

Implante o EVPN da camada 3 sobre o SR MPLS [Ospf / iBGP] [PE-CE é OSPF] no Nexus 9300

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Introduction

Este documento descreve como implantar/configurar o Layer3 EVPN sobre Segment Routing (SR) Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) em produtos Nexus 9300 com protocolo PE-CE como Open Shortest Path First (OSPF).

Prerequisites

Requirements

A Cisco recomenda que você tenha conhecimento destes tópicos:

- BGP (Border Gateway Protocol)
- Abra o protocolo OSPF
- L3VPN
- EVPN
- Roteamento de segmento (SR)

Componentes Utilizados

As informações neste documento são baseadas nestas versões de software e hardware:

- Hardware SPINE - 93360YC-FX2 em execução com a versão 9.3.3(3)
- Hardware LEAF - 93240YC-FX2 em execução com a versão 9.3.(3)
- CLIENTE - 93216TC-FX2 (Host-1), Catalyst-3750 (Host-2)

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Informações de Apoio

Recapitulação L3VPN MPLS

Uma VPN é:

- Uma rede baseada em IP que fornece serviços de rede privada em uma infraestrutura pública.
- Um conjunto de sites que podem se comunicar privadamente pela Internet ou por outras redes públicas ou privadas.

As VPNs convencionais são criadas pela configuração de uma malha completa de túneis ou PVCs (Permanent Virtual Circuits, circuitos virtuais permanentes) para todos os locais em uma VPN. Esse tipo de VPN não é fácil de manter ou expandir, pois a adição de um novo local exige a alteração de cada dispositivo de borda na VPN.

As VPNs baseadas em MPLS são criadas na Camada 3 e são baseadas no modelo de peer. O modelo de peer permite que o provedor de serviços e o cliente troquem informações de roteamento da Camada 3. O provedor de serviços retransmite os dados entre os locais do cliente sem o envolvimento do cliente.

As VPNs MPLS são mais fáceis de gerenciar e expandir do que as VPNs convencionais. Quando um novo local é adicionado a uma VPN MPLS, somente o roteador de borda do provedor de serviços que fornece serviços para o local do cliente precisa ser atualizado.

Estes são os componentes da VPN MPLS:

- Roteador do provedor (P) - Roteador no núcleo da rede do provedor. Os roteadores PE executam a comutação MPLS e não conectam rótulos de VPN aos pacotes roteados. Os rótulos de VPN são usados para direcionar pacotes de dados para a rede privada ou roteador de borda do cliente corretos.
- Roteador PE - Roteador que conecta o rótulo VPN aos pacotes de entrada com base na interface ou subinterface na qual eles são recebidos e também conecta os rótulos do núcleo MPLS. Um roteador PE se conecta diretamente a um roteador CE.
- Cliente (C) Roteador - Roteador no provedor de serviços de Internet (ISP) ou na rede corporativa.
- Roteador de borda do cliente (CE) na rede do ISP que se conecta ao roteador PE na rede. Um roteador CE deve fazer interface com um roteador PE.

Visão geral do EVPN com L3VPN (MPLS SR)

As implantações de data center (DC) adotaram o VXLAN EVPN (ou) MPLS EVPN para seus

benefícios, como aprendizagem do plano de controle EVPN, multilocação, mobilidade contínua, redundância e acréscimos de POD mais fáceis. Da mesma forma, o CORE é uma rede MPLS L3VPN baseada em Protocolo de Distribuição de Rótulo (LDP - Label Distribution Protocol) ou está fazendo a transição da base tradicional baseada em LDP de L3VPN MPLS para uma solução mais sofisticada, como o Roteamento de Segmento (SR - Segment Routing).

