

Configurazione del backup ISDN con route statiche mobili

Sommario

[Introduzione](#)

[Prerequisiti](#)

[Requisiti](#)

[Componenti usati](#)

[Convenzioni](#)

[Configurazione](#)

[Esempio di rete](#)

[Configurazioni](#)

[Verifica](#)

[Risoluzione dei problemi](#)

[Comandi per la risoluzione dei problemi](#)

[Output di esempio della risoluzione dei problemi](#)

[Informazioni correlate](#)

Introduzione

In questo documento viene fornito un esempio di configurazione per l'implementazione di un backup ISDN con route statiche mobili e vengono fornite informazioni di base per la risoluzione dei problemi di questo tipo di configurazione.

Per informazioni sulle implementazioni più comuni di backup ISDN e sui relativi confronti, consultare il documento seguente: [Valutazione di interfacce di backup, route statiche mobili e Dialer Watch per il backup DDR](#).

Prerequisiti

Requisiti

Nessun requisito specifico previsto per questo documento.

Componenti usati

Le informazioni fornite in questo documento si basano sulle versioni software e hardware riportate di seguito.

- Due router Cisco 2500 con software Cisco IOS® versione 12.2(3) e 12.2(5)

Le informazioni discusse in questo documento fanno riferimento a dispositivi usati in uno specifico

ambiente di emulazione. Su tutti i dispositivi menzionati nel documento la configurazione è stata ripristinata ai valori predefiniti. Se la rete è operativa, valutare attentamente eventuali conseguenze derivanti dall'uso dei comandi.

Convenzioni

Per ulteriori informazioni sulle convenzioni usate, consultare il documento [Cisco sulle convenzioni nei suggerimenti tecnici](#).

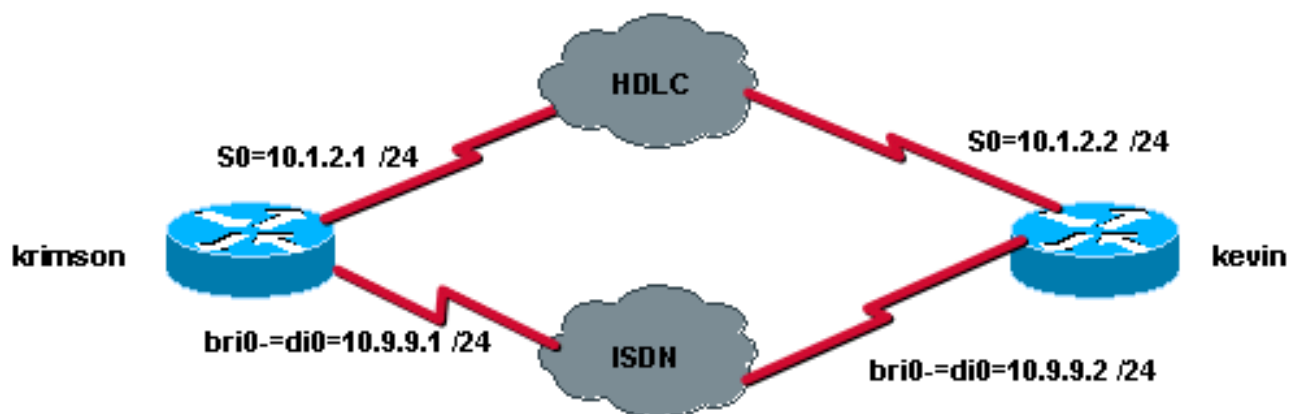
Configurazione

In questa sezione vengono presentate le informazioni necessarie per configurare le funzionalità descritte più avanti nel documento.

Nota: per ulteriori informazioni sui comandi menzionati in questo documento, usare lo [strumento di ricerca dei comandi](#) (solo utenti [registrati](#)).

Esempio di rete

Questo documento utilizza le impostazioni di rete mostrate nel diagramma sottostante.



Configurazioni

Questo documento utilizza le configurazioni mostrate di seguito.

