

# Cisco WAN Automation Engine Release Notes, Release 6.4.12

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This document describes any features, limitations, and bugs for Cisco WAN Automation Engine (Cisco WAE) Release 6.4.12.

# **New and Changed Information**

The following table describes information that has been added or changed since the initial release of this document.

Date	Revision	Location
April 10, 2018	Added a WAE Live Map limitation.	WAE Live, page 7

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# Introduction

Cisco WAE is a model-driven, path visibility and path computation engine that simulates, automates, and optimizes multi-vendor, multi-layer networks by leveraging time-series traffic and flow data. For more information on Cisco WAE, visit <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/wae">www.cisco.com/go/wae</a>.

# **Upgrading to WAE 6.4.12**

The following is a high-level summary of tasks that should be performed when upgrading from a WAE 6.4.x release.



The following tasks assume you are familiar with WAE and WAE Live installations.

Task	For more information, see the following sections in the WAE Server Installation Guide	
1. Disable snapshot processes configured in the WAE user cron job.	_	
2. As a root user, stop all WAE services.	_	
<pre># /etc/init.d/wae-svcs-boot stop # wae-svcs-boot stop</pre>		
3. Stop the snapshot process and confirm that plan files have been inserted into the WAE Live data store using the ml_insert_ctl -status command. The output should look like this:		
Last Collection Status: success Last Collected Filename: The last plan file collected by the snapshot process Job Queue Status: Healthy		
4. Back up the WAE Live data store.	Backing Up the Data Store	
<b>Note</b> If WAE is running on a VM, you have the option to take a VM snapshot.		
5. As a root user, install WAE 6.4.12. At the prompt "Migrate WAE Collector files from previous installation?", enter yes.	Planning Software Installation	
# sudo bash <package>.bin</package>		
6. As a WAE user, stop WAE services, upgrade the WAE Live data store, and restart WAE services.	Upgrading the Data Store	
<pre># service wae-web-server stop # mld -action upgrade # service wae-web-server start</pre>		
To verify that the processes are running:		
<pre># service wae-web-server status # mld -action status</pre>		
7. Enable the snapshot processes in the cron job that you previously disabled.	_	

# **Resolved Bugs**

The following table lists the resolved bugs in Cisco WAE 6.4.12.

Bug ID	Description	
CSCvb41067	The mld -action install command gets stuck with certain CPU and storage parameters.	
CSCve81772	Measurements have commas instead of periods.	
CSCvf84356	The wrong version appears in group_vars/all.	
CSCvf88160	There is a missing secure attribute in the Encrypted Session (SSL) cookie.	
CSCvg08828	When running mld commands as root, the task to check mld root should be done earlier in mld command execution.	
CSCvg13479	The wae-ni service stops every few days.	
CSCvg38440	SNMP_POLL relays strange summary numbers.	
CSCvg49947	Add a capability service to check if the device type is of either IE switches or 1783 series.	
CSCvg78481	The mld -createnetwork command should prompt for username and password when authentication fails.	
CSCvg80735	The Java process does not always stop when the web server is stopped.	
CSCvg81959	Inconsistent WAE web server user login interface.	
CSCvg85656	The Login_Find_IGP_DB task picks up loopback ID from ISIS database on Nokia routers.	
CSCvg87571	Adding multiple networks can cause some or all network creations to fail.	
CSCvg91493	The SNMP_FIND_INTERFACES task freezes during plan file generation.	
CSCvg91744	Even if the active network is set to be offline, the API returns showing that the network is active.	
CSCvg92885	When the createnetwork command is issued where -display and -desc have values in quotation, the network is created but the display and description values are truncated in the CLI display.	
CSCvg94460	Cisco WAE Design stops working when the L1 Circuit Path Optimizer is run setting disjointness for L1 Circuit Paths within L1 Circuits.	
CSCvg94999	There are issues after adding a network in WAE Live.	
CSCvg96469	Add counter for dropped UDP packets for NetFlow port into CNF/DNF status.	
CSCvh13326	The archive_insert command fails with segmentation faults.	
CSCvh16747	Bulk Editing for Longitude/Latitude	
CSCvh16758	The Capacity Planning Opt tool does not handle LSP Setup BW constraints properly in some cases.	
CSCvh28393	The parse_configs tool remove nodes from the Nodes table when the config files has the system name defined as ending in _re0.	
CSCvh48791	There are regression multi-layer function test failures.	
CSCvh63865	LSPs do not route when their endpoints are in disjoint OSPF areas with the same ID.	
CSCvh68530	FRR Initializer is not in the RPC API.	
CSCvh68569	The SSL Certificate cannot be Trusted/expiry/wrong hostname.	
CSCvh68600	The ml_insert_plan command fails with return code 255.	
CSCvh77953	There is an L1 Circuit Path Simulation issue.	
CSCvh79707	There is a Capacity Planning Optimization issue with ResvBW.	
CSCvh80401	WAE Design does not re-compute ECMP paths after reactivating a circuit.	
-		

