

不恰当地使用“policy action set tloc-list”导致流量黑洞

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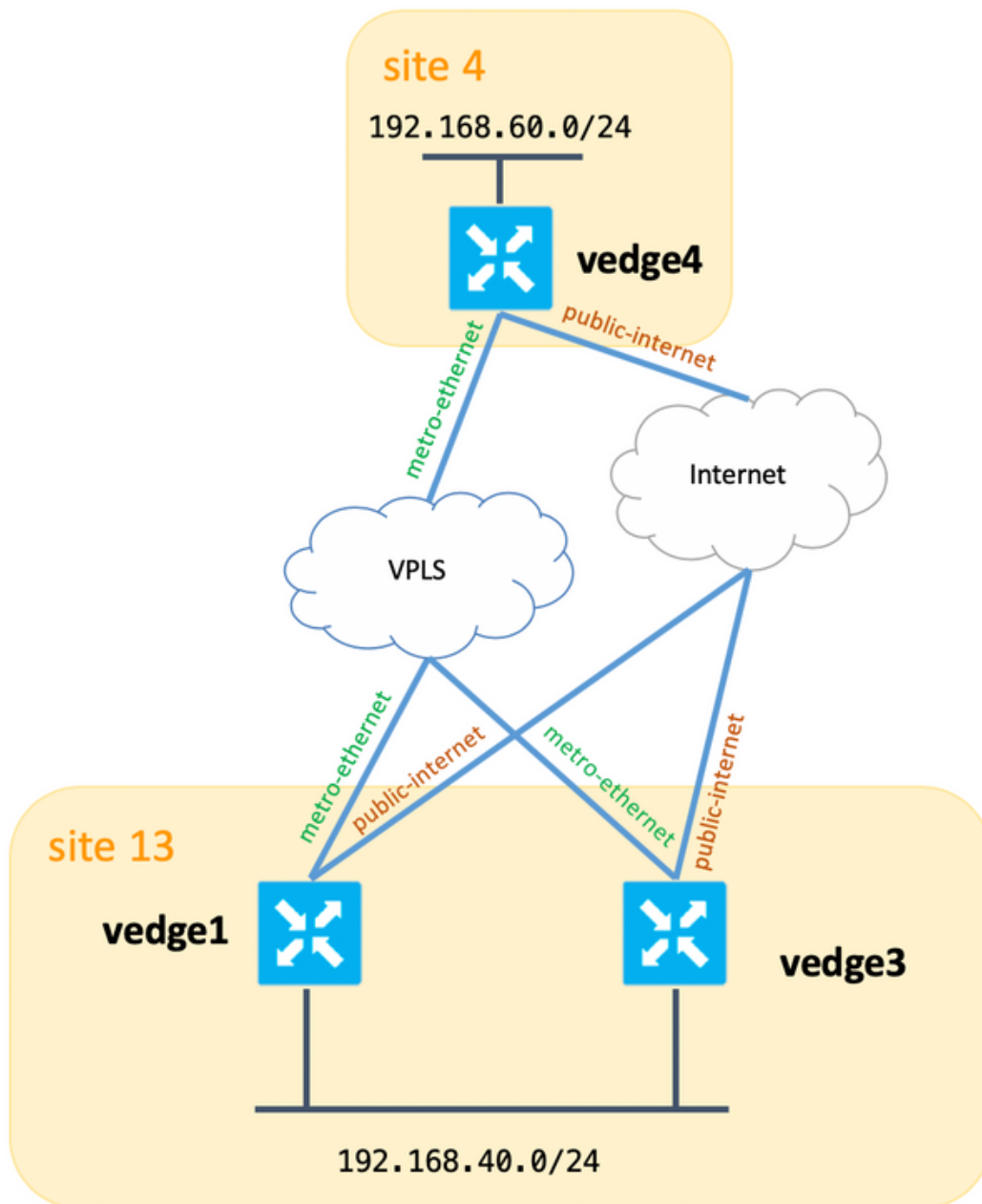
简介

