

在ASA後查詢其公有IP地址的主機之間的LAN通訊

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簡介

本文檔描述了不同的網路實施，從這些實施中，在尋找自適應安全裝置(ASA)背後的公有IP地址的主機之間，需要允許區域網(LAN)通訊。

必要條件

需求

思科建議您瞭解以下主題：

- Cisco基本ASA NAT配置，版本8.3及更高版本。
- Cisco基本ASA NAT配置，版本8.2及更早版本。

採用元件

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本：

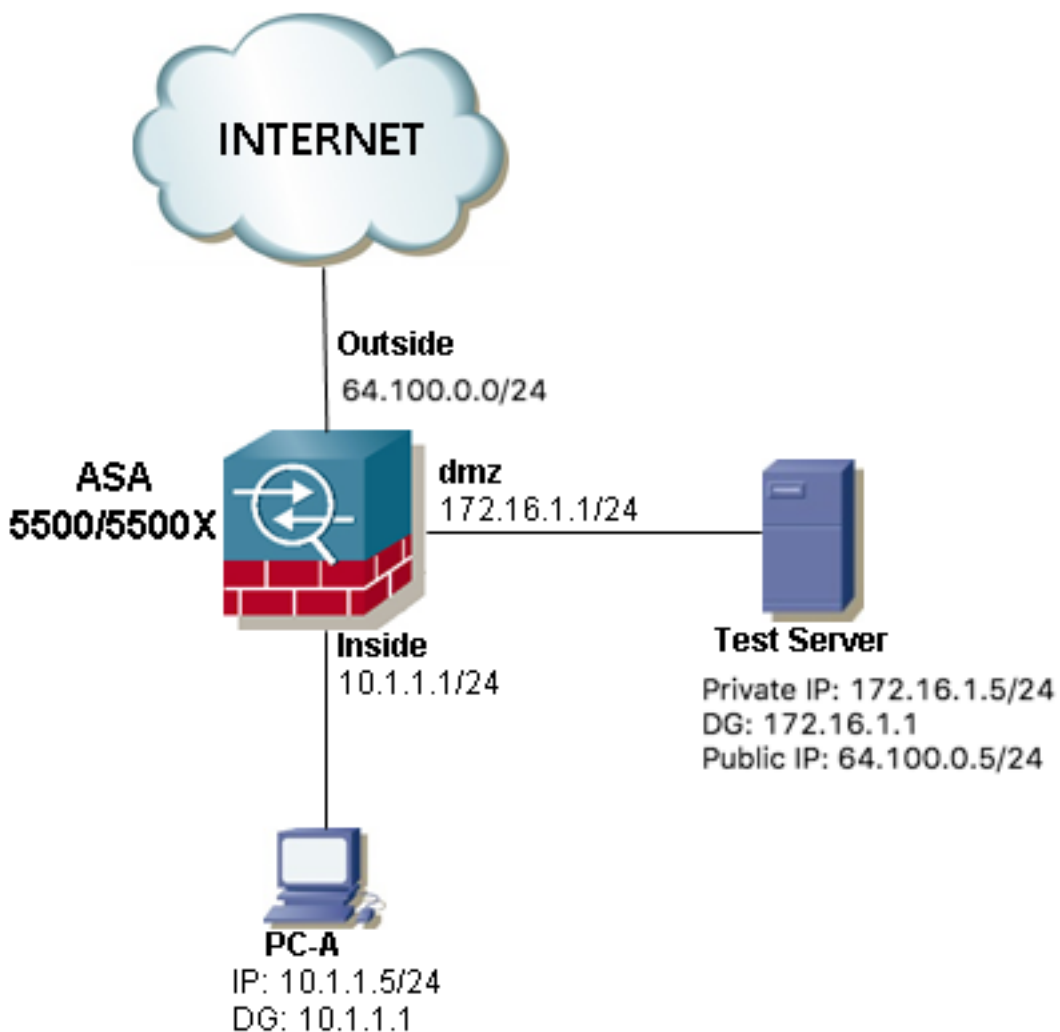
- ASA5500和ASA5500-X系列。
- Cisco ASA 8.3及更高版本。
- Cisco ASA 8.2及更低版本。

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除（預設）的組態來啟動。如果您的網路運作中，請確保您瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