Bug ID	Description
CSCvh83274	The selected layout in the input plan file should also be selected in the output plan file.
CSCvh83277	Issues with the Weathermap layout.
CSCvh87709	Cisco WAE Design (mate_plot) is not working in Windows.
CSCvh87714	The SNMP_FIND_OSPF_DB task is not working.
CSCvh91173	XATP is unable to resolve interface IP address.
CSCvh93368	Background map issues.
CSCvh95235	The WAE Design metric optimization tool hangs indefinitely or crashes when processing a plan file.
CSCvh95603	Issue with deriving utilization measurements for circuits.
CSCvh97571	Through the RPC API, disallow the creation of L1Circuits between L1Ports already in use.
CSCvh97747	Unrouted inter-AS demands are reported as routed.
CSCvi01838	NetFlow processing times have more than doubled in CNF/DNF.
CSCvi09533	Pull RPC API L1Circuit changes from master to 6.4 and 7.1.
CSCvi11543	Need a tool to purge the WAE Live data store under maintenance mode.

# **Using the Cisco Bug Search Tool**

You can use the Cisco Bug Search Tool to search for a specific bug or to search for all bugs in a release.

- Step 1 Go to the Cisco Bug Search Tool.
- Step 2 Enter your registered Cisco.com username and password, and click Log In.

The Bug Search page opens.



Note

If you do not have a Cisco.com username and password, you can register here.

- Step 3 Use any of these options to search for bugs, and then press Enter (Return) to initiate the search:
  - To search for a specific bug, enter the bug ID in the Search For field.
    - To search for bugs based on specific criteria, enter search criteria in the Search For field, such as a problem description or feature.
    - To search for bugs based on products, enter or select a product from the Product list. For example, if you enter "WAE," you get several options from which to choose.
    - To search for bugs based on releases, in the Releases list select whether to search for bugs affecting a specific release, bugs that were fixed in a specific release, or both. Then enter one or more release numbers.
- Step 4 To search for bugs based on releases, in the Releases list select whether to search for bugs affecting a specific release, bugs that were fixed in a specific release, or both. Then enter one or more release numbers in the Releases field.

To export the results to a spreadsheet, click **Export Results to Excel**.

# **Known Limitations**

This section describes the limitations and restrictions for this release.

## **WAE System**

#### Installation

The WAE installer indicates a conflict with rsync31u and ansible1.9. The WAE Planning platsvcs component has a problem with the ansible1.9 dependency. (This problem is tracked as CSCuy79752.)

This problem occurs because the WAE installer requires an older version of Ansible, which is no longer available on EPEL. If you do 'yum install ansible', version 2 is installed and the WAE installation fails. Note also:

- One aspect of the problem is that ansible 1.9 and rsync31u are no longer available in EPEL.
- WAE requires ansible 1.9 because an API that WAE uses changed in ansible 2.0.

As a workaround, do the following:

- 1. Ensure that Ansible is not installed. (If necessary, uninstall it with yum uninstall ansible.)
- 2. Install the EPEL repository, if it is not already present.
- 3. Download and install ansible 1.9-1.9.6-2.el6.noarch.rpm and its dependencies.
- **4.** If necessary, install rsync31u-3.1.2-2.ius.centos6.x86\_64.rpm.
- 5. Run the WAE installation.

#### Removal of wae-dlc

A wae-dlc folder is created under \$CARIDEN\_HOME/wae-platsvcs-server when wae-dlc is installed. If the yum remove wae-dlc command is used, the wae-dlc folder is not deleted. You must manually remove \$CARIDEN\_HOME/wae-platsvcs-server/wae-dlc.

### Startup

- The WAE NI server and the WAE Core server cannot reside on the same device or on the same VM. Note that the *Cisco WAE Server Installation Guide* assumes that they are on the same device. If needed, contact your support representative for further installation details.
- If the OS is using an old CA certificate to verify the integrity of the EPEL repository, you might see this error from the OS vendor:

Error: Cannot retrieve metalink for repository: epel. Please verify its path and try again.

- One workaround is to perform an offline installation. For instructions, see the "Offline Installation" chapter in the *Cisco WAE Server Installation Guide*.
- Another workaround is to change *https* to *http*.



This is not a secure solution. For information on how to resolve OS security issues, contact your OS vendor.

