

show access-group mode interface

To display the ACL configuration on a Layer 2 interface, use the **show access-group mode interface** command.

show access-group mode interface [*interface interface-number*]

| Syntax Description | |
|-------------------------|--|
| <i>interface</i> | (Optional) Interface type; valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , and port-channel . |
| <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) Interface number. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The valid values for the port number depend on the chassis used.

Examples This example shows how to display the ACL configuration on the Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

```
Switch# show access-group mode interface fa6/1
Interface FastEthernet6/1:
  Access group mode is: merge
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | access-group mode | Specifies the override modes (for example, VACL overrides PACL) and the non-override modes (for example, merge or strict mode). |

show adjacency

To display information about the Layer 3 switching adjacency table, use the **show adjacency** command.

```
show adjacency [{interface interface-number} | {null interface-number} | {port-channel number}
| {vlan vlan-id} | detail | internal | summary]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--|---|
| <i>interface</i> | (Optional) Interface type; possible valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , pos , ge-wan , and atm . |
| <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) Module and port number; see the “Usage Guidelines” section for valid values. |
| null <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) Specifies the null interface; the valid value is 0 . |
| port-channel <i>number</i> | (Optional) Specifies the channel interface; valid values are a maximum of 64 values ranging from 1 to 256. |
| vlan <i>vlan-id</i> | (Optional) Specifies the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays the information about the protocol detail and timer. |
| internal | (Optional) Displays the information about the internal data structure. |
| summary | (Optional) Displays a summary of CEF-adjacency information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 12.2(25)EW | Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the specified interface type and the chassis and module that are used. For example, if you specify a Gigabit Ethernet interface and have a 48-port 10/100BASE-T Ethernet module that is installed in a 13-slot chassis, valid values for the module number are from 1 to 13, and valid values for the port number are from 1 to 48.

Hardware Layer 3 switching adjacency statistics are updated every 60 seconds.

The following information is contained in the **show adjacency** command:

- Protocol interface.
- Type of routing protocol that is configured on the interface.
- Interface address.
- Method of adjacency that was learned.

- MAC address of the adjacent router.
- Time left before the adjacency rolls out of the adjacency table. After it rolls out, a packet must use the same next hop to the destination.

Examples

This example shows how to display adjacency information:

```
Switch# show adjacency
Protocol Interface Address
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045)
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display a summary of adjacency information:

```
Switch# show adjacency summary
Adjacency Table has 2 adjacencies
Interface Adjacency Count
FastEthernet2/3 2
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display protocol detail and timer information:

```
Switch# show adjacency detail
Protocol Interface Address
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045)
0 packets, 0 bytes
00000000FF92000038000000000000
00000000000000000000000000000000
00605C865B2800D0BB0F980B0800
ARP 03:58:12
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11)
0 packets, 0 bytes
00000000FF92000038000000000000
00000000000000000000000000000000
00801C93804000D0BB0F980B0800
ARP 03:58:06
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display adjacency information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show adjacency fastethernet2/3
Protocol Interface Address
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.1(3045)
IP FastEthernet2/3 172.20.52.22(11)
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| debug adjacency | Displays information about the adjacency debugging. |

show arp access-list

To display detailed information on an ARP access list, use the **show arp** command.

```
show arp access-list
```

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the ARP ACL information for a switch:

```
Switch# show arp access-list
ARP access list rose
  permit ip 10.101.1.1 0.0.0.255 mac any
  permit ip 20.3.1.0 0.0.0.255 mac any
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | access-group mode | Specifies the override modes (for example, VACL overrides PACL) and the non-override modes (for example, merge or strict mode). |
| | arp access-list | Defines an ARP access list or adds clauses at the end of a predefined list. |
| | ip arp inspection filter vlan | Permits ARPs from hosts that are configured for static IP when DAI is enabled, defines an ARP access list, and applies the access list to a VLAN. |

show auto install status

To display the status of an automatic installation, use the **show auto install status** command.

show auto install status

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.2(20)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the IP address of the TFTP server and to display whether or not the switch is currently acquiring the configuration file on the TFTP server:

```
Switch# show auto install status

Status           : Downloading config file
DHCP Server      : 20.0.0.1
TFTP Server      : 30.0.0.3
Config File Fetched : Undetermined
```

The first IP address in the display indicates the server that is used for the automatic installation. The second IP address indicates the TFTP server that provided the configuration file.

show auto qos

To display the automatic quality of service (auto-QoS) configuration that is applied, use the **show auto qos** user EXEC command.

```
show auto qos [interface interface-id] [{begin | exclude | include} expression]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| interface <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Displays auto-QoS information for the specified interface or for all interfaces. Valid interfaces include physical ports. |
| begin | (Optional) Begins with the line that matches the expression. |
| exclude | (Optional) Excludes lines that match the expression. |
| include | (Optional) Includes lines that match the specified expression. |
| <i>expression</i> | (Optional) Expression in the output to use as a reference point. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

The **show auto qos interface *interface-id*** command displays the auto-QoS configuration; it does not display any user changes to the configuration that might be in effect.

To display information about the QoS configuration that might be affected by auto-QoS on a non-Supervisor Engine 6-E, use one of these commands:

- **show qos**
- **show qos map**
- **show qos interface *interface-id***
- **show running-config**

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This example shows output from the **show auto qos** command when auto-QoS is enabled:

```
Switch# show auto qos
GigabitEthernet1/2
auto qos voip cisco-phone
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| auto qos voip | Automatically configures quality of service (auto-QoS) for Voice over IP (VoIP) within a QoS domain. |

show bootflash:

To display information about the bootflash: file system, use the **show bootflash:** command.

show bootflash: [all | chips | fileys]

| Syntax Description | all | (Optional) Displays all possible Flash information. |
|--------------------|---------------|---|
| | chips | (Optional) Displays Flash chip information. |
| | fileys | (Optional) Displays file system information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display file system status information:

```
Switch> show bootflash: fileys

----- F I L E   S Y S T E M   S T A T U S -----
Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
  Magic Number      = 6887635   File System Vers = 10000   (1.0)
  Length            = 1000000   Sector Size      = 40000
  Programming Algorithm = 39     Erased State     = FFFFFFFF
  File System Offset = 40000     Length           = F40000
  MONLIB Offset     = 100       Length           = C628
  Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8   Length           = 8
  Squeeze Log Offset = F80000   Length           = 40000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000  Length           = 40000
  Num Spare Sectors = 0
    Spares:
STATUS INFO:
  Writable
  NO File Open for Write
  Complete Stats
  No Unrecovered Errors
  No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
  Bytes Used      = 917CE8   Bytes Available = 628318
  Bad Sectors    = 0        Spared Sectors  = 0
  OK Files       = 2        Bytes           = 917BE8
  Deleted Files  = 0        Bytes           = 0
  Files w/Errors = 0        Bytes           = 0
Switch>
```

■ show bootflash:

This example shows how to display system image information:

```
Switch> show bootflash:
-# - ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1  .. image      8C5A393A  237E3C   14  2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-mz
2  .. image      D86EE0AD  957CE8    9  7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display all bootflash information:

```
Switch> show bootflash: all
-# - ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1  .. image      8C5A393A  237E3C   14  2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-
mz
2  .. image      D86EE0AD  957CE8    9  7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley

6456088 bytes available (9534696 bytes used)

----- F I L E   S Y S T E M   S T A T U S -----
Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
  Magic Number      = 6887635   File System Vers = 10000   (1.0)
  Length            = 1000000   Sector Size      = 40000
  Programming Algorithm = 39     Erased State     = FFFFFFFF
  File System Offset = 40000     Length = F40000
  MONLIB Offset     = 100       Length = C628
  Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8   Length = 8
  Squeeze Log Offset = F80000   Length = 40000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000   Length = 40000
  Num Spare Sectors = 0
  Spares:
STATUS INFO:
  Writable
  NO File Open for Write
  Complete Stats
  No Unrecovered Errors
  No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
  Bytes Used      = 917CE8   Bytes Available = 628318
  Bad Sectors    = 0        Spared Sectors  = 0
  OK Files       = 2        Bytes = 917BE8
  Deleted Files  = 0        Bytes = 0
  Files w/Errors = 0        Bytes = 0
Switch>
```


show bootvar

To display BOOT environment variable information, use the **show bootvar** command.

show bootvar

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display BOOT environment variable information:

```
Switch# show bootvar
BOOT variable = sup:1;
CONFIG_FILE variable does not exist
BOOTLDR variable does not exist
Configuration register is 0x0
Switch#
```

show cable-diagnostics tdr

To display the test results for the TDR cable diagnostics, use the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** command.

```
show cable-diagnostics tdr {interface {interface interface-number}}
```



Note

This command will be deprecated in future Cisco IOS releases. Please use the **diagnostic start** command.

Syntax Description

interface *interface* Interface type; valid values are **fastethernet** and **gigabitethernet**.
interface-number Module and port number.

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.2(25)SG | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

The TDR test is supported on Catalyst 4500 series switches running Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SG for the following line cards only:

- WS-X4548-GB-RJ45
- WS-X4548-GB-RJ45V
- WS-X4524-GB-RJ45V
- WS-X4013+TS
- WS-C4948
- WS-C4948-10GE

The distance to the fault is displayed in meters (m).

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the TDR test:

```
Switch# show cable-diagnostics tdr interface gi4/13
Interface Speed Local pair Cable length Remote channel Status
Gi4/13    0Mbps   1-2      102 +-2m   Unknown      Fault
          3-6      100 +-2m   Unknown      Fault
          4-5      102 +-2m   Unknown      Fault
          7-8      102 +-2m   Unknown      Fault
Switch#
```

Table 2-13 describes the fields in the **show cable-diagnostics tdr** command output.

Table 2-13 *show cable-diagnostics tdr Command Output Fields*

| Field | Description |
|--------------|--|
| Interface | Interface tested. |
| Speed | Current line speed. |
| Pair | Local pair name. |
| Cable Length | Distance to the fault in meters (m). |
| Channel | Pair designation (A, B, C, or D). |
| Status | Pair status displayed is one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Terminated—The link is up. Fault—Cable fault (open or short) |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| test cable-diagnostics tdr | Tests the condition of copper cables on 48-port 10/100/1000 BASE-T modules. |

show cdp neighbors

To display detailed information about the neighboring devices that are discovered through CDP, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

show cdp neighbors [*type number*] [**detail**]

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>type</i> | (Optional) Interface type that is connected to the neighbors about which you want information; possible valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , port-channel , and vlan . |
| <i>number</i> | (Optional) Interface number that is connected to the neighbors about which you want information. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays detailed information about a neighbor (or neighbors) including network address, enabled protocols, hold time, and software version. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 12.2(25)EW | Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines The **vlan** keyword is supported in Catalyst 4500 series switches that are configured with a Supervisor Engine 2.

The **port-channel** values are from 0 to 282; values from 257 to 282 are supported on the CSM and the FWSM only.

Examples This example shows how to display the information about the CDP neighbors:

```
Switch# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge
                  S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone
Device ID        Local Intrfce   Holdtme    Capability   Platform  Port ID
lab-7206         Eth 0           157        R            7206VXR   Fas 0/0/0
lab-as5300-1     Eth 0           163        R            AS5300    Fas 0
lab-as5300-2     Eth 0           159        R            AS5300    Eth 0
lab-as5300-3     Eth 0           122        R            AS5300    Eth 0
lab-as5300-4     Eth 0           132        R            AS5300    Fas 0/0
lab-3621         Eth 0           140        R S          3631-telcoFas 0/0
008024 2758E0    Eth 0           132        T            CAT3000   1/2
Switch#
```

Table 2-14 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-14 *show cdp neighbors Field Descriptions*

| Field | Definition |
|---------------|---|
| Device ID | Configured ID (name), MAC address, or serial number of the neighbor device. |
| Local Intrfce | (Local Interface) The protocol that is used by the connectivity media. |
| Holdtme | (Holdtime) Remaining amount of time, in seconds, that the current device holds the CDP advertisement from a transmitting router before discarding it. |
| Capability | Capability code that is discovered on the device. This device type is listed in the CDP Neighbors table. Possible values are as follows: R—Router T—Transparent bridge B—Source-routing bridge S—Switch H—Host I—IGMP device r—Repeater P—Phone |
| Platform | Product number of the device. |
| Port ID | Protocol and port number of the device. |

This example shows how to display detailed information about your CDP neighbors:

```
Switch# show cdp neighbors detail
-----
Device ID: lab-7206
Entry address(es):
  IP address: 172.19.169.83
Platform: cisco 7206VXR, Capabilities: Router
Interface: Ethernet0, Port ID (outgoing port): FastEthernet0/0/0
Holdtime : 123 sec

Version :
Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) 5800 Software (C5800-P4-M), Version 12.1(2)
Copyright (c) 1986-2002 by Cisco Systems, Inc.

advertisement version: 2
Duplex: half

-----
Device ID: lab-as5300-1
Entry address(es):
  IP address: 172.19.169.87
.
.
.
Switch#
```

Table 2-15 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-15 *show cdp neighbors detail Field Descriptions*

| Field | Definition |
|----------------------------|---|
| Device ID | Name of the neighbor device and either the MAC address or the serial number of this device. |
| Entry address(es) | List of network addresses of neighbor devices. |
| [network protocol] address | Network address of the neighbor device. The address can be in IP, IPX, AppleTalk, DECnet, or CLNS protocol conventions. |
| Platform | Product name and number of the neighbor device. |
| Capabilities | Device type of the neighbor. This device can be a router, a bridge, a transparent bridge, a source-routing bridge, a switch, a host, an IGMP device, or a repeater. |
| Interface | Protocol and port number of the port on the current device. |
| Holdtime | Remaining amount of time, in seconds, that the current device holds the CDP advertisement from a transmitting router before discarding it. |
| Version: | Software version running on the neighbor device. |
| advertisement version: | Version of CDP that is being used for CDP advertisements. |
| Duplex: | Duplex state of connection between the current device and the neighbor device. |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| show cdp (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Displays global CDP information, including timer and hold-time information. |
| show cdp entry (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Displays information about a specific neighboring device discovered using Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP). |
| show cdp interface (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Displays information about the interfaces on which Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) is enabled. |
| show cdp traffic (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Displays traffic information from the CDP table. |

show class-map

To display class map information, use the **show class-map** command.

show class-map *class_name*

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>class_name</i> Name of the class map. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)SG | Displays results from the full flow option. |

Examples This example shows how to display class map information for all class maps:

```
Switch# show class-map
Class Map match-any class-default (id 0)
  Match any
Class Map match-any class-simple (id 2)
  Match any
Class Map match-all ipp5 (id 1)
  Match ip precedence 5
Class Map match-all agg-2 (id 3)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display class map information for a specific class map:

```
Switch# show class-map ipp5
Class Map match-all ipp5 (id 1)
  Match ip precedence 5
Switch#
```

Assume there are two active flows as shown below on Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

| SrcIp | DstIp | IpProt | SrcL4Port | DstL4Port |
|---------------|---------------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| 192.168.10.10 | 192.168.20.20 | 20 | 6789 | 81 |
| 192.168.10.10 | 192.168.20.20 | 20 | 6789 | 21 |

With following configuration, each flow will be policed to a 1000000 bps with an allowed 9000-byte burst value.



Note

If you use the **match flow ip source-address/destination-address** command, these two flows are consolidated into one flow and they have the same source and destination address.

show class-map

```

Switch# config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# class-map c1
Switch(config-cmap)# match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14
source-port 14 destination-port
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config)# policy-map p1
Switch(config-pmap)# class c1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 9000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 6/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input p1
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch# write memory
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1

class-map c1
  match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
  destination-port
!
  policy-map p1
    class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
!
interface FastEthernet 6/1
  service-policy input p1

Switch# show class-map c1
Class Map match-all c1 (id 2)
  Match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
  destination-port
Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| class-map | Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify and to be used enter class-map configuration mode. |
| show policy-map | Displays information about the policy map. |
| show policy-map interface | Displays the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface. |

show diagnostic content

To display test information about the test ID, test attributes, and supported coverage test levels for each test and for all modules, use the **show diagnostic content** command.

show diagnostic content module {all | num}

| Syntax Description | all | Displays all the modules on the chassis. |
|--------------------|------------|--|
| | <i>num</i> | Module number. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(20)EWA | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the test suite, monitoring interval, and test attributes for all the modules of the chassis:

```
Switch# show diagnostic content module all
```

```
module 1:
```

```
Diagnostics test suite attributes:
```

```

  B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
  P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA
  D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
  S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
  X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA
  F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
  E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
  A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive
  m/* - Mandatory bootup test, can't be bypassed / NA
  o/* - Ongoing test, always active / NA
```

```

                                     Testing Interval
ID   Test Name                        Attributes      (day hh:mm:ss.ms)
====  =====
  1) supervisor-bootup -----> **D***I**      not configured
  2) packet-memory-bootup -----> **D***I**      not configured
  3) packet-memory-ongoing -----> **N***I*o      not configured
```

show diagnostic content

```

module 6:

Diagnostics test suite attributes:
  B/* - Basic ondemand test / NA
  P/V/* - Per port test / Per device test / NA
  D/N/* - Disruptive test / Non-disruptive test / NA
  S/* - Only applicable to standby unit / NA
  X/* - Not a health monitoring test / NA
  F/* - Fixed monitoring interval test / NA
  E/* - Always enabled monitoring test / NA
  A/I - Monitoring is active / Monitoring is inactive
  m/* - Mandatory bootup test, can't be bypassed / NA
  o/* - Ongoing test, always active / NA

ID      Test Name                               Attributes      Testing Interval
=====
1) linecard-online-diag -----> **D***I**  not configured

Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| show diagnostic result module | Displays the module-based diagnostic test results. |
| show diagnostic result module test 2 | Displays the results of the bootup packet memory test. |
| show diagnostic result module test 3 | Displays the results from the ongoing packet memory test. |

show diagnostic result module

To display the module-based diagnostic test results, use the **show diagnostic result module** command.

show diagnostic result module [*slot-num* | **all**] [**test** [*test-id* | *test-id-range* | **all**]] [**detail**]

| Syntax Description | | |
|----------------------|------------|--|
| <i>slot-num</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the slot on which diagnostics are displayed. |
| all | (Optional) | Displays the diagnostics for all slots. |
| test | (Optional) | Displays selected tests on the specified module. |
| <i>test-id</i> | (Optional) | Specifies a single test ID. |
| <i>test-id-range</i> | (Optional) | Specifies a range of test IDs. |
| all | (Optional) | Displays the diagnostics for all tests. |
| detail | (Optional) | Displays the complete test results. |

Defaults

A summary of the test results for all modules in the chassis is displayed.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.2(18)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples

This example shows how to display the summary results for all modules in the chassis:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module

Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal

module 1:

  Overall diagnostic result: PASS
  Diagnostic level at card bootup: bypass

  Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

    1) supervisor-bootup -----> U
    2) packet-memory-bootup -----> U
    3) packet-memory-ongoing -----> U

module 4:

  Overall diagnostic result: PASS
  Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal

  Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

    1) linecard-online-diag -----> .
```

```

module 5:

Overall diagnostic result: PASS
Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal

Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

1) linecard-online-diag -----> .

```

```

module 6:

Overall diagnostic result: PASS
Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal

Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

1) linecard-online-diag -----> .

```

This example shows how to display the online diagnostics for module 1:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 detail
```

```
Current bootup diagnostic level: minimal
```

```
module 1:
```

```

Overall diagnostic result: PASS
Diagnostic level at card bootup: minimal

Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

```

```

1) supervisor-bootup -----> .

Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time -----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count -----> 0
Consecutive failure count -----> 0

```

```
Power-On-Self-Test Results for ACTIVE Supervisor
```

```

Power-on-self-test for Module 1: WS-X4014
Port/Test Status: (. = Pass, F = Fail)
Reset Reason: PowerUp Software/User

```

```

Port Traffic: L2 Serdes Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: .

```

```

Port Traffic: L2 Asic Loopback ...
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .

```

```
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: .
```

Port Traffic: L3 Asic Loopback ...

```
0: . 1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: .
12: . 13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: .
24: . 25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: . au: .
```

Switch Subsystem Memory ...

```
1: . 2: . 3: . 4: . 5: . 6: . 7: . 8: . 9: . 10: . 11: . 12: .
13: . 14: . 15: . 16: . 17: . 18: . 19: . 20: . 21: . 22: . 23: . 24: .
25: . 26: . 27: . 28: . 29: . 30: . 31: . 32: . 33: . 34: . 35: . 36: .
37: . 38: . 39: . 40: . 41: . 42: . 43: . 44: . 45: . 46: . 47: . 48: .
49: . 50: . 51: . 52: . 53: . 54: .
```

Module 1 Passed

```
2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .

Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time -----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count -----> 0
Consecutive failure count -----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979

Number of errors found: 0
Cells with hard errors (failed two or more tests): 0
Cells with soft errors (failed one test, includes hard): 0
Suspect bad cells (uses a block that tested bad): 0
total buffers: 65536
bad buffers: 0 (0.0%)
good buffers: 65536 (100.0%)
Bootup test results:1
No errors.
```

```
3) packet-memory-ongoing -----> U

Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 0
Last test execution time -----> n/a
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> n/a
Total failure count -----> 0
Consecutive failure count -----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979

Packet memory errors: 0 0
```

```

Current alert level: green
Per 5 seconds in the last minute:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0
Per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Per hour in the last day:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0
Per day in the last 30 days:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Direct memory test failures per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Potential false positives: 0 0
Ignored because of rx errors: 0 0
Ignored because of cdm fifo overrun: 0 0
Ignored because of oir: 0 0
Ignored because isl frames received: 0 0
Ignored during boot: 0 0
Ignored after writing hw stats: 0 0
Ignored on high gigaport: 0
Ongoing diag action mode: Normal
Last 1000 Memory Test Failures:
Last 1000 Packet Memory errors:
First 1000 Packet Memory errors:

```

Switch#

show diagnostic result module test

To display the results of the bootup packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module [*N* | **all**] [**test** *test-id*] [**detail**]

| Syntax Description | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| <i>N</i> | Specifies the module number. | |
| all | Specifies all modules. | |
| test <i>test-id</i> | Specifies the number for the tdr test on the platform. | |
| detail | (Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis. This option is recommended. | |

Defaults Non-detailed results

Command Modes EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.2(25)SG | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The **detail** keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

Examples

This example shows how to display the results of the bootup packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 6 detail
module 6:

Overall diagnostic result:PASS

Test results:(. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

-----
1) linecard-online-diag -----> .

Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 1
Last test execution time -----> Jan 21 2001 19:48:30
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> Jan 21 2001 19:48:30
Total failure count -----> 0
Consecutive failure count -----> 0
```

show diagnostic result module test

```

Slot Ports Card Type                               Diag Status   Diag Details
-----
 6   48 10/100/1000BaseT (RJ45)V, Cisco/IEEE   Passed        None

```

Detailed Status

```

-----
. = Pass                U = Unknown
L = Loopback failure   S = Stub failure
I = Ilc failure        P = Port failure
E = SEEPROM failure    G = GBIC integrity check failure

```

```

Ports 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10 11 12 13 14 15 16
      .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .

Ports 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
      .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .

Ports 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
      .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .

```

2) online-diag-tdr:

```

Port 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
-----
      .  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U

Port 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
-----
      U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U  U

```

```

Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
Total run count -----> 1
Last test execution time -----> Jan 22 2001 03:01:54
First test failure time -----> n/a
Last test failure time -----> n/a
Last test pass time -----> Jan 22 2001 03:01:54
Total failure count -----> 0
Consecutive failure count -----> 0

```

Detailed Status

```

-----
TDR test is in progress on interface Gi6/1

```

Switch#

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| diagnostic start | Runs the specified diagnostic test. |

show diagnostic result module test 2

To display the results of the bootup packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test 2** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module *N* test 2 [detail]

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>N</i> | Specifies the module number. |
| detail | (Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis. |

Defaults Non-detailed results

Command Modes EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.2(18)EW | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The **detail** keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

Examples

This example shows how to display the results of the bootup packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 2

Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

    2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .
```

This example shows how to display detailed results from the bootup packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 2 test 2 detail

Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

-----

    2) packet-memory-bootup -----> .

        Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
        Total run count -----> 0
        Last test execution time ----> n/a
        First test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test pass time -----> n/a
        Total failure count -----> 0
        Consecutive failure count ----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979
```

■ **show diagnostic result module test 2**

```

Number of errors found: 0
Cells with hard errors (failed two or more tests): 0
Cells with soft errors (failed one test, includes hard): 0
Suspect bad cells (uses a block that tested bad): 0
total buffers: 65536
bad buffers: 0 (0.0%)
good buffers: 65536 (100.0%)
Bootup test results:
No errors.

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| diagnostic monitor action | Directs the action of the switch when it detects a packet memory failure. |
| show diagnostic result module test 3 | Displays the results from the ongoing packet memory test. |

show diagnostic result module test 3

To display the results from the ongoing packet memory test, use the **show diagnostic result module test 3** command. The output indicates whether the test passed, failed, or was not run.

show diagnostic result module *N* test 3 [detail]

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>N</i> | Module number. |
| detail | (Optional) Specifies the display of detailed information for analysis. |

Defaults Non-detailed results

Command Modes EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.2(18)EW | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The **detail** keyword is intended for use by Cisco support personnel when analyzing failures.

Examples This example shows how to display the results from the ongoing packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 3
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)
    3) packet-memory-ongoing -----> .
```

This example shows how to display the detailed results from the ongoing packet memory tests:

```
Switch# show diagnostic result module 1 test 3 detail
Test results: (. = Pass, F = Fail, U = Untested)

    3) packet-memory-ongoing -----> .
        Error code -----> 0 (DIAG_SUCCESS)
        Total run count -----> 0
        Last test execution time ----> n/a
        First test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test failure time ----> n/a
        Last test pass time -----> n/a
        Total failure count -----> 0
        Consecutive failure count ----> 0
packet buffers on free list: 64557 bad: 0 used for ongoing tests: 979
```

■ **show diagnostic result module test 3**

```

Packet memory errors: 0 0
Current alert level: green
Per 5 seconds in the last minute:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0
Per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Per hour in the last day:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0
Per day in the last 30 days:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Direct memory test failures per minute in the last hour:
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Potential false positives: 0 0
  Ignored because of rx errors: 0 0
  Ignored because of cdm fifo overrun: 0 0
  Ignored because of oir: 0 0
  Ignored because isl frames received: 0 0
  Ignored during boot: 0 0
  Ignored after writing hw stats: 0 0
  Ignored on high gigaport: 0
Ongoing diag action mode: Normal
Last 1000 Memory Test Failures: v
Last 1000 Packet Memory errors:
First 1000 Packet Memory errors:

```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | diagnostic monitor action | Directs the action of the switch when it detects a packet memory failure. |
| | show diagnostic result module test 2 | Displays the results of the bootup packet memory test. |

show dot1x

To display the 802.1X statistics and operational status for the entire switch or for a specified interface, use the **show dot1x** command.

```
show dot1x [interface interface-id] | [statistics [interface interface-id]] | [all]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| interface <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Displays the 802.1X status for the specified port. |
| statistics | (Optional) Displays 802.1X statistics for the switch or the specified interface. |
| all | (Optional) Displays per-interface 802.1X configuration information for all interfaces with a non-default 802.1X configuration. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Display enhanced to show the guest-VLAN value. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EWA | Support for currently-assigned reauthentication timer (if the timer is configured to honor the Session-Timeout value) was added. |
| | 12.2(31)SG | Support for port direction control and critical recovery was added. |

Usage Guidelines If you do not specify an interface, the global parameters and a summary are displayed. If you specify an interface, the details for that interface are displayed.

If you enter the **statistics** keyword without the **interface** option, the statistics are displayed for all interfaces. If you enter the **statistics** keyword with the **interface** option, the statistics are displayed for the specified interface.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* are not displayed, but the lines that contain *Output* are displayed.

The **show dot1x** command displays the currently assigned reauthentication timer and time remaining before reauthentication, if reauthentication is enabled.

Examples

This example shows how to display the output from the **show dot1x** command:

```
Switch# show dot1x
Sysauthcontrol = Disabled
Dot1x Protocol Version = 2
Dot1x Oper Controlled Directions = Both
Dot1x Admin Controlled Directions = Both
Critical Recovery Delay = 500
Critical EAP = Enabled
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the 802.1X statistics for a specific port:

```
Switch# show dot1x interface fastethernet6/1
Dot1x Info for FastEthernet6/1
-----
PAE = AUTHENTICATOR
PortControl = AUTO
ControlDirection = Both
HostMode = MULTI_DOMAIN
ReAuthentication = Disabled
QuietPeriod = 60
ServerTimeout = 30
SuppTimeout = 30
ReAuthPeriod = 3600 (Locally configured)
ReAuthMax = 2
MaxReq = 2
TxPeriod = 30
RateLimitPeriod = 0

Dot1x Authenticator Client List
-----
Domain = DATA
Supplicant = 0000.0000.ab01
    Auth SM State = AUTHENTICATED
    Auth BEND SM Stat = IDLE

Port Status = AUTHORIZED
Authentication Method = Dot1x
Authorized By = Authentication Server
Vlan Policy = 12

Domain = VOICE
Supplicant = 0060.b057.4687
    Auth SM State = AUTHENTICATED
    Auth BEND SM Stat = IDLE
Port Status = AUTHORIZED
Authentication Method = Dot1x
Authorized By = Authentication Server

Switch#
```

**Note**

[Table 2-16](#) provides a partial list of the displayed fields. The remaining fields in the display show internal state information. For a detailed description of these state machines and their settings, refer to the 802.1X specification.

Table 2-16 *show dot1x interface Field Description*

| Field | Description |
|--------------|--|
| PortStatus | Status of the port (authorized or unauthorized). The status of a port is displayed as authorized if the dot1x port-control interface configuration command is set to auto and has successfully completed authentication. |
| Port Control | Setting of the dot1x port-control interface configuration command. |
| MultiHosts | Setting of the dot1x multiple-hosts interface configuration command (allowed or disallowed). |

This is an example of output from the **show dot1x statistics interface gigabitethernet1/1** command. [Table 2-17](#) describes the fields in the display.

```
Switch# show dot1x statistics interface gigabitethernet1/1

PortStatistics Parameters for Dot1x
-----
TxReqId = 0    TxReq = 0    TxTotal = 0
RxStart = 0    RxLogoff = 0  RxRespId = 0  RxResp = 0
RxInvalid = 0  RxLenErr = 0  RxTotal = 0
RxVersion = 0  LastRxSrcMac 0000.0000.0000
Switch#
```

Table 2-17 *show dot1x statistics Field Descriptions*

| Field | Description |
|---------------|--|
| TxReq/TxReqId | Number of EAP-request/identity frames that have been sent. |
| TxTotal | Number of EAPOL frames of any type that have been sent. |
| RxStart | Number of valid EAPOL-start frames that have been received. |
| RxLogoff | Number of EAPOL-logoff frames that have been received. |
| RxRespId | Number of EAP-response/identity frames that have been received. |
| RxResp | Number of valid EAP-response frames (other than response/identity frames) that have been received. |
| RxInvalid | Number of EAPOL frames that have been received and have an unrecognized frame type. |
| RxLenError | Number of EAPOL frames that have been received in which the packet body length field is invalid. |
| RxTotal | Number of valid EAPOL frames of any type that have been received. |
| RxVersion | Protocol version number carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame. |
| LastRxSrcMac | Source MAC address carried in the most recently received EAPOL frame. |

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|--|
| | dot1x critical | Enables the 802.1X critical authentication on a port. |
| | dot1x critical eapol | Enables sending EAPOL success packets when a port is critically authorized partway through an EAP exchange. |
| | dot1x critical recovery delay | Sets the time interval between port reinitializations. |
| | dot1x critical vlan | Assigns a critically authenticated port to a specific VLAN. |
| | dot1x guest-vlan | Enables a guest VLAN on a per-port basis. |
| | dot1x max-reauth-req | Sets the maximum number of times that the switch will retransmit an EAP-Request/Identity frame to the client before restarting the authentication process. |
| | dot1x port-control | Enables manual control of the authorization state on a port. |
| | mac-address-table notification | Enables MAC address notification on a switch. |

show environment

To display the environment alarm, operational status, and current reading for the chassis, use the **show environment** command.

```
show environment [alarm] | [status [chassis | fantray | powersupply | supervisor]] |
[temperature]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|--|
| alarm | (Optional) Specifies the alarm status of the chassis. |
| status | (Optional) Specifies the operational status information. |
| chassis | (Optional) Specifies the operational status of the chassis. |
| fantray | (Optional) Specifies the status of the fan tray, and shows fan tray power consumption. |
| powersupply | (Optional) Specifies the status of the power supply. |
| supervisor | (Optional) Specifies the status of the supervisor engine. |
| temperature | (Optional) Specifies the current chassis temperature readings. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|--|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(12c)EW | Support for the ability to display generic environment information with the show environment command was added. |

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the environment alarms, operational status, and current temperature readings for the chassis:

```
Switch# show environment
no temperature alarms
```

```
Module  Sensor                      Temperature                      Status
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
1        air inlet                          22C (41C,56C,66C)              ok
1        air outlet (back)                  24C (45C,59C,69C)              ok
1        air outlet (front)                 22C (43C,57C,67C)              ok
3        air inlet                          33C (51C,65C,68C)              ok
3        air outlet                          39C (69C,83C,86C)              ok
4        air inlet                          32C (51C,65C,68C)              ok
4        air outlet                          38C (69C,83C,86C)              ok
Power    Fan                                Inline
Supply   Model No                          Type    Status    Sensor    Status
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
PS1     PWR-C45-1400AC                    AC      1400W    good     good n.a.
PS2     none                               --      --       --       --
```

show environment

```

Power supplies needed by system : 1
Power supplies currently available : 1
Chassis Type : WS-C4507R-E

Power consumed by backplane : 40 Watts

Switch Bandwidth Utilization : 0%

Supervisor Led Color : Green

Module 1 Status Led Color : Green
Module 2 Status Led Color : Green PoE Led Color : Off
Module 3 Status Led Color : Green
Module 4 Status Led Color : Green

Fantray : Good

Power consumed by Fantray : 135 Watts
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the environment alarms:

```

Switch# show environment alarm
no alarm
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the power supplies, chassis type, and fan trays:

```

Switch# show environment status
Power
Supply  Model No          Type          Status        Fan
-----  -
PS1     PWR-C45-1400AC      AC 1400W     good          good
PS2     none                 --           --           --

Power Supply  Max    Min    Max    Min    Absolute
(Nos in Watts) Inline  Inline System System Maximum
-----  -
PS1           0      0    1360  1360  1400
PS2           --     --     --     --     --

Power supplies needed by system : 1

Chassis Type : WS-C4507R

Supervisor Led Color : Green

Fantray : good

Power consumed by Fantray : 50 Watts

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the chassis:

```

Switch# show environment status chassis
Chassis Type :WS-C4507R
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the fan tray:

```

Switch# show environment status fantray
Fantray : good
Power consumed by Fantray : 50 Watts
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display information about the power supply:

```
Switch# show environment status powersupply
Power
Supply Model No          Type          Status  Sensor
-----
PS1     WS-X4008              AC 400W      good    good
PS2     WS-X4008              AC 400W      good    good
PS3     none                  --           --      --
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the supervisor engine:

```
Switch# show environment status supervisor
Supervisor Led Color :Green
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the temperature of the chassis:

```
Switch# show environment temperature
Chassis Temperature                = 32 degrees Celsius
Chassis Over Temperature Threshold = 75 degrees Celsius
Chassis Critical Temperature Threshold = 95 degrees Celsius
Switch#
```

show errdisable detect

To display the error disable detection status, use the **show errdisable detect** command.

show errdisable detect

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Display includes the status of storm control. |

Examples This example shows how to display the error disable detection status:

```
Switch# show errdisable detect
ErrDisable Reason      Detection status
-----
udld                    Enabled
bpduguard              Enabled
security-violatio     Enabled
channel-misconfig     Disabled
psecure-violation     Enabled
vmps                   Enabled
pagp-flap             Enabled
dtp-flap              Enabled
link-flap             Enabled
l2ptguard             Enabled
gbic-invalid          Enabled
dhcp-rate-limit       Enabled
unicast-flood         Enabled
storm-control         Enabled
ilpower               Enabled
arp-inspection        Enabled
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|--|
| | errdisable detect | Enables error-disable detection. |
| | errdisable recovery | Configures the recovery mechanism variables. |
| | show interfaces status | Displays the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state. |

show errdisable recovery

To display error disable recovery timer information, use the **show errdisable recovery** command.

show errdisable recovery

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Display includes the status of storm control. |

Examples This example shows how to display recovery timer information for error disable:

```
Switch# show errdisable recovery
ErrDisable Reason      Timer Status
-----
udld                   Disabled
bpduguard              Disabled
security-violatio     Disabled
channel-misconfig     Disabled
vmps                   Disabled
pagg-flap              Disabled
dtp-flap               Disabled
link-flap              Disabled
l2ptguard              Disabled
psecure-violation     Disabled
gbic-invalid           Disabled
dhcp-rate-limit       Disabled
unicast-flood         Disabled
storm-control         Disabled
arp-inspection        Disabled

Timer interval:30 seconds

Interfaces that will be enabled at the next timeout:

Interface      Errdisable reason      Time left(sec)
-----
Fa7/32         arp-inspect            13
```

show errdisable recovery

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|--|
| | errdisable detect | Enables error-disable detection. |
| | errdisable recovery | Configures the recovery mechanism variables. |
| | show interfaces status | Displays the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state. |

show etherchannel

To display EtherChannel information for a channel, use the **show etherchannel** command.

```
show etherchannel [channel-group] { port-channel | brief | detail | summary | port | load-balance
| protocol }
```

| Syntax Description | |
|----------------------|--|
| <i>channel-group</i> | (Optional) Number of the channel group; valid values are from 1 to 64. |
| port-channel | Displays port-channel information. |
| brief | Displays a summary of EtherChannel information. |
| detail | Displays detailed EtherChannel information. |
| summary | Displays a one-line summary per channel group. |
| port | Displays EtherChannel port information. |
| load-balance | Displays load-balance information. |
| protocol | Displays the enabled protocol. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for LACP was added to this command. |

Usage Guidelines If you do not specify a channel group, all channel groups are displayed.

