# RADIUS Logical Line ID

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The RADIUS Logical Line ID feature, also known as the Logical Line Identification (LLID) Blocking feature enables administrators to track their customers on the basis of the physical lines on which customer calls originate. Administrators use a virtual port that does not change as customers move from one physical line to another. This virtual port facilitates the maintenance of the administrator's customer profile database and allows the administrator to do additional security checks on customers.

# Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

# Prerequisites for RADIUS Logical Line ID

Although this feature can be used with any RADIUS server, some RADIUS servers may require modifications to their dictionary files to allow the Calling-Station-ID attribute to be returned in Access-Accept messages. For example, the Merit RADIUS server does not support LLID downloading unless you modify its dictionary as follows: "ATTRIBUTE Calling-Station-Id 31 string (*, *)"

# Restrictions for RADIUS Logical Line ID

The RADIUS Logical Line ID feature supports RADIUS only. TACACS+ is not supported.

This feature can be applied only toward PPP over Ethernet over ATM (PPPoEoATM) and PPP over Ethernet over VLAN (PPPoEoVLAN) (Dot1Q) calls; no other calls, such as ISDN, can be used.

# Information About RADIUS Logical Line ID

LLID is an alphanumeric string (which must be a minimum of one character and a maximum of 253 characters) that is a logical identification of a subscriber line. LLID is maintained in a customer profile database on a RADIUS server. When the customer profile database receives a preauthorization request from the access router, the RADIUS server sends the LLID to the router as the Calling-Station-ID attribute (attribute 31).

The Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) access concentrator (LAC) sends a preauthorization request to the customer profile database when the LAC is configured for preauthorization. Configure the LAC for preauthorization using the **subscriber access** command.

**Note** Downloading the LLID is referred to as "preauthorization" because it occurs before either service (domain) authorization or user authentication and authorization occur.

The customer profile database on the RADIUS server consists of user profiles for each physical network access server (NAS) port that is connected to the router. Each user profile contains a profile matched to a username (attribute 1) representing the physical port on the router. When the router is configured for preauthorization, it queries the customer profile database using a username representative of the physical NAS port making the connection to the router. When a match is found in the customer profile database, the customer profile database returns an Access-Accept message containing the LLID in the user profile. The LLID is defined in the Access-Accept record as the Calling-Station-ID attribute.

The preauthorization process can also provide the real username being used for authentication to the RADIUS server. Because the physical NAS port information is being used as the username (attribute 1), RADIUS attribute 77 (Connect-Info) can be configured to contain the authentication username. This configuration allows the RADIUS server to provide additional validation on the authorization request if it chooses, such as analyzing the username for privacy rules, before returning an LLID back to the router.

# How to Configure RADIUS Logical Line ID

# Configuring Preauthorization

To download the LLID and configure the LAC for preauthorization, perform the following steps.

## SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ip radius source-interface** *interface-name*
4. **subscriber access** {**pppoe** | **pppoa**} **pre-authorize nas-port-id** [**default** | *list-name*][**send username**]

## DETAILED STEPS

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---|---|---|
| **Step 1** | **enable**<br><br>**Example:**<br><br>`Router> enable` | Enables privileged EXEC mode.<br><br>- Enter your password if prompted. |
| **Step 2** | **configure terminal**<br><br>**Example:**<br><br>`Router# configure terminal` | Enters global configuration mode. |
| **Step 3** | **ip radius source-interface** *interface-name*<br><br>**Example:**<br><br><br><br>**Example:**<br><br>`Router (config)# ip radius source-interface`<br>`Loopback1` | Specifies the IP address portion of the username for the preauthorization request. |

| Command or Action | Purpose |
|---|---|
| **Step 4**   **subscriber access {pppoe | pppoa} pre-authorize nas-port-id** [**default** | *list-name*][**send username**]<br><br>**Example:**<br><br><br><br>**Example:**<br><br>`Router (config)# subscriber access pppoe pre-authorize nas-port-id mlist_llid send username` | Enables the LLID to be downloaded so the router can be configured for preauthorization.<br><br>The **send username** option specifies that you include the authentication username of the session inside the Connect-Info (attribute 77) in the Access-Request message. |

# Configuring the LLID in a RADIUS User Profile

To configure the user profile for preauthorization, add a NAS port user to the customer profile database and add RADIUS Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) attribute 31 (Calling-Station-ID) to the user profile.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. UserName=nas_port: ip-address:slot/module/port/vpi.vci
2. User-Name=nas-port: ip-address:slot/module/port/vlan-id
3. Calling-Station-Id = "string (*,*)"

### DETAILED STEPS

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---|---|---|
| **Step 1** | UserName=nas_port: ip-address:slot/module/port/vpi.vci | (Optional) Adds a PPPoE over ATM NAS port user. |
| **Step 2** | User-Name=nas-port: ip-address:slot/module/port/vlan-id | (Optional) Adds a PPPoE over VLAN NAS port user. |
| **Step 3** | Calling-Station-Id = "string (*,*)" | Adds attribute 31 to the user profile.<br><br>• String--One or more octets, containing the phone number from which the user placed the call. |

