



Slot and Subslot Configuration

This chapter contains information on slots and subslots. Slots specify the chassis slot number in your router and subslots specify the slot where the service modules are installed.

For further information on the slots and subslots, see the “About Slots and Interfaces” section in the [Hardware Installation Guide for the Cisco 4000 Series Integrated Services Routers](#).

The following section is included in this chapter:

- [Configuring the Interfaces, on page 1](#)

Configuring the Interfaces

The following sections describe how to configure Gigabit interfaces and also provide examples of configuring the router interfaces:

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Configuring Gigabit Ethernet Interfaces

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface GigabitEthernet *slot/subslot/port***
4. **ip address *ip-address mask* [secondary] dhcp pool**
5. **negotiation auto**
6. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: <pre>Router> enable</pre>	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: <pre>Router# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface GigabitEthernet slot/subslot/port Example: <pre>Router(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/1</pre>	Configures a GigabitEthernet interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GigabitEthernet—Type of interface. • <i>slot</i>—Chassis slot number. • <i>/subslot</i>—Secondary slot number. The slash (/) is required. • <i>/port</i>—Port or interface number. The slash (/) is required.
Step 4	ip address ip-address mask [secondary] dhcp pool Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0 dhcp pool</pre>	Assigns an IP address to the GigabitEthernet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ip address ip-address—IP address for the interface. • <i>mask</i>—Mask for the associated IP subnet. • secondary (optional)—Specifies that the configured address is a secondary IP address. If this keyword is omitted, the configured address is the primary IP address. • dhcp—IP address negotiated via DHCP. • pool—IP address autoconfigured from a local DHCP pool.
Step 5	negotiation auto Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# negotiation auto</pre>	Selects the negotiation mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • auto—Performs link autonegotiation.
Step 6	end Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# end</pre>	Ends the current configuration session and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring the Interfaces: Example

The following example shows the **interface gigabitEthernet** command being used to add the interface and set the IP address. **0/0/0** is the slot/subslot/port. The ports are numbered 0 to 3.

```
Router# show running-config interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 71 bytes
!
interface gigabitEthernet0/0/0
no ip address
negotiation auto
end

Router# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# interface gigabitEthernet 0/0/0
```

Viewing a List of All Interfaces: Example

In this example, the **show platform software interface summary** and **show interfaces summary** commands are used to display all the interfaces:

```
Router# show platform software interface summary
```

Interface	IHQ	IQD	OHQ	OQD	RXBS	RXPS	TXBS	TXPS	TRTL
* GigabitEthernet0/0/0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0/0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0/0/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0/0/3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
Router# show interfaces summary
```

```
*: interface is up
IHQ: pkts in input hold queue      IQD: pkts dropped from input queue
OHQ: pkts in output hold queue     OQD: pkts dropped from output queue
RXBS: rx rate (bits/sec)           RXPS: rx rate (pkts/sec)
TXBS: tx rate (bits/sec)           TXPS: tx rate (pkts/sec)
TRTL: throttle count
```

Interface	IHQ	IQD	OHQ	OQD	RXBS	RXPS	TXBS	TXPS	TRTL
* GigabitEthernet0/0/0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0/0/1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0/0/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet0/0/3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
* GigabitEthernet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Viewing Information About an Interface: Example

The following example shows how to display a brief summary of an interface's IP information and status, including the virtual interface bundle information, by using the **show ip interface brief** command:

```
Router# show ip interface brief
```

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status	Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0/0	10.0.0.1	YES	manual	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/0/1	unassigned	YES	NVRAM	administratively down	down

Viewing Information About an Interface: Example

GigabitEthernet0/0/2	10.10.10.1	YES	NVRAM	up	up
GigabitEthernet0/0/3	10.8.8.1	YES	NVRAM	up	up
GigabitEthernet0	172.18.42.33	YES	NVRAM	up	up