

Troubleshoot IOS Hypervisor and System Image Recovery for CGR 1000

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Introduction

This document describes recovery steps for hypervisor and system image on Cisco 1000 Series Connected Grid Router (CGR 1000) that run IOS software. If hypervisor or system image is corrupted, this procedure can help you bring CGR 1000 router back online. IOS configuration is stored in NVRAM. Even if another Cisco Secure Digital (SD) card is used, the configuration will not be deleted unless the running-config was specified to be stored at another location.

Prerequisites

- Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) server installed on the local computer
- Setup the TFTP server to have the hypervisor and the system image

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Console Cable
- CAT5
- Hypervisor image, system image, and bundle image

Components Used

The information in this document is restricted to only IOS version running on CGR 1120 and CGR1240.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.


```
Autoboot string bootstrap:cgr1000-hv.srp.SPA.1.1.0
```

```
Booting image: bootstrap:cgr1000-hv.srp.SPA.1.1.0....
```

```
Autoboot failed with error=1
```

```
rommon-1>
```

If there is no system image (IOS image), the user will see this:

```
IOFPGA @ 0xd0000000 version=0x23020900, datecode=0xd091e17 CPLD version 0x13
```

```
Reset reason (0.0): Unknown
```

```
CGR Loader Stage 2 Version: 1.9.16
```

```
Autoboot string flash:/cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.154-3.M1,12;
```

```
rommon-2>
```

Recovery Steps

1. Setup console cable using putty.
2. Connect the CAT5 cable from the local pc NIC to the CGR ETH 2/2 . This is the only interface that works during the recovery process.
3. Setup the local PC NIC to be in the same subnet as the CGR.

For example; PC NIC is 192.0.2.1 subnet 255.255.255.0.

For the CGR will be 192.0.2.2 subnet 255.255.255.0.

4. In the Putty session, you see **rommon-1>** if the CGR can not find the hypervisor image.

```
IOFPGA @ 0xd0000000 version=0x23020900, datecode=0xd091e17 CPLD version 0x13
```

```
Reset reason (0.0): Unknown
```

```
BIOS Version: Build # 14 - Wed 04/30/2014
```

```
CGR Loader Stage 1 Version: 1.9.16
```

```
Autoboot string bootstrap:cgr1000-hv.srp.SPA.1.1.0
```

```
Booting image: bootstrap:cgr1000-hv.srp.SPA.1.1.0....
```

```
Autoboot failed with error=1
```

```
rommon-1>
```

5. Setup the IP address of ETH2/2 with the command **set ip**.

```
set ip 192.0.2.2 255.255.255.0
```

```
Correct - ip addr is 192.0.2.2, mask is 255.255.255.0
```

```
Found Intel IOH GBE [2:0.1] at 0xe020, ROM address 0x0000
```

```
Probing...[Intel IOH GBE]
```

```
MAC address bc:16:65:31:58:b2
```

```
External PHY link UP @ 1000/full
```

```
Address: 192.0.2.2
```

```
Netmask: 255.255.255.0
```

```
Server: 0.0.0.0
```

```
Gateway: 0.0.0.0
```

6. Setup the Gateway Address to be the local PC NIC with the command **set gw**.

```
set gw 192.0.2.1
Correct gateway addr 192.0.2.1
Address: 192.0.2.2
Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Server: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 192.0.2.1
```

7. Boot the hypervisor image from the local tftp server with the command **boot tftp://**.

```
Boot tftp://192.0.2.1/cgr1000-hv.srp.SPA.1.1.1
Booting: /cgr1000-hv.srp.SPA.1.1.1 console=ttyS0,9600n8nn quiet loader_ver="1.9
16".... [Multiboot-kludge, loadaddr=0x1c100000, text-and-data=0x16d05c2
Signature verification was successful, bss=0x0, entry=0x1c10005c]
```

```
RIF heap: 1519616 bytes, SKH heap: 2310144 bytes
RIF: used 7691/16384 bytes of stack
```