In the output below, the Passive port list field is displayed for Layer 3 port channels only. This field means that the physical interface, which is still not up, is configured to be in the channel group (and indirectly is in the only port channel in the channel group).

Examples This example shows how to display port-channel information for a specific group:

```
Switch# show etherchannel 1 port-channel
      Port-channels in the group:
      -----
Port-channel: Po1
-----
Age of the Port-channel   = 02h:35m:26s
Logical slot/port        = 10/1           Number of ports in agport = 0
GC                       = 0x00000000    HotStandBy port = null
Passive port list        = Fa5/4 Fa5/5
Port state                = Port-channel L3-Ag Ag-Not-Inuse
```

show etherchannel

Ports in the Port-channel:

Index Load Port

Switch#

This example shows how to display load-balancing information:

Switch# **show etherchannel load-balance**

Source XOR Destination mac address

Switch#

This example shows how to display a summary of information for a specific group:

Switch# **show etherchannel 1 brief**

Group state = L3

Ports: 2 Maxports = 8

port-channels: 1 Max port-channels = 1

Switch#

This example shows how to display detailed information for a specific group:

Switch# **show etherchannel 1 detail**

Group state = L3

Ports: 2 Maxports = 8

Port-channels: 1 Max Port-channels = 1

Ports in the group:

Port: Fa5/4

Port state = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config

Channel group = 1 Mode = Desirable Gcchange = 0

Port-channel = null GC = 0x00000000 Psudo-agport = Po1

Port indx = 0 Load = 0x00

Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.

A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.

Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.

S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.

Local information:

| Port | Flags | State | Timers | Hello Interval | Partner Count | PAGP Priority | Learning Method | Group Ifindex |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Fa5/4 | d | U1/S1 | | 1s | 0 | 128 | Any | 0 |

Age of the port in the current state: 02h:33m:14s

Port: Fa5/5

Port state = EC-Enbld Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config

Channel group = 1 Mode = Desirable Gcchange = 0

Port-channel = null GC = 0x00000000 Psudo-agport = Po1

Port indx = 0 Load = 0x00

Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.

A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.

Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.

S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.

Local information:

| Port | Flags | State | Timers | Hello Interval | Partner Count | PAGP Priority | Learning Method | Group Ifindex |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Fa5/5 | d | U1/S1 | | 1s | 0 | 128 | Any | 0 |


```

Age of the port in the current state: 02h:33m:17s
Port-channels in the group:
-----

Port-channel: Po1
-----
Age of the Port-channel = 02h:33m:52s
Logical slot/port = 10/1          Number of ports in agport = 0
GC = 0x00000000          HotStandBy port = null
Passive port list = Fa5/4 Fa5/5
Port state = Port-channel L3-Ag Ag-Not-Inuse

```

Ports in the Port-channel:

```

Index  Load  Port
-----
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display a one-line summary per channel group:

```

Switch# show etherchannel summary
U-in use I-in port-channel S-suspended D-down i-stand-alone d-default

Group Port-channel Ports
-----
1 Po1(U) Fa5/4(I) Fa5/5(I)
2 Po2(U) Fa5/6(I) Fa5/7(I)
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display EtherChannel port information for all ports and all groups:

```

Switch# show etherchannel port
Channel-group listing:
-----

Group: 1
-----

Ports in the group:
-----

Port: Fa5/4
-----
Port state = EC-Enbl'd Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Channel group = 1          Mode = Desirable          Gcchange = 0
Port-channel = null          GC = 0x00000000          Pseudo-agport = Po1
Port indx = 0          Load = 0x00

Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
      A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.
      S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.

Local information:

Port      Flags State Timers Hello Partner PAgP Learning Group
Fa5/4    d    U1/S1 1s    0      128 Any    0

Age of the port in the current state: 02h:40m:35s
Port: Fa5/5
-----

Port state = EC-Enbl'd Down Not-in-Bndl Usr-Config
Channel group = 1          Mode = Desirable          Gcchange = 0
Port-channel = null          GC = 0x00000000          Pseudo-agport = Po1
Port indx = 0          Load = 0x00

```

show etherchannel

```

Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello.   C - Device is in Consistent state.
       A - Device is in Auto mode.         P - Device learns on physical port.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running.        Q - Quit timer is running.
       S - Switching timer is running.     I - Interface timer is running.

```

<...output truncated...>

Switch#

This example shows how to display the protocol enabled:

```

Switch# show etherchannel protocol
           Channel-group listing:
           -----

Group: 12
-----
Protocol: PAgP

Group: 24
-----
Protocol: - (Mode ON)
Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| channel-group | Assigns and configures an EtherChannel interface to an EtherChannel group. |
| interface port-channel | Accesses or creates a port-channel interface. |

show flowcontrol

To display the per-interface status and statistics related to flow control, use the **show flowcontrol** command.

```
show flowcontrol [module slot | interface interface]
```

| Syntax Description | module slot | (Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module. |
|--------------------|---------------------|---|
| | interface interface | (Optional) Displays the status on a specific interface. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines Table 2-18 describes the fields in the **show flowcontrol** command output.

Table 2-18 show flowcontrol Command Output

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Port | Module and port number. |
| Send-Flowcontrol-Admin | Flow-control administration. Possible settings: on indicates the local port sends flow control to the far end; off indicates the local port does not send flow control to the far end; desired indicates the local end sends flow control to the far end if the far end supports it. |
| Send-Flowcontrol-Oper | Flow-control operation. Possible setting: disagree indicates the two ports could not agree on a link protocol. |
| Receive-Flowcontrol-Admin | Flow-control administration. Possible settings: on indicates the local port requires the far end to send flow control; off indicates the local port does not allow the far end to send flow control; desired indicates the local end allows the far end to send flow control. |
| Receive-Flowcontrol-Oper | Flow-control operation. Possible setting: disagree indicates the two ports could not agree on a link protocol. |
| RxPause | Number of pause frames received. |
| TxPause | Number of pause frames transmitted. |

Examples

This example shows how to display the flow control status on all the Gigabit Ethernet interfaces:

```
Switch# show flowcontrol
Port          Send FlowControl  Receive FlowControl  RxPause TxPause
              admin    oper              admin    oper
-----
Te1/1         off     off              on       off        0       0
Te1/2         off     off              on       off        0       0
Gi1/3         off     off              desired  on         0       0
Gi1/4         off     off              desired  on         0       0
Gi1/5         off     off              desired  on         0       0
Gi1/6         off     off              desired  on         0       0
Gi3/1         off     off              desired  off        0       0
Gi3/2         off     off              desired  off        0       0
Gi3/3         off     off              desired  off        0       0
Gi3/4         off     off              desired  off        0       0
Gi3/5         off     off              desired  off        0       0
Gi3/6         off     off              desired  off        0       0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the flow control status on module 1:

```
Switch# show flowcontrol module 1
Port          Send FlowControl  Receive FlowControl  RxPause TxPause
              admin    oper              admin    oper
-----
Gi1/1         desired  off              off     off        0       0
Gi1/2         on       disagree on              on      0       0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the flow control status on Gigabit Ethernet interface 3/4:

```
Switch# show flowcontrol interface gigabitethernet3/4
Port          Send FlowControl  Receive FlowControl  RxPause TxPause
              admin    oper              admin    oper
-----
Gi3/4         off     off              on       on         0       0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the flow control status on 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show flowcontrol interface tengigabitethernet1/1
Port          Send FlowControl  Receive FlowControl  RxPause TxPause
              admin    oper              admin    oper
-----
Te1/1         off     off              on       off        0       0
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| channel-group | Configures a Gigabit Ethernet interface to send or receive pause frames. |
| show interfaces status | Displays the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state. |

show hw-module port-group

To display how the X2 holes on a module are grouped, use the **show hw-module port-group** command.

show hw-module module *number* port-group

| Syntax Description | module | Specifies a line module. |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | <i>number</i> | Specifies a slot or module number. |
| | port-group | Specifies a port-group on a switch. |

Defaults X2 mode.

Command Modes Global configuration mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 12.2(40)SG | Support for WS-X4606-10GE-E Twin Gigabit convertor introduced. |

Usage Guidelines When a TwinGig Convertor is enabled or disabled, the number and type of ports on the linecard change dynamically. The terminology must reflect this behavior. In Cisco IOS, 10-Gigabit ports are named TenGigabit and 1-Gigabit ports are named Gigabit. Starting with Cisco IOS Release 12.2(40)SG, to avoid having ports named TenGigabit1/1 and Gigabit1/1, the 10-Gigabit and 1-Gigabit port numbers are independent. The WS-X4606-10GE-E module with six X2 ports are named TenGigabit<slot-num>/<1-6>, and the SFP ports are named Gigabit<slot-num>/<7-18>.

In the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis, the ports are connected to the switching engine through a stub ASIC. This stub ASIC imposes some limitations on the ports: Gigabit and 10-Gigabit ports cannot be mixed on a single stub ASIC; they must either be all 10-Gigabit (X2), or all Gigabit (TwinGig Converter and SFP). The faceplates of X2 modules show this stub-port grouping, either with an actual physical grouping, or a box drawn around a grouping.

Examples This example shows to determine how the X2 holes on a module are grouped on a WS-X4606-10GE-E:

```
Switch# show hw-module module 1 port-group
Module  Port-group  Active      Inactive
-----
1       1             Te1/1-3    Gi1/7-12
1       2             Te1/4-6    Gi1/13-18
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | hw-module port-group | Selects either Gigabit Ethernet or Ten Gigabit Ethernet interfaces on your module. |

show hw-module uplink

To display the current uplink mode, use the **show hw-module uplink** command.

show hw-module uplink

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.2(25)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

If the active uplink mode is different than configured mode, the output displays the change. By default, the current (operational) uplink selection is displayed.

Examples

This example shows the output displaying the current (active) uplinks:

```
Switch# show hw-module uplink
Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet
```

This example shows the output for redundant systems in SSO mode if the 10-Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are active, and the Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are selected:

```
Switch# show hw-module uplink
Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet
(will be GigabitEthernet after next reload)
A 'redundancy reload shelf' or power-cycle of chassis is required to
apply the new configuration
```

This example shows the output for redundant systems in RPR mode if the 10-Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are active, and the Gigabit Ethernet uplinks are selected:

```
Switch# show hw-module uplink
Active uplink configuration is TenGigabitEthernet
(will be GigabitEthernet after next reload)
A reload of active supervisor is required to apply the new configuration.
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| hw-module uplink select | Selects the 10-Gigabit Ethernet or Gigabit Ethernet uplinks on the Supervisor Engine V-10GE within the W-C4510R chassis. |

show idprom

To display the IDPROMs for the chassis, supervisor engine, module, power supplies, fan trays, clock module, and multiplexer (mux) buffer, use the **show idprom** command.

```
show idprom { all | chassis | module [mod] | interface int_name | supervisor | power-supply
number | fan-tray }
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| all | | Displays information for all IDPROMs. |
| chassis | | Displays information for the chassis IDPROMs. |
| module | | Displays information for the module IDPROMs. |
| <i>mod</i> | | (Optional) Specifies the module name. |
| interface <i>int_name</i> | | Displays information for the GBIC or SFP IDPROMs. |
| supervisor | | Displays information for the supervisor engine IDPROMs. |
| power-supply <i>number</i> | | Displays information for the power supply IDPROMs. |
| fan-tray | | Displays information for the fan tray IDPROMs. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for the power-supply , fan-tray , clock-module , and mux-buffer keywords was added. |
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for interface keyword was added. |
| | 12.2(18)EW | Enhanced the show idprom interface output to include the hexadecimal display of the GBIC/SFP SEEPROM contents. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines When you enter the **show idprom interface** command, the output lines for Calibration type and Rx (receive) power measurement may not be displayed for all GBICs.

Examples

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for module 4:

```
Switch# show idprom module 4
Module 4 Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 4199
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4201
FRU Minor Type = 303
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-X4306
Serial Number = 00000135
Part Number = <tbd>
Hardware Revision = 0.2
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x0000
Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Power Consumption = 0
RMA Failure Code = 0 0 0 0
Linecard Block Signature = 0x4201
Linecard Block Version = 1
Linecard Block Length = 24
Linecard Block Checksum = 658
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
Card Feature Index = 50
MAC Base = 0010.7bab.9830
MAC Count = 6
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the GBICs on the Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/2:

```
Switch# show idprom interface gigabitethernet1/2
GBIC Serial EEPROM Contents:
Common Block:
Identifier           = GBIC [0x1]
Extended Id         = Not specified/compliant with defined MOD_DEF [0x0]
Connector           = SC connector [0x1]
Transceiver
Speed               = Not available [0x0]
Media               = Not available [0x0]
Technology          = Not available [0x0]
Link Length         = Not available [0x0]
GE Comp Codes       = Not available [0x0]
SONET Comp Codes    = Not available [0x0]
Encoding            = 8B10B [0x1]
BR, Nominal         = 1300000000 MHz
Length(9u) in km    = GBIC does not support single mode fibre, or the length
                    must be determined from the transceiver technology.
Length(9u)          = > 25.4 km
Length(50u)         = GBIC does not support 50 micron multi-mode fibre, or the
                    length must be determined from the transceiver technology.
Length(62.5u)       = GBIC does not support 62.5 micron multi-mode fibre, or
                    the length must be determined from transceiver technology.
Length(Copper)      = GBIC does not support copper cables, or the length must
                    be determined from the transceiver technology.
Vendor name         = CISCO-FINISAR
Vendor OUI          = 36965
Vendor Part No.     = FTR-0119-CSC
Vendor Part Rev.    = B
Wavelength          = Not available
```



```

CC_BASE                = 0x1A

Extended ID Fields
  Options              = Loss of Signal implemented TX_FAULT signal implemented TX_DISABLE is
implemented and disables the serial output [0x1A]
  BR, max              = Unspecified
  BR, min              = Unspecified
  Vendor Serial No.    = K1273DH
  Date code            = 030409
  Diag monitoring      = Implemented
  Calibration type     = Internal
  Rx pwr measurement  = Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA)
  Address change       = Required
  CC_EXT               = 0xB2

Vendor Specific ID Fields:
20944D30 29 00 02 80 22 33 38 3D C7 67 83 E8 DF 65 6A AF )..."38=Gg^Ch_ej/
20944D40 1A 80 ED 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 38 23 3C 1B .....8#<.

                SEEPROM contents (hex) size 128:
0x0000 01 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 0D 00 00 FF .....
0x0010 00 00 00 00 43 49 53 43 4F 2D 46 49 4E 49 53 41 ...CISCO-FINISA
0x0020 52 20 20 20 00 00 90 65 46 54 52 2D 30 31 31 39 R ..^PeFTR-0119
0x0030 2D 43 53 43 20 20 20 20 42 20 20 20 00 00 00 1A -CSC B ....
0x0040 00 1A 00 00 4B 31 32 37 33 44 48 20 20 20 20 20 ...K1273DH
0x0050 20 20 20 20 30 33 30 34 30 39 20 20 64 00 00 B2 030409 d..2
0x0060 29 00 02 80 22 33 38 3D C7 67 83 E8 DF 65 6A AF )..^@"38=Gg^C._ej.
0x0070 1A 80 ED 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 38 23 3C 1B .^@m.....8#<.

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```

Switch# show idprom interface tengigabitethernet1/1
X2 Serial EEPROM Contents:
Non-Volatile Register (NVR) Fields
  X2 MSA Version supported          :0xA
  NVR Size in bytes                 :0x100
  Number of bytes used              :0xD0
  Basic Field Address                :0xB
  Customer Field Address             :0x77
  Vendor Field Address               :0xA7
  Extended Vendor Field Address      :0x100
  Reserved                           :0x0
  Transceiver type                   :0x2 =X2
  Optical connector type             :0x1 =SC
  Bit encoding                       :0x1 =NRZ
  Normal BitRate in multiple of 1M b/s :0x2848
  Protocol Type                     :0x1 =10GgE

Standards Compliance Codes :
  10GbE Code Byte 0                 :0x2 =10GBASE-LR
  10GbE Code Byte 1                 :0x0
  SONET/SDH Code Byte 0             :0x0
  SONET/SDH Code Byte 1             :0x0
  SONET/SDH Code Byte 2             :0x0
  SONET/SDH Code Byte 3             :0x0
  10GFC Code Byte 0                 :0x0
  10GFC Code Byte 1                 :0x0
  10GFC Code Byte 2                 :0x0
  10GFC Code Byte 3                 :0x0
  Transmission range in 10m         :0x3E8
Fibre Type :
  Fibre Type Byte 0                 :0x40 =NDSF only

```

```

Fibre Type Byte 1 :0x0 =Unspecified

Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 0 :0x1 0xFF 0xB8
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 1 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 2 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Centre Optical Wavelength in 0.01nm steps - Channel 3 :0x0 0x0 0x0
Package Identifier OUI :0xC09820
Transceiver Vendor OUI :0x3400800
Transceiver vendor name :CISCO-OPNEXT,INC
Part number provided by transceiver vendor :TRT5021EN-SMC-W
Revision level of part number provided by vendor :00
Vendor serial number :ONJ08290041
Vendor manufacturing date code :2004072000

Reserved1 : 00 02 02 20 D1 00 00
Basic Field Checksum :0x10

Customer Writable Area :
0x00: 58 32 2D 31 30 47 42 2D 4C 52 20 20 20 20 20 20
0x10: 20 20 20 20 20 20 4F 4E 4A 30 38 32 39 30 30 34 31
0x20: 31 30 2D 32 30 33 36 2D 30 31 20 20 41 30 31 20

Vendor Specific :
0x00: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x10: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x20: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x30: 00 00 00 00 11 E2 69 A9 2F 95 C6 EE D2 DA B3 FD
0x40: 9A 34 4A 24 CB 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 EF FC
0x50: F4 AC 1A D7 11 08 01 36 00

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the supervisor engine:

```

Switch# show idprom supervisor
Supervisor Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 4153
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4101
FRU Minor Type = 333
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-X4014
Serial Number = JAB05320CCE
Part Number = 73-6854-04
Part Revision = 05
Manufacturing Deviation String = 0
Hardware Revision = 0.4
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x0000
Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Power Consumption = 0
RMA Failure Code = 0 0 0 0
Supervisor Block Signature = 0x4101
Supervisor Block Version = 1
Supervisor Block Length = 24
Supervisor Block Checksum = 548
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
Card Feature Index = 95
MAC Base = 0007.0ee5.2a44
MAC Count = 2

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the chassis:

```
Switch# show idprom chassis
Chassis Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 4285
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 2
FRU Major Type = 0x4001
FRU Minor Type = 24
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-C4507R
Serial Number = FOX04473737
Part Number = 73-4289-02
Part Revision = 02
Manufacturing Deviation String = 0x00
Hardware Revision = 0.2
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x0000
Snmp OID = 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0
Chassis Block Signature = 0x4001
Chassis Block Version = 1
Chassis Block Length = 22
Chassis Block Checksum = 421
Feature Bits = 0x0000000000000000
MAC Base = 0004.dd42.2600
MAC Count = 1024
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for power supply 1:

```
Switch# show idprom power-supply 1
Power Supply 0 Idprom:
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 10207
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 1
FRU Major Type = 0xAB01
FRU Minor Type = 8224
OEM String = Cisco Systems, Inc.
Product Number = WS-CAC-1440W
Serial Number = ACP05180002
Part Number = 34-XXXX-01
Part Revision = A0
Manufacturing Deviation String =
Hardware Revision = 1.1
Manufacturing Bits = 0x0000
Engineering Bits = 0x3031
Snmp OID = 9.12.3.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535
Power Consumption = -1
RMA Failure Code = 255 255 255 255
Power Supply Block Signature = 0xFFFF
PowerSupply Block Version = 255
PowerSupply Block Length = 255
PowerSupply Block Checksum = 65535
Feature Bits = 0x00000000FFFFFFFF
Current @ 110V = -1
Current @ 220V = -1
StackMIB OID = 65535
```

Switch#

This example shows how to display IDPROM information for the fan tray:

```
Switch# show idprom fan-tray
Fan Tray Idprom :
Common Block Signature = 0xABAB
Common Block Version = 1
Common Block Length = 144
Common Block Checksum = 19781
Idprom Size = 256
Block Count = 1
FRU Major Type = 0x4002
FRU Minor Type = 0
OEM String = "Cisco Systems"
Product Number = WS-X4502-fan
Serial Number =
Part Number =
Part Revision =
Manufacturing Deviation String =
Hardware Revision = 0.1
Manufacturing Bits = 0xFFFF
Engineering Bits = 0xFFFF
Snmp OID = 65535.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535.65535
Power Consumption = -1
RMA Failure Code = 255 255 255 255
Switch#
```

show interfaces

To display traffic on a specific interface, use the **show interfaces** command.

```
show interfaces [{fastethernet mod/interface-number} | {gigabitethernet
  mod/interface-number} | {tengigabitethernet mod/interface-number} | {null
  interface-number} | vlan vlan_id] | status}}
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--|------------|---|
| fastethernet <i>mod/interface-number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the Fast Ethernet module and interface. |
| gigabitethernet <i>mod/interface-number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet module and interface. |
| tengigabitethernet <i>mod/interface-number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the 10-Gigabit Ethernet module and interface. |
| null <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the null interface; the valid value is 0. |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| status | (Optional) | Displays status information. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|--|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(12c)EW | Support for extended VLAN addresses was added. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(31)SGA | Support for auto-MDIX reflected in command output. |

Usage Guidelines

The statistics are collected on a per-VLAN basis for Layer 2 switched packets and Layer 3 switched packets. The statistics are available for both unicast and multicast. The Layer 3 switched packet counts are available for both the ingress and egress directions. The per-VLAN statistics are updated every 5 seconds.

In some cases, you might see a difference in the duplex mode that is displayed between the **show interfaces** command and the **show running-config** commands. The duplex mode that is displayed in the **show interfaces** command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** command shows the operating mode for an interface, while the **show running-config** command shows the configured mode for an interface.

If you do not enter any keywords, all counters for all modules are displayed.

Linecards that support auto-MDIX configuration on their copper media ports include: WS-X4124-RJ45, WS-X4148-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or higher, and WS-X4232-GB-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or higher.

Examples

This example shows how to display traffic for Gigabit Ethernet interface 2/5:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet2/5
GigabitEthernet9/5 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware is C4k 1000Mb 802.3, address is 0001.64f8.3fa5 (bia 0001.64f8.3fa5)
Internet address is 172.20.20.20/24
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 1000000 Kbit, DLY 10 usec,
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Full-duplex, 1000Mb/s
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
Last input 00:00:00, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue 0/40, 0 drops; input queue 0/75, 0 drops
5 minute input rate 1000 bits/sec, 2 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
L2 Switched: ucast: 8199 pkt, 1362060 bytes - mcast: 6980 pkt, 371952 bytes
L3 in Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes mcast
L3 out Switched: ucast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkt, 0 bytes
300114 packets input, 27301436 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 43458 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
0 input packets with dribble condition detected
15181 packets output, 1955836 bytes, 0 underruns
0 output errors, 0 collisions, 3 interface resets
0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
0 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display traffic for 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/1
Name: Tengigabitethernet1/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan promiscuous trunk
Operational Mode: private-vlan promiscuous (suspended member of bundle Po1)
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: native
Negotiation of Trunking: Off
Access Mode VLAN: none
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: none
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: 202 (VLAN0202) 303 (VLAN0303) 304 (VLAN0304)
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk
Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: 802.1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk private VLANs: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping trunk: New 202 (VLAN0202) 303 (VLAN0303) 304
(VLAN0304) 204 (VLAN0204) 305 (VLAN0305) 306 (VLAN0306)
```

```
Operational private-vlan: 202 (VLAN0202) 303 (VLAN0303) 304 (VLAN0304)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL
Switch#
```

This example shows how to verify the status of auto-MDIX on a RJ-45 port:



Note

You can verify the configuration setting and the operational state of auto-MDIX on the interface by entering the **show interfaces EXEC** command. This field is applicable and appears only on the **show interfaces** command output for 10/100/1000BaseT RJ45 copper ports on supported linecards including WS-X4124-RJ45, WS-X4148-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or higher, and WS-X4232-GB-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or higher.

```
FastEthernet6/3 is up, line protocol is up (connected)
Hardware is Fast Ethernet Port, address is 0003.6ba8.ee68 (bia 0003.6ba8.ee68)
MTU 1500 bytes, BW 100000 Kbit, DLY 100 usec,
    reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive set (10 sec)
Full-duplex, 100Mb/s, link type is auto, media type is 10/100BaseTX
input flow-control is unsupported output flow-control is unsupported
Auto-MDIX on (operational: on)
ARP type: ARPA, ARP Timeout 04:00:00
Last input never, output never, output hang never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Input queue: 0/2000/0/0 (size/max/drops/flushes); Total output drops: 0
Queueing strategy: fifo
Output queue: 0/40 (size/max)
5 minute input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
5 minute output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
    0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
Received 0 broadcasts (0 multicasts)
    0 runts, 0 giants, 0 throttles
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored
    0 input packets with dribble condition detected
157082 packets output, 13418032 bytes, 0 underruns
    0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
    0 babbles, 0 late collision, 0 deferred
    1 lost carrier, 0 no carrier
    0 output buffer failures, 0 output buffers swapped out
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display status information for Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/2:

```
Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/2 status
Port      Name          Status      Vlan      Duplex  Speed Type
Gi1/2                    notconnect  1          auto     1000 1000-XWDM-RXONLY
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display status information for the interfaces on the supervisor engine:

```
Switch# show interfaces status

Port      Name          Status      Vlan      Duplex  Speed Type
Tel/1                    connected   1          full     10G 10GBase-LR
Tel/2                    connected   1          full     10G 10GBase-LR
Switch#
```

show interfaces capabilities

To display the interface capabilities for an interface or for all the interfaces on a switch, use the **show interfaces capabilities** command.

```
show interfaces capabilities [{module mod}]
```

```
show interfaces [interface interface-number] capabilities
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| module mod | (Optional) Display information for the specified module only. |
| interface | (Optional) Interface type; valid values are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , and port-channel . |
| interface-number | (Optional) Port number. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|--|
| 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(31)SGA | Support for auto-MDIX reflected in command output. |

Usage Guidelines

The *interface-number* argument designates the module and port number. Valid values for *interface-number* depend on the chassis and module used. For example, if you have a 48-port 10/100-Mbps Fast Ethernet RJ-21 (telco connector) switching module installed in a Catalyst 4507 chassis, valid values for the slot number are from 2 to 13 and valid values for the port number are 1 to 48.

Linecards that support auto-MDIX configuration on their copper media ports include: WS-X4124-RJ45, WS-X4148-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or higher, and WS-X4232-GB-RJ with hardware revision 3.0 or higher.

Examples

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for a module:

```
Switch# show interfaces capabilities module 1
GigabitEthernet1/1
  Model: WS-X4516-Gbic
  Type: Unsupported GBIC
  Speed: 1000
  Duplex: full
  Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q, ISL
  Trunk mode: on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
  Channel: yes
  Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), hw
  Flowcontrol: rx- (off, on, desired), tx- (off, on, desired)
  VLAN Membership: static, dynamic
  Fast Start: yes
  Queuing: rx- (N/A), tx- (4q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
  CoS rewrite: yes
  ToS rewrite: yes
  Inline power: no
  SPAN: source/destination
  UDLD: yes
  Link Debounce: no
  Link Debounce Time: no
  Port Security: yes
  Dot1x: yes
GigabitEthernet1/2
  Model: WS-X4516-Gbic
  Type: Unsupported GBIC
  Speed: 1000
  Duplex: full
  Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q, ISL
  Trunk mode: on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
  Channel: yes
  Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), hw
  Flowcontrol: rx- (off, on, desired), tx- (off, on, desired)
  VLAN Membership: static, dynamic
  Fast Start: yes
  Queuing: rx- (N/A), tx- (4q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
  CoS rewrite: yes
  ToS rewrite: yes
  Inline power: no
  SPAN: source/destination
  UDLD: yes
  Link Debounce: no
  Link Debounce Time: no
  Port Security: yes
  Dot1x: yes
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```
Switch# show interfaces tengigabitethernet1/1 capabilities
TenGigabitEthernet1/1
  Model: WS-X4517-X2
  Type: 10GBase-LR
  Speed: 10000
  Duplex: full
  Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q, ISL
  Trunk mode: on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
  Channel: yes
  Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), hw
  Flowcontrol: rx- (off, on), tx- (off, on)
  VLAN Membership: static, dynamic
  Fast Start: yes
```

■ **show interfaces capabilities**

```

Queuing:                rx-(N/A), tx-(1p3q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
CoS rewrite:            yes
ToS rewrite:            yes
Inline power:           no
SPAN:                   source/destination
UDLD:                   yes
Link Debounce:          no
Link Debounce Time:     no
Port Security:          yes
Dot1x:                  yes
Maximum MTU:            9198 bytes (Jumbo Frames)
Multiple Media Types:   no
Diagnostic Monitoring:  N/A
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for Gigabit Ethernet interface 1/1:

```

Switch# show interfaces gigabitethernet1/1 capabilities
GigabitEthernet1/1
  Model:                WS-X4014-Gbic
  Type:                 No Gbic
  Speed:                1000
  Duplex:               full
  Trunk encap. type:    802.1Q, ISL
  Trunk mode:           on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
  Channel:              yes
  Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), hw
  Flowcontrol:          rx-(off, on, desired), tx-(off, on, desired)
  VLAN Membership:     static, dynamic
  Fast Start:           yes
  Queuing:              rx-(N/A), tx-(4q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
  CoS rewrite:          yes
  ToS rewrite:          yes
  Inline power:         no
  SPAN:                 source/destination
  UDLD:                 yes
  Link Debounce:        no
  Link Debounce Time:  no
  Port Security:        yes
  Dot1x:                yes
  MTU Supported:        jumbo frames, baby giants
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the interface capabilities for Fast Ethernet interface 3/1:

```

Switch# show interfaces fastethernet3/1 capabilities
FastEthernet3/1
  Model:                WS-X4148-RJ-RJ-45
  Type:                 10/100BaseTX
  Speed:                10,100,auto
  Duplex:               half,full,auto
  Trunk encap. type:    802.1Q, ISL
  Trunk mode:           on, off, desirable, nonegotiate
  Channel:              yes
  Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), sw
  Flowcontrol:          rx-(none), tx-(none)
  VLAN Membership:     static, dynamic
  Fast Start:           yes
  Queuing:              rx-(N/A), tx-(4q1t, Shaping)
  CoS rewrite:          yes
  ToS rewrite:          yes
  Inline power:         no
  SPAN:                 source/destination
  UDLD:                 yes

```

```

Link Debounce:      no
Link Debounce Time: no
Port Security:      yes
Dot1x:              yes
MTU Supported:      no jumbo frames, baby giants
Switch#

```

This example shows how to verify that the auto-MDIX configuration is supported on a port:

```

Switch# show interfaces fastethernet6/3 capabilities
FastEthernet6/3
Model:              WS-X4232-GB-RJ-RJ-45
Type:               10/100BaseTX
Speed:              10,100,auto
Duplex:             half,full,auto
Auto-MDIX           yes
Trunk encap. type: 802.1Q,ISL
Trunk mode:         on,off,desirable,nonegotiate
Channel:            yes
Broadcast suppression: percentage(0-100), hw
Flowcontrol:        rx-(none),tx-(none)
VLAN Membership:   static, dynamic
Fast Start:         yes
Queuing:            rx-(N/A), tx-(1p3q1t, Sharing/Shaping)
CoS rewrite:        yes
ToS rewrite:        yes
Inline power:       no
SPAN:               source/destination
UDLD:               yes
Link Debounce:      no
Link Debounce Time: no
Port Security:      yes
Dot1x:              yes
Maximum MTU:        1552 bytes (Baby Giants)
Multiple Media Types: no
Diagnostic Monitoring: N/A
Switch#

```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | show interfaces counters | Displays the traffic on the physical interface. |

show interfaces counters

To display the traffic on the physical interface, use the **show interfaces counters** command.

show interfaces counters [**all** | **detail** | **errors** | **storm-control** | **trunk**] [**module** *mod*]

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------------|------------|---|
| all | (Optional) | Displays all the interface counters including errors, trunk, and detail. |
| detail | (Optional) | Displays the detailed interface counters. |
| errors | (Optional) | Displays the interface error counters. |
| storm-control | (Optional) | Displays the number of packets discarded due to suppression on the interface. |
| trunk | (Optional) | Displays the interface trunk counters. |
| module <i>mod</i> | (Optional) | Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for storm control. |
| | 12.2(18)EW | Support for the display of total suppression discards. |

Usage Guidelines If you do not enter any keywords, all the counters for all modules are displayed. The display for the **storm-control** keyword includes the suppressed multicast bytes.

Examples This example shows how to display the error counters for a specific module:

```
Switch# show interfaces counters errors module 1
```

```
Port          Align-Err  FCS-Err  Xmit-Err  Rcv-Err  UnderSize
Gi1/1         0          0        0         0        0
Gi1/2         0          0        0         0        0

Port          Single-Col Multi-Col  Late-Col  Excess-Col  Carri-Sen  Runts  Giants
Gi1/1         0          0        0         0          0         0      0
Gi1/2         0          0        0         0          0         0      0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the traffic that is seen by a specific module:

```
Switch# show interfaces counters module 1

Port          InOctets   InUcastPkts  InMcastPkts  InBcastPkts
Gi1/1         0          0            0            0
Gi1/2         0          0            0            0

Port          OutOctets   OutUcastPkts  OutMcastPkts  OutBcastPkts
Gi1/1         0          0            0            0
Gi1/2         0          0            0            0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the trunk counters for a specific module:

```
Switch# show interfaces counters trunk module 1

Port          TrunkFramesTx  TrunkFramesRx  WrongEncap
Gi1/1         0              0              0
Gi1/2         0              0              0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the number of packets that are discarded due to suppression:

```
Switch# show interfaces counters storm-control

Multicast Suppression : Enabled

Port          BcastSuppLevel  TotalSuppressionDiscards
Fa5/35        10.00%          6278550
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| show interfaces capabilities | Displays the interface capabilities for an interface or for all the interfaces on a switch. |

show interfaces description

To display a description and status of an interface, use the **show interfaces description** command.

show interfaces [*interface*] **description**

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>interface</i> (Optional) Type of interface. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display information for all interfaces:

```
Switch# show interfaces description
Interface Status      Protocol Description
PO0/0      admin down          down    First interface
PO0/1      admin down          down
Gi1/1      up                  up      GigE to server farm
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| | description (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Includes a specific description about the digital signal processor (DSP) interface. |

show interfaces link

To display how long a cable has been disconnected from an interface, use the **show interfaces link** command:

```
show interfaces link [module mod_num]
```

| Syntax Description | module <i>mod_num</i> | (Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a module. |
|--------------------|------------------------------|--|
|--------------------|------------------------------|--|

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.2(18)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines If the interface state is up, the command displays 0:00. If the interface state is down, the time (in hours, minutes, and seconds) is displayed.

Examples This example shows how to display active link-level information:

```
Switch# show interfaces link

Port      Name                Down Time
Gi1/1     Gi1/1                00:00:00
Gi1/2     Gi1/2                00:00:00
Gi3/1     Gi3/1                00:00:00
Gi3/2     Gi3/2                00:00:00
Fa4/1     Fa4/1                00:00:00
Fa4/2     Fa4/2                00:00:00
Fa4/3     Fa4/3                00:00:00
Fa4/4     Fa4/4                00:00:00
```

This example shows how to display inactive link-level information:

```
Switch# show interfaces link

Port      Name                Down Time
Gi3/4     Gi3/4                1 minute 28 secs
Gi3/5     Gi3/5                1 minute 28 secs
Gi3/6     Gi3/6                1 minute 28 secs
Gi4/1     Gi4/1                1 minute 28 secs
```

In this example, the cable has been disconnected from the port for 1 minute and 28 seconds.

show interfaces mtu

To display the maximum transmission unit (MTU) size of all the physical interfaces and SVIs on the switch, use the **show interfaces mtu** command.

