

Configuring Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV)

- · Configuring BIOS and Cisco UCS Manager Parameters, on page 1
- Configuring SR-IOV VFs on the ESXi Host Server, on page 6
- Configuring SR-IOV VFs on the Linux Host Server, on page 12

Configuring BIOS and Cisco UCS Manager Parameters

Enabling BIOS Parameters

Before you begin

- You must have a BIOS policy that is already created with the following options enabled:
 - For Intel based servers, Intel VT for directed IO under Intel Directed IO tab.
 - For AMD based servers, IOMMU and SVM Mode under Processor tab.

To update BIOS options, see, Cisco UCS Manager Server Management Guide.

• You must have a service profile already created for SR-IOV configuration. To create a Service Profile see Cisco UCS Manager Server Management Guide. Once the Service Profile is created, follow the steps in this procedure to enable the BIOS policy.

Procedure

Step 1	In the Navigation p	ane, click Servers.

- **Step 2** Expand **Servers** > **Service Profiles**.
- **Step 3** Expand the node for the organization that includes the service profile for which you want to enable SR-IOV BIOS parameters.

If the system does not include multi-tenancy, expand the root node.

Step 4 Click the service profile for which you want to enable SR-IOV BIOS parameters.

- **Step 5** In the **Work** pane, click the **Policies** tab.
- **Step 6** On the **Policies** tab, expand **BIOS Policy**.
- Step 7From the BIOS Policy drop-down list, select the BIOS policy that you have created for SR-IOV configuration.Ensure that the BIOS policy selected satisfies the pre-requisites for this procedure.
- **Step 8** Save changes and click **Yes** to reboot the server.

Enabling SR-IOV VFs using Cisco UCS Manager GUI

To enable SR-IOV from Cisco UCS Manager, you must

- Create an SRIOV HPN Connection Policy with desired number of VFs.
- Assign the SRIOV HPN Connection Policy to a Service Profile.

Before you begin

• Ensure that the required BIOS options are enabled before performing this procedure.

- **Step 1** In the **Navigation** pane, click **LAN**.
- **Step 2** Expand **Policies** > **root**.
- Step 3 To create SRIOV HPN Connection Policy, right click SRIOV HPN Connection Policies.
- Step 4 You can view and modify the created SRIOV HPN Connection Policy properties.

Name	Description
Name field	The name of the policy.
	This name can be between 1 and 16 alphanumeric characters. You cannot use spaces or any special characters other than - (hyphen), _ (underscore), : (colon), and . (period), and you cannot change this name after the object is saved.
Description field	Brief description of the policy.
Number of SRIOV HPN vnics field	Enter an integer between 1 and 64.
Transmit Queues field	The number of descriptors in each transmit queue. Enter an integer between 1 and 8.
Receive Queues field	The number of receive queue resources to allocate. Enter an integer between 1 and 8.

Name	Description
Completion Queues field	The number of completion queue resources to allocate. In general, the number of completion queue resources you should allocate is equal to the number of transmit queue resources plus the number of receive queue resources. Enter an integer between 1 and 16.
Interrupt Count field	The number of interrupt resources to allocate. In general, this value should be equal to the number of completion queue resources. Enter an integer between 1 and 16.

- Step 5Provide the policy name with the desire number of SRIOV HPN vNICs and click OK to create SRIOV HPN
Connection Policy.
- **Step 6** In the **Navigation** pane, click **Servers**.
- **Step 7** Expand **Servers** > **Service Profiles**.
- **Step 8** Expand the node and service profile for the organization that contains the service profile for SR-IOV configuration.
- **Step 9** Click the desired service profile for which you wish to apply the SR-IOV VFs.
- **Step 10** Expand **vNIC** and select the vNIC for which you wish to apply the SR-IOV VFs.
- **Step 11** In the work pane, select the **General** tab.
- Step 12 At the Adapter Policy drop-down list, select SRIOV-HPN.
- Step 13 Under the Connection Policies radio buttons, select SRIOV-HPN.
- **Step 14** From the **SRIOV HPN Connection Policy** drop-down list, select the policy you have already created for SR-IOV configuration.
- **Step 15** Save changes and click **Yes** to reboot the server.

