



## Reverse Proxy

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## Reverse Proxy

*Table 1: Feature History*

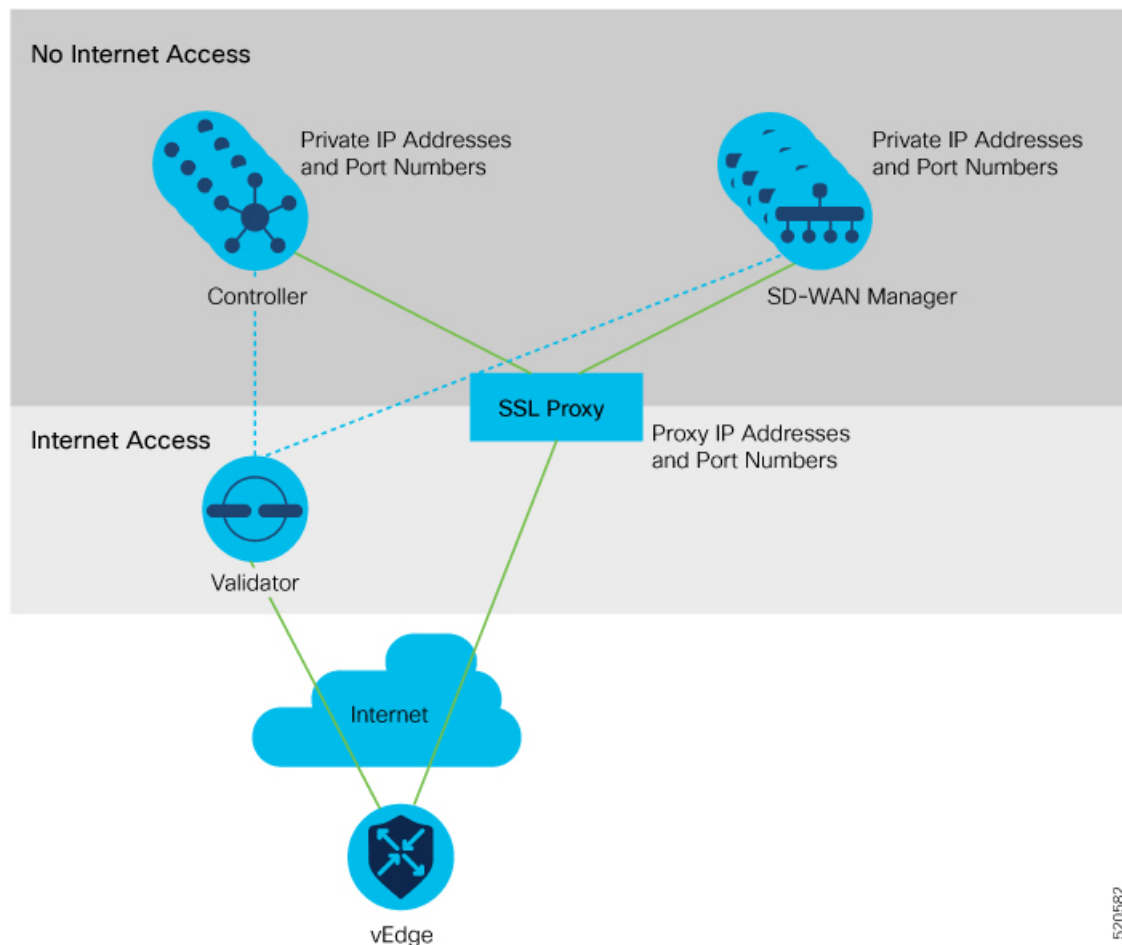
Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Support for Reverse Proxy with Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN and Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Multitenancy	Cisco IOS XE Release 17.6.1a Cisco SD-WAN Release 20.6.1 Cisco vManage Release 20.6.1	With this feature, you can deploy a reverse proxy in your overlay network between Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN devices and Cisco SD-WAN Manager and Cisco SD-WAN Controllers. Also, this feature enables you to deploy a reverse proxy in both single-tenant and multitenant deployments that include Cisco vEdge devices or Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN devices. In a multitenant deployment, the service provider manages reverse proxy and the associated configuration.

