

ASA 7.2(2):單臂公共網際網路VPN的SSL VPN客戶端(SVC)配置示例

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本文檔介紹如何設定自適應安全裝置(ASA)7.2.2以在單臂上執行SSL VPN。此設定適用於特定情況，其中ASA不允許分割隧道並且使用者在ASA允許進入Internet之前直接連線到ASA。

注意：在ASA 7.2.2版中，`same-security-traffic permit` configuration mode命令的 *intra-interface*關鍵字允許所有流量進入和退出同一介面（而不僅是IPsec流量）。

[必要條件](#)

[需求](#)

嘗試此組態之前，請確保符合以下要求：

- 中心ASA安全裝置需要運行7.2.2版
- Cisco SSL VPN使用者端(SVC)1.x**注意：**從[Cisco Software Download](#)（僅限註冊客戶）下載SSL VPN客戶端包([sslclient-win*.pkg](#))。將SVC複製到ASA上的快閃記憶體。SVC將下載到遠端使用者電腦，以便與ASA建立SSL VPN連線。有關詳細資訊，請參閱思科安全裝置命令列配置指南7.2版中的[安裝SVC軟體](#)部分。

[採用元件](#)

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本：

- 執行軟體版本7.2(2)的Cisco 5500系列調適型安全裝置(ASA)
- 適用於Windows 1.1.4.179的Cisco SSL VPN客戶端版本
- 運行Windows 2000 Professional或Windows XP的PC
- 思科調適型安全裝置管理員(ASDM)版本5.2(2)

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除（預設）的組態來啟動。如果您的網路正在作用，請確保您已瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

慣例

請參閱[思科技術提示慣例](#)以瞭解更多有關文件慣例的資訊。

背景資訊

SSL VPN客戶端(SVC)是一種VPN隧道技術，使遠端使用者能夠享受IPSec VPN客戶端的好處，而無需網路管理員在遠端電腦上安裝和配置IPSec VPN客戶端。SVC使用遠端電腦上已經存在的SSL加密以及安全裝置的WebVPN登入和身份驗證。

要建立SVC會話，遠端使用者在瀏覽器中輸入安全裝置的WebVPN介面的IP地址，瀏覽器連線到該介面並顯示WebVPN登入螢幕。如果使用者滿足登入和身份驗證要求，且安全裝置將使用者識別為需要SVC，則安全裝置會將SVC下載到遠端電腦。如果安全裝置確定使用者具有使用SVC的選項，則安全裝置將SVC下載到遠端電腦，同時在使用者螢幕上顯示連結以跳過SVC安裝。

下載後，SVC會自行安裝和配置，連線終止時，SVC會從遠端電腦保留或解除安裝自身（具體取決於配置）。

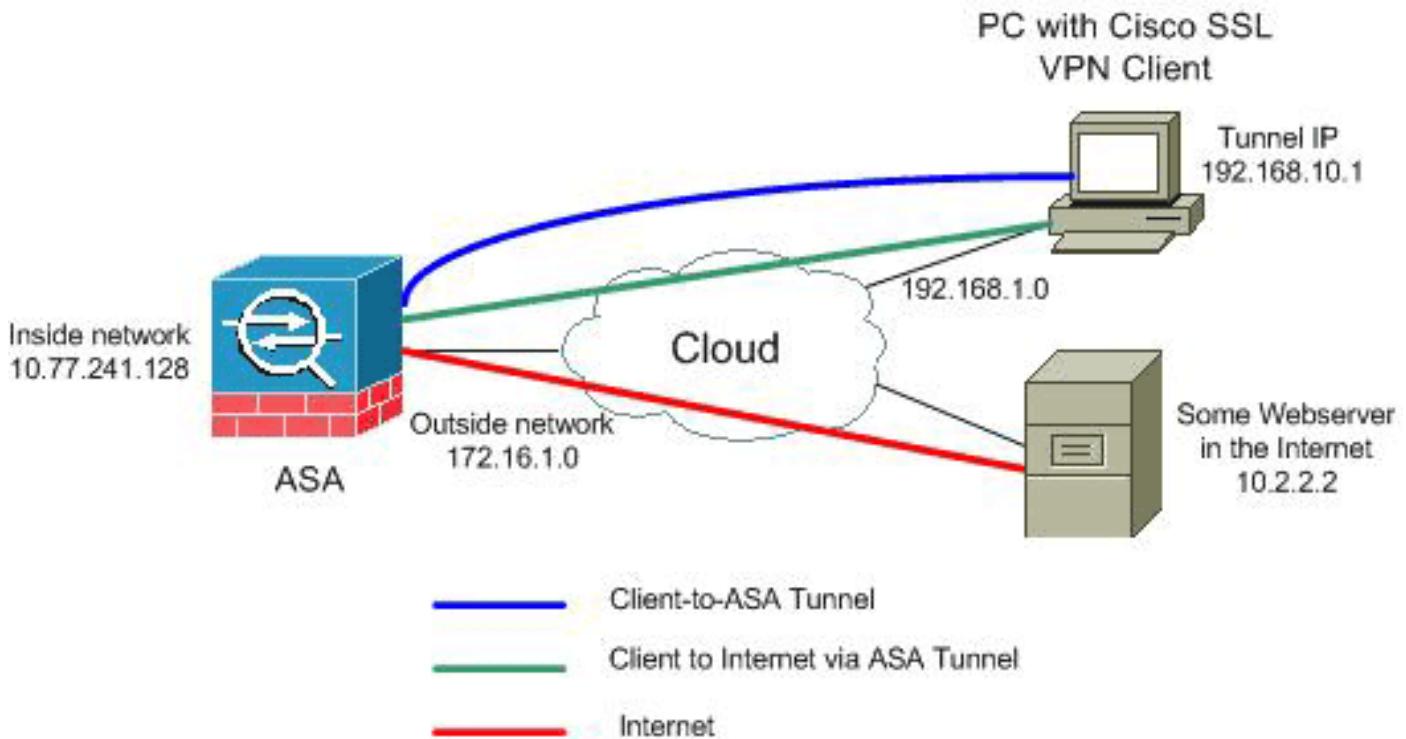
設定

本節提供用於設定本文件中所述功能的資訊。

註：使用[Command Lookup Tool](#)(僅供已註冊客戶使用)可獲取本節中使用的命令的詳細資訊。

網路圖表

本檔案會使用以下網路設定：



注意：此配置中使用的IP編址方案在Internet上不能合法路由。它們是[RFC 1918](#)，已在實驗室環境中使用。

使用ASDM 5.2(2)的ASA 7.2(2)配置

本檔案假設已建立基本設定（例如介面組態）且運作正常。

註：請參閱[允許ASDM進行HTTPS訪問](#)，以便允許ASDM配置ASA。

注意：除非更改埠號，否則不能在同一個ASA介面上啟用WebVPN和ASDM。有關詳細資訊，請參閱[在同一介面ASA上啟用ASDM和WebVPN](#)。

完成以下步驟，以便在ASA中配置單臂上的SSL VPN:

1. 選擇**Configuration > Interfaces**，然後選中**Enable traffic between two or more hosts connected to the same interface**覈取方塊，以允許SSL VPN流量進入和退出同一介面。
2. 按一下「**Apply**」。

Configuration > Interfaces

Interface	Name	Enabled	Security Level	IP Address	Subnet Mask
Ethernet0/0	inside	Yes	100	10.77.241.142	255.255.255.192
Ethernet0/1	outside	Yes	0	172.16.1.1	255.255.255.0
Ethernet0/2		No			
Ethernet0/3		No			
Management0/0		No			

Please wait...

Please wait while ASDM is delivering the command(s) to the device...



Parsing running configuration...

Enable traffic between two or more interfaces which are configured with same security levels

Enable traffic between two or more hosts connected to the same interface

注意：以下是等效的CLI配置命令：

3. 選擇Configuration > VPN > IP Address Management > IP Pools > Add，以建立名為

Add IP Pool

Name:

Starting IP Address:

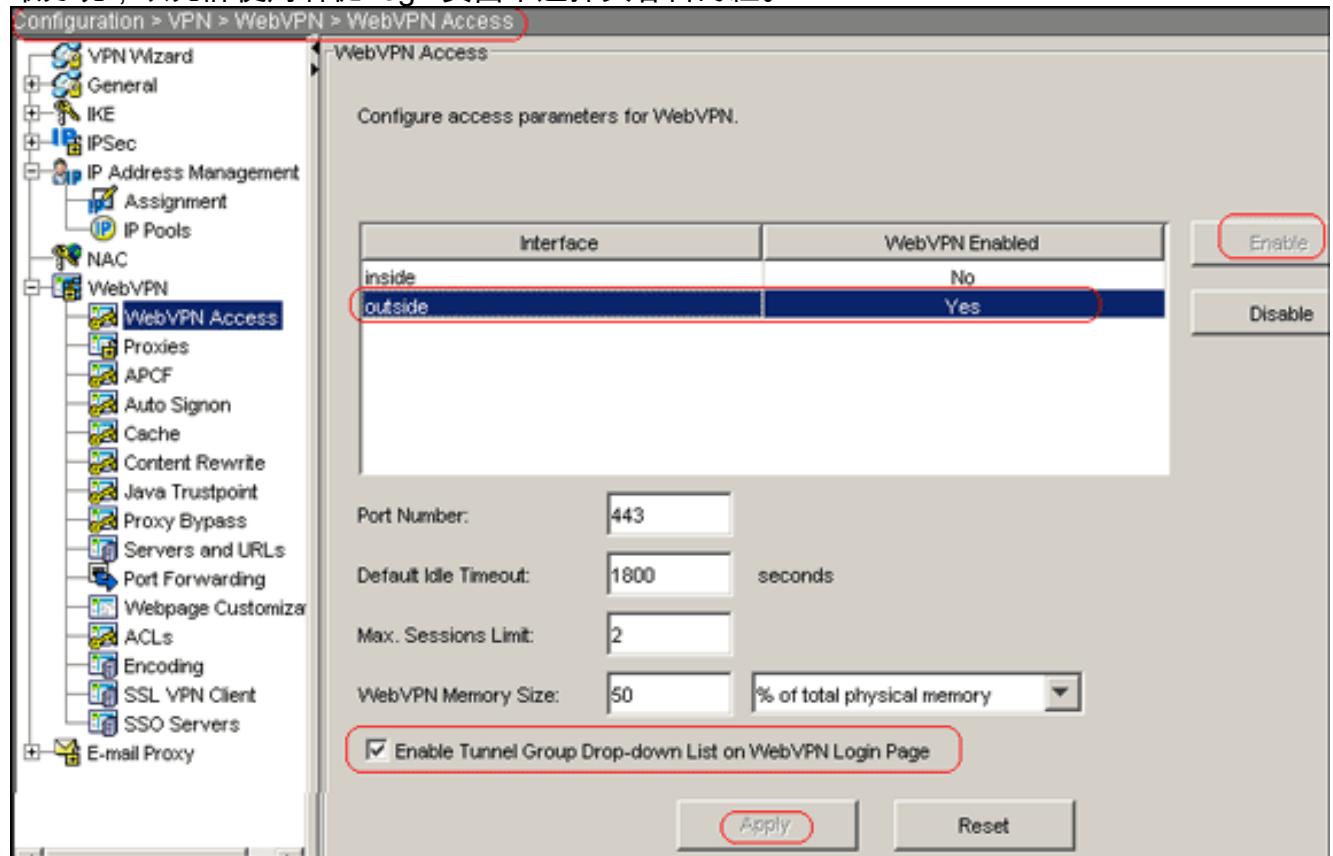
Ending IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