Disabling SR-IOV VFs Using Cisco UCS Manager GUI

Step 1	In the Navigation pane, click Servers.	
Step 2 Expand Servers > Service Profiles.		
	Expand the node and service profile for the organization that contains the service profile for SR-IOV configuration.	
Step 3	Click the service profile from which you wish to remove the SR-IOV VFs.	
Step 4	Expand vNIC and select the vNIC for which you wish to disable the SR-IOV VFs.	
Step 5	In the work pane, select the General tab.	
Step 6	Under the Connection Policies radio button options, select SRIOV-HPN.	

- **Step 7** From the **SRIOV HPN Connection Policy** drop-down list, select **not set** to remove the SR-IOV connection policy.
- **Step 8** Save changes and click **Yes** to reboot the server.

Enabling SR-IOV VFs using Cisco UCS Manager CLI

To enable SR-IOV from Cisco UCS Manager, you must

- Create an SRIOV HPN Connection Policy with desired number of VFs.
- Assign the SRIOV HPN Connection Policy to a Service Profile.

Before you begin

• Ensure that the required BIOS options are enabled before performing this procedure.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	UCS-A # scope org org-name	Enters organization mode for the specified organization. To enter the root organization mode, type / as the org-name.
Step 2	UCS-A /org # create sriov-hpn-conn-policy policy-name	Specifies the name for the SRIOV HPN connection policy.
Step 3	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # set sriov-hpn-count sriov hpn count	Specifies the SRIOV HPN vNICs count for the SRIOV HPN connection policy. Enter an integer between 1 and 64.
Step 4	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # set transmit-queue-count transmit queue count	Specifies the transmit queue count for the SRIOV HPN connection policy. Enter an integer between 1 and 8.
Step 5	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # set receive-queue-count receive queue count	Specifies the receive queue count for the SRIOV HPN connection policy. Enter an integer between 1 and 8.
Step 6	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # set completion-queue-count completion-queue count	Specifies the completion queue count for the SRIOV HPN connection policy. In general, the number of completion queue resources you should allocate is equal to the number of transmit queue resources plus the number of receive queue resources. Enter an integer between 1 and 16.
Step 7	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # set interrupt-queue-count interrupt queue count	Specifies the interrupt count for the SRIOV HPN connection policy. In general, this value should be equal to the number of completion

	Command or Action	Purpose		
		queue resources. Enter an integer between 1 and 16.		
Step 8	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # commit-buffer	Commits the transaction to the system.		
Step 9	UCS-A /org/sriov-hpn-conn-policy* # exit			
Step 10	UCS-A /org # scope service-profile profile-name-for-sriov-config	Enters the service profile for the organization that contains the service profile for SR-IOV configuration.		
Step 11	UCS-A# scope /org/service-profile # scope vnic eth0/eth1	Select a vNIC for which you wish to apply the SR-IOV VFs.		
Step 12	UCS-A /org/service-profile/vnic # set adapter-policy SRIOV-HPN	Sets the adapter policy as SRIOV HPN		
Step 13	UCS-A /org/service-profile/vnic # enter sriov-hpn-conn-policy-ref sriov_hpn_connection_policy_name	Assigns the SRIOV HPN connection policy created previously to the vNIC.		
Step 14	UCS-A /org/service-profile/vnic/sriov-hpn-conn-policy-ref* # commit-buffer	Commits the transaction to the system.		

Disabling SR-IOV VFs using Cisco UCS Manager CLI

To disable the SRIOV VFs, you must delete the associated SRIOV HPN connection policy.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	UCS-A # scope org org-name	Enters organization mode for the specified organization. To enter the root organization mode, type / as the org-name.
Step 2	UCS-A /org # scope service-profile service_profile_name	Enter the service profile withing which you wish to disable the SRIOV VFs.
Step 3	UCS-A /org/service-profile # scope vnic eth0/eth1	Select a vNIC for which you wish to apply the SR-IOV VFs.
Step 4	UCS-A /org/service-profile/vnic # delete sriov-hpn-conn-policy-ref sriov_hpn_connection_policy_name	Deletes the SRIOV HPN Connection policy. This disables the SRIOV VFs.
Step 5	UCS-A /org/service-profile/vnic* # commit-buffer	Commits the transaction to the system.

Configuring SR-IOV VFs on the ESXi Host Server

Installing Cisco eNIC Driver

Before you begin

Ensure that the required BIOS parameters and SR-IOV VFs configurations are completed.

Procedure

Step 1 Install the enic driver on the host.

