

使用OSPFv3配置示例

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简介

本文档介绍如何在接口上为IPv6启用开放最短路径优先(OSPF)版本3。

先决条件

要求

在接口上启用OSPF for IPv6之前，您必须：

- 完成 OSPF 网络策略和 IPv6 网络计划。例如，您必须确定是否需要多个区域。
- 启用 IPv6 单播路由。
- 在接口上启用 IPv6。
- 在 OSPF 上为 IPv6 配置 IP 安全 (IPSec) 安全套接应用程序编程接口 (API)，以启用验证和加密。

使用的组件

本文档不限于特定的软件和硬件版本。

本文档中的信息都是基于特定实验室环境中的设备编写的。本文档中使用的所有设备最初均采用原始(默认)配置。如果您的网络处于活动状态，请确保您了解所有命令的潜在影响。

规则

有关文档规则的详细信息，请参阅 [Cisco 技术提示规则](#)。

背景信息

开放最短路径优先 (OSPF) 是一种 IP 路由协议。它是一种链路状态协议，与距离矢量协议相对。链路状态协议根据连接源计算机和目标计算机的链路状态做出路由决策。链路状态是接口及其与相邻网络设备的关系的描述。接口信息包括接口的 IPv6 前缀、网络掩码、连接网络类型、该网络所连接的路由器等。此信息在多种类型的链路状态通告 (LSA) 中传播。RFC 2740 中描述的 OSPF 版本 3 支持 IPv6。

配置

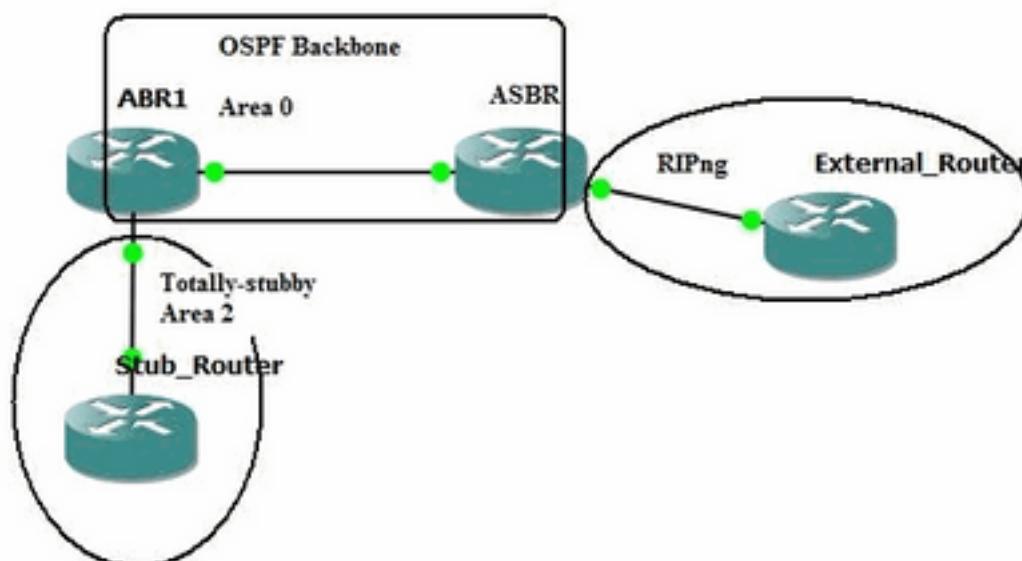
本部分提供有关如何配置本文档所述功能的信息。

注意：使用命令查找工具[/a>](#)查找有关本文档中使用的命令的详细信息。

注意：只有思科注册用户才能访问思科内部工具和信息。

网络图

本文档使用以下网络设置：



网络图

配置

图中所示的是路由器的 OSPFv3 配置：

末节路由器

```
ipv6 unicast-routing
ipv6 cef
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
no ip address
ipv6 address FD01:ABAB::/64 eui-64
ipv6 enable ipv6 ospf 1 area 2
ipv6 ospf network point-to-point ! ipv6 router ospf 1 router-id 10.3.3.3 area 2 stub !
ABR1 路由器

ipv6 unicast-routing
```

```

ipv6 cef
!
interface GigabitEthernet1
no ip address
speed auto
ipv6 address FD03::1/124
ipv6 enable
ipv6 ospf 1 area 0
!
interface GigabitEthernet2
no ip address
ipv6 address FD02:ABAB::/64 eui-64
ipv6 enable
ipv6 ospf 1 area 2
ipv6 ospf network point-to-point ! ipv6 router ospf 1 router-id 10.1.1.1 area 2 stub no-summary !
ASBR 路由器

