



# cnBNG User Plane Subscriber Management Commands

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This chapter describes the Cisco IOS XR software commands that are used to configure subscriber management for the cnBNG user plane on Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers. For details regarding the related configurations, see the Cloud Native BNG User Plane Configuration Guide for Cisco ASR 9000 Series Routers.

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# dhcp profile

To specify a DHCP profile for the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IPv4 and IPv6 component and to enter the profile mode, use the **profile** command in DHCP IPv4 or DHCP IPv6 configuration submode. To disable a profile and exit the profile mode, use the **no** form of this command.

**dhcp { ipv4 | ipv6 } profile profile\_name cnbng**

|                           |  |   |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| <b>Syntax Description</b> | <i>profile_name</i>  | Specifies the name of the profile that uniquely identifies the proxy or server. |
|                           | <b>cnbng</b>   | Creates a cloud native BNG (cnBNG) profile.                                     |
| <b>Command Default</b>    | None   |   |
| <b>Command Modes</b>      | DHCP IPv4 configuration<br>DHCP IPv6 configuration                                   |   |
| <b>Command History</b>    | <b>Release</b>   | <b>Modification</b>   |
|                           | Release 7.4.2  | Support for the DHCP IPv4 and DHCP IPv6 cnbng profile was added for cnBNG.      |
| <b>Usage Guidelines</b>   | The <i>profile-name</i> and the <i>class-name</i> should be unique per base profile. |   |
| <b>Task ID</b>            | <b>Task ID</b>   | <b>Operations</b>   |
|                           | ip-services  | read,<br>write  |

## Examples

This example shows how to create a DHCPv4 cnBNG profile:

```
Router(config)#dhcp ipv4
Router(config-dhcpv4)#profile cnbng_1 cnbng
Router(config-dhcpv4-cnbng-profile)#exit
Router(config-dhcpv4)#interface bundle-Ether 1.1 cnbng profile cnbng_1
Router(config-dhcpv4)#interface bundle-Ether 2.1 cnbng profile cnbng_1
Router(config-dhcpv4)#commit
```

This example shows how to create a DHCPv6 cnBNG profile:

```
Router(config)#dhcp ipv6
Router(config-dhcpv4)#profile cnbng_1 cnbng
Router(config-dhcpv4-cnbng-profile)#exit
Router(config-dhcpv4)#interface bundle-Ether 1.1 cnbng profile cnbng_1
Router(config-dhcpv4)#interface bundle-Ether 2.1 cnbng profile cnbng_1
Router(config-dhcpv4)#commit
```

# initiator dhcp

To enable DHCP as first-sign-of-life protocol for IPv4 or IPv6 subscriber, use the **initiator dhcp** command in the appropriate configuration submode. To disable this feature, use the **no** form of this command.

## initiator dhcp

This command has no keywords or arguments.

### Command Default

None

### Command Modes

IP subscriber IPv4 L2-connected configuration

IP subscriber IPv6 L2-connected configuration

### Command History

| Release       | Modification                 |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| Release 7.4.2 | This command was introduced. |

### Usage Guidelines

This command is not supported for IPv6 routed subscriber.

### Task ID

| Task ID | Operation      |
|---------|----------------|
| network | read,<br>write |

This is an example of configuring the **initiator dhcp** command in the Interface configuration mode:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# interface Bundle-Ether 56
Router(config-if)# ipsubscriber ipv4 l2-connected
Router(config-if-ipsub-ipv4-l2conn)# initiator dhcp
```

This is an example of configuring the **initiator dhcp** command in the Interface configuration mode:

```
Router# configure
Router(config)# interface Bundle-Ether 56
Router(config-if)# ipsubscriber ipv6 l2-connected
Router(config-cnbnng-nal-ipsub-l2conn)# initiator dhcp
```

# I2tp enable

To establish the LAC session on cloud native BNG (cnBNG), use the **I2tp enable** command in cnbng-nal configuration mode. To remove this configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

## I2tp enable

This command has no keywords or arguments.

None

|                      |           |
|----------------------|-----------|
| <b>Command Modes</b> | cnbng-nal |
|----------------------|-----------|

|                        |                |                              |
|------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Command History</b> | <b>Release</b> | <b>Modification</b>          |
|                        | Release 7.4.2  | This command was introduced. |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <b>Usage Guidelines</b> | No specific guidelines impact the use of this command. |
|-------------------------|--|

|                |                 |                  |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| <b>Task ID</b> | <b>Task ID</b>  | <b>Operation</b> |
|                | config-services | read,<br>write   |

This example shows how to configure LAC on the user plane of cnBNG:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#cnbng-nal location 0/0/CPU0
Router(config-cnbng-nal-local)#I2tp enable
Router(config-cnbng-nal-local)#commit
Router(config-cnbng-nal-local)#exit
```

# lns enable

To establish the LNS session on cloud native BNG (cnBNG), use the **lns enable** command in cnbng-nal configuration mode. To remove this configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

## lns enable

This command has no keywords or arguments.

