



802.1X Authentication Services Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX

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IEEE 802.1X-Flexible Authentication

The IEEE 802.1X—Flexible Authentication feature provides a means of assigning authentication methods to ports and specifying the order in which the methods are executed when an authentication attempt fails. Using this feature, you can control which ports use which authentication methods, and you can control the failover sequencing of methods on those ports.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the Feature Information Table at the end of this document.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for IEEE 802.1X—Flexible Authentication

IEEE 802.1X-Port-Based Network Access Control

You should understand the concepts of port-based network access control and have an understanding of how to configure port-based network access control on your Cisco platform. For more information, see the *Configuring IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Authentication* module.

Before you can use the IEEE 802.1x-Flexible Authentication feature, the switch must be connected to a Cisco secure access control server (ACS) and RADIUS authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) must be configured for web authentication. If appropriate, you must enable access control list (ACL) download.

If the authentication order includes the 802.1x port authentication method, you must enable IEEE 802.1x authentication on the switch.

If the authentication order includes web authentication, configure a fallback profile that enables web authentication on the switch and the interface.

RADIUS and ACLs

You should understand the concepts of the RADIUS protocol and have an understanding of how to create and apply ACLs. For more information, see the documentation for your Cisco platform and the *Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide: Securing User Services*.

The switch must have a RADIUS configuration and be connected to the Cisco secure ACS. For more information, see the Configuration Guide for *Cisco Secure ACS*.

Restrictions for IEEE 802.1X--Flexible Authentication

- The web authentication method cannot fail over to the 802.1X or the MAB authentication method.
 When you configure authentication order, no other authentication method can follow web authentication.
- The web authentication method is not supported on Cisco integrated services routers (ISRs) or Integrated Services Routers Generation 2 (ISR-G2s) in Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2)T.

Information About IEEE 802.1X - Flexible Authentication

Overview of the Cisco IOS Auth Manager

The capabilities of devices connecting to a given network can be different, thus requiring that the network support different authentication methods and authorization policies. The Cisco IOS Auth Manager handles network authentication requests and enforces authorization policies, regardless of authentication method. The Auth Manager maintains operational data for all port-based network connection attempts, authentications, authorizations, and disconnections and, as such, serves as a session manager.

The possible states for Auth Manager sessions are:

- Authc Success—The authentication method has run successfully. This is an intermediate state.
- Authc Failed—The authentication method has failed. This is an intermediate state.
- Authz Success—All features have been successfully applied for this session. This is a terminal state.
- Authz Failed—At least one feature has failed to be applied for this session. This is a terminal state.
- Idle—In the idle state, the authentication session has been initialized, but no methods have yet been
 run. This is an intermediate state.
- No methods—No method provided a result for this session. This is a terminal state.
- Running—A method is currently running. This is an intermediate state.

Authentication Methods

The IEEE 802.1X-Flexible Authentication feature supports three authentication methods:

- dot1X—IEEE 802.1X authentication is a Layer 2 authentication method.
- mab —MAC-Authentication Bypass is a Layer 2 authentication method .
- webauth—Web authentication is a Layer 3 authentication method.

Host Mode Authentication

The IEEE 802.1X-Flexible Authentication feature supports two new host modes:

- **multi-auth**—Multiauthentication allows one authentication on a voice VLAN and multiple authentications on the data VLAN.
- multi-domain Multidomain authentication allows two authentications: one on the voice VLAN and
 one of the data VLAN.

Authentication Order and Authentication Priority

The IEEE 802.1X-Flexible Authentication feature enables authentication order and authentication priority. The **authentication order** command sets the default authentication priority. You can use the **authentication priority** command to override the default authentication priority. For example, you might specify an authentication order of MAB and 802.1X. However, after authorization, you might not want to ignore subsequent 802.1X handshakes. In this case, you can give the 802.1X authentication method a higher priority than the MAB method.

How to Configure IEEE 802.1X - Flexible Authentication

Configuring Authentication Order

Authentication order is configured on individual ports to control which ports use which authentication methods. Perform the steps described in this section to configure authentication order.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. dot1x system-auth-control
- 4. interface type slot/port
- 5. switchport
- 6. switchportmodeaccess
- 7. switchportaccessvlan vlan-id
- 8. mab[eap]
- 9. authentication port-control {auto|force-authorised|fort unauthorised}
- **10. authentication fallback***profile*
- 11. authentication order{dot1x[mab|webauth][webauth] | mab[dot1x|webauth] [webauth] | webauth}
- 12. dot1x paeauthenticator
- 13. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
		Enter your password if prompted .
	Example:	
	Switch> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Switch# configure terminal	
Step 3	dot1x system-auth-control	(Optional) Enables IEEE 802.1x authentication globally on the switch.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config)# dot1x system-auth-control</pre>	Enable IEEE 802.1x authentication if the authentication order includes the dot1x authentication method.
Step 4	interface type slot/port	Enters interface configuation mode.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config)# interface FastEthernet2/1</pre>	
Step 5	switchport	Places interface in Layer2-switched mode.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# switchport</pre>	
Step 6	switchportmodeaccess	Sets a nontrunking, nontagged single VLAN Layer 2 interface.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# switchport mode access</pre>	
Step 7	switchportaccessvlan vlan-id	Sets the VLAN for the port.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2</pre>	
Step 8	mab[eap]	(Optional) Enables MAB.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# mab</pre>	Enable MAB if the authentication order includes the mab keyword (Step 11).