- [krimson \(Cisco 2500 Router\)](#)
- [Kevin \(Cisco 2500 Router\)](#)

krimson (Cisco 2500 Router)

```
krimson#show running-config
Building configuration...

!
version 12.2
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
!
```

```
hostname krimson
!
username kevin password 0 <password>
!
!
isdn switch-type basic-net3
!
!
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.7.7.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Serial0
ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface BRI0
no ip address
encapsulation ppp
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
load-interval 30
dialer pool-member 1
isdn switch-type basic-net3
no fair-queue
no cdp enable
ppp authentication chap
!
interface Dialer0
ip address 10.9.9.1 255.255.255.0
encapsulation ppp
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
dialer pool 1
dialer remote-name kevin

dialer string 8114
dialer-group 1
no cdp enable
ppp authentication chap
!
ip classless
ip route 10.8.8.0 255.255.255.0 10.1.2.2
ip route 10.8.8.0 255.255.255.0 10.9.9.2 180
no ip http server
!
dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit
!
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 0 0
password <password> login
!
end
```

Kevin (Cisco 2500 Router)

```
kevin#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1205 bytes
!
```

```
version 12.2
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname kevin
!
username krimson password 0 <password>
!
isdn switch-type basic-net3
!
!
!
interface Loopback0
ip address 10.8.8.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Serial0
ip address 10.1.2.2 255.255.255.0
clockrate 2000000
!
interface Serial1
no ip address
shutdown
!
interface BRI0
no ip address
encapsulation ppp
dialer pool-member 1
isdn switch-type basic-net3
no cdp enable
ppp authentication chap
!
interface Dialer0
ip address 10.9.9.2 255.255.255.0
encapsulation ppp
dialer pool 1
dialer remote-name krimson
dialer string 8113
dialer-group 1
no cdp enable
ppp authentication chap
!
!
dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit
!
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 0 0
password <password> login
!
end
```

Verifica

Le informazioni contenute in questa sezione permettono di verificare che la configurazione funzioni correttamente.

Alcuni comandi **show** sono supportati dallo [strumento Output Interpreter \(solo utenti registrati\)](#); lo

[strumento permette di visualizzare un'analisi dell'output del comando show](#).

- **show ip route**: visualizza le voci della tabella di routing IP.
- **show interfaces**: visualizza le statistiche per tutte le interfacce configurate sul router o sul server di accesso.

[Risoluzione dei problemi](#)

Le informazioni contenute in questa sezione permettono di risolvere i problemi relativi alla configurazione.

[Comandi per la risoluzione dei problemi](#)

Alcuni comandi **show** sono supportati dallo [strumento Output Interpreter \(solo utenti registrati\)](#); lo [strumento permette di visualizzare un'analisi dell'output del comando show](#).

Nota: prima di usare i comandi di **debug**, consultare le [informazioni importanti sui comandi di debug](#).

- **debug isdn q931** - Visualizza informazioni sulla configurazione delle chiamate e sul disinserimento delle connessioni di rete ISDN (livello 3) tra il router locale (lato utente) e la rete.
- **debug isdn events**: visualizza gli eventi ISDN che si verificano sul lato utente (sul router) dell'interfaccia ISDN. È possibile visualizzare gli eventi ISDN Q.931 (configurazione delle chiamate e disinstallazione delle connessioni di rete ISDN).
- **debug dialer**: visualizza le informazioni di debug sui pacchetti o gli eventi su un'interfaccia dialer.
- **debug ppp negotiation** - Fa in modo che il comando **debug ppp** visualizzi i pacchetti PPP trasmessi durante l'avvio del protocollo PPP, in cui le opzioni PPP vengono negoziate.
- **debug ppp authentication**: causa la visualizzazione da parte del comando **debug ppp** dei messaggi del protocollo di autenticazione, inclusi gli scambi di pacchetti Challenge Authentication Protocol (CHAP) e gli scambi di pacchetti Password Authentication Protocol (PAP).

[Output di esempio della risoluzione dei problemi](#)

In questo caso, è possibile testare la funzionalità di backup utilizzando i comandi **shutdown** e **no shutdown** sull'interfaccia seriale del lato remoto. Ciò porta, di comune accordo, alla scomparsa della rotta IP principale verso la rete di destinazione in questione.