1. In the /etc/yum.repos.d/epel.repo file, change the first instance of https to http.

```
sudo vim /etc/yum.repos.d/epel.repo
```

Change https to http in the following line:

mirrorlist=[https://mirrors.fedoraproject.org/metalink-repo=epel-6&arch=\$basearch]

2. Execute yum to clean up makecache.

```
sudo yum clean all && yum makecache
```

3. Rerun the installer. For instructions, see the Cisco WAE Server Installation Guide.

```
sudo bash wae-k9-<version>.bin
```

 The \$CARIDEN\_HOME directory is not automatically added to \$PATH (only \$CARIDEN\_HOME/bin is). If not in \$CARIDEN\_HOME/bin, to start the WAE Design GUI from the command line, you must specify its full path.

/opt/cariden/software/mate/current/mate

#### **Web Server**

The embedded\_web\_server tool is deprecated. The recommendation is to use the wae-web-server service, which is constantly monitored to be brought up automatically.

By default, this web service starts upon installation completion. Therefore, if you stop the web server using the embedded\_web\_server tool (embedded\_web\_server -action stop), the web server does not stop. The workaround is the following:

```
service wae-svcs-mon stop
embedded_web_server -action stop
```

#### **WAE Statistics UI**

The WAE Statistics page does not appear in some web browsers if you do not have the correct SSL certificates. To work around this, install the correct SSL certificates (see the "Installing an SSL Web Certificate" section in the *Cisco WAE System Administration Guide*) or do the following:

- 1. Click the WAE Statistics link. The URL format is https://<server\_IP>:8443; for example, https://192.0.2.14:8443.
- **2.** Copy the URL of the page to another browser window.
- 3. In the new browser, change the URL port from 8443 to 8843; for example, https://192.0.2.14:8843.
- 4. Follow the browser messages to accept the connection and add it as an exception.

### Web User Management

Both the System UI and the WAE Design Archive UI have local user management capabilities. If both are used to configure users, WAE uses the most recently updated information. The recommendation is to use only the System UI to manage local users.

#### **License Check Failures on Newer Linux Distributions**

Some newer Linux distributions have started using a new way (via biosdevname) of naming hardware devices, including the network interfaces. This causes some software that depends on the traditional naming (for example, eth0, eth1) to fail on license checks, including MATE.

The workaround is to append biosdevname=0 to the kernel line of the grub configuration file and reboot. (Syntax varies among distributions.)

After reboot, you should be able to use if config to verify that the NICs are named eth0 (or eth1, ...) instead of the biosdevname names (such as p34p1).

#### **Java Memory**

Certain tools (such as parse\_configs) might require more memory to start than what is available. The symptom is an error message similar to the following:

```
Error occurred during initialization of VM.

Could not reserve enough space for object heap.

Error: Could not create the Java Virtual Machine.

Error: A fatal exception has occurred. Program will exit.
```

The workaround is to set the maximum memory to a low enough value in the CARIDEN\_JAVA\_OPTIONS variable before calling the tool. An example setting is as follows:

```
set CARIDEN JAVA OPTIONS=-Xmx1000m
```

### **NetFlow Collection**

NetFlow collection is not supported on Alcatel-Lucent devices.

### **Coordinated Maintenance**

Coordinated Maintenance 1.2.1 is not supported in this release.

# **WAE Live**

After deleting an archive (archive\_delete), you must do one of the following to remove the deleted plan file from the Time Navigation in the Live Map:

- Restart the web server
- Navigate to a different tab, then return to the Live Map.

# **WAE Design**

macOS Sierra 10.12 and later implements an additional security measure for applications that are not distributed through the App Store; this includes WAE Design.

By default, WAE Design is in a quarantine state as shown by the following command on a terminal:

```
xattr Mate.app
```

The command returns the following output for a quarantined application:

#### com.apple.quarantine

As a workaround, remove WAE Design from quarantine by entering the following command in the directory where WAE Design is installed:

xattr -r -d com.apple.quarantine Mate.app

You can now run WAE Design on macOS Sierra 10.12 and later.

### FlexLM License Server

You cannot run the floating license server on a setup (Linux VM or actual host) that uses bonded virtual interfaces (that is, a setup with multiple interfaces that have the same MAC address but different IP addresses within a VM). If the WAE Design client tries to check out a license from a setup that uses bonded virtual interfaces, the license checkout fails with the error "No license found."

As a workaround, run the floating license server in a standard Linux VM or host.