# Verifying Logical Line ID

To verify feature functionality, perform the following steps.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **debug radius**

**DETAILED STEPS**

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|---|---|---|
| Step 1 | **enable**<br><br>**Example:**<br><br>`Router> enable` | Enables privileged EXEC mode.<br><br>• Enter your password if prompted. |
| Step 2 | **debug radius**<br><br>**Example:**<br><br>`Router# debug radius` | Checks to see that RADIUS attribute 31 is the LLID in the Accounting-Request on LAC and in the Access-Request and Accounting-Request on the LNS. |

# Configuration Examples for RADIUS Logical Line ID

## LAC for Preauthorization Configuration Example

The following example shows how to configure your LAC for preauthorization by downloading the LLID:

```
aaa new-model
aaa group server radius sg_llid
 server 172.31.164.106 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
aaa group server radius sg_water
 server 172.31.164.106 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
aaa authentication ppp default group radius
aaa authorization confg-commands
aaa authorization network default group sg_water
aaa authorization network mlist_llid group sg_llid
aaa session-id common
!
username s7200_2 password 0 lab
username s5300 password 0 lab
username sg_water password 0 lab
vpdn enable
!
vpdn-group 2
 request-dialin
 protocol l2tp
 domain water.com
 domain water.com#184
 initiate-to ip 10.1.1.1
 local name s7200_2
 l2tp attribute clid mask-method right * 255 match #184
!
vpdn-group 3
 accept dialin
  procotol pppoe
  virtual-template 1
!
!
```

```
Enable the LLID to be downloaded.
subscriber access pppoe pre-authorize nas-port-id mlist_llid send username
!
interface Loopback0
 ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
!
interface Loopback1
 ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Ethernet1/0
 ip address 10.1.1.8 255.255.255.0 secondary
 ip address 10.0.58.111 255.255.255.0
 no cdp enable
!
interface ATM4/0
 no ip address
 no atm ilmi-keepalive
!
interface ATM4/0.1 point-to-point
 pvc 1/100
  encapsulation aa15snap
  protocol pppoe
!
interface virtual-template1
 no ip unnumbered Loopback0
 no peer default ip address
 ppp authentication chap
!
radius-server host 172.31.164.120 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646 key rad123
radius-server host 172.31.164.106 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646 key rad123
ip radius source-interface Loopback1
```

# RADIUS User Profile for LLID Example

The following example shows how to configure the user profile for LLID querying for PPPoEoVLAN and PPPoEoATM and how to add attribute 31:

```
pppoeovlan
----------
nas-port:10.1.0.3:6/0/0/0    Password = "cisco",
    Service-Type = Outbound,
    Calling-Station-ID = "cat-example"
pppoeoa
--------
nas-port:10.1.0.3:6/0/0/1.100    Password = "cisco",
    Service-Type = Outbound,
    Calling-Station-ID = "cat-example"
```

# Additional References

The following sections provide references related to RADIUS Logical Line ID.

### Related Documents

| Related Topic | Document Title |
| --- | --- |
| AAA authentication | "Configuring AAA Preauthentication " section in the " Configuring RADIUS " module. |
| Attribute screening for access requests | "RADIUS Attribute Screening" section in the in the " Configuring RADIUS " module . |

| Related Topic | Document Title |
|---|---|
| Broadband access: PPP and routed bridge encapsulation | *Cisco IOS Broadband Access Aggregation and DSL Configuration Guide* , Release 12.4T |
| Dial technologies | *Cisco IOS Dial Technologies Configuration Guide* , Release 12.4T |

**Standards**

| Standard | Title |
|---|---|
| None | -- |

**MIBs**

| MIB | MIBs Link |
|---|---|
| None | To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs |

**RFCs**

| RFC | Title |
|---|---|
| None | -- |

**Technical Assistance**

| Description | Link |
|---|---|
| The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password. | http://www.cisco.com/techsupport |

# Feature Information for RADIUS Logical Line ID

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software

release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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*Table 1        Feature Information for RADIUS Logical Line ID*

| Feature Name | Releases | Feature Information |
|---|---|---|
| RADIUS Logical Line ID | 12.2(13)T 12.2(15)B 12.3(14)YM1 12.4(2)T 12.3(14)YM2 12.2(28)SB 12.2(31)SB2 12.2(33)SRC | The RADIUS Logical Line ID feature, also known as the Logical Line Identification (LLID) Blocking feature enables administrators to track their customers on the basis of the physical lines on which customer calls originate. |
| | | This feature was introduced in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(15)B. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)YM1, and the **send username** keyword was added to the **subscriber access** command. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(2)T. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(14)YM2. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(28)SB. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(31)SB2. |
| | | This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRC. |
| | | The **subscriber access** command was introduced by this feature. |

# Glossary

**LLID Blocking** --A feature that enables administrators to track their customers on the basis of the physical lines on which the calls of the customers originate. Also known as RADIUS Logical Line ID.

**RADIUS Logical Line ID** --A feature that enables administrators to track their customers on the basis of the physical lines on which the calls of the customers originate. Also known as LLID Blocking.