## Information About Reverse Proxy

In a standard overlay network, Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN edge devices initiate direct connections to the Cisco SD-WAN Control Components (Cisco SD-WAN Manager and Cisco SD-WAN Controllers) and exchange control plane information over these connections. The WAN edge devices are typically located in branch sites and connect to the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers over the internet. As a result, Cisco SD-WAN Manager and Cisco SD-WAN Controllers are also connected directly to the internet.

For security, or other reasons, you may not want the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers to have direct internet connections. In such a scenario, you can deploy a reverse proxy between the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers and the WAN edge devices. The reverse proxy acts as an intermediary to pass control traffic between the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers and the WAN edge devices. Instead of communicating directly with Cisco SD-WAN Manager and the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers, the WAN edge devices communicate with the reverse proxy, and the reverse proxy relays the traffic to and from Cisco SD-WAN Manager and Cisco SD-WAN Controllers.

The following figure illustrates a reverse proxy deployed between a WAN edge device and Cisco SD-WAN Manager and the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers.



You can deploy a reverse proxy in both single-tenant and multi-tenant Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN deployments. The TLOC communicates with the reverse proxy on its public IP address and port, regardless of public or private TLOC.

## Support for a Device with Both Private Network and Public Internet Connectivity

You can use a reverse proxy in a Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN network that includes a device with these multiple TLOCs:

- A TLOC that connects to an internal private network without internet access, and

- A TLOC that connects to the public internet

This scenario has a specific requirement for configuring the TLOC color of each Cisco SD-WAN Controller. This table describes this special case. For comparison, the table includes examples of devices with only one TLOC, and devices that have separate TLOCs for a private network and the public internet.

**Table 2: TLOC Color Requirements**

Device	TLOC	TLOC Connectivity	Configure this TLOC Color as a...	The Device Connects to this Cisco SD-WAN Validator	Connectivity to: <b>Cisco SD-WAN Controller, and Cisco SD-WAN Manager</b>	Specific TLOC Color Requirements
A	1	Internal private network	Private color Example: private1	Cisco SD-WAN Validator reachable through the private network	Direct connectivity through the private network	None
B	1	Public internet	Public color Example: custom1	Cisco SD-WAN Validator reachable through the public internet	Connectivity through a reverse proxy	None

Device	TLOC	TLOC Connectivity	Configure this TLOC Color as a...	The Device Connects to this Cisco SD-WAN Validator	Connectivity to: Cisco SD-WAN Controller, and Cisco SD-WAN Manager	Specific TLOC Color Requirements
C	1	Internal private network	Private color Example: private1	Cisco SD-WAN Validator reachable through the private network	Direct connectivity through the private network	<p>A network that includes a device with multiple TLOCs as shown here has this specific requirement:</p> <p>Configure the TLOCs for each Cisco SD-WAN Controller with the private color that you are using for the private network. Do not leave the TLOC color as default.</p> <p>Leaving the TLOC color for the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers as the default color causes this problem: Devices with a TLOC connecting to the internal private network, such as Device C, cannot connect to the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers.</p>
	2	Public internet	Public color Example: custom1	Cisco SD-WAN Validator reachable through the public internet	Connectivity through a reverse proxy	

## Restrictions for Reverse Proxy

- Multitenant scenario

In a multitenant Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN overlay network, you can deploy a reverse proxy device with only a three-node Cisco SD-WAN Manager cluster.

- TLS-based control plane

Deployment of the reverse proxy is only supported with a TLS-based control plane for Cisco SD-WAN Manager and Cisco SD-WAN Controllers.

