



# Cisco MDS 9000 Series Programmability Guide, Release 7.x

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# **Preface**

This preface includes the following sections:

• Preface, on page v

## **Preface**

This preface describes the audience, organization of, and conventions used in the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Configuration Guides. It also provides information on how to obtain related documentation, and contains the following chapters:

## **Audience**

This publication is for experienced network administrators who configure and maintain Cisco Multilayer Director Switches (MDS) Devices.

## **Document Conventions**

Command descriptions use the following conventions:

Convention	Description
bold	Bold text indicates the commands and keywords that you enter literally, as shown.
Italic	Italic text indicates arguments for which a user supplies the values.
[x]	Square brackets enclose an optional element (keyword or argument).
[x   y]	Square brackets enclosing keywords or arguments separated by a vertical bar indicate an optional choice.
{x   y}	Braces enclosing keywords or arguments separated by a vertical bar indicate a required choice.
[x {y   z}]	Nested set of square brackets or braces indicate optional or required choices within optional or required elements. Braces and a vertical bar within square brackets indicate a required choice within an optional element.

Convention	Description	
variable	Indicates a variable for which you supply values, in contexts where italics cannot be used.	
string	A nonquoted set of characters. Do not use quotation marks around the string or the string will include the quotation marks.	

Examples use the following conventions:

Convention	Description	
screen font	Terminal sessions and information the switch displays are in screen font.	
boldface screen font	Information you must enter is in boldface screen font.	
italic screen font	Arguments for which you supply values are in italic screen font.	
<>	Nonprinting characters, such as passwords, are in angle brackets.	
[]	Default responses to system prompts are in square brackets.	
!,#	An exclamation point (!) or a pound sign (#) at the beginning of a line of code indicates a comment line.	

This document uses the following conventions:



Note

Means reader take note. Notes contain helpful suggestions or references to material not covered in the manual.



Caution

Means *reader be careful*. In this situation, you might do something that could result in equipment damage or loss of data.

### **Related Documentation**

The documentation set for the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Switches includes the following documents.

### **Release Notes**

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/storage-networking/mds-9000-nx-os-san-os-software/products-release-notes-list.html

### **Regulatory Compliance and Safety Information**

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/mds9000/hw/regulatory/compliance/RCSI.html

### **Compatibility Information**

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/storage-networking/mds-9000-nx-os-san-os-software/products-device-support-tables-list.html

### Installation and Upgrade

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/storage-networking/mds-9000-nx-os-san-os-software/products-installation-guides-list.html

### Configuration

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/storage-networking/mds-9000-nx-os-san-os-software/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html

#### CLI

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/storage-networking/mds-9000-nx-os-san-os-software/products-command-reference-list.html

### **Troubleshooting and Reference**

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/storage-networking/mds-9000-nx-os-san-os-software/tsd-products-support-troubleshoot-and-alerts.html

To find a document online, use the Cisco MDS NX-OS Documentation Locator at:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/storage/san\_switches/mds9000/roadmaps/doclocater.html

## **Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request**

For information on obtaining documentation, using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, at: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html.

Subscribe to *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation*, which lists all new and revised Cisco technical documentation as an RSS feed and delivers content directly to your desktop using a reader application. The RSS feeds are a free service.

**Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request** 



# **New and Changed Information**

This chapter contains the following sections:

• New and Changed Information, on page 1

# **New and Changed Information**

This table summarizes the new and changed features in the *Cisco MDS 9000 Series Programmability Guide*, and the sections in which they are documented.

Table 1: New and Changed Features

New/Enhanced Features	Description	Introduced in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release	Topic Where Documented
NX-API	NX-API is a Representational State Transfer (REST) API framework that allows programmatic access to a Cisco MDS switch using HTTP or HTTPS. NX-API provides the configuration and management capabilities of Cisco MDS NX-OS CLIs with web-based APIs, enabling users to control a Cisco MDS switch using a web browser.	7.3(0)D1(1)	NX-API, on page 3

**New and Changed Information** 



## **NX-API**

This chapter contains the following sections:

- About NX-API, on page 3
- Using NX-API, on page 6

## **About NX-API**

NX-API is an enhancement to the Cisco MDS 9000 Series CLI system. NX-API improves the accessibility of the CLIs that are run on the Cisco MDS 9000 devices by making them available outside the switch by using HTTP or HTTPS. CLIs are encoded into the HTTP or HTTPS POST body. NX-API supports certain **show** commands, and configuration commands that are noninteractive.