```
show interfaces mtu [module mod]
```

| Syntax Description | module <i>mod</i> | (Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module. |
|--------------------|-------------------|---|
|--------------------|-------------------|---|

| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
|----------|---------------------------------------|

| Command Modes | EXEC |
|---------------|------|
|---------------|------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the MTU size for all interfaces on module 1:

```
Switch> show interfaces mtu module 1

Port      Name           MTU
Gi1/1     Gi1/1          1500
Gi1/2     Gi1/2          1500
Switch>
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---------------------|--|
| | mtu | Enables jumbo frames on an interface by adjusting the maximum size of a packet or maximum transmission unit (MTU). |

show interfaces private-vlan mapping

To display PVLAN mapping information for VLAN SVIs, use the **show interfaces private-vlan mapping** command.

show interfaces private-vlan mapping [active]

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | active (Optional) Displays active interfaces only. |
|---------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | This command displays SVI information only. |
|-------------------------|---|

Examples This example shows how to display PVLAN mapping information:

```
Switch# show interfaces private-vlan mapping
Interface Secondary VLAN Type
-----
vlan2      301          isolated
vlan2      302          isolated
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | private-vlan | Configures private VLANs and the association between a private VLAN and a secondary VLAN. |
| | private-vlan mapping | Creates a mapping between the primary and the secondary VLANs so that both share the same primary VLAN SVI. |

show interfaces status

To display the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state, use the **show interfaces status** command.

```
show interfaces status [err-disabled | inactive ] [module {module}]
```

| Syntax Description | err-disabled | (Optional) Displays interfaces in error-disabled state. |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| | inactive | (Optional) Displays interfaces in inactive state. |
| | module <i>module</i> | (Optional) Displays interfaces on a specific module. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(40)SG | Support for WS-X4606-10GE-E Twin Gigabit convertor introduced. |

Examples This example shows how to display the status of all interfaces:

```
Switch# show interfaces status
```

```
Port      Name           Status      Vlan      Duplex  Speed  Type
Gi1/1    Gi1/1          disabled    routed    full    1000  missing
Gi1/2    Gi1/2          notconnect  1         full    1000  unknown (4)
Fa5/1    Fa5/1          disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
Fa5/2    Fa5/2          disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
Fa5/3    Fa5/3          disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
Fa5/4    Fa5/4          disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
...
Fa5/15   Fa5/15         disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
Fa5/16   Fa5/16         disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
Fa5/17   Fa5/17         disabled    routed    auto    auto   10/100BaseTX
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the status of interfaces in an error-disabled state:

```
Switch# show interfaces status err-disabled
```

```
Port      Name           Status      Reason
Fa9/4     Fa9/4          notconnect  link-flap
```

```
informational error message when the timer expires on a cause
-----
```

```
5d04h:%PM-SP-4-ERR_RECOVER:Attempting to recover from link-flap err-disable state on Fa9/4
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the Gigabit Ethernet interfaces on a WS-X4606-10GE-E using the TwinGig Converter:

```
Switch# show interfaces status module 1
Port Name Status Vlan Duplex Speed Type
Tel/1 inactive 1 full 10G No X2
Tel/2 inactive 1 full 10G No X2
Tel/3 inactive 1 full 10G No X2
Tel/4 notconnect 1 full 10G No X2
Tel/5 notconnect 1 full 10G No X2
Tel/6 notconnect 1 full 10G No X2
Gi1/7 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/8 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/9 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/10 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/11 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/12 notconnect 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/13 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/14 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/15 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/16 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/17 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Gi1/18 inactive 1 full 1000 No Gbic
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| errdisable detect | Enables error-disable detection. |
| hw-module port-group | Selects either Gigabit Ethernet or Ten Gigabit Ethernet interfaces on your module. |
| show errdisable recovery | Displays error disable recovery timer information. |

show interfaces switchport

To display the administrative and operational status of a switching (nonrouting) port, use the **show interfaces switchport** command.

```
show interfaces [interface-id] switchport [module mod]
```

| Syntax | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Interface ID for the physical port. |
| module mod | (Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified module; valid values are from 1 to 6. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for per-interface display. |
| | 12.2(18)EW | Support for displaying the status of native VLAN tagging in the command output. |

Examples This example shows how to display switch-port information using the **begin** output modifier:

```
Switch# show interfaces switchport | include VLAN
Name: Fa5/6
Access Mode VLAN: 200 (VLAN0200)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: ALL
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display switch-port information for module 1:

```
Switch# show interfaces switchport module 1
Name:Gi1/1
Switchport:Enabled
Administrative Mode:dynamic auto
Operational Mode:down
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation:negotiate
Negotiation of Trunking:On
Access Mode VLAN:1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN:1 (default)
Administrative private-vlan host-association:none
Administrative private-vlan mapping:none
Operational private-vlan:none
Trunking VLANs Enabled:ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled:2-1001

Name:Gi1/2
Switchport:Enabled
```

```

Administrative Mode:dynamic auto
Operational Mode:down
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Operational private-vlan: none
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the status of native VLAN tagging on the port:

```

Switch# show interfaces f3/1 switchport
show interface f3/1 switchport
Name: Fa3/1
Switchport: Enabled
Administrative Mode: private-vlan trunk promiscuous
Operational Mode: private-vlan trunk promiscuous
Administrative Trunking Encapsulation: negotiate
Operational Trunking Encapsulation: dot1q
Negotiation of Trunking: On
Access Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Trunking Native Mode VLAN: 1 (default)
Administrative Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Voice VLAN: none
Administrative private-vlan host-association: none
Administrative private-vlan mapping: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk native VLAN: 1
Administrative private-vlan trunk Native VLAN tagging: enabled
Administrative private-vlan trunk encapsulation: dot1q
Administrative private-vlan trunk normal VLANs: 1
Administrative private-vlan trunk associations: none
Administrative private-vlan trunk mappings:
    10 (VLAN0010) 100 (VLAN0100)
Operational private-vlan:
    10 (VLAN0010) 100 (VLAN0100)
Trunking VLANs Enabled: ALL
Pruning VLANs Enabled: 2-1001
Capture Mode Disabled
Capture VLANs Allowed: ALL

Unknown unicast blocked: disabled
Unknown multicast blocked: disabled
Appliance trust: none
Switch#

```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | show interfaces capabilities | Displays the interface capabilities for an interface or for all the interfaces on a switch. |
| | show interfaces counters | Displays the traffic on the physical interface. |

show interfaces transceiver

To display diagnostic-monitoring data for all interfaces that have transceivers installed, use the **show interfaces transceiver** command.

```
show interfaces {[int_name] transceiver {[detail]} | {transceiver [module mod] | detail
[module mod]}}
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| <i>int_name</i> | (Optional) Interface. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays the calibrated values and the A2D readouts if the readout values differ from the calibrated values. Also displays the high-alarm, high-warning, low-warning, and low-alarm thresholds. |
| module mod | (Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on a specific module. |

Defaults

The noninterface-specific versions of the **show interfaces transceiver** command are enabled by default. The interface-specific versions of these commands are enabled by default if the specified interface has a transceiver (GBIC or SFP) that is configured for diagnostic monitoring, and the transceiver is in a module that supports diagnostic monitoring.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(20)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(18)EW | Support for the calibration keyword was withdrawn. |

Usage Guidelines

The **show interfaces transceiver** command provides useful information under the following conditions:

- At least one transceiver is installed on a chassis that is configured for diagnostic monitoring.
- The transceiver is in a module that supports diagnostic monitoring.

If you notice that the alarm and warning flags have been set on a transceiver, reenter the command to confirm.

Examples

This example shows how to display diagnostic monitoring data for all interfaces with transceivers installed on the switch:

```
Switch# show interfaces transceiver
If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed.
++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive.
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).

      Port      Temperature  Voltage  Current  Optical Tx Power  Optical Rx Power
              (Celsius)   (Volts)  (mA)     (dBm)         (dBm)
-----
Gi1/1          48.1         3.30     0.0      8.1 ++       N/A
Gi1/2          33.0         3.30     1.8     -10.0        -36.9
Gi2/1          43.7         5.03     50.6 +   -16.7 --     N/A
Gi2/2          39.2         5.02     25.7     0.8          N/A

Switch#
```



Note The value for the Optical Tx Power (in dBm) equals ten times log (Tx Power in mW). If the Tx Power value is 3 mW, then the Optical Tx Power value equals $10 * \log(3)$, which equals $10 * .477$ or 4.77 dBm. The Optical Rx Power value behaves similarly. If the Tx Power or the Rx Power is zero, then its dBm value is undefined and is shown as N/A (not applicable).

This example shows how to display detailed diagnostic monitoring data, including calibrated values, alarm and warning thresholds, A2D readouts, and alarm and warning flags. The A2D readouts are reported separately in parentheses only if they differ from the calibrated values:

```
Switch# show interfaces transceiver detail
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable.
++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are calibrated.
```

| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | High Alarm Threshold (Celsius) | High Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius) |
|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Gi1/1 | 48.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Gi1/2 | 34.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Gi2/1 | 43.5 | 70.0 | 60.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 |
| Gi2/2 | 39.1 | 70.0 | 60.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 |

| Port | Voltage (Volts) | High Alarm Threshold (Volts) | High Warn Threshold (Volts) | Low Warn Threshold (Volts) | Low Alarm Threshold (Volts) |
|-------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gi1/1 | 3.30 | 6.50 | 6.50 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi1/2 | 3.30 | 6.50 | 6.50 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi2/1 | 5.03 | 5.50 | 5.25 | 4.75 | 4.50 |
| Gi2/2 | 5.02 | 5.50 | 5.25 | 4.75 | 4.50 |

| Port | Current (milliamperes) | High Alarm Threshold (mA) | High Warn Threshold (mA) | Low Warn Threshold (mA) | Low Alarm Threshold (mA) |
|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Gi1/1 | 0.0 | 130.0 | 130.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi1/2 | 1.7 | 130.0 | 130.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi2/1 | 50.6 + | 60.0 | 40.0 | 10.0 | 5.0 |
| Gi2/2 | 25.8 | 60.0 | 40.0 | 10.0 | 5.0 |

show interfaces transceiver

| Port | Optical Transmit Power (dBm) | | High Alarm Threshold (dBm) | High Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Alarm Threshold (dBm) |
|-------|------------------------------|----|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Gi1/1 | 8.1 | ++ | 8.1 | 8.1 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi1/2 | -9.8 | | 8.1 | 8.1 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi2/1 | -16.7 (-13.0) | -- | 3.4 | 3.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 |
| Gi2/2 | 0.8 (5.1) | | 3.4 | 3.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 |

| Port | Optical Receive Power (dBm) | | High Alarm Threshold (dBm) | High Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Alarm Threshold (dBm) |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Gi1/1 | N/A | | 8.1 | 8.1 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi1/2 | -30.9 | | 8.1 | 8.1 | N/A | N/A |
| Gi2/1 | N/A (-28.5) | | 5.9 | -6.7 | -28.5 | -28.5 |
| Gi2/2 | N/A (-19.5) | | 5.9 | -6.7 | -28.5 | -28.5 |

Switch#

This example shows how to display the monitoring data for the interfaces that have transceivers installed on module 2:

Switch# **show interfaces transceiver module 2**

If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed.
 ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
 NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive.
 mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).

| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | Voltage (Volts) | Current (mA) | Optical Tx Power (dBm) | Optical Rx Power (dBm) |
|-------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 43.7 | 5.03 | 50.6 + | -16.7 -- | N/A |
| Gi2/2 | 39.2 | 5.02 | 25.7 | 0.8 | N/A |

Switch#

This example shows how to display the detailed monitoring data for the interfaces that have transceivers installed on module 2:

Switch# **show interfaces transceiver detail module 2**

mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable.
 ++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
 A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
 The threshold values are calibrated.

| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | High Alarm Threshold (Celsius) | High Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius) |
|-------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 43.5 | 70.0 | 60.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 |
| Gi2/2 | 39.1 | 70.0 | 60.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 |

| Port | Voltage (Volts) | High Alarm Threshold (Volts) | High Warn Threshold (Volts) | Low Warn Threshold (Volts) | Low Alarm Threshold (Volts) |
|-------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 5.03 | 5.50 | 5.25 | 4.75 | 4.50 |
| Gi2/2 | 5.02 | 5.50 | 5.25 | 4.75 | 4.50 |

| Port | Current (milliamperes) | | High Alarm Threshold (mA) | High Warn Threshold (mA) | Low Warn Threshold (mA) | Low Alarm Threshold (mA) |
|-------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 50.6 | + | 60.0 | 40.0 | 10.0 | 5.0 |
| Gi2/2 | 25.8 | | 60.0 | 40.0 | 10.0 | 5.0 |

| Port | Optical Transmit Power (dBm) | | High Alarm Threshold (dBm) | High Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Alarm Threshold (dBm) |
|-------|------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | -16.7 (-13.0) | -- | 3.4 | 3.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 |
| Gi2/2 | 0.8 (5.1) | | 3.4 | 3.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 |

| Port | Optical Receive Power (dBm) | | High Alarm Threshold (dBm) | High Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Warn Threshold (dBm) | Low Alarm Threshold (dBm) |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | N/A (-28.5) | | 5.9 | -6.7 | -28.5 | -28.5 |
| Gi2/2 | N/A (-19.5) | | 5.9 | -6.7 | -28.5 | -28.5 |

Switch#

This example shows how to display the monitoring data for the transceivers on interface Gi1/2:

```
Switch# show interfaces g1/2 transceiver
ITU Channel 23 (1558.98 nm),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
If device is externally calibrated, only calibrated values are printed.
++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
NA or N/A: not applicable, Tx: transmit, Rx: receive.
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts).
```

| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | Voltage (Volts) | Current (mA) | Optical Tx Power (dBm) | Optical Rx Power (dBm) |
|-------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 43.7 | 5.03 | 50.6 + | -16.7 -- | N/A |

Switch#

This example shows how to display detailed the monitoring data for the transceivers on interface Gi1/2:

```
Switch# show interfaces g1/2 transceiver detail
ITU Channel 23 (1558.98 nm),
Transceiver is externally calibrated.
mA: milliamperes, dBm: decibels (milliwatts), NA or N/A: not applicable.
++ : high alarm, + : high warning, - : low warning, -- : low alarm.
A2D readouts (if they differ), are reported in parentheses.
The threshold values are calibrated.
```

| Port | Temperature (Celsius) | High Alarm Threshold (Celsius) | High Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Warn Threshold (Celsius) | Low Alarm Threshold (Celsius) |
|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 43.5 | 70.0 | 60.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 |

| Port | Voltage (Volts) | High Alarm Threshold (Volts) | High Warn Threshold (Volts) | Low Warn Threshold (Volts) | Low Alarm Threshold (Volts) |
|-------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gi2/1 | 5.03 | 5.50 | 5.25 | 4.75 | 4.50 |

■ **show interfaces transceiver**

```

Port          Current          High Alarm   High Warn   Low Warn   Low Alarm
-----          (milliamperes) Threshold   Threshold   Threshold   Threshold
Gi2/1         50.6             +           60.0       40.0       10.0       5.0

Port          Optical          High Alarm   High Warn   Low Warn   Low Alarm
-----          Transmit Power Threshold   Threshold   Threshold   Threshold
              (dBm)
Gi2/1         -16.7 (-13.0) -- 3.4         3.2        -0.3       -0.5

Port          Optical          High Alarm   High Warn   Low Warn   Low Alarm
-----          Receive Power  Threshold   Threshold   Threshold   Threshold
              (dBm)
Gi2/1         N/A (-28.5)    5.9        -6.7       -28.5     -28.5
Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| show idprom | Displays the IDPROMs for the chassis. |
| show interfaces status | Displays the interface status or a list of interfaces in error-disabled state. |

show interfaces trunk

To display port and module interface-trunk information, use the **show interfaces trunk** command.

show interfaces trunk [**module** *mod*]

| Syntax Description | module <i>mod</i> | (Optional) Limits the display to interfaces on the specified module; valid values are from 1 to 6. |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines If you do not specify a keyword, only information for trunking ports is displayed.

Examples This example shows how to display interface-trunk information for module 5:

```
Switch# show interfaces trunk module 5

Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status      Native vlan
Fa5/1     routed    negotiate       routed      1
Fa5/2     routed    negotiate       routed      1
Fa5/3     routed    negotiate       routed      1
Fa5/4     routed    negotiate       routed      1
Fa5/5     routed    negotiate       routed      1
Fa5/6     off       negotiate       not-trunking 10
Fa5/7     off       negotiate       not-trunking 10
Fa5/8     off       negotiate       not-trunking 1
Fa5/9     desirable n-isl         trunking     1
Fa5/10    desirable negotiate       not-trunking 1
Fa5/11    routed    negotiate       routed      1
Fa5/12    routed    negotiate       routed      1
...
Fa5/48    routed    negotiate       routed      1

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Fa5/1     none
Fa5/2     none
Fa5/3     none
Fa5/4     none
Fa5/5     none
Fa5/6     none
Fa5/7     none
Fa5/8     200
Fa5/9     1-1005
```

■ **show interfaces trunk**

```

Fa5/10    none
Fa5/11    none
Fa5/12    none

Fa5/48    none

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Fa5/1     none
Fa5/2     none
Fa5/3     none
Fa5/4     none
Fa5/5     none
Fa5/6     none
Fa5/7     none
Fa5/8     200
Fa5/9     1-6,10,20,50,100,152,200,300,303-305,349-351,400,500,521,524,570,801-8
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Fa5/10    none
Fa5/11    none
Fa5/12    none

Fa5/48    none

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa5/1     none
Fa5/2     none
Fa5/3     none
Fa5/4     none
Fa5/5     none
Fa5/6     none
Fa5/7     none
Fa5/8     200
Fa5/9     1-6,10,20,50,100,152,200,300,303-305,349-351,400,500,521,524,570,801-8
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Fa5/10    none
Fa5/11    none

Fa5/48    none
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display trunking information for active trunking ports:

```
Switch# show interfaces trunk
```

```

Port      Mode           Encapsulation  Status        Native vlan
Fa5/9     desirable     n-isl          trunking      1

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
Fa5/9     1-1005

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
Fa5/9     1-6,10,20,50,100,152,200,300,303-305,349-351,400,500,521,524,570,801-8
02,850,917,999,1002-1005

Port      Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
Fa5/9     1-6,10,20,50,100,152,200,300,303-305,349-351,400,500,521,524,570,801-8
02,850,917,999,1002-1005
Switch#

```

show ip arp inspection

To show the status of dynamic ARP inspection for a specific range of VLANs, use the **show ip arp inspection** command.

```
show ip arp inspection {[statistics] vlan vlan-range | interfaces [interface-name]}
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---|---|--|
| statistics | (Optional) Displays statistics for the following types of packets that have been processed by this feature: forwarded, dropped, MAC validation failure, and IP validation failure. | |
| vlan <i>vlan-range</i> | (Optional) When used with the statistics keyword, displays the statistics for the selected range of VLANs. Without the statistics keyword, displays the configuration and operating state of DAI for the selected range of VLANs. | |
| interfaces <i>interface-name</i> | (Optional) Displays the trust state and the rate limit of ARP packets for the provided interface. When the interface name is not specified, the command displays the trust state and rate limit for all applicable interfaces in the system. | |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples

This example shows how to display the statistics of packets that have been processed by DAI for VLAN 3:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics vlan 3

Vlan      Forwarded      Dropped      DHCP Drops      ACL Drops
-----
3         31753         102407         102407           0

Vlan      DHCP Permits    ACL Permits    Source MAC Failures
-----
3         31753           0              0

Vlan      Dest MAC Failures  IP Validation Failures
-----
3         0                 0

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the statistics of packets that have been processed by DAI for all active VLANs:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection statistics
```

| Vlan | Forwarded | Dropped | DHCP Drops | ACL Drops |
|------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 68322 | 220356 | 220356 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 101 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Vlan | DHCP Permits | ACL Permits | Source MAC Failures |
|------|--------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 68322 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 101 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1006 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1007 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Vlan | Dest MAC Failures | IP Validation Failures |
|------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 101 | 0 | 0 |
| 1006 | 0 | 0 |
| 1007 | 0 | 0 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the configuration and operating state of DAI for VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection vlan 1
```

```
Source Mac Validation      : Disabled
Destination Mac Validation : Disabled
IP Address Validation      : Disabled
```

| Vlan | Configuration | Operation | ACL Match | Static ACL |
|------|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1 | Enabled | Active | | |

| Vlan | ACL Logging | DHCP Logging |
|------|-------------|--------------|
| 1 | Deny | Deny |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the trust state of Fast Ethernet interface 6/1:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection interfaces fastEthernet 6/1
```

| Interface | Trust State | Rate (pps) | Burst Interval |
|-----------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| Fa6/1 | Untrusted | 20 | 5 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the trust state of the interfaces on the switch:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection interfaces
Interface      Trust State      Rate (pps)
-----
Gi1/1          Untrusted        15
Gi1/2          Untrusted        15
Gi3/1          Untrusted        15
Gi3/2          Untrusted        15
Fa3/3          Trusted          None
Fa3/4          Untrusted        15
Fa3/5          Untrusted        15
Fa3/6          Untrusted        15
Fa3/7          Untrusted        15
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| arp access-list | Defines an ARP access list or adds clauses at the end of a predefined list. |
| clear ip arp inspection log | Clears the status of the log buffer. |
| show ip arp inspection log | Displays the status of the log buffer. |

show ip arp inspection log

To show the status of the log buffer, use the **show ip arp inspection log** command.

show ip arp inspection log

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the current contents of the log buffer before and after the buffers are cleared:

```
Switch# show ip arp inspection log
Total Log Buffer Size : 10
Syslog rate : 0 entries per 10 seconds.
```

| Interface | Vlan | Sender MAC | Sender IP | Num of Pkts |
|-----------|------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.2 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.3 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.4 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.5 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.6 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.7 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.8 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.9 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.10 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| Fa6/3 | 1 | 0002.0002.0002 | 1.1.1.11 | 1(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |
| -- | -- | -- | -- | 5(12:02:52 UTC Fri Apr 25 2003) |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to clear the buffer with the **clear ip arp inspection log** command:

```
Switch# clear ip arp inspection log
Switch# show ip arp inspection log
Total Log Buffer Size : 10
Syslog rate : 0 entries per 10 seconds.
No entries in log buffer.
Switch#
```


| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | arp access-list | Defines an ARP access list or adds clauses at the end of a predefined list. |
| | clear ip arp inspection log | Clears the status of the log buffer. |

show ip cef vlan

To view IP CEF VLAN interface status and configuration information and display the prefixes for a specific interface, use the **show ip cef vlan** command.

```
show ip cef vlan vlan_num [detail]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>vlan_num</i> | Number of the VLAN. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays detailed information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the prefixes for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show ip cef vlan 1003
Prefix          Next Hop          Interface
0.0.0.0/0       172.20.52.1      FastEthernet3/3
0.0.0.0/32      receive
10.7.0.0/16     172.20.52.1      FastEthernet3/3
10.16.18.0/23   172.20.52.1      FastEthernet3/3
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display detailed IP CEF information for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show ip cef vlan 1003 detail
IP Distributed CEF with switching (Table Version 2364), flags=0x0
 1383 routes, 0 reresolve, 0 unresolved (0 old, 0 new)
 1383 leaves, 201 nodes, 380532 bytes, 2372 inserts, 989 invalidations
 0 load sharing elements, 0 bytes, 0 references
 universal per-destination load sharing algorithm, id 9B6C9823
 3 CEF resets, 0 revisions of existing leaves
 refcounts: 54276 leaf, 51712 node

Adjacency Table has 5 adjacencies
Switch#
```

show ip dhcp snooping

To display the DHCP snooping configuration, use the **show ip dhcp snooping** command.

show ip dhcp snooping

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EWA | Support for option 82 on untrusted ports was added. |

Examples This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping configuration:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping
Switch DHCP snooping is enabled
DHCP snooping is configured on following VLANs:
500,555
DHCP snooping is operational on following VLANs:
500,555
DHCP snooping is configured on the following L3 Interfaces:
Insertion of option 82 is enabled
circuit-id default format: vlan-mod-port
remote-id: switch123 (string)
Option 82 on untrusted port is not allowed Verification of hwaddr field is enabled DHCP
snooping trust/rate is configured on the following Interfaces:
Interface Trusted Rate limit (pps)
-----
FastEthernet5/1 yes 100
Custom circuit-ids:
VLAN 555: customer-555
FastEthernet2/1 no unlimited
Custom circuit-ids:
VLAN 500: customer-500
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | ip dhcp snooping | Globally enables DHCP snooping. |
| | ip dhcp snooping information option | Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion. |
| | ip dhcp snooping limit rate | Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second. |

■ show ip dhcp snooping

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| ip dhcp snooping trust | Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN. |
| ip dhcp snooping vlan | Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN or a group of VLANs. |

show ip dhcp snooping binding

To display the DHCP snooping binding entries, use the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** command.

```
show ip dhcp snooping binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [vlan vlan_num]
[interface interface_num]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| <i>ip-address</i> | (Optional) IP address for the binding entries. | |
| <i>mac-address</i> | (Optional) MAC address for the binding entries. | |
| vlan <i>vlan_num</i> | (Optional) Specifies a VLAN. | |
| interface <i>interface_num</i> | (Optional) Specifies an interface. | |

Defaults If no argument is specified, the switch will display the entire DHCP snooping binding table.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines DHCP snooping is enabled on a VLAN only if both the global snooping and the VLAN snooping are enabled.

To configure a range of VLANs, use the optional *last_vlan* argument to specify the end of the VLAN range.

Examples This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries for a switch:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding
```

```
MacAddress      IP Address      Lease (seconds)  Type              VLAN  Interface
-----
0000.0100.0201  10.0.0.1        1600             dhcp-snooping     100   FastEthernet3/1
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display an IP address for DHCP snooping binding entries:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 172.100.101.102
```

```
MacAddress      IP Address      Lease (seconds)  Type              VLAN  Interface
-----
0000.0100.0201  172.100.101.102  1600             dhcp-snooping     100   FastEthernet3/1
Switch#
```

■ show ip dhcp snooping binding

This example shows how to display the MAC address for the DHCP snooping binding entries:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 55.5.5.2 0002.b33f.3d5f
```

| MacAddress | IpAddress | Lease(sec) | Type | VLAN | Interface |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|---------------|------|------------------|
| 00:02:B3:3F:3D:5F | 55.5.5.2 | 492 | dhcp-snooping | 99 | FastEthernet6/36 |

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries' MAC address for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding 55.5.5.2 0002.b33f.3d5f vlan 99
```

| MacAddress | IpAddress | Lease(sec) | Type | VLAN | Interface |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|---------------|------|------------------|
| 00:02:B3:3F:3D:5F | 55.5.5.2 | 479 | dhcp-snooping | 99 | FastEthernet6/36 |

This example shows how to display the dynamic DHCP snooping binding entries:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding dynamic
```

| MacAddress | IP Address | Lease (seconds) | Type | VLAN | Interface |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| 0000.0100.0201 | 10.0.0.1 | 1600 | dhcp-snooping | 100 | FastEthernet3/1 |

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on VLAN 100:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding vlan 100'
```

| MacAddress | IP Address | Lease (seconds) | Type | VLAN | Interface |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| 0000.0100.0201 | 10.0.0.1 | 1600 | dhcp-snooping | 100 | FastEthernet3/1 |

This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping binding entries on Ethernet interface 0/1:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping binding interface fastethernet3/1
```

| MacAddress | IP Address | Lease (seconds) | Type | VLAN | Interface |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|------|-----------------|
| 0000.0100.0201 | 10.0.0.1 | 1600 | dhcp-snooping | 100 | FastEthernet3/1 |

Table 2-19 describes the fields in the `show ip dhcp snooping` command output.

Table 2-19 show ip dhcp snooping Command Output

| Field | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| Mac Address | Client hardware MAC address. |
| IP Address | Client IP address assigned from the DHCP server. |
| Lease (seconds) | IP address lease time. |
| Type | Binding type; statically configured from CLI or dynamically learned. |
| VLAN | VLAN number of the client interface. |
| Interface | Interface that connects to the DHCP client host. |

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | ip dhcp snooping information option | Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion. |
| | ip dhcp snooping limit rate | Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second. |
| | ip dhcp snooping trust | Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN. |
| | ip dhcp snooping vlan | Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN or a group of VLANs. |
| | ip igmp snooping | Enables IGMP snooping. |
| | ip igmp snooping vlan | Enables IGMP snooping for a VLAN. |

show ip dhcp snooping database

To display the status of the DHCP snooping database agent, use the **show ip dhcp snooping database** command.

show ip dhcp snooping database [detail]

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | detail (Optional) Provides additional operating state and statistics information. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Added support of state and statistics information. |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This example shows how to display the DHCP snooping database: |
|-----------------|---|

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database
Agent URL :
Write delay Timer : 300 seconds
Abort Timer : 300 seconds

Agent Running : No
Delay Timer Expiry : Not Running
Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running

Last Succeeded Time : None
Last Failed Time : None
Last Failed Reason : No failure recorded.

Total Attempts      :          0   Startup Failures :          0
Successful Transfers :          0   Failed Transfers :          0
Successful Reads    :          0   Failed Reads     :          0
Successful Writes   :          0   Failed Writes    :          0
Media Failures      :          0

Switch#
```


This example shows how to view additional operating statistics:

```
Switch# show ip dhcp snooping database detail
Agent URL : tftp://10.1.1.1/directory/file
Write delay Timer : 300 seconds
Abort Timer : 300 seconds

Agent Running : No
Delay Timer Expiry : 7 (00:00:07)
Abort Timer Expiry : Not Running

Last Succeeded Time : None
Last Failed Time : 17:14:25 UTC Sat Jul 7 2001
Last Failed Reason : Unable to access URL.

Total Attempts      :      21   Startup Failures :      0
Successful Transfers :      0   Failed Transfers :     21
Successful Reads    :      0   Failed Reads    :      0
Successful Writes   :      0   Failed Writes   :     21
Media Failures      :      0

First successful access: Read

Last ignored bindings counters :
Binding Collisions  :      0   Expired leases   :      0
Invalid interfaces  :      0   Unsupported vlans :      0
Parse failures      :      0
Last Ignored Time  : None

Total ignored bindings counters:
Binding Collisions  :      0   Expired leases   :      0
Invalid interfaces  :      0   Unsupported vlans :      0
Parse failures      :      0

Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| ip dhcp snooping | Globally enables DHCP snooping. |
| ip dhcp snooping database | Stores the bindings that are generated by DHCP snooping. |
| ip dhcp snooping information option | Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion. |
| ip dhcp snooping limit rate | Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second. |
| ip dhcp snooping trust | Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN. |
| ip dhcp snooping vlan | Enables DHCP snooping on a VLAN or a group of VLANs. |

show ip igmp interface

To view IP IGMP interface status and configuration information, use the **show ip igmp interface** command.

```
show ip igmp interface [fastethernet slot/port | gigabitethernet slot/port |
tengigabitethernet slot/port | null interface-number | vlan vlan_id]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---|---|--|
| fastethernet <i>slot/port</i> | (Optional) Specifies the Fast Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port. | |
| gigabitethernet <i>slot/port</i> | (Optional) Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port; valid values are from 1 to 9. | |
| tengigabitethernet <i>slot/port</i> | (Optional) Specifies the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface and the number of the slot and port; valid values are from 1 to 2. | |
| null <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) Specifies the null interface and the number of the interface; the only valid value is 0 . | |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) Specifies the VLAN and the number of the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. | |

Defaults If you do not specify a VLAN, information for VLAN 1 is shown.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines If you omit the optional arguments, the **show ip igmp interface** command displays information about all interfaces.

Examples This example shows how to view IGMP information for VLAN 200:

```
Switch# show ip igmp interface vlan 200
IGMP snooping is globally enabled
IGMP snooping is enabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping immediate-leave is disabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping mrouter learn mode is pim-dvmrp on this Vlan
IGMP snooping is running in IGMP-ONLY mode on this VLAN
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | clear ip igmp group | Deletes the IGMP group cache entries. |
| | show ip igmp snooping mrouter | Displays information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces. |

show ip igmp profile

To view all configured IGMP profiles or a specified IGMP profile, use the **show ip igmp profile** privileged EXEC command.

show ip igmp profile [*profile number*]

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>profile number</i> (Optional) IGMP profile number to be displayed; valid ranges are from 1 to 4294967295. |
|---------------------------|--|

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(11b)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines If no profile number is entered, all IGMP profiles are displayed.

