSA Keypair Modules | Defines the Proxy Certificate RSA Key modules. The options are: |
| | • 1024 bit RSA |
| | • 2048 bit RSA |
| | • 4096 bit RSA |
| Ec Key Type | Defines the key type. The options are: |
| | • P256 |
| | • P384 |
| | • P521 |
| Certificate Lifetime (in Days) | Sets the lifetime of the proxy certificate, in days. |

Configure Embedded Security

Security is a critical element of today's networking infrastructure. Network administrators and security officers are hard pressed to defend their networks against attacks and breaches. Due to hybrid clouds and remote employee connectivity, the security perimeter around networks is disappearing.

The Enterprise Firewall with Application Awareness uses a flexible and easily understood zone-based model for traffic inspection, compared to the older interface-based model.

A firewall policy is a type of localized security policy that allows stateful inspection of TCP, UDP, and ICMP data traffic flows. Traffic flows that originate in a given zone are allowed to proceed to another zone based on the policy between the two zones. A zone is a grouping of one or more VPNs. Grouping VPNs into zones allows you to establish security boundaries in your overlay network so that you can control all data traffic that passes between zones. For more information on Embedded Security, see Enterprise Firewall with Application Awareness.

- 1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager olicy Groups > Embedded Security.
- 2. Choose a security policy and click **Edit**.
- 3. Click Add Rule.

| Field | Description |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| Rule Name | The name of the rule. |
| Sequence | Specify the sequence. |

| Field | Description |
|------------------|---|
| Destination Zone | In the Destination Zone drop-down list, choose the zone to which data traffic is sent. The options are: |
| | • No-Zone |
| | Corporate_Users |
| | • Local_Internet_for_Guests |
| | • Payment_Processing_Network |
| | Physical_Security_Devices |
| | • Self |
| | • Untrusted |
| | Zones are created based on the VPNs in the configuration group selected in the create security policy workflow. |
| Match | Choose the desired match conditions from the Add Conditions drop-down list. The options are: |
| | • Applications |
| | • Protocol |
| | • Source |
| | Geo Location |
| | • IPv4 Prefix |
| | • Port |
| | Destination |
| | • FQDN |
| | Geo Location |
| | • IPv4 Prefix |
| | • Port |
| | When ISE is enabled, then SGT option is available in the Source and Destination . Identity User or User group is only supported for Source . |

| Field | Description |
|--------|---|
| Action | Choose the desired action conditions. The options are: |
| | • Pass |
| | • Drop |
| | • Inspect |
| | Log Events: Unified Logging for Inspect Action. Select Advanced Inspection Profile from the drop-down list. |

Configure an Embedded Security Sub-Policy

- 1. From the Configuration > Policy Groups, choose Embedded Security.
- 2. Choose a security policy from the list and click Edit. and enter the following details.
- 3. Click Add Sub-Policy to add sub-policies for a security policy.

| Field | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| VPN / Interface | Specify the VPN or the interface. |
| Source Zone | Choose the zone that is the source of the data packets. |
| Zone List Name | The name of a zone list. |
| VPN | Choose to configure zones with zone type as VPN . Add the VPNs to the zones from the drop-down list. The options are: |
| | Payment Processing Network |
| | Corporate Users |
| | Local Internet for Guests |
| | Physical Security Devices |
| Interface | Choose to configure zones with zone type as Interface. Add the interfaces to the zones from the Add Interface drop-down list. |
| Rule Name | The name of the rule. |
| Sequence | Specify the sequence. |

