



EVPN Commands

This section describes the commands used to configure Ethernet VPN (EVPN) services for Layer 2 VPNs.

For detailed information about EVPN concepts, configuration tasks, and examples, see the *EVPN Features* module in the *L2VPN and Ethernet Services Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers*.

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access-signal out-of-service

To override the default signal sent to bring down the AC and to transition the interface to Out-of-Service (OOS) state, use the **access-signal out-of-service** command in the EVPN interface configuration mode. To return to the default behavior, use the **no** form of this command.

access-signal out-of-service

Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EVPN interface configuration				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7.10.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
7.10.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Starting from Cisco IOS XR Release 7.10.1, the EVPN port-active configuration supports hot standby where all the main and subinterfaces up in a Standby node. To revert to the previous behavior of transitioning through the OOS state, use this command.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

Example

The following example shows how to configure the access signal mode to enable the OOS functionality.

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface Bundle-Ether1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 01.00.01.00.01.09.01.00.09
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# load-balancing-mode port-active
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# exit
Router(config-evpn-ac)# access-signal out-of-service
Router(config-evpn-ac)# commit
```

access-signal

To configure control signaling messages in access circuits, use the **access-signal** command in the EVPN configuration mode.

access-signal [bundle-down | out-of-service]

Syntax Description	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>bundle-down</td><td>Initiates Access Signal Bundle Down.</td></tr> <tr> <td>out-of-service</td><td>Initiates Access signal bundle out of service.</td></tr> </table>	bundle-down	Initiates Access Signal Bundle Down.	out-of-service	Initiates Access signal bundle out of service.
bundle-down	Initiates Access Signal Bundle Down.				
out-of-service	Initiates Access signal bundle out of service.				
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EVPN configuration mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7.9.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	7.9.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
7.9.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

This example shows how to configure **access-signal** command in EVPN configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1#config
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config)#evpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config-evpn)#interface Bundle-Ether 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config-evpn-ac)#access-signal bundle-down
```

advertise gateway-ip-disable

advertise gateway-ip-disable

To disable advertisement of non-zero EVPN gateway IP address, use the **advertise gateway-ip-disable** command in the EVPN address-family configuration mode.

advertise gateway-ip-disable

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or arguments.

Command Default None.

Command Modes EVPN address-family configuration mode

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

Example

This example shows how to disable advertisement of non-zero EVPN gateway IP address:

```
Router(config)# router bgp 100
Router(config-bgp)# neighbor 10.10.10.10
Router(config-bgp-nbr)# remote-as 200
Router(config-bgp-nbr)# update-source Loopback 0
Router(config-bgp-nbr)# address-family l2vpn evpn
Router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# advertise gateway-ip-disable
Router(config-bgp-nbr-af)# commit
```

advertise-mac

To advertise local MAC to the peers, use **advertise-mac** command in the EVPN configuration mode. The local MAC is advertised to the peer in control plane using BGP.

advertise-mac

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.
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Command Default	None
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Command Modes	EVPN
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Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 6.2.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
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The following example shows how to advertise local MAC.

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# evi 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi)# bgp
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi-bgp)# table-policy spp-basic-6
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi-bgp)# route-target import 100:6005
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi-bgp)# route-target export 100:6005
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi-bgp)# exit
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi)# advertise-mac
```

```
clear l2route evpn ipv4
```

clear l2route evpn ipv4

To clear either duplicate or frozen flags, or both, from EVPN MAC-IPv4 routes and re-enable local route learning for the corresponding IPv4 addresses, use **clear l2route evpn ipv4** command in EXEC mode.

```
clear l2route evpn ipv4 {ipv4-address} | all [evi evi] frozen-flag
```

Syntax Description	mac <i>mac-address</i> Clears the route for the specified IPv4 address. all Clears all EVPN MAC-IPv4 routes that are marked as duplicate or permanently frozen. evi <i>evi</i> Clears EVPN MAC -IPv4 routes for the specified topology only. frozen-flag Clears either duplicate or frozen flag for the MAC-IPv4 routes that are identified by the specified options.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EXEC				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 6.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 6.6.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 6.6.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	None				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

Example

This example shows how to clear duplicate or frozen flags, or both from EVPN MAC-IPv4 routes:

