

Configure SNMP on Firepower NGFW Appliances

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Introduction

This document describes how to configure and troubleshoot Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) on Next Generation Firewall (NGFW) FTD appliances.

Prerequisites

Requirements

This document requires basic knowledge of the SNMP protocol.

Components Used

This document is not restricted to specific software and hardware versions.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

Firepower NGFW appliances can be split into 2 major subsystems:

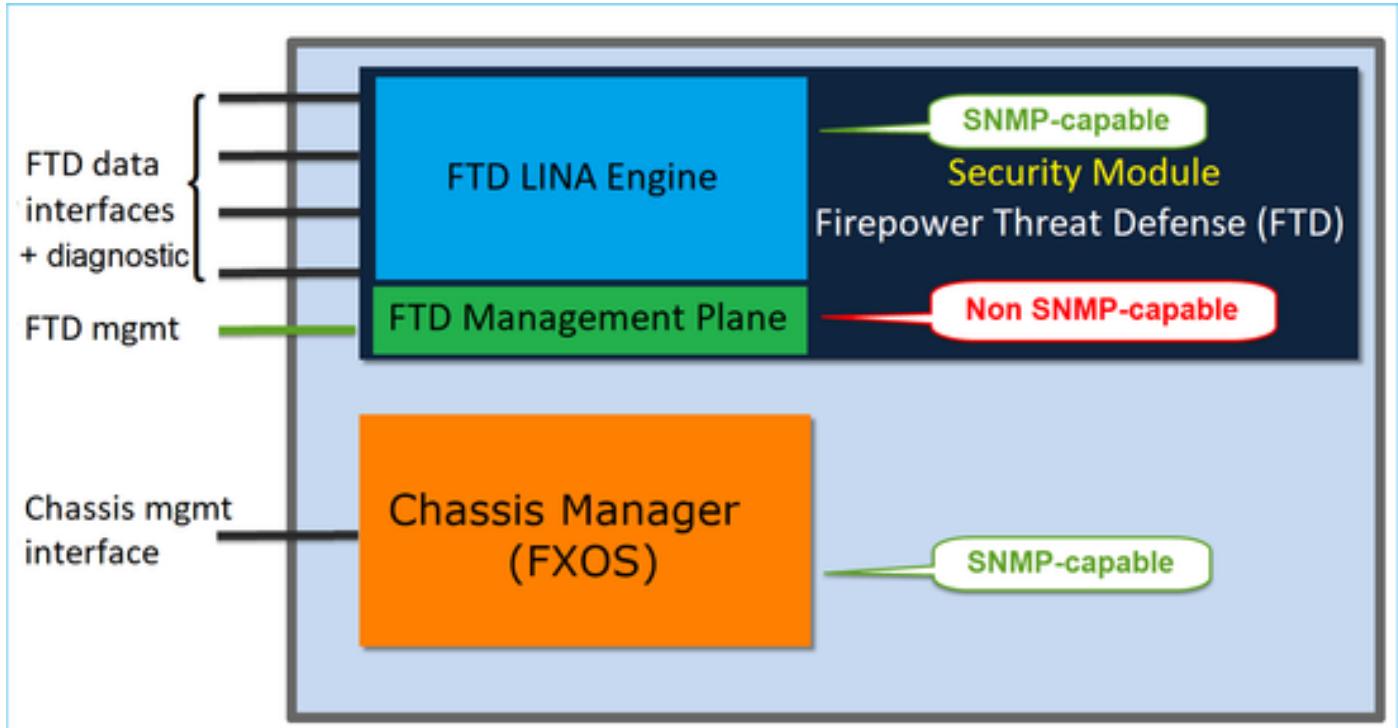
- The Firepower Extensible Operative System (FX-OS) controls the chassis hardware.
- The Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) runs within the module.

FTD is a unified software that consists of 2 main engines, the Snort engine, and the LINA engine. The current SNMP engine of the FTD derives from the classic ASA and it has visibility to the LINA-related features.