8. The screen should look like this once the CGR loads the hypervisor image and is unable to boot the system image.

```
LynxSecure TRUNK (i386; No Service Packs installed)
Copyright 2005-2014 LynuxWorks, Inc
All rights reserved.
```

```
LynxSecure (i386) build ENGINEERING created on 03/14/2014 13:21:02
URL:          svn://txx.lynx.com/svn/lynxsecure-svn/engr/psubramaniam/cisco/ohci/lynxsk
Revision(s): 5194M
Built by:     psubramaniam@paricos62.localdomain
Initializing the Internal Timekeeping...
Initializing the System State Manager...
Initializing LynxSecure global data areas.
Number of CPU(s) : 2
Initializing the CPU Support Package.
Initializing LynxSecure page table...
Initializing the Board Support Package.
Starting up the other CPUs...
CPUs online: #0 #1
Initializing Scheduler...
Initializing the VCPU module...
Initializing Device Configuration Virtualization...
Initializing Subject Resources...
Initializing Interrupt Routing...
Initializing Hypercalls...
Heap memory used by LynxSecure: 2240444 (0x222fbc) bytes
Launching Subjects
```

```
IOFPGA @ 0xd0000000 version=0x23020900, datecode=0xd091e17 CPLD version 0x13
Reset reason (0.0): Unknown
```

```
CGR Loader Stage 2 Version: 1.9.16
```

```
rommon-2>
```

9. Setup the IP address of ETH2/2 with the command **set ip**.

```
set ip 192.0.2.2 255.255.255.0
```

```
Correct - ip addr is 192.0.2.2, mask is 255.255.255.0
Found Intel IOH GBE [2:0.1] at 0xe020, ROM address 0x0000
Probing...[Intel IOH GBE]
```

MAC address bc:16:65:31:58:b2
External PHY link UP @ 1000/full
Address: 192.0.2.2
Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Server: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 0.0.0.0

10. Setup the Gateway Address to be the local PC NIC with the command **set gw**.

```
set gw 192.0.2.1
Correct gateway addr 192.0.2.1
Address: 192.0.2.2
Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Server: 0.0.0.0
Gateway: 192.0.2.1
```

11. Boot the system image from the tftp server with the command **boot tftp://**.

```
Boot tftp://192.0.2.1/cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-2.T
```

```
Booting: /cgr1000-universalk9-mz.SPA.155-2.T console=ttyS0,9600n8mn quiet loade
r_ver="1.9.16"... [Multiboot-elf, <0x110000:0xc599aec:0x6667dc>, shtab=0xcd1
1500
Signature verification was successful, entry=0x110240]
```

```
Smart Init is enabled
smart init is sizing iomem
                TYPE          MEMORY_REQ
Onboard devices &
    buffer pools          0x02E44000
-----
                TOTAL:      0x02E44000
```

```
Rounded IOMEM up to: 47MB.
Using 10 percent iomem. [47MB/448MB]
```

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Cisco IOS Software, cgr1000 Software (cgr1000-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 15.5(2)T, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)

Technical Support: <http://www.cisco.com/techsupport>
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Compiled Wed 25-Mar-15 17:01 by prod_rel_team

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Installed image archive

Reading module 3 idprom, please wait.....

.....

Reading module 4 idprom, please wait.....

Cisco CGR1240/K9 (revision 1.0) with 373760K/52224K bytes of memory.
Processor board ID JAF1720BBGS
Last reset from Power-on

FPGA version: 2.9.0

2 Serial(sync/async) interfaces
4 FastEthernet interfaces
3 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces
6 terminal lines
1 802.11 Radio
1 Cellular interface

DRAM configuration is 72 bits wide with parity disabled.
256K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
524320K bytes of ATA System Flash (Read/Write)
262176K bytes of ATA Bootstrap Flash (Read/Write)

12. If the NVRAM is still intact, the running-configuration will load up. The router should still have the old configuration saved.

13. (Optional) If a new SD card is put into the CGR, partition the new SD card with the command **partition flash:. Otherwise, this step can be skipped if the current SD card is confirmed to be good.**

format flash:

Format operation may take a while. Continue? [confirm]

Format operation will destroy all data in "flash:". Continue? [confirm]

Format: All system sectors written. OK...

Format: Total sectors in formatted partition: 1048257

Format: Total bytes in formatted partition: 536707584

Format: Operation completed successfully.

Format of flash: complete

14. In IOS, gigabitethernet2/2 is the port for ETH2/2 on the physical box. Configure gigabitethernet2/2 with IP address 192.0.2.2 so that you can copy the bundle image from the TFTP server.

Configure terminal

Interface gigaethernet2/2

Ip address 192.0.2.2 255.255.255.0

No shut

14. Copy the bundle image from the tftp to the CGR flash with the command **copy tftp: flash:**