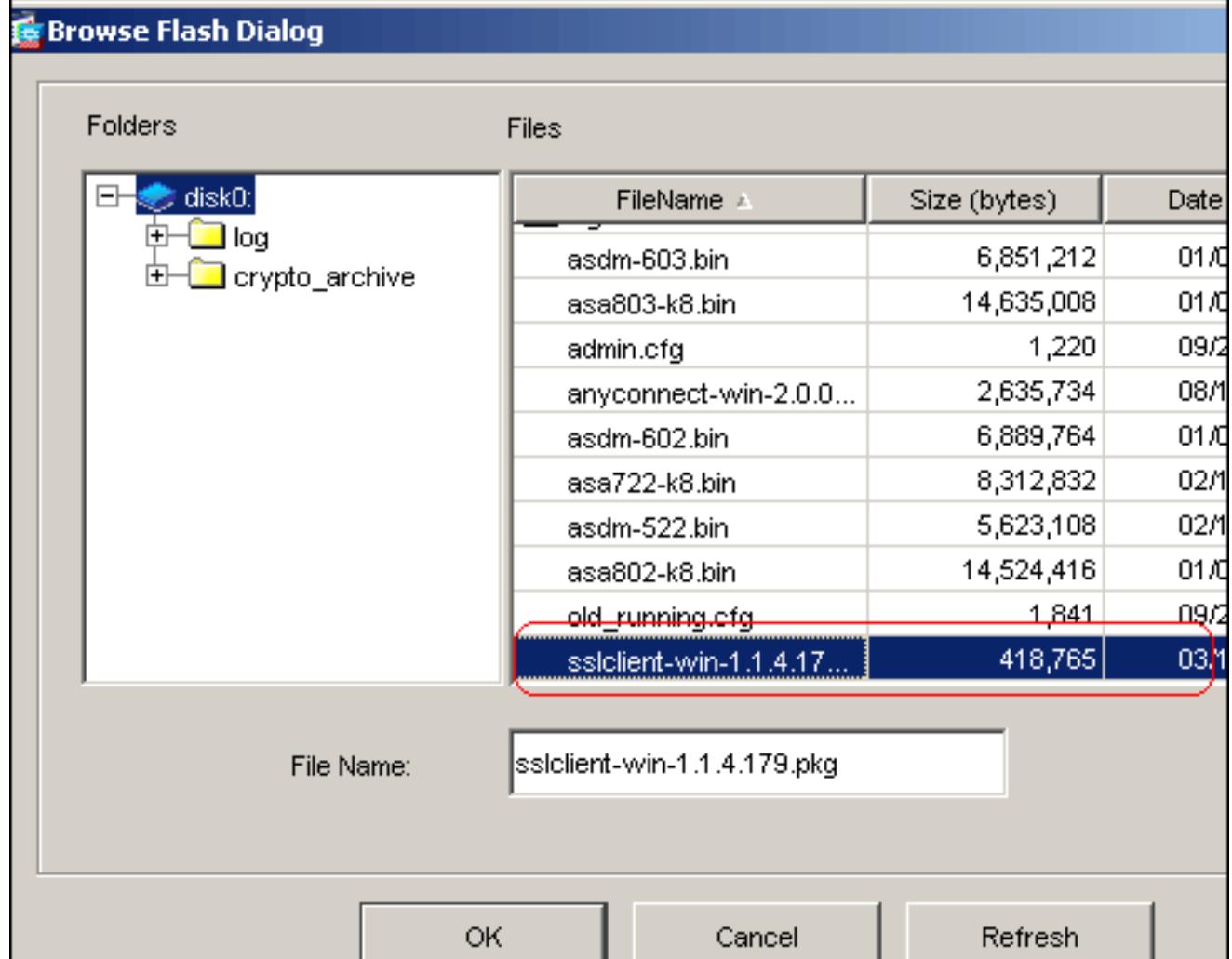
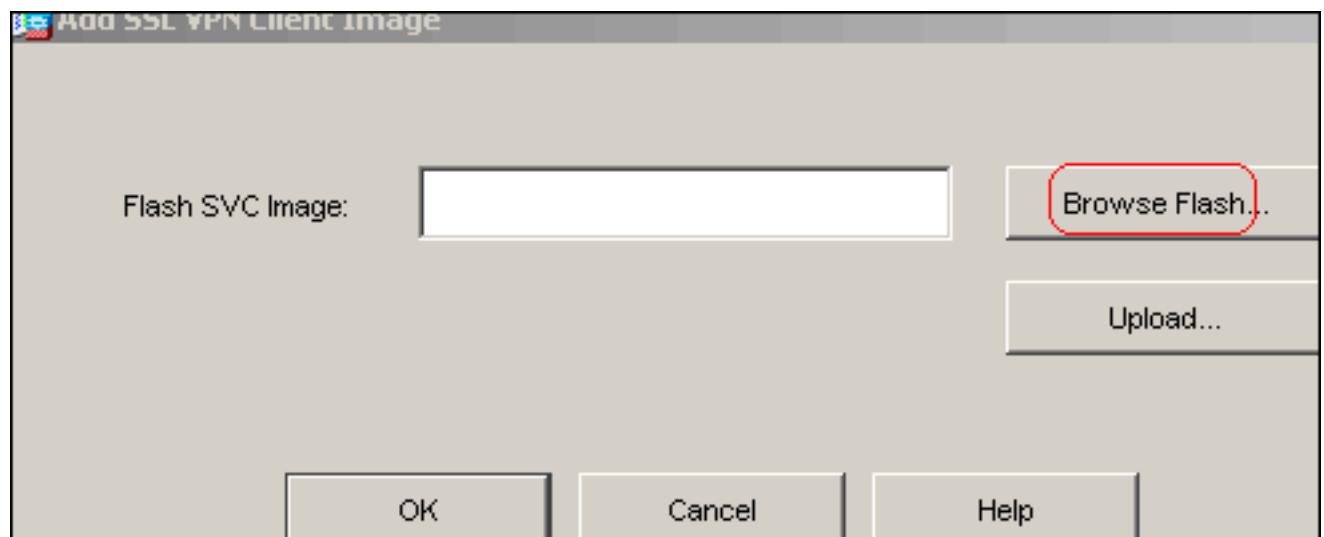
vpnpool的IP地址池。

4. 按一下「Apply」。注意：以下是等效的CLI配置命令：

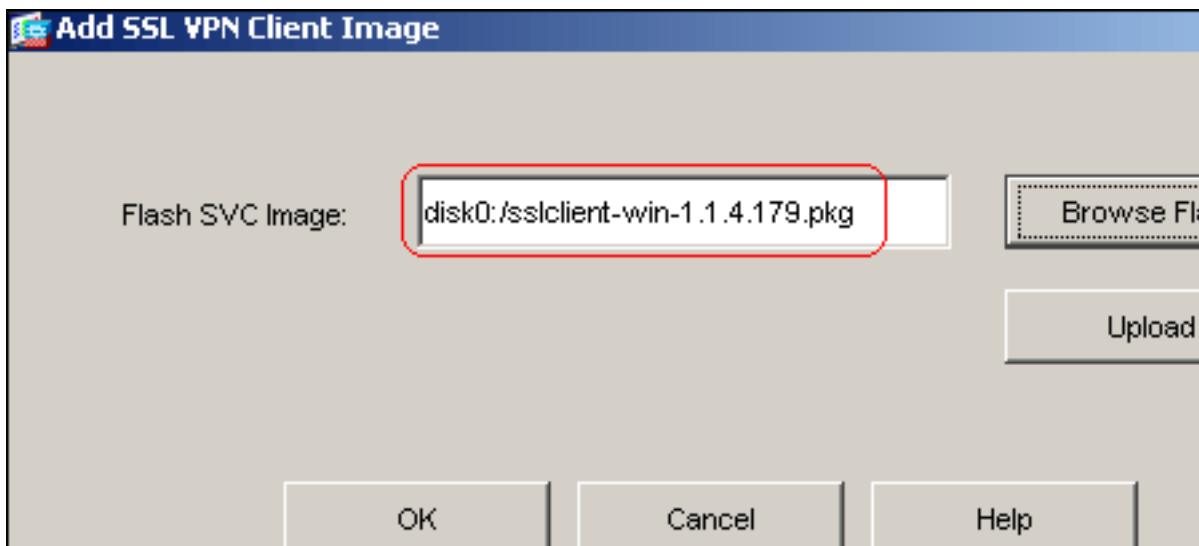
5. 啟用WebVPN:選擇Configuration > VPN > WebVPN > WebVPN Access，然後選擇外部介面。按一下「Enable」。選中Enable Tunnel Group Drop-down List on WebVPN Login Page選取方塊，以允許使用者從Login頁面中選擇其各自的組。



按一下「Apply」。選擇Configuration > VPN > WebVPN > SSL VPN Client > Add，以便從ASA的快閃記憶體中新增SSL VPN Client映像。



