

# 使用Dialer Watch配置ISDN上的IPSec冗餘

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## 簡介

本文提供一個範例組態，說明如何加密從Router 1後面的網路到Router 2後面的網路的流量（在本範例中，Loopback 0s用作網路）。如果Router 1和Router 2之間的主要連結（乙太網路）關閉，IP安全(IPSec)流量將繼續流經輔助連結(ISDN)。有幾種方法可以實現這一目標；可以使用撥號器監視、備份介面、請求電路和浮動靜態。此示例配置演示了撥號器監視機制。有關其他功能的詳細資訊，請參閱評估備份介面、浮動靜態路由和DDR備份的撥號器監視。

## 必要條件

### 需求

本文件沒有特定需求。

### 採用元件

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本：

- 思科2621和3640路由器
- Cisco IOS®軟體版本12.3(3)

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除（預設）的組態來啟動。如果您的網路運作中，請確保您在使用任何指令之前瞭解其潛在影響。

### 慣例

如需文件慣例的詳細資訊，請參閱[思科技術提示慣例](#)。

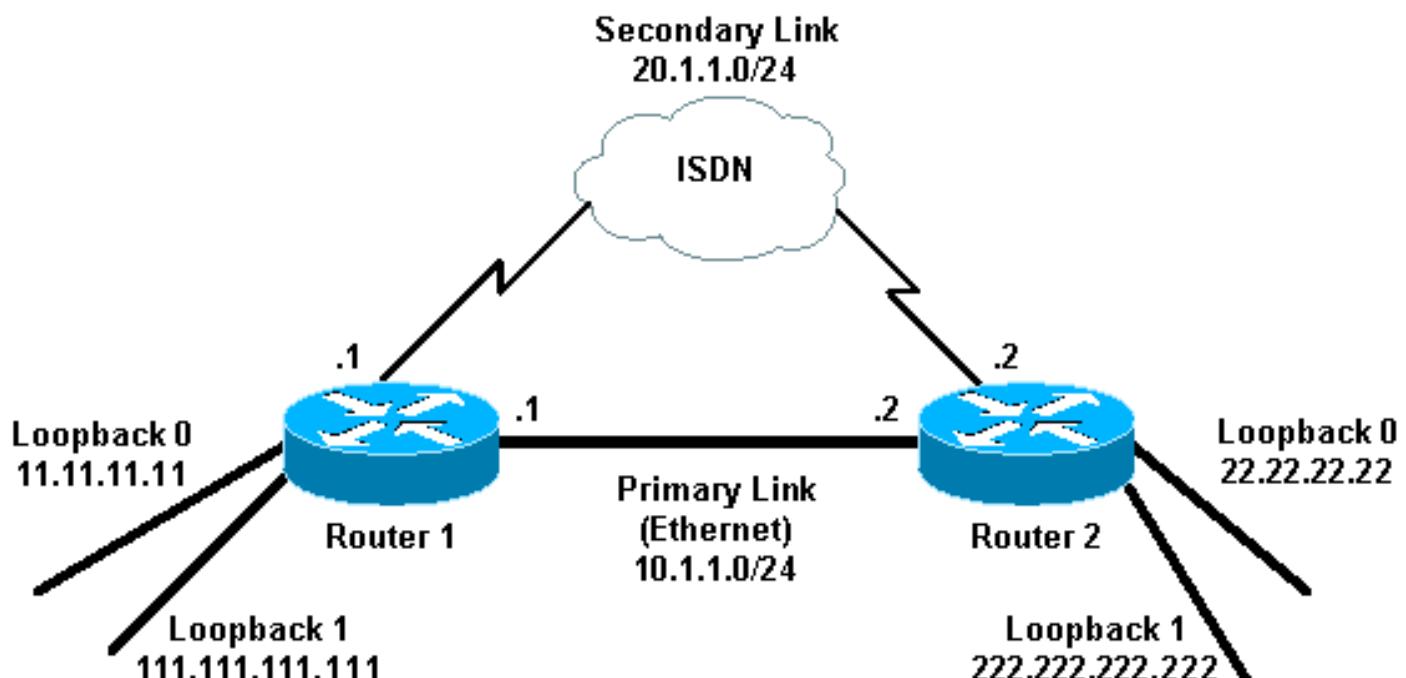
## 設定

本節提供用於設定本文件中所述功能的資訊。

**注意：**要查詢有關本文檔中使用的命令的其他資訊，請使用[命令查詢工具\(僅限註冊客戶\)](#)。

## 網路圖表

本檔案使用圖中所示的網路設定：



## 組態

本檔案使用如下所示的組態：

- [路由器1\(2621\)](#)
- [路由器2\(3640\)](#)