O roteamento de segmento é adotado para seus benefícios, como:

- Planos de controle de IGP e MPLS unificados
- Métodos de engenharia de tráfego mais simples
- Configuração mais fácil
- adoção de SDN
- O EVPN (RFC 7432) é uma solução baseada em BGP MPLS que foi usada para serviços Ethernet de próxima geração em uma rede de data center virtualizado.
- O EVPN usa vários blocos componentes como RD, RT e VRF das tecnologias MPLS existentes.
- O EVPN L3 sobre SR que foi introduzido na versão NXOS 7.0(3)I6(1) usa a rota EVPN Tipo 5 com encapsulamento MPLS.
- O L3 EVPN sobre SR oferece multilocação, escalabilidade e alto desempenho para serviços de data center evoluídos.

Note: No DC, o plano de dados pode ser VXLAN ou MPLS.

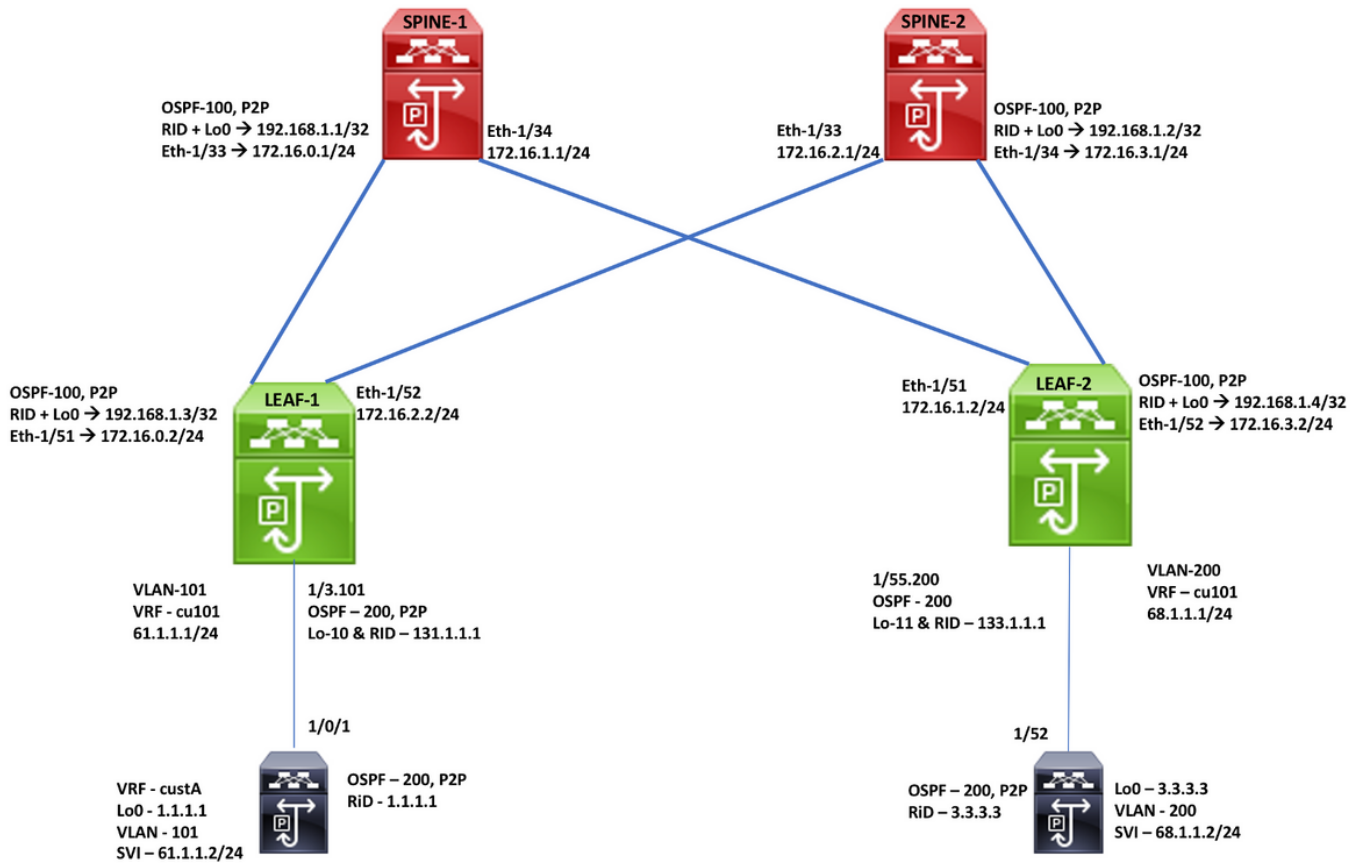
VPN L3 MPLS tradicional

Principais blocos de construção: RD, RT e VRF
Camada de sobreposição para transporte: IGP, LDP e RSVP-TE
Camada de sobreposição para serviço: VPNv4 e VPNv6