本文档介绍set tloc-list操作的不适当的策略应用，当首选链路断开但备用路径仍然可用的某些情况下，该操作会导致流量黑洞。

注意：本文档中显示的所有命令输出均来自vEdge路由器。但是，对于运行IOS®-XE SDWAN软件的路由器，故障排除方法仍然相同。使用sdwan关键字在IOS®-XE SDWAN软件上获取相同的输出。例如，**show sdwan omp routes**而不是**show omp routes**。

背景信息

为了便于演示和更好地理解后面描述的问题，请考虑以下拓扑图：



此外，下表汇总了系统设置：

主机名	站点ID	system-ip
vedge1	13 个	10.155.0.118
vedge3	13 个	10.155.0.120
vedge4	4	10.155.0.50
vsmart1	1	10.155.0.3

vEdge1和vEdge3都配置了指向服务端VPN中某个下一跳的静态路由：

```
vpn 40
 ip route 10.223.115.101/32 192.168.40.10
!
```

为了实现这些目标：

- 1.使vEdge1城域以太网链路成为进入“站点13”的入口流量的首选链路。
2. M将vEdge3城域以太网链路作为进入“站点13”的入口流量的第二个首选链路。
- 3.将vEdge1公共Internet链路作为进入“站点13”的入口流量的第三个首选链路。
- 4.使vEdge3公共 — internet链路成为进入“站点13”的入口流量的最低首选链路。

此vSmart控制策略配置如下：

```

policy
  lists
    tloc-list SITE13_TLOC_PREF
      tloc 10.155.0.118 color metro-ethernet encap ipsec preference 200
      tloc 10.155.0.118 color public-internet encap ipsec preference 100
      tloc 10.155.0.120 color metro-ethernet encap ipsec preference 150
      tloc 10.155.0.120 color public-internet encap ipsec preference 50
    !
    prefix-list SITE13_PREFIX
      ip-prefix 10.223.115.101/32
    !
    site-list site13
      site-id 13
    !
    control-policy TE_POLICY_2_SITE4
      sequence 10
      match route
        prefix-list SITE13_PREFIX
      !
      action accept
        set
          tloc-list SITE13_TLOC_PREF
        !
      !
      !
      default-action accept
    !
  !
apply-policy
  site-list site4
  control-policy TE_POLICY_2_SITE4 out
  !
  !

```

问题

正常条件

vSmart通过4个可能的TLOC作为下一跳获取这些路由：

```

vsmart1# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 | b PATH

```

VPN	PREFIX	FROM PEER	PATH	STATUS	ATTRIBUTE	TLOC IP
COLOR	ENCAP	PREFERENCE	ID LABEL		TYPE	
40	10.223.115.101/32	10.155.0.118	35 1002	C,R	installed	10.155.0.118

```

metro-ethernet ipsec -
                10.155.0.118    37    1002    C,R    installed 10.155.0.118
public-internet ipsec -
                10.155.0.120    35    1002    C,R    installed 10.155.0.120
metro-ethernet ipsec -
                10.155.0.120    37    1002    C,R    installed 10.155.0.120
public-internet ipsec -

```

并相应地设置通告路由的优先级：

```

vsmart1# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 detail | nomore | b ADVERTISED | b "peer
10.155.0.50" | i Attributes\|originator\|\ tloc\|preference
  Attributes:
    originator    10.155.0.118
    tloc          10.155.0.120, public-internet, ipsec
    preference    50
  Attributes:
    originator    10.155.0.118
    tloc          10.155.0.120, metro-ethernet, ipsec
    preference    150
  Attributes:
    originator    10.155.0.118
    tloc          10.155.0.118, public-internet, ipsec
    preference    100
  Attributes:
    originator    10.155.0.118
    tloc          10.155.0.118, metro-ethernet, ipsec
    preference    200

```

vEdge4选择适当的TLOC并将此路由安装到路由表中：

```

vedge4# show ip routes 10.223.115.101/32 | b PROTOCOL