Examples This example shows how to display IGMP profile 40:

```
Switch# show ip igmp profile 40
IGMP Profile 40
  permit
  range 233.1.1.1 233.255.255.255
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display all IGMP profiles:

```
Switch# show ip igmp profile
IGMP Profile 3
  range 230.9.9.0 230.9.9.0
IGMP Profile 4
  permit
  range 229.9.9.0 229.255.255.255
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | ip igmp profile | Creates an IGMP profile. |

show ip igmp snooping

To display information on dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

```
show ip igmp snooping [querier | groups | mrouter] [vlan vlan_id] a.b.c.d [summary | sources |
hosts] [count]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|---------------------|--|
| querier | (Optional) Specifies that the display will contain IP address and version information. |
| groups | (Optional) Specifies that the display will list VLAN members sorted by group IP addresses. |
| mrouter | (Optional) Specifies that the display will contain information on dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces. |
| vlan vlan_id | (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094. |
| a.b.c.d | Group or multicast IP address. |
| summary | (Optional) Specifies a display of detailed information for a v2 or v3 group. |
| sources | (Optional) Specifies a list of the source IPs for the specified group. |
| hosts | (Optional) Specifies a list of the host IPs for the specified group. |
| count | (Optional) Specifies a display of the total number of group addresses learned by the system on a global or per-VLAN basis. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(19)EW | Support for extended addressing was added. |
| 12.1(20)EW | Added support to display configuration state for IGMPv3 explicit host tracking. |

Usage Guidelines

You can also use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command to display the entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.

You can display IGMP snooping information for VLAN interfaces by entering the **show ip igmp snooping** command.

Examples

This example shows how to display the global snooping information on the switch:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
-----
IGMP snooping           : Enabled
IGMPv3 snooping        : Enabled
Report suppression     : Enabled
TCN solicit query      : Disabled
TCN flood query count   : 2

Vlan 1:
-----
IGMP snooping           : Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking  : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY

Vlan 2:
-----
IGMP snooping           : Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking  : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the snooping information on VLAN 2:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping vlan 2
Global IGMP Snooping configuration:
-----
IGMP snooping           : Enabled
IGMPv3 snooping        : Enabled
Report suppression     : Enabled
TCN solicit query      : Disabled
TCN flood query count   : 2

Vlan 2:
-----
IGMP snooping           : Enabled
IGMPv2 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking  : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
CGMP interoperability mode : IGMP_ONLY
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display IGMP querier information for all VLANs on a switch:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier
Vlan      IP Address      IGMP Version      Port
-----
2         10.10.10.1     v2                 Router
3         172.20.50.22  v3                 Fa3/15
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display IGMP querier information for VLAN 5 when running IGMPv2:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier vlan 5
IP address           :5.5.5.10
IGMP version         :v2
Port                 :Fa3/1
Max response time    :10s
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display IGMP querier information for VLAN 5 when running IGMPv3:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping querier vlan 5
IP address           :5.5.5.10
IGMP version         :v3
Port                 :Fa3/1
Max response time    :10s
Query interval       :60s
Robustness variable  :2
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display snooping information for a specific group:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group

Vlan      Group          Version  Ports
-----
2         224.0.1.40     v3      Router
2         224.2.2.2      v3      Fa6/2
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the group's host types and ports in VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 1
Vlan      Group          Host Type  Ports
-----
1         229.2.3.4     v3        fa2/1 fa2/3
1         224.2.2.2     v3        Fa6/2
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the group's host types and ports in VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7
Vlan      Group          Version  Ports
-----
10        226.6.6.7     v3      Fa7/13, Fa7/14
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the current state of a group with respect to a source IP address:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 sources
Source information for group 226.6.6.7:
Timers: Expired sources are deleted on next IGMP General Query

SourceIP      Expires      Uptime      Inc Hosts  Exc Hosts
-----
2.0.0.1       00:03:04    00:03:48    2          0
2.0.0.2       00:03:04    00:02:07    2          0
Switch>
```

show ip igmp snooping

This example shows how to display the current state of a group with respect to a host MAC address:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 hosts
IGMPv3 host information for group 226.6.6.7
Timers: Expired hosts are deleted on next IGMP General Query

Host (MAC/IP)  Filter mode    Expires    Uptime     # Sources
-----
175.1.0.29    INCLUDE         stopped   00:00:51    2
175.2.0.30    INCLUDE         stopped   00:04:14    2
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display summary information for a v3 group:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 10 226.6.6.7 summary
Group Address (Vlan 10)      : 226.6.6.7
Host type                    : v3
Member Ports                 : Fa7/13, Fa7/14
Filter mode                  : INCLUDE
Expires                      : stopped
Sources                     : 2
Reporters (Include/Exclude) : 2/0
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display multicast router information for VLAN 1:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping mrouter vlan 1
vlan          ports
-----+-----
1             Gi1/1,Gi2/1,Fa3/48,Router
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the total number of group addresses learned by the system globally:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group count
Total number of groups: 54
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display the total number of group addresses learned on VLAN 5:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping group vlan 5 count
Total number of groups: 30
Switch>
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| ip igmp snooping | Enable IGMP snooping. |
| ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave | Enable IGMP immediate-leave processing. |
| ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter | Configures a Layer 2 interface as a multicast router interface for a VLAN. |
| ip igmp snooping vlan static | Configures a Layer 2 interface as a member of a group. |
| show ip igmp interface | Displays the information about the IGMP-interface status and configuration. |
| show ip igmp snooping mrouter | Displays information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces. |
| show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |

show ip igmp snooping membership

To display host membership information, use the **show ip igmp snooping membership** command.

```
show ip igmp snooping membership [interface interface_num] [vlan vlan_id]
[reporter a.b.c.d] [source a.b.c.d group a.b.c.d]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| interface <i>interface_num</i> | (Optional) Displays IP address and version information of an interface. |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) Displays VLAN members sorted by group IP address of a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094. |
| reporter <i>a.b.c.d</i> | (Optional) Displays membership information for a specified reporter. |
| source <i>a.b.c.d</i> | (Optional) Specifies a reporter, source, or group IP address. |
| group <i>a.b.c.d</i> | (Optional) Displays all members of a channel (source, group), sorted by interface or VLAN. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(20)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines

This command is valid only if explicit host tracking is enabled on the switch.

Examples

This example shows how to display host membership for the Gigabit Ethernet interface 4/1:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership interface gigabitethernet4/1
#channels: 5
#hosts : 1
Source/Group Interface Reporter Uptime Last-Join Last-Leave
40.40.40.2/224.10.10.10 Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:23:37 00:06:50 00:20:30
40.40.40.4/224.10.10.10Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:39:42 00:09:17 -
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display host membership for VLAN 20 and group 224.10.10.10:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20 source 40.40.40.2 group 224.10.10.10
#channels: 5
#hosts : 1
Source/Group Interface Reporter Uptime Last-Join Last-Leave
40.40.40.2/224.10.10.10 Gi4/1 20.20.20.20 00:23:37 00:06:50 00:20:30
Switch#
```

show ip igmp snooping membership

This example shows how to display host membership information for VLAN 20 and to delete the explicit host tracking:

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20
Snooping Membership Summary for Vlan 20
```

```
-----
Total number of channels:5
```

```
Total number of hosts   :4
```

| Source/Group | Interface | Reporter | Uptime | Last-Join/ | Last-Leave |
|--------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|------------|------------|
| 40.0.0.1/224.1.1.1 | Fa7/37 | 0002.4ba0.a4f6 | 00:00:04 | 00:00:04 / | - |
| 40.0.0.2/224.1.1.1 | Fa7/37 | 0002.fd80.f770 | 00:00:17 | 00:00:17 / | - |
| 40.0.0.3/224.1.1.1 | Fa7/36 | 20.20.20.20 | 00:00:04 | 00:00:04 / | - |
| 40.0.0.4/224.1.1.1 | Fa7/35 | 20.20.20.210 | 00:00:17 | 00:00:17 / | - |
| 40.0.0.5/224.1.1.1 | Fa7/37 | 0002.fd80.f770 | 00:00:17 | 00:00:17 / | - |

```
Switch# clear ip igmp snooping membership vlan 20
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | clear ip igmp snooping membership | Clears the explicit host tracking database. |
| | ip igmp snooping vlan explicit-tracking | Enables per-VLAN explicit host tracking. |
| | show ip igmp snooping | Displays information on dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces. |

show ip igmp snooping mrouter

To display information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping mrouter** command.

```
show ip igmp snooping mrouter [{vlan vlan-id}]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan-id</i> (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | <p>You can also use the show mac-address-table multicast command to display entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled.</p> <p>You can display IGMP snooping information for the VLAN interfaces by entering the show ip igmp interface vlan <i>vlan-num</i> command.</p> |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This example shows how to display snooping information for a specific VLAN: |
|-----------------|---|

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping mrouter vlan 1
vlan          ports
-----+-----
  1           Gi1/1, Gi2/1, Fa3/48, Switch
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter | Statically configures a Layer 2 interface as a multicast router interface for a VLAN. |
| | show ip igmp interface | Displays the information about the IGMP-interface status and configuration. |
| | show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |

show ip igmp snooping vlan

To display information on the dynamically learned and manually configured VLAN switch interfaces, use the **show ip igmp snooping vlan** command.

```
show ip igmp snooping vlan vlan_num
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>vlan_num</i> Number of the VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 1001 and from 1006 to 4094. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for extended addressing was added. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | You can also use the show mac-address-table multicast command to display the entries in the MAC address table for a VLAN that has IGMP snooping enabled. |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This example shows how to display snooping information for a specific VLAN: |
|-----------------|---|

```
Switch# show ip igmp snooping vlan 2
vlan 2
-----
IGMP snooping is globally enabled
IGMP snooping TCN solicit query is globally enabled
IGMP snooping global TCN flood query count is 2
IGMP snooping is enabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping immediate-leave is disabled on this Vlan
IGMP snooping mrouter learn mode is pim-dvmrp on this Vlan
IGMP snooping is running in IGMP_ONLY mode on this Vlan
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| ip igmp snooping | Enable IGMP snooping. |
| ip igmp snooping vlan immediate-leave | Enable IGMP immediate-leave processing. |
| ip igmp snooping vlan mrouter | Statically configures a Layer 2 interface as a multicast router interface for a VLAN. |
| ip igmp snooping vlan static | Configures a Layer 2 interface as a member of a group. |
| show ip igmp interface | Displays the information about the IGMP-interface status and configuration. |
| show ip igmp snooping mrouter | Displays information on the dynamically learned and manually configured multicast switch interfaces. |
| show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |

show ip interface

To display the usability status of interfaces that are configured for IP, use the **show ip interface** command.

```
show ip interface [type number]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| <i>type</i> | (Optional) Interface type. |
| <i>number</i> | (Optional) Interface number. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|--|
| | 12.2(25)EW | Extended to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines The Cisco IOS software automatically enters a directly connected route in the routing table if the interface is usable. A usable interface is one through which the software can send and receive packets. If the software determines that an interface is not usable, it removes the directly connected routing entry from the routing table. Removing the entry allows the software to use dynamic routing protocols to determine backup routes to the network, if any.

If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked “up.” If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked “up.”

If you specify an optional interface type, you see information only on that specific interface.

If you specify no optional arguments, you see information on all the interfaces.

When an asynchronous interface is encapsulated with PPP or Serial Line Internet Protocol (SLIP), IP fast switching is enabled. The **show ip interface** command on an asynchronous interface that is encapsulated with PPP or SLIP displays a message indicating that IP fast switching is enabled.

Examples This example shows how to display the usability status for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show ip interface vlan 1
Vlan1 is up, line protocol is up
  Internet address is 10.6.58.4/24
  Broadcast address is 255.255.255.255
  Address determined by non-volatile memory
  MTU is 1500 bytes
  Helper address is not set
  Directed broadcast forwarding is disabled
  Outgoing access list is not set
  Inbound access list is not set
  Proxy ARP is enabled
```

```

Local Proxy ARP is disabled
Security level is default
Split horizon is enabled
ICMP redirects are always sent
ICMP unreachable are always sent
ICMP mask replies are never sent
IP fast switching is enabled
IP fast switching on the same interface is disabled
IP Flow switching is disabled
IP CEF switching is enabled
IP Fast switching turbo vector
IP Normal CEF switching turbo vector
IP multicast fast switching is enabled
IP multicast distributed fast switching is disabled
IP route-cache flags are Fast, CEF
Router Discovery is disabled
IP output packet accounting is disabled
IP access violation accounting is disabled
TCP/IP header compression is disabled
RTP/IP header compression is disabled
Probe proxy name replies are disabled
Policy routing is disabled
Network address translation is disabled
WCCP Redirect outbound is disabled
WCCP Redirect inbound is disabled
WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled
BGP Policy Mapping is disabled
Sampled Netflow is disabled
IP multicast multilayer switching is disabled
Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled
Switch#

```

Table 2-20 describes the fields that are shown in the example.

Table 2-20 *show ip interface Field Descriptions*

| Field | Description |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Ethernet0 is up | If the interface hardware is usable, the interface is marked “up.” For an interface to be usable, both the interface hardware and line protocol must be up. |
| line protocol is up | If the interface can provide two-way communication, the line protocol is marked “up.” For an interface to be usable, both the interface hardware and line protocol must be up. |
| Internet address and subnet mask | IP address and subnet mask of the interface. |
| Broadcast address | Broadcast address. |
| Address determined by... | Status of how the IP address of the interface was determined. |
| MTU | MTU value that is set on the interface. |
| Helper address | Helper address, if one has been set. |
| Secondary address | Secondary address, if one has been set. |
| Directed broadcast forwarding | Status of directed broadcast forwarding. |
| Multicast groups joined | Multicast groups to which this interface belongs. |
| Outgoing access list | Status of whether the interface has an outgoing access list set. |
| Inbound access list | Status of whether the interface has an incoming access list set. |

Table 2-20 *show ip interface Field Descriptions (continued)*

| Field | Description |
|---|---|
| Proxy ARP | Status of whether Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is enabled for the interface. |
| Security level | IP Security Option (IPSO) security level set for this interface. |
| Split horizon | Status of split horizon. |
| ICMP redirects | Status of the redirect messages on this interface. |
| ICMP unreachable | Status of the unreachable messages on this interface. |
| ICMP mask replies | Status of the mask replies on this interface. |
| IP fast switching | Status of whether fast switching has been enabled for this interface. Fast switching is typically enabled on serial interfaces, such as this one. |
| IP SSE switching | Status of the IP silicon switching engine (SSE). |
| Router Discovery | Status of the discovery process for this interface. It is typically disabled on serial interfaces. |
| IP output packet accounting | Status of IP accounting for this interface and the threshold (maximum number of entries). |
| TCP/IP header compression | Status of compression. |
| Probe proxy name | Status of whether the HP Probe proxy name replies are generated. |
| WCCP Redirect outbound is enabled | Status of whether packets that are received on an interface are redirected to a cache engine. |
| WCCP Redirect exclude is disabled | Status of whether packets that are targeted for an interface are excluded from being redirected to a cache engine. |
| Netflow Data Export (hardware) is enabled | NDE hardware flow status on the interface. |

show ip mfib

To display all active Multicast Forwarding Information Base (MFIB) routes, use the **show ip mfib** command.

```
show ip mfib [all | counters | log [n]]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| all | (Optional) Specifies all routes in the MFIB, including those routes that are used to accelerate fast switching but that are not necessarily in the upper-layer routing protocol table. |
| counters | (Optional) Specifies the counts of MFIB-related events. Only nonzero counters are shown. |
| log | (Optional) Specifies a log of the most recent number of MFIB-related events. The most recent event is first. |
| <i>n</i> | (Optional) Number of events. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(40)SG | Support for command introduced on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis. |

Usage Guidelines

In the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis, the output of the **show ip mfib** command does not display any hardware counters.

The MFIB table contains a set of IP multicast routes; each route in the MFIB table contains several flags that associate to the route.

The route flags indicate how a packet that matches a route is forwarded. For example, the IC flag on an MFIB route indicates that some process on the switch needs to receive a copy of the packet. These flags are associated with MFIB routes:

- Internal Copy (IC) flag—Set on a route when a process on the switch needs to receive a copy of all packets matching the specified route.
- Signaling (S) flag—Set on a route when a switch process needs notification that a packet matching the route is received. In the expected behavior, the protocol code updates the MFIB state in response to having received a packet on a signaling interface.
- Connected (C) flag—When set on a route, the C flag has the same meaning as the S flag, except that the C flag indicates that only packets sent by directly connected hosts to the route should be signaled to a protocol process.

A route can also have a set of flags associated with one or more interfaces. For an (S,G) route, the flags on interface 1 indicate how the ingress packets should be treated and whether packets matching the route should be forwarded onto interface 1. These per-interface flags are associated with the MFIB routes:

- Accepting (A)—Set on the RPF interface when a packet that arrives on the interface and that is marked as Accepting (A) is forwarded to all Forwarding (F) interfaces.
- Forwarding (F)—Used with the A flag as described above. The set of forwarding interfaces together form a multicast olist or output interface list.
- Signaling (S)—Set on an interface when a multicast routing protocol process in Cisco IOS needs to be notified of ingress packets on that interface.
- Not Platform (NP) fast-switched—Used with the F flag. A forwarding interface is also marked as Not Platform fast-switched whenever that output interface cannot be fast-switched by the platform hardware and requires software forwarding.

For example, the Catalyst 4506 switch with Supervisor Engine III cannot switch tunnel interfaces in hardware so these interfaces are marked with the NP flag. When an NP interface is associated with a route, a copy of every ingress packet arriving on an Accepting interface is sent to the switch software forwarding path for software replication and then forwarded to the NP interface.

Examples

This example shows how to display all active MFIB routes:

```
Switch# show ip mfib
IP Multicast Forwarding Information Base
Entry Flags: C - Directly Connected, S - Signal,
             IC - Internal Copy
Interface Flags: A - Accept, F - Forward, NS - Signal,
                NP - Not platform switched
Packets: Fast/Partial/Slow Bytes: Fast/Partial/Slow:
(171.69.10.13, 224.0.1.40), flags (IC)
  Packets: 2292/2292/0, Bytes: 518803/0/518803
  Vlan7 (A)
  Vlan100 (F NS)
  Vlan105 (F NS)
(*, 224.0.1.60), flags ()
  Packets: 2292/0/0, Bytes: 518803/0/0
  Vlan7 (A NS)
(*, 224.0.1.75), flags ()
  Vlan7 (A NS)
(10.34.2.92, 239.192.128.80), flags ()
  Packets: 24579/100/0, 2113788/15000/0 bytes
  Vlan7 (F NS)
  Vlan100 (A)
(*, 239.193.100.70), flags ()
  Packets: 1/0/0, 1500/0/0 bytes
  Vlan7 (A)
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| clear ip mfib counters | Clears the global MFIB counters and the counters for all active MFIB routes. |

show ip mfib fastdrop

To display all currently active fast-drop entries and to show whether fast drop is enabled, use the **show ip mfib fastdrop** command.

show ip mfib fastdrop

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display all currently active fast-drop entries and whether fast drop is enabled.

```
Switch# show ip mfib fastdrop
MFIB fastdrop is enabled.
MFIB fast-dropped flows:
(10.0.0.1, 224.1.2.3, Vlan9 ) 00:01:32
(10.1.0.2, 224.1.2.3, Vlan9 ) 00:02:30
(1.2.3.4, 225.6.7.8, Vlan3) 00:01:50
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|--|
| | clear ip mfib fastdrop | Clears all the MFIB fast-drop entries. |

show ip mroute

To display IP multicast routing table information, use the **show ip mroute** command.

```
show ip mroute [interface_type slot/port | host_name | host_address [source] | active [kbps | interface_type num] | count | pruned | static | summary]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <i>interface_type slot/port</i> | (Optional) Interface type and number of the slot and port; valid values for <i>interface type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , null , and vlan . |
| <i>host_name</i> | (Optional) Name or IP address as defined in the DNS hosts table. |
| <i>host_address source</i> | (Optional) IP address or name of a multicast source. |
| active | (Optional) Displays the rate that active sources are sending to multicast groups. |
| <i>kbps interface_type num</i> | (Optional) Minimum rate at which active sources are sending to multicast groups; active sources sending at this rate or greater will be displayed. Valid values are from 1 to 4294967295 kbps. |
| count | (Optional) Displays the route and packet count information. |
| pruned | (Optional) Displays the pruned routes. |
| static | (Optional) Displays the static multicast routes. |
| summary | (Optional) Displays a one-line, abbreviated summary of each entry in the IP multicast routing table. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines If you omit all the optional arguments and keywords, the **show ip mroute** command displays all the entries in the IP multicast routing table.

The **show ip mroute active kbps** command displays all the sources sending at a rate greater than or equal to *kbps*.

The multicast routing table is populated by creating source, group (S,G) entries from star, group (*,G) entries. The star refers to all source addresses, the “S” refers to a single source address, and the “G” refers to the destination multicast group address. In creating (S,G) entries, the software uses the best path to that destination group found in the unicast routing table (through Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF)).

Examples

This example shows how to display all the entries in the IP multicast routing table:

```
Switch# show ip mroute

IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags:D - Dense, S - Sparse, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local,
      P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set,
      J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, X - Proxy Join Timer Running
      A - Advertised via MSDP, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host
      Report
Outgoing interface flags:H - Hardware switched
Timers:Uptime/Expires
Interface state:Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode

(*, 230.13.13.1), 00:16:41/00:00:00, RP 10.15.1.20, flags:SJC
  Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20
  Outgoing interface list:

  GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:16:41/00:00:00, H

(*, 230.13.13.2), 00:16:41/00:00:00, RP 10.15.1.20, flags:SJC
  Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
  Outgoing interface list:
    GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:16:41/00:00:00, H

(10.20.1.15, 230.13.13.1), 00:14:31/00:01:40, flags:CJT
  Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD
  Outgoing interface list:
    GigabitEthernet4/9, Forward/Sparse-Dense, 00:14:31/00:00:00, H
(132.206.72.28, 224.2.136.89), 00:14:31/00:01:40, flags:CJT
  Incoming interface:GigabitEthernet4/8, RPF nbr 10.15.1.20, RPF-MFD

  Outgoing interface list:Null
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the rate that the active sources are sending to the multicast groups and to display only the active sources that are sending at greater than the default rate:

```
Switch# show ip mroute active

Active IP Multicast Sources - sending > = 4 kbps

Group: 224.2.127.254, (sdr.cisco.com)
  Source: 146.137.28.69 (mbone.ipd.anl.gov)
  Rate: 1 pps/4 kbps(1sec), 4 kbps(last 1 secs), 4 kbps(life avg)

Group: 224.2.201.241, ACM 97
  Source: 130.129.52.160 (webcast3-e1.acm97.interop.net)
  Rate: 9 pps/93 kbps(1sec), 145 kbps(last 20 secs), 85 kbps(life avg)

Group: 224.2.207.215, ACM 97
  Source: 130.129.52.160 (webcast3-e1.acm97.interop.net)
  Rate: 3 pps/31 kbps(1sec), 63 kbps(last 19 secs), 65 kbps(life avg)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display route and packet count information:

```
Switch# show ip mroute count
IP Multicast Statistics
56 routes using 28552 bytes of memory
13 groups, 3.30 average sources per group
Forwarding Counts:Pkt Count/Pkts per second/Avg Pkt Size/Kilobits per second

Other counts:Total/RPF failed/Other drops(OIF-null, rate-limit etc)

Group:224.2.136.89, Source count:1, Group pkt count:29051
Source:132.206.72.28/32, Forwarding:29051/-278/1186/0, Other:85724/8/56665
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display summary information:

```
Switch# show ip mroute summary
IP Multicast Routing Table
Flags: D - Dense, S - Sparse, s - SSM Group, C - Connected, L - Local,
       P - Pruned, R - RP-bit set, F - Register flag, T - SPT-bit set,
       J - Join SPT, M - MSDP created entry, X - Proxy Join Timer Running
       A - Advertised via MSDP, U - URD, I - Received Source Specific Host
       Report
Outgoing interface flags: H - Hardware switched
Timers: Uptime/Expires
Interface state: Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode

Switch#
```

Table 2-21 describes the fields shown in the output.

Table 2-21 show ip mroute Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Flags: | Information about the entry. |
| D - Dense | Entry is operating in dense mode. |
| S - Sparse | Entry is operating in sparse mode. |
| s - SSM Group | Entry is a member of an SSM group. |
| C - Connected | Member of the multicast group is present on the directly connected interface. |
| L - Local | Switch is a member of the multicast group. |
| P - Pruned | Route has been pruned. This information is retained in case a downstream member wants to join the source. |
| R - Rp-bit set | Status of the (S,G) entry; is the (S,G) entry pointing toward the RP. The R - Rp-bit set is typically a prune state along the shared tree for a particular source. |
| F - Register flag | Status of the software; indicates if the software is registered for a multicast source. |
| T - SPT-bit set | Status of the packets; indicates if the packets been received on the shortest path source tree. |

Table 2-21 show ip mroute Field Descriptions (continued)

| Field | Description |
|--|---|
| J - Join SPT | <p>For (*, G) entries, indicates that the rate of traffic flowing down the shared tree is exceeding the SPT-Threshold set for the group. (The default SPT-Threshold setting is 0 kbps.) When the J - Join SPT flag is set, the next (S,G) packet received down the shared tree triggers an (S,G) join in the direction of the source causing the switch to join the source tree.</p> <p>For (S, G) entries, indicates that the entry was created because the SPT-Threshold for the group was exceeded. When the J - Join SPT flag is set for (S,G) entries, the switch monitors the traffic rate on the source tree and attempts to switch back to the shared tree for this source if the traffic rate on the source tree falls below the group's SPT-Threshold for more than one minute.</p> <p>The switch measures the traffic rate on the shared tree and compares the measured rate to the group's SPT-Threshold once every second. If the traffic rate exceeds the SPT-Threshold, the J- Join SPT flag is set on the (*, G) entry until the next measurement of the traffic rate. The flag is cleared when the next packet arrives on the shared tree and a new measurement interval is started.</p> <p>If the default SPT-Threshold value of 0 Kbps is used for the group, the J- Join SPT flag is always set on (*, G) entries and is never cleared. When the default SPT-Threshold value is used, the switch immediately switches to the shortest-path tree when traffic from a new source is received.</p> |
| Outgoing interface flag: | Information about the outgoing entry. |
| H - Hardware switched | Entry is hardware switched. |
| Timer: | Uptime/Expires. |
| Interface state: | Interface, Next-Hop or VCD, State/Mode. |
| (*, 224.0.255.1) (198.92.37.100/32, 224.0.255.1) | <p>Entry in the IP multicast routing table. The entry consists of the IP address of the source switch followed by the IP address of the multicast group. An asterisk (*) in place of the source switch indicates all sources.</p> <p>Entries in the first format are referred to as (*,G) or "star comma G" entries. Entries in the second format are referred to as (S,G) or "S comma G" entries. (*,G) entries are used to build (S,G) entries.</p> |
| uptime | How long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) the entry has been in the IP multicast routing table. |
| expires | How long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) until the entry is removed from the IP multicast routing table on the outgoing interface. |

Table 2-21 show ip mroute Field Descriptions (continued)

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| RP | Address of the RP switch. For switches and access servers operating in sparse mode, this address is always 0.0.0.0. |
| flags: | Information about the entry. |
| Incoming interface | Expected interface for a multicast packet from the source. If the packet is not received on this interface, it is discarded. |
| RPF neighbor | IP address of the upstream switch to the source. “Tunneling” indicates that this switch is sending data to the RP encapsulated in Register packets. The hexadecimal number in parentheses indicates to which RP it is registering. Each bit indicates a different RP if multiple RPs per group are used. |
| DVMRP or Mroute | Status of whether the RPF information is obtained from the DVMRP routing table or the static mroutes configuration. |
| Outgoing interface list | Interfaces through which packets are forwarded. When the ip pim nbma-mode command is enabled on the interface, the IP address of the PIM neighbor is also displayed. |
| Ethernet0 | Name and number of the outgoing interface. |
| Next hop or VCD | Next hop specifies downstream neighbor’s IP address. VCD specifies the virtual circuit descriptor number. VCD0 indicates that the group is using the static-map virtual circuit. |
| Forward/Dense | Status of the packets; indicates if they are they forwarded on the interface if there are no restrictions due to access lists or the TTL threshold. Following the slash (/), mode in which the interface is operating (dense or sparse). |
| Forward/Sparse | Sparse mode interface is in forward mode. |
| time/time (uptime/expiration time) | Per interface, how long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) the entry has been in the IP multicast routing table. Following the slash (/), how long (in hours, minutes, and seconds) until the entry is removed from the IP multicast routing table. |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| ip multicast-routing (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Enables IP multicast routing. |
| ip pim (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Enables Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) on an interface. |

show ip source binding

To display IP source bindings that are configured on the system, use the **show ip source binding** EXEC command.

```
show ip source binding [ip-address] [mac-address] [dhcp-snooping | static] [vlan vlan-id]
[interface interface-name]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--|---|
| <i>ip-address</i> | (Optional) Binding IP address. |
| <i>mac-address</i> | (Optional) Binding MAC address. |
| dhcp-snooping | (Optional) DHCP-snooping type binding. |
| static | (Optional) Statically configured binding. |
| vlan <i>vlan-id</i> | (Optional) VLAN number. |
| interface <i>interface-name</i> | (Optional) Binding interface. |

Defaults Displays both static and DHCP snooping bindings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The optional parameters filter the display output result.

Examples This example shows how to display the IP source bindings:

```
Switch# show ip source binding
MacAddress      IPAddress      Lease(sec)  Type           VLAN  Interface
-----
00:00:00:0A:00:0B  11.0.0.1      infinite    static         10    FastEthernet6/10

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the static IP binding entry of IP address 11.0.0.1:

```
Switch# show ip source binding 11.0.0.1 0000.000A.000B static vlan 10 interface Fa6/10
show ip source binding 11.0.0.1 0000.000A.000B static vlan 10 interface Fa6/10
MacAddress      IPAddress      Lease(sec)  Type           VLAN  Interface
-----
00:00:00:0A:00:0B  11.0.0.1      infinite    static         10    FastEthernet6/10

Switch#
```

■ show ip source binding

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | ip source binding | Adds or deletes a static IP source binding entry. |

show ip verify source

To display the IP source guard configuration and filters on a particular interface, use the **show ip verify source** command.

show ip verify source [**interface** *interface_num*]

| Syntax Description | interface <i>interface_num</i> (Optional) Specifies an interface. | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------|--------------|------------|---|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12.1(19)EW</td> <td>Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. | | | | |

Examples

These examples show how to display the IP source guard configuration and filters on a particular interface with the **show ip verify source interface** command:

- This output appears when DHCP snooping is enabled on VLANs 10–20, interface fa6/1 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP, and an existing IP address binding 10.0.0.1 is on VLAN 10:

| Interface | Filter-type | Filter-mode | IP-address | Mac-address | Vlan |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------|
| fa6/1 | ip | active | 10.0.0.1 | | 10 |
| fa6/1 | ip | active | deny-all | | 11-20 |



Note The second entry shows that a default PVACL (deny all IP traffic) is installed on the port for those snooping-enabled VLANs that do not have a valid IP source binding.

- This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/2** command and DHCP snooping is enabled on VLANs 10–20, interface fa6/1 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP, and there is an existing IP address binding 10.0.0.1 on VLAN 10:

| Interface | Filter-type | Filter-mode | IP-address | Mac-address | Vlan |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------|------------|-------------|------|
| fa6/2 | ip | inactive-trust-port | | | |

- This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/3** command and the interface fa6/3 does not have a VLAN enabled for DHCP snooping:

| Interface | Filter-type | Filter-mode | IP-address | Mac-address | Vlan |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------------|------------|-------------|------|
| fa6/3 | ip | inactive-no-snooping-vlan | | | |

- This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/4** command and the interface fa6/4 has an IP source filter mode that is configured as IP MAC and the existing IP MAC that binds 10.0.0.2/aaaa.bbbb.cccc on VLAN 10 and 11.0.0.1/aaaa.bbbb.cccd on VLAN 11:

| Interface | Filter-type | Filter-mode | IP-address | Mac-address | Vlan |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|----------------|-------|
| fa6/4 | ip-mac | active | 10.0.0.2 | aaaa.bbbb.cccc | 10 |
| fa6/4 | ip-mac | active | 11.0.0.1 | aaaa.bbbb.cccd | 11 |
| fa6/4 | ip-mac | active | deny-all | deny-all | 12-20 |

- This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/5** command and the interface fa6/5 has IP source filter mode that is configured as IP MAC and existing IP MAC binding 10.0.0.3/aaaa.bbbb.cccc on VLAN 10, but port security is not enabled on fa6/5:

| Interface | Filter-type | Filter-mode | IP-address | Mac-address | Vlan |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------|
| fa6/5 | ip-mac | active | 10.0.0.3 | permit-all | 10 |
| fa6/5 | ip-mac | active | deny-all | permit-all | 11-20 |



Note Enable port security first because the DHCP security MAC filter cannot apply to the port or VLAN.

- This output appears when you enter the **show ip verify source interface fa6/6** command and the interface fa6/6 does not have IP source filter mode that is configured:

DHCP security is not configured on the interface fa6/6.

This example shows how to display all the interfaces on the switch that have DHCP snooping security and IP Port Security tracking enabled with the **show ip verify source** command.

The output is an accumulation of per-interface **show** CLIs:

| Interface | Filter-type | Filter-mode | IP-address | Mac-address | Vlan |
|-----------|-------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|-------|
| fa6/1 | ip | active | 10.0.0.1 | | 10 |
| fa6/1 | ip | active | deny-all | | 11-20 |
| fa6/2 | ip | inactive-trust-port | | | |
| Fa6/3 | ip trk | active | 40.1.1.24 | | 10 |
| Fa6/3 | ip trk | active | 40.1.1.20 | | 10 |
| Fa6/3 | ip trk | active | 40.1.1.21 | | 10 |
| fa6/4 | ip-mac | active | 10.0.0.2 | aaaa.bbbb.cccc | 10 |
| fa6/4 | ip-mac | active | 11.0.0.1 | aaaa.bbbb.cccd | 11 |
| fa6/4 | ip-mac | active | deny-all | deny-all | 12-20 |
| fa6/5 | ip-mac | active | 10.0.0.3 | permit-all | 10 |
| fa6/5 | ip-mac | active | deny-all | permit-all | 11-20 |

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | ip dhcp snooping information option | Enables DHCP option 82 data insertion. |
| | ip dhcp snooping limit rate | Configures the number of the DHCP messages that an interface can receive per second. |
| | ip dhcp snooping trust | Enables DHCP snooping on a trusted VLAN. |
| | ip igmp snooping | Enables IGMP snooping. |
| | ip igmp snooping vlan | Enables IGMP snooping for a VLAN. |
| | ip source binding | Adds or deletes a static IP source binding entry. |
| | ip verify source | Enables IP source guard on untrusted Layer 2 interfaces. |
| | show ip source binding | Displays the DHCP snooping binding entries. |

show ipc

To display IPC information, use the **show ipc** command.

show ipc { nodes | ports | queue | status }

Syntax Description

| | |
|---------------|--|
| nodes | Displays the participating nodes. |
| ports | Displays the local IPC ports. |
| queue | Displays the contents of the IPC retransmission queue. |
| status | Displays the status of the local IPC server. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples

This example shows how to display the participating nodes:

```
Switch# show ipc nodes
There are 3 nodes in this IPC realm.
  ID      Type      Name                               Last Sent  Last Heard
  10000   Local      IPC Master                         0          0
  2010000 Local      GALIOS IPC:Card 1                  0          0
  2020000 Ethernet  GALIOS IPC:Card 2                  12         26
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the local IPC ports:

```
Switch# show ipc ports
There are 11 ports defined.

Port ID      Type      Name                               (current/peak/total)
  10000.1     unicast   IPC Master:Zone
  10000.2     unicast   IPC Master:Echo
  10000.3     unicast   IPC Master:Control
  10000.4     unicast   Remote TTY Server Port
  10000.5     unicast   GALIOS RF :Active
    index = 0 seat_id = 0x2020000 last sent = 0 heard = 1635 0/1/1635
  10000.6     unicast   GALIOS RED:Active
    index = 0 seat_id = 0x2020000 last sent = 0 heard = 2 0/1/2
  2020000.3   unicast   GALIOS IPC:Card 2:Control
  2020000.4   unicast   GALIOS RFS :Standby
  2020000.5   unicast   Slave: Remote TTY Client Port
  2020000.6   unicast   GALIOS RF :Standby
  2020000.7   unicast   GALIOS RED:Standby
```

```
RPC packets: current/peak/total
                                                    0/1/17
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the contents of the IPC retransmission queue:

```
Switch# show ipc queue
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for acknowledgement in the transmit queue.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for a response.
There are 0 IPC messages waiting for additional fragments.
There are 0 IPC messages currently on the IPC inboundQ.
There are 0 messages currently in use by the system.
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the status of the local IPC server:

```
Switch# show ipc status
IPC System Status:

This processor is the IPC master server.

6000 IPC message headers in cache
3363 messages in, 1680 out, 1660 delivered to local port,
1686 acknowledgements received, 1675 sent,
0 NACKS received, 0 sent,
0 messages dropped on input, 0 messages dropped on output
0 no local port, 0 destination unknown, 0 no transport
0 missing callback or queue, 0 duplicate ACKs, 0 retries,
0 message timeouts.
0 ipc_output failures, 0 mtu failures,
0 msg alloc failed, 0 emer msg alloc failed, 0 no origs for RPC replies
0 pak alloc failed, 0 memd alloc failed
0 no hwq, 1 failed opens, 0 hardware errors
No regular dropping of IPC output packets for test purposes
Switch#
```

show ipv6 mld snooping

To display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping configuration of the switch or the VLAN, use the **show ipv6 mld snooping** command.

```
show ipv6 mld snooping [vlan vlan-id]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan-id</i> (Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------|

| | | |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | 12.2(40)SG | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | Use this command to display MLD snooping configuration for the switch or for a specific VLAN. VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping. |
|-------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Examples | This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping vlan command. It shows snooping characteristics for a specific VLAN. |
|-----------------|--|

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping vlan 100
Global MLD Snooping configuration:
-----
MLD snooping : Enabled
MLDv2 snooping (minimal) : Enabled
Listener message suppression : Enabled
TCN solicit query : Disabled
TCN flood query count : 2
Robustness variable : 3
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

Vlan 100:
-----
MLD snooping : Disabled
MLDv1 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
Robustness variable : 3
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000
```

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping** command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch.

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping
Global MLD Snooping configuration:
-----
```



```

MLD snooping : Enabled
MLDv2 snooping (minimal) : Enabled
Listener message suppression : Enabled
TCN solicit query : Disabled
TCN flood query count : 2
Robustness variable : 3
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

Vlan 1:
-----
MLD snooping : Disabled
MLDv1 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
Robustness variable : 1
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

<output truncated>

Vlan 951:
-----
MLD snooping : Disabled
MLDv1 immediate leave : Disabled
Explicit host tracking : Enabled
Multicast router learning mode : pim-dvmrp
Robustness variable : 3
Last listener query count : 2
Last listener query interval : 1000

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| ipv6 mld snooping | Enables IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping globally or on the specified VLAN. |

show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter

To display dynamically learned and manually configured IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) switch ports for the switch or a VLAN, use the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter** command.

```
show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter [vlan vlan-id]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan-id</i> (Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.2(40)SG | This command was introduced on Catalyst 4500. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | Use this command to display MLD snooping switch ports for the switch or for a specific VLAN. VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping. |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This is an example of output from the show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter command. It displays snooping characteristics for all VLANs on the switch that are participating in MLD snooping. |
|-----------------|---|

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter
Vlan    ports
----    -
    2    Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
    72    Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
   200    Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
```

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan** command. It shows multicast switch ports for a specific VLAN.

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping mrouter vlan 100
Vlan    ports
----    -
    2    Gi1/0/11(dynamic)
```

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Related Commands | Command | Description |
| | ipv6 mld snooping | Enables IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping globally or on the specified VLAN. |
| | ipv6 mld snooping vlan | Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping parameters on the VLAN interface. |

show ipv6 mld snooping querier

To display IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping querier-related information most recently received by the switch or the VLAN, use the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command.

```
show ipv6 mld snooping querier [vlan vlan-id]
```

| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan-id</i> (Optional) Specify a VLAN; the range is 1 to 1001 and 1006 to 4094. | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------|--------------|------------|---|
| Command Modes | User EXEC mode | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12.2(40)SG</td> <td>This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | 12.2(40)SG | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| 12.2(40)SG | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500. | | | | |

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command to display the MLD version and IPv6 address of a detected device that sends MLD query messages, which is also called a *querier*. A subnet can have multiple multicast switches but has only one MLD querier. The querier can be a Layer 3 switch.