VPN L3 MPLS sobre SR

Principais blocos de construção: RD, RT e VRF
Camada de sobreposição para transporte: IGP/BGP-LU e SR-TE
Camada de sobreposição para serviço: EVPN

Diagrama de Rede



Configuração

SPINE-1 Configuration		
Enabling Features, Label-Range, Route-map, Label-Index	OSPF Configuration	BGP/EVPN Configuration
feature-set mpls	interface Ethernet1/33	router bgp 65001
feature ospf	ip address 172.16.0.1/24	router-id 192.168.1.1
feature bgp	ip ospf network point-to-point	address-family ipv4 unicast
feature mpls segment-routing	ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0	network 192.168.1.1/32 route-map label-index-spine1
feature mpls evpn	mpls ip forwarding	allocate-label all
feature interface-vlan	no shutdown	address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast
feature mpls oam		address-family l2vpn evpn
	interface Ethernet1/34	template peer EVPN
	ip address 172.16.1.1/24	remote-as 65001
	ip ospf network point-to-point	update-source loopback0
mpls label range 5000 450000	ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0	address-family l2vpn evpn
segment-routing	mpls ip forwarding	send-community extended
mpls	no shutdown	route-reflector-client
global-block 16000 25000		encapsulation mpls
connected-prefix-sid-map	interface loopback0	template peer Labeled-unicast
address-family ipv4	ip address 192.168.1.1/32	remote-as 65001
192.168.1.1/32 index 211	ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0	address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast
		send-community extended
route-map label-index-spine1 permit 10		route-reflector-client
set label-index 211		next-hop-self
	router ospf 100	soft-reconfiguration inbound always
	segment-routing mpls	neighbor 172.16.0.2
	router-id 192.168.1.1	inherit peer Labeled-unicast
		neighbor 172.16.1.2
		inherit peer Labeled-unicast
		neighbor 192.168.1.3
		inherit peer EVPN
		neighbor 192.168.1.4
		inherit peer EVPN

SPINE-2 Configuration

Enabling Features, Label-Range, Route-map, Label-Index	OSPF Configuration	BGP/EVPN Configuration
feature-set mpls feature ospf feature bgp feature mpls segment-routing feature mpls evpn feature interface-vlan feature mpls oam	interface Ethernet1/33 ip address 172.16.2.1/24 ip ospf network point-to-point ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0 mpls ip forwarding no shutdown	router bgp 65001 router-id 192.168.1.2 address-family ipv4 unicast network 192.168.1.2/32 route-map label-index-spine2 allocate-label all address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast address-family l2vpn evpn template peer EVPN remote-as 65001 update-source loopback0 address-family l2vpn evpn send-community extended route-reflector-client encapsulation mpls template peer Labeled-unicast remote-as 65001 address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast send-community extended route-reflector-client next-hop-self soft-reconfiguration inbound always neighbor 172.16.2.2 inherit peer Labeled-unicast neighbor 172.16.3.2 inherit peer Labeled-unicast neighbor 192.168.1.3 inherit peer EVPN neighbor 192.168.1.4 inherit peer EVPN
mpls label range 5000 450000	interface Ethernet1/34 ip address 172.16.3.1/24 ip ospf network point-to-point ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0 mpls ip forwarding no shutdown	
segment-routing mpls global-block 16000 25000 connected-prefix-sid-map address-family ipv4 192.168.1.2/32 index 221	interface loopback0 ip address 192.168.1.2/32 ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0	
route-map label-index-spine2 permit 10 set label-index 221	router ospf 100 segment-routing mpls router-id 192.168.1.2	