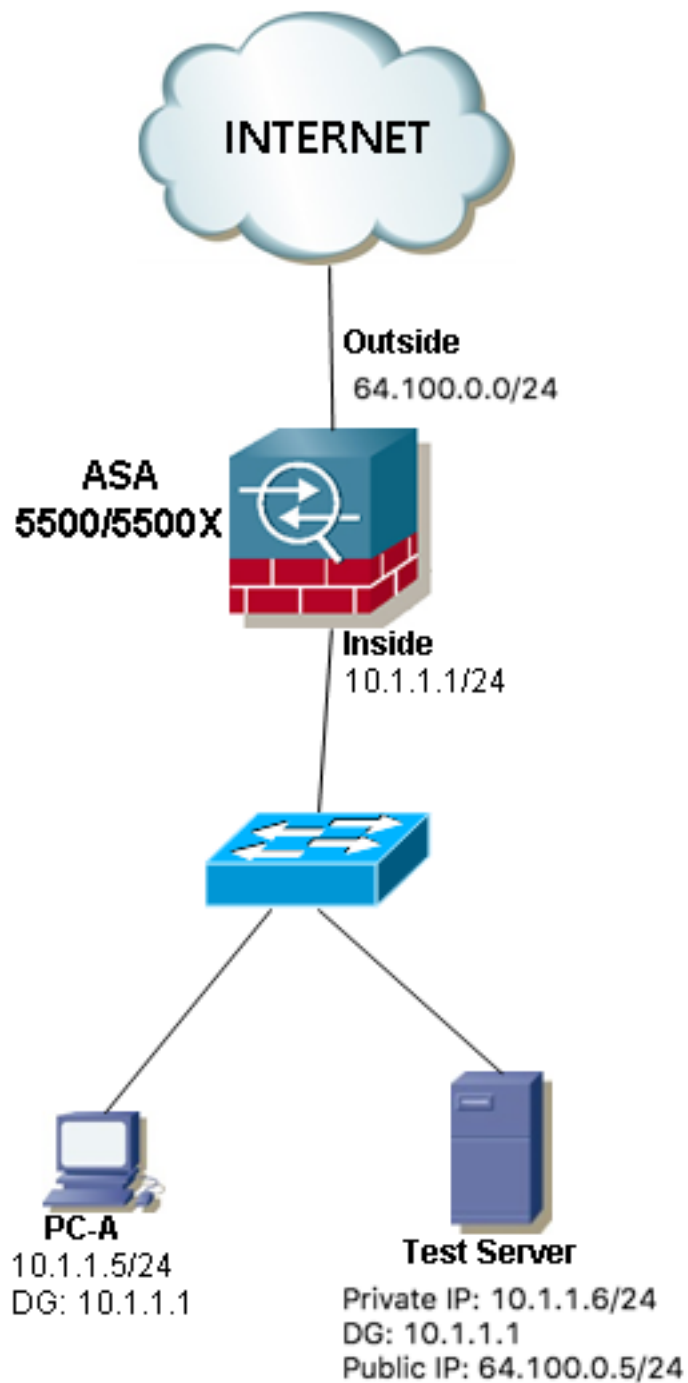
問題：在ASA後查詢其公共IP地址的主機之間的LAN通訊

在下一部分中，您可以看到三個拓撲示例，它們顯示了在ASA後面查詢公有IP地址的主機之間允許LAN通訊的此通訊要求。

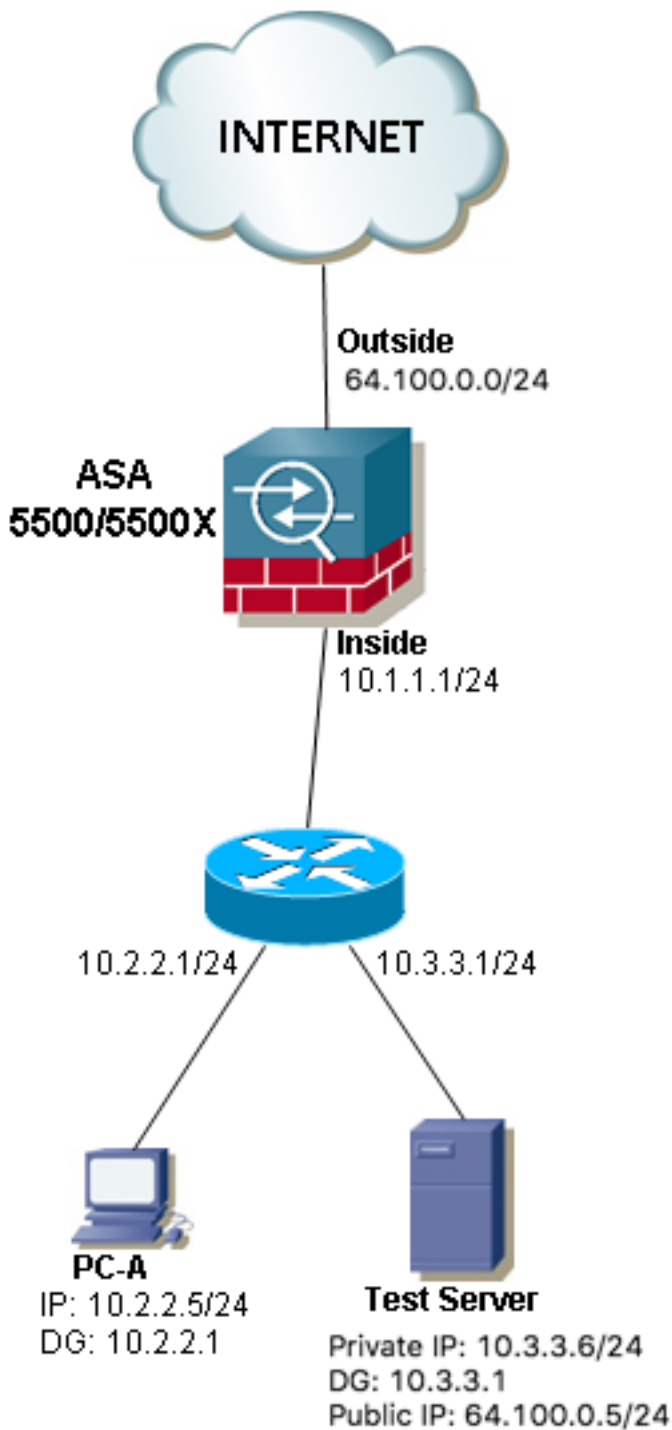
示例1.源主機PC-A連線到內部ASA介面，而目的主機Test Server連線到DMZ介面。