The following example shows the installation of eNIC driver on ESXi:

```
[root@localhost:/vmfs/volumes/645c8bdd-c655e553-8ba0-e8d32272f6c0] esxcli software vib
install -v /vmfs/volumes/C240M7-Standalone/nenic-2.0.10.0-10EM.800.1.0.20143090.x86_64.vib
--no-sig-check
Installation Result
Message: The update completed successfully, but the system needs to be rebooted for the
changes to be effective.
VIBs Installed: CIS_bootbank_nenic_2.0.10.0-10EM.800.1.0.20143090
VIBs Removed: CIS_bootbank_nenic_2.0.11.0-10EM.800.1.0.20143090
VIBs Skipped:
Reboot Required: true
DFU Results:
[root@localhost:/vmfs/volumes/645c8bdd-c655e553-8ba0-e8d32272f6c0]
```

Step 3 After reboot, execute the command esxcli software vib list | grep nenic to check the driver version.

Verifying the Total Number of SR-IOV VFs Per Ports on the Host

You can verify the total number of SR-IOV VFs in the following two ways:

Procedure

Step 1 Verify by logging into the VMware ESXi Host Client.:

- Login to the VMware ESXi Host Client.
- Execute the following command to check the vNIC with SR-IOV capability:

The following output shows the number of VF configured on vNIC:

[rc	pot@local	lhost:~]	esxcli	netwo	ork sr	iovnic	vf	list	-n	vmnic0
VF	ID Acti	Lve PCI	Address	5	Owner	World	ID			
0	false	00000:02	27:00.1	-						
1	false	00000:02	27:00.2	-						
2	false	00000:02	27:00.3	-						
3	false	00000:02	27:00.4	-						
4	false	00000:02	27:00.5	-						
5	false	00000:02	27:00.6	-						
6	false	00000:02	27:00.7	-						
7	false	00000:02	27:01.0	-						

Step 2 Alternatively, you can also access your host from vSphere vCenter Client.

For more information on configuring SR-IOV VFs on the host, see Creating SR-IOV VFs on the Host.

After you reboot the host server, do the following:

- Login to the ESXi Host Client, and choose Networking > Virtual Switches.
- Click Add Standard Virtual Switch.
- Add a switch name in the vSwitch Name field, select the vmnic with SR-IOV capability, and click Add.
- In the Port Groups tab, click Add Port Group.
- In the Add Port Group dialog-box, add a new port group and select the switch from the Virtual Switch drop-down.

Creating SR-IOV VFs on the Host

Step 1	Login to your VMware ESXi Host Client.
	Alternatively, you can also access your host from vSphere vCenter Client and browse to Configure > Networking > Physical adapters .
Step 2	Go to Host > Manage and select the Hardware tab.
Step 3	Select PCI Devices from the list.
Step 4	From the drop-down list, select SR-IOV Capable.
	The list shows all the SR-IOV capable devices.
Step 5	Select the vNIC for which you wish to create the VFs.
Step 6 Click Configure SR-IOV.	
	Configure SR-IOV for Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC window is displayed.
Step 7	Perform the following:

Field	Description
Enabled radio button	Select Yes to enable the configuration.
Virtual functions field	Number of VFs as configured on SRIOV connection policy that are available for the configuration. Enter an integer between 1 and 64.

Step 8

Click **Save** and then reboot the host server.

Configuring the Switch

Before you begin

Ensure that the SR-IOV VFs are configured.

Procedure

Step 1 Lo	gin to your	VMware	ESXi Host	Client.
-----------	-------------	--------	-----------	---------

Step 2 Navigate to **Host** > **Networking** and select the **Virtual switches** tab.

Step 3 Click Add Standard Virtual Switch.

Step 4 Enter the name for the switch.

Step 5 Select a SR-IOV Capable Vmnic from the list.

Step 6 Click Add.

Step 7 Complete the following:

Field	Description
vSwitch Name field	Enter a suitable name for the virtual switch.
MTU field	Enter the maximum transmission unit. The default is 1500 bytes.
Uplink 1 drop-down list	From the drop-down list, select the PCIe devices for which you created the SR-IOVs.
Link Discovery	From the drop-down list, select the Mode and the Protocol .
	Note These fields remain as default.