按一下「OK」(確定)。



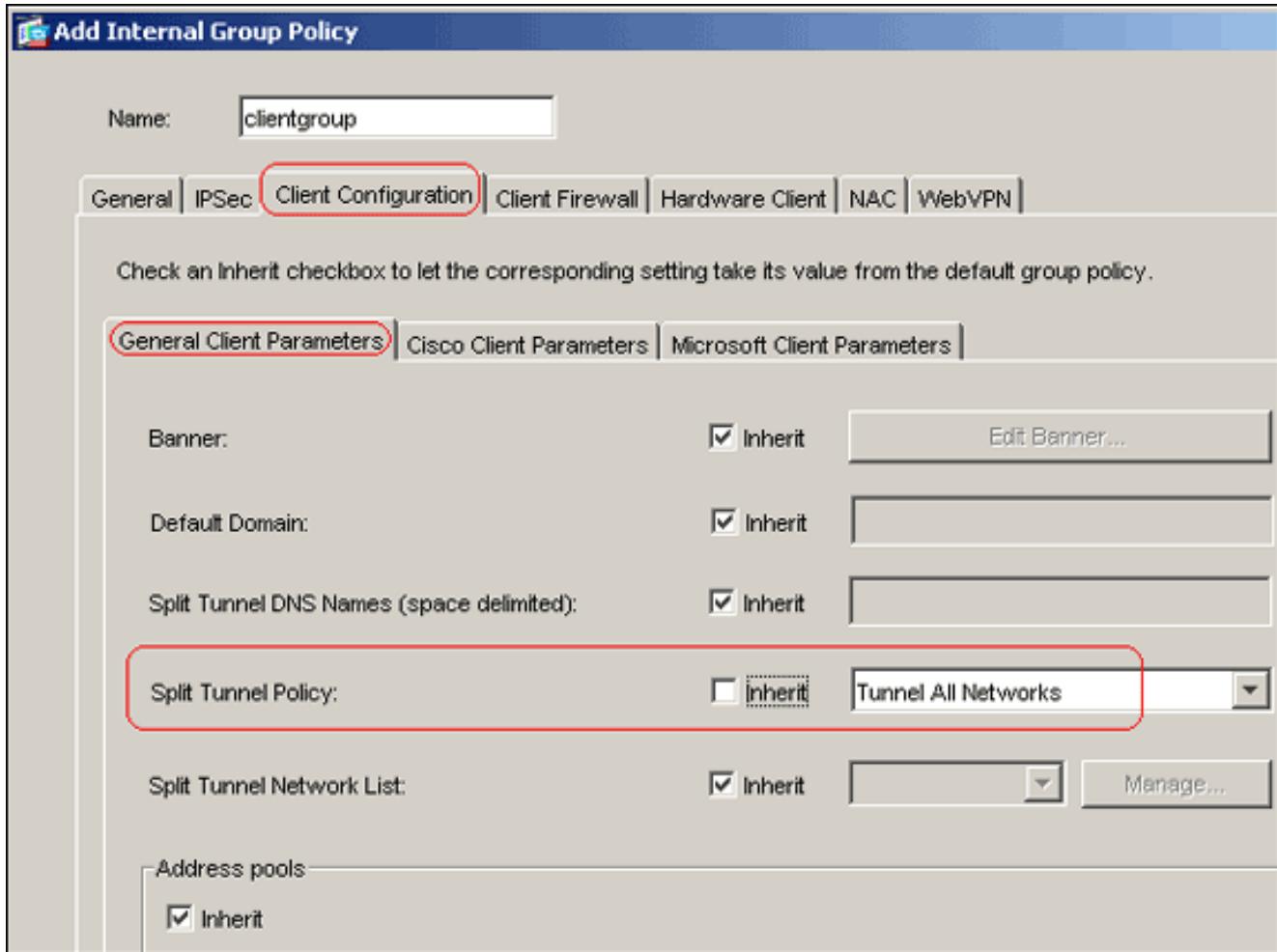
按一下

「OK」(確定)。按一下SSL VPN Client叢取方塊。

注意：以下是等效的CLI配置命令：

6. 配置組策略：選擇Configuration > VPN > General > Group Policy > Add(Internal Group Policy)，以建立名為clientgroup的內部組策略。按一下General頁籤，然後選擇WebVPN叢取方塊以啟用WebVPN作為隧道協定。

按一下Client Configuration頁籤，然後按一下General Client Parameters頁籤。從Split Tunnel Policy下拉選單中選擇Tunnel All Networks，以使所有資料包從遠端PC通過安全隧道傳輸。



按一下WebVPN > SSLVPN Client頁籤，然後選擇以下選項：對於Use SSL VPN Client選項，取消選中Inherit覈取方塊，然後按一下Optional單選按鈕。此選項允許遠端客戶端選擇是否下載SVC。Always選項可確保每個SSL VPN連線期間將SVC下載到遠端工作站。對於Keep Installer on Client System選項，取消選中Inherit覈取方塊，然後按一下Yes單選按鈕此選項允許SVC軟體保留在客戶端電腦上。因此，每次建立連線時，都不需要ASA將SVC軟體下載到客戶端。對於經常訪問公司網路的遠端使用者來說，此選項是一個不錯的選擇。對於Renegotiation Interval選項，取消選中Inherit框，取消選中Unlimited覈取方塊，並輸入重新生成金鑰之前的分鐘數。**注意：**通過對金鑰的有效時間長度設定限制來增強安全性。對於Renegotiation Method選項，取消選中Inherit覈取方塊，然後按一下SSL單選按鈕。**注意：**重新協商可以使用現有的SSL隧道或專門為重新協商建立的新隧道。SSL VPN客戶端屬性應如下圖所示

：

Edit Internal Group Policy: clientgroup

Name: clientgroup

General | IPSec | Client Configuration | Client Firewall | Hardware Client | NAC | **WebVPN**

Configure WebVPN attributes using the following tabs .

Check an Inherit checkbox to let the corresponding setting take its value from the default group policy.

Functions | Content Filtering | Homepage | Port Forwarding | Other | **SSL VPN Client** | Auto Signon |

Use SSL VPN Client:	<input type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Always	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Optional	<input type="radio"/> Never
Keep Installer on Client System:	<input type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No	
Compression:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable	
Keepalive Messages:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable	Interval: <input type="text"/> second	
Key Renegotiation Settings				
Renegotiation Interval:	<input type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input type="checkbox"/> Unlimited	<input type="text"/> 30	minutes
Renegotiation Method:	<input type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input type="radio"/> None	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SSL	<input type="radio"/> New tunnel
Dead Peer Detection				
Gateway Side Detection:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable	Interval: <input type="text"/>	second
Client Side Detection:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inherit	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable	Interval: <input type="text"/>	second

OK **Cancel** **Help**

按一下「OK」，然後按一下「Apply」。

Configuration > VPN > General > Group Policy

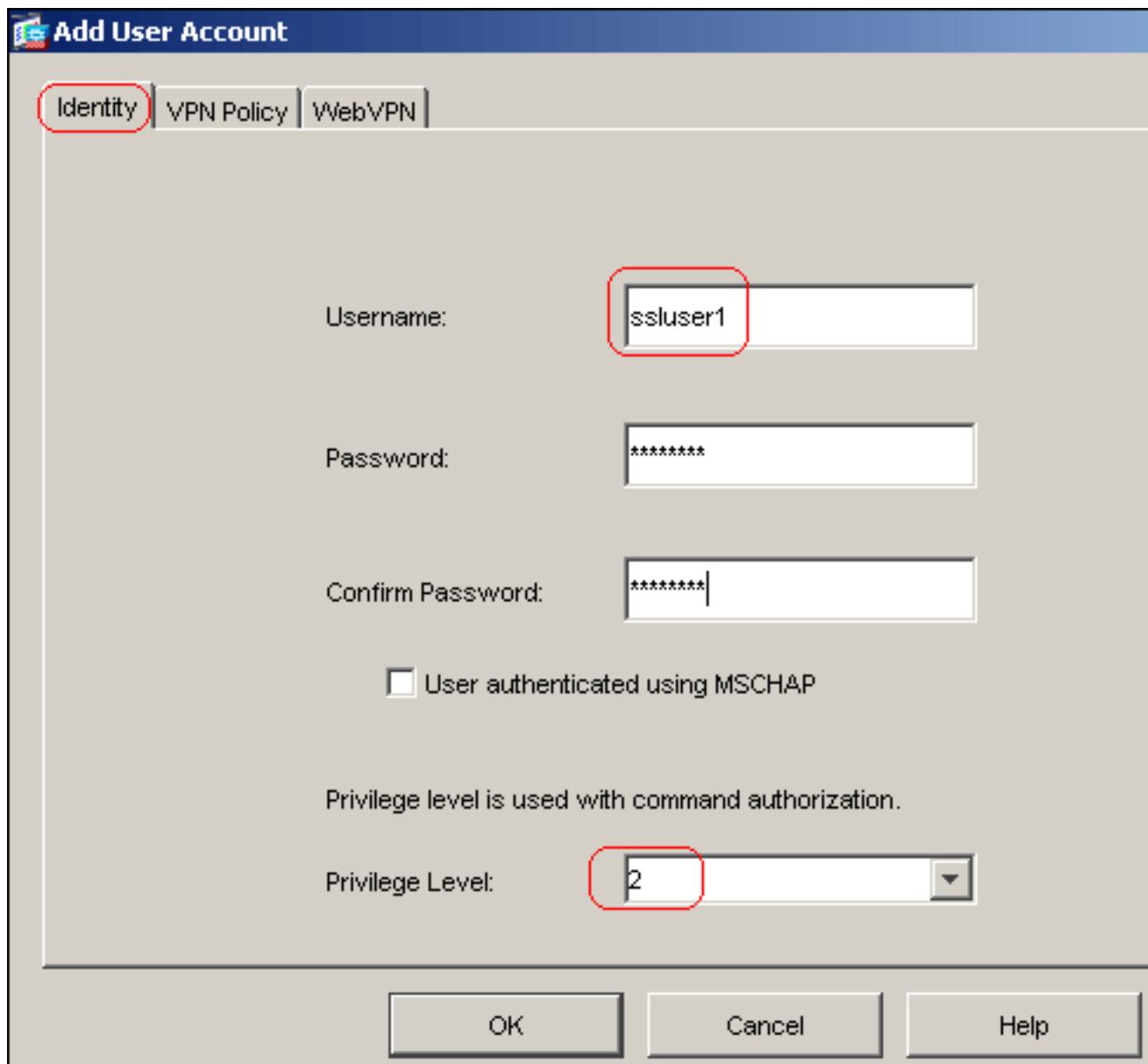
Group Policy

Manage VPN group policies. A VPN group policy is a collection of user-oriented attribute/value may be stored internally on the device or externally on a RADIUS server. The group policy info referenced by VPN tunnel groups and user accounts.