Esaminiamo prima lo stato iniziale dell'interfaccia primaria e la tabella di routing IP:

[Lato chiamata:](#)

```
krimson#show interface serial 0
Serial0 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is HD64570
Internet address is 10.1.2.1/24
```

```
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation HDLC, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Last input 00:00:07, output 00:00:07, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: weighted fair
Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/256 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)
Available Bandwidth 1158 kilobits/sec
5 minute input rate 1000 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
92 packets input, 7599 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 62 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
99 packets output, 8991 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 12 interface resets
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
4 carrier transitions
DCD=up DSR=up DTR=up RTS=up CTS=up
```

krimson#show ip route

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

Gateway of last resort is 10.48.74.1 to network 0.0.0.0

```
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
C 10.1.2.0/24 is directly connected, Serial0
S 10.8.8.0/24 [1/0] via 10.1.2.2
```

!--- The IP route for the destination network points to the primary link. C 10.9.9.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer0 C 10.7.7.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0 C 10.48.74.0/23 is directly connected, Ethernet0 S* 0.0.0.0/0 [254/0] via 10.48.74.1

Lato chiamato:

kevin#show interface serial 0

```
Serial0 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is HD64570
Internet address is 10.1.2.2/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation HDLC, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Last input 00:00:00, output 00:00:08, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: weighted fair
Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/256 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)
Available Bandwidth 1158 kilobits/sec
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
106 packets input, 9432 bytes, 0 no buffer
```

```
Received 71 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
98 packets output, 8016 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 4 interface resets
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
1 carrier transitions
DCD=up DSR=up DTR=up RTS=up CTS=up
```

```
kevin#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is 10.48.74.1 to network 0.0.0.0
```

```
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C 10.1.2.0/24 is directly connected, Serial0
C 10.9.9.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer0
C 10.8.8.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 10.48.74.0/23 is directly connected, Ethernet0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [254/0] via 10.48.74.1
kevin#
```

A questo punto è possibile simulare il problema del collegamento utilizzando il comando **shutdown** sull'interfaccia seriale remota:

```
krimson#
```

```
*Mar 4 15:25:18.302: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0, changed state to
down
*Mar 4 15:25:19.302: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0, changed state to down
```

Qui possiamo vedere che il collegamento primario è andato in tilt.

```
krimson#show interface serial 0
```

```
Serial0 is down, line protocol is down
Hardware is HD64570
Internet address is 10.1.2.1/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation HDLC, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Last input 00:00:22, output 00:00:32, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: weighted fair
Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/256 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)
Available Bandwidth 1158 kilobits/sec
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
108 packets input, 8526 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 78 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
114 packets output, 9895 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 12 interface resets
```

```
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
5 carrier transitions
DCD=down DSR=down DTR=up RTS=up CTS=down
krimson#
```

I dettagli della tabella di routing mostrano ora che la route statica mobile è installata nella tabella di routing:

```
krimson#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is 10.48.74.1 to network 0.0.0.0
```

```
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
S 10.8.8.0/24 [180/0] via 10.9.9.2
C 10.9.9.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer0
C 10.7.7.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 10.48.74.0/23 is directly connected, Ethernet0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [254/0] via 10.48.74.1
krimson#
```

Sul router chiamato, è possibile simulare l'errore del collegamento primario simulato usando il comando **shutdown** sull'interfaccia 0 seriale locale:

```
kevin#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
kevin(config)#interface serial 0
kevin(config-if)#shutdown

*Mar 4 15:32:00.250: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial0, changed state to
administratively down
*Mar 4 15:32:01.250: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0, changed state to down
*Mar 4 15:32:03.742: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Ora possiamo vedere che il collegamento principale si interrompe:

```
kevin#show interface serial 0
Serial0 is administratively down, line protocol is down
Hardware is HD64570
Internet address is 10.1.2.2/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1544 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation HDLC, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Last input 00:01:28, output 00:01:18, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: weighted fair
Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/256 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)
Available Bandwidth 1158 kilobits/sec
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
```


5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
114 packets input, 9895 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 79 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
108 packets output, 8526 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 4 interface resets
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
1 carrier transitions
DCD=down DSR=down DTR=up RTS=up CTS=down

Il traffico ping, definito come traffico interessante, avvia la chiamata in uscita tramite l'interfaccia di connessione 0 per il backup.

krimson#ping 10.8.8.1

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.8.8.1, timeout is 2 seconds:

```
*Mar 4 15:27:39.618: BR0 DDR: rotor dialout [priority]
*Mar 4 15:27:39.622: BR0 DDR: Dialing cause ip (s=10.9.9.1, d=10.8.8.1)
*Mar 4 15:27:39.626: BR0 DDR: Attempting to dial 8114
*Mar 4 15:27:39.642: ISDN BR0: TX -> SETUP pd = 8 callref = 0x09
*Mar 4 15:27:39.646: Bearer Capability i = 0x8890
*Mar 4 15:27:39.654: Channel ID i = 0x83
*Mar 4 15:27:39.658: Called Party Number i = 0x80, '8114',
Plan:Unknown, Type:Unknown
*Mar 4 15:27:39.718: ISDN BR0: RX <- CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:27:39.722: Channel ID i = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:27:39.974: ISDN BR0: RX <- CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:27:39.990: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0:1, changed state to up
*Mar 4 15:27:39.998: %DIALER-6-BIND: Interface BR0:1 bound to profile Di0
*Mar 4 15:27:40.010: BR0:1 PPP: Treating connection as a callout
*Mar 4 15:27:40.010: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 0 load]
*Mar 4 15:27:40.014: BR0:1 LCP: O !!!CONFREQ [Closed] id 19 len 15
*Mar 4 15:27:40.018: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.022: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D0A490 (0x050612D0A490)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.030: ISDN BR0: TX -> CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x09
*Mar 4 15:27:40.054: BR0:1 LCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 9 len 15
*Mar 4 15:27:40.058: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.062: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D6B638 (0x050612D6B638)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.066: BR0:1 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 9 len 15
*Mar 4 15:27:40.066: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.070: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D6B638 (0x050612D6B638)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.074: BR0:1 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 19 len 15
*Mar 4 15:27:40.078: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.082: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D0A490 (0x050612D0A490)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.082: BR0:1 LCP: State is Open
*Mar 4 15:27:40.086: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by both [0 sess, 0 load]
*Mar 4 !
Suc15:27:40.090: BR0:1 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 7 len 28 from "krimson"
*Mar 4 15:27:40.106: BR0:1 CHAP: I CHALLENGE id 7 len 26 from "kevin"
*Mar 4 15:27:40.110: BR0:1 CHAP: O RESPONSE id 7 len 28 from "krimson"
*Mar 4 15:27:40.138: BR0:1 CHAP: I SUCCESS id 7 len 4
*Mar 4 15:27:40.150: BR0:1 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 7 len 26 from "kevin"
*Mar 4 15:27:40.158: BR0:1 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 7 len 4
*Mar 4 15:27:40.162: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 0 load]
*Mar 4 15:27:40.166: BR0:1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:27:40.170: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.1 (0x03060A090901)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.186: BR0:1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:27:40.190: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.2 (0x03060A090902)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.190: BR0:1 IPCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:27:40.194: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.2 (0x03060A090902)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.202: BR0:1 IPCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 2 len 10
```

```
*Mar 4 15:27:40.206: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.1 (0x03060A090901)
*Mar 4 15:27:40.206: BR0:1 IPCP: State is Open
*Mar 4 15:27:40.214: BR0:1 DDR: dialer protocol up
*Mar 4 15:27:40.218: Di0 IPCP: Install route to 10.9.9.2
*Mar 4 15:27:41.162: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0:1,
changed state to upccess rate is 80 percent (4/5), round-trip min/avg/max =
36/47/76 ms
krimson#
```

Allo stesso tempo, i **debug** in esecuzione sul lato chiamato mostrano il seguente output per la stessa chiamata:

```
kevin#
*Mar 4 15:34:21.698: ISDN BR0: RX <- SETUP pd = 8 callref = 0x07
*Mar 4 15:34:21.706: Bearer Capability i = 0x8890
*Mar 4 15:34:21.714: Channel ID i = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:34:21.718: Calling Party Number i = 0xA1, '8113',
Plan:ISDN, Type:National
*Mar 4 15:34:21.734: Called Party Number i = 0xC1, '8114',
Plan:ISDN, Type:Subscriber(local)
*Mar 4 15:34:21.762: ISDN BR0: Event: Received a DATA call from 8113 on B1
at 64 Kb/s
*Mar 4 15:34:21.762: ISDN BR0: Event: Accepting the call id 0xC
*Mar 4 15:34:21.766: BR0:1: interface must be fifo queue, force fifo
*Mar 4 15:34:21.774: %DIALER-6-BIND: Interface BR0:1 bound to profile Di0
*Mar 4 15:34:21.786: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0:1, changed state to up
*Mar 4 15:34:21.798: BR0:1 PPP: Treating connection as a callin
*Mar 4 15:34:21.802: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess,
0 load]
*Mar 4 15:34:21.806: BR0:1 LCP: State is Listen
*Mar 4 15:34:21.818: ISDN BR0: TX -> CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0x87
*Mar 4 15:34:21.826: Channel ID i = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:34:21.854: ISDN BR0: TX -> CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0x87
*Mar 4 15:34:21.918: ISDN BR0: RX <- CONNECT_ACK pd = 8 callref = 0x07
*Mar 4 15:34:21.926: Channel ID i = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:34:21.978: BR0:1 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 19 len 15
*Mar 4 15:34:21.982: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:34:21.986: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D0A490 (0x050612D0A490)
*Mar 4 15:34:21.990: BR0:1 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 9 len 15
*Mar 4 15:34:21.994: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:34:21.994: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D6B638 (0x050612D6B638)
*Mar 4 15:34:21.998: BR0:1 LCP: O CONFACK [Listen] id 19 len 15
*Mar 4 15:34:22.002: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.006: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D0A490 (0x050612D0A490)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.030: BR0:1 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 9 len 15
*Mar 4 15:34:22.034: BR0:1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.034: BR0:1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x12D6B638 (0x050612D6B638)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.038: BR0:1 LCP: State is Open
*Mar 4 15:34:22.042: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by both [0 sess, 0
load]
*Mar 4 15:34:22.046: BR0:1 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 7 len 26 from "kevin"
*Mar 4 15:34:22.050: BR0:1 CHAP: I CHALLENGE id 7 len 28 from "krimson"
*Mar 4 15:34:22.054: BR0:1 CHAP: Waiting for peer to authenticate first
*Mar 4 15:34:22.070: BR0:1 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 7 len 28 from "krimson"
*Mar 4 15:34:22.078: BR0:1 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 7 len 4
*Mar 4 15:34:22.082: BR0:1 CHAP: Processing saved Challenge, id 7
*Mar 4 15:34:22.090: BR0:1 CHAP: O RESPONSE id 7 len 26 from "kevin"
*Mar 4 15:34:22.114: BR0:1 CHAP: I SUCCESS id 7 len 4
*Mar 4 15:34:22.118: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 0 load]
*Mar 4 15:34:22.122: BR0:1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:34:22.126: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.2 (0x03060A090902)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.130: BR0:1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:34:22.134: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.1 (0x03060A090901)
```

```
*Mar 4 15:34:22.138: BR0:1 IPCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:34:22.142: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.1 (0x03060A090901)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.226: BR0:1 IPCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 2 len 10
*Mar 4 15:34:22.230: BR0:1 IPCP: Address 10.9.9.2 (0x03060A090902)
*Mar 4 15:34:22.230: BR0:1 IPCP: State is Open
*Mar 4 15:34:22.242: BR0:1 DDR: dialer protocol up
*Mar 4 15:34:22.250: Di0 IPCP: Install route to 10.9.9.1
*Mar 4 15:34:23.114: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0:1,
changed state to up
*Mar 4 15:34:27.794: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface BRI0:1 is now connected to
8113 krimson
```

Lo stato dopo il backup è "attivo":

```
krimson#show interface dialer 0
Dialer0 is up, line protocol is up (spoofing)
Hardware is Unknown
Internet address is 10.9.9.1/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 56 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set
DTR is pulsed for 1 seconds on reset
Interface is bound to BR0:1
Last input never, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters 00:13:26
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: weighted fair
Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/16 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)
Available Bandwidth 42 kilobits/sec
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
36 packets input, 2160 bytes
36 packets output, 2160 bytes
Bound to:
BRI0:1 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is BRI
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 64 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Time to interface disconnect: idle 00:01:33
Interface is bound to Di0 (Encapsulation PPP)
LCP Open
Open: IPCP
Last input 00:00:26, output 00:00:01, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
30 second input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
30 second output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
126 packets input, 3664 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
131 packets output, 3777 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 15 interface resets
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
28 carrier transitions

krimson#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
```

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is 10.48.74.1 to network 0.0.0.0

10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 3 masks
C 10.9.9.2/32 is directly connected, Dialer0
S 10.8.8.0/24 [180/0] via 10.9.9.2
C 10.9.9.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer0
C 10.7.7.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 10.48.74.0/23 is directly connected, Ethernet0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [254/0] via 10.48.74.1

Sul lato chiamato:

Lo stato dopo il backup è "attivo".