| Destination Zone | Choose the zone to which data traffic is sent. The options are: |
|-------------------------|---|
| | • Any |
| | • Corporate_Users |
| | • Local_Internet_for_Guests |
| | • Payment_Processing_Network |
| | • Physical_Security_Devices |
| | • Self |
| | • Untrusted (VPN 0) |
| Match | Choose the desired match conditions from the Add Conditions drop-down list. The options are: |
| | • Applications |
| | • Protocol |
| | • Source |
| | Geo Location |
| | • IPv4 Prefix |
| | • Port |
| | • Destination |
| | • FQDN |
| | Geo Location |
| | • IPv4 Prefix |
| | • Port |
| Action | Choose the desired action conditions. The options are: |
| | • Pass |
| | • Drop |
| | • Inspect |
| | Log Events - Unified Logging for Inspect Action. Select Advanced Inspection Profile from the drop-down list. |

| Field | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| User / User Group | An identity service engine has to be enabled to configure User / User Group sub policies. You can configure using Administration > Integration Management > Identity Service Engine. |

Configure Embedded Security Additional Settings

- 1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose **Configuration** > **Policy Groups**, choose **Embedded Security**.
- 2. Choose a security policy from the list and click **Edit** and enter the following details.
- 3. Click **Additional Settings** to configure additional settings for a security policy.

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| TCP SYN Flood Limit | Specify the threshold of SYN flood packets per second for each destination address. |
| Max Incomplete | Specify the timeout limits for the firewall policy. A Max Incomplete timeout limit protects firewall resources and keeps these resources from being used up. |
| TCP Limit | Specify the maximum TCP half-open sessions allowed on a device. |
| UDP Limit | Specify the maximum UDP half-open sessions allowed on a device. |
| ICMP Limit | Specify the maximum ICMP half-open sessions allowed on a device. |
| Audit Trail | Enable the Audit Trail option. This option is only applicable for rules with an inspect action. |
| Unified Logging | Enable the unified logging feature. |
| Optimized Policy | Enable the optimized policy option. |
| Session Reclassify Allow | Allow re-classification of traffic on policy change. |
| ICMP Unreachable Allow | Allow ICMP unreachable packets to pass through. |
| Advanced Inspection Profile | Attach a global advanced inspection profile (AIP) at a device level. All the rules in the device that match the traffic to be inspected are inspected using the advance inspection profile. |

4. Choose the profile from the **Advanced Inspection Profile** drop-down list or click **Create New**.

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Profile Name | The name of the profile. |
| Description | The description of the profile. |
| Select an Intrusion Prevention | Specify the maximum TCP half-open sessions allowed on a device. |
| UDP Limit | Specify the maximum UDP half-open sessions allowed on a device. |
| ICMP Limit | Specify the maximum ICMP half-open sessions allowed on a device. |
| Audit Trail | Enable the Audit Trail option. This option is only applicable for rules with an inspect action. |
| Unified Logging | Enable the unified logging feature. |
| Optimized Policy | Enable the optimized policy option. |
| Session Reclassify Allow | Allow re-classification of traffic on policy change. |
| ICMP Unreachable Allow | Allow ICMP unreachable packets to pass through. |

5. Choose the intrusion prevention from the **Select an Intrusion Prevention** drop-down list or click **Create New**.

| Field | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Profile Name | The name of the profile. The name can have a maximum of 32 characters. |
| Signature Set | Specify the signature set. The options are: • Balanced • Connectivity • Security |
| Inspection Mode | Specify the inspection mode. The options are: • Detection • Protection |
| Advanced | |

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Customer Signature Set | Enable customer signature set to add a new global custom signature. In the Add New Global Custom Signature window, choose Download From the following options: |
| | Remote Server |
| | Local Server (Not Recommended) |
| Select an Signature Allow List | Select an allowed signature list or Create New to create a new IPS signature list. |
| Alert Log Level | Choose the alert log level: |
| | • Error |
| | • Emergency |
| | • Alert |
| | • Critical |
| | Warning |
| | • Notice |
| | • Info |
| | • Debug |

- 6. Click Add.
- 7. Choose the advanced malware protection profile from the **Select an Advanced Malware Protection** drop-down list or click **Create New**.