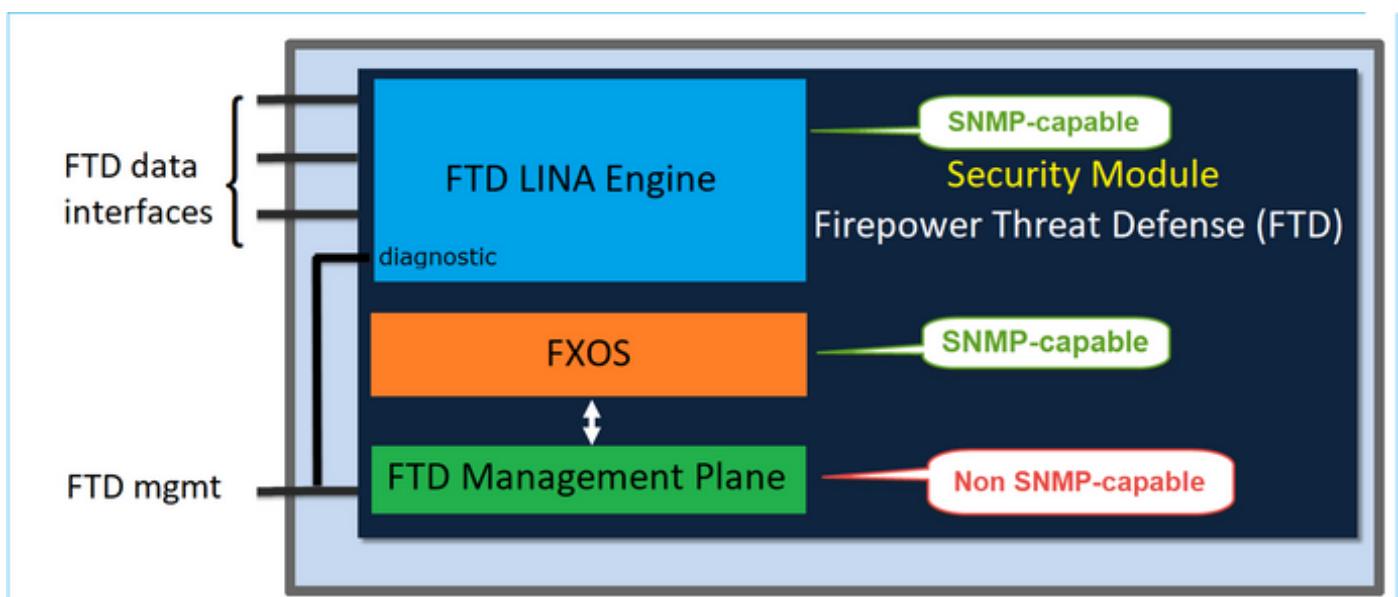
FX-OS and FTD have independent control planes and for monitor purposes, they have different SNMP engines. Each of the SNMP engines provides different information and might want to monitor both for a more comprehensive view of the device status.

From a hardware point of view, there are currently two major architectures for the Firepower NGFW appliances: the Firepower 2100 series and the Firepower 4100/9300 series.

Firepower 4100/9300 devices have a dedicated interface for device management and this is the source and destination for the SNMP traffic addressed to the FXOS subsystem. On the other hand, the FTD application uses a LINA interface (data and/or diagnostic). In post-6.6 FTD releases the FTD management interface can be used as well) for the SNMP configuration.



The SNMP engine on Firepower 2100 appliances uses the FTD management interface and IP. The appliance itself bridges the SNMP traffic received on this interface and forwards it to the FXOS software.