Name	Type	Tunneling Protocol	AAA Server Group
clientgroup	Internal	webvpn	-- N/A --
DftGrpPolicy (System Defa...	Internal	L2TP-IPSec,IPSec	-- N/A --

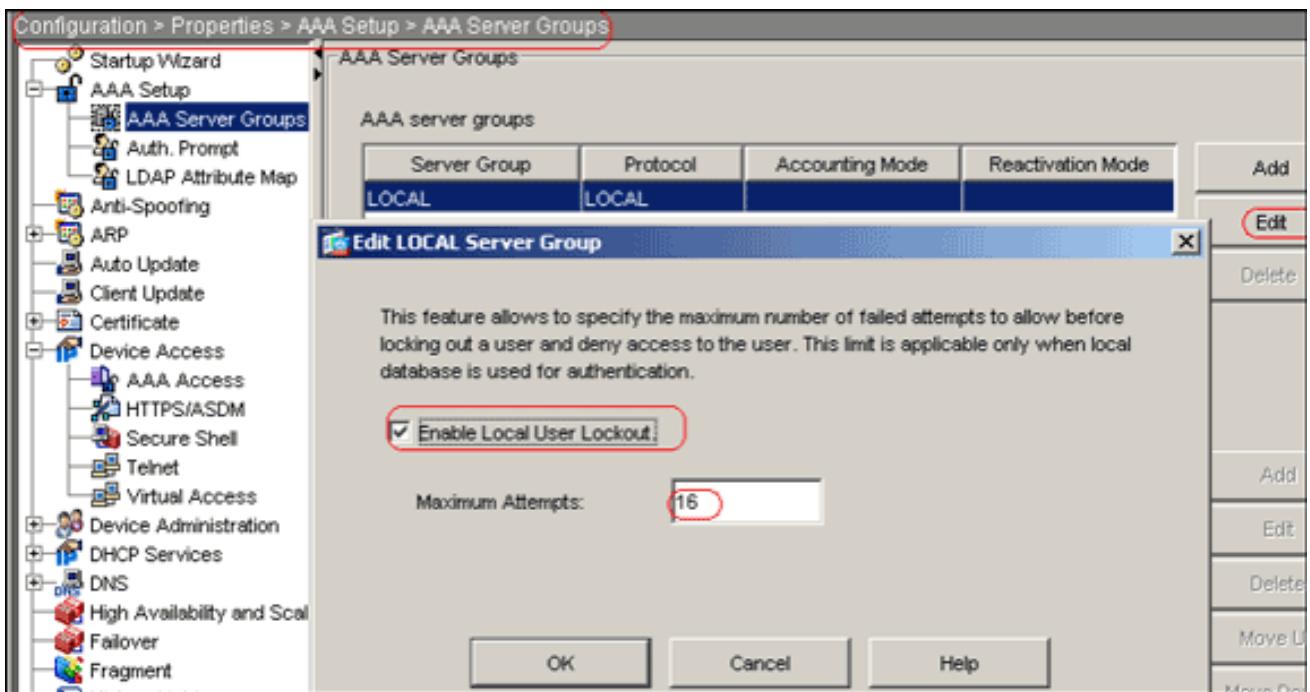
注意：以下是等效的CLI配置命令：

7. 選擇Configuration > VPN > General > Users > Add以建立新的使用者帳戶ssluser1。
8. 按一下「OK」，然後按一下「Apply」。



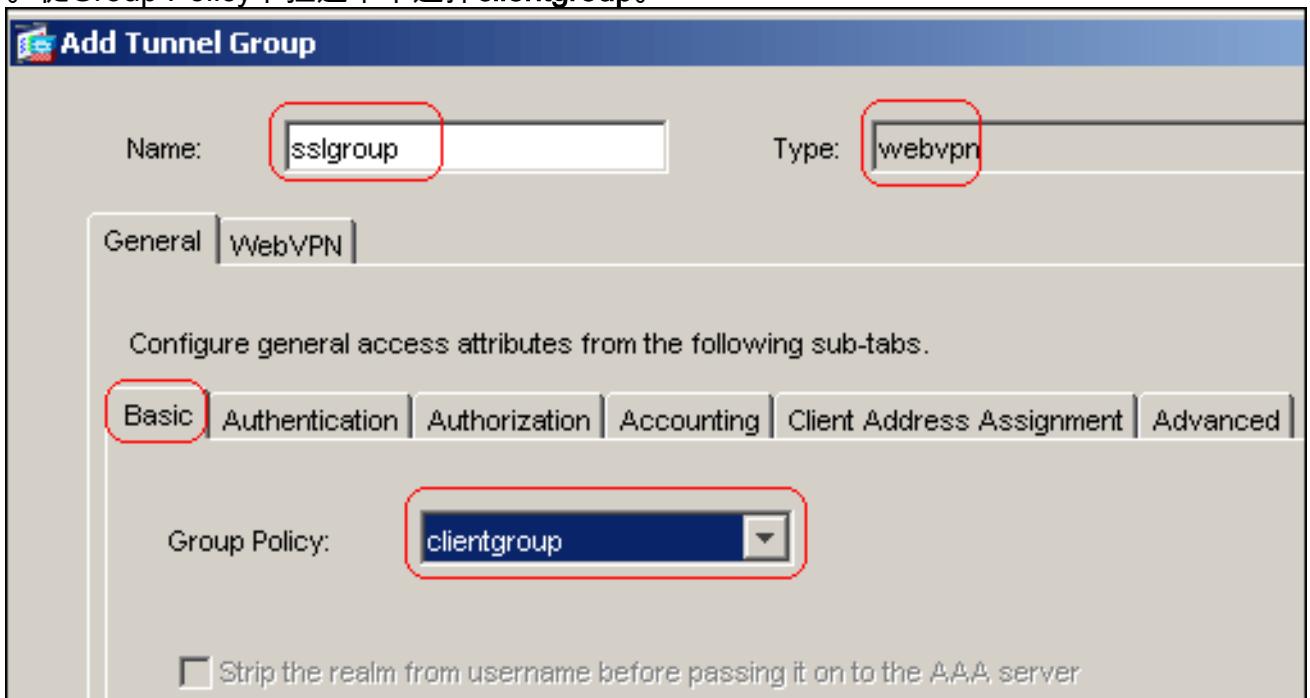
注意：以下是等效的CLI命令：

9. 選擇Configuration > Properties > AAA Setup > AAA Servers Groups > Edit。
10. 選擇預設伺服器組LOCAL，然後按一下Edit。
11. 在「編輯本地伺服器組」對話方塊中，按一下啟用本地使用者鎖定覈取方塊，然後在「最大嘗試次數」文本框中輸入16。
12. 按一下「OK」（確定）。



注意：以下是等效的CLI命令：

13. 配置隧道組：選擇Configuration > VPN > General > Tunnel Group > Add(WebVPN access)，以建立一個名為sslgroup的新隧道組。按一下General頁籤，然後按一下Basic頁籤。從Group Policy下拉選單中選擇clientgroup。



按一下Client Address Assignment頁籤，然後按一下Add以分配可用地址池vpnpool。

Add Tunnel Group

Name:	sslgroup	Type:	webvpn
<input checked="" type="radio"/> General <input type="radio"/> WebVPN			
Configure general access attributes from the following sub-tabs.			
<input type="radio"/> Basic <input type="radio"/> Authentication <input type="radio"/> Authorization <input type="radio"/> Accounting <input checked="" type="radio"/> Client Address Assignment <input type="radio"/> Advanced			
To specify whether to use DHCP or address pools for address assignment, go to Configuration > VPN > IP Address Management > Assignment.			
DHCP Servers			
IP Address: <input type="text"/>		<input type="button" value="Add >>"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/>	
Address Pools			
To configure interface-specific address pools, go to the Advanced tab.			
Available Pools 		<input type="button" value="Add >>"/>	Assigned pools

按一下**WebVPN**頁籤，然後按一下**Group Aliases and URLs**頁籤。在引數框中鍵入別名，然後按一下**Add**將其新增到「登入」頁面上的組名清單中。

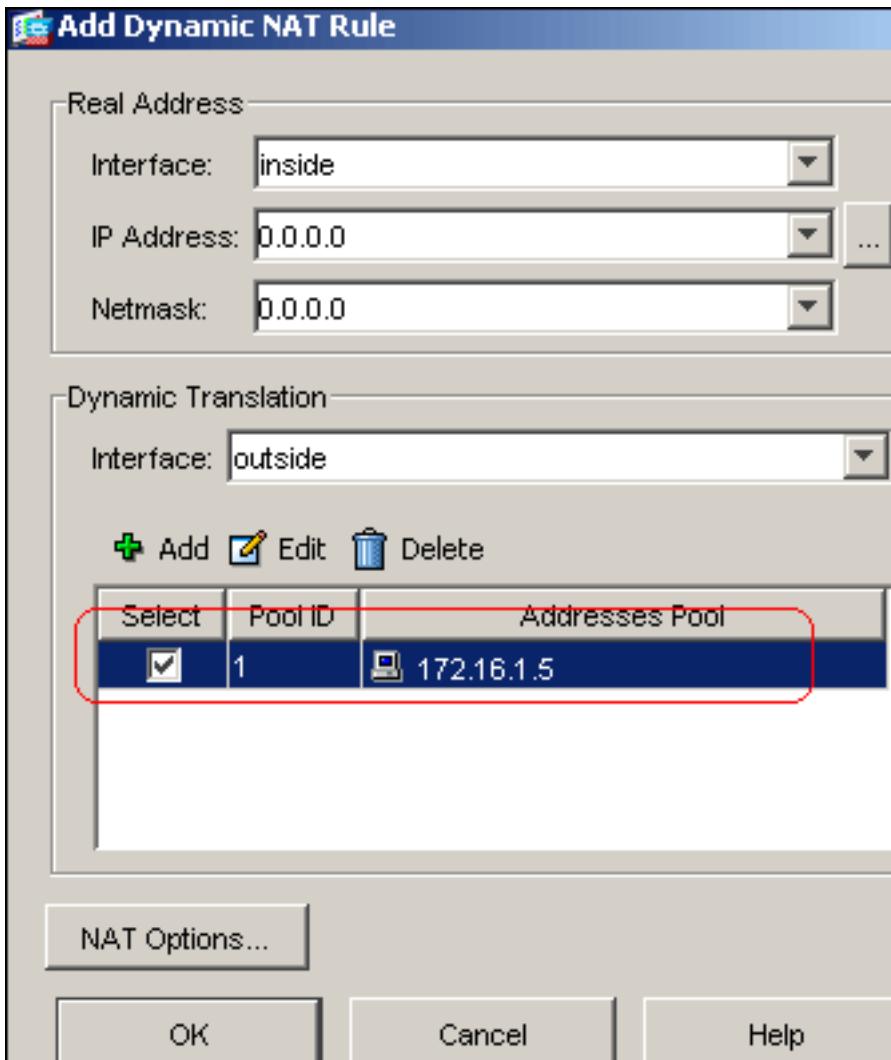
General **WebVPN**

Configure WebVPN access attributes from the following sub-tabs.