The **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command output also shows the VLAN and interface on which the querier was detected. If the querier is the switch, the output shows the *Port* field as *Router*. If the querier is a router, the output shows the port number on which the querier is learned in the *Port* field.

The output of the **show ipv6 mld snoop querier vlan** command displays the information received in response to a query message from an external or internal querier. It does not display user-configured VLAN values, such as the snooping robustness variable on the particular VLAN. This querier information is used only on the MASQ message that is sent by the switch. It does not override the user-configured robustness variable that is used for aging out a member that does not respond to query messages.

VLAN numbers 1002 through 1005 are reserved for Token Ring and FDDI VLANs and cannot be used in MLD snooping.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier** command:

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier
Vlan      IP Address          MLD Version Port
-----
2         FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000 v1      Gi3/0/1
```

This is an example of output from the **show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan** command:

```
Switch> show ipv6 mld snooping querier vlan 2
IP address : FE80::201:C9FF:FE40:6000
MLD version : v1
Port : Gi3/0/1
Max response time : 1000s
```

■ show ipv6 mld snooping querier

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | ipv6 mld snooping | Enables IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping globally or on the specified VLAN. |
| | ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-count | Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) Multicast Listener Discovery Multicast Address Specific Queries (MASQs) that will be sent before aging out a client. |
| | ipv6 mld snooping last-listener-query-interval | Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) MLD snooping last-listener query interval on the switch or on a VLAN. |
| | ipv6 mld snooping robustness-variable | Configures the number of IP version 6 (IPv6) MLD queries that the switch sends before deleting a listener that does not respond. |
| | ipv6 mld snooping tcn | Configures IP version 6 (IPv6) MLD Topology Change Notifications (TCNs). |

show issu capability

To display the ISSU capability for a client, use the **show issu capability** command.

```
show issu capability {entries | groups | types} [client_id]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--------------------|--|---|
| entries | | Displays a list of Capability Types and Dependent Capability Types that are included in a single Capability Entry. Types within an entry can also be independent. |
| groups | | Displays a list of Capability Entries in priority order (the order that they will be negotiated on a session). |
| types | | Displays an ID that identifies a particular capability. |
| <i>client_id</i> | | (Optional) Identifies the client registered to the ISSU infrastructure. To obtain a list of client IDs, use the show issu clients command. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines Capability is a functionality that an ISSU client can support and is required to interoperate with peers. When an ISSU-aware client establishes its session with the peer, an ISSU negotiation takes place. The ISSU infrastructure uses the registered information to negotiate the capabilities and the message version to be used during the session.

Examples The following example shows how to display the ISSU capability types for the IP host ISSU client (clientid=2082):

```
Switch#show issu capability types 2082
Client_ID = 2082, Entity_ID = 1 :
    Cap_Type = 0
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the ISSU capabilities entries for the IP host ISSU client (clientid=2082):

```
Switch#show issu capability entries 2082
Client_ID = 2082, Entity_ID = 1 :
    Cap_Entry = 1 :
        Cap_Type = 0
Switch#
```

show issu capability

The following example shows how to display the ISSU capabilities groups for the IP host ISSU client (clientid=2082):

```
Switch#show issu capability groups 2082
Client_ID = 2082, Entity_ID = 1 :
  Cap_Group = 1 :
    Cap_Entry = 1
      Cap_Type = 0
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |

show issu clients

To display the ISSU clients, use the **show issu clients** command.

```
show issu clients [peer_uid]
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Syntax Description | <i>peer_uid</i> | (Optional) Displays a list of clients registered to ISSU infrastructure at the peer supervisor engine. |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Defaults | Displays a list of clients registered to the ISSU infrastructure at the supervisor engine where the command is entered. |
|-----------------|---|

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC |
|----------------------|-----------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Usage Guidelines | To implement ISSU versioning functionality, a client must first register itself, client capability, and client message information with the ISSU infrastructure during the system initialization. |
|-------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Examples | The following example shows how to display the ISSU clients: |
|-----------------|--|

```
Switch# show issu clients
Client_ID = 2, Client_Name = ISSU Proto client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 3, Client_Name = ISSU RF, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4, Client_Name = ISSU CF client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 5, Client_Name = ISSU Network RF client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 7, Client_Name = ISSU CONFIG SYNC, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 8, Client_Name = ISSU ifIndex sync, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 9, Client_Name = ISSU IPC client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 10, Client_Name = ISSU IPC Server client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 11, Client_Name = ISSU Red Mode Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 100, Client_Name = ISSU rfs client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 110, Client_Name = ISSU ifs client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 200, Client_Name = ISSU Event Manager client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2002, Client_Name = CEF Push ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2003, Client_Name = ISSU XDR client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2004, Client_Name = ISSU SNMP client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2010, Client_Name = ARP HA, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2012, Client_Name = ISSU HSRP Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2021, Client_Name = XDR Int Priority ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2022, Client_Name = XDR Proc Priority ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2023, Client_Name = FIB HWIDB ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2024, Client_Name = FIB IDB ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2025, Client_Name = FIB HW subblock ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2026, Client_Name = FIB SW subblock ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2027, Client_Name = Adjacency ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2028, Client_Name = FIB IPV4 ISSU client, Entity_Count = 1
```

show issu clients

```

Client_ID = 2054, Client_Name = ISSU process client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2058, Client_Name = ISIS ISSU RTR client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2059, Client_Name = ISIS ISSU UPD client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2067, Client_Name = ISSU PM Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2068, Client_Name = ISSU PAGP_SWITCH Client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2070, Client_Name = ISSU Port Security client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2071, Client_Name = ISSU Switch VLAN client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2072, Client_Name = ISSU dot1x client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2073, Client_Name = ISSU STP, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2077, Client_Name = ISSU STP MSTP, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2078, Client_Name = ISSU STP IEBE, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2079, Client_Name = ISSU STP RSTP, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2081, Client_Name = ISSU DHCP Snooping client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2082, Client_Name = ISSU IP Host client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2083, Client_Name = ISSU Inline Power client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 2084, Client_Name = ISSU IGMP Snooping client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4001, Client_Name = ISSU C4K Chassis client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4002, Client_Name = ISSU C4K Port client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4003, Client_Name = ISSU C4K Rkios client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4004, Client_Name = ISSU C4K HostMan client, Entity_Count = 1
Client_ID = 4005, Client_Name = ISSU C4k GaliosRedundancy client, Entity_Count = 1

```

Base Clients:

```

Client_Name = ISSU Proto client
Client_Name = ISSU RF
Client_Name = ISSU CF client
Client_Name = ISSU Network RF client
Client_Name = ISSU CONFIG SYNC
Client_Name = ISSU ifIndex sync
Client_Name = ISSU IPC client
Client_Name = ISSU IPC Server client
Client_Name = ISSU Red Mode Client
Client_Name = ISSU rfs client
Client_Name = ISSU ifs client
Client_Name = ISSU Event Manager client
Client_Name = CEF Push ISSU client
Client_Name = ISSU XDR client
Client_Name = ARP HA
Client_Name = XDR Int Priority ISSU client
Client_Name = XDR Proc Priority ISSU client
Client_Name = FIB HWIDB ISSU client
Client_Name = FIB IDB ISSU client
Client_Name = FIB HW subblock ISSU client
Client_Name = FIB SW subblock ISSU client
Client_Name = Adjacency ISSU client
Client_Name = FIB IPV4 ISSU client
Client_Name = ISSU process client
Client_Name = ISSU PM Client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K Chassis client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K Port client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K Rkios client
Client_Name = ISSU C4K HostMan client
Client_Name = ISSU C4k GaliosRedundancy client

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| show issu capability | Displays the ISSU capability for a client. |
| show issu entities | Displays the ISSU entity information. |

show issu comp-matrix

To display information regarding the In Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) compatibility matrix, use the **show issu comp-matrix** command.

```
show issu comp-matrix { negotiated | stored | xml }
```

| Syntax Description | negotiated | Displays negotiated compatibility matrix information. |
|--------------------|------------|---|
| | stored | Displays stored compatibility matrix information. |
| | xml | Displays negotiated compatibility matrix information in XML format. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines Before attempting an ISSU, you should know the compatibility level between the old and the new Cisco IOS software versions on the active and the standby-supervisor engines. ISSU will not work if the two versions are incompatible.

The compatibility matrix is available on Cisco.com so that you can also view in advance whether an upgrade can be performed with the ISSU process. The compatibility matrix during the ISSU process and later by entering the **show issu comp-matrix** command. To display information on the negotiation of the compatibility matrix data between two software versions on a given system, use the **show issu comp-matrix negotiated** command.

Compatibility matrix data is stored with each Cisco IOS software image that supports ISSU capability. To display stored compatibility matrix information, use the **show issu comp-matrix stored** command.

The compatibility matrix information are built-in any IOS ISSU image. The ISSU infrastructure performs a matrix lookup as soon as the communication with the standby supervisor engine is established. There are three possible results from the lookup operation:

- **Compatible**—The Base-level system infrastructure and all optional HA-aware subsystems are compatible. In-service upgrade or downgrade between these versions will succeed with minimal service impact.
- **Base-Level Compatible**—One or more of the optional HA-aware subsystems are not compatible. Although an in-service upgrade or downgrade between these versions will succeed, some subsystems will not be able to maintain their state during the switchover. Prior to attempting an in-service upgrade or downgrade, the impact of this on operation and service of the switch must be considered carefully.

- **Incompatible**—A set of core system infrastructure must be able to execute in a stateful manner for SSO to function correctly. If any of these “required” features or subsystems is not compatible in two different IOS images, the two versions of the Cisco IOS images are declared “Incompatible”. This means that an in-service upgrade or downgrade between these versions is not possible. The systems operates in RPR mode during the period when the versions of IOS at the active and standby supervisor engines differ.

Examples

This example displays negotiated compatibility matrix information:

```
Switch# show issu comp-matrix negotiated

CardType: WS-C4507R(112), Uid: 2, Image Ver: 12.2(31)SGA
Image Name: cat4500-ENTSERVICES-M

  Cid   Eid   Sid   pSid  pUId   Compatibility
  =====
  2     1     262151  3     1     COMPATIBLE
  3     1     262160  5     1     COMPATIBLE
  4     1     262163  9     1     COMPATIBLE
  5     1     262186  25    1     COMPATIBLE
  7     1     262156  10    1     COMPATIBLE
  8     1     262148  7     1     COMPATIBLE
  9     1     262155  1     1     COMPATIBLE
  10    1     262158  2     1     COMPATIBLE
  11    1     262172  6     1     COMPATIBLE
  100   1     262166  13    1     COMPATIBLE
  110   113   262159  14    1     COMPATIBLE
  200   1     262167  24    1     COMPATIBLE
  2002  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2003  1     262185  23    1     COMPATIBLE
  2004  1     262175  16    1     COMPATIBLE
  2008  1     262147  26    1     COMPATIBLE
  2008  1     262168  27    1     COMPATIBLE
  2010  1     262171  32    1     COMPATIBLE
  2012  1     262180  31    1     COMPATIBLE
  2021  1     262170  41    1     COMPATIBLE
  2022  1     262152  42    1     COMPATIBLE
  2023  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2024  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2025  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2026  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2027  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2028  1     -       -     -     UNAVAILABLE
  2054  1     262169  8     1     COMPATIBLE
  2058  1     262154  29    1     COMPATIBLE
  2059  1     262179  30    1     COMPATIBLE
  2067  1     262153  12    1     COMPATIBLE
  2068  1     196638  40    1     COMPATIBLE
  2070  1     262145  21    1     COMPATIBLE
  2071  1     262178  11    1     COMPATIBLE
  2072  1     262162  28    1     COMPATIBLE
  2073  1     262177  33    1     COMPATIBLE
  2077  1     262165  35    1     COMPATIBLE
  2078  1     196637  34    1     COMPATIBLE
  2079  1     262176  36    1     COMPATIBLE
  2081  1     262150  37    1     COMPATIBLE
  2082  1     262161  39    1     COMPATIBLE
  2083  1     262184  20    1     COMPATIBLE
  2084  1     262183  38    1     COMPATIBLE
  4001  101   262181  17    1     COMPATIBLE
  4002  201   262164  18    1     COMPATIBLE
```

```

4003 301 262182 19 1 COMPATIBLE
4004 401 262146 22 1 COMPATIBLE
4005 1 262149 4 1 COMPATIBLE

```

Message group summary:

| Cid | Eid | GrpId | Sid | pSid | pUId | Nego Result |
|------|-----|-------|--------|------|------|-----------------------|
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 262151 | 3 | 1 | Y |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 262160 | 5 | 1 | Y |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 262163 | 9 | 1 | Y |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 262186 | 25 | 1 | Y |
| 7 | 1 | 1 | 262156 | 10 | 1 | Y |
| 8 | 1 | 1 | 262148 | 7 | 1 | Y |
| 9 | 1 | 1 | 262155 | 1 | 1 | Y |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 262158 | 2 | 1 | Y |
| 11 | 1 | 1 | 262172 | 6 | 1 | Y |
| 100 | 1 | 1 | 262166 | 13 | 1 | Y |
| 110 | 113 | 115 | 262159 | 14 | 1 | Y |
| 200 | 1 | 1 | 262167 | 24 | 1 | Y |
| 2002 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2003 | 1 | 1 | 262185 | 23 | 1 | Y |
| 2004 | 1 | 1 | 262175 | 16 | 1 | Y |
| 2008 | 1 | 1 | 262147 | 26 | 1 | Y |
| 2008 | 1 | 2 | 262168 | 27 | 1 | Y |
| 2010 | 1 | 1 | 262171 | 32 | 1 | Y |
| 2012 | 1 | 1 | 262180 | 31 | 1 | Y |
| 2021 | 1 | 1 | 262170 | 41 | 1 | Y |
| 2022 | 1 | 1 | 262152 | 42 | 1 | Y |
| 2023 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2024 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2025 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2026 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2027 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2028 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | N - did not negotiate |
| 2054 | 1 | 1 | 262169 | 8 | 1 | Y |
| 2058 | 1 | 1 | 262154 | 29 | 1 | Y |
| 2059 | 1 | 1 | 262179 | 30 | 1 | Y |
| 2067 | 1 | 1 | 262153 | 12 | 1 | Y |
| 2068 | 1 | 1 | 196638 | 40 | 1 | Y |
| 2070 | 1 | 1 | 262145 | 21 | 1 | Y |
| 2071 | 1 | 1 | 262178 | 11 | 1 | Y |
| 2072 | 1 | 1 | 262162 | 28 | 1 | Y |
| 2073 | 1 | 1 | 262177 | 33 | 1 | Y |
| 2077 | 1 | 1 | 262165 | 35 | 1 | Y |
| 2078 | 1 | 1 | 196637 | 34 | 1 | Y |
| 2079 | 1 | 1 | 262176 | 36 | 1 | Y |
| 2081 | 1 | 1 | 262150 | 37 | 1 | Y |
| 2082 | 1 | 1 | 262161 | 39 | 1 | Y |
| 2083 | 1 | 1 | 262184 | 20 | 1 | Y |
| 2084 | 1 | 1 | 262183 | 38 | 1 | Y |
| 4001 | 101 | 1 | 262181 | 17 | 1 | Y |
| 4002 | 201 | 1 | 262164 | 18 | 1 | Y |
| 4003 | 301 | 1 | 262182 | 19 | 1 | Y |
| 4004 | 401 | 1 | 262146 | 22 | 1 | Y |
| 4005 | 1 | 1 | 262149 | 4 | 1 | Y |

List of Clients:

| Cid | Client Name | Base/Non-Base |
|-----|------------------------|---------------|
| 2 | ISSU Proto client | Base |
| 3 | ISSU RF | Base |
| 4 | ISSU CF client | Base |
| 5 | ISSU Network RF client | Base |
| 7 | ISSU CONFIG SYNC | Base |

show issu comp-matrix

```

8      ISSU ifIndex sync      Base
9      ISSU IPC client        Base
10     ISSU IPC Server client Base
11     ISSU Red Mode Client   Base
100    ISSU rfs client        Base
110    ISSU ifs client        Base
200    ISSU Event Manager clientBase
2002   CEF Push ISSU client   Base
2003   ISSU XDR client        Base
2004   ISSU SNMP client       Non-Base
2008   ISSU Tableid Client    Base
2010   ARP HA                 Base
2012   ISSU HSRP Client       Non-Base
2021   XDR Int Priority ISSU cliBase
2022   XDR Proc Priority ISSU clBase
2023   FIB HWIDB ISSU client  Base
2024   FIB IDB ISSU client   Base
2025   FIB HW subblock ISSU clieBase
2026   FIB SW subblock ISSU clieBase
2027   Adjacency ISSU client  Base
2028   FIB IPV4 ISSU client   Base
2054   ISSU process client    Base
2058   ISIS ISSU RTR client   Non-Base
2059   ISIS ISSU UPD client   Non-Base
2067   ISSU PM Client         Base
2068   ISSU PAGP_SWITCH Client Non-Base
2070   ISSU Port Security clientNon-Base
2071   ISSU Switch VLAN client Non-Base
2072   ISSU dot1x client      Non-Base
2073   ISSU STP               Non-Base
2077   ISSU STP MSTP         Non-Base
2078   ISSU STP IEEE         Non-Base
2079   ISSU STP RSTP        Non-Base
2081   ISSU DHCP Snooping clientNon-Base
2082   ISSU IP Host client    Non-Base
2083   ISSU Inline Power client Non-Base
2084   ISSU IGMP Snooping clientNon-Base
4001   ISSU C4K Chassis client Base
4002   ISSU C4K Port client   Base
4003   ISSU C4K Rkios client  Base
4004   ISSU C4K HostMan client Base
4005   ISSU C4k GaliosRedundancyBase

```

This example displays stored compatibility matrix information:

```
Switch> show issu comp-matrix stored
```

```
Number of Matrices in Table = 1
```

```
(1) Matrix for cat4500-ENTSERVICES-M(112) - cat4500-ENTSERVICES-M(112)
```

```
=====
```

```
Start Flag (0xDEADBABE)
```

```

My Image ver: 12.2(31)SGA
Peer Version   Compatibility
-----
12.2(31)SGA   Comp(3)

```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |
| | show issu sessions | Displays ISSU session information for a specified client. |

show issu endpoints

To display the ISSU endpoint information, use the **show issu endpoints** command.

show issu endpoints

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes User EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines Endpoint is an execution unit within a redundancy domain. There are only 2 endpoints on the Catalyst 4500 series switch redundant chassis: 1 and 2; they correspond to the slot numbers for the supervisor engine. The ISSU infrastructure communicates between these two endpoints to establish session and to perform session negotiation for ISSU clients.

Examples The following example shows how to display the ISSU endpoints:

```
Switch# show issu endpoints
My_Unique_ID = 1/0x1, Client_Count = 46

This endpoint communicates with 1 peer endpoints :
Peer_Unique_ID    CAP    VER    XFORM    ERP    Compatibility
                2/0x2    1      1      1      1      Same

Shared Negotiation Session Info :
Nego_Session_ID = 15
Nego_Session_Name = shared nego session
Transport_Mtu = 4096
Ses_In_Use = 2
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |

show issu entities

To display the ISSU entity information, use the **show issu entities** command.

```
show issu entities [client_id]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>client_id</i> (Optional) ISSU client ID. |
|---------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC |
|----------------------|-----------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | Entity is a logical group of sessions with some common attributes (like capability list and message type). Currently, most ISSU clients on the Catalyst 4500 series switch have only one entity. |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Examples | The following example shows how to display the entity information for a specified ISSU client: |
|-----------------|--|

```
Switch#show issu entities 2072
Client_ID = 2072 :
  Entity_ID = 1, Entity_Name = ISSU dot1x entity :
    MsgType MsgGroup CapType CapEntry CapGroup
    Count   Count   Count   count   Count
    28      1       1       1       1
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |

show issu fsm



Note

This command is not intended for end-users.

To display the ISSU finite state machine (FSM) information corresponding to an ISSU session, use the **show issu fsm** command.

```
show issu fsm [session_id]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| <i>session_id</i> | (Optional) Provides detailed information about the FSM for the specified session. |
|-------------------|---|

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples

The following example displays and verifies the ISSU state after LOADVERSION:

```
Switch# show issu fsm 26
Session_ID = 26 :
  FSM_Name      Curr_State      Old_State      Error_Reason
  FSM_L1        TRANS          A_VER         none
  FSM_L2_HELLO  EXIT           RCVD          none
  FSM_L2_A_CAP  A_EXIT        A_RSP         none
  FSM_L2_P_CAP  P_INIT        unknown       none
  FSM_L2_A_VER  A_EXIT        A_RES_RSP     none
  FSM_L2_P_VER  P_INIT        unknown       none
  FSM_L2_TRANS  COMP          COMP          none
Current FSM is FSM_L2_TRANS
Session is compatible
Negotiation started at 00:01:07.688, duration is 0.148 seconds
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|------------------------------------|---|
| show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |
| show issu sessions | Displays ISSU session information for a specified client. |

show issu message

To display checkpoint messages for a specified ISSU client, use the **show issu message** command.

```
show issu message {groups | types} [client_id]
```

| Syntax Description | groups | Displays information on Message Group supported by the specified client. |
|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | types | Displays information on all Message Types supported by the specified client. |
| | client_id | (Optional) Specifies a client ID. |

Defaults If client ID is not specified, displays message groups or message types information for all clients registered to the ISSU infrastructure.

Command Modes User EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines Messages are sync-data (also known as checkpoint data) sent between two endpoints. When an ISSU-aware client establishes its session with a peer, an ISSU negotiation takes place. The ISSU infrastructure uses the registered information to negotiate the capabilities and the message version to be used during the session.

Examples The following example shows how to display the message groups for Client_id 2082:

```
Switch#show issu message groups 2082
Client_ID = 2082, Entity_ID = 1 :
  Message_Group = 1 :
    Message_Type = 1, Version_Range = 1 ~ 2
    Message_Type = 2, Version_Range = 1 ~ 2
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the message types for Client_id 2082:

```
Switch#show issu message types 2082
Client_ID = 2082, Entity_ID = 1 :
  Message_Type = 1, Version_Range = 1 ~ 2
    Message_Ver = 1, Message_Mtu = 12
    Message_Ver = 2, Message_Mtu = 8
  Message_Type = 2, Version_Range = 1 ~ 2
    Message_Ver = 1, Message_Mtu = 32
    Message_Ver = 2, Message_Mtu = 28
Switch#
```

■ show issu message

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |

show issu negotiated

To display the negotiated capability and message version information of the ISSU clients, use the **show issu negotiated** command.

```
show issu negotiated {capability | version} [session_id]
```

| Syntax Description | capability | Displays all negotiated capabilities. |
|--------------------|------------|--|
| | version | Displays details of all negotiated messages. |
| | session_id | (Optional) Specifies the ISSU session ID for which the capability or version information is displayed. |

Defaults Displays negotiated capability or version information for all ISSU sessions.

Command Modes User EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples The following example shows how to display the message types for a specific group:

```
Switch# show issu negotiated capability 26
Session_ID = 26 :
  Cap_Type = 0,      Cap_Result = 1      No cap value assigned

Switch# show issu negotiated version 26
Session_ID = 26 :
  Message_Type = 1,  Negotiated_Version = 1,  Message_MTU = 44
  Message_Type = 2,  Negotiated_Version = 1,  Message_MTU = 4
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | show issu sessions | Displays ISSU session information for a specified client. |

show issu rollback-timer

To display ISSU rollback-timer status, use the **show issu rollback-timer** command.

show issu rollback-timer

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples The following example shows how to display the rollback-timer status:

```
Switch#show issu rollback-timer
      Rollback Process State = Not in progress
      Configured Rollback Time = 45:00
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | issu acceptversion | Halts the rollback timer and ensures that the new Cisco IOS software image is not automatically stopped during the ISSU process. |
| | issu runversion | Forces a change from the active supervisor engine to the standby supervisor engine and causes the newly active supervisor engine to run the new image specified in the issu loadversion command. |

show issu sessions

To display ISSU session information for a specified client, use the **show issu sessions** command.

```
show issu sessions [client_id]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>client_id</i> (Optional) Specifies the ISSU client ID. |
|---------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Defaults | Displays session information for all clients registered to the ISSU infrastructure. |
|-----------------|---|

| | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Command Modes | User EXEC |
|----------------------|-----------|

| | | |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| Command History | Release | Modification |
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines Session is bidirectional and a reliable connection is established between two endpoints. Sync-data and negotiation messages are sent to the peer endpoint through a session. On a Catalyst 4500 series switch, each ISSU-aware client has a maximum of one session at each endpoint.

When an ISSU-aware client establishes its session with the peer, an ISSU negotiation takes place. The ISSU infrastructure uses the registered information to negotiate the capabilities and the message version to be used during the session.

Examples The following example shows how to display the rollback-timer status:

```
Switch#show issu sessions 2072
Client_ID = 2072, Entity_ID = 1 :

*** Session_ID = 26, Session_Name = dot1x :

    Peer   Peer   Negotiate   Negotiated   Cap      Msg      Session
  UniqueID Sid   Role        Result       GroupID  GroupID  Signature
    2       26   PRIMARY    COMPATIBLE   1        1        0
                                (no policy)

    Negotiation Session Info for This Message Session:
      Nego_Session_ID = 26
      Nego_Session_Name = dot1x
      Transport_Mtu = 17884
Switch#
```

| | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Related Commands | Command | Description |
| | show issu clients | Displays the ISSU clients. |

show issu state

To display the ISSU state and current booted image name during the ISSU process, use the **show issu state** command.

```
show issu state [slot_number] [detail]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>slot_number</i> | (Optional) Specifies the slot number whose ISSU state needs to be displayed (1 or 2). |
| detail | (Optional) Provides detailed information about the state of the active and standby supervisor engines. |

Defaults The command displays the ISSU state and current booted image name of both the active and standby supervisor engines.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines It might take several seconds after the **issu loadversion** command is entered for Cisco IOS software to load onto the standby supervisor engine and the standby supervisor engine to transition to SSO mode. If you enter the **show issu state** command too soon, you might not see the information you need.

Examples The following example displays and verifies the ISSU state after LOADVERSION:

```
Switch# show issu state detail
      Slot = 1
      RP State = Active
      ISSU State = Load Version
      Boot Variable = bootflash:old_image,12
      Operating Mode = Stateful Switchover
      Primary Version = bootflash:old_image
      Secondary Version = bootflash:new_image
      Current Version = bootflash:old_image

      Slot = 2
      RP State = Standby
      ISSU State = Load Version
      Boot Variable = bootflash:new_image,12;bootflash:old_image,12
      Operating Mode = Stateful Switchover
      Primary Version = bootflash:old_image
      Secondary Version = bootflash:new_image
      Current Version = bootflash:new_image

Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | issu abortversion | Cancels the ISSU upgrade or the downgrade process in progress and restores the switch to its state before the start of the process. |
| | issu acceptversion | Halts the rollback timer and ensures that the new Cisco IOS software image is not automatically stopped during the ISSU process. |
| | issu commitversion | Loads the new Cisco IOS software image into the new standby supervisor engine. |
| | issu loadversion | Starts the ISSU process. |
| | issu runversion | Forces a change from the active supervisor engine to the standby supervisor engine and causes the newly active supervisor engine to run the new image specified. |

show l2protocol-tunnel

To display information about the Layer 2 protocol tunnel ports, use the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command. This command displays information for the interfaces with protocol tunneling enabled.

```
show l2protocol-tunnel [interface interface-id] [[summary] | {begin | exclude | include}
                        expression]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| interface <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Specifies the interface for which protocol tunneling information appears. Valid interfaces are physical ports and port channels; the port channel range is 1 to 64. |
| summary | (Optional) Displays only Layer 2 protocol summary information. |
| begin | (Optional) Displays information beginning with the line that matches the <i>expression</i> . |
| exclude | (Optional) Displays information that excludes lines that match the <i>expression</i> . |
| include | (Optional) Displays the lines that match the specified <i>expression</i> . |
| <i>expression</i> | (Optional) Expression in the output to use as a reference point. |

Command Modes

User EXEC

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.2(18)EW | This command was first introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines

After enabling Layer 2 protocol tunneling on an access or 802.1Q tunnel port with the **l2protocol-tunnel** command, you can configure some or all of these parameters:

- Protocol type to be tunneled
- Shutdown threshold
- Drop threshold

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel [interface *interface-id*]** command, only information about the active ports on which all the parameters are configured appears.

If you enter the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command, only information about the active ports on which some or all of the parameters are configured appears.

Expressions are case sensitive. For example, if you enter **exclude output**, the lines that contain *output* do not appear, but the lines that contain *Output* appear.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show l2protocol-tunnel** command:

```
Switch> show l2protocol-tunnel
COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Port      Protocol Shutdown Drop      Encapsulation Decapsulation Drop
          Threshold Threshold Counter      Counter      Counter
-----
Fa0/10    ---          ----          ----          ----          ----
          stp          ----          ----  9847          1866          0
          vtp          ----          ----   77           12            0
          pagp         ----          ----  859           860           0
          lacp         ----          ----   0             0             0
          udld         ----          ----  219           211           0
Fa0/11    cdp          1100         ----  2356          2350          0
          stp          1100         ----  116           13            0
          vtp          1100         ----   3             67            0
          pagp         ----          900 856        5848          0
          lacp         ----          900 0         0             0             0
          udld         ----          900 0         0             0             0
Fa0/12    cdp          ----          ----  2356          0             0
          stp          ----          ---- 11787         0             0
          vtp          ----          ----  81            0             0
          pagp         ----          ----   0             0             0
          lacp         ----          ----  849           0             0
          udld         ----          ----   0             0             0
Fa0/13    cdp          ----          ----  2356          0             0
          stp          ----          ---- 11788         0             0
          vtp          ----          ----  81            0             0
          pagp         ----          ----   0             0             0
          lacp         ----          ----  849           0             0
          udld         ----          ----   0             0             0

Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show l2protocol-tunnel summary** command:

```
Switch> show l2protocol-tunnel summary
COS for Encapsulated Packets: 5

Port      Protocol      Shutdown Drop      Status
          Threshold Threshold
          (cdp/stp/vtp) (cdp/stp/vtp)
          (pagp/lacp/udld) (pagp/lacp/udld)
-----
Fa0/10    --- stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- up
          pagp lacp udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----
Fa0/11    cdp stp vtp 1100/1100/1100 ----/----/---- up
          pagp lacp udld ----/----/---- 900/ 900/ 900
Fa0/12    cdp stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- up
          pagp lacp udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----
Fa0/13    cdp stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- up
          pagp lacp udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----
Fa0/14    cdp stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- down
          pagp ---- udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----
Fa0/15    cdp stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- down
          pagp ---- udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----
Fa0/16    cdp stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- down
          pagp lacp udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----
Fa0/17    cdp stp vtp ----/----/---- ----/----/---- down
          pagp lacp udld ----/----/---- ----/----/----

Switch#
```

show l2protocol-tunnel

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | l2protocol-tunnel | Enables protocol tunneling on an interface. |
| | l2protocol-tunnel cos | Configures the class of service (CoS) value for all tunneled Layer 2 protocol packets. |

show lacp

To display LACP information, use the **show lacp** command.

```
show lacp [channel-group] { counters | internal | neighbors | sys-id }
```

| Syntax Description | |
|----------------------|--|
| <i>channel-group</i> | (Optional) Number of the channel group; valid values are from 1 to 64. |
| counters | Displays the LACP statistical information. |
| internal | Displays the internal information. |
| neighbors | Displays the neighbor information. |
| sys-id | Displays the LACP system identification. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switches. |

Usage Guidelines This command is not supported on systems that are configured with a Supervisor Engine I. If you do not specify a *channel-group* value, all channel groups are displayed. You can enter the optional *channel-group* value to specify a channel group for all keywords, except the **sys-id** keyword.

Examples This example shows how to display LACP statistical information for a specific channel group:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 counters
          LACPDU      Marker      LACPDU
Port      Sent  Recv   Sent   Recv   Pkts Err
-----
Channel group: 1
  Fa4/1    8    15     0     0     3    0
  Fa4/2   14   18     0     0     3    0
  Fa4/3   14   18     0     0     0
  Fa4/4   13   18     0     0     0
Switch#
```

The output displays the following information:

- The LACPDU Sent and Recv columns display the LACPDU sent and received on each specific interface.
- The LACPDU Pkts and Err columns display the marker protocol packets.

This example shows how to display internal information for the interfaces belonging to a specific channel:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device sends PDUs at slow rate. F - Device sends PDUs at fast rate.
      A - Device is in Active mode.           P - Device is in Passive mode.

Channel group 1

Port      Flags   State   LACPDU  LACP Port  Admin  Oper   Port   Port
         Interval Priority Key      Key      Number State
Fa4/1    saC     bndl    30s     32768     100   100   0xc1  0x75
Fa4/2    saC     bndl    30s     32768     100   100   0xc2  0x75
Fa4/3    saC     bndl    30s     32768     100   100   0xc3  0x75
Fa4/4    saC     bndl    30s     32768     100   100   0xc4  0x75
Switch#
```

Table 2-22 lists the output field definitions.

Table 2-22 show lacp internal Command Output Fields

| Field | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| State | State of the specific port at the current moment is displayed; allowed values are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>bndl</i>—Port is attached to an aggregator and bundled with other ports. <i>susp</i>—Port is in a suspended state; it is not attached to any aggregator. <i>indep</i>—Port is in an independent state (not bundled but able to switch data traffic. In this case, LACP is not running on the partner port). <i>hot-sby</i>—Port is in a Hot-standby state. <i>down</i>—Port is down. |
| LACPDU Interval | Interval setting. |
| LACP Port Priority | Port priority setting. |
| Admin Key | Administrative key. |
| Oper Key | Operator key. |
| Port Number | Port number. |
| Port State | State variables for the port encoded as individual bits within a single octet with the following meaning [1]: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> bit0: <i>LACP_Activity</i> bit1: <i>LACP_Timeout</i> bit2: <i>Aggregation</i> bit3: <i>Synchronization</i> bit4: <i>Collecting</i> bit5: <i>Distributing</i> bit6: <i>Defaulted</i> bit7: <i>Expired</i> |

This example shows how to display LACP neighbors information for a specific port channel:

```
Switch# show lacp 1 neighbor
Flags: S - Device sends PDUs at slow rate. F - Device sends PDUs at fast rate.
      A - Device is in Active mode.          P - Device is in Passive mode.

Channel group 1 neighbors

Port      Partner                               Partner
System ID System ID                               Port Number  Age    Flags
Fa4/1     8000,00b0.c23e.d84e                    0x81         29s   P
Fa4/2     8000,00b0.c23e.d84e                    0x82         0s    P
Fa4/3     8000,00b0.c23e.d84e                    0x83         0s    P
Fa4/4     8000,00b0.c23e.d84e                    0x84         0s    P

      Port      Admin  Oper  Port
Priority Key    Key   Key   State
Fa4/1   32768  200   200   0x81
Fa4/2   32768  200   200   0x81
Fa4/3   32768  200   200   0x81
Fa4/4   32768  200   200   0x81
Switch#
```

In the case where no PDUs have been received, the default administrative information is displayed in braces.

This example shows how to display the LACP system identification:

```
Switch> show lacp sys-id
8000,AC-12-34-56-78-90
Switch>
```

The system identification is made up of the system priority and the system MAC address. The first two bytes are the system priority, and the last six bytes are the globally administered individual MAC address associated to the system.

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| lacp port-priority | Sets the LACP priority for the physical interfaces. |
| lacp system-priority | Sets the priority of the system for LACP. |

show mac access-group interface

To display the ACL configuration on a Layer 2 interface, use the **show mac access-group interface** command.

show mac access-group interface [*interface interface-number*]

| Syntax Description | |
|-------------------------|--|
| <i>interface</i> | (Optional) Specifies the interface type; valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , pos , atm , port-channel , and ge-wan . |
| <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) Specifies the port number. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The valid values for the port number depend on the chassis used.

Examples This example shows how to display the ACL configuration on interface fast 6/1:

```
Switch# show mac access-group interface fast 6/1
Interface FastEthernet6/1:
  Inbound access-list is simple-mac-acl
  Outbound access-list is not set
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | access-group mode | Specifies the override modes (for example, VACL overrides PACL) and the non-override modes (for example, merge or strict mode). |

show mac-address-table address

To display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address, use the **show mac-address-table address** command.

```
show mac-address-table address mac_addr [interface type slot/port | protocol protocol | vlan
vlan_id]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--|------------|--|
| <i>mac_addr</i> | | 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H. |
| interface <i>type slot/port</i> | (Optional) | Displays information for a specific interface; valid values for <i>type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet . |
| protocol <i>protocol</i> | (Optional) | Specifies a protocol. See the “Usage Guidelines” section for more information. |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) | Displays entries for the specific VLAN only; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* variable are as follows:

- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- **ipx** specifies the IPX protocols.
- **assigned** specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **other** specifies the other protocol entries.

show mac-address-table address

Examples

This example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific MAC address:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table address 0030.94fc.0dff
Unicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type          protocols          port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
    1    0030.94fc.0dff    static ip, ipx, assigned, other  Switch
Fa6/1    0030.94fc.0dff    static ip, ipx, assigned, other  Switch
Fa6/2    0030.94fc.0dff    static ip, ipx, assigned, other  Switch
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |
| show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table aging-time

To display the MAC address aging time, use the **show mac-address-table aging-time** command.