**路由器1(2621)**

```
r1#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2244 bytes
!
version 12.3
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname r1
!
boot-start-marker
```

```

boot-end-marker
!
!
username r2 password 0 cisco
!--- This is the username for remote router (Router 2)
!--- and shared secret. Shared secret (used for
Challenge Handshake !--- Authentication Protocol [CHAP])
must be the same on both sides. no aaa new-model ip
subnet-zero ip tcp synwait-time 5 ! ! no ip domain
lookup ! ip audit notify log ip audit po max-events 100
ip ssh break-string no ftp-server write-enable ! ! !
crypto isakmp policy 10
hash md5
authentication pre-share
crypto isakmp key cisco address 222.222.222.222
!
!
crypto ipsec transform-set abc esp-des esp-md5-hmac
!
crypto map cisco local-address Loopback1
crypto map cisco 10 ipsec-isakmp
set peer 222.222.222.222
!--- Peer address, Loopback 1 of Router 2 set transform-
set abc
match address 101
!--- Networks to encrypt (Loopback 0 on both ends) !
isdn switch-type basic-ts013 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! no voice
hpi capture buffer no voice hpi capture destination ! !
! ! ! ! interface Loopback0 !--- Network to encrypt ip
address 11.11.11.11 255.255.255.0 ! interface Loopback1
!--- Used for peer address for IPSEC ip address
111.111.111.111 255.255.255.0 ! interface
FastEthernet0/0 !--- Primary link ip address 10.1.1.1
255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache
!--- Enable process switching no ip mroute-cache duplex
auto speed auto crypto map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on primary interface ! interface
BRI0/0 no ip address encapsulation ppp no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache dialer pool-member 1 isdn switch-type
basic-ts013 no cdp enable ! interface Dialer1 !---
Backup link ip address 20.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
encapsulation ppp no ip route-cache
!--- Enable process switching ip ospf cost 9999
!--- Increase the cost so that when primary comes up
again, !--- Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routes are
!--- preferred using the primary link (due to better
cost). no ip mroute-cache
dialer idle-timeout 180
dialer pool 1
dialer string 94134028
dialer watch-group 1
!--- Enable dialer watch on this backup interface. !---
Watch the route specified with the dialer watch-list 1
command.

dialer-group 1
!--- Apply interesting traffic defined in dialer list 1.
no peer neighbor-route ppp authentication chap crypto
map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on backup interface. ! router ospf
1
!--- OSPF advertising Loopback 0, Loopback 1, !---
primary, and secondary links. log-adjacency-changes
network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

```

```

network 11.11.11.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 20.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 111.111.111.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
!
ip http server
no ip http secure-server
ip classless
!
!
access-list 101 permit ip host 11.11.11.11 host
22.22.22.22
!--- Access control list (ACL) 101 is the !--- IPSec
traffic used in match address. access-list 110 deny ip
any any
!--- ACL 110 is for the dialer list to mark !--- all IP
traffic uninteresting. The dialer watch will !---
trigger the ISDN backup when the route is lost. dialer
watch-list 1 ip 222.222.222.222 255.255.255.255
!--- This defines the route(s) to be watched. !--- This
exact route (including subnet mask) !--- must exist in
the routing table. !--- Use the dialer watch-group 1
command to apply this !--- list to the backup interface.

dialer watch-list 1 delay route-check initial 10
dialer-list 1 protocol ip list 110
!--- Interesting traffic is defined by ACL 110. !---
This is applied to Dialer1 using dialer group 1. ! !
dial-peer cor custom ! ! ! ! line con 0 exec-timeout 0
0 logging synchronous escape-character 27 line aux 0
line vty 0 4 login ! end