示例2.源主機和目的主機PC-A和測試伺服器連線到同一內部ASA介面。



示例3.源主機和目的主機PC-A和測試伺服器連線到內部ASA介面，但位於另一個第3層裝置（可以是路由器或多層交換機）的後面。



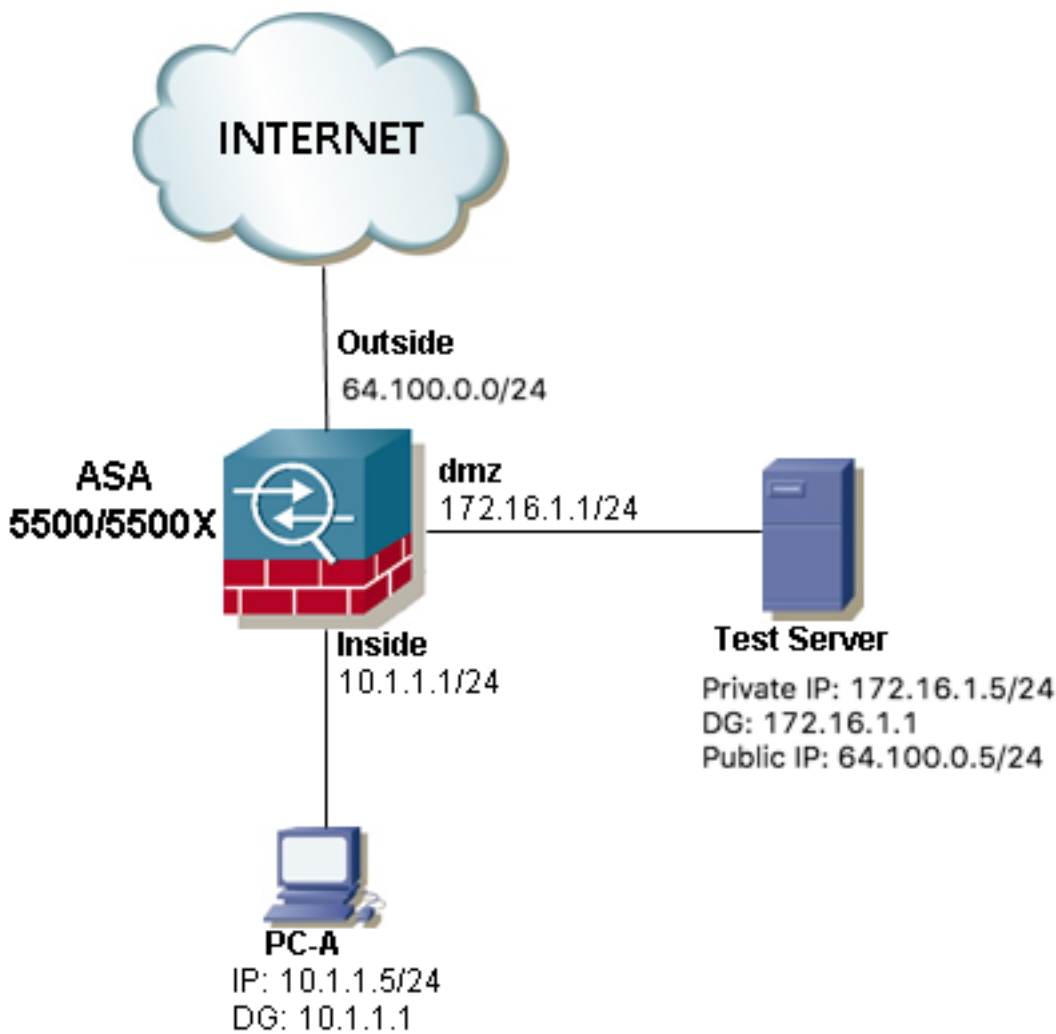
附註：三個映像中的**測試伺服器**在ASA中配置了靜態網路地址轉換(NAT)，此靜態NAT轉換從外部應用至對應的內部介面，以允許從外部使用公共IP地址64.100.0.5訪問測試伺服器，然後將其轉換為**測試伺服器**內部專用IP地址。

解決方案

為了允許源主機PC-A使用其公有IP地址而不是專用地址到達目標測試伺服器，我們需要應用兩次NAT配置。兩次NAT配置可幫助我們在流量通過ASA時轉換資料包的源IP地址和目標IP地址。

以下是每個拓撲所需的兩次nat配置的詳細資訊：

示例1.源主機PC-A連線到內部ASA介面，而目的主機Test Server連線到DMZ介面。



組態

用於ASA 8.3版及更高版本的兩次NAT:

```
object network obj-10.1.1.5
host 10.1.1.5

object network obj-172.16.1.5
host 172.16.1.5

object network obj-64.100.0.5
host 64.100.0.5

nat (inside,dmz) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-172.16.1.5
```

NOTE: After this NAT is applied in the ASA you will receive a warning message as the following:

WARNING: All traffic destined to the IP address of the outside interface is being redirected.
WARNING: Users may not be able to access any service enabled on the outside interface.