LEAF-1 Configuration

Enabling Features, Label-Range, Route-map, Label-Index	OSPF Configuration	BGP/EVPN Configuration
install feature-set mpls feature-set mpls nv overlay evpn feature ospf feature bgp feature mpls segment-routing feature mpls evpn feature interface-vlan feature mpls oam feature nv overlay	interface Ethernet1/51 ip address 172.16.0.2/24 ip ospf network point-to-point ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0 mpls ip forwarding no shutdown	router bgp 65001 router-id 192.168.1.3 address-family ipv4 unicast network 192.168.1.3/32 route-map label-index-leaf-1 allocate-label all address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast address-family l2vpn evpn
mpls label range 5000 450000 segment-routing mpls global-block 16000 25000 connected-prefix-sid-map address-family ipv4 192.168.1.3/32 index 311	interface Ethernet1/52 ip address 172.16.2.2/24 ip ospf network point-to-point ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0 mpls ip forwarding no shutdown	template peer EVPN remote-as 65001 update-source loopback0 address-family l2vpn evpn send-community extended encapsulation mpls
ip prefix-list test1 seq 5 permit 61.1.1.0/24 ip prefix-list test1 seq 10 permit 131.1.1.1/32	interface loopback0 ip address 192.168.1.3/32 ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0	template peer Labeled-unicast remote-as 65001 address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast send-community extended soft-reconfiguration inbound always
ip prefix-list test3 seq 5 permit 1.1.1.1/32	router ospf 100 segment-routing mpls router-id 192.168.1.3	neighbor 172.16.0.1 inherit peer Labeled-unicast neighbor 172.16.2.1 inherit peer Labeled-unicast neighbor 192.168.1.1 inherit peer EVPN neighbor 192.168.1.2 inherit peer EVPN
route-map bgp65001 permit 10 match route-type internal route-map direct1 permit 10 match ip address prefix-list test1 set community 65001:10 route-map label-index-leaf-1 permit 10 set label-index 311 route-map ospf200 permit 10 match ip address prefix-list test3	PE-CE vrf cu101 address-family ipv4 unicast	vrf cu101 router-id 131.1.1.1 address-family ipv4 unicast advertise l2vpn evpn redistribute direct route-map direct1 redistribute ospf 200 route-map ospf200
vrf context cu101 rd auto address-family ipv4 unicast route-target import 1:101 route-target import 1:101 evpn route-target export 1:101 route-target export 1:101 evpn	interface Ethernet1/3 no shutdown interface Ethernet1/3.101 encapsulation dot1q 101 vrf member cu101 ip address 61.1.1.1/24 ip ospf network point-to-point ip router ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0 no shutdown	
	interface loopback10 vrf member cu101 ip address 131.1.1.1/32 ip router ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0	
	router ospf 200 vrf cu101 router-id 131.1.1.1 redistribute bgp 65001 route-map bgp65001	

LEAF-2 Configuration

Enabling Features, Label-Range, Route-map, Label-Index

```

install feature-set mpls
feature-set mpls
nv overlay evpn
feature ospf
feature bgp
feature mpls segment-routing
feature mpls evpn
feature interface-vlan
feature mpls oam
feature nv overlay

mpls label range 5000 450000
segment-routing
mpls
  global-block 16000 25000
  connected-prefix-sid-map
  address-family ipv4
    192.168.1.4/32 index 321

ip prefix-list new seq 5 permit 68.1.1.0/24
ip prefix-list new seq 10 permit 133.1.1.1/32

ip prefix-list new1 seq 5 permit 3.3.3.3/32

ip prefix-list redtoospf seq 5 permit 61.1.1.0/24
ip prefix-list redtoospf seq 10 permit 1.1.1.1/32

route-map bgp65001 permit 10
  match route-type internal
route-map direct1 permit 10
  match ip address prefix-list new
route-map label-index-Leaf2 permit 10
  set label-index 321
route-map ospf200 permit 10
  match ip address prefix-list new1

vrf context cu101
rd auto
address-family ipv4 unicast
route-target import 1:101
route-target import 1:101 evpn
route-target export 1:101
route-target export 1:101 evpn
  
