

Graceful Assert Handling in StarOS S4-SGSN

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Introduction

This document describes the “Graceful Assert Handling” feature, introduced in release 21.5.0 of StarOS.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- StarOs
- Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN)

Components Used

The information in this document is based on StarOS R21.5 and later.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

The feature can be found in the official documentation here: [SGSN-Admin](#) guide.

The Graceful Assert Handling framework enables graceful handling of subscriber sessions for which the ASSERT condition is hit at the time of call execution. This is achieved without affecting other subscriber sessions on the same procler.

Normally, when the ASSERT condition is hit, the Session Manager (SessMgr) proctlet restarts and recovers all the subscriber sessions from the AAA Manager (AAAMgr). The recovered subscriber sessions are moved to the IDLE state.

When Graceful Assert Handling is enabled, the SessMgr proctlet will not be restarted. Instead, the SessMgr proctlet recovers only the affected subscriber's session from the AAAMgr and clears the existing subscriber's session on the SessMgr. The recovered subscriber sessions are moved to the IDLE state. At the time of the recovery procedure, all messages directed towards the subscriber are dropped. After recovery, the subscriber will continue to handle messages directed towards it. With this procedure, the subscriber sessions that remain on the SessMgr remain unaffected.

Problem

There are some corner and/or collision cases for which either the root cause fix is complex or root cause is unknown. In these cases, graceful assert approach is taken in order to avoid full session manager restart.

Solution

With graceful assert, you can clean up and restore the 1 session that hits the graceful assert condition.

There is no impact to any other session on the same sessmgr.

There will be no SNMP trap or syslog for a graceful restart.

There will be no KPI loss in case of a graceful assert. The task itself will not be restarted.

However, the graceful asserts are handled like any other crash, meaning you will get an entry in show crash list.

How to identify a graceful assert from the SSD:

- System-initiated state dump w/core. – will be seen under “show crash” output before stack
- crashed proctlet is either user-initiated or non-boxer – will be seen after the stack under “debug console cpu” output
- pid 7939 facility sessmgr failover 5132->94 – under “debug console CPU” will not be logged/seen in case of Graceful Assert

Configure

Graceful Assert Handling can be configured as follows:

```
configure
  debug controlled-assert s4sgsn
    [ disable | enable ] core-generation
  limit-per-assert assert_value
    [ no ] test file-name file_name line-number line_num [ sequence-number seq_num ]
```

end

Take note:

- controlled-assert: Configures the controlled assert framework.
- s4sgsn : Configures the S4-SGSN controlled assert.
- core-generation: Configures core generation for controlled assert. Default: Enabled.
- limit-per-assert: Configures the limit per assert for controlled assert. Default: 5.
- test file-name file_name line-number line_num [sequence-number seq_num]: Configures controlled assert test handling. file-name file_name: Configures the file name where assert control is required. file_name must be an alphanumeric string of 1 through 254 characters. line-number line_num: Configures the line number where assert control is required. line_num must be an integer from 1 to 4294967295. sequence-number seq_num: Configures the sequence number where assert control is required. seq_num must be an integer from 1 to 100. Default: 1.
- disable: Disables the specified action for a controlled assert framework.
- enable: Enables the specified action for a controlled assert framework.
- no: Removes the specified test configuration related to the controlled assert framework.

Example

```
***** CRASH #93 *****
```

```
SW Version          : 21.5.19
```

```
Similar Crash Count : 8
```

```
Time of First Crash : 2019-May-21+06:57:14
```

```
Fatal Signal 6: Aborted
```

```
PC: [ffffe430/X] __kernel_vsyscall()
```

```
Note: System-initiated state dump w/core. <<< This note indicates a graceful assert.
```

```
Process: card=10 cpu=0 arch=X pid=11573 cpu=~16% argv0=sessmgr
```

```
Crash time: 2019-May-23+06:00:13 UTC
```

```
Recent errno: 11 Resource temporarily unavailable
```

```
Build_number: 71813
```

Verify

Use this section to confirm that your configuration works properly.

Example of getting the controlled assert stats for all active sessmgrs:

```
# zcat ssd_s4sgn.log.gz | sed -n -e '/\*\{7\} show session subsystem facility sessmgr all debug-  
info /,/\*\{7\}/p' | sed -e '/^SessMgr: /,/^Controlled Assert Stats/{/^SessMgr: /!{/^Controlled  
Assert Stats/!d}}' | grep -E "SessMgr: Instance [0-9]{1,3}$" -A 10
```

Example output:

SessMgr: Instance 135
Controlled Assert Stats
Module Name :SGW_DRV
Assert Count:0
CountFile:Line

Last Assert hit time(in

sec)

Module Name :S4_SGSN Assert Count:1 Count File:Line Last Assert hit time(in sec) 1
sess/sgsn/sgsn-app/s4_sm/s4_smn_egtpc.c:3164 2019/01/30 09:28:11 UTC

This information (count and line number) will be reset if the sessmgr goes for a restart for any other crash. After the maximum number of times (default 5) is reached, the core will not be generated.

Troubleshoot

There is currently no specific troubleshooting information available for this configuration.