用於ASA 8.2及更舊版本的兩次NAT:

```
access-list IN-DMZ-INTERFACE extended permit ip host 10.1.1.5 host 64.100.0.5
static (inside,dmz) interface access-list IN-DMZ-INTERFACE
```

```
access-list DMZ-IN-INTERFACE extended permit ip host 172.16.1.5 host 172.16.1.1
static (dmz,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list DMZ-IN-INTERFACE
```

疑難排解

Packet Tracer 8.3版及更高版本：

```
ASA# packet-tracer input inside tcp 10.1.1.5 123 64.100.0.5 80
```

Phase: 1

Type: ACCESS-LIST

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Implicit Rule

Additional Information:

MAC Access list

Phase: 2

Type: UN-NAT

Subtype: static

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
nat (inside,dmz) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-172.16.1.5
```

Additional Information:

NAT divert to egress interface dmz

Untranslate 64.100.0.5/80 to 172.16.1.5/80

Phase: 3

Type: NAT

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
nat (inside,dmz) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-172.16.1.5
```

Additional Information:

Static translate 10.1.1.5/123 to 172.16.1.1/123

Phase: 4

Type: NAT

Subtype: per-session

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 5

Type: IP-OPTIONS

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 6

Type: NAT

Subtype: rpf-check

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
nat (inside,dmz) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-172.16.1.5
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 7

Type: NAT

Subtype: per-session

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 8

Type: IP-OPTIONS

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 9

Type: FLOW-CREATION

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

New flow created with id 167632, packet dispatched to next module

Result:

input-interface: inside

input-status: up

input-line-status: up

output-interface: dmz

output-status: up

output-line-status: up

Action: allow

Packet Tracer 8.2及更低版本输出 :

```
ASA#packet-tracer input inside tcp 10.1.1.5 123 64.100.0.5 80
```

Phase: 1

Type: UN-NAT

Subtype: static

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (dmz,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list DMZ-IN-INTERFACE
```

```
match ip dmz host 172.16.1.5 inside host 172.16.1.1
```

```
static translation to 64.100.0.5
```

```
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
```

Additional Information:

NAT divert to egress interface dmz

Untranslate 64.100.0.5/0 to 172.16.1.5/0 using netmask 255.255.255.255

Phase: 2

Type: IP-OPTIONS

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 3

Type: NAT

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (inside,dmz) interface access-list IN-DMZ-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.5 dmz host 64.100.0.5
static translation to 172.16.1.1
translate_hits = 1, untranslate_hits = 0
```

Additional Information:

Static translate 10.1.1.5/0 to 172.16.1.1/0 using netmask 255.255.255.255

Phase: 4

Type: NAT

Subtype: host-limits

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (inside,dmz) interface access-list IN-DMZ-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.5 dmz host 64.100.0.5
static translation to 172.16.1.1
translate_hits = 1, untranslate_hits = 0
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 5

Type: NAT

Subtype: rpf-check

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (dmz,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list DMZ-IN-INTERFACE
match ip dmz host 172.16.1.5 inside host 172.16.1.1
static translation to 64.100.0.5
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 6

Type: NAT

Subtype: host-limits

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (dmz,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list DMZ-IN-INTERFACE
match ip dmz host 172.16.1.5 inside host 172.16.1.1
static translation to 64.100.0.5
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 7

Type: IP-OPTIONS

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 8

Type: FLOW-CREATION

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

New flow created with id 503, packet dispatched to next module

Result:

input-interface: inside

input-status: up

input-line-status: up

output-interface: dmz

output-status: up

output-line-status: up

Action: allow

封包擷取：

```
ASA# sh cap
capture capin type raw-data interface inside [Capturing - 1300 bytes]
match ip host 10.1.1.5 host 64.100.0.5
capture capout type raw-data interface dmz [Capturing - 1300 bytes]
match ip host 172.16.1.1 host 172.16.1.5
```