<input type="radio"/> Basic	<input type="radio"/> NetBIOS Servers	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Group Aliases and URLs	<input type="radio"/> Web Page				
Group Aliases							
Alias: <input type="text"/>		<input type="button" value="Add >>"/> <input type="button" value="<< Remove"/>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Alias</th> <th>Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>sslgroup_users</td> <td>enable</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Alias	Status	sslgroup_users	enable
Alias	Status						
sslgroup_users	enable						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable							

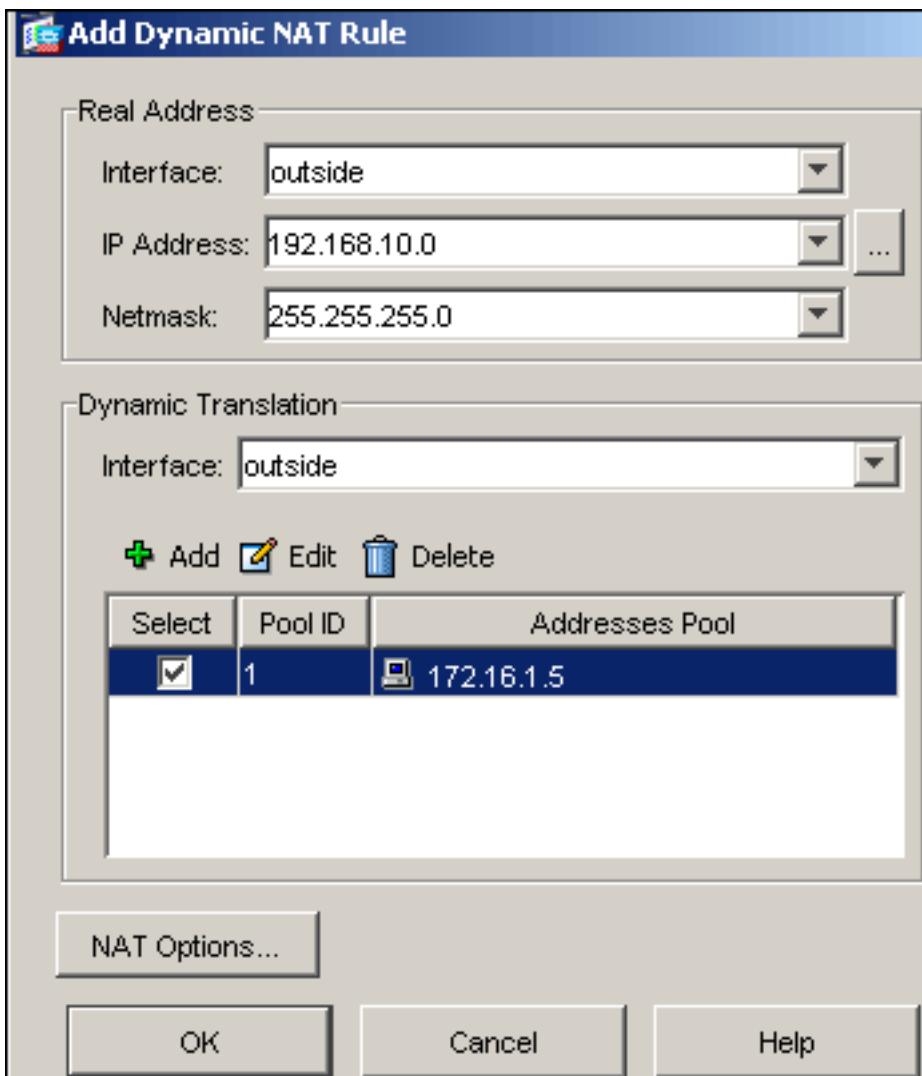
按一下「OK」，然後按一下「Apply」。注意：以下是等效的CLI配置命令：

14. 配置NAT:選擇Configuration > NAT > Add > Add Dynamic NAT Rule，以允許使用外部IP地址172.16.1.5轉換來自內部網路的流量。



按一下「OK」（確定）。選

擇 Configuration > NAT > Add > Add Dynamic NAT Rule，以允許使用外部IP地址
172.16.1.5轉換來自外部網路192.168.10.0的流量。



按一下「OK」（確定）。

Configuration > NAT						
		Add	Edit	Delete	Find	Rule Diagram
No	Type	Real		Translated		
		Source	Destination	Interface	Address	
inside						
1	Dynamic	any	any	outside	172.16.1.5	
outside						
1	Dynamic	192.168.10.0/24	any	outside	172.16.1.5	

按一下「Apply」。注意：以下是等效的CLI配置命令：

[ASA 7.2\(2\)CLI配置](#)

Cisco ASA 7.2(2)

```
ciscoasa#show running-config
: Saved
:
ASA Version 7.2(2)
!
hostname ciscoasa
enable password 8Ry2YjIyt7RRXU24 encrypted
names
!
```

```

interface Ethernet0/0
  nameif inside
  security-level 100
  ip address 10.77.241.142 255.255.255.192
!
interface Ethernet0/1
  nameif outside
  security-level 0
  ip address 172.16.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Ethernet0/2
  shutdown
  no nameif
  no security-level
  no ip address
!
interface Ethernet0/3
  shutdown
  no nameif
  no security-level
  no ip address
!
interface Management0/0
  shutdown
  no nameif
  no security-level
  no ip address
!
passwd 2KFQnbNIdI.2KYOU encrypted
ftp mode passive
same-security-traffic permit intra-interface

!--- Command that permits the SSL VPN traffic to enter
!--- and exit the same interface. access-list 100
extended permit icmp any any pager lines 24 mtu inside
1500 mtu outside 1500 ip local pool vpnpool
192.168.10.1-192.168.10.254

!--- The address pool for the SSL VPN Clients. no
failover icmp unreachable rate-limit 1 burst-size 1 asdm
image disk0:/asdm-522.bin no asdm history enable arp
timeout 14400 global (outside) 1 172.16.1.5

!--- The global address for Internet access used by VPN
Clients. !--- Note: Uses an RFC 1918 range for lab
setup. !--- Apply an address from your public range
provided by your ISP. nat (inside) 1 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0

!--- The NAT statement to define what to encrypt !---
(the addresses from vpn-pool). nat (outside) 1
192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0

access-group 100 in interface outside
route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.16.1.2 1
timeout xlate 3:00:00
timeout conn 1:00:00 half-closed 0:10:00 udp 0:02:00
icmp 0:00:02
timeout sunrpc 0:10:00 h323 0:05:00 h225 1:00:00 mgcp
0:05:00 mgcp-pat 0:05:0
timeout sip 0:30:00 sip_media 0:02:00 sip-invite 0:03:00
sip-disconnect 0:02:
timeout uauth 0:05:00 absolute
group-policy clientgroup internal

```

```

!--- Create an internal group policy "clientgroup."
group-policy clientgroup attributes
vpn-tunnel-protocol webvpn

!--- Enable webvpn as tunneling protocol. split-tunnel-
policy tunnelall

!--- Encrypt all the traffic coming from the SSL VPN
Clients. webvpn
    svc required

!--- Activate the SVC under webvpn mode svc keep-
installer installed

!--- When the security appliance and the SVC perform a
rekey, they renegotiate !--- the crypto keys and
initialization vectors, increasing the security of !---
the connection. svc rekey time 30

--- Command that specifies the number of minutes from
the start of the !--- session until the rekey takes
place, from 1 to 10080 (1 week). svc rekey method ssl

!--- Command that specifies that SSL renegotiation takes
place during SVC rekey. username ssluser1 password
ZRhW85jZqEaVd5P. encrypted

!--- Create an user account "ssluser1." aaa local
authentication attempts max-fail 16

!--- Enable the AAA local authentication. http server
enable http 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 inside no snmp-server
location no snmp-server contact snmp-server enable traps
snmp authentication linkup linkdown coldstart tunnel-
group sslgroup type webvpn

!--- Create a tunnel group "sslgp" with type as
WebVPN. tunnel-group sslgp general-attributes
address-pool vpnpool

!--- Associate the address pool vpnpool created.
default-group-policy clientgroup

!--- Associate the group policy "clientgroup" created.
tunnel-group sslgp webvpn-attributes

group-alias sslgp_users enable

!--- Configure the group alias as sslgp-users. telnet
timeout 5 ssh timeout 5 console timeout 0 ! class-map
inspection_default match default-inspection-traffic ! !
policy-map type inspect dns preset_dns_map parameters
message-length maximum 512 policy-map global_policy
class inspection_default inspect dns preset_dns_map
inspect ftp inspect h323 h225 inspect h323 ras inspect
netbios inspect rsh inspect rtsp inspect skinny inspect
esmtp inspect sqlnet inspect sunrpc inspect tftp inspect
sip inspect xdmcp ! service-policy global_policy global
webvpn
enable outside

!--- Enable WebVPN on the outside interface. svc image
disk0:/sslclient-win-1.1.4.179.pkg 1