- Cisco vEdge 5000 router restriction

You cannot deploy a reverse proxy with a Cisco vEdge 5000 router.

- IPv6

You cannot deploy a reverse proxy with IPv6 control connections.

- Devices with a TLOC for a private WAN

The following restriction applies to edge devices in a scenario in which (a) one or more devices have a TLOC connecting them to a private WAN, and (b) one or more Cisco SD-WAN Validators do not have reachability to a reverse proxy:

In this scenario, Zero-Touch Provisioning (ZTP) onboarding does not support onboarding a Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN device with a TLOC using the default TLOC color. Bootstrap the device with a minimal configuration that configures a non-default TLOC color.

## Provision Certificates on the Reverse Proxy

Before exchanging traffic, the reverse proxy and the WAN edge devices must authenticate each other.

On the reverse proxy you must provision a certificate that is signed by the CA that has signed the certificate of the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers. This certificate is used by the reverse proxy to verify the WAN edge devices.

To generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) for the reverse proxy and have it signed by Cisco, do as follows:

1. Run the following command on the reverse proxy:

```
proxy$ openssl req -new -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -nodes -keyout Proxy.key -out Proxy.csr
```

When prompted, enter values as suggested in the following table:

Property	Description
Country Name (2 letter code)	Any country code. Example: US
State or Province Name	Any state or province. Example: CA
Locality Name	Any locality. Example: San Jose
Organization Name	Use either "vIptela Inc" or "Viptela LLC".  Starting from Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN Release 17.10.1a, you can use "Cisco Systems" string as the Organization Name for enterprise certificates.  Starting from Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Manager Release 20.12.1 you cannot include a comma in the <b>Organization Name</b> field of the bootstrap configuration file.  Example: Viptela LLC

Property	Description
Organizational Unit Name	Use the “organization” name configured on the overlay. Example: cisco-sdwan-12345
Common Name	Host name ending with “.viptela.com”. Example: proxy.viptela.com
Email Address	Use any valid email address. Example: someone@example.com

- Get the CSR signed by Cisco.
  - If you use Symantec/Digicert as the CA for the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers, open a case with Cisco TAC to sign the CSR.
  - If you use Cisco Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) as the CA for the Cisco SD-WAN Controllers, submit the CSR on the Cisco Network Plug and Play (PnP) application and retrieve the signed certificate.

## Configure Reverse Proxy Using Cisco SD-WAN Manager

### Configure Reverse Proxy Settings

- From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose **Administration > Settings**.
- For the **Reverse Proxy** setting, click **Edit**.
- For **Enable Reverse Proxy**, click **Enabled**.
- Click **Save**.

### Configure Reverse Proxy Settings on Cisco SD-WAN Controllers

- From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose **Configure > Devices**.
- Click **Controllers**.




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**Note** Starting from Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN Release 17.13.1a, the **Controllers** tab is renamed as the **Control Components** tab to stay consistent with Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN rebranding.

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- For the desired Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance or Cisco SD-WAN Controller, click **...** and click **Add Reverse Proxy**.  
The **Add Reverse Proxy** dialog box appears.
- To map a private IP address and port number to a proxy IP address and port number, do as follows:

- a. Click **Add Reverse Proxy**.
- b. Enter the following details:

Private IP	The private IP address is the IP address of the transport interface in VPN 0.
Private Port	This is the port used to establish the connections that handle control and traffic in the overlay network. The default port number is 12346.
Proxy IP	Proxy IP address to which private IP address must be mapped.
Proxy Port	Proxy port to which the private port must be mapped.

- c. If the Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance or Cisco SD-WAN Controller has multiple cores, repeat **Step 4 a** and **Step 4 b** for each core.
5. To delete a private IP address-port number to proxy IP address-port number mapping, find the mapping and click the trash icon.
6. To save the reverse proxy settings, click **Add**.  
To discard the settings, click **Cancel**.
7. In the Security feature template attached to the Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance or Cisco SD-WAN Controller, choose TLS as the transport protocol.