```

OSPF Configuration

```

interface Ethernet1/51
ip address 172.16.1.2/24
ip ospf network point-to-point
ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0
mpls ip forwarding
no shutdown

interface Ethernet1/52
ip address 172.16.3.2/24
ip ospf network point-to-point
ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0
mpls ip forwarding
no shutdown

interface loopback0
ip address 192.168.1.4/32
ip router ospf 100 area 0.0.0.0

router ospf 100
segment-routing mpls
router-id 192.168.1.4

PE-CE
vrf cu101
  address-family ipv4 unicast
interface Ethernet1/55
no shutdown
interface Ethernet1/55.200
encapsulation dot1q 200
vrf member cu101
ip address 68.1.1.1/24
ip ospf network point-to-point
ip router ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0
no shutdown

interface loopback11
vrf member cu101
ip address 133.1.1.1/32
ip router ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0

router ospf 200
vrf cu101
  router-id 133.1.1.1
  redistribute bgp 65001 route-map bgp65001
  
```

BGP/EVPN Configuration

```

router bgp 65001
router-id 192.168.1.4
address-family ipv4 unicast
  network 192.168.1.4/32 route-map label-index-Leaf2
  allocate-label all
address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast
address-family l2vpn evpn

template peer EVPN
remote-as 65001
update-source loopback0
address-family l2vpn evpn
  send-community extended
  encapsulation mpls

template peer Labeled-unicast
remote-as 65001
address-family ipv4 labeled-unicast
  send-community extended
  soft-reconfiguration inbound always

neighbor 172.16.1.1
inherit peer Labeled-unicast
neighbor 172.16.3.1
inherit peer Labeled-unicast
neighbor 192.168.1.1
inherit peer EVPN
neighbor 192.168.1.2
inherit peer EVPN

vrf cu101
router-id 133.1.1.1
address-family ipv4 unicast
  advertise l2vpn evpn
  redistribute direct route-map direct1
  redistribute ospf 200 route-map ospf200
  
```

End-Host Configuration

Host-1 / Cat-3750

```
vrf definition custA
rd 101:1
!
address-family ipv4
exit-address-family
!

interface Loopback0
vrf forwarding custA
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.255

interface GigabitEthernet1/0/1
switchport trunk allowed vlan 101
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
switchport mode trunk
!

interface Vlan101
vrf forwarding custA
ip address 61.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
ip ospf network point-to-point
ip ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0

router ospf 200 vrf custA
router-id 1.1.1.1
network 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 area 0.0.0.0
network 61.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0.0.0.0
```

Host-2 / N9K

```
feature ospf
feature interface-vlan

interface Ethernet1/52
switchport
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk allowed vlan 200
no shutdown

interface Vlan200
no shutdown
ip address 68.1.1.2/24
ip ospf network point-to-point
ip router ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0

interface loopback0
ip address 3.3.3.3/32
ip router ospf 200 area 0.0.0.0

router ospf 200
router-id 3.3.3.3
```

Verificar

Host2# show ip int brief

```
IP Interface Status for VRF "default"(1)
Interface      IP Address      Interface Status
Vlan200        68.1.1.2        protocol-up/link-up/admin-up
Vlan1001       100.0.0.100    protocol-down/link-down/admin-up
Lo0            3.3.3.3         protocol-up/link-up/admin-up
```