```

```

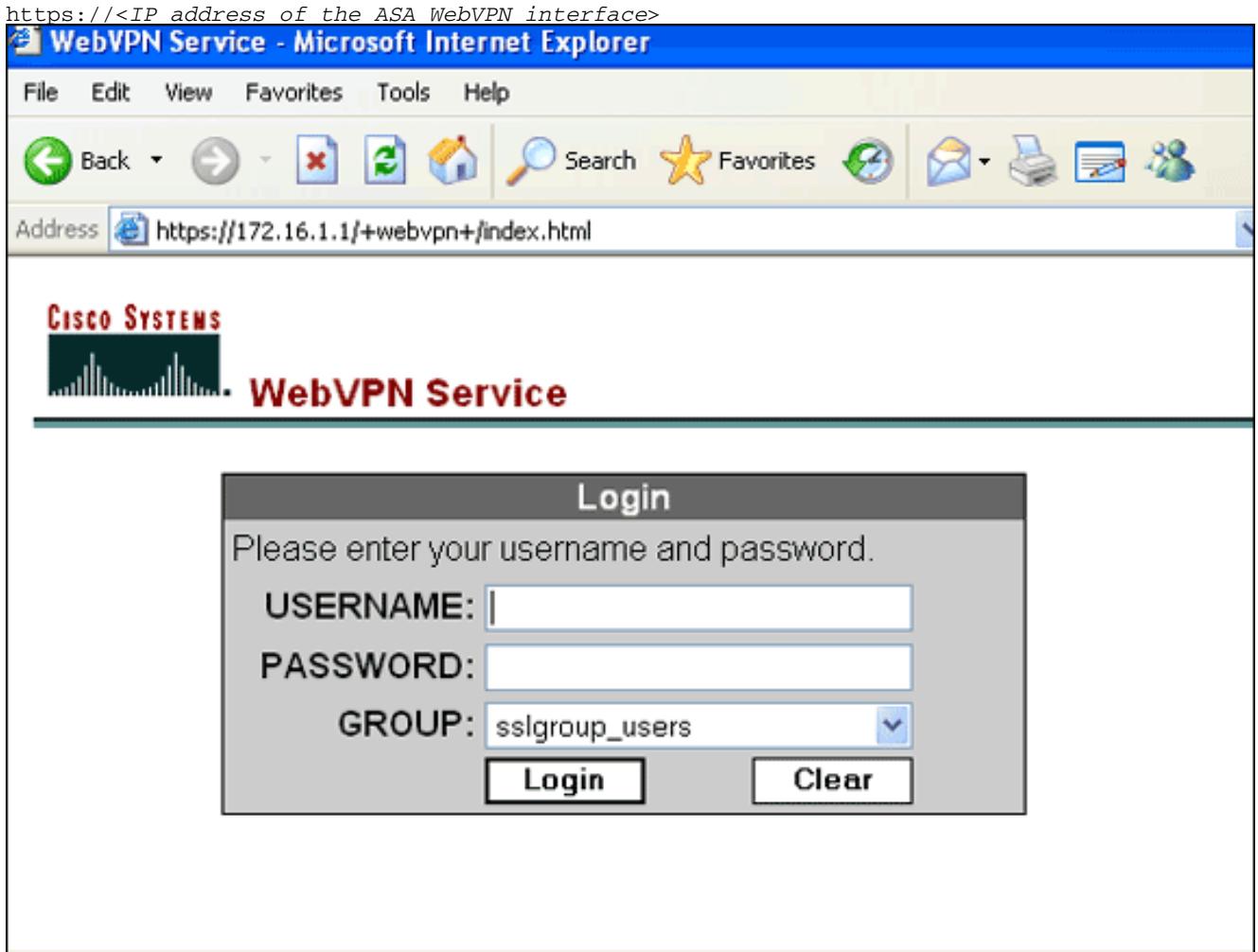
!---- Assign an order to the SVC image. svc enable
!---- Enable the security appliance to download SVC
images to remote computers. tunnel-group-list enable
!---- Enable the display of the tunnel-group list on the
WebVPN Login page. prompt hostname context
Cryptochecksum:d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e : end
ciscoasa#

```

使用SVC建立SSL VPN連線

完成以下步驟，以便與ASA建立SSL VPN連線。

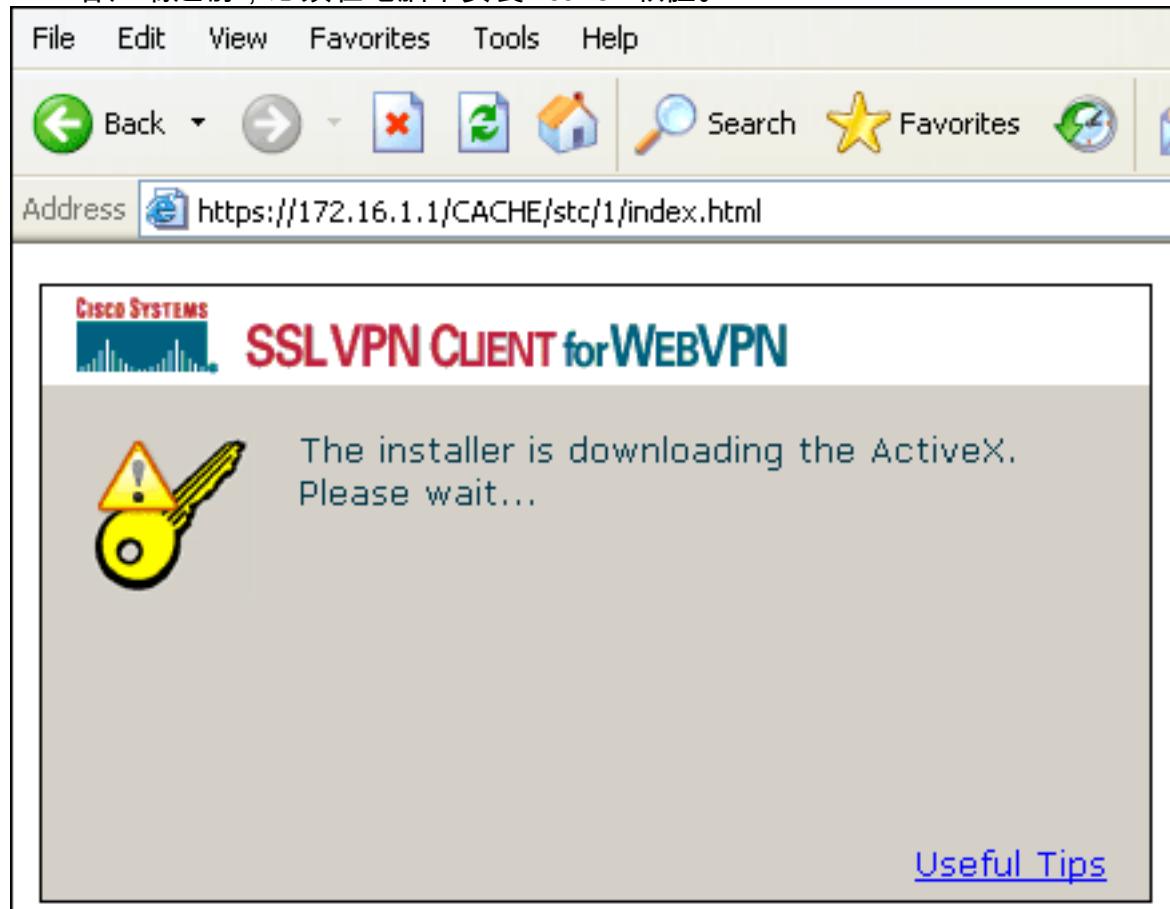
1. 在Web瀏覽器的Address欄位中鍵入ASA WebVPN介面的URL或IP地址。例如：