```
Router# clear l2route evpn ipv4 192.0.2.1 evi 1 frozen-flag
```

clear l2route evpn ipv6

To clear either duplicate or frozen flags, or both, from EVPN MAC-IPv6 routes and re-enable local route learning for the corresponding IPv6 addresses, use **clear l2route evpn ipv6** command in EXEC mode.

clear l2route evpn ipv6 {ipv6-address} | all [evi evi] frozen-flag

Syntax Description	mac mac-address Clears the route for the specified IPv6 address. all Clears all EVPN MAC-IPv6 routes that are marked as duplicate or permanently frozen. evi evi Clears EVPN MAC-IPv6 routes for the specified topology only. frozen-flag Clear duplicate or frozen flag for the MAC-IPv6 routes that are identified by the specified options.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EXEC				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>6.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	6.6.1	This command was introduced.
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Usage Guidelines	None				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

Example

This example shows how to clear either duplicate or frozen flags, or both, from EVPN MAC-IPv6 routes:

```
Router# clear l2route evpn IPv6 2001:DB8::1 evi 1 frozen-flag
```

clear l2route evpn mac

clear l2route evpn mac

To clear either duplicate or frozen flags, or both, from EVPN MAC routes and re-enable local route learning for the corresponding MAC addresses, use **clear l2route evpn mac** command in EXEC mode.

clear l2route evpn mac {mac-address} | all [evi evi] frozen-flag

Syntax Description	<p>mac mac-address Clears the route for the specified MAC address.</p> <p>all Clears all EVPN MAC routes that are marked as duplicate or permanently frozen.</p> <p>evi evi Clears EVPN MAC routes for the specified topology only.</p> <p>frozen-flag Clears duplicate or frozen flag for the MAC routes that are identified by the specified options.</p>				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EXEC				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 6.6.1</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 6.6.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 6.6.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	None				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

Example

This example shows how to clear duplicate or frozen flags, or both, from EVPN MAC routes:

```
Router# clear l2route evpn mac 0.12.3456 evi 1 frozen-flag
```

evi

To enter the EVPN EVI configuration mode and configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI, use the **evi** command in the EVPN configuration mode. To return to the EVPN configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

evi evi-id
no evi evi-id

Syntax Description	<i>evi-id</i> Specifies the Ethernet VPN ID to set. The range is from 1 to 65534.
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Command Default	None.
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Command Modes	EVPN configuration mode
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Command History	Release	Modification
	4.3.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
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Use this command to configure static BGP route distinguisher or BGP route target for an EVI.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

Example

This example shows how to enter the EVPN EVI configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# evi 2
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-evi)#

```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	evpn, on page 10	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
	bgp (EVPN)	Enables BGP in the PBB EVPN configuration.

evpn

To enter EVPN configuration mode, use the **evpn** command in the global configuration mode. To return to the global configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

```
evpn [bgp | evi | interface | timers]
no evpn [bgp | evi | interface | timers]
```

Syntax Description	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>bgp</td><td>Configures BGP.</td></tr> <tr> <td>evi</td><td>Configures Ethernet VPN ID (EVI).</td></tr> <tr> <td>interface</td><td>Assigns an interface to EVPN.</td></tr> <tr> <td>timers</td><td>Configures global EVPN timers.</td></tr> </table>	bgp	Configures BGP.	evi	Configures Ethernet VPN ID (EVI).	interface	Assigns an interface to EVPN.	timers	Configures global EVPN timers.
bgp	Configures BGP.								
evi	Configures Ethernet VPN ID (EVI).								
interface	Assigns an interface to EVPN.								
timers	Configures global EVPN timers.								
Command Default	None.								
Command Modes	Global configuration								
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 4.3.2</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.				
Release	Modification								
Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.								
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.								
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write				
Task ID	Operation								
l2vpn	read, write								
Example	<p>This example shows how to enter the EVPN configuration mode:</p> <pre>RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# </pre>								
Related Commands	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Command</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>evi, on page 9</td><td>Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.</td></tr> <tr> <td>bgp (EVPN)</td><td>Enables BGP in the PBB EVPN configuration.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Command	Description	evi, on page 9	Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.	bgp (EVPN)	Enables BGP in the PBB EVPN configuration.		
Command	Description								
evi, on page 9	Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.								
bgp (EVPN)	Enables BGP in the PBB EVPN configuration.								

Command	Description
interface (EVPN), on page 19	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.
timers (EVPN)	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.

evpn evi

To configure EVPN instance (EVI) use the **evpn evi** command in the global configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

evpn evi evi-id

Syntax Description	<i>evi-id</i> Specifies the Ethernet VPN ID to set. The range is from 1 to 65534.
---------------------------	---

Command Default	None.
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Command Modes	Global configuration
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Command History	Release	Modification
	6.6.3	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	The EVI is represented by the virtual network identifier (VNI). An EVI represents a VPN on a PE router. It serves the same role of an IP VPN Routing and Forwarding (VRF), and EVIs are assigned to import/export Route Targets. This command configures the EVI and enters the EVPN Instance configuration mode, where you can configure EVPN settings.
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Task ID	Task ID	Operation
l2vpn	read, write	

Example

This example shows how to configure EVPN EVI that enters the EVPN Instance configuration mode.