Field	Description
Security	Choose from the following options:
	 Promiscuous mode—Accept, Reject, or Inherit from vSwitch.
	• MAC address changes—Accept, Reject, or Inherit from vSwitch.
	Forged trasmits—Accept, Reject, or Inherit from vSwitch.
NIC teaming	Choose from the following:
	• Load balancing—From the drop-down list choose the Load balancing. Values are: Inherit from vSwitch,
	• Network failover detection—From the drop-down list choose the network failover detection. Values are: Inherit from vSwitch,
	• Notify switches—Choose the notify switches. Values are Yes, No, Inherit from vSwitch.
	• Fallback—Choose the fallback. Values are Yes, No, Inherit from vSwitch.
	• Override failover order —From the drop-down list choose the override failover order. Values are Yes or No ,
	• Failover order—Choose the failover order.
Traffic Shaping	Perform the following:
	• Status—Choose the status. Values are Enabled, Disabled, Inherit from vSwitch.
	• Average bandwidth—Enter the average bandwidth.
	• Peek bandwidth—Enter the peek bandwidth.
	• Burst size—Enter the burst size.
	Note Traffic shaping policy is applied to the traffic of each virtual network adapter attached to the virtual switch.

What to do next

Creating a Virtual Port, on page 10

Creating a Virtual Port

Before you begin

Ensure that the SR-IOV VFs are configured.

Procedure

Step 1	Login to your VMware ESXi Host Client.	
Step 2	Go to Host > Networking and select the Port Groups tab.	
Step 3	Click Add port group.	
	Add port group-New port group window is displayed	
Step 4	Complete the following:	

Field	Description
Name field	Enter a suitable name for the virtual port.
VLAN ID field	Enter the VLAN ID.
Virtual Switch drop-down list	From the drop-down list, select the virtual switch.
Security	Choose from the following options:
	 Promiscuous mode—Accept, Reject, or Inherit from vSwitch.
	 MAC address changes—Accept, Reject, or Inherit from vSwitch.
	Forged trasmits—Accept, Reject, or Inherit from vSwitch.

Step 5

Click Add.

Creating a New Virtual Machine (VM)

Before you begin

- Host with Desktop Environment
- sudo user with admin rights
- Virtualization packages are installed
- OS ISO image is copied to the host server

Procedure

Refer Installing OS on Guest VM on ESXi, on page 11.

Adding SR-IOV VF on the Virtual Machine

Before you begin

Power off the Virtual Machine.

Procedure

In the Virtual Machine Manager, right-click on the Virtual Machine and select Open.
Click the Show Virtual Hardware Detail icon next to Monitor icon.
Click Add Hardware.
In the Add New Virtual Hardware window, select PCI Host Device. Under the PCI Device Details tab, assign a created SR-IOV VF to the Virtual Machine.
Click Finish.
Power on the Virtual Machine.

What to do next

You can now log into the virtual machine, install Cisco eNIC driver 4.7.0.5-1076.6 or later version, reboot the virtual machine, and then use the ip link command to verify the added SR-IOV VF.

Installing OS on Guest VM on ESXi

Before you begin

Upload the Linux operating system ISO on the datastore.

Right-click the host node and navigate to vCenter > New Virtual machine.
Select a Creation Type > Create New Virtual Machine, and click Next.
Enter a name for the folder, and click Next.
Select a compute resource, choose a node and click Next.
Select Storage and check the datastore radio-button, and click Next.
Select the compatability ESXi 8.0 or later and click Next.

Step 7	Select a guest OS version as RHEL Linux9 (64-bit), and click Next.
Step 8	Customize the hardware set CPU to 2, and Memory values to 4 GB.
Step 9	Expand the Memory tab, and check Reserve all guest memory (All locket) check box.
Step 10	Select New CD/DVD Drive (Datastore ISO file), and check the Connect At Power On check box.
Step 11	Under CD/DVD Media, browse and select the Linux ISO image and click Next.
Step 12	Click Finish .