```

VPN	PREFIX	PROTOCOL	PROTOCOL	NEXTHOP	NEXTHOP	NEXTHOP	NEXTHOP	TLOC
IP	COLOR	ENCAP	SUB TYPE	IF NAME	ADDR	VPN		
40	10.223.115.101/32	omp	-	-	-	-	-	-
10.155.0.118	metro-ethernet	ipsec	F,S					

流量转发按预期工作：

```

vedge4# traceroute vpn 40 10.223.115.101
Traceroute 10.223.115.101 in VPN 40
traceroute to 10.223.115.101 (10.223.115.101), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
 1 192.168.40.4 (192.168.40.4) 0.835 ms 0.984 ms 1.097 ms
 2 192.168.40.10 (192.168.40.10) 2.955 ms 3.056 ms 3.218 ms

```

故障情况

最终，vEdge1上发生故障，面向服务端LAN的接口关闭（或者管理员关闭以进行测试，例如，结果将相同）：

```
vedge1# show interface vpn 40
```

TCP	IF	IF	IF	ADMIN	OPER	TRACKER	ENCAP	PORT	SPEED	AF	RX	TX	VPN	INTERFACE	TYPE	IP ADDRESS	STATUS	STATUS	STATUS	TYPE	TYPE	MTU	HWADDR	
MBPS	DUPLEX	ADJUST	UPTIME	PACKETS	PACKETS																			

40	ge0/4	ipv4	192.168.40.4/24	Up	Down	NA	null	service	1500															
00:50:56:be:91:36	-	-	-	1420	-	129768	0																	

由于vEdge1没有10.223.115.101/32路由的有效下一跳，因此该路由会从路由和转发表中删除，并且不再将其通告给vSmart:

```
vedge1# show ip routes 10.223.115.101/32 | b PROTO
```

VPN	PREFIX	PROTOCOL	PROTOCOL	NEXTHOP	NEXTHOP	NEXTHOP	TLOC
IP	COLOR	ENCAP	SUB TYPE	IF NAME	ADDR	VPN	
40	10.223.115.101/32	static	-	-	192.168.40.21	-	-
-	-	I					

```
vedge1# show ip fib vpn 40 | i 10.223.115.101/32
```

```
vedge1#
```

```
vedge1# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 detail | nomore | b ADVERTISED
```

```
vedge1#
```

同时，vEdge3仍会通告此路由（这是预期结果）：

```
vedge3# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 detail | nomore | b ADVERTISED
```

```
ADVERTISED TO:
```

```
peer 10.155.0.3
```

```
Attributes:
```

```
originator 10.155.0.120
label 1002
path-id 35
tloc 10.155.0.120, metro-ethernet, ipsec
ultimate-tloc not set
domain-id not set
site-id 13
overlay-id 1
preference not set
tag not set
origin-proto static
origin-metric 0
as-path not set
unknown-attr-len not set
```

```
Attributes:
```

```
originator 10.155.0.120
label 1002
path-id 37
tloc 10.155.0.120, public-internet, ipsec
ultimate-tloc not set
domain-id not set
site-id 13
overlay-id 1
```

```

preference      not set
tag             not set
origin-proto    static
origin-metric   0
as-path         not set
unknown-attr-len not set

```

vSmart现在可按预期从vEdge3获取2条路由：

```

vsmart1# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 | b PATH

```

VPN COLOR	PREFIX	ENCAP	FROM PEER PREFERENCE	PATH ID	LABEL	STATUS	ATTRIBUTE TYPE	TLOC IP
40	10.223.115.101/32	metro-ethernet ipsec	10.155.0.120 -	35	1002	C,R	installed	10.155.0.120
		public-internet ipsec	10.155.0.120 -	37	1002	C,R	installed	10.155.0.120

但与此同时，vSmart继续宣传以下内容：

```

vsmart1# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 detail | nomore | b ADVERTISED | b "peer
10.155.0.50" | i Attributes\|originator\|\| tloc\|preference
Attributes:
originator      10.155.0.120
tloc            10.155.0.120, public-internet, ipsec
preference      50
Attributes:
originator      10.155.0.120
tloc            10.155.0.120, metro-ethernet, ipsec
preference      150
Attributes:
originator      10.155.0.120
tloc            10.155.0.118, public-internet, ipsec
preference      100
Attributes:
originator      10.155.0.120
tloc            10.155.0.118, metro-ethernet, ipsec
preference      200