```

```

ipv6 unicast-routing
ipv6 cef
!
interface GigabitEthernet1
no ip address
ipv6 address FD03::2/124
ipv6 enable
ipv6 ospf 1 area 0
!
interface GigabitEthernet2
no ip address
ipv6 address FD03::1:1/124
ipv6 enable
ipv6 rip EXT enable
!
ipv6 router ospf 1
router-id 10.2.2.2
default-metric 25
redistribute rip EXT metric-type 1 include-connected
!
ipv6 router rip EXT
redistribute ospf 1 match internal external 1 external 2 include-connected
!
```

外部路由器

```

ipv6 unicast-routing
ipv6 cef ! interface Loopback0 no ip address ipv6 address FD04:ABAB::/64 eui-64 ipv6 enable ipv6 rip EXT enable
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
no ip address
ipv6 address FD03::1:2/124
ipv6 enable
ipv6 rip EXT enable
!
ipv6 router rip EXT

```

验证

使用本部分可确认配置能否正常运行。

Output Interpreter工具支持某些**show**命令。使用 OIT 可查看对 show 命令输出的分析。

show ipv6 ospf database 命令显示路由器的链路状态数据库 (LSDB)。

注意：只有注册的思科用户才能访问内部思科工具和信息。

```
Stub_Router#show ipv6 ospf database
```

```
OSPFv3 Router with ID (10.3.3.3) (Process ID 1)
```

```
Router Link States (Area 2)
```

ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Fragment ID	Link count	Bits
10.1.1.1	5	0x8000000F	0	1	B
10.3.3.3	38	0x8000000E	0	1	None

```
Inter Area Prefix Link States (Area 2)
```

ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Prefix
10.1.1.1	5	0x80000002	::/0

```
Link (Type-8) Link States (Area 2)
```

ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Link ID	Interface
10.1.1.1	5	0x8000000A	8	Gi0/0
10.3.3.3	292	0x80000005	2	Gi0/0

```
Intra Area Prefix Link States (Area 2)
```

ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Link ID	Ref-lstype	Ref-LSID
10.1.1.1	5	0x8000000B	0	0x2001	0
10.3.3.3	548	0x80000002	0	0x2001	0

show ipv6 ospf database router命令显示路由器发出和接收的Router LSA。路由器 LSA 不传输地址或前缀信息。

```
Stub_Router#show ipv6 ospf database router
```

```
OSPFv3 Router with ID (10.3.3.3) (Process ID 1)
```

```
Router Link States (Area 2)
```

```
Routing Bit Set on this LSA
```

```
LS age: 141
```

```
Options: (V6-Bit, R-Bit, DC-Bit)
```

```
LS Type: Router Links
```

```
Link State ID: 0
```

```
Advertising Router: 10.1.1.1
```

```
LS Seq Number: 8000000F
```

```
Checksum: 0x9C2C
```

```
Length: 40
```

```
Area Border Router
```

```
Number of Links: 1
```

```
Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)
```

```
Link Metric: 1
```

```
Local Interface ID: 8
```

```
Neighbor Interface ID: 2
```

```
Neighbor Router ID: 10.3.3.3
```

```

LS age: 174
Options: (V6-Bit, R-Bit, DC-Bit)
LS Type: Router Links
Link State ID: 0
Advertising Router: 10.3.3.3
LS Seq Number: 8000000E
Checksum: 0xBBF
Length: 40
Number of Links: 1

Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)
Link Metric: 1
Local Interface ID: 2
Neighbor Interface ID: 8
Neighbor Router ID: 10.1.1.1

```

LSA 传输的 Options 字段包含以下位：

- V6位 — 指示路由器/链路是否必须用于路由计算。
- R 位 - 这是“路由器位”。它指示发送方是否为活动路由器。
- DC位 — 指示请求电路的路由器处理。