Configuring SR-IOV VFs on the Linux Host Server

Installing Cisco eNIC Driver

Before you begin

Ensure that the required BIOS parameters and SR-IOV VFs configurations are completed.

```
Step 1
        Install the enic driver on the host.
        Following example shows the installation of eNIC driver on RHEL:
         [user@rack-111 drivers]# rpm -ivh kmod-enic-4.7.0.5-1076.6.rhel9u4 5.14.0 427.13.1.x86 64.rpm
                                           Verifying...
        Preparing...
                                           Updating / installing...
           [user@rack-111 drivers]#
Step 2
        Reboot the server to load the enic driver into the running kernel.
Step 3
        Execute modinfo enic to check enic driver is loaded.
        Following example shows the output of modinfo enic command:
         [user@rack-111 drivers] # modinfo enic
         filename:
                      /lib/modules/5.14.0-427.13.1.el9 4.x86 64/extra/enic/enic.ko
                      4.7.0.5-1076.6
        version:
        retpoline:
                      Y
        license:
                     GPL v2
                      Scott Feldman scofeldm@cisco.com
        author:
                      Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC Driver
        description:
                     9.4
        rhelversion:
                      3A1B1E81C9641925B34D1B2
        srcversion:
        alias:
                     pci:v00001137d000002B7sv*sd*bc*sc*i*
                     pci:v00001137d00000071sv*sd*bc*sc*i*
        alias:
                     pci:v00001137d00000044sv*sd*bc*sc*i*
        alias:
        alias:
                      pci:v00001137d00000043sv*sd*bc*sc*i*
        depends:
        retpoline:
                      Y
        name:
                      enic
                      5.14.0-427.13.1.el9_4.x86_64 SMP preempt mod_unload modversions
        vermagic:
        sig id:
                       PKCS#7
        signer:
                      Cisco UCS Driver Signing REL Cert
```

```
sig key:
                D0:54:9A:88:88:DD:0E:7A
sig hashalgo:
                sha256
signature:
                89:9C:DA:53:D1:FF:OA:DA:98:9A:7F:AF:63:29:66:EB:FF:0C:D6:65:
                39:6C:15:40:30:6E:99:4B:2C:F0:54:2E:EB:A4:8A:33:D5:9C:41:7A:
                A4:DB:C8:52:55:74:3A:68:F3:22:36:7B:2A:7C:7C:40:8B:7F:6D:9E:
                A5:CF:06:F1:23:42:E6:60:DB:78:0E:46:C9:0C:BC:06:9B:02:A0:AA:
                5A:FC:36:A3:FB:B0:FE:76:F2:EB:2F:AD:AD:84:89:61:30:7D:E9:2F:
                5D:E1:3E:EA:7C:10:B2:42:94:CD:4F:74:19:A6:16:FE:75:B6:78:49:
                E8:F0:4A:A9:01:BB:92:44:A9:FE:C7:CE:DB:E8:F5:08:AF:36:1E:5F:
                30:D3:B1:5F:70:62:56:6F:C2:38:8E:F2:88:28:0F:44:29:E5:44:66:
                34:B7:5C:A7:5E:21:C3:5D:42:D8:C0:87:CA:40:5E:C4:C0:2C:DA:26:
                D2:25:9B:58:A8:84:C6:A6:41:B3:24:9C:D7:E6:4A:79:42:00:32:82:
                7A:CB:36:D8:79:1D:41:1A:9E:1C:A8:0D:39:6D:C8:F1:0D:44:FA:00:
                93:1E:A3:C9:61:AA:DE:25:4A:38:68:C3:9C:14:55:5B:D3:AC:1C:85:
                00:FE:57:F1:DE:F7:A8:04:64:0E:5D:35:D8:AF:CF:A4
               rxcopybreak:Maximum size of packet that is copied to a new buffer on receive
parm:
 (uint)
[user@rack-111 drivers]#
```

Verifying the Total number of SR-IOV VFs per Port on the Host

Before you begin

Ensure that Cisco eNIC driver is installed.

Procedure

Log into the host server and run the following command and replace *interface_name* with actual interface name on the host.

cat /sys/class/net/interface_name/device/sriov_totalvfs

Example

Following example shows the total number for SR-IOV VFs created from SRIOV HPN Connection Policy on p1p1 interface:

[user@rack-111 ~]# cat /sys/class/net/plp1/device/sriov_totalvfs
32
[user@rack-111 ~]#

Creating SR-IOV VFs on the Host

Enabling SR-IOV VFs from SRIOV HPN Connection Policy does not create SR-IOV VFs on the host by default. To create SR-IOV VFs on the host, use the following procedure:

Procedure

```
Step 1 Execute the following command to create SR-IOV VFs on the host:
```

echo number_of_sriov_devices > /sys/class/net/sriov interface_name/device/sriov_numvfs

Example:

Following example shows the creation of 6 SR-IOV VFs on p1p1 interface.

```
[user@rack-111 ~]# echo 6 > /sys/class/net/plp1/device/sriov_numvfs
[user@rack-111 ~]#
```

Step 2 Execute the following command to verify the SR-IOV VFs created:

cat /sys/class/net/interface_name/device/sriov_numvfs

Example:

Following example shows the verification of SR-IOV VFs on p1p1 interface.