Note

A noninteractive command is a command that does not prompt the user to enter an input from the keyboard to proceed further.

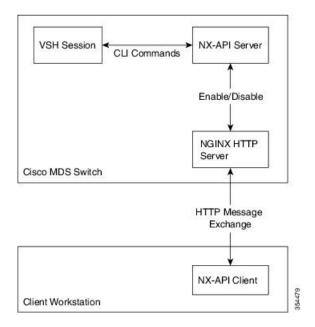
NX-API supports XML, JSON, and JSON-RPC formats for commands and their outputs.

You can use any REST-based tool to interact with a Cisco MDS device. You can also use your own web-based mobile tool that supports sending and receiving HTTP or HTTPS requests and responses to interact with the device.

### **NX-API Workflow**

The NX-API backend uses the NGINX HTTP server. The NGINX server looks out for requests on the HTTP port. Note that HTTPS support is not enabled by default. It has to be enabled by NX-API CLIs.

Figure 1: NX-API Workflow



### **NX-API Performance**

NX-API performance depends on the following factors:

- HTTP and HTTPS—NX-API performance on an HTTP server is better compared to that on an HTTPS server. This is because an HTTPS server has an overhead of encrypting and decrypting data to provide more security.
- Device (memory and process limitation)—NX-API performance is better in devices with more memory.
- Command output size—NX-API performance is better when the command outputs are smaller.
- Parsed and unparsed output of **show** commands—NX-API performance is better with unparsed outputs.

## Message Format

- NX-API output presents information in a user-friendly format.
- NX-API does not map directly to the Cisco NX-OS NETCONF implementation.
- NX-API output of supported commands can be viewed in XML, JSON, and JSON-RPC formats.

## Security

By default, NX-API uses HTTP basic authentication. All command requests must contain the username and password of the device in the HTTP header. NX-API can also leverage HTTPS to secure and encrypt data. An HTTPS connection provides more security over an HTTP connection.

In Cisco NX-OS Release 8.1(x), and 8.2(x), when NX-API is enabled over HTTPS, a 2K SHA-1 self-signed certificate is created. This certificate is valid for two years. When an expired certificate is used, the browser

displays a warning about security vulnerabilities. To avoid such vulnerabilities, we recommend the use of a CA-signed certificate. In Cisco NX-OS Release 8.3(x), the self-signed certificate expires after 24 hours. We recommend that you use a CA-signed certificate for this release too.

NX-API is integrated into the authentication system of the supported Cisco MDS switches. Users must have appropriate accounts (network-admin, network-operator, and so on) to access a switch through NX-API.

NX-API performs authentication through a programmable authentication module (PAM) on a switch. Use cookies to reduce the number of PAM authentications, which in turn reduces the load on the PAM.

NX-API provides a session-based cookie, nxapi\_auth when users first authenticate successfully. An nxapi\_auth cookie expires in 600 seconds (10 minutes). This value is fixed and cannot be configured. The session cookie is used to avoid reauthentication during communication. If the session-based cookie is not included with subsequent requests, another session-based cookie is required; this is obtained through a full authentication process. Avoiding unnecessary use of the authentication process helps to reduce the workload of the device.

## **Supported Switches**

NX-API is supported on the following Cisco MDS 9000 Series Switches:

- Cisco MDS 9700 Series Switches
- Cisco MDS 9250i Multiservice Fabric Switch
- Cisco MDS 9396T Multilayer Fabric Switch
- Cisco MDS 9396S Multilayer Fabric Switch
- Cisco MDS 9148T Multilayer Fabric Switch
- Cisco MDS 9148S Multilayer Fabric Switch

### **Limitations**

- The XML output of the commands listed below will not be supported if the interface type (Fibre Channel or Ethernet) is not explicitly specified. The XML output of these commands is supported only if a Fibre Channel or Ethernet interface is specified in the command. For example, **show interface** *ifid* **bbcredit**.
  - · show interface
  - show interface bbcredit
  - · show interface brief
  - · show interface capabilities
  - show interface counters
  - · show interface debounce
  - · show interface description
  - · show interface detail-counters
- The XML outputs of FCIP interface related commands are not supported.



Note

For more information on platforms supported in Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.x, see the Cisco MDS 9000 Series Compatibility Matrix, Release 8.x.

# **Using NX-API**

The commands, command type, and output type for the Cisco MDS 9000 devices should be entered using NX-API by encoding the parameters into the body of an HTTP or HTTPs POST. The response to a request is returned in XML, JSON, or JSON-RPC output format.

