

使用TLSVERIFY排除TLS傳送問題

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簡介

本文檔介紹如何使用TLSVERIFY排除TLS傳送問題。

與思科郵件安全裝置(ESA)上的郵件處理相關，您可能看到TLS未傳送或返回錯誤或警報。

在裝置的CLI上，使用`tlsverify`測試從裝置到外部域的TLS通訊。

```
mail3.example.com> tlsverify
```

```
Enter the TLS domain to verify against:
```

```
[ ]> example.com
```

```
Enter the destination host to connect to. Append the port  
(example.com:26) if you are not connecting on port 25:
```

```
[example.com]> mxe.example.com:25
```

```
Connecting to 1.1.1.1 on port 25.
```

```
Connected to 1.1.1.1 from interface 10.10.10.10.
```

```
Checking TLS connection.
```

```
TLS connection established: protocol TLSv1, cipher RC4-SHA.
```

```
Verifying peer certificate.
```

```
Verifying certificate common name mxe.example.com.
```

```
TLS certificate match mxe.example.com
```

```
TLS certificate verified.
```

```
TLS connection to 1.1.1.1 succeeded.
```

```
TLS successfully connected to mxe.example.com.
```

```
TLS verification completed.
```

`tlsverify`命令的上述輸出顯示了從此裝置到IP地址為1.1.1.1的目標的TLS驗證。

相關資訊

- [Cisco Email Security Appliance — 最終使用手冊](#)
- [技術支援與文件 - Cisco Systems](#)