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	$authentication\ port-control \{ auto force-authorised fortunauthorised \}$	Configures the authorization state of the port.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# authentication port-control auto</pre>	
Step 10	authentication fallbackprofile	Configures the authorization state of the port.
		(Optional) Enables web authentication.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# authentication fallback web- profile</pre>	Enable web authentication if the authentication order includes the webauth keyword (Step 11).
Step 11	authentication order{dot1x[mab webauth][webauth] mab[dot1x webauth] [webauth] webauth}	Configures the authentication order.
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# authentication order mab dot1x webauth</pre>	
Step 12	Switch(config-if)# authentication order mab dotlx	Enables the port to respond to messages meant for an IEEE 802.1x authenticator.
Step 12	Switch(config-if)# authentication order mab dotlx webauth	
Step 12 Step 13	Switch(config-if)# authentication order mab dotlx webauth dot1x paeauthenticator Example: Switch(config-if)# dotlx pae authenticator	

Configuring Authentication Priority

Authentication priority is configured to control the fail over sequencing of methods on individual ports. Perform the steps described in this section to configure authentication priority.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface typeslot/ port
- **4.** authentication priority {dot1x [mab | webauth] [webauth] | mab [dot1x | webauth] [webauth] | webauth}
- 5. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
		Enter your password if prompted .	
	Example:		
	Switch> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example: Switch# configure terminal		
Step 3	interface typeslot/ port	Enters interface configuration mode.	
	<pre>Example: Switch(config)# interface FastEthernet2/1</pre>		
Step 4	$authentication\ priority\ \{dot1x\ [mab\ \ webauth]\ [webauth]\ \ mab\ [dot1x\ \ webauth]\ \ webauth\}$	Configures authentication priority.	
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# authentication priority dotlx mab webauth</pre>		
Step 5	end	Returns to global configuration mode.	
	<pre>Example: Switch(config-if)# end</pre>		

Configuration Examples for IEEE 802.1X- Flexible Authentication

Example Configuring IEEE 802.1X--Flexible Authentication

The following example configures the port in multiple authentication host mode with the order of authentication to be 802.1X first, then MAB and, finally, web authentication:

```
enable
configure terminal
dotlx system-auth-control

aaa new-model
aaa authentication login default group radius
aaa authentication dotlx default group radius
aaa authorization network default group radius
```

```
aaa authorization auth-proxy default group radius
aaa session-id common
ip http server
ip admission name webauth-rule proxy http
fallback profile webauth-profile
ip access-group webauthlist in
ip admission webauth-rule
interface GigabitEthernet2/1
switchport
switchport mode access
 switchport access vlan 125
switchport voice vlan 127
mab
 authentication port-control auto
authentication fallback webauth-profile
 authentication host-mode multi-auth
 authentication order dot1x mab webauth
 dot1x pae authenticator
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title	
Authentication commands	Cisco IOS Security Command Reference Commands A to C	
IEEE 802.1x commands: complete command syntax, command mode, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples	 Catalyst 4500 Series Switch Cisco IOS Command Reference, Release 12.2(25)SGA Catalyst 3750 Switch Command Reference, Cisco IOS Release 12.2(25)SEE 	
IPSec	 IPsec Management Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15.2MT Internet Key Exchange for IPsec VPNs Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15.2MT Security for VPNs with IPsec Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15.2MT 	
RADIUS	RADIUS Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS Release 15.2MT	
Standalone MAB support	ne MAB support Standalone MAB Support	
Port-based network access control	"Configuring IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Authentication" Configuring IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Authentication module. module.	

Standards and RFCs

Standard/RFC	Title
IEEE 802.1X protocol	_
RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
 CISCO-AUTH-FRAMEWORK-MIB CISCO-MAC-AUTH-BYPASS-MIB CISCO-PAE-MIB IEEE8021-PAE-MIB 	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for IEEE 802.1x--Flexible Authentication

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1 Feature Information for IEEE 802.1X—Flexible Authentication

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
IEEE 8021.X—Flexible Authentication	12.2(33)SXI 15.2(2)T	This feature provides a means of configuring ports with one or more authentication methods and specifying the order in which those authentication methods are attempted.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: authentication fallback, authentication hostmode, authentication order, authentication port- controlauthentication priority, authentication timer restart, debug authentication, mab, show authentication interface, show authentication registrations, showauthenticationsessions, showmab
		The following commands were removed or made obsolete:
		$ dot1x\ fallback,\ dot1xhost-mode, \\ dot1xport\ control. $

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