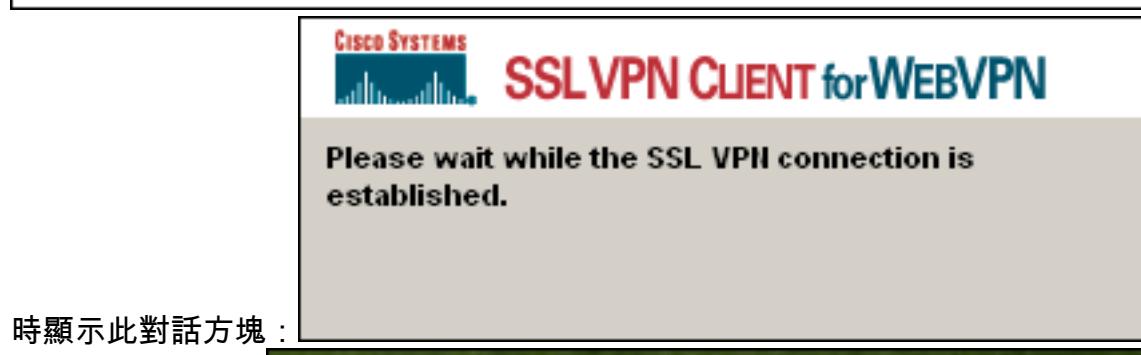
2. 輸入使用者名稱和密碼，然後從「組」下拉選單中選擇相應的組。

注意：下載SSL

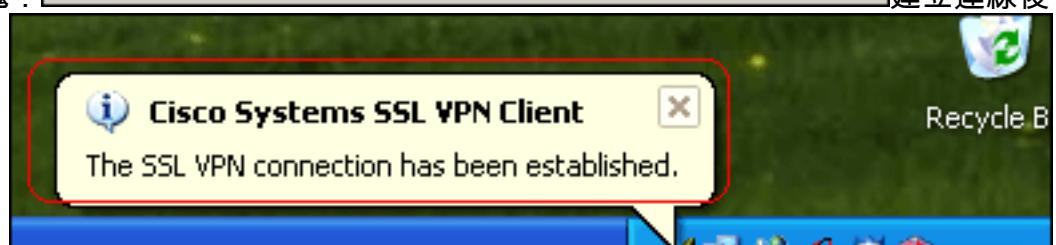
VPN客戶端之前，必須在電腦中安裝ActiveX軟體。



建立連線

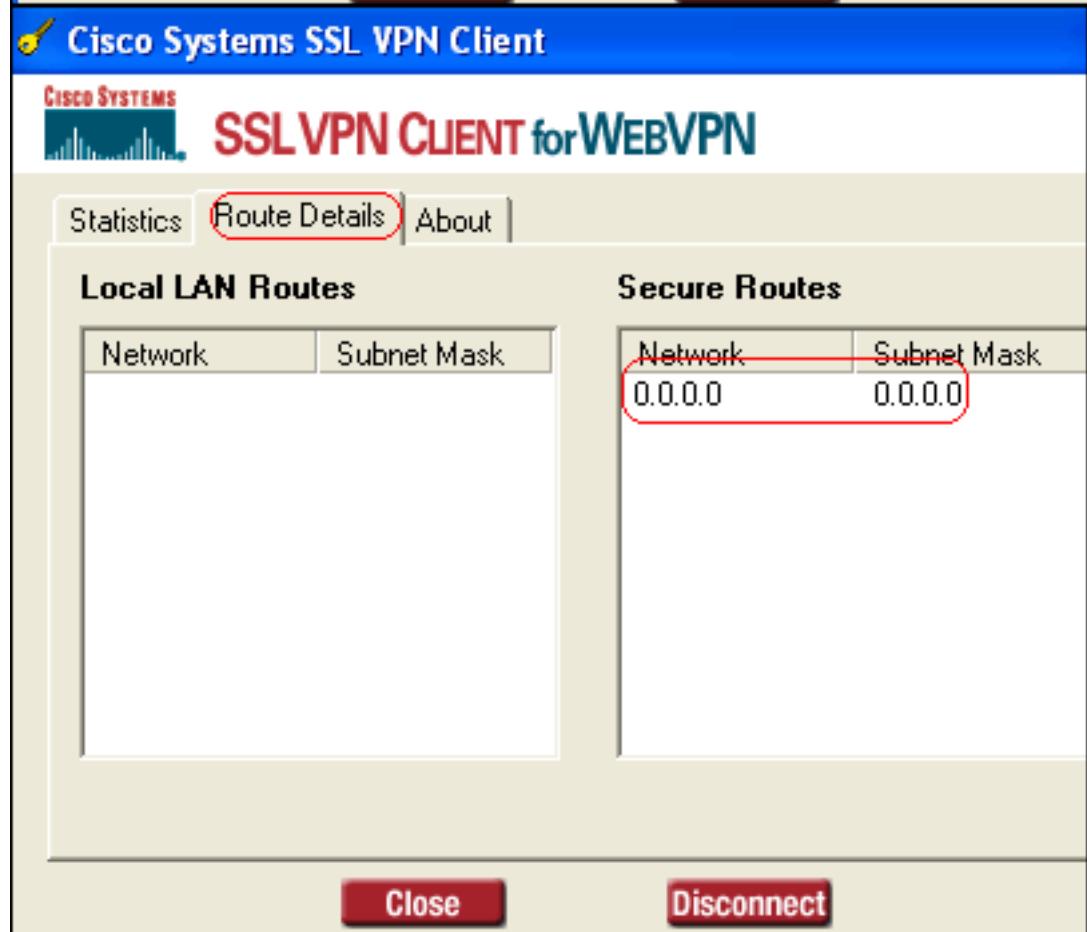
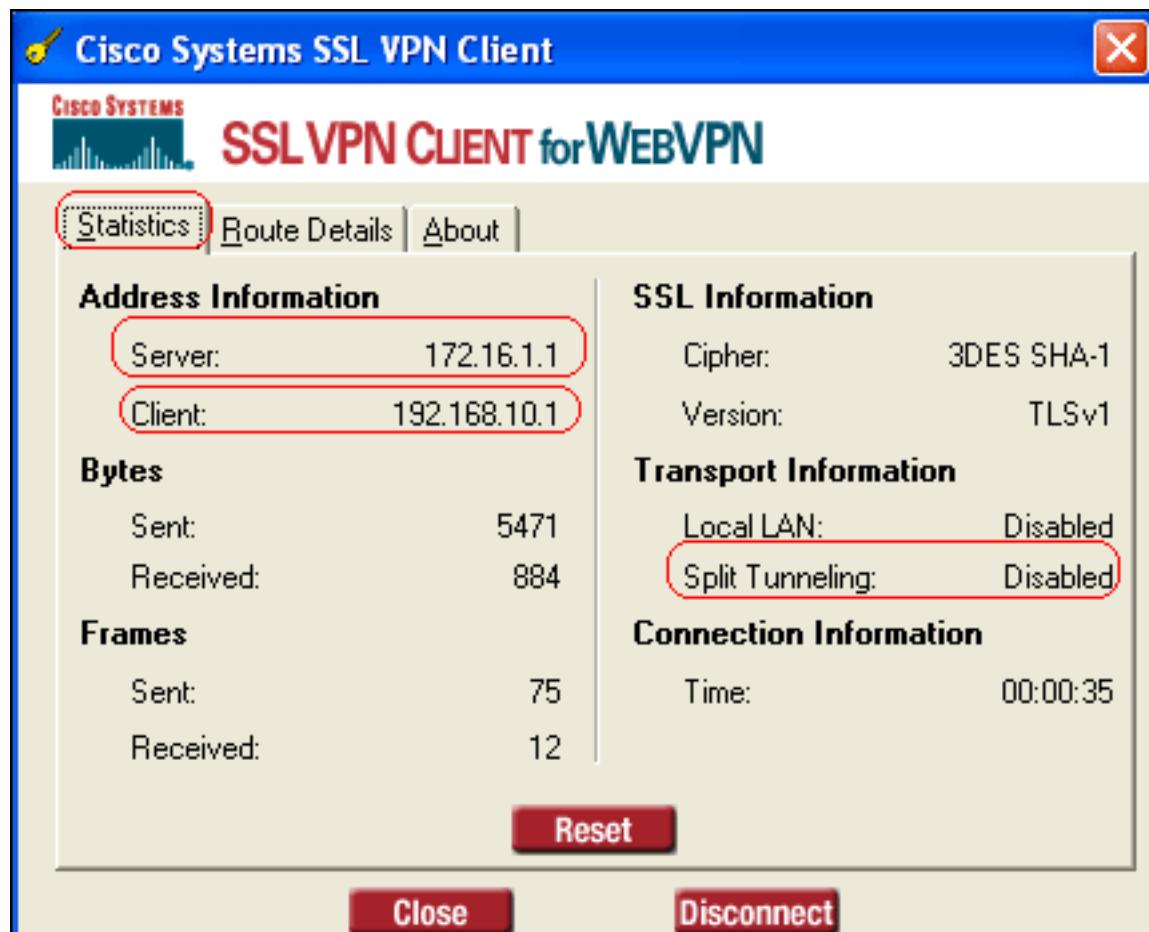


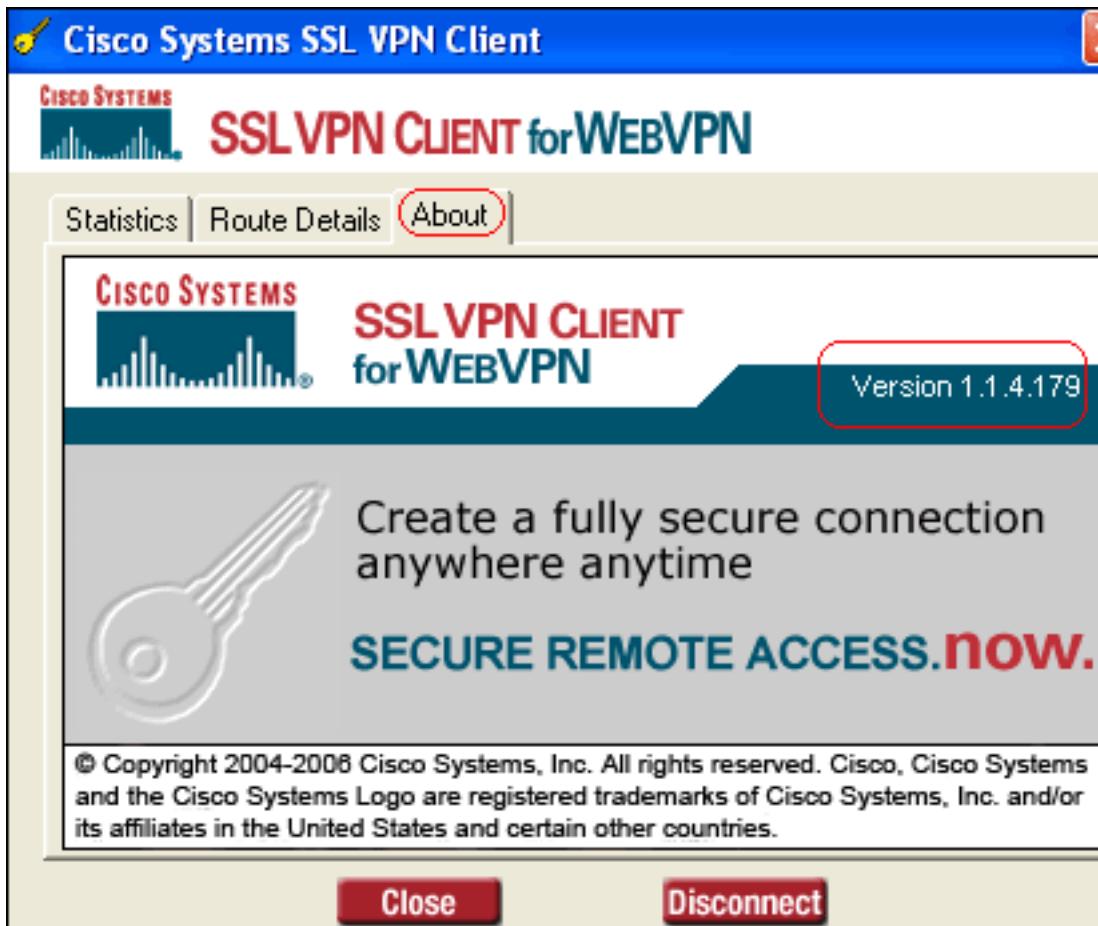
建立連線後



將顯示以下消息：

3. 建立連線後，按兩下電腦工作列中出現的黃色按鍵圖示。Cisco Systems SSL VPN Client對話方塊顯示有關SSL連線的資訊。





驗證

使用本節內容，確認您的組態是否正常運作。

[輸出直譯器工具](#)(僅供[已註冊](#)客戶使用)(OIT)支援某些**show**命令。使用OIT檢視**show**命令輸出的分析。

- **show webvpn svc** — 顯示儲存在ASA快閃記憶體中的SVC映像。

```
ciscoasa#show webvpn svc
1. disk0:/sslclient-win-1.1.4.179.pkg 1
  CISCO STC win2k+ 1.0.0
  1,1,4,179
  Fri 01/18/2008 15:19:49.43

  1 SSL VPN Client(s) installed
```