```
kevin#show interface dialer 0
Dialer0 is up, line protocol is up (spoofing)
Hardware is Unknown
Internet address is 10.9.9.2/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 56 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set
DTR is pulsed for 1 seconds on reset
Interface is bound to BR0:1
Last input never, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters 00:16:18
Input queue: 0/75/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: weighted fair
Output queue: 0/1000/64/0 (size/max total/threshold/drops)
Conversations 0/1/16 (active/max active/max total)
Reserved Conversations 0/0 (allocated/max allocated)
Available Bandwidth 42 kilobits/sec
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
40 packets input, 2224 bytes
40 packets output, 2224 bytes
Bound to:
BRI0:1 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is BRI
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 64 Kbit, DLY 20000 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation PPP, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Time to interface disconnect: idle 00:01:11
Interface is bound to Di0 (Encapsulation PPP)
LCP Open
Open: IPCP
Last input 00:00:48, output 00:00:00, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
136 packets input, 3857 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
```

```
131 packets output, 3744 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 12 interface resets
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
35 carrier transitions
```

```
kevin#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is 10.48.74.1 to network 0.0.0.0
```

```
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 3 masks
C 10.9.9.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer0
C 10.8.8.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 10.9.9.1/32 is directly connected, Dialer0
C 10.48.74.0/23 is directly connected, Ethernet0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [254/0] via 10.48.74.1
```

In questo caso, viene simulato il ripristino del collegamento primario utilizzando il comando **no shutdown** sull'interfaccia seriale remota:

```
krimson#
```

```
*Mar 4 15:28:58.726: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial0, changed state to up
*Mar 4 15:28:59.730: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface
Serial0, changed state to up
```

Il backup viene disconnesso dopo il timeout di inattività.

```
krimson#show isdn active
```

```
-----
ISDN ACTIVE CALLS
-----
```

```
-----
Call Calling Called Remote Seconds Seconds Seconds Charges
Type Number Number Name Used Left Idle
Units/Currency
-----
```

```
Out 8114 kevin 120 1 118 0
-----
```

```
krimson#
```

```
*Mar 4 15:29:41.738: BR0:1 DDR: idle timeout
*Mar 4 15:29:41.742: BR0 DDR: has total 0 call(s), dial_out 0, dial_in 0
*Mar 4 15:29:41.746: BR0:1 PPP: Treating connection as a callout
*Mar 4 15:29:41.750: %DIALER-6-UNBIND: Interface BR0:1 unbound from profile
Di0
*Mar 4 15:29:41.754: BR0:1 DDR: disconnecting call
*Mar 4 15:29:41.758: %ISDN-6-DISCONNECT: Interface BRI0:1 disconnected from
8114 kevin, call lasted 121 seconds
*Mar 4 15:29:41.774: ISDN BR0: TX -> DISCONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0x09
*Mar 4 15:29:41.782: Cause i = 0x8090 - Normal call clearing
*Mar 4 15:29:41.790: Di0 IPCP: Remove route to 10.9.9.2
*Mar 4 15:29:41.862: ISDN BR0: RX <- RELEASE pd = 8 callref = 0x89
*Mar 4 15:29:41.886: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface BRI0:1, changed state to down
```

```
*Mar 4 15:29:41.894: BR0:1 IPCP: State is Closed
*Mar 4 15:29:41.894: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is TERMINATING [0 sess, 0 load]
*Mar 4 15:29:41.898: BR0:1 LCP: State is Closed
*Mar 4 15:29:41.898: BR0:1 PPP: Phase is DOWN [0 sess, 0 load]
*Mar 4 15:29:41.902: BR0:1 DDR: disconnecting call
*Mar 4 15:29:41.910: ISDN BR0: TX -> RELEASE_COMP pd = 8 callref = 0x09
*Mar 4 15:29:42.886: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface BRI0:1,
changed state to down
```

Lo stato iniziale è ora ripristinato.

```
krimson#show ip route
```

```
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
P - periodic downloaded static route
```

```
Gateway of last resort is 10.48.74.1 to network 0.0.0.0
```

```
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
C 10.1.2.0/24 is directly connected, Serial0
S 10.8.8.0/24 [1/0] via 10.1.2.2
C 10.9.9.0/24 is directly connected, Dialer0
C 10.7.7.0/24 is directly connected, Loopback0
C 10.48.74.0/23 is directly connected, Ethernet0
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [254/0] via 10.48.74.1
```

[Informazioni correlate](#)

- [Pagine di supporto per la tecnologia di composizione](#)
- [Supporto tecnico – Cisco Systems](#)