```

如您所见，唯一的发起方已更改，这是预期行为，因为tloc-list操作与（大致来说）设置下一跳”操作类似，并且强制设置错误的TLOC，因此可达性丢失。

```

vedge4# ping vpn 40 10.223.115.101 count 5
Ping in VPN 40
PING 10.223.115.101 (10.223.115.101) 56(84) bytes of data.
^C
--- 10.223.115.101 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 3999ms

```

```

vedge4# traceroute vpn 40 10.223.115.101
Traceroute 10.223.115.101 in VPN 40
traceroute to 10.223.115.101 (10.223.115.101), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
1 * * *
2 * * *
3 * * *

```

```
4 * * *
5 * * *
```

解决方案

作为解决方案，为了避免设置错误的TLOC下一跳信息，提出了以下方法：

```
policy
lists
  tloc-list vedgel-tlocs
    tloc 10.155.0.118 color metro-ethernet encap ipsec
    tloc 10.155.0.118 color public-internet encap ipsec
  !
  tloc-list vedgel-tlocs-preference
    tloc 10.155.0.118 color metro-ethernet encap ipsec preference 200
    tloc 10.155.0.118 color public-internet encap ipsec preference 100
  !
  tloc-list vedge3-tlocs
    tloc 10.155.0.120 color metro-ethernet encap ipsec
    tloc 10.155.0.120 color public-internet encap ipsec
  !
  tloc-list vedge3-tlocs-preference
    tloc 10.155.0.120 color metro-ethernet encap ipsec preference 150
    tloc 10.155.0.120 color public-internet encap ipsec preference 50
  !
!
!
policy
control-policy TE_POLICY_2_SITE4
sequence 10
  match route
    prefix-list SITE13_PREFIX
    tloc-list vedgel-tlocs
  !
  action accept
  set
    tloc-list vedgel-tlocs-preference
  !
!
!
sequence 20
  match route
    prefix-list SITE13_PREFIX
    tloc-list vedge3-tlocs
  !
  action accept
  set
    tloc-list vedge3-tlocs-preference
  !
!
!
default-action accept
!
```

此类策略可改善情况，防止通告具有错误TLOC下一跳的路由：

```
vsmart1# show omp routes 10.223.115.101/32 detail | nomore | b ADVERTISED | b "peer
10.155.0.50" | i Attributes\|originator\|\ tloc\|preference
Attributes:
  originator      10.155.0.120
```

```
tloc          10.155.0.120, public-internet, ipsec
preference    50
Attributes:
originator    10.155.0.120
tloc          10.155.0.120, metro-ethernet, ipsec
preference    150
Attributes:
originator    10.155.0.120
tloc          10.155.0.120, public-internet, ipsec
preference    not set
```

因此，可保持整个故障场景的可达性：

```
vedge4# traceroute vpn 40 10.223.115.101
Traceroute 10.223.115.101 in VPN 40
traceroute to 10.223.115.101 (10.223.115.101), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
 1 192.168.40.6 (192.168.40.6) 0.458 ms 0.507 ms 0.617 ms
 2 192.168.40.10 (192.168.40.10) 1.928 ms 1.976 ms 2.069 ms

vedge4# ping vpn 40 10.223.115.101
Ping in VPN 40
PING 10.223.115.101 (10.223.115.101) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.223.115.101: icmp_seq=1 ttl=254 time=0.702 ms
64 bytes from 10.223.115.101: icmp_seq=2 ttl=254 time=0.645 ms
64 bytes from 10.223.115.101: icmp_seq=3 ttl=254 time=0.691 ms
64 bytes from 10.223.115.101: icmp_seq=4 ttl=254 time=0.715 ms
64 bytes from 10.223.115.101: icmp_seq=5 ttl=254 time=0.603 ms
^C
--- 10.223.115.101 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4000ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.603/0.671/0.715/0.044 ms
```


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