- **show vpn-sessiondb svc** — 顯示有關當前SSL連線的資訊。

```
ciscoasa#show vpn-sessiondb svc

Session Type: SVC

Username      : ssluser1
Index         : 1
Assigned IP   : 192.168.10.1          Public IP     : 192.168.1.1
Protocol      : SVC                  Encryption   : 3DES
Hashing       : SHA1
Bytes Tx      : 131813                Bytes Rx     : 5082
Client Type   : Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; SV1)
Client Ver    : Cisco Systems SSL VPN Client 1, 1, 4, 179
Group Policy  : clientgroup
```

```

Tunnel Group : sslgroup
Login Time   : 12:38:47 UTC Mon Mar 17 2008
Duration     : 0h:00m:53s
Filter Name  :

```

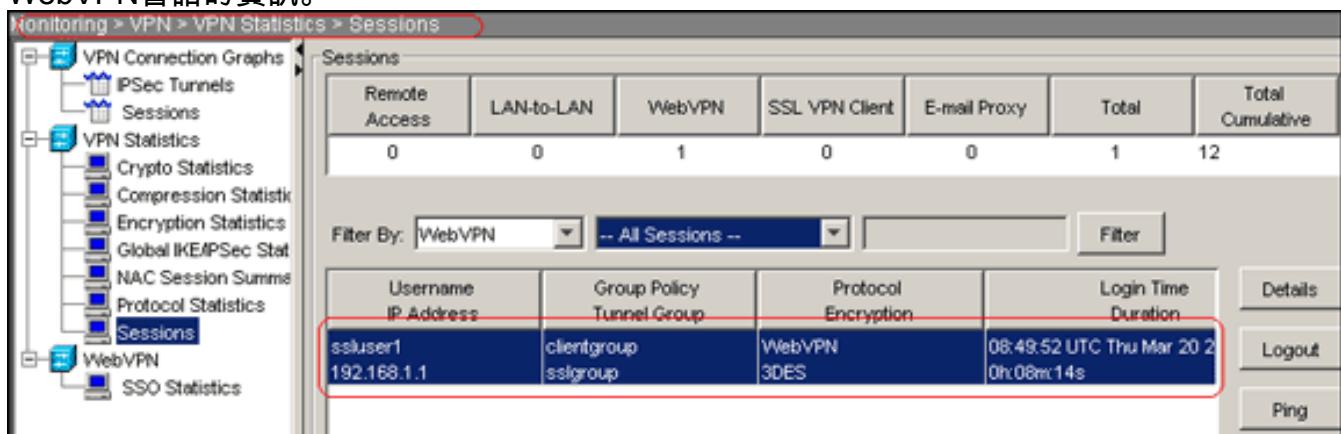
- **show webvpn group-alias** — 顯示各種組的已配置別名。

```

ciscoasa#show webvpn group-alias
Tunnel Group: sslgroup Group Alias: sslgroup_users enabled

```

- 在ASDM中，選擇**Monitoring > VPN > VPN Statistics > Sessions**以檢視有關ASA中當前WebVPN會話的資訊。



疑難排解

本節提供的資訊可用於對組態進行疑難排解。

- **vpn-sessiondb logoff name <username>** — 允許您註銷指定使用者名稱的SSL VPN會話。

```

ciscoasa#vpn-sessiondb logoff name ssluser1
Called vpn_remove_uauth: success!
webvpn_svc_np_tear_down: no ACL
INFO: Number of sessions with name "ssluser1" logged off : 1

```

同樣，您可以使用命令**vpn-sessiondb logoff svc**來終止所有SVC會話。注意：如果PC進入待機或休眠模式，SSL VPN連線可以終止。

```

webvpn_rx_data_cstp
webvpn_rx_data_cstp: got message
SVC message: t/s=5/16: Client PC is going into suspend mode (Sleep, Hibernate, etc)
Called vpn_remove_uauth: success!
webvpn_svc_np_tear_down: no ACL

```

```

ciscoasa#show vpn-sessiondb svc
INFO: There are presently no active sessions

```

- **Debug webvpn svc <1-255>** — 提供即時WebVPN事件以建立會話。

```
Ciscoasa#debug webvpn svc 7
```

```

ATTR_CISCO_AV_PAIR: got SVC ACL: -1
webvpn_rx_data_tunnel_connect
CSTP state = HEADER_PROCESSING
http_parse_cstp_method()
...input: 'CONNECT /CSCOSSL/tunnel HTTP/1.1'
webvpn_cstp_parse_request_field()
...input: 'Host: 172.16.1.1'

```

```
Processing CSTP header line: 'Host: 172.16.1.1'
webvpn_cstp_parse_request_field()
...input: 'User-Agent: Cisco Systems SSL VPN Client 1, 1, 4, 179'
Processing CSTP header line: 'User-Agent: Cisco Systems SSL VPN Client 1, 1, 4,
179'
Setting user-agent to: 'Cisco Systems SSL VPN Client 1, 1, 4, 179'
webvpn_cstp_parse_request_field()
...input: 'X-CSTP-Version: 1'
Processing CSTP header line: 'X-CSTP-Version: 1'
Setting version to '1'
webvpn_cstp_parse_request_field()
...input: 'X-CSTP-Hostname: tacweb'
Processing CSTP header line: 'X-CSTP-Hostname: tacweb'
Setting hostname to: 'tacweb'
webvpn_cstp_parse_request_field()
...input: 'X-CSTP-Accept-Encoding: deflate;q=1.0'
Processing CSTP header line: 'X-CSTP-Accept-Encoding: deflate;q=1.0'
webvpn_cstp_parse_request_field()
...input: 'Cookie: webvpn=16885952@10@1205757506@D4886D33FBF1CF236DB5E8BE70B1486
D5BC554D2'
Processing CSTP header line: 'Cookie: webvpn=16885952@10@1205757506@D4886D33FBF1
CF236DB5E8BE70B1486D5BC554D2'
Found WebVPN cookie: 'webvpn=16885952@10@1205757506@D4886D33FBF1CF236DB5E8BE70B1
486D5BC554D2'
WebVPN Cookie: 'webvpn=16885952@10@1205757506@D4886D33FBF1CF236DB5E8BE70B1486D5B
C554D2'
Validating address: 0.0.0.0
CSTP state = WAIT_FOR_ADDRESS
webvpn_cstp_accept_address: 192.168.10.1/0.0.0.0
CSTP state = HAVE_ADDRESS
No subnetmask... must calculate it
SVC: NP setup
webvpn_svc_np_setup
SVC ACL Name: NULL
SVC ACL ID: -1
SVC ACL ID: -1
vpn_put_uauth success!
SVC: adding to sessmgmt
SVC: Sending response
CSTP state = CONNECTED
```

- 在ASDM中，選擇**Monitoring > Logging > Real-time Log Viewer > View**以檢視即時事件。這些示例顯示了通過ASA 172.16.1.5在Internet中的SVC 192.168.10.1和Web伺服器10.2.2.2之間的會話資訊。

Real-time Log Viewer

The screenshot shows a software interface titled "Real-time Log Viewer". At the top, there's a menu bar with options like "Resume", "Copy", "Save", "Clear", "Color Settings", "Create Rule", "Show Rule", "Show Details", and "Help". Below the menu is a toolbar with buttons for "Filter", "Show All", and "Find". A search bar is also present. The main area is a table with columns: "ID", "Source IP", "Destination IP", and "Description". The "Description" column contains log messages such as "No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/138 dst inside:192.168.10.255/138" and "Built inbound TCP connection 1902 for outside:192.168.10.1/1100 (172.16.1.5/1025) to outside:10.2.2.2/80 (10.2.2.2/80) (ssluser1)". One specific log entry is highlighted with a red border. At the bottom of the window, there's a message: "Please select a syslog entry to see the explanation". Below this, there are tabs for "Explanation", "Recommended Action", and "Details". At the very bottom, there's a legend for log levels: "Emergencies" (red), "Alerts" (orange), "Critical" (yellow), "Errors" (green), "Warnings" (blue), "Notifications" (purple), "Informational" (pink), and "Debugging" (light blue).

ID	Source IP	Destination IP	Description
	192.168.10.255		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/138 dst inside:192.168.10.255/138
	10.77.244.193		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/1027 dst inside:10.77.244.193/53
	10.77.244.193		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/1028 dst inside:10.77.244.193/53
	192.168.10.1	10.2.2.2	Built inbound TCP connection 1902 for outside:192.168.10.1/1100 (172.16.1.5/1025) to outside:10.2.2.2/80 (10.2.2.2/80) (ssluser1)
	192.168.10.1	172.16.1.5	Built dynamic TCP translation from outside:192.168.10.1/1100 to outside:172.16.1.5/1025
	192.168.10.255		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/138 dst inside:192.168.10.255/138
	10.77.244.193		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/1027 dst inside:10.77.244.193/53
	10.77.244.193		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/1028 dst inside:10.77.244.193/53
	10.77.244.193		No translation group found for udp src outside:192.168.10.1/1027 dst inside:10.77.244.193/53

Please select a syslog entry to see the explanation

Explanation Recommended Action Details

● Emergencies ● Alerts ● Critical ● Errors ● Warnings ● Notifications ● Informational ● Debugging

相關資訊

- [Cisco 5500系列調適型安全裝置支援頁面](#)
- [單臂公共網際網路VPN的PIX/ASA 7.x和VPN客戶端配置示例](#)
- [帶ASDM的ASA上的SSL VPN客戶端\(SVC\)配置示例](#)
- [技術支援與文件 - Cisco Systems](#)