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn evi 10
Router((config-evpn-instance))#
```

evpn evi multicast source-connected

To configure EVPN multicast instance with a locally connected multicast source, use the **evpn evi *evi-id* multicast source-connected** command in the Global configuration mode or EVPN instance configuration mode. To remove the configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

evpn evi *evi-id* [multicast] [source-connected]

Syntax Description

<i>evi-id</i>	Specifies the Ethernet VPN ID to set. The range is from 1 to 65534.
multicast	(Optional) Configures EVPN instance multicast.
source-connected	(Optional) Connects multicast traffic source.

Command Default

None.

Command Modes

Global configuration

EVPN instance configuration mode

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 6.6.3	This command was introduced.
Release 24.1.1	This command is deprecated

Usage Guidelines

This command is used in all-active dual-homed PE scenarios with BVI interfaces and host-routing for EVPN enabled networks.

This command installs an IPv4 or IPv6 host route in the routing table when a locally connected multicast source is available. This ensures that the Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) has correct Reverse Path Forwarding (RPF) towards the local source and not to the EVPN-injected host route of the other PE.

Task ID

Task ID	Operation
l2vpn	read, write

Example

This example shows how to configure a multicast instance in global configuration mode.

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn evi 10 multicast source-connected
Router(config)#

```

This example shows how to configure a multicast instance in EVPN Instance configuration mode.

evpn evi multicast source-connected

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn evi 10
Router(config-evpn-instance)# multicast source-connected
Router(config-evpn-instance)#

```

ethernet-segment

To enter the EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode, use the **ethernet-segment** command in the EVPN interface configuration mode. To disable the Ethernet segment configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

```
ethernet-segment [backbone-source-mac | identifier | load-balancing-mode | service-carving]
no ethernet-segment [backbone-source-mac | identifier | load-balancing-mode | service-carving]
```

Syntax Description	backbone-source-mac Specifies Backbone Source MAC. identifier Specifies Ethernet Segment Identifier. load-balancing-mode Specifies load balancing mode. service-carving Specifies service carving.
---------------------------	---

Command Default None.

Command Modes EVPN interface configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

This example shows how to enter the EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac-es)#

```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface (EVPN), on page 19	Enters the EVPN Interface configuration mode.
	backbone-source-mac	Configures the backbone source MAC address.

Command	Description
load-balancing-mode	Sets the load balancing mode of a physical port or bundle to active-active.

ethernet-segment (evpn)

To disable ESI auto-generation value for LACP ESI type 1, use the **ethernet-segment** command in the EVPN configuration mode. To enable ESI auto-generation, use the **no** form of this command.

ethernet-segmenttype 1 auto-generation-disable
no ethernet-segmenttype 1 auto-generation-disable

Syntax Description	type 1 Specifies LACP ESI-auto-generation for ESI type 1. auto-generation-disable Disables ESI auto-generation.				
Command Default	By default, EVPN auto-generates an ESI value for the bundle interfaces by retrieving LACP information.				
Command Modes	EVPN configuration mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 6.3.2</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 6.3.2	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 6.3.2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command allows mLACP to decide to either forward or stop EVPN multipath resolution on remote ESI.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

Example

This example shows how to disable auto-generation ESI type 1:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-es)# type 1 auto-generation-disable
```

implicit-import

To import EVPN routes in BGP routing table, use **implicit-import** command in the EVPN configuration mode.

implicit-import

Syntax Description	This command has no keywords or arguments.
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Command Default	None
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Command Modes	EVPN configuration mode
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Command History	Release	Modification
	7.9.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.
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Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

This example shows how to configure **implicit-import** command in EVPN configuration mode.

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1#config
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config)#evpn
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config-evpn)#evi 1
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config-evpn-instance)#bgp
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:R1(config-evpn-instance-bgp)#implicit-import
```

interface (EVPN)

To enter the physical or virtual interface configuration mode, use the **interface** command in the EVPN configuration mode. To return to the EVPN configuration mode, use the **no** form of this command.

```
interface type interface path-id
no interface type interface path-id
```

Syntax Description	<i>type</i>	Specifies the following interface types connected to the CE device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical ethernet interface • Bundle ethernet 						
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.						
	<i>interface path-id</i>	Physical or virtual interface name. The range for the bundle name is from 1 to 65535.						
		Note Use the show interfaces command to see a list of all interfaces currently configured on the router.						
		For more information about the syntax for the router, use the question mark (?) online help function.						
Command Default	None.							
Command Modes	EVPN configuration mode							
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 4.3.2</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Release 7.3.1</td><td>The PW-Ether keyword was added.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Release	Modification	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	Release 7.3.1	The PW-Ether keyword was added.
Release	Modification							
Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.							
Release 7.3.1	The PW-Ether keyword was added.							