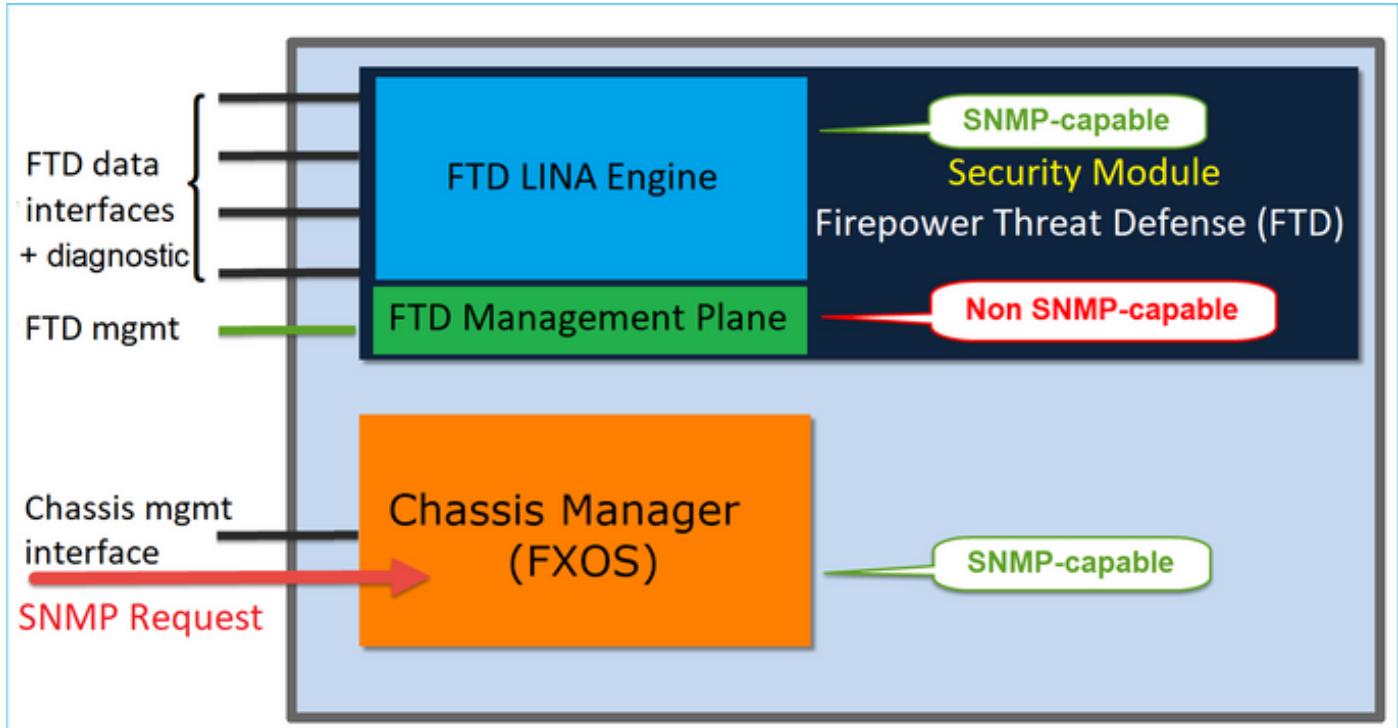


On FTDs that use software release 6.6+ these changes were introduced:

- SNMP over the Management interface.
- On the FPR1000 or FPR2100 Series platforms, it unifies both LINA SNMP and FXOS SNMP over this single Management interface. Additionally, it provides a single configuration point on FMC under **Platform settings > SNMP**.

Configure

Chassis (FXOS) SNMP on FPR4100/FPR9300



Configure FXOS SNMPv1/v2c via GUI

Step 1. Open the Firepower Chassis Manager (FCM) UI and navigate to **Platform Settings > SNMP** tab. Check the **SNMP enable** box, specify the **Community** string to use on SNMP requests, and **Save**.

The screenshot shows the FCM Platform Settings > SNMP tab. The left sidebar lists various configuration options: NTP, SSH, SNMP (selected), HTTPS, AAA, Syslog, DNS, FIPS and Common Criteria, and Access List. The main configuration area includes:

- Admin State:** A checkbox labeled "Enable" is checked (marked 1).
- Port:** The value is set to 161.
- Community/Username:** The field contains a redacted value (marked 2).
- System Administrator Name:** An empty input field.
- Location:** An empty input field.
- SNMP Traps:** A table header row with columns: Name, Port, Version, V3 Privilege, Type. A red box highlights the "Add" button (marked 4).
- SNMP Users:** A table header row with columns: Name, Auth Type. One row is listed: Name (redacted), Auth Type: AES-128. A red box highlights the "Add" button (marked 5).

At the bottom, there are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons, with "Save" highlighted by a red box (marked 3).

 **Note:** If the Community/Username field is already set, the text to the right of the empty field reads **Set: Yes**. If the Community/Username field is not yet populated with a value, the text to the right of the empty field reads **Set: No**

Step 2. Configure the SNMP traps destination server.

Add SNMP Trap

Host Name: *	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.100"/>
Community/Username: *	<input type="text" value="*****"/>
Port: *	<input type="text" value="162"/>
Version:	<input type="radio"/> V1 <input checked="" type="radio"/> V2 <input type="radio"/> V3
Type:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Traps <input type="radio"/> Informs
V3 Privilege:	<input type="radio"/> Auth <input checked="" type="radio"/> NoAuth <input type="radio"/> Priv
OK Cancel	

 **Note:** The community values for queries and trap host are independent and can be different

The host can be defined as IP address or by name. Select **OK** and the configuration of the SNMP Trap server is saved automatically. There is no need to select the save button from the SNMP main page. The same occurs when you delete a host.

Configure FXOS SNMPv1/v2c via Command Line Interface (CLI)

```
<#root>
ksec-fpr9k-1-A#
scope monitoring
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #
```

```
enable snmp
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring* #
set snmp community
Enter a snmp community:
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring* #
enter snmp-trap 192.168.10.100
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #
set community
Community:
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #
set version v2c
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #
set notificationtype traps
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #
set port 162
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #
exit
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring* #
commit-buffer
```

Configure FXOS SNMPv3 via GUI

Step 1. Open FCM and navigate to **Platform Settings > SNMP** tab.

Step 2. For SNMP v3 there is no need to set any community string in the upper section. Every user created is able to successfully run queries to the FXOS SNMP engine. The first step is to enable SNMP in the platform. Once done you can create the users and destination trap host. Both, SNMP Users and SNMP Trap hosts are saved automatically.