```

## 路由器2(3640)

```

r2#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2311 bytes
!
version 12.3
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname r2
!
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
!
username r1 password 0 cisco
!--- This is the username for remote router (Router 1)
!--- and shared secret. Shared secret (used for CHAP) !-
-- must be the same on both sides. no aaa new-model ip
subnet-zero ip tcp synwait-time 5 ! ! no ip domain
lookup ! ip audit notify log ip audit po max-events 100
ip ssh break-string no ftp-server write-enable ! !
crypto isakmp policy 10
hash md5
authentication pre-share
crypto isakmp key cisco address 111.111.111.111
!
!
crypto ipsec transform-set abc esp-des esp-md5-hmac
!
```

```

!
crypto map cisco local-address Loopback1
crypto map cisco 10 ipsec-isakmp
  set peer 111.111.111.111
  --- Peer address, Loopback 1 of Router 1  set
transform-set abc
  match address 101
  --- Networks to encrypt (Loopback 0 on both ends) !
isdn switch-type basic-ts013 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! no voice
hpi capture buffer no voice hpi capture destination ! !
! ! ! ! interface Loopback0 ip address 22.22.22.22
255.255.255.0 !--- Network to encrypt ! interface
Loopback1 ip address 222.222.222.222 255.255.255.0 !---
Used for peer address for IPSec. ! interface BRI0/0 no
ip address encapsulation ppp no ip route-cache no ip
mroute-cache dialer pool-member 1 isdn switch-type
basic-ts013 ! interface Ethernet0/0 !--- Primary link ip
address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0 no ip route-cache
!--- Enable process switching. no ip mroute-cache half-
duplex crypto map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on primary interface. ! interface
Dialer1 ip address 20.1.1.2 255.255.255.0 encapsulation
ppp no ip route-cache ip ospf cost 9999
  no ip mroute-cache
  dialer pool 1
  dialer idle-timeout 600
  dialer remote-name r1
!--- Dialer for the BRI interface of the remote router
!--- without a dial string. dialer-group 1 !--- Apply
interesting traffic defined in dialer list 1. ppp
authentication chap crypto map cisco
!--- Apply crypto map on backup interface. ! router ospf
1
log-adjacency-changes
network 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 20.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 22.22.22.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
network 222.222.222.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
!
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
ip classless
!
!
access-list 101 permit ip host 22.22.22.22 host
11.11.11.11
access-list 110 deny ospf any any
!--- Mark OSPF as uninteresting. !--- This will not
allow OSPF hellos !--- to try to bring the link up.
access-list 110 permit ip any any
dialer-list 1 protocol ip list 110
!--- Interesting traffic is defined by ACL 110. !---
This is applied to Dialer1 using dialer group 1. ! line
con 0 exec-timeout 0 0 logging synchronous escape-
character 27 line aux 0 line vty 0 4 login ! end

```

## 驗證

本節提供的資訊可用於確認組態是否正常運作。

## 命令輸出示例

[輸出直譯器工具](#)(僅供註冊客戶使用)支援某些show命令，此工具可讓您檢視show命令輸出的分析。

- 路由器1的路由表(2621) — 主鏈路開啟

```
r1#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP  
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area  
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2  
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2  
I - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1,  
L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area,  
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route,  
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is not set
```

```
222.222.222.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
o 222.222.222.222 [110/2] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:25, FastEthernet0/0  
  20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
c    20.1.1.0 is directly connected, Dialer1  
22.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
o 22.22.22.22 [110/2] via 10.1.1.2, 00:00:25, FastEthernet0/0  
  111.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
c    111.111.111.0 is directly connected, Loopback1  
  10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
c    10.1.1.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0  
  11.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
c    11.11.11.0 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

- 路由器2的路由表(3640) — 主鏈路開啟

```
r2#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP  
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area  
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2  
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2  
I - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1,  
L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area,  
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route,  
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is not set.
```

```
C 222.222.222.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback1  
  20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
C    20.1.1.0 is directly connected, Dialer1  
  22.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
C    22.22.22.0 is directly connected, Loopback0  
111.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
o 111.111.111.111 [110/11] via 10.1.1.1, 00:06:22, Ethernet0/0  
  10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
C    10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0  
11.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets  
o 11.11.11.11 [110/11] via 10.1.1.1, 00:06:23, Ethernet0/0
```

- Router 1的OSPF鄰居(2621) — 主鏈路開啟