Usage Guidelines To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

To specify a physical interface, the notation for the *interface-path-id* is *rack/slot/module/port*. The slash between values is required as part of the notation. An explanation of each component of the naming notation is as follows:

- *rack*: Chassis number of the rack.
- *slot*: Physical slot number of the line card.

- *module*: Module number. A physical layer interface module (PLIM) is always 0.
- *port*: Physical port number of the interface.

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
l2vpn	read, write	

Example

This example shows how to enter the EVPN Interface configuration mode for bundle-ether 1:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# evpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-evpn-ac) #
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	evpn, on page 10	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
	ethernet-segment, on page 15	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode.
	#unique_254	
	timers (EVPN)	Configures timers that affect the convergence of PBB EVPN in failure scenarios.

l2vpn evpn

To execute EVPN commands in L2VPN mode, use the **l2vpn evpn** command in the EXEC mode.

```
l2vpn evpn { compute-hrw neighbor neighbor-ip-address esi esi-value service-id evi-value | ethernet-segment interface interface-name revert }
```

Syntax Description	compute-hrw neighbor <i>neighbor-ip-address</i> esi <i>esi-value</i> service-id <i>evi-value</i> ethernet-segment interface <i>interface-name</i> revert	Generates Highest Random Weight (HRW) for a PE, which would be used during the DF election. Disables the non-revertive mode and returns to the revertive mode of DF election.
Command Default	None	
Command Modes	EXEC	
Command History	Release Modification	
	Release 6.0.1 This command was introduced.	
	Release 24.1.1 The ethernet-segment interface <i>interface-name</i> revert keyword was added.	
Usage Guidelines	None	
Task ID	Task ID Operation	
	l2vpn read, write	

Example

This example shows configuration to compute HRW.

```
Router# l2vpn evpn compute-hrw neighbor 10.1.1.1 esi 11.1111.1111.0011.1111 service-id 10
```

This example shows configuration to disable the non-revertive mode of DF election.

```
Router# l2vpn evpn ethernet-segment interface Bundle-Ether1 revert
```

mac-flush

To perform a MAC flush on an Ethernet-segment, use the **mac-flush** command in the EVPN interface configuration mode. To disable the MAC flush setting, use the **no** form of this command.

mac-flush mvrp

Starting from Cisco IOS XR Release 7.11.2, the command has been replaced as follows:

mac-flush-message { mvrp | disable }

Syntax Description	mvrp Specifies the MAC flush over MVRP. disable Disables the MAC flush messages.						
Command Default	STP-TCN						
Command Modes	EVPN interface configuration						
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 4.3.2</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Release 7.11.2</td><td>This command was replaced by the mac-flush-message command. The keyword disable was added.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	Release 7.11.2	This command was replaced by the mac-flush-message command. The keyword disable was added.
Release	Modification						
Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.						
Release 7.11.2	This command was replaced by the mac-flush-message command. The keyword disable was added.						
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.						
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read, write</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write		
Task ID	Operation						
l2vpn	read, write						

This example shows how to perform the MAC flush over MVRP on an Ethernet segment:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 36.37.00.00.00.00.00.11.00
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# exit
Router(config-evpn-ac)# mac-flush mvrp
Router(config-evpn-ac)#

```

This example shows how to perform the MAC flush over MVRP on an Ethernet segment, starting from release 7.11.2:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 36.37.00.00.00.00.00.11.00
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#exit
Router(config-evpn-ac)# mac-flush-message mvrp
Router(config-evpn-ac) #
```

This example shows how to disable the MAC flush messages on an Ethernet segment:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 36.37.00.00.00.00.00.11.00
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#load-balancing-mode single-active
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#exit
Router(config-evpn-ac)# mac-flush-message disable
Router(config-evpn-ac) #
```

neighbor evpn

neighbor evpn

To enable EVPN-VPWS endpoint on the p2p cross-connect, use the **neighbor evpn** command in the p2p configuration submode.

```
neighbor evpn evi vpn-id service {service-id | vlan-aware} target ac-id
```

Syntax Description	<p>evi vpn-id Virtual Private Network Identifier where this p2p xconnect is setup.</p> <p>target ac-id Specifies the targeted remote attachment circuit id of the EVPN.</p> <p>vlan-aware Specifies the vlan-aware service.</p>
---------------------------	--

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	p2p configuration submode
----------------------	---------------------------

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 6.1.21	This command was introduced.
	Release 7.11.1	The vlan-aware keyword was added.

Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.
-------------------------	--

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
l2vpn	read, write	

The following example shows how to enable EVPN-VPWS endpoint on the p2p cross-connect.