# **WAE Collector and WAE Network Interface (NI)**

- Due to vendor MIB limitations, Collector cannot represent QoS traffic on interfaces that have more than one VLAN configured. If a network contains such interfaces, their queue traffic statistics are omitted from the collection. The total traffic on these interfaces is still measured. As a result, per class-of-service demands estimated through Demand Deduction are less accurate. Estimates of traffic totals over all classes of services, however, are not affected.
- Due to lack of MIB support, SR tunnel type is not collected for Cisco IOS XR routers through SNMP.
- Collection of interface egress shaping rate for Alcatel-Lucent devices does not support LAG interfaces.

#### **WAE NI**

- The interval for continuous LSP discovery in WAE NI cannot be less than 60 seconds.
- LSP's ActualPathHop cannot be resolved when using continuous collection. As a workaround, use interval-based collection.

#### Collector

- Juniper MIBs do not support P2MP LSPs.
- OSPFv3 and IPv6 IS-IS databases cannot be collected. The workaround is to use a manual snapshot.
- SNMPv3 is not an available option when configuring default credentials.
- snmp\_find\_interfaces
  - Does not support association of a GRE tunnel with the physical interface it uses to reach the tunnel destination since the IP-Tunnel MIB lacks this information.
  - Does not update LAG port status if LAGs are discovered running both parse\_configs and snmp\_find\_interfaces. The workaround is to run only snmp\_find\_interfaces.

- Juniper routers: Signaled standby LSP path option is not available from the standard MPLS-TE MIB for Juniper routers. Only the active path option name is collected.
- Cisco IOS XR routers
  - IGP topology collected through parse\_igp and login\_find\_igp\_db
    - IS-IS link-state database with TE extensions contains incorrect interface "admin-weights" (TE metric) on Intel-based routers.
    - IPv6 IS-IS link-state database does not contain IPv6 interface addresses or parallel interfaces. This information is only available when Cisco IOS XR supports IS-IS IPv6 TE extensions. The snmp\_find\_interfaces tool collects this information.
  - snmp\_find\_rsvp does not set the Standby value in the <LSPPaths> table for signaled backup paths or collect named affinities configured with affinity-maps.
- BGP peers
  - find\_bgp does not build BGP pseudo-nodes among internal ASNs.
  - find\_bgp does not collect BGP peers under PE-CE VRFs.
- parse\_configs
  - Does not accurately detect the bandwidth of some Juniper 'ge' interfaces that have a capacity of 10 Gbps.
  - Collects POS bundles, but has limitations due to unavailability of the port OperStatus property.
- TE Extended Admin Groups (EAGs), also known as extended affinities, are only supported from Juniper and parse\_configs.
- There is no support for building port circuits for LAG members that are not within the same IGP (inter-AS circuits)
- It is not possible to distinguish between physically connected and unconnected LAG ports that are down for LAG port matching.
- snmp\_find\_ospf\_db cannot be used when routers have a large number of links that cannot fit into a single PDU.
- find\_bgpls does not support multi-area OSPF or multi-level IS-IS, non-TE-enabled interfaces, and pseudo-nodes. The workaround is to use SNMP- or login-based discovery.
- get\_inventory does not collect Juniper multi-chassis router hardware inventory.
- · Segment routing
  - SR protected adjacency SIDs are not supported.
  - Concurrent RSVP-TE and SR-TE paths are not supported on the same LSP.

#### SAM-OSS Cisco Open SDN Controller (OSC)

During detailed PCEP tunnel creation or when modifying PCEP tunnels, affinity values are misinterpreted if multiple affinities are specified. This limits you to specifying one affinity for IncludeAffinity, IncludeAnyAffinity, and ExcludeAffinity, and each of these values must be a number within [0,31].

#### **NSO Controller**

- LSP affinities are deployed, while interfaces affinities require separate provisioning.
- LSPs that exist in the network by another controller cannot be updated.

- Deployment of each RSVP-TE named-path or SR-TE segment-list is limited to a single LSP.
- Cisco IOS XR: WAE client specifies the XR LSP signaled-name, while NSO service and device use tunnel-id. The workaround is to deploy all Cisco IOS XR LSPs using the tunnel-id and to make sure that existing LSPs are not redeployed.
- NEDs (NSO console)
  - For Cisco IOS XR, there is no option to give the IP address of the LSP directly; you can only
    specify a loopback address. There is no option to give tunnel affinity values directly; you can
    only specify an affinity-map name.
  - For Junos, there is no inter-domain keyword, which is used only when an inter-area LSP is created.

# **Accessibility Features**

For a list of accessibility features in Cisco WAE, visit Cisco's Voluntary Product Accessibility Template (VPAT) website, or contact accessibility@cisco.com.

All product documents are accessible except for images, graphics and some charts. If you would like to receive the product documentation in audio format, braille, or large print, contact accessibility@cisco.com.

# **Related Documentation**

For related documentation, see the Cisco WAE 6.4 Documentation Roadmap.

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