After you configure reverse proxy settings on a Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance or a Cisco SD-WAN Controller, WAN edge devices in the overlay network are provisioned with a certificate for authentication with the reverse proxy.

1. When a reverse proxy is deployed, Cisco SD-WAN Validator shares the details of the reverse proxy with the WAN edge devices.
2. On learning about the reverse proxy, a WAN edge device initiates the installation of a signed certificate from Cisco SD-WAN Manager.
3. After the certificate is installed, the WAN edge device uses the certificate for authentication with the reverse proxy and connects to the reverse proxy.

## Disable Reverse Proxy



**Note** Before you disable reverse proxy, delete any private IP address-port number to proxy IP address-port number mappings that you have configured for Cisco SD-WAN Manager instances and Cisco SD-WAN Controller. See *Configure Reverse Proxy Settings on Cisco Catalyst SD-WAN Controllers* for information about deleting the mappings.

1. From the Cisco SD-WAN Manager menu, choose **Administration > Settings**.
2. For the **Reverse Proxy** setting, click **Edit**.
3. For **Enable Reverse Proxy**, click **Disabled**.
4. Click **Save**.

# Monitor Reverse Proxy Using CLI

## Monitor Private and Proxy IP Address and Port Numbers of WAN Edge Devices on Cisco SD-WAN Controllers

The following is a sample output from the execution of the **show control connections** command on a Cisco SD-WAN Controller. In the command output, for a WAN edge device, the entries in the PEER PRIVATE IP and PEER PRIV PORT columns are the configured TLOC IP address and port number of the WAN edge interface. The entries in the PEER PUBLIC IP and PEER PUB PORT columns are the corresponding IP address and port number of the reverse proxy interface. The same command can also be executed on a Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance to obtain a similar output.

```
vsmart1# show control connections
```

INDEX	TYPE	PROT	SYSTEM IP	SITE	DOMAIN	PEER PRIVATE IP	PEER PRIV PORT	PEER PUBLIC IP	PEER PUB PORT
	ORGANIZATION		REMOTE COLOR	ID	UPTIME				
0	vbond	dtls	172.16.1.2	0	0	10.1.1.2	12346	10.1.1.2	
12346	EXAMPLE-ORG		default	up	53:08:18:50				
0	vmanage	tls	172.16.1.6	1	0	10.2.100.6	45689	10.2.100.6	
45689	EXAMPLE-ORG		default	up	53:08:18:32				
1	vedge	tls	1.1.100.1	100	1	10.3.1.2	57853	10.2.100.1	53624
	EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	up	53:08:18:44				
1	vedge	tls	1.1.101.1	101	1	10.4.1.2	55411	10.2.100.1	53622
	EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	up	53:08:18:48				
1	vbond	dtls	172.16.1.2	0	0	10.1.1.2	12346	10.1.1.2	
12346	EXAMPLE-ORG		default	up	53:08:18:51				

```
vsmart1#
```

## View Mapping of SD-WAN Controller Private IP Address and Port Number to Proxy IP Address and Port Number on Cisco SD-WAN Validator

The following is a sample output from the execution of the **show orchestrator reverse-proxy-mapping** command on a Cisco SD-WAN Validator. In the command output, the entries in the PROXY IP and PROXY PORT columns are the proxy IP address and port number. The entries in the PRIVATE IP and PRIVATE PORT columns are the private IP address and port number of the transport interface in VPN 0.

```
vbond# show orchestrator reverse-proxy-mapping
```