```
Router# configure
Router# interface TenGigE0/1/0/12
Router(config)# l2vpn
Router(config-l2vpn)# xconnect group xc1
Router(config-l2vpn-xc)# p2p vpws
Router(config-l2vpn-xc-p2p)# interface gigabitethernet 0/1/0/9
Router(config-l2vpn-xc-p2p)# neighbor evpn evi 100 target 80
```

The following example shows how to configure vlan-aware PW Head end:

```
Router(config)# l2vpn
Router(config-l2vpn)# xconnect group evpn-headend
Router(config-l2vpn-xc)# p2p headend-va-1002
Router(config-l2vpn-xc-p2p)# interface PW-Ether 1002
Router(config-l2vpn-xc-p2p)# neighbor evpn evi 1002 service vlan-aware
Router(config-l2vpn-xc-p2p)# root
```

non-revertive

To enable the non-revertive mode of DF election, use the **non-revertive** command in the EVPN ethernet segment service carving configuration mode.

non-revertive

Command Default	None	
Command Modes	EVPN interface Ethernet segment service carving configuration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.
Usage Guidelines	You can enable the non-revertive mode only on preference-based DF election. It is recommended to configure the non-revertive mode on all the nodes in the network.	
Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

Example

This example shows how to enable non-revertive mode:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface Bundle-Ether1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 01.11.00.00.00.00.00.00.01
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# load-balancing-mode port-active
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# service-carving preference-based
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# non-revertive
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# weight 100
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# commit
```

revert

revert

To set a timer to switchover from non-revertive mode to revertive mode of DF election, use the **revert timer** command in the EVPN configuration mode or EVPN interface configuration mode.

revert timer

Syntax Description	<i>timer</i> Specify the time interval for the revert timer in seconds. The range is 0 to 3600.
---------------------------	---

Command Default	None
------------------------	------

Command Modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EVPN configuration mode EVPN interface configuration mode
----------------------	--

Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 24.1.1	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines	None
-------------------------	------

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
	l2vpn	read, write

Example

This example shows revert timer configuration for a specific interface:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface Bundle-Ether1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 01.11.00.00.00.00.00.01
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# load-balancing-mode port-active
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# service-carving preference-based
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# non-revertive
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# weight 100
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# exit
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# exit
Router(config-evpn-ac)# timers
Router(config-evpn-ac-timers)# revert 300
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# commit
```

This example shows global configuration for revert timer:

```
Router# configure
```

```
Router(config)# evpn  
Router(config-evpn)# timers  
Router(config-evpn-timers)# revert 300  
Router(config-evpn-timers)# commit
```

route-target

route-target

To specify a route target for the VFI, use the **route-target** command in the BGP autodiscovery mode. To return to the default value, use the **no** form of this command.

```
route-target {as-number:nn ip-address:nn}
no route-target {as-number:nn ip-address:nn}
```

Syntax Description

as-number:nn Autonomous system (AS) number of the route distinguisher.

- as-number—16-bit AS number

Range for 2-byte numbers is 1 to 65535. Range for 4-byte numbers is 1.0 to 65535.65535.

- nn—32-bit number

ip-address:nn IP address of the route distinguisher.

- ip-address—32-bit IP address
- nn—16-bit number

Command Default

None.

Command Modes

BGP autodiscovery configuration

Command History

Release	Modification
Release 4.0.0	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID

Task ID	Operations
l2vpn	read, write

Examples

The following example shows how to configure a bridge domain:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router# configure
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config)# l2vpn
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn)# bridge group EGroup
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg)# bridge-domain eastdomain
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg-bd)# vfi eastvfi
```

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg-bd-vfi)# autodiscovery bgp
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router(config-l2vpn-bg-bd-vfi-ad)#route-target 100:20
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
bridge-domain (VPLS)	Establishes a bridge domain, and enters L2VPN bridge group bridge domain configuration mode.
bridge group (VPLS)	Creates a bridge group so that it can contain bridge domains and then to assign network interfaces to the bridge domain.
l2vpn	Enters L2VPN configuration mode.

set advertise-evpn-gw-ip

set advertise-evpn-gw-ip

To advertise the EVPN gateway IP address as a next-hop IP address,, use the **set advertise-evpn-gw-ip** command in the route-policy configuration mode.

```
set advertise-evpn-gw-ip { A.B.C.D | X:X::X | parameter | use-next-hop }
```

Syntax Description	A.B.C.D Specify an IPv4 address. X:X::X Specify an IPv6 address. parameter Identifier specified in the format: '\$' followed by alphanumeric characters use-next-hop Set advertise EVPN gateway IP as next-hop IP address.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	Route-policy configuration				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 7.10.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
Release 7.10.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>route-policy</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	route-policy	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
route-policy	read, write				