None

|                      |           |
|----------------------|-----------|
| <b>Command Modes</b> | cnbng-nal |
|----------------------|-----------|

|                        |                |                              |
|------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Command History</b> | <b>Release</b> | <b>Modification</b>          |
|                        | Release 7.4.2  | This command was introduced. |

|                |                 |                  |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| <b>Task ID</b> | <b>Task ID</b>  | <b>Operation</b> |
|                | config-services | read,<br>write   |

This example shows how to configure LNS on the user plane of cnBNG:

```
Router(config)#interface bundle-ether 1.1
Router(config-subif)#ipv4 address 192.5.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-subif)#ipv6 enable
Router(config-subif)#lns enable
Router(config-subif)#commit
Router(config-subif)#exit
```

# pppoe enable

To enable pppoe on an interface, use the **pppoe enable** command in interface configuration mode. To disable the pppoe on the interface, use the **no** form of this command.

## pppoe enable

This command has no keywords or arguments.

None

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>Command Modes</b> | Interface configuration |
|----------------------|-------------------------|

| <b>Command History</b> | <b>Release</b> | <b>Modification</b>          |
|------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
|                        | Release 7.4.2  | This command was introduced. |

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <b>Usage Guidelines</b> | No specific guidelines impact the use of this command. |
|-------------------------|--|

| <b>Task ID</b> | <b>Task ID</b> | <b>Operation</b> |
|----------------|----------------|------------------|
|                | ppp            | read,<br>write   |

This is an example for configuring the **pppoe enable** command in interface configuration mode:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#interface Bundle-Ether100.10
Router(config-if)# pppoe enable
```

# subscriber redundancy

To configure subscriber redundancy group, use the **subscriber redundancy** command in cnbng-nal configuration mode. To disable the subscriber redundancy, use the **no** form of this command.

```
subscriber-redundancy group name [{ access-interface-list interface name | access-tracking name | core-tracking name | damping-timer-val value | fast-switchover-disable | route-tag value | virtual-mac mac-address }]
```

| Syntax Description | group <i>name</i>   | Specifies the subscriber redundancy group name.   |
|--------------------|---|---|
|                    | <b>access-interface-list</b> <i>interface</i> <i>name</i> | Specifies the access interface for the specified subscriber redundancy group.   |
|                    | <b>access-tracking</b> <i>name</i>                        | Specifies the access tracking object for the specified subscriber redundancy group.   |
|                    | <b>core-tracking</b> <i>name</i>                          | Specifies the core tracking object for the specified subscriber redundancy group.   |
|                    | <b>damping-timer-val</b> <i>value</i>                     | Specifies the damping timer value for the specified subscriber redundancy group.<br><br>Allowed range is from 60-600 seconds. |
|                    | <b>fast-switchover-disable</b>                            | Disables the fast switchover mode for the specified subscriber redundancy group.  |
|                    | <b>route-tag</b> <i>value</i>                             | Specifies the route tag value to be applied for subnet routes.<br><br>Allowed range is from 1 to 4294967295.                  |
|                    | <b>virtual-mac</b> <i>mac-address</i> <i>value</i>        | Specifies the virtual mac address for the specified subscriber redundancy group.  |
|                    | None  |   |

**Command Modes** cnbng-nal configuration mode

| Command History | Release       | Modification                 |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
|                 | Release 7.8.1 | This command was introduced. |

**Usage Guidelines** No specific guidelines impact the use of this command.

| Task ID | Task ID         | Operation      |
|---------|-----------------|----------------|
|         | config-services | read,<br>write |

This is an example of configure the subscriber redundancy group:

```
Router#configure
Router(config)#cnbng-nal location 0/0/CPU0
Router(config-cnbng-nal-local)#subscriber-redundancy
Router(config-cnbng-nal-sub-red)#group group1
Router(config-cnbng-nal-srg-grp)#virtual-mac 0aaa.0bbb.0c01
Router(config-cnbng-nal-srg-grp)# core-tracking core1
Router(config-cnbng-nal-srg-grp)#access-tracking track1
Router(config-cnbng-nal-srg-grp)#access-interface-list
Router(config-cfg-srg-grp-intf)#interface Bundle-Ether1.1
Router(config-cfg-srg-grp-intf)# exit
Router(config-cfg-srg-grp)# fast-switchover-disable
Router(config-cfg-srg-grp)# exit
```