UUID	PRIVATE IP	PRIVATE PORT	PROXY IP	PROXY PORT
14c35ae4-69e3-41c5-a62f-725c839d25df	10.2.100.4	23456	10.2.1.10	23458
14c35ae4-69e3-41c5-a62f-725c839d25df	10.2.100.4	23556	10.2.1.10	23558
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23456	10.2.1.10	23457
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23556	10.2.1.10	23557



```

6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd 10.2.100.6 23656 10.2.1.10 23657
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd 10.2.100.6 23756 10.2.1.10 23757
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd 10.2.100.6 23856 10.2.1.10 23857
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd 10.2.100.6 23956 10.2.1.10 23957
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd 10.2.100.6 24056 10.2.1.10 24057
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd 10.2.100.6 24156 10.2.1.10 24157

```

vbond#

### Example: View Mapping of SD-WAN Controller Private IP Address and Port Number to Proxy IP Address and Port Number on a WAN Edge Device

The following is a sample output from the execution of the **show sdwan control connections** command on a Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN device. In the command output, check the entry in the PROXY column for a Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance or a Cisco SD-WAN Controller. If the entry is Yes, the entries in the PEER PUBLIC IP and PEER PUBLIC PORT are the proxy IP address and port number.

Device# **show sdwan control connections**

PEER	PEER	PEER	CONTROLLER			PEER		PEER	
			SITE	DOMAIN	PEER	PRIV	PEER		PUB
GROUP	TYPE	PROT	SYSTEM IP	ID	ID	PRIVATE IP	PORT	PUBLIC IP	PORT
	ORGANIZATION		LOCAL	COLOR	PROXY	STATE	UPTIME	ID	
vsmart	tls	172.16.1.4	1		1	10.2.100.4	23558	10.2.1.10	23558
EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	Yes	up	52:08:44:25	0			
vbond	dtls	0.0.0.0	0		0	10.1.1.2	12346	10.1.1.2	12346
EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	-	up	52:08:50:47	0			
vmanage	tls	172.16.1.6	1		0	10.2.100.6	23957	10.2.1.10	23957
EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	Yes	up	66:03:04:50	0			

Device#

On a Cisco vEdge device, you can obtain a similar output by executing the command **show control connections**.

### View Signed Certificate Installed on a WAN Edge Device for Authentication with Reverse Proxy

The following is a sample output from the execution of the **show sdwan certificate reverse-proxy** command on a Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN device.

Device# **show sdwan certificate reverse-proxy**

Reverse proxy certificate

-----

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 1 (0x0)

Serial Number: 1 (0x1)

Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption

Issuer: C = US, CN = 6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd, O = Viptela

Validity

Not Before: Jun 2 19:31:08 2021 GMT

Not After : May 27 19:31:08 2051 GMT

Subject: C = US, ST = California, CN = C8K-9AE4A5A8-4EB0-E6C1-1761-6E54E4985F78, O = ViptelaClient

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption

RSA Public-Key: (2048 bit)

Modulus:

00:e2:45:49:53:3a:56:d4:b8:70:59:90:01:fb:b1:  
44:e3:73:17:97:a3:e9:b7:55:44:d4:2d:dd:13:4a:  
a8:ef:78:14:9d:bd:b5:69:de:c9:31:29:bd:8e:57:  
09:f2:02:f8:3d:1d:1e:cb:a3:2e:94:c7:2e:61:ea:  
e9:94:3b:28:8d:f7:06:12:56:f3:24:56:8c:4a:e7:  
01:b1:2b:1b:cd:85:4f:8d:34:78:78:a1:26:17:2b:  
a5:1b:2a:b6:dd:50:51:f8:2b:13:93:cd:a6:fd:f8:  
71:95:c4:db:fc:a7:83:05:23:68:61:15:05:cc:aa:  
60:af:09:ef:3e:ce:70:4d:dd:50:84:3c:9a:57:ce:  
cb:15:84:3e:cd:b2:b6:30:ab:86:68:17:94:fa:9c:  
1a:ab:28:96:68:8c:ef:c8:f7:00:8a:7a:01:ca:58:  
84:b0:87:af:9a:f6:13:0f:aa:42:db:8b:cc:6e:ba:  
c8:c1:48:d2:f4:d8:08:b1:b5:15:ca:36:80:98:47:  
32:3a:df:54:35:fe:75:32:23:9f:b5:ed:65:41:99:  
50:b9:0f:7a:a2:10:59:12:d8:3e:45:78:cb:dc:2a:  
95:f2:72:02:1a:a6:75:06:87:52:4d:01:17:f2:62:

```

8c:40:ad:29:e4:75:17:04:65:a9:b9:6a:dd:30:95:
34:9b
Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption
99:40:af:23:bb:cf:7d:59:e9:a5:83:78:37:02:76:83:79:02:
b3:5c:56:e8:c3:aa:fc:78:ef:07:23:f8:14:19:9c:a4:5d:88:
07:4d:6e:b8:0d:b5:af:fa:5c:f9:55:d0:60:94:d9:24:99:5e:
33:06:83:03:c3:73:c1:38:48:45:ba:6a:35:e6:e1:51:0e:92:
c3:a2:4a:a2:e1:2b:da:cd:0c:c3:17:ef:35:52:e1:6a:23:20:
af:99:95:a2:cb:99:a7:94:03:f3:78:99:bc:76:a3:0f:de:04:
7d:35:e1:dc:4d:47:79:f4:c8:4c:19:df:80:4c:4f:15:ab:f1:
61:a2:78:7a:2b:6e:98:f6:7b:8f:d6:55:44:16:79:e3:cd:51:
0e:27:fc:e6:4c:ff:bb:8f:2d:b0:ee:ed:98:63:e9:c9:cf:5f:
d7:b1:dd:7b:19:32:22:94:77:d5:bc:51:85:65:f3:e0:93:c7:
3c:79:fc:34:c7:9f:40:dc:b1:fc:6c:e5:3d:af:2d:77:b7:c3:
88:b3:89:7c:a6:1f:56:35:3b:35:66:0c:c8:05:b5:28:0b:98:
19:c7:b0:8e:dc:b7:3f:9d:c1:bb:69:f0:7d:20:95:b5:d1:f0:
06:35:b7:c4:64:ba:c4:95:31:4a:97:03:0f:04:54:6d:cb:50:
2f:31:02:59

```

Device#

On a Cisco vEdge device, you can obtain a similar output by executing the command **show certificate reverse-proxy**.

## Monitor Reverse Proxy Using CLI

### Monitor Private and Proxy IP Address and Port Numbers of WAN Edge Devices on Cisco SD-WAN Controllers

The following is a sample output from the execution of the **show control connections** command on a Cisco SD-WAN Controller. In the command output, for a WAN edge device, the entries in the PEER PRIVATE IP and PEER PRIV PORT columns are the configured TLOC IP address and port number of the WAN edge interface. The entries in the PEER PUBLIC IP and PEER PUB PORT columns are the corresponding IP address and port number of the reverse proxy interface. The same command can also be executed on a Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance to obtain a similar output.

```

vsmart1# show control connections

```

PEER	PEER	PEER	SITE	DOMAIN	PEER	PEER	PEER	PEER
IP	IP	IP			IP	IP	IP	IP
PORT	PORT	PORT			PORT	PORT	PORT	PORT

INDEX	TYPE	PROT	SYSTEM IP	ID	ID	PRIVATE IP	PORT	PUBLIC IP	PORT
	ORGANIZATION		REMOTE COLOR	STATE	UPTIME				
0	vbond	dtls	172.16.1.2	0	0	10.1.1.2	12346	10.1.1.2	
12346	EXAMPLE-ORG		default	up	53:08:18:50				
0	vmanage	tls	172.16.1.6	1	0	10.2.100.6	45689	10.2.100.6	
45689	EXAMPLE-ORG		default	up	53:08:18:32				
1	vedge	tls	1.1.100.1	100	1	10.3.1.2	57853	10.2.100.1	53624
	EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	up	53:08:18:44				
1	vedge	tls	1.1.101.1	101	1	10.4.1.2	55411	10.2.100.1	53622
	EXAMPLE-ORG		biz-internet	up	53:08:18:48				
1	vbond	dtls	172.16.1.2	0	0	10.1.1.2	12346	10.1.1.2	
12346	EXAMPLE-ORG		default	up	53:08:18:51				

```
vsmart1#
```