Example

This example shows how to configure EVPN gateway IP address as a next-hop IP address:

```
Router(config)# route-policy gw
Router(config-rpl)# set advertise-evpn-gw-ip use-next-hop
Router(config-rpl)# end-policy
Router(config)# vrf VRF1
Router(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 unicast
Router(config-vrf-af)# import route-target
Router(config-vrf-import-rt)# 10:10
Router(config-vrf-import-rt)# exit
Router(config-vrf-af)# export route-policy gw
Router(config-vrf-af)# export route-target
Router(config-vrf-export-rt)# 10:10
Router(config-vrf-export-rt)#commit
```

service-carving

To specify a list of service identifiers as active and standby services, use the **service-carving** command in the EVPN Ethernet segment configuration mode.

```
service-carving { manual [ primary service-id-range secondary service-id-range ] } | { preference-based [ access-driven | weight preference-df-weight | srg-driven ] }
```

Syntax Description		
manual	Specifies service identifiers or EVI-list services manually.	
primary	Specifies the primary services list.	
secondary	Specifies the secondary services list.	
<i>service-id-range</i>	Specifies the services list notation in the range 100, 201-300, 401. The range is within 256 to 16777214.	
preference-based	Specifies preference-based service carving.	
access-driven	Specifies access-driven DF election.	
weight	Specifies the preference value.	
<i>preference-df-weight</i>	Specifies the preference DF weight. The range is from 0 to 65535 unless access-driven is configured, in which case it will be 0 to 32767. Default is 32767 when not configured.	
srg-driven	Enables the Subscriber Redundancy Group, BNG DF Election.	
Command Default	Automatic service carving	
Command Modes	EVPN interface Ethernet segment configuration mode	
Command History	Release	Modification
	Release 6.1.2	This command was introduced.
	Release 7.3.1	The following keywords are added:
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • preference-based • access-driven
	Release 7.11.1	The srg-driven keyword was added.
Usage Guidelines	None	

Task ID	Task ID	Operation
		ID
l2vpn	read, write	

Example

This example shows how to specify a list of service identifiers as active and standby services:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface bundle-ether 1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# service-carving manual primary 201-300 secondary 400-500
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# commit
```

This example shows how to specify EVPN access-driven DF election:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#evpn
Router(config-evpn)#interface Bundle-Ether1
Router(config-evpn-ac)#ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#identifier type 0 01.11.00.00.00.00.00.00.01
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#load-balancing-mode port-active
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#service-carving preference-based
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)#weight 100
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)#access-driven
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)#commit
```

This example shows how to enable BNG SRG driven DF election for EVPN:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#evpn
Router(config-evpn)#interface PW-Ether1002
Router(config-evpn-ac)#ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#identifier type 0 00.10.02.00.00.00.10.02
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)#service-carving preference-based
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# srg-driven
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)#commit
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)#root
```

show evpn ethernet-segment

To display the EVPN Ethernet segment information, use the **show evpn ethernet-segment** command in the EXEC mode.

show evpn ethernet-segment[detail | esi | interface | location | private | standby]

Syntax Description

detail	Displays detailed information.
esi	Filters by Ethernet Segment identifier.
interface	Filters by interface name.
location	Displays location specific information.
private	Displays private information.
standby	Displays standby node specific information.

Command Default

None.

Command Modes

EXEC

Command History

Release	Modification
4.3.2	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.

Task ID

Task ID	Operation
l2vpn	read

Example

This sample output shows the EVPN Ethernet segment with interface filter:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn ethernet-segment interface gigabitether 0/3/0/0 detail
Ethernet Segment Id      Interface      Nexthops
-----  -----
0210.0300.9e00.0210.0000 Gi0/3/0/0      1.100.100.100
                                         2.100.100.100
be01.0300.be01.ce00.0001 BE1        1.100.100.100
                                         2.100.100.100
be02.0300.be02.0101.0002 BE2        1.100.100.100
                                         2.100.100.100
```

show evpn ethernet-segment

N/A	Gi0/3/0/3	N/A
-----	-----------	-----

This sample output shows the EVPN Ethernet segment detailed information:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn ethernet-segment detail
Tue Jun 25 14:17:09.610 EDT
Legend:
A- PBB-EVPN load-balancing mode and Access Protection incompatible,
B- no Bridge Ports PBB-EVPN enabled,
C- Backbone Source MAC missing,
E- ESI missing,
H- Interface handle missing,
I- Interface name missing,
M- Interface in Down state,
O- BGP End of Download missing,
P- Interface already Access Protected,
Pf-Interface forced single-homed,
R- BGP RID not received,
S- Interface in redundancy standby state,
X- ESI-extracted MAC Conflict