Host2# show ip route

```
IP Route Table for VRF "default"
*** denotes best ucast next-hop
**** denotes best mcast next-hop
'[x/y]' denotes [preference/metric]
'%<string>' in via output denotes VRF <string>

1.1.1.1/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 68.1.1.1, Vlan200, [110/1], 00:29:24, ospf-200, type-2, tag 65001
3.3.3.3/32, ubest/mbest: 2/0, attached
  *via 3.3.3.3, Lo0, [0/0], 20:16:34, local
  *via 3.3.3.3, Lo0, [0/0], 20:16:34, direct
61.1.1.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 68.1.1.1, Vlan200, [110/1], 00:29:24, ospf-200, type-2, tag 65001
68.1.1.0/24, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached
  *via 68.1.1.2, Vlan200, [0/0], 20:20:55, direct
68.1.1.2/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0, attached
  *via 68.1.1.2, Vlan200, [0/0], 20:20:55, local
131.1.1.1/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 68.1.1.1, Vlan200, [110/1], 00:29:24, ospf-200, type-2, tag 65001
133.1.1.1/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 68.1.1.1, Vlan200, [110/41], 20:15:32, ospf-200, intra
```

Host2# traceroute 1.1.1.1

```
traceroute to 1.1.1.1 (1.1.1.1), 30 hops max, 40 byte packets
 1 68.1.1.1 (68.1.1.1) 0.989 ms 0.585 ms 0.407 ms
 2 172.16.3.1 (172.16.3.1) 0.886 ms 172.16.1.1 (172.16.1.1) 0.765 ms 0.731 ms
   [Label=16311 E=0 TTL=1 S=0, Label=492289 E=0 TTL=1 S=1]
   [Label=16311 E=0 TTL=1 S=0, Label=492289 E=0 TTL=1 S=1]
 3 172.16.0.2 (172.16.0.2) 0.717 ms 172.16.2.2 (172.16.2.2) 0.509 ms 172.16.0.2 (172.16.0.2) 0.678 ms
   [Label=492289 E=0 TTL=1 S=1]
   [Label=492289 E=0 TTL=1 S=1]
 4 61.1.1.2 (61.1.1.2) 2.061 ms * 1.315 ms
```

Host2# ping 1.1.1.1 source 3.3.3.3

```
PING 1.1.1.1 (1.1.1.1) from 3.3.3.3: 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=251 time=5.538 ms
64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=251 time=1.338 ms
64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=251 time=2.201 ms
64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=251 time=2.217 ms
64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=251 time=4.021 ms

--- 1.1.1.1 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 1.338/3.063/5.538 ms
```

```
Leaf1# show ip route 3.3.3.3/32 vrf cu101
```

```
IP Route Table for VRF "cu101"
** denotes best ucast next-hop
*** denotes best mcast next-hop
'[x/y]' denotes [preference/metric]
'%<string>' in via output denotes VRF <string>

3.3.3.3/32, ubest/mbest: 1/0
  *via 192.168.1.4%default, [200/2], 00:44:27, bgp-65001, internal, tag 65001 (mpls-vpn)
```

```
Leaf1# show forwarding mpls 192.168.1.4/32
```

```
slot 1
=====
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
Local |Prefix |FEC   |Next-Hop |Interface |Out  |
Label |Table Id |(Prefix/Tunnel id) |         |         |Label|
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
16321 |0x1    |192.168.1.4/32 |172.16.0.1 |Eth1/51 |16321 | SWAP
      |"      |192.168.1.4/32 |172.16.2.1 |Eth1/52 |16321 | SWAP
```

```
Leaf1# show forwarding 3.3.3.3/32 vrf cu101
```

```
slot 1
=====
IPv4 routes for table cu101/base
```

```
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
Prefix | Next-hop | Interface | Labels | Partial Install |
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
*3.3.3.3/32 | 172.16.0.1 | Ethernet1/51 | PUSH 16321 492288 |
           | 172.16.2.1 | Ethernet1/52 | PUSH 16321 492288 |
```

Informações Relacionadas

- [VPN MPLS de BGP multiprotocolo](#)
- [Segmento de roteamento nos switches de plataforma Cisco Nexus 9500, 9300, 9200, 3200 e 3100 White paper](#)
- [Configurando o EVPN de Camada 3 e VPN de Camada 3 sobre MPLS de Roteamento de Segmento](#)