```
show mac-address-table aging-time [vlan vlan_id]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan_id</i> (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for extended addressing was added. |

Examples This example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for all VLANs:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table aging-time
Vlan    Aging Time
----    -
100     300
200     1000

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the currently configured aging time for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table aging-time vlan 100
Vlan    Aging Time
----    -
100     300

Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| | show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| | show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| | show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| | show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |
| | show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |

■ show mac-address-table aging-time

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table count

To display the number of entries currently in the MAC address table, use the **show mac-address-table count** command.

show mac-address-table count [**vlan** *vlan_id*]

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan_id</i> (Optional) Specifies a VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
|---------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Examples | This example shows how to display the entry count for a specific VLAN: |
|-----------------|--|

```
Switch# show mac-address-table count vlan 1
MAC Entries for Vlan 1:
Dynamic Unicast Address Count:          0
Static Unicast Address (User-defined) Count:  0
Static Unicast Address (System-defined) Count: 1
Total Unicast MAC Addresses In Use:        1
Total Unicast MAC Addresses Available:     32768
Multicast MAC Address Count:              1
Total Multicast MAC Addresses Available:    16384
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| | show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| | show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| | show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| | show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |
| | show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |
| | show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table dynamic

To display the dynamic MAC address table entries only, use the **show mac-address-table dynamic** command.

```
show mac-address-table dynamic [address mac_addr | interface type slot/port |
protocol protocol | vlan vlan_id]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--|------------|--|
| address <i>mac_addr</i> | (Optional) | Specifies a 48-bit MAC address; the valid format is H.H.H. |
| interface <i>type slot/port</i> | (Optional) | Specifies an interface to match; valid values for <i>type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet . |
| protocol <i>protocol</i> | (Optional) | Specifies a protocol. See the “Usage Guidelines” section for more information. |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) | Displays entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* argument are as follows:

- **assigned** specifies assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies IP protocol.
- **ipx** specifies IPX protocols.
- **other** specifies other protocol entries.

The **show mac-address-table dynamic** command output for an EtherChannel interface changes the port number designation (such as, 5/7) to a port group number (such as, Po80).

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the internal VLAN number.

Examples

This example shows how to display all the dynamic MAC address entries:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table dynamic
Unicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  1    0000.0000.0201    dynamic  ip              FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0202    dynamic  ip              FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0203    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0204    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0205    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/15
  2    0000.0000.0101    dynamic  ip              FastEthernet6/16
  2    0000.0000.0102    dynamic  ip              FastEthernet6/16
  2    0000.0000.0103    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/16
  2    0000.0000.0104    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/16
  2    0000.0000.0105    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/16
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the dynamic MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

```
Switch# show mac-address-table dynamic protocol assigned
Unicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  1    0000.0000.0203    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0204    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0205    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/15
  2    0000.0000.0103    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/16
  2    0000.0000.0104    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/16
  2    0000.0000.0105    dynamic  ip,assigned     FastEthernet6/16
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table interface

To display the MAC address table information for a specific interface, use the **show mac-address-table interface** command.

show mac-address-table interface *type slot/port*

| Syntax Description | type | Interface type; valid values are ethernet , fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet . |
|--------------------|------------------|---|
| | <i>slot/port</i> | Number of the slot and port. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the internal VLAN number.

Examples This example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table interface fastethernet6/16
Unicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
   2    0000.0000.0101    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0102    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0103    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0104    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0105    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0106    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16

Multicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
   2    ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Fa6/16
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| | show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| | show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| | show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| | show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |
| | show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| | show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| | show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table multicast

To display information about the multicast MAC address table, use the **show mac-address-table multicast** command.

```
show mac-address-table multicast [count | {igmp-snooping [count]} | {user [count]} |
{vlan vlan_num}]
```

| Syntax Description | Parameter | Description |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| | count | (Optional) Displays the number of multicast entries. |
| | igmp-snooping | (Optional) Displays only the addresses learned by IGMP snooping. |
| | user | (Optional) Displays only the user-entered static addresses. |
| | vlan vlan_num | (Optional) Displays information for a specific VLAN only; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |

Usage Guidelines For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the the internal VLAN number.

Examples This example shows how to display multicast MAC address table information for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table multicast vlan 1
Multicast Entries
  vlan    mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
    1     ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Switch,Fa6/15
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the number of multicast MAC entries for all VLANs:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table multicast count
MAC Entries for all vlans:
Multicast MAC Address Count:                141
Total Multicast MAC Addresses Available:    16384
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| | show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| | show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| | show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| | show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |
| | show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| | show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| | show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table notification

To display the MAC address table notification status and history, use the **show mac-address-table notification** command.

```
show mac-address-table notification [change] [interface interface-id] | [mac-move] |
[threshold]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---------------------|------------|---|
| change | (Optional) | Displays the MAC address change notification status. |
| interface | (Optional) | Displays MAC change information for an interfaces. |
| <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) | Displays the information for a specific interface. Valid interfaces include physical ports and port channels. |
| mac-move | (Optional) | Displays MAC move notification status. |
| threshold | (Optional) | Displays the MAC threshold notification status. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.2(31)SG | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

Use the **show mac-address-table notification change** command to display whether the MAC change feature is enabled or disabled, the MAC change notification interval, the maximum number of entries allowed in the history table, and the history table contents.

Use the **interface** keyword to display the flags for all interfaces. If the *interface-id* is included, only the flags for that interface are displayed.

Examples

This example shows how to display all the MAC address notification information:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table notification change
MAC Notification Feature is Enabled on the switch
Interval between Notification Traps : 1 secs
Number of MAC Addresses Added : 5
Number of MAC Addresses Removed : 1
Number of Notifications sent to NMS : 3
Maximum Number of entries configured in History Table : 500
Current History Table Length : 3
MAC Notification Traps are Enabled
History Table contents
-----
History Index 1, Entry Timestamp 478433, Despatch Timestamp 478433
MAC Changed Message :
Operation: Added   Vlan: 1       MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab0 Dot1dBasePort: 323
```

show mac-address-table notification

```

History Index 2, Entry Timestamp 481834, Despatch Timestamp 481834
MAC Changed Message :
Operation: Added   Vlan: 1      MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab1 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added   Vlan: 1      MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab2 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added   Vlan: 1      MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab3 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Operation: Added   Vlan: 1      MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab4 Dot1dBasePort: 323
History Index 3, Entry Timestamp 484334, Despatch Timestamp 484334
MAC Changed Message :
Operation: Deleted Vlan: 1      MAC Addr: 1234.5678.9ab0 Dot1dBasePort: 323
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the MAC address change status on the FastEthernet interface 7/1:

```

Switch# show mac-address-table notification change interface FastEthernet 7/1
MAC Notification Feature is Enabled on the switch
Interface          MAC Added Trap MAC Removed Trap
-----
FastEthernet7/1    Enabled        Disabled

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the MAC address move status:

```

Switch# show mac-address-table notification mac-move
MAC Move Notification: Enabled
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the MAC address table utilization status:

```

Switch# show mac-address-table notification threshold
Status      limit      Interval
-----+-----+-----
enabled     50         120
Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| clear mac-address-table | Clears the address entries from the Layer 2 MAC address table. |
| mac-address-table notification | Enables MAC address notification on a switch. |
| snmp-server enable traps | Enables SNMP notifications (traps or informs). |
| snmp trap mac-notification change | Enables SNMP MAC address notifications. |

show mac-address-table protocol

To display the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol, use the **show mac-address-table protocol** command.

```
show mac-address-table protocol {assigned | ip | ipx | other }
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| assigned | Specifies the assigned protocol entries. |
| ip | Specifies the IP protocol entries. |
| ipx | Specifies the IPX protocol entries. |
| other | Specifies the other protocol entries. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the the internal VLAN number.

Examples

This example shows how to display the MAC address table entries that have a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

```
Switch# show mac-address-table protocol assigned
vlan  mac address      type    protocol  qos      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
 200  0050.3e8d.6400  static  assigned  --      Switch
 100  0050.3e8d.6400  static  assigned  --      Switch
   5  0050.3e8d.6400  static  assigned  --      Switch
4092  0000.0000.0000  dynamic  assigned  --      Switch
   1  0050.3e8d.6400  static  assigned  --      Switch
   4  0050.3e8d.6400  static  assigned  --      Switch
4092  0050.f0ac.3058  static  assigned  --      Switch
4092  0050.f0ac.3059  dynamic  assigned  --      Switch
   1  0010.7b3b.0978  dynamic  assigned  --      Fa5/9
Switch#
```

show mac-address-table protocol

This example shows the other output for the previous example:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table protocol other
Unicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
   1    0000.0000.0201    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/15
   1    0000.0000.0202    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/15
   1    0000.0000.0203    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/15
   1    0000.0000.0204    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/15
   1    0030.94fc.0dff     static   ip,ipx,assigned,other  Switch
   2    0000.0000.0101    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0102    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0103    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
   2    0000.0000.0104    dynamic  other          FastEthernet6/16
Fa6/1  0030.94fc.0dff     static   ip,ipx,assigned,other  Switch
Fa6/2  0030.94fc.0dff     static   ip,ipx,assigned,other  Switch

Multicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
   1    ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Switch,Fa6/15
   2    ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Fa6/16
1002  ffff.ffff.ffff    system
1003  ffff.ffff.ffff    system
1004  ffff.ffff.ffff    system
1005  ffff.ffff.ffff    system
Fa6/1  ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Switch,Fa6/1
Fa6/2  ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Switch,Fa6/2
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |
| show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table vlan | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table static

To display the static MAC address table entries only, use the **show mac-address-table static** command.

```
show mac-address-table static [address mac_addr | interface type number | protocol protocol |
                               vlan vlan_id]
```

| Syntax Description | Parameter | Description |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | address <i>mac_addr</i> | (Optional) Specifies a 48-bit MAC address to match; the valid format is H.H.H. |
| | interface <i>type number</i> | (Optional) Specifies an interface to match; valid values for <i>type</i> are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , and tengigabitethernet . |
| | protocol <i>protocol</i> | (Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the “Usage Guidelines” section for more information. |
| | vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) Displays the entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines

For the MAC address table entries that are used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* argument are as follows:

- **assigned** specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- **ipx** specifies the IPX protocols.
- **other** specifies the other protocol entries.

Examples

This example shows how to display all the static MAC address entries:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table static
Unicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
    1    0030.94fc.0dff      static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Fa6/1    0030.94fc.0dff      static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Fa6/2    0030.94fc.0dff      static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch

Multicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
    1    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Switch,Fa6/15
    2    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Fa6/16
1002    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
1003    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
1004    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
1005    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
Fa6/1    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Switch,Fa6/1
Fa6/2    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Switch,Fa6/2
.
.
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the static MAC address entries with a specific protocol type (in this case, assigned):

```
Switch# show mac-address-table static protocol assigned
Unicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
    1    0030.94fc.0dff      static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Fa6/1    0030.94fc.0dff      static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch
Fa6/2    0030.94fc.0dff      static ip,ipx,assigned,other Switch

Multicast Entries
  vlan  mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
    1    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Switch,Fa6/15
    2    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Fa6/16
1002    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
1003    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
1004    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
1005    ffff.ffff.ffff      system
Fa6/1    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Switch,Fa6/1
Fa6/2    ffff.ffff.ffff      system Switch,Fa6/2
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| <code>show mac-address-table multicast</code> | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |
| <code>show mac-address-table protocol</code> | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| <code>show mac-address-table vlan</code> | Displays information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN. |

show mac-address-table vlan

To display information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN, use the **show mac-address-table vlan** command.

```
show mac-address-table [vlan vlan_id] [protocol protocol]
```

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) Displays the entries for a specific VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| | protocol <i>protocol</i> | (Optional) Specifies a protocol. See the “Usage Guidelines” section for more information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for extended addressing was added. |

Usage Guidelines For the MAC address table entries used by the routed ports, the routed port name is displayed in the “vlan” column not the the internal VLAN number.

The keyword definitions for the *protocol* variable are as follows:

- **assigned** specifies the assigned protocol entries.
- **ip** specifies the IP protocol.
- **ipx** specifies the IPX protocols.
- **other** specifies the other protocol entries.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the MAC address table for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table vlan 1
Unicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  1    0000.0000.0201    dynamic  ip              FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0202    dynamic  ip              FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0203    dynamic  other           FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0204    dynamic  other           FastEthernet6/15
  1    0030.94fc.0dff     static   ip,ipx,assigned,other  Switch

Multicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
  1    ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Switch,Fa6/15
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display MAC address table information for a specific protocol type:

```
Switch# show mac-address-table vlan 100 protocol other
Unicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      protocols      port
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  1    0000.0000.0203    dynamic  other           FastEthernet6/15
  1    0000.0000.0204    dynamic  other           FastEthernet6/15
  1    0030.94fc.0dff     static   ip,ipx,assigned,other  Switch

Multicast Entries
vlan  mac address      type      ports
-----+-----+-----+-----
  1    ffff.ffff.ffff    system   Switch,Fa6/15
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|---|
| show mac-address-table address | Displays the information about the MAC-address table. |
| show mac-address-table aging-time | Displays MAC address table aging information. |
| show mac-address-table count | Displays the number of entries currently in the MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table dynamic | Displays the dynamic MAC address table entries only. |
| show mac-address-table interface | Displays the MAC address table information for a specific interface. |
| show mac-address-table multicast | Displays information about the multicast MAC address table. |
| show mac-address-table protocol | Displays the MAC address table information that is based on the protocol. |
| show mac-address-table static | Displays the static MAC address table entries only. |

show module

To display information about the module, use the **show module** command.

show module [*mod* | **all**]

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>mod</i> | (Optional) Number of the module; valid values vary from chassis to chassis. |
| all | (Optional) Displays information for all modules. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Enhanced the output of the show idprom interface command to include the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines In the Mod Sub-Module fields in the command output, the **show module** command displays the supervisor engine number but appends the uplink daughter card's module type and information.

If the PoE consumed by the module is more than 50 W above the administratively allocated PoE, the "Status" displays as "PwrOver." If the PoE consumed by the module is more than 50 W above the PoE module limit, the "Status" displays as "PwrFault."

Examples

This example shows how to display information for all the modules.

This example shows the **show module** command output for a system with inadequate power for all installed modules. The system does not have enough power for Module 5; the “Status” displays it as “PwrDeny.”

```
Switch# show module all
Mod  Ports Card Type                               Model                               Serial No.
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1      2 1000BaseX (GBIC) Supervisor(active)   WS-X4014                           JAB054109GH
 2      6 1000BaseX (GBIC)                               WS-X4306                           00000110
 3     18 1000BaseX (GBIC)                               WS-X4418                           JAB025104WK
 5      0 Not enough power for module             WS-X4148-FX-MT                     00000000000
 6     48 10/100BaseTX (RJ45)                         WS-X4148                           JAB023402RP

M MAC addresses                               Hw  Fw          Sw          Status
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1 005c.9d1a.f9d0 to 005c.9d1a.f9df 0.5 12.1(11br)EW 12.1(20020313:00 Ok
 2 0010.7bab.9920 to 0010.7bab.9925 0.2                               Ok
 3 0050.7356.2b36 to 0050.7356.2b47 1.0                               Ok
 5 0001.64fe.a930 to 0001.64fe.a95f 0.0                               PwrDeny

 6 0050.0f10.28b0 to 0050.0f10.28df 1.0                               Ok
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information for a specific module:

```
Switch# show module mod2
Mod  Ports Card Type                               Model                               Serial No.
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 2      2 Catalyst 4000 supervisor 2 (Active)   WS-X6K-SUP2-2GE                     SAD04450LF1

Mod MAC addresses                               Hw  Fw          Sw          Status
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 2 0001.6461.39c0 to 0001.6461.39c1 1.1 6.1(3)      6.2(0.97)   Ok

Mod Sub-Module                               Model                               Serial                               Hw  Status
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 2 Policy Feature Card 2                     WS-F6K-PFC2                         SAD04440HVU                       1.0 Ok
 2 Cat4k MSFC 2 daughterboard                WS-F6K-MSFC2                        SAD04430J9K                       1.1 Ok
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information for all the modules on the switch:

```
Switch# show module
Chassis Type : WS-C4506

Power consumed by backplane : 0 Watts

Mod  Ports Card Type                               Model                               Serial No.
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1      6 XG (X2), 1000BaseX (SFP) Supervisor(ac WS-X4517                           " "
 3      6 1000BaseX (GBIC)                               WS-X4306                           00000110

M MAC addresses                               Hw  Fw          Sw          Status
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 1 0004.dd46.7700 to 0004.dd46.7705 0.0 12.2(20r)EW( 12.2(20040513:16 Ok
 3 0010.7bab.9920 to 0010.7bab.9925 0.2                               Ok
Switch#
```

show monitor

To display information about the SPAN session, use the **show monitor** command.

show monitor [**session**] [**range** *session-range* | **local** | **remote** | **all** | *session-number*] [**detail**]

| Syntax Description | session | (Optional) Displays the SPAN information for a session. |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | range | (Optional) Displays information for a range of sessions. |
| | <i>session-range</i> | (Optional) Specifies a range of sessions. |
| | local | (Optional) Displays all local SPAN sessions. |
| | remote | (Optional) Displays the RSPAN source and destination sessions. |
| | all | (Optional) Displays the SPAN and RSPAN sessions. |
| | <i>session-number</i> | (Optional) Session number; valid values are from 1 to 6. |
| | detail | (Optional) Displays the detailed SPAN information for a session. |

Defaults

The **detail** keyword only displays lines with a nondefault configuration.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(13)EW | Added support for differing directions within a single user session. |
| 12.1(19)EW | Output enhanced to display configuration status of SPAN enhancements. |
| 12.1(20)EW | Added support to display configuration state for remote SPAN and learning. |
| 12.2(20)EW | Added support to display ACLs that are applied to SPAN sessions. |

Examples

This example shows how to display whether ACLs are applied to a given SPAN session on a Catalyst 4500 series switch:

```
Switch# show monitor

Session 1
-----
Type           : Local Session
Source Ports   :
  Both         : Fa6/1
Destination Ports : Fa6/2
  Encapsulation : Native
  Ingress       : Disabled
  Learning      : Disabled
Filter VLANs   : 1
IP Access-group : 10
```

This example shows how to display SPAN information for session 2:

```
Switch# show monitor session 2
Session 2
-----
Type : Remote Source Session
Source Ports:
    RX Only:      Fa1/1-3
Dest RSPAN VLAN: 901
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN=2
Learning : Disabled
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the detailed SPAN information for session 1:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1 detail
Session 1
-----
Type           : Local Session
Source Ports   :
    RX Only    : None
    TX Only    : None
    Both       : Gi1/1, CPU
Source VLANs   :
    RX Only    : None
    TX Only    : None
    Both       : None
Source RSPAN VLAN : Fa6/1
Destination Ports : Fa6/1
    Encapsulation : DOT1Q
    Ingress      : Enabled, default VLAN = 2
Filter VLANs   : None
    Filter Types RX : Good
    Filter Types TX : None
Dest Rspan Vlan : 901
Ingress : Enabled, default VLAN=2
Learning : Disabled
IP Access-group : None
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display SPAN information for session 1 beginning with the line that starts with Destination:

```
Switch# show monitor session 1 | begin Destination
Destination Ports: None
Filter VLANs:      None
Switch#
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| monitor session | Enables the SPAN sessions on interfaces or VLANs. |

show pagp

To display information about the port channel, use the **show pagp** command.

```
show pagp [group-number] {counters | dual-active | internal | neighbor}
```

| Syntax Description | |
|---------------------|---|
| <i>group-number</i> | (Optional) Channel-group number; valid values are from 1 to 64. |
| counters | Specifies the traffic counter information. |
| dual-active | Specifies the dual-active information. |
| internal | Specifies the PAgP internal information. |
| neighbor | Specifies the PAgP neighbor information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines You can enter any **show pagp** command to display the active PAgP port-channel information. To display the nonactive information, enter the **show pagp** command with a group.

Examples This example shows how to display information about the PAgP counter:

```
Switch# show pagp counters
          Information      Flush
Port      Sent   Recv    Sent   Recv
-----
Channel group: 1
  Fa5/4    2660  2452    0      0
  Fa5/5    2676  2453    0      0
Channel group: 2
  Fa5/6    289   261     0      0
  Fa5/7    290   261     0      0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display PAgP dual-active information:

```
Switch# show pagp dual-active
PAgP dual-active detection enabled: Yes
PAgP dual-active version: 1.1
```



```

Channel group 30
Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner
Port Detect Capable Name Port Version
Te3/1 Yes VS1-Reg2 Te1/1/7 1.1
Te4/1 Yes VS1-Reg2 Te2/2/8 1.1

```

```

Channel group 32
Dual-Active Partner Partner Partner
Port Detect Capable Name Port Version
Gi1/43 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/43 1.1
Gi1/44 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/44 1.1
Gi1/45 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/45 1.1
Gi1/46 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/46 1.1
Gi1/47 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/47 1.1
Gi1/48 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/48 1.1
Gi2/3 Yes VS3 Gi1/1/1 1.1
Gi2/4 Yes VS3 Gi2/1/1 1.1
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display internal PAgP information:

```

Switch# show pagp 1 internal
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
      A - Device is in Auto mode.
Timers: H - Hello timer is running. Q - Quit timer is running.
       S - Switching timer is running. I - Interface timer is running.

```

```

Channel group 1

```

| Port | Flags | State | Timers | Hello Interval | Partner Count | PAgP Priority | Learning Method | IfIndx |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|
| Fa5/4 | SC | U6/S7 | | 30s | 1 | 128 | Any | 129 |
| Fa5/5 | SC | U6/S7 | | 30s | 1 | 128 | Any | 129 |

```

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display PAgP neighbor information for all neighbors:

```

Switch# show pagp neighbor
Flags: S - Device is sending Slow hello. C - Device is in Consistent state.
      A - Device is in Auto mode. P - Device learns on physical port.

```

```

Channel group 1 neighbors

```

| Port | Partner Name | Partner Device ID | Partner Port | Age | Partner Flags | Partner Group Cap. |
|-------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|---------------|--------------------|
| Fa5/4 | JAB031301 | 0050.0f10.230c | 2/45 | 2s | SAC | 2D |
| Fa5/5 | JAB031301 | 0050.0f10.230c | 2/46 | 27s | SAC | 2D |

```

Channel group 2 neighbors

```

| Port | Partner Name | Partner Device ID | Partner Port | Age | Partner Flags | Partner Group Cap. |
|-------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|---------------|--------------------|
| Fa5/6 | JAB031301 | 0050.0f10.230c | 2/47 | 10s | SAC | 2F |
| Fa5/7 | JAB031301 | 0050.0f10.230c | 2/48 | 11s | SAC | 2F |

```

Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|------------------------------------|---|
| pagp learn-method | Learns the input interface of the incoming packets. |
| pagp port-priority | Selects a port in hot standby mode. |

show policy-map

To display information about the policy map, use the **show policy-map** command.

```
show policy-map [policy_map_name]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>policy_map_name</i> (Optional) Name of the policy map. |
|---------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display information for all the policy maps:

```
Switch# show policy-map
Policy Map ipp5-policy
  class ipp5
    set ip precedence 6
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information for a specific policy map:

```
Switch# show policy ipp5-policy
Policy Map ipp5-policy
  class ipp5
    set ip precedence 6
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| | class-map | Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify and to enter class-map configuration mode |
| | policy-map | Creates a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy and to enter policy-map configuration mode |
| | show class-map | Displays class map information. |
| | show policy-map interface | Displays the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface. |

show policy-map control-plane

To display the configuration either of a class or of all classes for the policy map of a control plane, use the **show policy-map control-plane** command.

```
show policy-map control-plane [input [class class-name] | [class class-name]]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| input | (Optional) Displays statistics for the attached input policy. |
| class class-name | (Optional) Displays the name of the class. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.2(31)SG | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

The **show policy-map control-plane** command displays information for aggregate control-plane services that control the number or rate of packets that are going to the process level.

Examples

This example shows that the policy map TEST is associated with the control plane. This policy map polices traffic that matches the class-map TEST, while allowing all other traffic (that matches the class-map class-default) to go through as is. [Table 2-23](#) describes the fields shown in the display.

```
Switch# show policy-map control-plane

Control Plane

Service-policy input: system-cpp-policy

Class-map: system-cpp-eapol (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-eapol

Class-map: system-cpp-bpdu-range (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-bpdu-range

Class-map: system-cpp-cdp (match-all)
  28 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-cdp
  police: Per-interface
    Conform: 530 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes
```

```
Class-map: system-cpp-garp (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-garp

Class-map: system-cpp-sstp (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-sstp

Class-map: system-cpp-cgmp (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-cgmp

Class-map: system-cpp-ospf (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-ospf

Class-map: system-cpp-igmp (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-igmp

Class-map: system-cpp-pim (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-pim

Class-map: system-cpp-all-systems-on-subnet (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-all-systems-on-subnet

Class-map: system-cpp-all-routers-on-subnet (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-all-routers-on-subnet

Class-map: system-cpp-ripv2 (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-ripv2

Class-map: system-cpp-ip-mcast-linklocal (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-ip-mcast-linklocal

Class-map: system-cpp-dhcp-cs (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-dhcp-cs

Class-map: system-cpp-dhcp-sc (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-dhcp-sc

Class-map: system-cpp-dhcp-ss (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: access-group name system-cpp-dhcp-ss

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  0 packets
  Match: any
  0 packets
Switch#
```

Table 2-23 show policy-map control-plane Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|---|---|
| Fields Associated with Classes or Service Policies | |
| Service-policy input | Name of the input service policy that is applied to the control plane. (If configured, this field will also show the output service policy.) |
| Class-map | Class of traffic being displayed. Traffic is displayed for each configured class. The choice for implementing class matches (for example, match-all or match-any) can also appear next to the traffic class. |
| Match | Match criteria for the specified class of traffic. Note For more information about the variety of match criteria options available, refer to the chapter “Configuring the Modular Quality of Service Command-Line Interface” in the <i>Cisco IOS Quality of Service Solutions Configuration Guide</i> . |
| Fields Associated with Traffic Policing | |
| police | police command has been configured to enable traffic policing. |
| conformed | Action to be taken on packets conforming to a specified rate; displays the number of packets and bytes on which the action was taken. |
| exceeded | Action to be taken on packets exceeding a specified rate; displays the number of packets and bytes on which the action was taken. |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| control-plane | Enters control-plane configuration mode. |
| service-policy input (control-plane) | Attaches a policy map to a control plane for aggregate control plane services. |

show policy-map interface

To display the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface, use the **show policy-map interface** command.

```
show policy-map interface [{fastethernet interface-number} | {gigabitethernet
interface-number} | {port-channel number} | {vlan vlan_id}] [input | output]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|--|------------|---|
| fastethernet <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the Fast Ethernet 802.3 interface. |
| gigabitethernet <i>interface-number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet 802.3z interface. |
| port-channel <i>number</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the port channel. |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) | Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| input | (Optional) | Specifies input policies only. |
| output | (Optional) | Specifies output policies only. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |
| | 12.2(25)SG | Displays results for full flow policing. |

Examples This example shows how to display the statistics and configurations of all input and output policies attached to an interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface

FastEthernet6/1

  service-policy input:ipp5-policy

    class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
      0 packets
      match:ip precedence 5
      set:
        ip precedence 6

    class-map:class-default (match-any)
      0 packets
      match:any
      0 packets
```

```

service-policy output:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
  0 packets
  match:ip precedence 5
  set:
    ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
  0 packets
  match:any
  0 packets
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the input policy statistics and configurations for a specific interface:

```

Switch# show policy-map interface fastethernet 5/36 input
service-policy input:ipp5-policy

class-map:ipp5 (match-all)
  0 packets
  match:ip precedence 5
  set:
    ip precedence 6

class-map:class-default (match-any)
  0 packets
  match:any
  0 packets
Switch#

```

With the following configuration, each flow is policed to a 1000000 bps with an allowed 9000-byte burst value.


Note

If you use the **match flow ip source-address/destination-address** command, these two flows are consolidated into one flow and they have the same source and destination address.

```

Switch# config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)# class-map c1
Switch(config-cmap)# match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14
source-port 14 destination-port
Switch(config-cmap)# exit
Switch(config)# policy-map p1
Switch(config-pmap)# class c1
Switch(config-pmap-c)# police 1000000 9000
Switch(config-pmap-c)# exit
Switch(config-pmap)# exit
Switch(config)# interface fastEthernet 6/1
Switch(config-if)# service-policy input p1
Switch(config-if)# end
Switch# write memory
Switch# show policy-map interface
FastEthernet6/1

class-map c1
  match flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
  destination-port
  !
  policy-map p1
    class c1

```

show policy-map interface

```

    police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop
!
interface FastEthernet 6/1
  service-policy input p1

Switch# show policy-map p1
  Policy Map p1
    Class c1
      police 1000000 bps 9000 byte conform-action transmit exceed-action drop

Switch# show policy-map interface
  FastEthernet6/1

  Service-policy input: p1

    Class-map: c1 (match-all)
      15432182 packets
      Match: flow ip source-address ip destination-address ip protocol 14 source-port 14
destination-port
      police: Per-interface
        Conform: 64995654 bytes Exceed: 2376965424 bytes

    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      0 packets
      Match: any
        0 packets
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| class-map | Creates a class map to be used for matching packets to the class whose name you specify and to be used enter class-map configuration mode. |
| policy-map | Creates a policy map that can be attached to multiple ports to specify a service policy and to enter policy-map configuration mode. |
| show class-map | Displays class map information. |
| show qos | Displays QoS information. |

show policy-map interface vlan

To show the QoS policy-map information applied to a specific VLAN on an interface, use the **show policy-map interface vlan** command.

show policy-map interface vlan *interface-id* **vlan** *vlan-id*

Syntax Description

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| interface <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Displays QoS policy-map information for a specific interface. |
| vlan <i>vlan-id</i> | (Optional) Displays QoS policy-map information for a specific VLAN. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples

Take the following configuration on a non-Supervisor Engine 6-E as an example:

```
interface GigabitEthernet3/1
  vlan-range 20,400
  service-policy input p1
  vlan-range 300-301
  service-policy output p2
```

This example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 20 on the Gigabit Ethernet 6/1 interface:

```
Switch# show policy-map interface gigabitEthernet 3/1 vlan 20
GigabitEthernet3/1 vlan 20

  Service-policy input: p1

    Class-map: class-default (match-any)
      0 packets
      Match: any
        0 packets
      police: Per-interface
        Conform: 0 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes
Switch#
```

Take the following configuration on a non-Supervisor Engine 6-E as an example:

```
interface fastEthernet6/1
  vlan-range 100
  service-policy in p1
```

This example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 100 on the FastEthernet interface:

```
Switch#show policy-map interface fastEthernet 6/1 vlan 100

FastEthernet6/1 vlan 100

  Service-policy input: p1
```

show policy-map interface vlan

```

Class-map: c1 (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: ip dscp af11 (10)
  police: Per-interface
    Conform: 0 bytes Exceed: 0 bytes

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  0 packets
  Match: any
    0 packets
Switch#

```

Take the following configuration on a Supervisor Engine 6-E as an example:

```

interface gigabitEthernet3/1
  vlan-range 100
  service-policy in p1

```

This example shows how to display policy-map statistics on VLAN 100 on the FastEthernet interface:

```

Switch#show policy-map interface gigabitEthernet 3/1 vlan 100
GigabitEthernet3/1 vlan 100

Service-policy input: p1

Class-map: c1 (match-all)
  0 packets
  Match: ip dscp af11 (10)
  police:
    rate 128000 bps, burst 4000 bytes
    conformed 0 packets, 0 bytes; action:
      transmit
    exceeded 0 packets, 0 bytes; action:
      drop
    conformed 0 bps, exceeded 0 bps

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
  0 packets
  Match: any
    0 packets
Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| service-policy (interface configuration) | Attaches a policy map to an interface. |
| show policy-map interface | Displays the statistics and configurations of the input and output policies that are attached to an interface. |

show port-security

To display the port security settings for an interface or for the switch, use the **show port-security** command.

```
show port-security [address] [interface interface-id]
                  [interface port-channel port-channel-number] [vlan vlan-id]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|---|------------|---|
| address | (Optional) | Displays all secure MAC addresses for all ports or for a specific port. |
| interface interface-id | (Optional) | Displays port security settings for a specific interface. |
| interface port-channel port channel-number | (Optional) | Displays port security for a specific port-channel interface. |
| vlan vlan-id | (Optional) | Displays port security settings for a specific VLAN. |

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(18)EW | Support was enhanced to display sticky MAC addresses. |
| | 12.2(25)EWA | Support was enhanced to display settings on a per-VLAN basis. |
| | 12.2(31)SGA | Support was enhanced to display settings on EtherChannel interfaces. |

Usage Guidelines

If you enter the command without keywords, the output includes the administrative and operational status of all secure ports on the switch.

If you enter the *interface-id* value or *port-channel-interface* value, the **show port-security** command displays port security settings for the interface.

If you enter the **address** keyword, the **show port-security address** command displays the secure MAC addresses for all interfaces and the aging information for each secure address.

If you enter the *interface-id* value and the **address** keyword, the **show port-security address interface** command displays all the MAC addresses for the interface with aging information for each secure address. You can also use this command to display all the MAC addresses for an interface even if you have not enabled port security on it.

Sticky MAC addresses are addresses that persist across switch reboots and link flaps.

Examples

This example shows how to display port security settings for the entire switch:

```
Switch# show port-security
Secure Port    MaxSecureAddr  CurrentAddr  SecurityViolation  Security Action
              (Count)        (Count)      (Count)
-----
      Fa3/1          2            2            0            Restrict
      Fa3/2          2            2            0            Restrict
      Fa3/3          2            2            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/4          2            2            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/5          2            2            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/6          2            2            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/7          2            2            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/8          2            2            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/10         1            0            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/11         1            0            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/12         1            0            0            Restrict
      Fa3/13         1            0            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/14         1            0            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/15         1            0            0            Shutdown
      Fa3/16         1            0            0            Shutdown
      Po2            3            1            0            Shutdown
-----
Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port)  :8
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072
Global SNMP trap control for port-security             :20 (traps per second)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display port security settings for interface Fast Ethernet port 1:

```
Switch# show port-security interface fastethernet 5/1
Port Security          : Enabled
Port Status            : Secure-up
Violation Mode         : Shutdown
Aging Time             : 0 mins
Aging Type             : Absolute
SecureStatic Address Aging : Disabled
Maximum MAC Addresses  : 1
Total MAC Addresses    : 1
Configured MAC Addresses : 0
Sticky MAC Addresses   : 1
Last Source Address    : 0000.0001.001a
Security Violation Count : 0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on all switch interfaces:

```
Switch# show port-security address
Secure Mac Address Table
-----
```

| Vlan | Mac Address | Type | Ports | Remaining Age (mins) |
|------|----------------|------------------|-------|----------------------|
| 1 | 0000.0001.0000 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/1 | 15 (I) |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/1 | 14 (I) |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0100 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/2 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0101 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/2 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0200 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/3 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0201 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/3 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0300 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/4 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.0301 | SecureConfigured | Fa3/4 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1000 | SecureDynamic | Fa3/5 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1001 | SecureDynamic | Fa3/5 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1100 | SecureDynamic | Fa3/6 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1101 | SecureDynamic | Fa3/6 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1200 | SecureSticky | Fa3/7 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1201 | SecureSticky | Fa3/7 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1300 | SecureSticky | Fa3/8 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.1301 | SecureSticky | Fa3/8 | - |
| 1 | 0000.0001.2000 | SecureSticky | Po2 | - |

```
-----
Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port) :8
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072
```

This example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addresses on interface GigabitEthernet1/1:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 vlan
Default maximum: 22
VLAN Maximum Current
  2      22      3
  3      22      3
  4      22      3
  5      22      1
  6      22      2
```

This example shows how to display the port security settings on interface GigabitEthernet1/1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 vlan 2-3
Default maximum: 22
VLAN Maximum Current
  2      22      3
  3      22      3
```

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on interface GigabitEthernet1/1 with aging information for each address.