```
r1#show ip ospf neighbor
```

Neighbor ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
222.222.222.222	1	FULL/DR	00:00:33	10.1.1.2	FastEthernet0/0

- 路由器2的OSPF鄰居(3640) — 主鏈路開啟

```
r2#show ip ospf neighbor
```

```

Neighbor ID      Pri   State        Dead Time     Address      Interface
111.111.111.111    1   FULL/BDR    00:00:31    10.1.1.1      Ethernet0/0

```

- 路由器1的路由表(2621) — 主鏈路斷開

```

r1#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       I - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2,
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default,
       U - per-user static route, o - ODR,
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set.


```

```

222.222.222.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
o   222.222.222.222 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.2, 00:00:09, Dialer1
    20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
c     20.1.1.0 is directly connected, BRI0/0
    20.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
c     20.1.1.0 is directly connected, Dialer1
22.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
o   22.22.22.22 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.2, 00:00:09, Dialer1
    111.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
c     111.111.111.0 is directly connected, Loopback1
    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
o     10.1.1.0 [110/10009] via 20.1.1.2, 00:00:09, Dialer1
    11.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
c     11.11.11.0 is directly connected, Loopback0

```

- 路由器2的路由表(3640) — 主鏈路斷開

```
r2#show ip route
```

```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       I - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2,
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default,
       U - per-user static route, o - ODR,
       P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set.


```

```

C   222.222.222.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback1
    20.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C     20.1.1.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer1
C     20.1.1.1/32 is directly connected, Dialer1
    22.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C     22.22.22.0 is directly connected, Loopback0
111.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
o   111.111.111.111 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.1, 00:00:07, Dialer1
    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
c     10.1.1.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
11.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
o   11.11.11.11 [110/10000] via 20.1.1.1, 00:00:08, Dialer1

```

- Router 1的OSPF鄰居(2621) — 主鏈路關閉

```

r1#show ip ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID      Pri   State        Dead Time     Address      Interface
222.222.222.222    0   FULL/ -    00:00:32    20.1.1.2      Dialer1

```

- 路由器2的OSPF鄰居(3640) — 主鏈路關閉

```
r2#show ip ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID      Pri  State        Dead Time    Address      Interface
111.111.111.111   0    FULL/       -     00:00:31   20.1.1.1    Dialer1
```

此處顯示的debug dialer和幾個show命令輸出將主鏈路顯示為故障，撥號器監視會識別丟失的路由。然後路由器啟動備用鏈路，OSPF通過輔助鏈路收斂。每次空閒超時過期時，路由器都會檢查主鏈路是否關閉。如果發現主鏈路處於開啟狀態，則撥號器監視會在禁用計時器到期後斷開備用鏈路並終止呼叫，OSPF會照常通過主鏈路收斂。

當主要連結關閉並再次開啟時，這些是路由器One(2621)的debug和show指令輸出。