[user@rack-111 ~]# cat /sys/class/net/p1p1/device/sriov_numvfs 6 [user@rack-111 ~]#

Step 3(Optional) Alternatively, IP link command shows created SR-IOV VFs.# ip link show interface_name

Example:

Following example shows created 6 SR-IOV VFs on p1p1 interface.

```
[user@rack-111 ~] # ip link show pipl
2: plpl: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER_UP>mtu 9000 qdisc mq state UP mode
DEFAULT group default qlen 10 00
link/ether 98: a2:c0:66:32:80 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
vf 0 link/ether 00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff, spoof checking off,
link-state auto, trust off, query rss off
vf 1 link/ether 00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff, spoof checking off,
link-state auto, trust off, query_rss off
vf 2 link/ether 00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff, spoof checking off,
link-state auto, trust off, query rss off
vf 3 link/ether 00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff.ff, spoof checking off,
link-state auto, trust off, query rss off
vf 4 link/ether 00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff.ff, spoof checking off,
link-state auto, trust off, query_rss off
vf 5 link/ether 00:00:00:00:00 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff.ff. spoof checking off,
link-state auto, trust off, query rss off
altname enp9s0
altname eno5
[user@rack-111 ~]#
```

Note

After the host server reboots, the created SR-IOV VFs are removed from the host. By adding the command from Step 1 to rc.local file, the same number of SR-IOV VFs can be created each time the host server boots up.

What to do next

You can create a new virtual machine.

Creating a New Virtual Machine (VM)

Before you begin

- Host with Desktop Environment
- · sudo user with admin rights
- · Virtualization packages are installed
- OS ISO image is copied to the host server

Procedure

Step 1 Verify the virtualization is enabled on the host server by using this command.

lscpu | grep Virtualization

Example:

This example shows the Intel's virtualization technology VT-x is enabled.

```
[user@rack-111 ~]$ lscpu | grep Virtualization
Virtualization: VT-x
[user@rack-111 ~]$
```

Step 2 Verify the KVM modules are loaded by using this command.

lsmod | grep kvm

Example:

This example shows KVM modules are loaded in the host server.

```
[user@rack-111 ~]$ lsmod | grep kvm
kvm_intel 409600 8
kvm 1134592 1 kvm_intel
irqbypass 6384 290 vfio_pci_core, kvm
[user@rack-111 ~]$
```

- **Step 3** Type **virt-manager** command at the terminal to launch Virtual Machine Manager GUI.
- **Step 4** At the Virtual Machine Manager, click **File** > **New Virtual Machine** to create a new virtual machine.
- Step 5 At New VM window, select Local install media (ISO image or CDROM) option and click Forward.
- Step 6 At Choose ISO or CDROM install media, click Browse.
- Step 7 At Locate ISO media volume window, click Browser Local.
- **Step 8** Go to the folder that has ISO image. Select ISO image and click **Open**.
- Step 9 Click Forward.
- **Step 10** Select the desire Memory and CPU settings for the VM and click **Forward**.
- **Step 11** Choose the VM's disk image size and click **Forward**.
- **Step 12** Enter a name for the VM in the **Name** field and click **Finish**.

You may monitor the OS installation progress.

Adding SR-IOV VF on the Virtual Machine

Before you begin

Power off the Virtual Machine.

Procedure

Step 1	In the Virtual Machine Manager, right-click on the Virtual Machine and select Open .
Step 2	Click the Show Virtual Hardware Detail icon next to Monitor icon.
Step 3	Click Add Hardware.
Step 4	In the Add New Virtual Hardware window, select PCI Host Device. Under the PCI Device Details tab, assign a created SR-IOV VF to the Virtual Machine.
Step 5	Click Finish.
Step 6	Power on the Virtual Machine.

What to do next

You can now log into the virtual machine, install Cisco eNIC driver 4.7.0.5-1076.6 or later version, reboot the virtual machine, and then use the ip link command to verify the added SR-IOV VF.