Ethernet Segment Id      Interface      Nexthops
-----  -----  -----
0210.0300.9e00.0210.0000 Gi0/3/0/0      1.100.100.100
                                         2.100.100.100
    ES to BGP Gates   : Ready
    ES to L2FIB Gates : Ready
    Main port        :
        Interface name : GigabitEthernet0/3/0/0
        IfHandle       : 0x1800300
        State          : Up
        Redundancy     : Not Defined
        Source MAC     : 0001.ed9e.0001 (PBB BSA)
    Topology          :
        Operational    : MHN
        Configured     : A/A per service (default)
    Primary Services  : Auto-selection
    Secondary Services: Auto-selection
    Service Carving Results:
        Bridge ports  : 3
        Elected       : 0
        Not Elected   : 3
        I-Sid NE      : 1450101, 1650205, 1850309
    MAC Flushing mode : STP-TCN
    Peering timer    : 45 sec [not running]
    Recovery timer   : 20 sec [not running]
    Flushagain timer : 60 sec

be01.0300.be01.ce00.0001 BE1           1.100.100.100
                                         2.100.100.100
    ES to BGP Gates   : Ready
    ES to L2FIB Gates : Ready
    Main port        :
        Interface name : Bundle-Ether1
        IfHandle       : 0x000480
        State          : Up
        Redundancy     : Active
        Source MAC     : 0024.be01.ce00 (Local)
    Topology          :
        Operational    : MHN
        Configured     : A/A per flow (default)
    Primary Services  : Auto-selection
    Secondary Services: Auto-selection
```

```
Service Carving Results:  
  Bridge ports : 3  
  Elected      : 3  
    I-Sid E   : 1450102, 1650206, 1850310  
  Not Elected  : 0  
  MAC Flushing mode : STP-TCN  
  Peering timer   : 45 sec [not running]  
  Recovery timer   : 20 sec [not running]  
  Flushagain timer : 60 sec
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
evpn, on page 10	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
ethernet-segment, on page 15	Enters EVPN interface ethernet segment configuration mode.

show evpn summary

show evpn summary

To display the EVPN summary, use the **show evpn summary** command in the EXEC mode.

show evpn summary[location | private | standby]

Syntax Description	location Displays location specific information. private Displays private information. standby Displays standby node specific information.				
Command Default	None.				
Command Modes	EXEC				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4.3.2</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	4.3.2	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
4.3.2	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	To use this command, you must be in a user group associated with a task group that includes appropriate task IDs. If the user group assignment is preventing you from using a command, contact your AAA administrator for assistance.				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>I2vpn</td> <td>read</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	I2vpn	read
Task ID	Operation				
I2vpn	read				

Example

This sample output shows the EVPN summary:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn summary
Thu Jul  4 01:34:58.838 DST
-----
Global Information
-----
Number of EVIs          : 1
Number of Local MAC Routes : 1
Number of Remote MAC Routes : 0
Number of Local IMCAST Routes : 0
Number of Remote IMCAST Routes: 0
Number of Internal Labels   : 0
Number of ES Entries       : 0
BGP Router ID            : :::
BGP ASN                  : Invalid
PBB BSA MAC address      : f866.f214.abd7
Global peering timer      :      45 seconds
Global recovery timer     :      20 seconds
```

```
Global programming timer      : 1500 microseconds
Global flushagain timer      : 60 seconds
-----
High Availability Information
-----
BGP EOD                     : N
Number of Marked MAC Routes : 0
Number of Swept MAC Routes  : 0
Number of Marked IMCAST Routes: 0
Number of Swept IMCAST Routes : 0
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
evpn , on page 10	Enters EVPN configuration mode.

show evpn evi

show evpn evi

To display the EVPN E-VPN ID information, use the **show evpn evi** command in the EXEC mode.

show evpn evi [bridge-domain | detail | inclusive-multicast | location | mac | standby | vpn-id]

Syntax Description	bridge-domain Displays information for a specified bridge-domain.. detail Displays detailed information. inclusive-multicast Displays EVPN Inclusive Multicast information. location Displays location specific information. mac Displays EVI MAC route associated configuration information. standby Displays standby node specific information. vpn-id Displays information for a specified E-VPN Identifier.						
Command Default	None.						
Command Modes	EXEC						
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th><th>Modification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Release 4.3.2</td><td>This command was introduced.</td></tr> <tr> <td>Release 6.1.2</td><td>The show command output is enhanced to display the Service Path Preference parameters.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.	Release 6.1.2	The show command output is enhanced to display the Service Path Preference parameters.
Release	Modification						
Release 4.3.2	This command was introduced.						
Release 6.1.2	The show command output is enhanced to display the Service Path Preference parameters.						
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th><th>Operation</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td><td>read</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read		
Task ID	Operation						
l2vpn	read						