```
r1#show debug
Dial on demand:
  Dial on demand events debugging is on

r1#
03:00:21: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0,
  changed state to down
  ---- Primary link was brought down manually when you disable the switch ports. 03:00:21: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 222.222.222.222 on FastEthernet0/0
  from FULL to DOWN, Neighbor Down: Interface down or detached
  ---- Primary link goes down. !--- OSPF loses neighbor adjacency. r1# !--- Dialer watch kicks in.
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
03:00:21: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 DOWN,
03:00:21: DDR:      primary DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: Dial Reason: Primary of group 1 DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1,
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: rotor dialout [best]
  least recent failure is also most recent failure
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: rotor dialout [best] also has most recent failure
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: rotor dialout [best]
03:00:21: DDR:      dialing secondary by dialer string 94134028 on Dil
03:00:21: BR0/0 DDR: Attempting to dial 94134028
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
r1#
03:00:21: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 DOWN,
03:00:21: DDR:      primary DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: Dial Reason: Secondary of group 1 AVAILABLE
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1,
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
03:00:21: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 DOWN,
03:00:21: DDR:      primary DOWN
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: Dial Reason: Secondary of group 1 AVAILABLE
03:00:21: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1,
03:00:21: %ISDN-6-LAYER2UP: Layer 2 for Interface BR0/0, TEI 82 changed to up
03:00:21: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0/0:1, changed state to up
03:00:21: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0/0:1, changing state to up
03:00:21: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0/0:1, changed state to up
03:00:21: %ISDN-6-BIND: Interface BRI0/0:1 bound to profile Dil
r1#
03:00:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: Remote name for r2
03:00:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: dialer protocol up
03:00:23: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0/0:1,
  changed state to up
r1#
03:00:28: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface BRI0/0:1 is now connected to 94134028 r2
  ---- Backup link is now connected to Router 2. r1# 03:00:31: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 222.222.222.222 on Dialer1
  from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
```

!--- OSPF converges over the backup link. r1# r1#**show dialer**

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN

Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)  
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up

**Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss**

!--- *Dial reason is the lost route.* Interface bound to profile Dil **Time until disconnect 154 secs**

!--- *Idle timeout is ticking.* Current call connected 00:00:25 Connected to 94134028 (r2)  
BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier  
(30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Dil - dialer type = DIALER PROFILE Idle  
timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes Failures  
Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:00:27 successful Default r1#**show isdn active**

---

-----  
ISDN ACTIVE CALLS  
-----

Call Type	Calling Number	Called Number	Remote Name	Seconds Used	Seconds Left	Seconds Idle	Charges Units/Currency
Out	---N/A---	94134028	r2	37	142	37	0

---

r1#**show dialer**

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN

Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)  
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up  
Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss  
Interface bound to profile Dil

**Time until disconnect 47 secs**

!--- *Idle timeout is ticking.* Current call connected 00:02:12 Connected to 94134028 (r2)  
BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier  
(30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Dil - dialer type = DIALER PROFILE Idle  
timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes Failures  
Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:02:14 successful Default r1#**show dialer**

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String Successes Failures Last DNIS Last status  
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.  
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN

Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)  
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)  
Dialer state is data link layer up  
Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss  
Interface bound to profile Dil  
**Time until disconnect 0 secs**

```

---- Idle timeout is ticking. Current call connected 00:02:59 Connected to 94134028 (r2)
BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier
(30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Dil - dialer type = DIALER PROFILE Idle
timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)
Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes Failures
Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:03:05 successful Default r1# 03:03:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: idle
timeout
---- Idle timed out. --- Dialer watch checks lost routes --- again and reset the idle time
since primary is not up yet. 03:03:22: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1 03:03:22: DDR: network
222.222.222.222/255.255.255 UP, 03:03:22: DDR: primary DOWN
---- Primary link is still down. r1# r1#show dialer

BRI0/0 - dialer type = ISDN

Dial String      Successes      Failures      Last DNIS      Last status
0 incoming call(s) have been screened.
0 incoming call(s) rejected for callback.

BRI0/0:1 - dialer type = ISDN
Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs)
Dialer state is data link layer up
Dial reason: Dialing on watched route loss
Interface bound to profile Dil
Time until disconnect 154 secs
---- Idle timeout was reset by dialer watch. Current call connected 00:03:25 Connected to
94134028 (r2) BRI0/0:2 - dialer type = ISDN Idle timer (120 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs)
Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable (15 secs) Dialer state is idle Dil - dialer type = DIALER
PROFILE Idle timer (180 secs), Fast idle timer (20 secs) Wait for carrier (30 secs), Re-enable
(15 secs) Dialer state is data link layer up Number of active calls = 1 Dial String Successes
Failures Last DNIS Last status 94134028 45 24 00:03:28 successful Default r1# 03:04:59:
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0,
changed state to up
---- Primary link was brought up manually when the switch ports are enabled. r1# r1# 03:05:50:
%OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 222.222.222.222 on FastEthernet0/0
from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
r1#
r1#show ip ospf neigh