## **NX-API Developer Sandbox**

The NX-API Developer Sandbox is a Cisco-developed web-based user interface used to make NX-API requests and receive responses. Requests are in the form of **show** commands, and noninteractive configuration commands.

By default, NX-API is disabled. Enable NX-API with the **feature nxapi** command in global configuration mode on the corresponding Cisco MDS 9000 switch. Then, enable the NX-API Developer Sandbox using the **nxapi sandbox** command.

The following are the default ports for NX-API:

- HTTP: 8080
- HTTPS
  - 443—for Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) and earlier

HTTP is enabled by default when the **feature nxapi** command is entered. HTTPS is not enabled by default and can be enabled using the command shown in the following example.

The following example shows how to enable NX-API, NX-API Developer Sandbox, and how to enable HTTPS with the relevant port for Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) and earlier:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# feature nxapi
switch(config)# nxapi sandbox
switch(config)# nxapi https port 443
```

The following sample outputs of the **show nxapi** command displays the status of NX-API, NX-API Developer Sandbox, and the HTTP and HTTPS ports:

Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.2(1) and earlier

```
switch# show nxapi
NX-API: Enabled Sandbox: Enabled
HTTP Port: 8080 HTTPS Port: 443
```

Cisco MDS NX-OS Release 8.3(1) and later

To launch the NX-API Developer Sandbox, follow these steps:

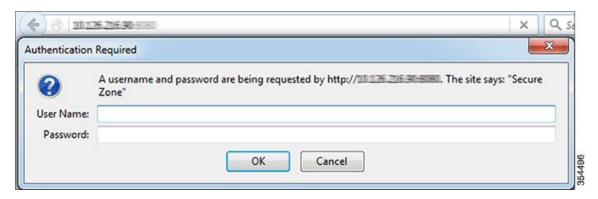


Note

When using the NX-API Developer Sandbox, we recommend that you use Firefox Release 24.0 or later. The browser must be installed with the latest Adobe Flash player for the **Copy** and **Python** buttons in the NX-API Developer Sandbox to function.

1. Open a browser and enter http://switch\_ip\_address:port-number (HTTP) or https://switch\_ip\_address:port-number (HTTPS) in the address bar. The following authentication window is displayed:

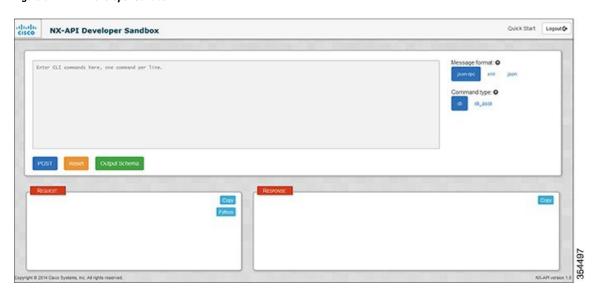
Figure 2: NX-API Developer Sandbox Authentication



**2.** Log in using your switch credentials.

The NX-API Developer Sandbox window is displayed.

Figure 3: NX-API Developer Sandbox



To generate an output of a command using the NX-API Developer Sandbox, follow these steps:

1. Click the Message format type (**json-rpc**, **xml**, **json**) in which the command output is to be displayed. (By default, **json-rpc** is selected.)

2. Click the Command type you have entered. The options differ based on the Message format type selected. (By default, **cli** is selected.)



Note

- The bash Command type is not supported in Cisco MDS NX-OS Releases 7.x and 8.x.
- If you select the xml Message format, cli\_show and cli\_show\_ascii Command types have the option to
  enable the chunk mode. Check the Enable chunk mode check box to chunk large show command
  outputs. To view the next chunk of the output, copy the session ID (SID) mentioned in between <sid>
  and </sid> tags in the RESPONSE area and paste it in the SID box below the Enable chunk mode
  check box.
- **3.** Enter the command in the space provided (1, in figure below).
- **4.** The command that you entered is displayed in the selected Message format in the **REQUEST** area (7, in figure below).
  - To copy the data populated in the **REQUEST** area, click **Copy**.
  - To generate a Python code for the command entered, click **Python**.



Note

The xml Message format does not support the Python button.

**5.** Click **POST** to generate the output of the command.

The output of the command is displayed in the **RESPONSE** area (10, in figure below).

• To copy the data populated in the **RESPONSE** area, click **Copy**.

To clear the command and the corresponding output, and reset the page, click Reset.

Figure 4: NX-API Developer Sandbox with Example Request and Output Response

1	Command entry	6	Command type
2	POST	7	REQUEST
3	Reset	8	Сору
4	Output Schema	9	Python
5	Message format	10	RESPONSE

### **Example: Displaying NX-API Status**

The following example displays the NX-API status:

### **XML Format**

### show nxapi

#### Request:

### Response:

```
<ins api>
  <type>cli_show</type>
  <version>1.2</version>
  <sid>eoc</sid>
  <outputs>
   <output>
     <body>
    <nxapi status>Enabled</nxapi status>
    <sandbox status>Enabled</sandbox status>
    <http_port>8080</http_port>
      <input>show nxapi</input>
      <msg>Success</msg>
      <code>200</code>
   </output>
  </outputs>
</ins api>
```

#### **JSON Format**

#### show nxapi

```
Request:
```

```
"ins_api": {
    "version": "1.2",
    "type": "cli_show",
    "chunk": "0",
    "sid": "1",
    "input": "show nxapi",
    "output_format": "json"
}
```

### Response:

```
"ins_api": {
  "type": "cli show",
  "version": "1.2",
  "sid": "eoc",
  "outputs": {
    "output": {
      "input": "show nxapi",
      "msg": "Success",
      "code": "200",
      "body": {
        "nxapi status": "Enabled",
        "sandbox_status": "Enabled",
        "http_port": "8080"
    }
 }
}
```

### **JSON-RPC** Format

show nxapi

```
Request:
```

}

```
"jsonrpc": "2.0",
    "method": "cli",
    "params": {
      "cmd": "show nxapi",
      "version": 1.2
    },
    "id": 1
]
Response:
  "jsonrpc": "2.0",
  "result": {
    "body": {
     "nxapi status": "Enabled",
      "sandbox_status": "Enabled",
      "http_port": "8080"
  },
  "id": 1
```

### **Example: Configuring VSAN to VLAN Mapping**

The following example shows how to configure VSAN to VLAN mapping in global configuration mode (cli conf):

```
vlan 3
fcoe vsan 3
vsan database
vsan 3
vsan 3 interface vfc1/8
Request:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ins api>
 <version>1.2</version>
  <type>cli_conf</type>
 <chunk>0</chunk>
  <sid>sid</sid>
  <input>vlan 3 ;fcoe vsan 3 ;vsan database ;vsan 3 ;vsan 3 interface vfc1/8</input>
  <output format>xml</output format>
</ins api>
Response:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ins api>
  <type>cli conf</type>
  <version>1.2</version>
  <sid>eoc</sid>
 <outputs>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>vlan 3</input>
      <code>200</code>
```

```
<msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>fcoe vsan 3</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>vsan database</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>vsan 3</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>vsan 3 interface vfc1/8</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
  </outputs>
</ins api>
```

### **Example: Configuring Zones and Zonesets**

The following example shows how to configure a zone in global configuration mode (cli\_conf):

```
zone name zone2 vsan 1
member pwwn 10:00:00:23:45:67:89:ab
member pwwn 10:00:00:23:45:67:89:cd
Request:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ins api>
 <version>1.2</version>
  <type>cli conf</type>
  <chunk>0</chunk>
 <sid>sid</sid>
  <input>zone name zone2 vsan 1 ;member pwwn 10:00:00:23:45:67:89:ab ;member pwwn
10:00:00:23:45:67:89:cd</input>
 <output_format>xml</output_format>
</ins_api>
Response:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ins api>
  <type>cli conf</type>
  <version>1.2</version>
  <sid>eoc</sid>
  <outputs>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>zone name zone2 vsan 1</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
```

```
<body/>
      <input>member pwwn 10:00:00:23:45:67:89:ab</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>member pwwn 10:00:00:23:45:67:89:cd</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msq>Success</msq>
    </output>
  </outputs>
</ins_api>
The following example shows how to configure a zoneset in global configuration mode (cli conf):
zoneset name Zoneset1 vsan 1
member zone2
zoneset activate name Zoneset1 vsan 1
Request:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ins api>
  <version>1.2</version>
 <type>cli conf</type>
 <chunk>0</chunk>
 <sid>sid</sid>
  <input>zoneset name Zoneset1 vsan 1 ;member zone2 ;zoneset activate name Zoneset1 vsan
1</input>
  <output_format>xml</output_format>
</ins_api>
Response:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ins api>
  <type>cli conf</type>
  <version>1.2</version>
  <sid>eoc</sid>
  <outputs>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>zoneset name Zoneset1 vsan 1</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body/>
      <input>member zone2</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
    <output>
      <body>Zoneset activation initiated. check zone status
</body>
      <input>zoneset activate name Zoneset1 vsan 1</input>
      <code>200</code>
      <msg>Success</msg>
    </output>
  </outputs>
</ins api>
```

To check if a particular **show** command is NX-API-aware, enter the command along with | **xml** on the switch:

#### command | xml

If the command is NX-API-aware, the resulting output is in XML format:

```
switch# show device-alias merge status | xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<nf:rpc-reply xmlns:nf="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0"</pre>
xmlns="http://www.cisco.com/nxos::ddas">
 <nf:data>
  <show>
   <device-alias>
    <merge>
     <status>
      < readonly >
       <result>None</result>
       <reason>None</reason>
      </__readonly__>
     </status>
    </merge>
   </device-alias>
  </show>
 </nf:data>
</nf:rpc-reply>
]]>]]>
switch#
```



Note

Even if a **show** command is not NX-API-aware, you can still view the output in ASCII format on the NX-API Developer Sandbox by selecting the **cli\_show\_ascii** command type on the interface.

### **NX-API Request Elements**

NX-API request elements (7, in Figure 4: NX-API Developer Sandbox with Example Request and Output Response) are sent to a device in XML, JSON, or JSON-RPC formats. The HTTP header of the request must identify the content type of the request.



Note

A lock will be released by the system if the session that holds the lock is terminated for any reason. The session that acquired the lock can only perform necessary configurations.

#### Table 2: NX-API Request Elements

NX-API Request Element	Description	
version	Specifies the NX-API version.	

NX-API Request Element	Description	
type	Specifies the command type to be executed.	
	The following command types are supported:	
	• cli—CLI configuration commands.	
	CLI <b>show</b> commands that expect structured output. If the command does not support XML output, an error message is returned.	
	• cli_ascii —CLI configuration commands.	
	CLI <b>show</b> commands that expect ASCII output. This aligns with existing scripts that parse ASCII output. Users can use existing scripts with minimal changes.	
	<ul> <li>cli_show —CLI show commands that expect structured output. If the command does not support XML output, an error message is returned.</li> </ul>	
	• cli_show_ascii —CLI show commands that expect ASCII output. This aligns with existing scripts that parse ASCII output. Users can use existing scripts with minimal changes.	
	• cli_conf —CLI configuration commands.	
	Note • Each command is executable only with the current user's authority.	
	• A maximum of 10 consecutive <b>show</b> commands are supported. If the number of <b>show</b> commands exceeds 10, the 11th and subsequent commands are ignored.	
	No interactive commands are supported.	
chunk	Some <b>show</b> commands, for example, <b>show zone</b> , can return a large amount of output. For an NX-API client to start processing the output before the entire command completes, NX-API supports output chunking for <b>show</b> commands.	
	• Only <b>show</b> commands support chunking. When a series of <b>show</b> commands are entered, only the first command is chunked and returned.	
	The output message format is XML, which is the default. Special characters, such as < or >, are converted to form a valid XML message (< is converted to < > is converted to >).	
	You can use XML SAX to parse the chunked output.	
	<ul> <li>When chunking is enabled, the message format is limited to XML. JSON output format is not supported when chunking is enabled.</li> </ul>	

NX-API Request Element	Description		
sid	The session ID element is valid only when the response message is chunked. To retrieve the next chunk of the message, you must specify a <i>sid</i> to match the <i>sid</i> of the previous response message.		
input	Input can be one command or multiple commands. However, commands that belong to different message types should not be mixed. For example, <b>show</b> commands belong to the cli_show message format and are not supported in cli_conf message format.		
	Note Multiple commands are separated with a semicolon (;). (The ; must be surrounded with single blank characters.)		
	The following are examples of multiple commands:		
	• cli_show		
	show version; show interface brief; show vlan		
	• cli_conf		
	interface Eth4/1; no shut; switchport		
output_format	The available output message formats are:		
	• xml—Specifies output in XML format.		
	• json—Specifies output in JSON format.		
	• json-rpc—Specifies output in JSON-RPC format.		
	Note The Cisco MDS 9000 device CLI supports XML output, which means that the JSON output is converted from XML. The conversion is processed on the switch.		