[show ipv6 ospf database link self-originate](#)命令显示链路LSA承载特定于链路的地址。

```

Stub_Router#show ipv6 ospf database link self-originate

OSPFv3 Router with ID (10.3.3.3) (Process ID 1)

Link (Type-8) Link States (Area 2)

LS age: 650
Options: (V6-Bit, R-Bit, DC-Bit)
LS Type: Link-LSA (Interface: GigabitEthernet0/0)
Link State ID: 2 (Interface ID)
Advertising Router: 10.3.3.3
LS Seq Number: 80000005
Checksum: 0x8578
Length: 56
Router Priority: 1
Link Local Address: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A
Number of Prefixes: 1
Prefix Address: FD01:ABAB::
Prefix Length: 64, Options: None

```

由于末节路由器属于完全残域，因此，ABR1 路由器仅将默认路由发送到末节路由器。

```

Stub_Router#show ipv6 route

IPv6 Routing Table - default - 5 entries
Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, U - Per-user Static route
      B - BGP, HA - Home Agent, MR - Mobile Router, R - RIP
      H - NHRP, I1 - ISIS L1, I2 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea
      IS - ISIS summary, D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, NM - NEMO
      ND - ND Default, NDp - ND Prefix, DCE - Destination, NDr - Redirect
      RL - RPL, O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter, OE1 - OSPF ext 1
      OE2 - OSPF ext 2, ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2
      la - LISP alt, lr - LISP site-registrations, ld - LISP dyn-eid
      la - LISP away, a - Application

OI ::/0 [110/2] via FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15, GigabitEthernet0/0
C   FD01:ABAB::/64 [0/0]

```

```

    via GigabitEthernet0/0, directly connected
L   FD01:ABAB::5054:FF:FE00:3A/128 [0/0]
      via GigabitEthernet0/0, receive
O   FD02:ABAB::/64 [110/2]
      via FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15, GigabitEthernet0/0
L   FF00::/8 [0/0]
      via Null0, receive

```

ABR1 路由器是区域边界路由器。

ABR1#**show ipv6 ospf**

```

Routing Process "ospfv3 1" with ID 10.1.1.1
Supports NSSA (compatible with RFC 3101)
Supports Database Exchange Summary List Optimization (RFC 5243)
Event-log enabled, Maximum number of events: 1000, Mode: cyclic
It is an area border router
Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric
Initial SPF schedule delay 50 msec
Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 200 msec
Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 5000 msec
Initial LSA throttle delay 50 msec
Minimum hold time for LSA throttle 200 msec
Maximum wait time for LSA throttle 5000 msec
Minimum LSA arrival 100 msec
LSA group pacing timer 240 secs
Interface flood pacing timer 33 msec
Retransmission pacing timer 66 msec
Retransmission limit dc 24 non-dc 24
EXCHANGE/LOADING adjacency limit: initial 300, process maximum 300
Number of external LSA 2. Checksum Sum 0x011699
Number of areas in this router is 2. 1 normal 1 stub 0 nssa
Graceful restart helper support enabled
Reference bandwidth unit is 100 mbps
RFC1583 compatibility enabled

```

Area BACKBONE(0)

```

Number of interfaces in this area is 1
SPF algorithm executed 17 times
Number of LSA 8. Checksum Sum 0x05579B
Number of DCbitless LSA 0
Number of indication LSA 0
Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
Flood list length 0

```

Area 2

```

Number of interfaces in this area is 1
It is a stub area, no summary LSA in this area
Generates stub default route with cost 1
SPF algorithm executed 20 times
Number of LSA 7. Checksum Sum 0x0380EA
Number of DCbitless LSA 0
Number of indication LSA 0
Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
Flood list length 0

```

ABR1 路由器从 ASBR 路由器接收外部路由 (RIP 路由)。

ABR1#**show ipv6 route**

```

IPv6 Routing Table - default - 8 entries
Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, U - Per-user Static route
      B - BGP, R - RIP, H - NHRP, I1 - ISIS L1
      I2 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary, D - EIGRP
      EX - EIGRP external, ND - ND Default, NDp - ND Prefix, DCE - Destination
      NDr - Redirect, RL - RPL, O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter

```

```

OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2, ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1
ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2, la - LISP alt, lr - LISP site-registrations
ld - LISP dyn-eid, lA - LISP away, le - LISP extranet-policy
lp - LISP publications, a - Application, m - OMP
O  FD01:ABAB::/64 [110/2]
    via FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A, GigabitEthernet2
C  FD02:ABAB::/64 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet2, directly connected
L  FD02:ABAB::5054:FF:FE00:15/128 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet2, receive
C  FD03::/124 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet1, directly connected
L  FD03::1/128 [0/0]
    via GigabitEthernet1, receive
OE1 FD03::1/124 [110/26] via FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3E, GigabitEthernet1 OE1 FD04:ABAB::/64 [110/26] via FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3E, GigabitEthernet1
L  FF00::/8 [0/0]
    via Null0, receive

```

ASBR 路由器是网络的自治系统边界路由器。它通过 Serial 0/0 接口连接到 RIP 网络。

```

ASBR#show ipv6 ospf
Routing Process "ospfv3 1" with ID 10.2.2.2
Supports NSSA (compatible with RFC 3101)
Supports Database Exchange Summary List Optimization (RFC 5243)
Event-log enabled, Maximum number of events: 1000, Mode: cyclic
It is an autonomous system boundary router
Redistributing External Routes (with default metric 25) from,
    rip EXT with metric-type 1 include-connected
Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric
Initial SPF schedule delay 50 msec
Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 200 msec
Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 5000 msec
Initial LSA throttle delay 50 msec
Minimum hold time for LSA throttle 200 msec
Maximum wait time for LSA throttle 5000 msec
Minimum LSA arrival 100 msec
LSA group pacing timer 240 sec
Interface flood pacing timer 33 msec
Retransmission pacing timer 66 msec
Retransmission limit dc 24 non-dc 24
EXCHANGE/LOADING adjacency limit: initial 300, process maximum 300
Number of external LSA 2. Checksum Sum 0x011699
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
Graceful restart helper support enabled
Reference bandwidth unit is 100 mbps
RFC1583 compatibility enabled

Area BACKBONE(0)
    Number of interfaces in this area is 1
    SPF algorithm executed 10 times
    Number of LSA 8. Checksum Sum 0x05579B
    Number of DCbitless LSA 0
    Number of indication LSA 0
    Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
    Flood list length 0

```

```

ASBR#show ipv6 rip
RIP process "EXT", port 521, multicast-group FF02::9, pid 678
    Administrative distance is 120. Maximum paths is 16
    Updates every 30 seconds, expire after 180
    Holddown lasts 0 seconds, garbage collect after 120
    Split horizon is on; poison reverse is off
    Default routes are not generated

```

```

Periodic updates 267, trigger updates 11
Full Advertisement 1, Delayed Events 0
Interfaces:
GigabitEthernet2
Redistribution:
  Redistributing protocol ospf 1 with transparent metric (internal, external 1 & 2, ) include-
connected