Neighbor ID      Pri      State      Dead Time     Address      Interface
222.222.222.222    0      FULL/      -      00:00:02      20.1.1.2      Dialer1
---- OSPF over secondary link is still up because --- the call is not terminated yet, waiting
for idle timeout. 222.222.222.222 1 FULL/DR 00:00:38 10.1.1.2 FastEthernet0/0 !--- OSPF is now
starts to converge over primary link. r1# r1#show ip route 222.222.222.222
---- The watched route is now learned through the primary link. --- Check the cost. Routing
entry for 222.222.222.222/32
Known via "ospf 1", distance 110, metric 2, type intra area
Last update from 10.1.1.2 on FastEthernet0/0, 00:00:16 ago
Routing Descriptor Blocks:
* 10.1.1.2, from 222.222.222.222, 00:00:16 ago, via FastEthernet0/0
    Route metric is 2, traffic share count is
r1#
03:06:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: idle timeout
---- Idle timed out. --- Dialer watch checks lost routes. Since primary is up, --- it tears
down the call. 03:06:22: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1 03:06:22: DDR: network
222.222.222.222/255.255.255 UP, 03:06:22: DDR: primary UP
03:06:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: disconnecting call
03:06:22: BR0/0:1 DDR: Dialer Watch: resetting call in progress
03:06:22: DDR: Dialer Watch: watch-group = 1
03:06:22: DDR:      network 222.222.222.222/255.255.255.255 UP,
03:06:22: DDR:      primary UP
03:06:22: %ISDN-6-DISCONNECT: Interface BRI0/0:1
disconnected from 94134028 r2,
call lasted 360 seconds

```

```

03:06:96677768412: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0/0:1, changed state to down
03:06:94489281195: BR0/0 DDR: has total 0 call(s), dial_out 0, dial_in 0
r1#
03:06:94489280544: %DIALER-6-UNBIND: Interface BR0/0:1
    unbound from profile Di1
03:06:23: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0/0:1,
    changed state to down
r1#
03:06:37: %ISDN-6-LAYER2DOWN: Layer 2 for Interface BR0/0,
    TEI 82 changed to down
r1#
03:07:01: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 222.222.222.222 on Dialer1
    from FULL to DOWN, Neighbor Down: Dead timer expired
    --- OSPF neighbor is down because the secondary link is down. !--- Dead timer has expired. r1#
r1#show ip ospf neigh

Neighbor ID      Pri   State        Dead Time     Address       Interface
222.222.222.222   1    FULL/DR      00:00:38     10.1.1.2     FastEthernet0/0
    --- OSPF neighbor is through the primary link only. r1#u all
All possible debugging has been turned off
r1#

```

## 疑難排解

本節提供的資訊可用於對組態進行疑難排解。有關排除ISDN第1、第2和第3層的一般問題的資訊，請參閱[使用show isdn status命令進行BRI故障排除](#)。

### 疑難排解指令

**輸出直譯器工具**(僅供註冊客戶使用)支援某些**show**命令，此工具可讓您檢視**show**命令輸出的分析。

**注意：**發出**debug**指令之前，請參閱[有關Debug指令的重要資訊](#)。

可以在兩個IPSec對等體上運行這些**debug**命令。

- **debug crypto isakmp** — 顯示階段1期間的錯誤。
- **debug crypto ipsec** — 顯示階段2期間的錯誤。
- **debug crypto engine** — 顯示來自加密引擎的資訊。

可以在兩個IPSec對等體上運行這些**show**命令。

- **show crypto isakmp sa** — 顯示對等體上的所有當前網際網路金鑰交換(IKE)安全關聯(SA)。
- **show crypto ipsec sa** — 顯示當前[IPSec] SA使用的設定。
- **show crypto engine connections active** — 顯示當前連線以及有關加密和解密資料包的資訊。

這些**clear**命令可用於清除SA。

- **clear crypto isakmp** — 清除第一階段安全關聯。
- **clear crypto sa** — 清除第二階段安全關聯。

## 相關資訊

- [IPSec支援頁面](#)
- [DDR備份的配置與故障排除](#)
- [評估備份介面、浮動靜態路由和撥號器監視DDR備份](#)

- [使用撥號器監視配置撥號備份](#)
- [使用show isdn status命令進行BRI故障排除](#)
- [技術支援 - Cisco Systems](#)