Example

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI information with the VPN-ID and MAC address filter:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi vpn-id 185 mac 0024.be03.ce01
MAC address      Nexthop          Label      vpn-id
-----  -----
0024.be03.ce01  3.100.100.100      16004    185
                  4.100.100.100      16004    185
ESI port key : 0x0000
Source       : Remote
Flush Count  : 0
```

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI information with the VPN-ID and inclusive-multicast filter:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi vpn-id 185 inclusive-multicast service-id 1850312 orig-ip
1.100.100.100
ISID          Originating IP           vpn-id
-----
1850312      1.100.100.100          185
1850312      2.100.100.100          185
1850312      3.100.100.100          185
1850312      4.100.100.100          185
```

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI inclusive-multicast information:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi inclusive-multicast detail
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 1.100.100.100          185
  Nexthop: :::
  Label   : 16005
  Source  : Local
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 2.100.100.100          185
  Nexthop: 2.100.100.100
  Label   : 16005
  Source  : Remote
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 3.100.100.100          185
  Nexthop: 3.100.100.100
  Label   : 16005
  Source  : Remote
ISID: 1850312, Originating IP: 4.100.100.100          185
  Nexthop: 4.100.100.100
  Label   : 16005
  Source  : Remote
```

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI information with the bridge-domain filter:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi bridge-domain tb1-core1 detail
EVI          Bridge Domain        Type
-----
145          tb1-core1           PBB
165          tb1-core2           PBB
185          tb1-core3           PBB
65535        ES:GLOBAL          BD
```

This sample output shows the EVPN EVI detailed information:

```
RP/0/RSP0/CPU0:router#show evpn evi detail
EVI          Bridge Domain        Type
-----
145          tb1-core1           PBB
  Unicast Label : 16000
  Multicast Label: 16001
  RD Config: none
  RD Auto   : (auto) 1.100.100.100:145
  RT Auto   : 100:145
  Route Targets in Use
  -----
  100:145                Import
  100:145                Export
```

show evpn evi

```

165      tb1-core2                  PBB
    Unicast Label : 16002
    Multicast Label: 16003
    RD Config: none
    RD Auto   : (auto) 1.100.100.100:165
    RT Auto   : 100:165
    Route Targets in Use      Type
    -----
    100:165          Import
    100:165          Export

185      tb1-core3                  PBB
    Unicast Label : 16004
    Multicast Label: 16005
    RD Config: none
    RD Auto   : (auto) 1.100.100.100:185
    RT Auto   : 100:185
    Route Targets in Use      Type
    -----
    100:185          Import
    100:185          Export

65535    ES:GLOBAL                 BD
    Unicast Label : 0
    Multicast Label: 0
    RD Config: none
    RD Auto   : (auto) 1.100.100.100:0
    RT Auto   : none
    Route Targets in Use      Type
    -----
    0100.9e00.0210  Import
    0100.be01.ce00  Import
    0100.be02.0101  Import

```

Related Commands

Command	Description
evpn, on page 10	Enters EVPN configuration mode.
evi, on page 9	Enters the EVPN EVI configuration mode to configure optional BGP settings for a bridge domain or EVI.

weight

To configure the weight of a PE that can be used for EVPN Designated Forwarder (DF) election, use the **weight** command in the EVPN interface Ethernet segment service carving configuration mode.

weight *weight-value*

Syntax Description	<i>weight-value</i> Specifies the preference DF weight. The range is from 0 to 65535 unless access-driven is configured, in which case it will be 0 to 32767. Default is 32767 when not configured.				
Command Default	None				
Command Modes	EVPN interface Ethernet segment service carving configuration mode				
Command History	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Release</th> <th>Modification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7.3.1</td> <td>This command was introduced.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Release	Modification	7.3.1	This command was introduced.
Release	Modification				
7.3.1	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	None				
Task ID	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Task ID</th> <th>Operation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>l2vpn</td> <td>read, write</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Task ID	Operation	l2vpn	read, write
Task ID	Operation				
l2vpn	read, write				

Example

The following example shows configuration of DF weight.

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# evpn
Router(config-evpn)# interface Bundle-Ether1
Router(config-evpn-ac)# ethernet-segment
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# identifier type 0 01.11.00.00.00.00.00.01
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# load-balancing-mode port-active
Router(config-evpn-ac-es)# service-carving preference-based
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# weight 100
Router(config-evpn-ac-es-sc-pref)# commit
```

■ weight