```

故障排除

使用本部分可排除配置故障。

注意：在使用debug命令之前，请参阅有关Debug命令的重要信息。

debug ipv6

在末节路由器上启用 OSPFv3 之后，即发送 OSPFv3 类型 1 Hello 消息到 FF02::5 多播地址。收到来自ABR1路由器的Hello数据包后，它们会协商主/辅助关系，然后开始发送DBD数据包。

```

Stub_Router#debug ipv6 ospf events
Stub_Router#debug ipv6 ospf packet
Stub_Router#debug ipv6 ospf adj
*Mar 8 17:47:01.324: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: OUT: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A->FF02::5: ver:3 type:1 len:36 rid:10.3.3.3
area:0.0.0.2 cksum:A0F9 inst:0 *Mar 8 17:47:03.307: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: IN: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15->FF02::5: ver:3
type:1 len:36 rid:10.1.1.1 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:A31C inst:0 *Mar 8 17:47:03.308: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Added 10.1.1.1 to nbr
list *Mar 8 17:47:03.308: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: OUT: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A->FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15: ver:3 type:1
len:40 rid:10.3.3.3 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:470D inst:0 *Mar 8 17:47:03.320: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: IN:
FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15->FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A: ver:3 type:1 len:40 rid:10.1.1.1 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:4707 inst:0 *Mar 8
17:47:03.321: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: 2 Way Communication to 10.1.1.1, state 2WAY *Mar 8 17:47:03.321: OSPFv3-1-IPv6
ADJ Gi0/0: Nbr 10.1.1.1: Prepare dbase exchange *Mar 8 17:47:03.322: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Send DBD to 10.1.1.1
seq 0x983C9C0 opt 0x11 flag 0x7 len 28
*Mar 8 17:47:03.322: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: OUT: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15: ver:3 type:2 len:28 rid:10.3.3.3 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:7A33 inst:0
*Mar 8 17:47:03.328: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: IN: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A: ver:3 type:2 len:148 rid:10.1.1.1 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:141A inst:0
*Mar 8 17:47:03.329: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Rcv DBD from 10.1.1.1 seq 0x983C9C0 opt 0x11
flag 0x2 len 148 mtu 1500 state EXSTART
*Mar 8 17:47:03.330: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: NBR Negotiation Done. We are the MASTER
*Mar 8 17:47:03.330: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Nbr 10.1.1.1: Summary list built, size 7
*Mar 8 17:47:03.331: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Send DBD to 10.1.1.1 seq 0x983C9C1 opt 0x11
flag 0x1 len 128
*Mar 8 17:47:03.331: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: OUT: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15: ver:3 type:2 len:128 rid:10.3.3.3 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:F771 inst:0
*Mar 8 17:47:03.334: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: IN: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A: ver:3 type:3 len:64 rid:10.1.1.1 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:C6FA inst:0
*Mar 8 17:47:03.335: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: IN: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A: ver:3 type:2 len:28 rid:10.1.1.1 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:7C3D inst:0

```

DBD 数据包交换之后，路由器即发送链路状态请求 (LS REQ) 和链路状态更新 (LS UPD) 消息，以建立其 LSDB。在连续的 LS REQ 和 LS UPD 消息之后且状态达到 FULL 时，路由器继续交换 Hello 数据包。

```

Stub_Router#
*Mar 8 17:47:03.337: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Rcv LS REQ from 10.1.1.1 length 64 LSA count 4
*Mar 8 17:47:03.337: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Send LS UPD to FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15 length 172
LSA count 4
*Mar 8 17:47:03.338: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: OUT: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15: ver:3 type:4 len:172 rid:10.3.3.3 area:0.0.0.2 cksum:D2CE inst:0

```

```
*Mar 8 17:47:03.339: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Rcv DBD from 10.1.1.1 seq 0x983C9C1 opt 0x11
flag 0x0 len 28 mtu 1500 state EXCHANGE
*Mar 8 17:47:03.339: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Exchange Done with 10.1.1.1 *Mar 8 17:47:03.340:
OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Send LS REQ to 10.1.1.1 length 40
*Mar 8 17:47:03.340: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: OUT: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15: ver:3 type:3 len:40 rid:10.3.3.3 area:0.0.0.2 checksum:FD46 inst:0
*Mar 8 17:47:03.343: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 PAK : Gi0/0: IN: FE80::5054:FF:FE00:15-
>FE80::5054:FF:FE00:3A: ver:3 type:4 len:72 rid:10.1.1.1 area:0.0.0.2 checksum:825E inst:0
*Mar 8 17:47:03.345: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Rcv LS UPD from Nbr ID 10.1.1.1 length 72 LSA
count 2
*Mar 8 17:47:03.345: OSPFv3-1-IPv6 ADJ Gi0/0: Synchronized with 10.1.1.1, state FULL
*Mar 8 17:47:03.346: %OSPFv3-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 10.1.1.1 on GigabitEthernet0/0 from
LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
```

相关信息

- [IP 版本 6 \(IPv6\) 技术支持](#)
- [开放最短路径优先 \(OSPF\) 技术支持](#)
- [思科技术支持和下载](#)

关于此翻译

思科采用人工翻译与机器翻译相结合的方式将此文档翻译成不同语言，希望全球的用户都能通过各自的语言得到支持性的内容。

请注意：即使是最好的机器翻译，其准确度也不及专业翻译人员的水平。

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