在RV160和RV260路由器上配置IPv6过渡

目标

本文的目的是向您展示如何使用6in4或6rd在RV160x和RV260x路由器上配置IPv6过渡。

简介

Internet协议第6版(IPv6)为Internet协议第4版(IPv4)提供了许多其他优势。IPv6提供更大的地 址空间、更简单的地址聚合和集成安全。IPv6过渡可帮助属于IPv6网络的主机通过IPv4网络链 路进行通信。

对于从IPv4迁移到IPv6,可以使用名为6in4的Internet转换机制。6in4使用隧道,其中IPv6数 据包封装在IPv4报头中,IP协议号设置为41。协议号是IPv4报头或"下一报头"字段中"协议"字 段的值在IPv6中。协议41是在IPv4数据包内嵌入IPv6数据包的路由协议。然后,数据包通过 IPv4 Internet或网络发送。6in4是一种常用的过渡机制。

实现IPv6过渡的另一种方法是IPv6快速部署(第6个)。6rd也是一种隧道机制,它允许互联网 服务提供商(ISP)以轻量且安全的方式快速部署IPv6,而无需升级到现有IPv4接入网络基础设 施。在此方法中,每个ISP使用唯一的IPv6前缀。

适用设备

- RV160
- RV260

软件版本

• 1.0.00.15

配置IPv6过渡

要在RV160x/RV260x上配置IPv6过渡,请执行以下步骤。

步骤1.登录路由器的Web配置页面。



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注意:在本文中,我们将使用RV260W配置IPv6过渡。配置可能因您所使用的型号而异。

步骤2.选择WAN > IPv6 Transition。

😵 (WAN) 🕧		
WAN Settings		
Dynamic DNS		
IPv6 Transition 2 步骤3.选中Enable以原	目隧道接口。	
IPv6 Transition		
Tunnel Interface:	TUN1	
Enable:	B	
步骤4.输入说明。		
IPv6 Transition		
Tunnel Interface:	TUN1	
Enable:		
Description:	Test	

步骤5. Local Interface和Local IPv4 Address显示所选的接口。

IPv6 Trans	sition		
Tunnel Interface:		TUN1	
Enable:			
Description:		Test	
Local Interface:		WAN (Interface should have a public IP address)	
Local IPv4 Addres	SS:	140. 7	
步骤6.单击'	'应用"。		
IPv6 Transition		Apply Car	ncel
Tunnel Interface:	TUN1		
Enable:	D		
Description:			

IPv4隧道中的IPv6(6英寸4)

Local Interface:

Local IPv4 Address:

要添加IPv4隧道(6in4),请输入以下信息:

步骤1.选择IPv4隧道(6in4)中的IPv6单选按钮。

WAN (Interface should have a public IP address)

	IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4)	O IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)
Remote IPv4 Address:		
Local IPv6 Address/Length:	2222::1	1
Remote IPv6 Address/Length:	3333::1	1
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		
少派之前八边住口 (中)		
	IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4)	O IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)
Remote IPv4 Address:	 IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) 192. .10 	O IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)
Remote IPv4 Address: Local IPv6 Address/Length:	 IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) 19210 2222::1 	O IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)

步骤3.输入本地IPv6地址和长度。

	O IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4)	D IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)
Remote IPv4 Address:	192. 10	
Local IPv6 Address/Length:	2222: :	/ 64
Remote IPv6 Address/Length:	3333::1	1

步骤4.输入远程IPv6地址和长度。

0	● IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) C		v6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)
Remote IPv4 Address:	192. 📕 "10		
Local IPv6 Address/Length:	2222:] / [64
Remote IPv6 Address/Length:	2225: ::] / [64

步骤5.单击"**应用"**。

IPv6 Transition			Apply	Cancel
Tunnel Interface:	TUN1			
Enable:	0			
Description:				
Local Interface:	WAN (Interface should have a pr	ublic IP address)		
Local IPv4 Address:				
	IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4)	IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)		
Remote IPv4 Address:	192 .10			
Local IPv6 Address/Length:	2222:	/ 64	3	
Remote IPv6 Address/Length:	2225:	/ 64		

步骤6.如果要在重新启动后保持配置,您需要将运行配置复制到启动配置。为此,请单击页**面** 顶部的保存图标。

🔇 Save cisco(admin) English 🗸 😯 🔂 🕩
步骤7.在Configuration Management <i>中</i> ,向下滚动到Copy <i>/Save Configuration部</i> 分。确保源 <i>为</i> 运 行配置,目标 为 启动配置 。单击 Apply 。
Configuration Management 3 Apply Cancel Disable Save Icon Blinking
Configuration File Name
Last Change Time
Running Configuration: 2019-Mar-11, 10:34:16 UTC
Startup configuration:
Mirror Configuration: 2019-Mar-11, 15:00:12 UTC
Backup Configuration:
Copy/Save Configuration

All configurations that the router is currently using are in the Running Configuration file which is volatile and is not retained between reboots

IPv6快速部署(第6位)

在IPv6快速部署(第6位)中,每个ISP使用其自己的IPv6前缀之一。因此,提供商保证其第 6台主机从可以到达其IPv6网络的所有本地IPv6主机可用。

步骤1.选择IPv6快速部署(第6步)单选按钮。

	O IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) i IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)	
Configuration Mode:	O Manual O Automatically for DHCP	
IPv4 Address of Relay:		
IPv4 Common Prefix Length:		
IPv6 Prefix/Length:		
步骤2.在Configuratic 212)获取第6个前缀	on Mode部分,单击 <i>Automatically from DHCP</i> 以使用DHCP(逡 3、中继IPv4地址和IPv4掩码长度。	赴项
	O IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) O IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)	
Configuration Mode:	O Manual O Automatically for DHCP	
IPv4 Address of Relay:		
IPv4 Common Prefix Length:		

IPv6 Prefix/Length:

步骤3.如果您愿意,选择Manual并设置以下第6个参数。

- 输入Relay的IPv4地址。
- 输入IPv4 Common Prefix Length。
- 输入*IPv6前缀/长度*。IPv6网络(子网)由前缀标识。网络中所有主机的IPv6地址的初始 位都相同。输入网络地址中的常用初始位数。默认值为 64.

注意:上述参数需由ISP定义。

	O IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) O IPv6 Rapid Deplo	yment (6rd)
Configuration Mode:	Manual O Automatically for DHCP	
IPv4 Address of Relay:		2
IPv4 Common Prefix Length:		3
IPv6 Prefix/Length:		4
步骤4.单击" 应用" 。		

IPv6 Transition	Apply Cancel
Tunnel Interface:	TUN1
Enable:	
Description:	
Local Interface:	WAN (Interface should have a public IP address)
Local IPv4 Address:	
	O IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel (6in4) <a>O IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd)
Configuration Mode:	Manual O Automatically for DHCP
IPv4 Address of Relay:	
IPv4 Common Prefix Length:	
IPv6 Prefix/Length:	

注意:切记单击页**面**顶部的"保存"图标,导航到*配置*管理部分,将运行配置文件复制到启动配置文件。

现在,您应该已在RV160x/RV260x路由器上成功配置了IPv6过渡。