### View Mapping of SD-WAN Controller Private IP Address and Port Number to Proxy IP Address and Port Number on Cisco SD-WAN Validator

The following is a sample output from the execution of the **show orchestrator reverse-proxy-mapping** command on a Cisco SD-WAN Validator. In the command output, the entries in the PROXY IP and PROXY PORT columns are the proxy IP address and port number. The entries in the PRIVATE IP and PRIVATE PORT columns are the private IP address and port number of the transport interface in VPN 0.

```
vbond# show orchestrator reverse-proxy-mapping
```

UUID	PRIVATE		PROXY	
	PRIVATE IP	PORT	PROXY IP	PORT
-----				
14c35ae4-69e3-41c5-a62f-725c839d25df	10.2.100.4	23456	10.2.1.10	23458
14c35ae4-69e3-41c5-a62f-725c839d25df	10.2.100.4	23556	10.2.1.10	23558
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23456	10.2.1.10	23457
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23556	10.2.1.10	23557
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23656	10.2.1.10	23657
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23756	10.2.1.10	23757
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23856	10.2.1.10	23857
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	23956	10.2.1.10	23957
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	24056	10.2.1.10	24057
6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd	10.2.100.6	24156	10.2.1.10	24157

```
vbond#
```

### Example: View Mapping of SD-WAN Controller Private IP Address and Port Number to Proxy IP Address and Port Number on a WAN Edge Device

The following is a sample output from the execution of the `show sdwan control connections` command on a Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN device. In the command output, check the entry in the PROXY column for a Cisco SD-WAN Manager instance or a Cisco SD-WAN Controller. If the entry is Yes, the entries in the PEER PUBLIC IP and PEER PUBLIC PORT are the proxy IP address and port number.

Device# `show sdwan control connections`

PEER ORGANIZATION	PEER PROT	PEER SYSTEM IP LOCAL	CONTROLLER		DOMAIN	PRIVATE IP	PEER		PEER PORT
			SITE GROUP	ID			PRIV	PUB	
TYPE	PROT	SYSTEM IP LOCAL	ID	ID	PRIVATE IP	PORT	PUBLIC IP	PORT	
ORGANIZATION		COLOR	PROXY	STATE	UPTIME	ID			
vsmart EXAMPLE-ORG	tls	172.16.1.4 biz-internet	1 Yes	up	1	10.2.100.4 52:08:44:25 0	23558	10.2.1.10	23558
vbond EXAMPLE-ORG	dtls	0.0.0.0 biz-internet	0 -	up	0	10.1.1.2 52:08:50:47 0	12346	10.1.1.2	12346
vmanage EXAMPLE-ORG	tls	172.16.1.6 biz-internet	1 Yes	up	0	10.2.100.6 66:03:04:50 0	23957	10.2.1.10	23957

Device#

On a Cisco vEdge device, you can obtain a similar output by executing the command `show control connections`.

### View Signed Certificate Installed on a WAN Edge Device for Authentication with Reverse Proxy

The following is a sample output from the execution of the `show sdwan certificate reverse-proxy` command on a Cisco IOS XE Catalyst SD-WAN device.