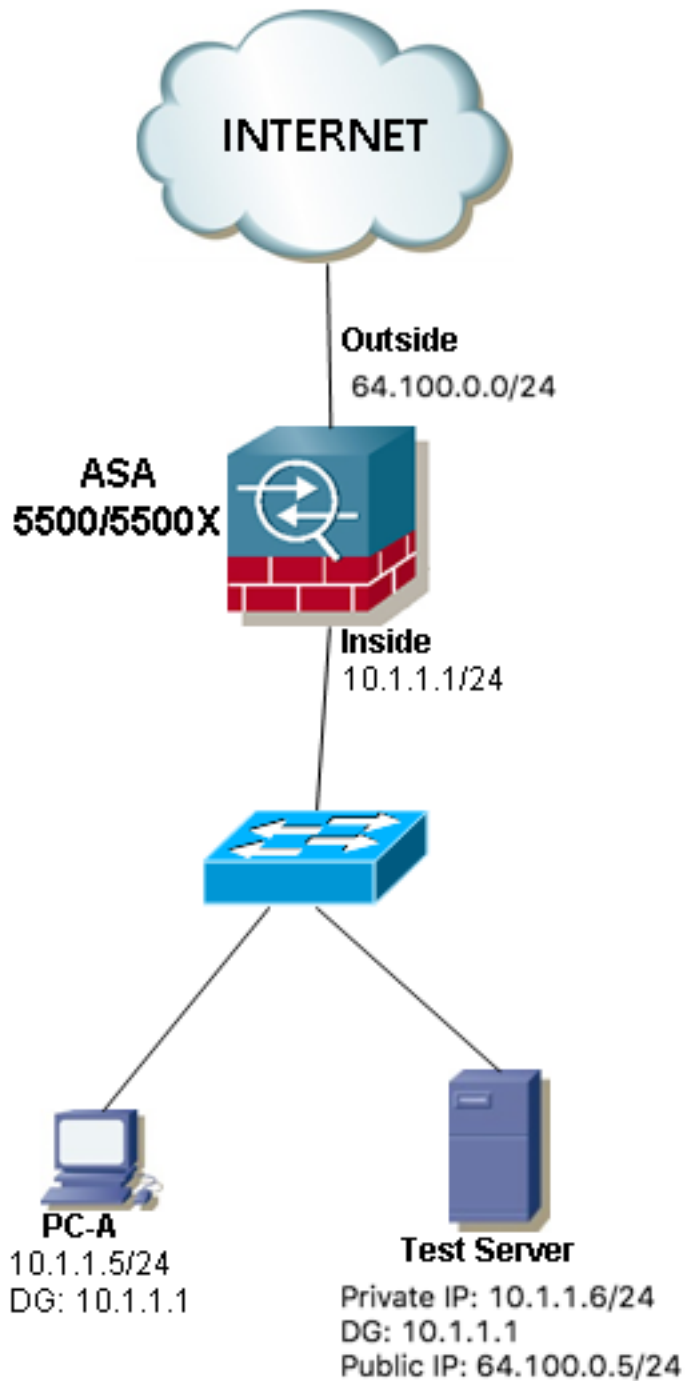
```
ASA# sh cap capin
```

```
10 packets captured
1: 12:36:28.245455 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
2: 12:36:28.269441 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
3: 12:36:28.303451 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
4: 12:36:28.333692 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
5: 12:36:28.372478 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
6: 12:36:28.395563 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
7: 12:36:28.422402 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
8: 12:36:28.449241 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
9: 12:36:28.481420 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
10: 12:36:28.507435 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
10 packets shown
```

```
ASA1# sh cap capout
```

```
10 packets captured
1: 12:36:28.245730 172.16.1.1 > 172.16.1.5: icmp: echo request
2: 12:36:28.269395 172.16.1.5 > 172.16.1.1: icmp: echo reply
3: 12:36:28.303725 172.16.1.1 > 172.16.1.5: icmp: echo request
4: 12:36:28.333646 172.16.1.5 > 172.16.1.1: icmp: echo reply
5: 12:36:28.372737 172.16.1.1 > 172.16.1.5: icmp: echo request
6: 12:36:28.395533 172.16.1.5 > 172.16.1.1: icmp: echo reply
7: 12:36:28.422661 172.16.1.1 > 172.16.1.5: icmp: echo request
8: 12:36:28.449195 172.16.1.5 > 172.16.1.1: icmp: echo reply
9: 12:36:28.481695 172.16.1.1 > 172.16.1.5: icmp: echo request
10: 12:36:28.507404 172.16.1.5 > 172.16.1.1: icmp: echo reply
10 packets shown
```

示例2.源主機和目的主機PC-A和測試伺服器連線到同一內部ASA介面。



組態

用於ASA 8.3版及更高版本的兩次NAT:

```
object network obj-10.1.1.5  
host 10.1.1.5
```

```
object network obj-10.1.1.6  
host 10.1.1.6
```

```
object network obj-64.100.0.5  
host 64.100.0.5
```

```
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-  
10.1.1.6
```

NOTE: After this NAT is applied in the ASA you will receive a warning message as the following:

WARNING: All traffic destined to the IP address of the outside interface is being redirected.
WARNING: Users may not be able to access any service enabled on the outside interface.