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| Profile Name | The name of the profile. The name can have a maximum of 32 characters. |
| Select AMP Cloud Region | Choose the AMP cloud region. The options are: |
| | • NAM |
| | • EU |
| | • APJC |
| | |
| Inspection Mode | Specify the inspection mode. The options are: |
| | • Detection |
| | • Protection |
| | |

| Description |
|---|
| Choose the alert log level: |
| • Critical |
| Warning |
| • Info |
| Enable file analysis. |
| Choose the cloud region from the drop-down list. The options are: |
| • NAM |
| • EU |
| Choose the alert log level: |
| • Critical |
| Warning |
| • Info |
| Choose one or more file type from the drop-down list: |
| • All |
| • pdf |
| • ms-exe |
| • new-office |
| • rtf |
| • mdb |
| • mscab |
| • msole2 |
| • wri |
| • xlw |
| • flv |
| • swf |
| |

- 8. Click Add.
- 9. Choose a URL filter from the **URL Filter** drop-down list or **Create New**.

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Profile Name | The name of the profile. The name can have a maximum of 32 characters. |
| Web Category | Choose the web category from the drop-down list. The options are: |
| | • Block |
| | • Allow |
| Select one or more web categories | Choose one or more web categories from the drop-down list. The options are: abortion, abused-drugs and so on. |
| Web Reputation | Choose the web reputation from the drop-down list. The reputation options are: |
| | • High Risk |
| | Suspicious |
| | Moderate Risk |
| | • Low Risk |
| | • Trustworthy |
| Advanced | |
| Select allow url list | Select an allowed URL list or Create New to create a new allow URL list. |
| Select block url list | Select a blocked URL list or Create New to create a new block URL list. |
| Block Page Server | Choose the block page server from the drop-down list. The options are: |
| | Block Page Content |
| | Redirect URL: Specify the redirect URL |
| Alerts And Logs | Choose one or more file type from the drop-down list: |
| | • Blocklist |
| | • Allowlist |
| | Reputation/Category |

- 10. Click Add.
- 11. Choose TLS Action.

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| TLS Action | Choose the web category from the drop-down list. The options are: |
| | • Decrypt |
| | • Pass Through |
| | • Do not Decrypt |
| Select an TLS/SSL Decryption | Choose the TLS/SSL decryption profile from the drop-down list or Create New profile. |

Configure a Secure Service Edge

Before You Begin

Create the Cisco SSE credentials from **Administration** > **Settings** > **Cloud Credentials**.

Configure a Secure Service Edge

Choose the **SSE Provider**. The options are:

• Cisco Secure Access

Configure a Tracker

While creating automatic tunnels, Cisco SD-WAN Manager creates and attaches a default tracker endpoint with default values for failover parameters. However, you can also create customized trackers with failover parameters that suit your requirements.

- 1. In the **Source IP Address** field, enter a source IP address without a subnet mask.
- 2. Click Add Tracker.
- 3. In the Add Tracker pop-up window, configure the following:

Table 2: Tracker Parameters

| Field | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Name | Name of the tracker. The name can be up to 128 alphanumeric characters. |
| API url of endpoint | Specify the API URL for the Secure Service Edge endpoint of the tunnel. |
| | Default: service.sig.umbrella.com |

| Field | Description |
|----------------|---|
| Threshold | Enter the wait time for the probe to return a response before declaring that the configured endpoint is down. |
| | Range: 100 to 1000 milliseconds |
| | Default: 300 milliseconds |
| Probe Interval | Enter the time interval between probes to determine the status of the configured endpoint. |
| | Range: 20 to 600 seconds |
| | Default: 60 seconds |
| Multiplier | Enter the number of times to resend probes before determining that a tunnel is up or down. |
| | Range: 1 to 10 |
| | Default: 3 |

4. Click Add.

Configure Tunnels

To create tunnels, click **Configuration** and do the following:

- 1. Click Add Tunnel.
- 2. In the Add Tunnel pop-up window, under Basic Settings, configure the following:

Table 3: Basic Settings

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Tunnel Type | Cisco Secure Access: (Read only) ipsec |
| Interface Name (1255) | Name of the interface. |
| Description | Enter a description for the interface. |
| Tracker | By default, a tracker is attached to monitor the health of tunnels. |
| Tunnel Source Interface | Name of the source interface of the tunnel. This interface should be an egress interface and is typically the internet-facing interface. The tunnel source interface supports loopback. |
| Data-Center | For a primary data center, click Primary , or for a secondary data center, click Secondary . Tunnels to the primary data center serve as active tunnels, and tunnels to the secondary data center serve as back-up tunnels. |
| Advanced Options (Optional) | |

| Field | Description | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Shutdown | Click the radio button to enable this option. | |
| | Default: Disabled | |
| Enable Tracker | Click the radio button to enable this option. | |
| IP MTU | Specify the maximum MTU size of packets on the interface. | |
| | Range: 576 to 2000 bytes | |
| | Default: 1400 bytes | |
| TCP MSS | Specify the maximum segment size (MSS) of TPC SYN packets. By default, the MSS is dynamically adjusted based on the interface or tunnel MTU such that TCP SYN packets are never fragmented. | |
| | Range: 500 to 1460 bytes | |
| | Default: None | |
| DPD Interval | Specify the interval for Internet Key Exchange (IKE) to send Hello packets on the connection. | |
| | Range: 10 to 3600 seconds Default: 10 | |
| | | |
| DPD Retries | Specify the number of seconds between Dead Peer Detection (DPD) retry messages if the DPD retry message is missed by the peer. | |
| | If a peer misses a DPD message, the router changes the state and sends a DPD retry message. The message is sent at a faster retry interval, which is the number of seconds between DPD retries. The default DPD retry message is sent every 2 seconds. The tunnel is marked as down after five DPD retry messages are missed. | |
| | Range: 2 to 60 seconds | |
| | Default: 3 | |
| IKE | | |
| IKE Rekey Interval | Specify the interval for refreshing IKE keys. | |
| | Range: 3600 to 1209600 seconds (1 hour to 14 days) | |
| | Default: 14400 seconds | |

| Field | Description | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| IKE Cipher Suite | Specify the type of authentication and encryption to use during IKE key exchange. | |
| | Choose one of the following: | |
| | • AES 256 CBC SHA1 | |
| | • AES 256 CBC SHA2 | |
| | • AES 128 CBC SHA1 | |
| | • AES 128 CBC SHA2 | |
| | Default: AES 256 CBC SHA1 | |
| IKE Diffie-Hellman Group | Specify the Diffie-Hellman group to use in IKE key exchange, whether IKEv1 or IKEv2. | |
| IPSec | | |
| IPsec Rekey Interval | Specify the interval for refreshing IPsec keys. | |
| | Range: 3600 to 1209600 seconds (1 hour to 14 days) | |
| | Default: 3600 seconds | |
| IPsec Replay Window | Specify the replay window size for the IPsec tunnel. | |
| | Options: 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, or 4096 packets. | |
| | Default: 512 | |
| IPsec Cipher Suite | Specify the authentication and encryption to use on the IPsec tunnel. | |
| | Options: | |
| | • AES 256 CBC SHA1 | |
| | • AES 256 CBC SHA 384 | |
| | • AES 256 CBC SHA 256 | |
| | • AES 256 CBC SHA 512 | |
| | • AES 256 GCM | |
| | Default: AEM 256 GCM | |

| Field | Description | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Perfect Forward Secrecy | Specify the Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) settings to use on the IPsec tunnel. Choose one of the following Diffie-Hellman prime modulus groups: | |
| | • Group-2 1024-bit modulus | |
| | Group-14 2048-bit modulus | |
| | • Group-15 3072-bit modulus | |
| | Group-16 4096-bit modulus | |
| | • None: disable PFS | |

3. Click Add.

Applicable only to Cisco Secure Access:

Region: When you choose the region, a pair of primary and secondary region is selected. Choose the primary region that Cisco Secure Service Edge provides from the drop-down list and the secondary region is auto-selected in Cisco SD-WAN Manager. If the primary region with a unicast IP address is not reachable then the secondary region with a unicast IP address is reachable and vice versa. Cisco Secure Access ensures that both the regions are reachable at all times.