Device# `show sdwan certificate reverse-proxy`

Reverse proxy certificate

-----

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 1 (0x0)

Serial Number: 1 (0x1)

Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption

Issuer: C = US, CN = 6c63e80a-8175-47de-a455-53a127ee70bd, O = Viptela

```
Validity
    Not Before: Jun  2 19:31:08 2021 GMT
    Not After  : May 27 19:31:08 2051 GMT

    Subject: C = US, ST = California, CN = C8K-9AE4A5A8-4EB0-E6C1-1761-6E54E4985F78, O
= ViptelaClient
    Subject Public Key Info:

        Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption

            RSA Public-Key: (2048 bit)

            Modulus:

                00:e2:45:49:53:3a:56:d4:b8:70:59:90:01:fb:b1:
                44:e3:73:17:97:a3:e9:b7:55:44:d4:2d:dd:13:4a:
                a8:ef:78:14:9d:bd:b5:69:de:c9:31:29:bd:8e:57:
                09:f2:02:f8:3d:1d:1e:cb:a3:2e:94:c7:2e:61:ea:
                e9:94:3b:28:8d:f7:06:12:56:f3:24:56:8c:4a:e7:
                01:b1:2b:1b:cd:85:4f:8d:34:78:78:a1:26:17:2b:
                a5:1b:2a:b6:dd:50:51:f8:2b:13:93:cd:a6:fd:f8:
                71:95:c4:db:fc:a7:83:05:23:68:61:15:05:cc:aa:
                60:af:09:ef:3e:ce:70:4d:dd:50:84:3c:9a:57:ce:
                cb:15:84:3e:cd:b2:b6:30:ab:86:68:17:94:fa:9c:
                1a:ab:28:96:68:8c:ef:c8:f7:00:8a:7a:01:ca:58:
                84:b0:87:af:9a:f6:13:0f:aa:42:db:8b:cc:6e:ba:
                c8:c1:48:d2:f4:d8:08:b1:b5:15:ca:36:80:98:47:
                32:3a:df:54:35:fe:75:32:23:9f:b5:ed:65:41:99:
                50:b9:0f:7a:a2:10:59:12:d8:3e:45:78:cb:dc:2a:
                95:f2:72:02:1a:a6:75:06:87:52:4d:01:17:f2:62:
                8c:40:ad:29:e4:75:17:04:65:a9:b9:6a:dd:30:95:
                34:9b

            Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)

    Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption

        99:40:af:23:bb:cf:7d:59:e9:a5:83:78:37:02:76:83:79:02:
        b3:5c:56:e8:c3:aa:fc:78:ef:07:23:f8:14:19:9c:a4:5d:88:
        07:4d:6e:b8:0d:b5:af:fa:5c:f9:55:d0:60:94:d9:24:99:5e:
        33:06:83:03:c3:73:c1:38:48:45:ba:6a:35:e6:e1:51:0e:92:
        c3:a2:4a:a2:e1:2b:da:cd:0c:c3:17:ef:35:52:e1:6a:23:20:
```

```
af:99:95:a2:cb:99:a7:94:03:f3:78:99:bc:76:a3:0f:de:04:
7d:35:e1:dc:4d:47:79:f4:c8:4c:19:df:80:4c:4f:15:ab:f1:
61:a2:78:7a:2b:6e:98:f6:7b:8f:d6:55:44:16:79:e3:cd:51:
0e:27:fc:e6:4c:ff:bb:8f:2d:b0:ee:ed:98:63:e9:c9:cf:5f:
d7:b1:dd:7b:19:32:22:94:77:d5:bc:51:85:65:f3:e0:93:c7:
3c:79:fc:34:c7:9f:40:dc:b1:fc:6c:e5:3d:af:2d:77:b7:c3:
88:b3:89:7c:a6:1f:56:35:3b:35:66:0c:c8:05:b5:28:0b:98:
19:c7:b0:8e:dc:b7:3f:9d:c1:bb:69:f0:7d:20:95:b5:d1:f0:
06:35:b7:c4:64:ba:c4:95:31:4a:97:03:0f:04:54:6d:cb:50:
2f:31:02:59
```

Device#

On a Cisco vEdge device, you can obtain a similar output by executing the command **show certificate reverse-proxy**.