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 address
```

```
Secure Mac Address Table
```

| Vlan | Mac Address | Type | Ports | Remaining Age (mins) |
|------|----------------|------------------|-------|----------------------|
| 2 | 0001.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |
| 2 | 0001.0001.0002 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 3 | 0001.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |
| 3 | 0001.0001.0002 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 3 | 0001.0001.0003 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 4 | 0001.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |
| 4 | 0001.0001.0003 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 6 | 0001.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |
| 6 | 0001.0001.0002 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |

```
Total Addresses: 12
```

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on interface GigabitEthernet1/1 with aging information for each address:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 address vlan 2-3
```

```
Secure Mac Address Table
```

| Vlan | Mac Address | Type | Ports | Remaining Age (mins) |
|------|----------------|------------------|-------|----------------------|
| 2 | 0001.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |
| 2 | 0001.0001.0002 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 2 | 0001.0001.0003 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 3 | 0001.0001.0001 | SecureConfigured | Gi1/1 | - |
| 3 | 0001.0001.0002 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |
| 3 | 0001.0001.0003 | SecureSticky | Gi1/1 | - |

```
Total Addresses: 12
```

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addresses on Fast Ethernet port 1:

```
Switch# show port-security interface fastEthernet5/1 vlan
```

```
Default maximum: 22
```

| VLAN | Maximum | Current |
|------|---------|---------|
| 2 | 22 | 3 |
| 3 | 22 | 3 |
| 5 | 22 | 1 |
| 6 | 22 | 2 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the port security settings on Fast Ethernet port 1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

```
Switch# show port-security interface fastEthernet5/1 vlan 2-3
```

```
Default maximum: 22
```

| VLAN | Maximum | Current |
|------|---------|---------|
| 2 | 22 | 3 |
| 3 | 22 | 3 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on Fast Ethernet port 1 with aging information for each address.

Switch# **show port-security interface fastethernet5/1 address**

```

Secure Mac Address Table
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type                Ports    Remaining Age(mins)
----    -
2       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0002   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0003   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0002   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0003   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
4       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
4       0001.0001.0002   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
4       0001.0001.0003   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
5       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
6       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
6       0001.0001.0002   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
-----

```

Total Addresses: 12

Switch#

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on Fast Ethernet port 1 with aging information for each address:

Switch# **show port-security interface fastethernet5/1 address vlan 2-3**

```

Secure Mac Address Table
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type                Ports    Remaining Age(mins)
----    -
2       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0002   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0003   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0001   SecureConfigured    Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0002   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0003   SecureSticky        Gi1/1    -
-----

```

Total Addresses: 12

Switch#

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on all switch interfaces:

```
Switch# show port-security address
Secure Mac Address Table
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type                Ports    Remaining Age
(mins)
-----
  1     0000.0001.0000   SecureConfigured   Fa3/1    15 (I)
  1     0000.0001.0001   SecureConfigured   Fa3/1    14 (I)
  1     0000.0001.0100   SecureConfigured   Fa3/2    -
  1     0000.0001.0101   SecureConfigured   Fa3/2    -
  1     0000.0001.0200   SecureConfigured   Fa3/3    -
  1     0000.0001.0201   SecureConfigured   Fa3/3    -
  1     0000.0001.0300   SecureConfigured   Fa3/4    -
  1     0000.0001.0301   SecureConfigured   Fa3/4    -
  1     0000.0001.1000   SecureDynamic      Fa3/5    -
  1     0000.0001.1001   SecureDynamic      Fa3/5    -
  1     0000.0001.1100   SecureDynamic      Fa3/6    -
  1     0000.0001.1101   SecureDynamic      Fa3/6    -
  1     0000.0001.1200   SecureSticky       Fa3/7    -
  1     0000.0001.1201   SecureSticky       Fa3/7    -
  1     0000.0001.1300   SecureSticky       Fa3/8    -
  1     0000.0001.1301   SecureSticky       Fa3/8    -
-----
Total Addresses in System (excluding one mac per port)    :8
Max Addresses limit in System (excluding one mac per port) :3072
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the maximum allowed number of secure MAC addresses and the current number of secure MAC addresses on interface GigabitEthernet1/1:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 vlan
Default maximum: 22
VLAN Maximum Current
  2         22      3
  3         22      3
  4         22      3
  5         22      1
  6         22      2
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the port security settings on interface GigabitEthernet1/1 for VLANs 2 and 3:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 vlan 2-3
Default maximum: 22
VLAN Maximum Current
  2         22      3
  3         22      3
Switch#
```


This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on interface GigabitEthernet1/1 with aging information for each address.

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 address
```

```

Secure Mac Address Table
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type                Ports    Remaining Age(mins)
----    -
2       0001.0001.0001  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0002  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0001  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0002  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0003  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
4       0001.0001.0001  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
4       0001.0001.0003  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
6       0001.0001.0001  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
6       0001.0001.0002  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
-----
Total Addresses: 12
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display all secure MAC addresses configured on VLANs 2 and 3 on interface GigabitEthernet1/1 with aging information for each address:

```
Switch# show port-security interface gigabitEthernet1/1 address vlan 2-3
```

```

Secure Mac Address Table
-----
Vlan    Mac Address      Type                Ports    Remaining Age(mins)
----    -
2       0001.0001.0001  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0002  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
2       0001.0001.0003  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0001  SecureConfigured   Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0002  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
3       0001.0001.0003  SecureSticky       Gi1/1    -
-----
Total Addresses: 12
Switch#

```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|--|
| switchport port-security | Enables port security on an interface. |

show power

To display information about the power status, use the **show power** command.

```
show power [available | capabilities | detail | inline {[interface] | consumption default | module
mod} | module | status | supplies]
```

| Syntax Description | | |
|----------------------------|------------|--|
| available | (Optional) | Displays the available system power. |
| capabilities | (Optional) | Displays the individual power supply capabilities. |
| detail | (Optional) | Displays detailed information on power resources. |
| inline | (Optional) | Displays the PoE status. |
| <i>interface</i> | (Optional) | Type of interface; the only valid value is fastethernet . |
| consumption default | (Optional) | Displays the PoE consumption. |
| module mod | (Optional) | Displays the PoE consumption for the specified module. |
| module | (Optional) | Displays the power consumption for each module. |
| status | (Optional) | Displays the power supply status. |
| supplies | (Optional) | Displays the number of power supplies needed by the system. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(25)SG | Displays inline power handling for the Supervisor Engine II-TS. |

Usage Guidelines

If a powered device is connected to an interface with external power, the switch does not recognize the powered device. The Device column in the output of the **show power inline** command displays as unknown.

If your port is not capable of supporting Power over Ethernet, you will receive this message:

```
Power over Ethernet not supported on interface Admin
```

The **show power in-line interface | module** command displays the amount of power that is used to operate a Cisco 7960 IP Phone. To view the amount of power requested, use the **show cdp neighbors** command.

Because of the PoE consumed by FPGAs and other hardware components on the module the operating PoE consumption for an 802.3af-compliant module can be nonzero, even when there are no powered devices attached to the module. The operating PoE can vary by as much as 20 W because of fluctuations in the PoE that is consumed by the hardware components.

Examples

This example shows how to display information about the general power supply:

```
Switch# show power
Power
Supply Model No          Type          Status          Fan      Inline
Sensor Status
-----
PS1     PWR-C45-2800AC        AC 2800W      good           good     good
PS2     PWR-C45-1000AC        AC 1000W      err-disable    good     n.a.

*** Power Supplies of different type have been detected***

Power supplies needed by system   :1
Power supplies currently available :1

Power Summary
(in Watts)          Used      Maximum
-----
System Power (12V)   328       1360
Inline Power (-50V)  0         1400
Backplane Power (3.3V) 10         40
-----
Total Used           338 (not to exceed Total Maximum Available = 750)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the amount of available system power:

```
Switch# show power available
Power Summary
(in Watts)  Available  Used  Remaining
-----
System Power   1360      280   1080
Inline Power   1400       0    1400
Maximum Power  2800      280   2520
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display detailed information for system power.

```
Switch# show power detail
Power
Supply Model No          Type          Status          Fan      Inline
Sensor Status
-----
PS1     PWR-C45-1400DC        DCSP1400W     good           good     n.a.
PS1-1                   12.5A         good
PS1-2                   15.0A         off
PS1-3                   15.0A         off
PS2     none                --            --            --      --

Power supplies needed by system   : 1
Power supplies currently available : 1

Power Summary
(in Watts)          Used      Maximum
-----
System Power (12V)   360       360
Inline Power (-50V)  0         0
Backplane Power (3.3V) 0         40
-----
Total                360       400
Switch#
```

show power

Module Inline Power Summary (Watts)
(12V -> -48V on board conversion)

```

-----
Mod      Used      Maximum
-----
1        5          25
-----

```

```

-----
Mod      Model      Watts Used of System Power (12V)
-----
          currently out of reset in reset
-----
1        WS-X4013+TS      180      180      180
2        WS-X4506-GB-T    60        60        20
3        WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 90        90        50
--      Fan Tray        30        --        --
-----
          Total      360      330      250
-----

```

```

-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)
-----
          Inline Power Admin Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
2        WS-X4506-GB-T    0        0        0        0        89
3        WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 -         -         -         -         -
-----
          Total      0        0        0        0
-----

```

```

-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)
-----
          Inline Power Admin Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
1        WS-X4013+TS      6        5        3        3        90
-----

```

Switch#

This example shows how to display power consumption for the module.

Switch# **show power module**

Watts Used of System Power (12V)

```

-----
Mod      Model      currently out of reset in reset
-----
1        WS-X4013+TS      180      180      180
2        WS-X4506-GB-T    60        60        20
3        WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 90        90        50
--      Fan Tray        30        --        --
-----
          Total      360      330      250
-----

```

```

-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)
-----
          Inline Power Admin Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
2        WS-X4506-GB-T    0        0        0        0        89
3        WS-X4424-GB-RJ45 -         -         -         -         -
-----
          Total      0        0        0        0
-----

```

Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)

```

-----
Mod      Model      Inline Power Admin Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
1        WS-X4013+TS      6        5        3        3        90
-----

```

Switch#

**Note**

The “Inline Power Oper” column displays the PoE consumed by the powered devices attached to the module in addition to the PoE consumed by the FPGAs and other hardware components on the module. The “Inline Power Admin” column displays only the PoE allocated by the powered devices attached to the module.

This example shows how to display the power status information:

```
Switch# show power status
Power Supply      Model No          Type          Status      Fan Sensor  Inline Status
-----
PS1               PWR-C45-2800AC   AC 2800W     good        good      good      good
PS2               PWR-C45-2800AC   AC 2800W     good        good      good      good

Power Supply      Max      Min      Max      Min      Absolute
(Nos in Watts)   Inline   Inline   System   System   Maximum
-----
PS1               1400    1400    1360    1360    2800
PS2               1400    1400    1360    1360    2800
Switch#
```

This example shows how to verify the PoE consumption for the switch:

```
Switch# show power inline consumption default
Default PD consumption : 5000 mW
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the status of inline power:

```
Switch# show power inline
Available:677(w) Used:117(w) Remaining:560(w)

Interface Admin Oper          Power(Watts) Device          Class
          From PS  To Device
-----
Fa3/1     auto  on           17.3    15.4    Ieee PD         0
Fa3/2     auto  on            4.5     4.0    Ieee PD         1
Fa3/3     auto  on            7.1     6.3    Cisco IP Phone 7960 0
Fa3/4     auto  on            7.1     6.3    Cisco IP Phone 7960 n/a
Fa3/5     auto  on           17.3    15.4    Ieee PD         0
Fa3/6     auto  on           17.3    15.4    Ieee PD         0
Fa3/7     auto  on            4.5     4.0    Ieee PD         1
Fa3/8     auto  on            7.9     7.0    Ieee PD         2
Fa3/9     auto  on           17.3    15.4    Ieee PD         3
Fa3/10    auto  on           17.3    15.4    Ieee PD         4
Fa3/11    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/12    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/13    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/14    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/15    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/16    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/17    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a
Fa3/18    auto  off            0        0      n/a             n/a

-----

Totals:           10  on    117.5    104.6

Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the number of power supplies needed by the system:

```
Switch# show power supplies
Power supplies needed by system = 2
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the PoE status for Fast Ethernet interface 3/1:

```
Switch# show power inline fastethernet3/1
Available:677(w) Used:11(w) Remaining:666(w)
```

| Interface | Admin | Oper | Power (Watts) | | Device | Class |
|-----------|-------|------|---------------|-----------|---------|-------|
| | | | From PS | To Device | | |
| Fa3/1 | auto | on | 11.2 | 10.0 | Ieee PD | 0 |

```
Interface AdminPowerMax AdminConsumption
(Watts) (Watts)
-----
Fa3/1 15.4 10.0
Switch#
```



Note

When the Supervisor Engine II+TS is used with the 1400 W DC power supply (PWR-C45-1400DC), and only one 12.5 A input of the DC power supply is used, the supervisor engine's power consumption may vary depending on whether there is any linecard inserted at slot 2 and 3, as well as on the type of linecards inserted. This amount varies between 155 W and 330 W. This variability also affects the maximum amount of available supervisor engine inline power, which can also vary from 0 W to 175 W. Therefore, it is possible for a supervisor engine to deny inline power to some connected inline power devices when one or more linecards are inserted into the chassis.

The output of the commands **show power detail** and **show power module** display the supervisor engine's variable power consumption and its inline power summary.

```
Switch# show power detail
sh power detail
Power
Supply Model No Type Status Fan Inline
Sensor Status
-----
PS1 PWR-C45-1400DC DCSP1400W good good n.a.
PS1-1 12.5A good
PS1-2 15.0A off
PS1-3 15.0A off
PS2 none -- -- -- --

Power supplies needed by system : 1
Power supplies currently available : 1

Power Summary Maximum
(in Watts) Used Available
-----
System Power (12V) 360 360
Inline Power (-50V) 0 0
Backplane Power (3.3V) 0 40
-----
Total 360 400
```

Module Inline Power Summary (Watts)
(12V -> -48V on board conversion)

```
-----
Mod      Used      Maximum
-----
1         5         25
-----
```

```
-----
Mod      Model      Watts Used of System Power (12V)
          currently out of reset  in reset
-----
1      WS-X4013+TS      180      180      180
2      WS-X4506-GB-T      60      60      20
3      WS-X4424-GB-RJ45    90      90      50
--     Fan Tray        30      --      --
-----
Total      360      330      250
-----
```

```
-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)
          Inline Power Admin  Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
2      WS-X4506-GB-T      0      0      0      0      89
3      WS-X4424-GB-RJ45    -      -      -      -      -
-----
Total      0      0      0      0
-----
```

```
-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)
          Inline Power Admin  Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
1      WS-X4013+TS      6      5      3      3      90
-----
```

Switch#sh power module
sh power module

```
-----
Mod      Model      Watts Used of System Power (12V)
          currently out of reset  in reset
-----
1      WS-X4013+TS      180      180      180
2      WS-X4506-GB-T      60      60      20
3      WS-X4424-GB-RJ45    90      90      50
--     Fan Tray        30      --      --
-----
Total      360      330      250
-----
```

```
-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Chassis Inline Power (-50V)
          Inline Power Admin  Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
2      WS-X4506-GB-T      0      0      0      0      89
3      WS-X4424-GB-RJ45    -      -      -      -      -
-----
Total      0      0      0      0
-----
```

```
-----
Mod      Model      Watts used of Module Inline Power (12V -> -50V)
          Inline Power Admin  Inline Power Oper
          PS      Device      PS      Device      Efficiency
-----
1      WS-X4013+TS      6      5      3      3      90
-----
```

Switch#

show power

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| | power dc input | Configures the power DC input parameters on the switch. |
| | power inline | Sets the inline-power state for the inline-power-capable interfaces. |
| | power inline consumption | Sets the default power that is allocated to an interface for all the inline-power-capable interfaces on the switch. |
| | power redundancy-mode | Configures the power settings for the chassis. |

show qos

To display QoS information, use the **show qos** command.

show qos

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines This command is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Examples This example shows the output that might be displayed if you do not enter any keywords:

```
Switch# show qos
  QoS is enabled globally
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | qos (global configuration mode) | Globally enables QoS functionality on the switch. |
| | qos (interface configuration mode) | Enables QoS functionality on an interface. |

show qos aggregate policer

To display QoS aggregate policer information, use the **show qos aggregate policer** command.

```
show qos aggregate policer [aggregate_name]
```

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | <i>aggregate_name</i> (Optional) Named aggregate policer. |
|---------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | <p>This command is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.</p> <p>The aggregate policer name is case sensitive.</p> |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This example shows the output if you do not enter any keywords: |
|-----------------|---|

```
Switch# show qos aggregate policer
Policer aggr-1
Rate(bps):10000000 Normal-Burst(bytes):1000000
conform-action:transmit exceed-action:policed-dscp-transmit
Policymaps using this policer:
 ipp5-policy
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | qos aggregate-policer | Defines a named aggregate policer. |

show qos dbl

To display global Dynamic Buffer Limiting (DBL) information, use the **show qos dbl** command.

show qos dbl

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines This command is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Examples This example shows how to display global DBL information:

```
Switch# show qos dbl
DBL is enabled globally
DBL flow includes vlan
DBL flow includes l4-ports
DBL does not use ecn to indicate congestion
DBL exceed-action mark probability:15%
DBL max credits:15
DBL aggressive credit limit:10
DBL aggressive buffer limit:2 packets
DBL DSCPs with default drop probability:
  1-10
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | qos (global configuration mode) | Globally enables QoS functionality on the switch. |
| | qos dbl | Enables Dynamic Buffer Limiting (DBL) globally on the switch. |

show qos interface

To display queuing information, use the **show qos interface** command.

```
show qos interface {fastethernet interface-number | gigabitethernet interface-number} |
[vlan vlan_id | port-channel number]
```

| Syntax Description | fastethernet interface-number | Specifies the Fast Ethernet 802.3 interface. |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| | gigabitethernet interface-number | Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet 802.3z interface. |
| | vlan vlan_id | (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| | port-channel number | (Optional) Specifies the port channel; valid ranges are from 1 to 64. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(13)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |
| | 12.1(19)EW | Display changed to include the Port Trust Device. |

Usage Guidelines This command is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Examples This example shows how to display queuing information:

```
Switch# show qos interface fastethernet 6/1
  QoS is enabled globally
  Port QoS is enabled
  Administrative Port Trust State: 'dscp'
  Operational Port Trust State: 'untrusted'
  Port Trust Device: 'cisco-phone'
  Default DSCP:0 Default CoS:0

  Tx-Queue  Bandwidth  ShapeRate  Priority  QueueSize
            (bps)      (bps)      N/A       (packets)
  1          31250000  disabled   N/A       240
  2          31250000  disabled   N/A       240
  3          31250000  disabled   normal    240
  4          31250000  disabled   N/A       240
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | qos map cos | Defines the ingress CoS-to-DSCP mapping for the trusted interfaces. |
| | show qos | Displays QoS information. |
| | tx-queue | Configures the transmit queue parameters for an interface. |

show qos maps

To display QoS map information, use the **show qos maps** command.

```
show qos maps [cos | dscp [policed | tx-queue]]
```

| Syntax Description | cos | (Optional) Displays CoS map information. |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| | dscp | (Optional) Displays DSCP map information. |
| | policed | (Optional) Displays policed map information. |
| | tx-queue | (Optional) Displays tx-queue map information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines This command is not supported on the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis.

Examples This example shows how to display QoS map settings:

```
Switch# show qos maps
DSCP-TxQueue Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2)
d1 :d2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
-----
0 : 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01
1 : 01 01 01 01 01 01 02 02 02 02
2 : 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02
3 : 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03
4 : 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 04 04
5 : 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04
6 : 04 04 04 04

Policed DSCP Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2)
d1 :d2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
-----
0 : 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09
1 : 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
2 : 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
3 : 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
4 : 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
5 : 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59
6 : 60 61 62 63
```

```

DSCP-CoS Mapping Table (dscp = d1d2)
d1 :d2  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9
-----
0  :   00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 01
1  :   01 01 01 01 01 01 02 02 02 02
2  :   02 02 02 02 03 03 03 03 03 03
3  :   03 03 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04
4  :   05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 06 06
5  :   06 06 06 06 06 06 07 07 07 07
6  :   07 07 07 07

```

```

CoS-DSCP Mapping Table
CoS:  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7
-----
DSCP: 0  8 16 24 32 40 48 56

```

```
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| qos (global configuration mode) | Globally enables QoS functionality on the switch. |
| qos (interface configuration mode) | Enables QoS functionality on an interface. |

show redundancy

To display redundancy facility information, use the **show redundancy** command.

show redundancy { clients | counters | history | states }

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|---|
| clients | (Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility client. |
| counters | (Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility counter. |
| history | (Optional) Displays a log of past status and related information for the redundancy facility. |
| states | (Optional) Displays information about the redundancy facility state, such as disabled, initialization, standby, active. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1.(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch (Catalyst 4507R only). |
| | 12.2(31)SGA | Support for ISSU was introduced. |

Examples This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility:

```
Switch# show redundancy
Switch# show redundancy
4507r-demo#show redundancy
Redundant System Information :
-----
    Available system uptime = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
Switchovers system experienced = 0
    Standby failures = 0
    Last switchover reason = none

    Hardware Mode = Duplex
    Configured Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
    Operating Redundancy Mode = Stateful Switchover
    Maintenance Mode = Disabled
    Communications = Up

Current Processor Information :
-----
    Active Location = slot 1
    Current Software state = ACTIVE
    Uptime in current state = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
    Image Version = Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) Catalyst 4000 L3 Switch Software (cat4000-I5S-M), Version 12.2(20)EWA(3
.92), CISCO INTERNAL USE ONLY ENHANCED PRODUCTION VERSION
```



```

Copyright (c) 1986-2004 by cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 14-Jul-04 04:42 by esi
          BOOT = bootflash:cat4000-i5s-mz.122_20_EWA_392,1
Configuration register = 0x2002

Peer Processor Information :
-----
          Standby Location = slot 2
          Current Software state = STANDBY HOT
          Uptime in current state = 2 days, 2 hours, 39 minutes
          Image Version = Cisco Internetwork Operating System Software
IOS (tm) Catalyst 4000 L3 Switch Software (cat4000-I5S-M), Version 12.2(20)EWA(3
.92), CISCO INTERNAL USE ONLY ENHANCED PRODUCTION VERSION
Copyright (c) 1986-2004 by cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 14-Jul-04 0
          BOOT = bootflash:cat4000-i5s-mz.122_20_EWA_392,1
Configuration register = 0x2002

Switch#

```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility client information:

```

Switch# show redundancy clients
clientID = 0          clientSeq = 0          RF_INTERNAL_MSG
clientID = 30        clientSeq = 135         Redundancy Mode RF
clientID = 28        clientSeq = 330         GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC
clientID = 65000     clientSeq = 65000      RF_LAST_CLIENT Switch

```

The output displays the following information:

- clientID displays the client's ID number.
- clientSeq displays the client's notification sequence number.
- Current redundancy facility state.

This example shows how to display the redundancy facility counter information:

```

Switch# show redundancy counters
Redundancy Facility OMs
          comm link up = 1
          comm link down down = 0

          invalid client tx = 0
          null tx by client = 0
          tx failures = 0
          tx msg length invalid = 0

          client not rxing msgs = 0
          rx peer msg routing errors = 0
          null peer msg rx = 0
          errored peer msg rx = 0

          buffers tx = 1535
          tx buffers unavailable = 0
          buffers rx = 1530
          buffer release errors = 0

          duplicate client registers = 0
          failed to register client = 0
          Invalid client syncs = 0
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display redundancy facility history information:

```
Switch# show redundancy history
00:00:01 client added: RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) seq=0
00:00:01 client added: RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) seq=65000
00:00:01 client added: GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) seq=330
00:00:03 client added: Redundancy Mode RF(30) seq=135
00:00:03 *my state = INITIALIZATION(2) *peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 RF_PROG_INITIALIZATION(100) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:03 *my state = NEGOTIATION(3) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_EVENT_GO_ACTIVE(511) op=0
00:00:25 *my state = ACTIVE-FAST(9) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0
00:00:25 RF_STATUS_MAINTENANCE_ENABLE(403) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_FAST(200) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 *my state = ACTIVE-DRAIN(10) peer state = DISABLED(1)
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=11
00:00:25 RF_PROG_ACTIVE_DRAIN(201) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) RF_INTERNAL_MSG(0) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) Redundancy Mode RF(30) op=0 rc=11
00:01:34 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=0 rc=0
00:01:34 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION(503) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=1 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE(506) GALIOS_CONFIG_SYNC(28) op=300
00:01:36 RF_PROG_PLATFORM_SYNC(300) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=0 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_CLIENT_PROGRESSION(503) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=1 rc=0
00:01:36 RF_EVENT_PEER_PROG_DONE(506) RF_LAST_CLIENT(65000) op=300
00:01:38 *my state = ACTIVE(13) *peer state = STANDBY COLD(4)
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display information about the redundancy facility state:

```
Switch# show redundancy states
my state = 13 -ACTIVE
    peer state = 8 -STANDBY HOT
        Mode = Duplex
        Unit = Primary
        Unit ID = 2

Redundancy Mode (Operational) = Stateful Switchover
Redundancy Mode (Configured) = Stateful Switchover
    Split Mode = Disabled
    Manual Swact = Enabled
    Communications = Up

    client count = 21
    client_notification_TMR = 240000 milliseconds
        keep_alive TMR = 9000 milliseconds
        keep_alive count = 0
    keep_alive threshold = 18
    RF debug mask = 0x0
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | redundancy | Enters the redundancy configuration mode. |
| | redundancy force-switchover | Forces a switchover from the active to the standby supervisor engine. |

show redundancy config-sync

To display an ISSU config-sync failure or the ignored mismatched command list (MCL), if any, use the **show redundancy config-sync** command.

```
show redundancy config-sync {failures | ignored} {bem | mcl| prc}
```

```
show redundancy config-sync ignored failures mcl
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| failures | Displays MCL entries or BEM/PRC failures. |
| ignored | Displays the ignored MCL entries. |
| bem | (Deprecated) |
| mcl | Displays commands that exist in the active supervisor engine's running configuration, but are not supported by the image on the standby supervisor engine. |
| prc | Displays a Parser Return Code (PRC) failure and forces the system to operate in RPR mode provided there is a mismatch in the return code for a command execution at the active and standby supervisor engine. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

User EXEC

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.2(31)SGA | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(44)SG | Updated command syntax from issu config-sync to redundancy config-sync. |

Usage Guidelines

When two versions of Cisco IOS images are involved, the command sets supported by two images might differ. If any of those mismatched commands are executed on the active supervisor engine, the standby supervisor engine might not recognize those commands. This causes a config mismatch condition. If the syntax check for the command fails on standby supervisor engine during a bulk sync, the command is moved into the MCL and the standby supervisor engine is reset. To display all the mismatched commands, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures mcl** command.

To *clean* the MCL, follow these steps:

-
- Step 1** Remove all mismatched commands from the active supervisor engines' running configuration.
 - Step 2** Revalidate the MCL with a modified running configuration using the **redundancy config-sync validate mismatched-commands** command.
 - Step 3** Reload the standby supervisor engine.
-

Alternatively, you could ignore the MCL by following these steps:

-
- Step 1** Enter the **redundancy config-sync ignore mismatched-commands** command.
 - Step 2** Reload the standby supervisor engine; the system transitions to SSO mode.



Note If you ignore the mismatched commands, the *out-of-sync* configuration at the active supervisor engine and the standby supervisor engine still exists.

- Step 3** You can verify the ignored MCL with the **show redundancy config-sync ignored mcl** command.
-

Each command sets a return code in the action function that implements the command. This return code indicates whether or not the command successfully executes. The active supervisor engine maintains the PRC after executing a command. The standby supervisor engine executes the command and sends PRC back to the active supervisor engine. PRC failure occurs if these two PRCs do not match. If a PRC error occurs at the standby supervisor engine either during bulk sync or LBL sync, the standby supervisor engine is reset. To display all PRC failures, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures prc** command.

To display best effort method (BEM) errors, use the **show redundancy config-sync failures bem** command.

Examples

The following example shows how to display the ISSU BEM failures:

```
Switch# show redundancy config-sync failures bem
BEM Failed Command List
-----
```

```
The list is Empty
Switch#
```

The following example shows how to display the ISSU MCL failures:

```
Switch# show redundancy config-sync failures mcl
Mismatched Command List
-----
```

```
The list is Empty
Switch#
```

■ show redundancy config-sync

The following example shows how to display the ISSU PRC failures:

```
Switch#show redundancy config-sync failures prc
PRC Failed Command List
-----
interface FastEthernet3/2
! <submode> "interface"
- channel-protocol pagp
! </submode> "interface"
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| redundancy config-sync mismatched-commands | Moves the active supervisor engine into the Mismatched Command List (MCL) and resets the standby supervisor engine. |

show running-config

To display the module status and configuration, use the **show running-config** command.

show running-config [*module slot*]

| Syntax Description | module slot (Optional) Specifies the module slot number; valid values are from 1 to 6. | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------|--------------|------------|---|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. | | | | |
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12.1(8a)EW</td> <td>Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. | | | | |

Usage Guidelines

In some cases, you might see a difference in the duplex mode displayed when you enter the **show interfaces** command and the **show running-config** command. If you do see a difference, the duplex mode displayed in the **show interfaces** command is the actual duplex mode that the interface is running. The **show interfaces** command shows the operating mode for an interface, while the **show running-config** command shows the configured mode for an interface.

The **show running-config** command output for an interface may display a duplex mode configuration but no configuration for the speed. When no speed is displayed in the output, it indicates that the interface speed is configured to be auto and that the duplex mode shown becomes the operational setting once the speed is configured to something other than auto. With this configuration, it is possible that the operating duplex mode for that interface does not match the duplex mode shown with the **show running-config** command.

Examples

This example shows how to display the module and status configuration for all modules:

```
Switch# show running-config
03:23:36:%SYS-5-CONFIG_I:Configured from console by consolesh runn
Building configuration...

Current configuration:3268 bytes
!
version 12.1
no service pad
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname Switch
!
!
power supplies required 1
ip subnet-zero
```

```
!  
!  
!  
interface FastEthernet1  
  no ip address  
  shutdown  
  duplex auto  
  speed auto  
Switch#
```

This example shows the output for the **show running-config** command when you have enabled the **switchport voice vlan** command:

```
Switch# show running-config int fastethernet 6/1  
Building configuration...  
  
Current configuration:133 bytes  
!  
interface FastEthernet6/1  
  switchport voice vlan 2  
  no snmp trap link-status  
  spanning-tree portfast  
  channel-group 1 mode on  
end  
  
Switch#
```


show slavebootflash:

To display information about the standby bootflash file system, use the **show slavebootflash:** command.

show slavebootflash: [all | chips | fileys]

| Syntax Description | all | (Optional) Displays all possible Flash information. |
|--------------------|---------------|---|
| | chips | (Optional) Displays Flash chip information. |
| | fileys | (Optional) Displays file system information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display file system status information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash: fileys

----- F I L E   S Y S T E M   S T A T U S -----
Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
  Magic Number      = 6887635   File System Vers = 10000   (1.0)
  Length            = 1000000   Sector Size      = 40000
  Programming Algorithm = 39     Erased State     = FFFFFFFF
  File System Offset = 40000     Length           = F40000
  MONLIB Offset     = 100       Length           = C628
  Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8   Length           = 8
  Squeeze Log Offset = F80000   Length           = 40000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000  Length           = 40000
  Num Spare Sectors = 0
  Spares:
STATUS INFO:
  Writable
  NO File Open for Write
  Complete Stats
  No Unrecovered Errors
  No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
  Bytes Used      = 917CE8   Bytes Available = 628318
  Bad Sectors    = 0        Spared Sectors  = 0
  OK Files       = 2        Bytes           = 917BE8
  Deleted Files  = 0        Bytes           = 0
  Files w/Errors = 0        Bytes           = 0
Switch>
```

show slavebootflash:

This example shows how to display system image information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash:
-# - ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1  .. image      8C5A393A  237E3C   14  2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-mz
2  .. image      D86EE0AD  957CE8    9  7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display all bootflash information:

```
Switch# show slavebootflash: all
-# - ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1  .. image      8C5A393A  237E3C   14  2063804 Aug 23 1999 16:18:45 c4-boot-
mz
2  .. image      D86EE0AD  957CE8    9  7470636 Sep 20 1999 13:48:49 rp.halley

6456088 bytes available (9534696 bytes used)

----- F I L E   S Y S T E M   S T A T U S -----
Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: bootflash
  Magic Number          = 6887635   File System Vers = 10000   (1.0)
  Length                = 1000000   Sector Size      = 40000
  Programming Algorithm = 39        Erased State     = FFFFFFFF
  File System Offset    = 40000     Length = F40000
  MONLIB Offset        = 100        Length = C628
  Bad Sector Map Offset = 3FFF8     Length = 8
  Squeeze Log Offset   = F80000    Length = 40000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FC0000    Length = 40000
  Num Spare Sectors    = 0

Spares:
STATUS INFO:
  Writable
  NO File Open for Write
  Complete Stats
  No Unrecovered Errors
  No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
  Bytes Used          = 917CE8   Bytes Available = 628318
  Bad Sectors         = 0        Spared Sectors  = 0
  OK Files            = 2        Bytes = 917BE8
  Deleted Files       = 0        Bytes = 0
  Files w/Errors      = 0        Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

show slaveslot0:

To display information about the file system on the standby supervisor engine, use the **show slaveslot0:** command.

show slot0: [all | chips | fileys]

| Syntax Description | all | (Optional) Displays all Flash information including the output from the show slot0: chips and show slot0: fileys commands. |
|--------------------|---------------|--|
| | chips | (Optional) Displays Flash chip register information. |
| | fileys | (Optional) Displays file system status information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display a summary of the file system:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0:
-# - ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1 .. image      6375DBB7  A4F144      6 10678468 Nov 09 1999 10:50:42 halley

5705404 bytes available (10678596 bytes used)
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display Flash chip information:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0: chips
***** Intel Series 2+ Status/Register Dump *****
ATTRIBUTE MEMORY REGISTERS:
  Config Option Reg (4000): 2
  Config Status Reg (4002): 0
  Card Status Reg (4100): 1
  Write Protect Reg (4104): 4
  Voltage Cntrl Reg (410C): 0
  Rdy/Busy Mode Reg (4140): 2

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 0
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
```

```
show slaveslot0:
```

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 1
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global      Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 2
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global      Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 3
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global      Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 4
  Intelligent ID Code : FFFFFFFF
  IID Not Intel -- assuming bank not populated
```

This example shows how to display file system information:

```
Switch# show slaveslot0: filesystems
----- F I L E   S Y S T E M   S T A T U S -----
  Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: slot0
  Magic Number      = 6887635   File System Vers = 10000   (1.0)
  Length            = 1000000   Sector Size      = 20000
  Programming Algorithm = 4     Erased State     = FFFFFFFF
  File System Offset = 20000    Length = FA0000
  MONLIB Offset     = 100      Length = F568
  Bad Sector Map Offset = 1FFF0  Length = 10
  Squeeze Log Offset = FC0000  Length = 20000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FE0000 Length = 20000
  Num Spare Sectors = 0
  Spares:
STATUS INFO:
  Writable
  NO File Open for Write
  Complete Stats
  No Unrecovered Errors
  No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
  Bytes Used      = 9F365C   Bytes Available = 5AC9A4
  Bad Sectors    = 0        Spared Sectors  = 0
  OK Files       = 1        Bytes = 9F35DC
  Deleted Files  = 0        Bytes = 0
  Files w/Errors = 0        Bytes =
Switch>
```

show slot0:

To display information about the slot0: file system, use the **show slot0:** command.

show slot0: [all | chips | fileys]

| Syntax Description | all | (Optional) Displays all Flash information including the output from the show slot0: chips and show slot0: fileys commands. |
|--------------------|---------------|--|
| | chips | (Optional) Displays Flash chip register information. |
| | fileys | (Optional) Displays file system status information. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display a summary of the file system:

```
Switch# show slot0:
-# - ED --type-- --crc--- -seek-- nlen -length- -----date/time----- name
1  .. image      6375DBB7  A4F144    6 10678468 Nov 09 1999 10:50:42 halley

5705404 bytes available (10678596 bytes used)
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display Flash chip information:

```
Switch# show slot0: chips
***** Intel Series 2+ Status/Register Dump *****
ATTRIBUTE MEMORY REGISTERS:
  Config Option Reg (4000): 2
  Config Status Reg (4002): 0
  Card Status Reg (4100): 1
  Write Protect Reg (4104): 4
  Voltage Cntrl Reg (410C): 0
  Rdy/Busy Mode Reg (4140): 2

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 0
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
```

```
show slot0:
```

```
COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 1
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global      Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 2
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global      Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 3
  Intelligent ID Code : 8989A0A0
  Compatible Status Reg: 8080
  Global      Status Reg: B0B0
  Block Status Regs:
    0 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
    8 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   16 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0
   24 : B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0 B0B0

COMMON MEMORY REGISTERS: Bank 4
  Intelligent ID Code : FFFFFFFF
  IID Not Intel -- assuming bank not populated
Switch>
```