	To manage computational overhead, the JSON output is determined by the amount of output. If the output exceeds 1 MB, the output is returned in XML format. When the output is chunked, only XML output is supported.		
	The content-type header in the HTTP or HTTPS headers indicate the type of response format (XML, JSON, or JSON-RPC).		

## **NX-API Response Elements**

The NX-API elements (10, in Figure 4: NX-API Developer Sandbox with Example Request and Output Response) that respond to a CLI command are listed in the following table:

Figure 5: NX-API Response Elements

**Table 3: NX-API Response Elements** 

NX-API Response Element	Description	
version	NX-API version.	
type	Type of command to be executed.	
sid	Session ID of the response. This element is valid only when the response message is chunked.	
outputs	Tag that encloses all command outputs.	
	When multiple commands are either of cli_show or cli_show_ascii command type, each command output is enclosed by a single output tag.	
	When the command type is cli_conf, there is a single output tag for all the commands because cli_conf commands require context.	
output	Tag that encloses the output of a single command output.	
	For cli_conf command type, this element contains the outputs of all the commands.	
input	Tag that encloses a single command specified in the request. This element helps associate a request input element with the appropriate response output element.	
body	Body of the command response.	
code	Error code returned from command execution.	
	NX-API uses standard HTTP error codes as described by the HTTP Status Code Registry (http://www.iana.org/assignments/http-status-codes/http-status-codes.xhtml).	
msg	Error message associated with the returned error code.	

### **Table of NX-API Response Codes**

The following are the possible NX-API errors, error codes, and messages pertaining to an NX-API response.

Table 4: NX-API Response Codes

NX-API Response	Code	Message
SUCCESS	200	Success.
CUST_OUTPUT_PIPED	204	Output is piped elsewhere due to request.
CHUNK_ALLOW_ONE_CMD_ERR	400	Chunking allowed only to one command.
CLI_CLIENT_ERR	400	CLI execution error.
CLI_CMD_ERR	400	Input CLI command error.

IN_MSG_ERR	400	Request message is invalid.
NO_INPUT_CMD_ERR	400	No input command.
PERM_DENY_ERR	401	Permission denied.
CONF_NOT_ALLOW_SHOW_ERR	405	Configuration mode does not allow <b>show</b> command .
SHOW_NOT_ALLOW_CONF_ERR	405	Show mode does not allow configuration.
EXCEED_MAX_SHOW_ERR	413	Maximum number of consecutive <b>show</b> commands exceeded. The maximum is 10.
MSG_SIZE_LARGE_ERR	413	Response size too large.
BACKEND_ERR	500	Backend processing error.
FILE_OPER_ERR	500	System internal file operation error.
LIBXML_NS_ERR	500	System internal LIBXML NS error.
LIBXML_PARSE_ERR	500	System internal LIBXML parse error.
LIBXML_PATH_CTX_ERR	500	System internal LIBXML path context error.
MEM_ALLOC_ERR	500	System internal memory allocation error.
USER_NOT_FOUND_ERR	500	User not found from input or cache.
XML_TO_JSON_CONVERT_ERR	500	XML to JSON conversion error.
CHUNK_ALLOW_XML_ONLY_ERR	501	Chunking allows only XML output.
JSON_NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR	501	JSON not supported due to large amount of output.
MSG_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED_ERR	501	Message type not supported.
PIPE_OUTPUT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR	501	Pipe operation not supported.
PIPE_XML_NOT_ALLOWED_IN_INPUT	501	Pipe XML is not allowed in input.
RESP_BIG_JSON_NOT_ALLOWED_ERR	501	Response has large amount of output. JSON not supported.
STRUCT_NOT_SUPPORTED_ERR	501	Structured output unsupported.
ERR_UNDEFINED	600	Undefined.

# **NX-API Management Commands**

You can enable and manage NX-API on your Cisco MDS switch with the commands listed in the following table.

Table 5: NX-API Management Commands

NX-API Management Command	Description		
feature nxapi	Enables NX-API.		
no feature nxapi	Disables NX-API.		
nxapi {http   https} port port-number	Specifies a port.		
no nxapi {http   https}	Disables HTTP or HTTPS.		
show nxapi	Displays port information.		
nxapi certificate certpath key keypath	Specifies the upload of the following:  • HTTPS certificate when <i>certpath</i> is specified.  • HTTPS key when <i>keypath</i> is specified.		

**NX-API Management Commands**