Note

You can configure any DNS server on the device which connects to HTTPS to get the public IP address. To configure a source interface for HTTPS, use the **ip http client source-interface** command on Cisco SD-WAN Manager.

Configure High Availability

To designate active and back-up tunnels and distribute traffic among tunnels, click **High Availability** and do the following:

- 1. Click Add Interface Pair.
- 2. In the **Add Interface Pair** pop-up window, configure the following:

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Active Interface | Choose a tunnel that connects to the primary data center. |

| Field | Description | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Active Interface Weight | Enter weight (weight range 1 to 255) for load balancing. Load balancing helps in distributing traffic over multiple tunnels and this helps increase the network bandwidth. If you enter the same weights to both the tunnels, you can achieve ECMP load balancing across the tunnels. However, if you enter a higher weight for a tunnel, that tunnel has higher priority for traffic flow. | |
| | | |
| | For example, if you set up two active tunnels, where the first tunnel is configured with weight of 10, and the second tunnel with weight configured as 20, then the traffic is load-balanced between the tunnels in a 10:20 ratio. | |
| Backup Interface | To designate a back-up tunnel, choose a tunnel that connects to the secondary data center. | |
| | To omit designating a back-up tunnel, choose None . | |
| Backup Interface Weight | Enter weight (weight range 1 to 255) for load balancing. | |
| | Load balancing helps in distributing traffic over multiple tunnels and this helps increase the network bandwidth. If you enter the same weights, you can achieve ECMP load balancing across the tunnels. However, if you enter a higher weight for a tunnel, that tunnel has higher priority for traffic flow. | |
| | For example, if you set up two back-up tunnels, where the first tunnel is configured with weight of 10, and the second tunnel with weight configured as 20, then the traffic is load-balanced between the tunnels in a 10:20 ratio. | |

3. Click Add.

Configure DNS Security

The Umbrella Integration feature enables the cloud-based security service by inspecting the Domain Name System (DNS) query that is sent to the DNS server through the device. The security administrator configures policies on the Umbrella portal to either allow or deny traffic toward the fully qualified domain name (FQDN). The router acts as a DNS forwarder on the network edge, transparently intercepts DNS traffic, and forwards the DNS queries to the Umbrella cloud.

- 1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose Configuration > Policy Groups > DNS Security.
- 2. Click Add DNS Security Policy.

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| Add DNS Security Policy | From the Add DNS Security Policy drop-down list, select Create New to create a new DNS Security Policy policy. |

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| Create New | Displays the DNS Security Policy wizard. |
| Policy Name | Enter a name for the policy. |
| Umbrella Registration Status | Displays the status of the API Token configuration. |
| Manage Umbrella Registration | Click Manage Umbrella Registration to add Cisco Umbrella Registration Key and Secret. Specific network-devices keys are used in DNS. • Enter Organization ID. • Enter Registration Key. • Enter Secret. You can edit the umbrella credentials from Administration > Settings > Cloud Provider. |
| Match All VPN | Click Match All VPN to keep the same configuration for all the available VPNs. |
| Custom VPN Configuration | choose Custom VPN Configuration to input the specific VPNs. |
| Local Domain Bypass List | Choose the domain bypass. |
| DNS Server IP | Configure DNS Server IP from the following options: • Umbrella Default • Custom DNS |
| DNSCrypt | Enable or disable the DNSCrypt. |

Configure DNS Security