This example shows how to display file system information:

```
Switch# show slot0: filesystems
----- F I L E   S Y S T E M   S T A T U S -----
  Device Number = 0
DEVICE INFO BLOCK: slot0
  Magic Number      = 6887635   File System Vers = 10000   (1.0)
  Length            = 1000000   Sector Size      = 20000
  Programming Algorithm = 4     Erased State     = FFFFFFFF
  File System Offset = 20000    Length = FA0000
  MONLIB Offset     = 100      Length = F568
  Bad Sector Map Offset = 1FFF0  Length = 10
  Squeeze Log Offset = FC0000  Length = 20000
  Squeeze Buffer Offset = FE0000 Length = 20000
  Num Spare Sectors = 0
  Spares:
STATUS INFO:
  Writable
  NO File Open for Write
  Complete Stats
  No Unrecovered Errors
  No Squeeze in progress
USAGE INFO:
  Bytes Used      = 9F365C   Bytes Available = 5AC9A4
  Bad Sectors     = 0       Spared Sectors  = 0
  OK Files        = 1       Bytes = 9F35DC
  Deleted Files   = 0       Bytes = 0
  Files w/Errors  = 0       Bytes = 0
Switch>
```

show spanning-tree

To display spanning-tree state information, use the **show spanning-tree** command.

```
show spanning-tree [bridge_group | active | backbonefast | bridge [id] | inconsistentports |
interface type | root | summary [total] | uplinkfast | vlan vlan_id | pathcost method | detail]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <i>bridge_group</i> | (Optional) Specifies the bridge group number; valid values are from 1 to 255. |
| active | (Optional) Displays the spanning-tree information on active interfaces only. |
| backbonefast | (Optional) Displays the spanning-tree BackboneFast status. |
| bridge | (Optional) Displays the bridge status and configuration information. |
| <i>id</i> | (Optional) Name of the bridge. |
| inconsistentports | (Optional) Displays the root inconsistency state. |
| interface <i>type</i> | (Optional) Specifies the interface type and number; valid values are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , port-channel (1 to 64), and vlan (1 to 4094). |
| root | (Optional) Displays the root bridge status and configuration. |
| summary | (Optional) Specifies a summary of port states. |
| total | (Optional) Displays the total lines of the spanning-tree state section. |
| uplinkfast | (Optional) Displays the spanning-tree UplinkFast status. |
| vlan <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| pathcost method | (Optional) Displays the default path cost calculation method used. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays a summary of interface information. |

Defaults Interface information summary is displayed.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for extended addressing was added. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Examples

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information on the active interfaces only:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree active
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled

VLAN1 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol
Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, address 0050.3e8d.6401
Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
Current root has priority 16384, address 0060.704c.7000
Root port is 265 (FastEthernet5/9), cost of root path is 38
Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
Number of topology changes 0 last change occurred 18:13:54 ago
Times: hold 1, topology change 24, notification 2
      hello 2, max age 14, forward delay 10
Timers: hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0

Port 265 (FastEthernet5/9) of VLAN1 is forwarding
Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 129.9.
Designated root has priority 16384, address 0060.704c.7000
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00e0.4fac.b000
Designated port id is 128.2, designated path cost 19
Timers: message age 3, forward delay 0, hold 0
Number of transitions to forwarding state: 1
BPDUs: sent 3, received 32852
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the spanning-tree BackboneFast status:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree backbonefast
BackboneFast is enabled

BackboneFast statistics
-----
Number of transition via backboneFast (all VLANs) : 0
Number of inferior BPDUs received (all VLANs)    : 0
Number of RLQ request PDUs received (all VLANs)  : 0
Number of RLQ response PDUs received (all VLANs) : 0
Number of RLQ request PDUs sent (all VLANs)      : 0
Number of RLQ response PDUs sent (all VLANs)     : 0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for the bridge:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree bridge
VLAN1
  Bridge ID Priority      32768
           Address      0050.3e8d.6401
           Hello Time   2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
VLAN2
  Bridge ID Priority      32768
           Address      0050.3e8d.6402
           Hello Time   2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
VLAN3
  Bridge ID Priority      32768
           Address      0050.3e8d.6403
           Hello Time   2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display a summary of interface information:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree

VLAN1
```



```

Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
Root ID    Priority    32768
           Address    0030.94fc.0a00
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time  2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec

Bridge ID  Priority    32768
           Address    0030.94fc.0a00
           Hello Time  2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300

Interface
Name       Port ID Prio  Cost Sts      Designated
-----
FastEthernet6/15  129.79 128   19 FWD      0 32768 0030.94fc.0a00 129.79

VLAN2
Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
Root ID    Priority    32768
           Address    0030.94fc.0a01
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time  2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec

Bridge ID  Priority    32768
           Address    0030.94fc.0a01
           Hello Time  2 sec  Max Age 20 sec  Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 300

Interface
Name       Port ID Prio  Cost Sts      Designated
-----
FastEthernet6/16  129.80 128   19 FWD      0 32768 0030.94fc.0a01 129.80
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for Fast Ethernet interface 5/9:

```

Switch# show spanning-tree interface fastethernet5/9
Interface Fa0/10 (port 23) in Spanning tree 1 is ROOT-INCONSISTENT
Port path cost 100, Port priority 128
Designated root has priority 8192, address 0090.0c71.a400
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 00e0.1e9f.8940
Designated port is 23, path cost 115
Timers: message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
BPDU: sent 0, received 0
The port is in the portfast mode
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for a specific VLAN:

```

Switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1
VLAN1 is executing the ieee compatible Spanning Tree protocol
Bridge Identifier has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
Configured hello time 2, max age 20, forward delay 15
We are the root of the spanning tree
Topology change flag not set, detected flag not set
Number of topology changes 5 last change occurred 01:50:47 ago
from FastEthernet6/16
Times: hold 1, topology change 35, notification 2
hello 2, max age 20, forward delay 15

Timers:hello 0, topology change 0, notification 0, aging 300

Port 335 (FastEthernet6/15) of VLAN1 is forwarding

```

show spanning-tree

```

Port path cost 19, Port priority 128, Port Identifier 129.79.
Designated root has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
Designated bridge has priority 32768, address 0030.94fc.0a00
Designated port id is 129.79, designated path cost 0
Timers:message age 0, forward delay 0, hold 0
Number of transitions to forwarding state:1
BPDU:sent 6127, received 0
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display spanning-tree information for a specific bridge group:

```

Switch# show spanning-tree vlan 1
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display a summary of port states:

```

Switch# show spanning-tree summary
Root bridge for:VLAN1, VLAN2.
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Default pathcost method used is short

```

| Name | Blocking | Listening | Learning | Forwarding | STP Active |
|---------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|------------|
| VLAN1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| VLAN2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 VLANs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the total lines of the spanning-tree state section:

```

Switch# show spanning-tree summary totals
Root bridge for:VLAN1, VLAN2.
PortFast BPDU Guard is disabled
EtherChannel misconfiguration guard is enabled
UplinkFast is disabled
BackboneFast is disabled
Default pathcost method used is short

```

| Name | Blocking | Listening | Learning | Forwarding | STP Active |
|---------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|------------|
| 2 VLANs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to determine whether any ports are in root inconsistent state:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree inconsistentports
```

| Name | Interface | Inconsistency |
|-------|-----------------|-------------------|
| VLAN1 | FastEthernet3/1 | Root Inconsistent |

```
Number of inconsistent ports (segments) in the system:1
```

```
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| | spanning-tree backbonefast | Enables BackboneFast on a spanning-tree VLAN. |
| | spanning-tree cost | Calculates the path cost of STP on an interface. |
| | spanning-tree guard | Enables root guard. |
| | spanning-tree pathcost method | Sets the path cost calculation method. |
| | spanning-tree portfast default | Enables PortFast by default on all access ports. |
| | spanning-tree portfast (interface configuration mode) | Enables PortFast mode. |
| | spanning-tree port-priority | Prioritizes an interface when two bridges compete for position as the root bridge. |
| | spanning-tree uplinkfast | Enables the UplinkFast feature. |
| | spanning-tree vlan | Configures STP on a per-VLAN basis. |

show spanning-tree mst

To display MST protocol information, use the **show spanning-tree mst** command.

show spanning-tree mst [**configuration**]

show spanning-tree mst [*instance-id*] [**detail**]

show spanning-tree mst [*instance-id*] **interface** *interface* [**detail**]

Syntax Description

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| configuration | (Optional) Displays region configuration information. |
| <i>instance-id</i> | (Optional) Instance identification number; valid values are from 0 to 15. |
| detail | (Optional) Displays detailed MST protocol information. |
| interface <i>interface</i> | (Optional) Interface type and number; valid values for type are fastethernet , gigabitethernet , tengigabitethernet , port-channel , and vlan . See the “Usage Guidelines” section for more information. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported on systems that are configured with a Supervisor Engine I.

In the output display of the **show spanning-tree mst configuration** command, a warning message might display. This message appears if you do not map secondary VLANs to the same instance as the associated primary VLAN. The display includes a list of the secondary VLANs that are not mapped to the same instance as the associated primary VLAN. The warning message is as follows:

```
These secondary vlans are not mapped to the same instance as their primary:
-> 3
```

See the [show spanning-tree](#) command for output definitions.

Examples

This example shows how to display region configuration information:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst configuration
Name      [leo]
Revision  2702
Instance  Vlans mapped
-----
0         1-9,11-19,21-29,31-39,41-4094
1         10,20,30,40
-----
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display additional MST protocol values:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 3 detail
# # # # # MST03 vlans mapped: 3,3000-3999
Bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 (32768 sysid 3)
Root this switch for MST03

GigabitEthernet1/1 of MST03 is boundary forwarding
Port info port id 128.1 priority 128
cost 20000
Designated root address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 port
id 128.1
Timers: message expires in 0 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus (MRecords) sent 4, received 0

FastEthernet4/2 of MST03 is backup blocking
Port info port id 128.194 priority 128 cost
200000
Designated root address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 32771 port id
128.193
Timers: message expires in 2 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus (MRecords) sent 3, received 252
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display MST information for a specific interface:

```
Switch# show spanning-tree mst 0 interface fastethernet4/1 detail
Edge port: no (trunk) port guard : none
(default)
Link type: point-to-point (point-to-point) bpdu filter: disable
(default)
Boundary : internal bpdu guard : disable
(default)
FastEthernet4/1 of MST00 is designated forwarding
Vlans mapped to MST00 1-2,4-2999,4000-4094
Port info port id 128.193 priority 128 cost
200000
Designated root address 0050.3e66.d000 priority 8193
cost 20004
Designated ist master address 0002.172c.f400 priority 49152
cost 0
Designated bridge address 0002.172c.f400 priority 49152 port id
128.193
Timers: message expires in 0 sec, forward delay 0, forward transitions 1
Bpdus sent 492, received 3
Switch#
```

show spanning-tree mst

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|---|
| | spanning-tree mst | Sets the path cost and port-priority parameters for any MST instance. |
| | spanning-tree mst forward-time | Sets the forward delay timer for all the instances. |
| | spanning-tree mst hello-time | Sets the hello-time delay timer for all the instances. |
| | spanning-tree mst max-hops | Specifies the number of possible hops in the region before a BPDU is discarded. |
| | spanning-tree mst root | Designates the primary root. |

show storm-control

To display the broadcast storm control settings on the switch or on the specified interface, use the **show storm-control** command.

```
show storm-control [interface-id | broadcast]
```

Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis

```
show storm-control [interface-id | broadcast | multicast]
```

Syntax Description

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| <i>interface-id</i> | (Optional) Specifies the interface ID for the physical port. |
| broadcast | (Optional) Displays the broadcast storm threshold setting. |
| multicast | (Optional) Displays the multicast storm threshold setting. |

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |
| 12.2(40)SG | Added support for the Supervisor Engine 6-E and Catalyst 4900M chassis. |

Usage Guidelines

When you enter an interface ID, the storm control thresholds are displayed for the specified interface. If you do not enter an interface ID, the settings are displayed for the broadcast traffic type for all ports on the switch.

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command when no keywords are entered. Because no traffic type keyword was entered, the broadcast storm control settings are displayed.

```
Switch# show storm-control
Interface  Filter State  Upper   Lower   Current
-----
Gi2/1     Forwarding  30.00%  30.00%  N/A
Gi4/1     Forwarding  30.00%  30.00%  N/A
Gi4/3     Forwarding  30.00%  30.00%  N/A
Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control multicast** command on a Supervisor Engine 6-E.

```
Switch# show storm-control multicast //Supervisor Engine 6-E
Interface Filter State  Broadcast Multicast Level
-----
Fa6/2     Blocking  Enabled  Enabled  61%
Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command on a Supervisor Engine 6-E when no keywords are entered.

```
Switch# show storm-control
Interface Filter State Broadcast Multicast Level
-----
Fa6/1 Blocking Enabled Disabled 81%
Fa6/2 Blocking Enabled Enabled 61%
Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface.

```
Switch# show storm-control fastethernet2/17
Interface Filter State Level Current
-----
Fa2/17 Forwarding 50.00% 0.00%
Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show storm-control** command for a specified interface on a Supervisor Engine 6-E.

```
Switch# show storm-control interface fastethernet6/1
Interface Filter State Broadcast Multicast Level
-----
Fa6/1 Blocking Enabled Disabled 81%
Switch#
```

Table 2-24 describes the fields in the **show storm-control** display.

Table 2-24 show storm-control Field Descriptions

| Field | Description |
|--------------|---|
| Interface | Displays the ID of the interface. |
| Filter State | Displays the status of the filter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blocking—Storm control is enabled, and a storm has occurred. Forwarding—Storm control is enabled, and no storms have occurred. Inactive—Storm control is disabled. |
| Level | Displays the threshold level set on the interface for broadcast traffic. |
| Current | Displays the bandwidth utilization of broadcast traffic as a percentage of total available bandwidth. This field is valid only when storm control is enabled. <p>Note N/A is displayed for interfaces that do storm control in the hardware.</p> |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| storm-control | Enables broadcast storm control on a port and specifies what to do when a storm occurs on a port. |
| show interfaces counters | Displays the traffic on the physical interface. |
| show running-config | Displays the running configuration of a switch. |

show system mtu

To display the global MTU setting, use the **show system mtu** command.

show system mtu

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the global MTU setting:

```
Switch# show system mtu
Global Ethernet MTU is 1550 bytes.
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | system mtu | Sets the maximum Layer 2 or Layer 3 payload size. |

show tech-support

To display troubleshooting information for TAC, use the **show tech-support** command.

show tech-support [**bridging** | **cef** | **ipmulticast** | **isis** | **password** [**page**] | **page**]

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|---|
| bridging | (Optional) Specifies bridging-related information. |
| cef | (Optional) Specifies CEF-related information. |
| ipmulticast | (Optional) Specifies IP multicast-related information. |
| isis | (Optional) Specifies CLNS and ISIS-related information. |
| password | (Optional) Includes passwords and other security information in the output. |
| page | (Optional) Displays one page of information at a time in the output. |

Defaults

The defaults are as follows:

- Outputs are displayed without page breaks.
- Passwords and other security information are removed from the output.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines

Output from the **show tech-support** command may be terminated in midstream with the key combination Ctrl+Alt+6. The command output is buffered so that the command terminates when output of the current sub-command running under this command completes.

Press the **Return** key to display the next line of output, or press the **Space** bar to display the next page of information. If you do not enter the **page** keyword, the output scrolls. It does not stop for page breaks.

If you enter the **password** keyword, password encryption is enabled, but only the encrypted form appears in the output.

If you do not enter the **password** keyword, the passwords and other security-sensitive information in the output are replaced in the output with the word “removed.”

The **show tech-support** commands are a compilation of several **show** commands and the output can be quite lengthy. For a sample display of the output of the **show tech-support** command, see the individual **show** command listed.

If you enter the **show tech-support** command without arguments, the output displays the equivalent of these **show** commands:

- **show version**
- **show running-config**
- **show stacks**

- **show interfaces**
- **show controllers**
- **show process memory**
- **show process cpu**
- **show buffers**
- **show logging**
- **show module**
- **show power**
- **show environment**
- **show interfaces switchport**
- **show interfaces trunk**
- **show vlan**

If you enter the **ipmulticast** keyword, the output displays the equivalent of these **show** commands:

- **show ip pim interface**
- **show ip pim interface count**
- **show ip pim neighbor**
- **show ip pim rp**
- **show ip igmp groups**
- **show ip igmp interface**
- **show ip mroute count**
- **show ip mroute**
- **show ip mcache**
- **show ip dvmrp route**

Examples

For a sample display of the **show tech-support** command output, see the commands listed in the “Usage Guidelines” section for more information.

Related Commands

See the “Usage Guidelines ” section.

show uddld

To display the administrative and operational UDLD status, use the **show uddld** command.

show uddld *interface-id*

| Syntax Description | <i>interface-id</i> Name of the interface. |
|--------------------|--|
|--------------------|--|

| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
|----------|---------------------------------------|

| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|---------------|----------------------|
|---------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(25)EW | Added support for the 10-Gigabit Ethernet interface. |

| Usage Guidelines | If you do not enter an interface ID value, the administrative and operational UDLD status for all interfaces is displayed. |
|------------------|--|
|------------------|--|

| Examples | This example shows how to display the UDLD state for Gigabit Ethernet interface 2/2: |
|----------|--|
|----------|--|

```
Switch# show uddld gigabitethernet2/2
Interface Gi2/2
---
Port enable administrative configuration setting: Follows device default
Port enable operational state: Enabled
Current bidirectional state: Bidirectional
Current operational state: Advertisement
Message interval: 60
Time out interval: 5
No multiple neighbors detected
  Entry 1
  ---
  Expiration time: 146
  Device ID: 1
  Current neighbor state: Bidirectional
  Device name: 0050e2826000
  Port ID: 2/1
  Neighbor echo 1 device: SAD03160954
  Neighbor echo 1 port: Gi1/1
  Message interval: 5
  CDP Device name: 066527791
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|--|--|
| | uddl (global configuration mode) | Enables aggressive or normal mode in the UDLD protocol and sets the configurable message timer time. |
| | uddl (interface configuration mode) | Enables UDLD on an individual interface or prevents a fiber interface from being enabled by the uddl (global configuration mode) command. |

show vlan

To display VLAN information, use the **show vlan** command.

```
show vlan [brief | id vlan_id | name name]
```

```
show vlan private-vlan [type]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------------|--|
| brief | (Optional) Displays only a single line for each VLAN, naming the VLAN, status, and ports. |
| id <i>vlan_id</i> | (Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN ID number; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
| name <i>name</i> | (Optional) Displays information about a single VLAN identified by VLAN name; valid values are an ASCII string from 1 to 32 characters. |
| private-vlan | Displays private VLAN information. |
| <i>type</i> | (Optional) Private VLAN type. |

Defaults

This command has no default settings.

Command Modes

Privileged EXEC mode

Command History

| Release | Modification |
|-------------|---|
| 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| 12.1(12c)EW | Added support for extended VLAN addresses. |

Examples

This example shows how to display the VLAN parameters for all VLANs within the administrative domain:

```
Switch# show vlan
VLAN Name                Status    Ports
-----
1    default                active    Fa5/9
2    VLAN0002               active    Fa5/9
3    VLAN0003               active    Fa5/9
4    VLAN0004               active    Fa5/9
5    VLAN0005               active    Fa5/9
6    VLAN0006               active    Fa5/9
10   VLAN0010               active    Fa5/9
20   VLAN0020               active    Fa5/9

<...Output truncated...>
```

```

850 VLAN0850          active Fa5/9
917 VLAN0917          active Fa5/9
999 VLAN0999          active Fa5/9
1002 fddi-default     active Fa5/9
1003 trcrf-default    active Fa5/9
1004 fddinet-default  active Fa5/9
1005 trbrf-default    active Fa5/9

```

| VLAN | Type | SAID | MTU | Parent | RingNo | BridgeNo | Stp | BrdgMode | Trans1 | Trans2 |
|------|------|--------|------|--------|--------|----------|-----|----------|--------|--------|
| 1 | enet | 100001 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | enet | 100002 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | enet | 100003 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 303 | 0 |
| 4 | enet | 100004 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 304 | 0 |
| 5 | enet | 100005 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 305 | 0 |
| 6 | enet | 100006 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| 10 | enet | 100010 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | enet | 100020 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| 50 | enet | 100050 | 1500 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |

<...Output truncated...>

```

850 enet 100850      1500 - - - - - 0 0
917 enet 100917      1500 - - - - - 0 0
999 enet 100999      1500 - - - - - 0 0
1002 fddi 101002      1500 - 0 - - - 0 0
1003 trcrf 101003     4472 1005 3276 - - srb 0 0
1004 fdnet 101004     1500 - - - - - ieee - 0 0
1005 trbrf 101005     4472 - - - 15 - - ibm - 0 0

```

```
VLAN AREHops STEHops Backup CRF
```

```

-----
802 0 0 off
1003 7 7 off
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display the VLAN name, status, and associated ports only:

```
Switch# show vlan brief
```

| VLAN | Name | Status | Ports |
|------|-----------------|--------|-------|
| 1 | default | active | Fa5/9 |
| 2 | VLAN0002 | active | Fa5/9 |
| 3 | VLAN0003 | active | Fa5/9 |
| 4 | VLAN0004 | active | Fa5/9 |
| 5 | VLAN0005 | active | Fa5/9 |
| 10 | VLAN0010 | active | Fa5/9 |
| . | | | |
| . | | | |
| . | | | |
| 999 | VLAN0999 | active | Fa5/9 |
| 1002 | fddi-default | active | Fa5/9 |
| 1003 | trcrf-default | active | Fa5/9 |
| 1004 | fddinet-default | active | Fa5/9 |
| 1005 | trbrf-default | active | Fa5/9 |

```
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the VLAN parameters for VLAN 3 only:

```
Switch# show vlan id 3

VLAN Name                Status    Ports
-----
3    VLAN0003                active    Fa5/9

VLAN Type  SAID      MTU    Parent RingNo BridgeNo  Stp  BrdgMode Trans1 Trans2
-----
3    enet    100003   1500   -      -      -      -    -      303    0
Switch#
```

Table 2-25 describes the fields in the `show vlan` command output.

Table 2-25 show vlan Command Output Fields

| Field | Description |
|--------|---|
| VLAN | VLAN number. |
| Name | Name, if configured, of the VLAN. |
| Status | Status of the VLAN (active or suspend). |
| Ports | Ports that belong to the VLAN. |
| Type | Media type of the VLAN. |
| SAID | Security Association Identifier value for the VLAN. |
| MTU | Maximum transmission unit size for the VLAN. |
| Parent | Parent VLAN, if one exists. |
| RingNo | Ring number for the VLAN, if applicable. |
| BrdgNo | Bridge number for the VLAN, if applicable. |
| Stp | Spanning Tree Protocol type used on the VLAN. |

The following example shows how to verify that the primary vlan and secondary vlans are correctly associated with each other and the same association also exists on the PVLAN port:

```
Switch# show vlan private-vlan

Primary Secondary Type          Ports
-----
10      100      community    Fa3/1, Fa3/2
```

Now, let's say that you remove the VLAN association, as follows:

```
Switch(config)# vlan 10
Switch(config-vlan)# private-vlan association remove 100
Switch(config-vlan)# end
Switch# show vlan private

Primary Secondary Type          Ports
-----
10      primary
      100      community
```


You can use the following command to verify PVLAN configuration on the interface:

```
Switch# show interface f3/2 status
Port      Name              Status      Vlan      Duplex  Speed  Type
Fa3/2                                connected  pvlan seco a-full  a-100  10/100BaseTX

Switch# show interface f3/1 status
Port      Name              Status      Vlan      Duplex  Speed  Type
Fa3/1                                connected  pvlan prom a-full  a-100  10/100BaseTX
Switch#
```

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|---|--|
| vlan (VLAN Database mode) | Configures a specific VLAN. |
| vlan database | Enters VLAN configuration mode. |
| vtp (global configuration mode) | Modifies the name of a VTP configuration storage file. |

show vlan access-map

To display the contents of a VLAN access map, use the **show vlan access-map** command.

```
show vlan access-map [map-name]
```

| Syntax Description | |
|--------------------|---|
| | <i>map-name</i> (Optional) Name of the VLAN access map. |

| Defaults | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| | This command has no default settings. |

| Command Modes | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| | Privileged EXEC mode |

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| | 12.1(12c)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

| Examples | |
|----------|--|
| | This command shows how to display the contents of a VLAN access map: |

```
Switch# show vlan access-map mordred
Vlan access-map "mordred" 1
    match: ip address 13
    action: forward capture
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | vlan access-map | Enters VLAN access-map command mode to create a VLAN access map. |

show vlan counters

To display the software-cached counter values, use the **show vlan counters** command.

show vlan [id *vlanid*] counters

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Syntax Description | id <i>vlanid</i> (Optional) Displays the software-cached counter values for a specific VLAN. |
|---------------------------|---|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Command Modes | Privileged EXEC mode |
|----------------------|----------------------|

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switches. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Usage Guidelines | If you enter the show vlan counters command without specifying the VLAN ID, the software-cached counter values for all VLANs are displayed. |
|-------------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Examples | This example shows how to display the software-cached counter values for a specific VLAN: |
|-----------------|---|

```
Switch# show vlan counters
* Multicast counters include broadcast packets

Vlan Id                : 1
L2 Unicast Packets     : 0
L2 Unicast Octets      : 0
L3 Input Unicast Packets : 0
L3 Input Unicast Octets : 0
L3 Output Unicast Packets : 0
L3 Output Unicast Octets : 0
L3 Output Multicast Packets : 0
L3 Output Multicast Octets : 0
L3 Input Multicast Packets : 0
L3 Input Multicast Octets : 0
L2 Multicast Packets   : 1
L2 Multicast Octets    : 94
Switch>
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | clear vlan counters | Clears the software-cached counter values to start from zero again for a specified VLAN or all existing VLANs. |

show vlan dot1q tag native

To display all the ports on the switch that are eligible for native VLAN tagging as well as their current native VLAN tagging status, use the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command.

show vlan dot1q tag native

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes User EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(18)EW | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This is an example of output from the **show vlan dot1q tag native** command:

```
Switch# show vlan dot1q tag native
dot1q native vlan tagging is disabled globally
```

```
Per Port Native Vlan Tagging State
-----
```

```
Port      Operational      Native VLAN
          Mode              Tagging State
-----
```

```
f3/2      trunk             enabled
f3/16     PVLAN trunk       disabled
f3/16     trunk             enabled
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | switchport mode | Sets the interface type. |
| | vlan (global configuration) (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Enters global VLAN configuration mode. |
| | vlan (VLAN configuration) (refer to Cisco IOS documentation) | Enters VLAN configuration mode. |

show vlan internal usage

To display information about the internal VLAN allocation, use the **show vlan internal usage** command.

show vlan [id *vlan-id*] internal usage

| Syntax Description | id <i>vlan-id</i> | (Optional) Displays internal VLAN allocation information for the specified VLAN; valid values are from 1 to 4094. |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(19)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display information about the current internal VLAN allocation:

```
Switch# show vlan internal usage
```

```
VLAN Usage
-----
1025 -
1026 -
1027 -
1028 -
1029 Port-channel6
1030 GigabitEthernet1/2
1032 FastEthernet3/20
1033 FastEthernet3/21
1129 -
```

This example shows how to display information about the internal VLAN allocation for a specific VLAN:

```
Switch# show vlan id 1030 internal usage
```

```
VLAN Usage
-----
1030 GigabitEthernet1/2
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | vlan internal allocation policy | Configures the internal VLAN allocation scheme. |

show vlan mtu

To display the minimum and maximum transmission unit (MTU) sizes of each VLAN, use the **show vlan mtu** command.

show vlan mtu

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes EXEC

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Usage Guidelines The MTU_Mismatch column in the command output indicates whether all the ports in the VLAN have the same MTU. When “yes” is displayed in the MTU_Mismatch column, it means that the VLAN has a port with different MTUs, and packets might be dropped that are switched from a port with a larger MTU to a port with a smaller MTU. If the VLAN does not have an SVI, the hyphen (-) symbol is displayed in the SVI_MTU column.

For a VLAN, if the MTU-Mismatch column displays yes, the names of the port with the MinMTU and the port with the MaxMTU are displayed. For a VLAN, if the SVI_MTU is bigger than the MinMTU, “TooBig” is displayed after the SVI_MTU.

Examples This is an example of output from the **show vlan mtu** command:

```
Switch# show vlan mtu
```

```
VLAN      SVI_MTU      MinMTU(port)  MaxMTU(port)  MTU_Mismatch
-----
1         1500         1500          1500          No
Switch>
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---------------------|--|
| | mtu | Enables jumbo frames on an interface by adjusting the maximum size of a packet or maximum transmission unit (MTU). |

show vlan private-vlan

To display private VLAN information, use the **show vlan private-vlan** command.

show vlan private-vlan [type]

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Syntax Description | type (Optional) Displays the private VLAN type; valid types are isolated, primary, community, nonoperational, and normal. |
|---------------------------|--|

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|------------------------|----------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| | 12.2(20)EW | Support for community VLAN was added. |

Usage Guidelines When the **show vlan private-vlan type** command displays a VLAN type as normal, it indicates that a regular VLAN has been used in the private VLAN configuration. When normal is displayed, this indicates that two VLANs have been associated before the type was set, and the private VLAN is not operational. This information is useful for debugging purposes.

Examples This example shows how to display information about all currently configured private VLANs:

```
Switch# show vlan private-vlan
```

```

Primary Secondary Type          Ports
-----
2          301      community    Fa5/3, Fa5/25
2          302      community
                10      community
100       101      isolated
150       151      non-operational
                202     community
                303     community
401       402      non-operational
Switch#
```



Note

A blank Primary value indicates that no association exists.

This example shows how to display information about all currently configured private VLAN types:

```
Switch# show vlan private-vlan type
```

```
Vlan Type
-----
202 primary
303 community
304 community
305 community
306 community
307 community
308 normal
309 community
440 isolated
Switch#
```

Table 2-26 describes the fields in the `show vlan private-vlan` command output.

Table 2-26 *show vlan private-vlan Command Output Fields*

| Field | Description |
|----------------|--|
| Primary | Number of the primary VLAN. |
| Secondary | Number of the secondary VLAN. |
| Secondary-Type | Secondary VLAN type is isolated or community . |
| Ports | Indicates the ports within a VLAN. |
| Type | Type of VLAN; possible values are primary, isolated , community, nonoperational, or normal . |

Related Commands

| Command | Description |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| private-vlan | Configures private VLANs and the association between a private VLAN and a secondary VLAN. |
| private-vlan mapping | Creates a mapping between the primary and the secondary VLANs so that both share the same primary VLAN SVI. |

show vlan remote-span

To display a list of Remote SPAN (RSPAN) VLANs, use the **show vlan remote-span** command.

show vlan remote-span

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(12)EW | This command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switches. |

Examples This example shows how to display a list of RSPAN VLANs:

```
Router# show vlan remote-span
Remote SPAN VLANs
-----
2,20
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| | remote-span | Converts a VLAN into an RSPAN VLAN. |
| | vlan (VLAN Database mode) | Configures a specific VLAN. |

show vmps

To display the VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) version, reconfirmation interval, retry count, VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS) IP addresses, current servers, and primary servers, use the **show vmps** command.

show vmps [statistics]

| Syntax Description | statistics (Optional) Displays the client-side statistics. | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------|--------------|------------|---|
| Defaults | This command has no default settings. | | | | |
| Command Modes | EXEC | | | | |
| Command History | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12.1(13)EW</td> <td>Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Release | Modification | 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |
| Release | Modification | | | | |
| 12.1(13)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. | | | | |

Examples

This is an example of output from the **show vmps** command:

```
Switch# show vmps
VQP Client Status:
-----
VMPS VQP Version: 1
Reconfirm Interval: 60 min
Server Retry Count: 3
VMPS domain server: 172.20.50.120 (primary, current)

Reconfirmation status
-----
VMPS Action:          No Dynamic Port
Switch#
```

This is an example of output from the **show vmps statistics** command:

```
Switch# show vmps statistics
VMPS Client Statistics
-----
VQP Queries:          0
VQP Responses:        0
VMPS Changes:          0
VQP Shutdowns:        0
VQP Denied:           0
VQP Wrong Domain:     0
VQP Wrong Version:    0
VQP Insufficient Resource: 0
Switch#
```

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|--|
| | vmpls reconfirm (privileged EXEC) | Sends VLAN Query Protocol (VQP) queries to reconfirm all the dynamic VLAN assignments with the VLAN Membership Policy Server (VMPS). |

show vtp

To display VTP statistics and domain information, use the **show vtp** command.

show vtp {counters | status}

| Syntax Description | counters | Specifies the VTP statistics. |
|--------------------|----------|----------------------------------|
| | status | Specifies the VTP domain status. |

Defaults This command has no default settings.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC mode

| Command History | Release | Modification |
|-----------------|------------|---|
| | 12.1(8a)EW | Support for this command was introduced on the Catalyst 4500 series switch. |

Examples This example shows how to display the VTP statistics:

```
Switch# show vtp counters
VTP statistics:
Summary advertisements received      : 1
Subset advertisements received      : 1
Request advertisements received     : 0
Summary advertisements transmitted  : 31
Subset advertisements transmitted   : 1
Request advertisements transmitted   : 0
Number of config revision errors    : 0
Number of config digest errors      : 0
Number of V1 summary errors         : 0

VTP pruning statistics:

Trunk          Join Transmitted  Join Received  Summary advts received from
-----          -----          -----          -----
Pa5/9          1555             1564           0
Switch#
```

This example shows how to display the VTP domain status:

```
Switch# show vtp status
VTP Version          : 2
Configuration Revision : 250
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 1005
Number of existing VLANs : 33
VTP Operating Mode   : Server
VTP Domain Name     : Lab_Network
VTP Pruning Mode    : Enabled
VTP V2 Mode         : Enabled
VTP Traps Generation : Disabled
```

```

MD5 digest                : 0xE6 0xF8 0x3E 0xDD 0xA4 0xF5 0xC2 0x0E
Configuration last modified by 172.20.52.18 at 9-22-99 11:18:20
Local updater ID is 172.20.52.18 on interface V11 (lowest numbered VLAN interface found)
Switch#

```

This example shows how to display only those lines in the **show vtp** output that contain the word **Summary**:

```

Switch# show vtp counters | include Summary
Summary advertisements received      : 1
Summary advertisements transmitted : 32
Trunk                               Join Transmitted Join Received   Summary advts received from
Switch#

```

Table 2-27 describes the fields in the **show vtp** command output.

Table 2-27 *show vtp Command Output Fields*

| Field | Description |
|--|--|
| Summary advertisements received | Total number of summary advertisements received. |
| Subset advertisements received | Total number of subset advertisements received. |
| Request advertisements received | Total number of request advertisements received. |
| Summary advertisements transmitted | Total number of summary advertisements transmitted. |
| Subset advertisements transmitted | Total number of subset advertisements transmitted. |
| Request advertisements transmitted | Total number of request advertisements transmitted. |
| Number of config revision errors | Number of config revision errors. |
| Number of config digest errors | Number of config revision digest errors. |
| Number of V1 summary errors | Number of V1 summary errors. |
| Trunk | Trunk port participating in VTP pruning. |
| Join Transmitted | Number of VTP-Pruning Joins transmitted. |
| Join Received | Number of VTP-Pruning Joins received. |
| Summary advts received from non-pruning-capable device | Number of Summary advertisements received from nonpruning-capable devices. |
| Number of existing VLANs | Total number of VLANs in the domain. |
| Configuration Revision | VTP revision number used to exchange VLAN information. |
| Maximum VLANs supported locally | Maximum number of VLANs allowed on the device. |
| Number of existing VLANs | Number of existing VLANs. |
| VTP Operating Mode | Indicates whether VTP is enabled or disabled. |
| VTP Domain Name | Name of the VTP domain. |
| VTP Pruning Mode | Indicates whether VTP pruning is enabled or disabled. |
| VTP V2 Mode | Indicates the VTP V2 mode as server, client, or transparent. |
| VTP Traps Generation | Indicates whether VTP trap generation mode is enabled or disabled. |
| MD5 digest | Checksum values. |

■ show vtp

| Related Commands | Command | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| | vtp (global configuration mode) | Modifies the name of a VTP configuration storage file. |
| | vtp client | Places a device in VTP client mode. |
| | vtp domain | Configures the administrative domain name for a device. |
| | vtp password | Creates a VTP domain password. |
| | vtp pruning | Enables pruning in the VLAN database. |
| | vtp server | Places the device in VTP server mode. |
| | vtp transparent | Places device in VTP transparent mode. |
| | vtp v2-mode | Enables version 2 mode. |