用於ASA 8.2及更舊版本的兩次NAT:

```
access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE extended permit ip host 10.1.1.5 host 64.100.0.5  
static (inside,inside) interface access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE
```

```
access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE extended permit ip host 10.1.1.6 host 10.1.1.1  
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE
```

附註：從10.1.1.5到ASA內部介面IP地址10.1.1.1的源IP地址的NAT轉換的主要目的是強制來自主機10.1.1.6的應答返回到ASA，這是避免非對稱路由和允許ASA處理感興趣主機之間的所有流量所非常需要的，如果我們不像本例中那樣轉換源IP地址，則ASA將阻止由於非對稱路由而引起的相關流量。

疑難排解

Packet Tracer 8.3版及更高版本：

```
ASA# packet-tracer input inside tcp 10.1.1.5 123 64.100.0.5 80
```

```
Phase: 1  
Type: UN-NAT  
Subtype: static  
Result: ALLOW  
Config:  
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-  
10.1.1.6  
Additional Information:  
NAT divert to egress interface inside  
Untranslate 64.100.0.5/80 to 10.1.1.6/80
```

```
Phase: 2  
Type: NAT  
Subtype:  
Result: ALLOW  
Config:  
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-  
10.1.1.6  
Additional Information:  
Static translate 10.1.1.5/123 to 10.1.1.1/123
```

```
Phase: 3  
Type: ACCESS-LIST  
Subtype:  
Result: ALLOW  
Config:  
Implicit Rule  
Additional Information:
```

```
Phase: 4  
Type: NAT  
Subtype: per-session  
Result: ALLOW  
Config:  
Additional Information:
```

Phase: 5
Type: IP-OPTIONS
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 6
Type: NAT
Subtype: rpf-check
Result: ALLOW
Config:
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.1.1.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-10.1.1.6
Additional Information:

Phase: 7
Type: NAT
Subtype: per-session
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 8
Type: IP-OPTIONS
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 9
Type: FLOW-CREATION
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
New flow created with id 167839, packet dispatched to next module

Result:
input-interface: inside
input-status: up
input-line-status: up
output-interface: inside
output-status: up
output-line-status: up
Action: allow

Packet Tracer 8.2及更低版本输出 :

```
ASA# packet-tracer input inside tcp 10.1.1.5 123 64.100.0.5 80
```

Phase: 1
Type: UN-NAT
Subtype: static
Result: ALLOW
Config:
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.6 inside host 10.1.1.1
static translation to 64.100.0.5
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
Additional Information:
NAT divert to egress interface inside

Untranslate 64.100.0.5/0 to 10.1.1.6/0 using netmask 255.255.255.255

Phase: 2
Type: ACCESS-LIST
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Implicit Rule
Additional Information:

Phase: 3
Type: IP-OPTIONS
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 4
Type: NAT
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
static (inside,inside) interface access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.5 inside host 64.100.0.5
static translation to 10.1.1.1
translate_hits = 1, untranslate_hits = 0
Additional Information:
Static translate 10.1.1.5/0 to 10.1.1.1/0 using netmask 255.255.255.255

Phase: 5
Type: NAT
Subtype: host-limits
Result: ALLOW
Config:
static (inside,inside) interface access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.5 inside host 64.100.0.5
static translation to 10.1.1.1
translate_hits = 1, untranslate_hits = 0
Additional Information:

Phase: 6
Type: NAT
Subtype: rpf-check
Result: ALLOW
Config:
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.6 inside host 10.1.1.1
static translation to 64.100.0.5
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
Additional Information:

Phase: 7
Type: NAT
Subtype: host-limits
Result: ALLOW
Config:
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.1.1.6 inside host 10.1.1.1
static translation to 64.100.0.5
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
Additional Information:

Phase: 8
Type: IP-OPTIONS

Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 9
Type: FLOW-CREATION
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
New flow created with id 727, packet dispatched to next module

Result:
input-interface: inside
input-status: up
input-line-status: up
output-interface: inside
output-status: up
output-line-status: up
Action: allow

封包擷取：

```
ASA# sh cap
capture capin type raw-data interface inside [Capturing - 1300 bytes]
match ip host 10.1.1.5 host 64.100.0.5
capture capout type raw-data interface inside [Capturing - 1300 bytes]
match ip host 10.1.1.1 host 10.1.1.6
```

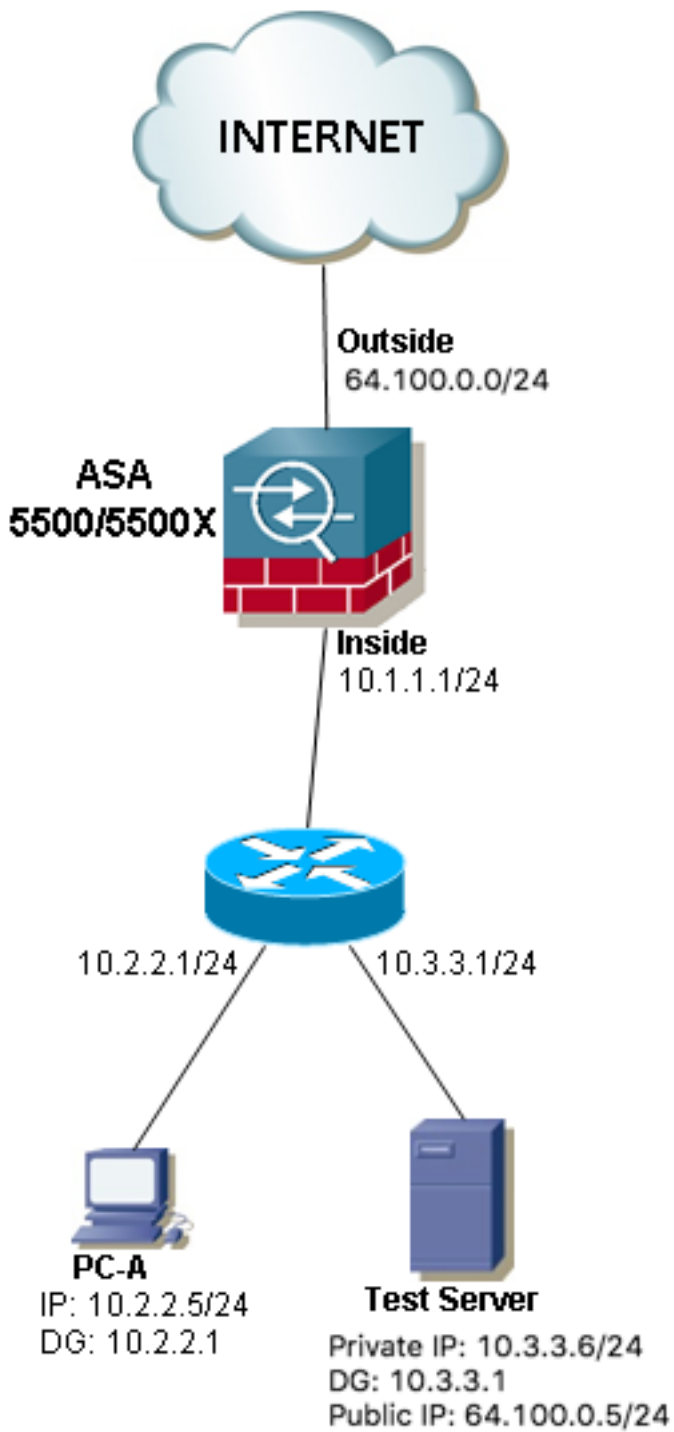
```
ASA# sh cap capin
```

```
10 packets captured
1: 12:50:39.304748 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
2: 12:50:39.335431 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
3: 12:50:39.368389 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
4: 12:50:39.389368 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
5: 12:50:39.398432 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
6: 12:50:39.418176 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
7: 12:50:39.419732 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
8: 12:50:39.425103 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
9: 12:50:39.434395 10.1.1.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
10: 12:50:39.438423 64.100.0.5 > 10.1.1.5: icmp: echo reply
10 packets shown
```

```
ASA2# sh cap capout
```

```
10 packets captured
1: 12:50:39.305282 10.1.1.1 > 10.1.1.6: icmp: echo request
2: 12:50:39.335386 10.1.1.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
3: 12:50:39.368663 10.1.1.1 > 10.1.1.6: icmp: echo request
4: 12:50:39.389307 10.1.1.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
5: 12:50:39.398706 10.1.1.1 > 10.1.1.6: icmp: echo request
6: 12:50:39.418130 10.1.1.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
7: 12:50:39.419762 10.1.1.1 > 10.1.1.6: icmp: echo request
8: 12:50:39.425072 10.1.1.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
9: 12:50:39.434669 10.1.1.1 > 10.1.1.6: icmp: echo request
10: 12:50:39.438392 10.1.1.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
10 packets shown
```

示例3.源主機和目的主機PC-A和測試伺服器連線到內部ASA介面，但位於另一個第3層裝置（可以是路由器或多層交換機）的後面。



組態

用於ASA 8.3版及更高版本的兩次NAT:

```
object network obj-10.2.2.5
host 10.2.2.5
```

```
object network obj-10.3.3.6
host 10.3.3.6
```

```
object network obj-64.100.0.5
host 64.100.0.5
```

```
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.2.2.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-
```

10.3.3.6

NOTE: After this NAT is applied in the ASA you will receive a warning message as the following:

```
WARNING: All traffic destined to the IP address of the outside interface is being redirected.  
WARNING: Users may not be able to access any service enabled on the outside interface.
```

用於ASA 8.2及更舊版本的兩次NAT:

```
access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE extended permit ip host 10.2.2.5 host 64.100.0.5  
static (inside,inside) interface access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE
```

```
access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE extended permit ip host 10.3.3.6 host 10.1.1.1  
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE
```

注意：從10.1.1.5到ASA內部介面IP地址(10.1.1.1)的源IP地址的NAT轉換的主要目的是強制來自主機10.1.1.6的應答返回到ASA，這是避免非對稱路由和允許ASA處理感興趣主機之間的所有流量所必需的事項，如果我們不像本例中那樣轉換源IP地址，則ASA將阻止非對稱路由導致的相關流量。

疑難排解

Packet Tracer 8.3版及更高版本：

```
ASA# packet-tracer input inside tcp 10.2.2.5 123 64.100.0.5 80
```

Phase: 1

Type: UN-NAT

Subtype: static

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.2.2.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-  
10.3.3.6
```

Additional Information:

NAT divert to egress interface inside

Untranslate 64.100.0.5/80 to 10.3.3.6/80

Phase: 2

Type: NAT

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.2.2.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-  
10.3.3.6
```

Additional Information:

Static translate 10.2.2.5/123 to 10.1.1.1/123

Phase: 3

Type: ACCESS-LIST

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Implicit Rule

Additional Information:

Phase: 4

Type: NAT

Subtype: per-session

Result: ALLOW


```
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 5
Type: IP-OPTIONS
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 6
Type: NAT
Subtype: rpf-check
Result: ALLOW
Config:
nat (inside,inside) source static obj-10.2.2.5 interface destination static obj-64.100.0.5 obj-
10.3.3.6
Additional Information:

Phase: 7
Type: NAT
Subtype: per-session
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 8
Type: IP-OPTIONS
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 9
Type: FLOW-CREATION
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
New flow created with id 167945, packet dispatched to next module

Result:
input-interface: inside
input-status: up
input-line-status: up
output-interface: inside
output-status: up
output-line-status: up
Action: allow
```

Packet Tracer 8.2及更低版本输出 :

```
ASA# packet-tracer input inside tcp 10.2.2.5 123 64.100.0.5 80
```

```
Phase: 1
Type: UN-NAT
Subtype: static
Result: ALLOW
Config:
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE
match ip inside host 10.3.3.6 inside host 10.1.1.1
static translation to 64.100.0.5
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
```

Additional Information:

NAT divert to egress interface inside
Untranslate 64.100.0.5/0 to 10.3.3.6/0 using netmask 255.255.255.255

Phase: 2

Type: ACCESS-LIST

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Implicit Rule

Additional Information:

Phase: 3

Type: IP-OPTIONS

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

Additional Information:

Phase: 4

Type: NAT

Subtype:

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (inside,inside) interface access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE  
match ip inside host 10.2.2.5 inside host 64.100.0.5  
static translation to 10.1.1.1  
translate_hits = 1, untranslate_hits = 0
```

Additional Information:

Static translate 10.2.2.5/0 to 10.1.1.1/0 using netmask 255.255.255.255

Phase: 5

Type: NAT

Subtype: host-limits

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (inside,inside) interface access-list IN-OUT-INTERFACE  
match ip inside host 10.2.2.5 inside host 64.100.0.5  
static translation to 10.1.1.1  
translate_hits = 1, untranslate_hits = 0
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 6

Type: NAT

Subtype: rpf-check

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE  
match ip inside host 10.3.3.6 inside host 10.1.1.1  
static translation to 64.100.0.5  
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 7

Type: NAT

Subtype: host-limits

Result: ALLOW

Config:

```
static (inside,inside) 64.100.0.5 access-list OUT-IN-INTERFACE  
match ip inside host 10.3.3.6 inside host 10.1.1.1  
static translation to 64.100.0.5  
translate_hits = 0, untranslate_hits = 1
```

Additional Information:

Phase: 8
Type: IP-OPTIONS
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:

Phase: 9
Type: FLOW-CREATION
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
New flow created with id 908, packet dispatched to next module

Result:
input-interface: inside
input-status: up
input-line-status: up
output-interface: inside
output-status: up
output-line-status: up
Action: allow

封包擷取：

```
ASA# sh cap
capture capin type raw-data interface inside [Capturing - 1300 bytes]
match ip host 10.2.2.5 host 64.100.0.5
capture capout type raw-data interface inside [Capturing - 1300 bytes]
match ip host 10.1.1.1 host 10.3.3.6
```

```
ASA# sh cap capin
```

```
10 packets captured
1: 13:06:09.302047 10.2.2.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
2: 13:06:09.315276 64.100.0.5 > 10.2.2.5: icmp: echo reply
3: 13:06:09.342221 10.2.2.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
4: 13:06:09.381266 64.100.0.5 > 10.2.2.5: icmp: echo reply
5: 13:06:09.421227 10.2.2.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
6: 13:06:09.459204 64.100.0.5 > 10.2.2.5: icmp: echo reply
7: 13:06:09.494939 10.2.2.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
8: 13:06:09.534258 64.100.0.5 > 10.2.2.5: icmp: echo reply
9: 13:06:09.564210 10.2.2.5 > 64.100.0.5: icmp: echo request
10: 13:06:09.593261 64.100.0.5 > 10.2.2.5: icmp: echo reply
10 packets shown
```

```
ASA# sh cap capout
```

```
10 packets captured
1: 13:06:09.302367 10.1.1.1 > 10.3.3.6: icmp: echo request
2: 13:06:09.315230 10.3.3.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
3: 13:06:09.342526 10.1.1.1 > 10.3.3.6: icmp: echo request
4: 13:06:09.381221 10.3.3.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
5: 13:06:09.421517 10.1.1.1 > 10.3.3.6: icmp: echo request
6: 13:06:09.459174 10.3.3.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
7: 13:06:09.495244 10.1.1.1 > 10.3.3.6: icmp: echo request
8: 13:06:09.534213 10.3.3.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
9: 13:06:09.564500 10.1.1.1 > 10.3.3.6: icmp: echo request
10: 13:06:09.593215 10.3.3.6 > 10.1.1.1: icmp: echo reply
10 packets shown
```

相關資訊

- [ASA 8.3配置指南：兩次NAT的先決條件](#)
- [ASA 8.4配置指南：DNS和NAT](#)
- [ASA 8.3版到8.3版的NAT配置示例](#)