[Local Devices](#) [Security Modules](#)

Platform Settings

Admin State:

 Enable

1

Port:

161

Community/Username:

Set:No

System Administrator Name:

Location:

SNMP Traps

4

 Add

Name	Port	Version	V3 Privilege	Type

SNMP Users

3

 Add

Name	Auth Type	
	AES-128	

2

 Save

Cancel

Step 3. As shown in the image, add the SNMP user. The authentication type is always SHA but you can use AES or DES for encryption:

Add SNMP User



Name:*

Auth Type:

SHA

Use AES-128:



Password:

Confirm Password:

Privacy Password:

Confirm Privacy Password:

*****|

OK

Cancel

Step 4. Add the SNMP trap host, as shown in the image:

Add SNMP Trap



Host Name:*

192.168.10.100

Community/Username:*

Port:*

162

Version:

V1 V2 V3

Type:

Traps Informs

V3 Privilege:

Auth NoAuth Priv

OK

Cancel

Configure FXOS SNMPv3 via CLI

```
<#root>
ksec-fpr9k-1-A#
scope monitoring
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #
enable snmp
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #
create snmp-user user1
Password:
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-user* #
set auth sha
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-user* #
set priv-password
Enter a password:
Confirm the password:
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-user* #
set aes-128 yes
```

```

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-user* #

exit

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring* #

enter snmp-trap 10.48.26.190

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #

set community

Community:
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #

set version v3

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #

set notificationtype traps

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #

set port 162

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring/snmp-trap* #

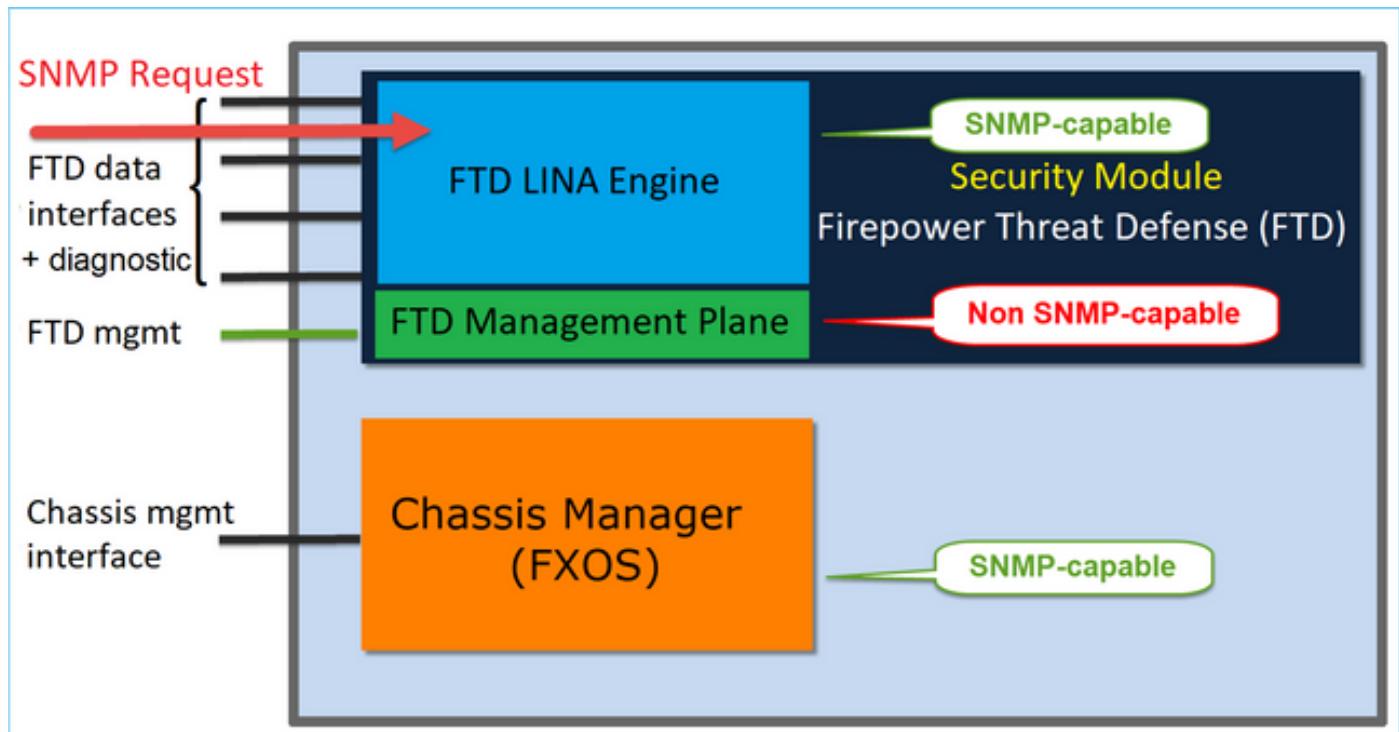
exit

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring* #

commit-buffer

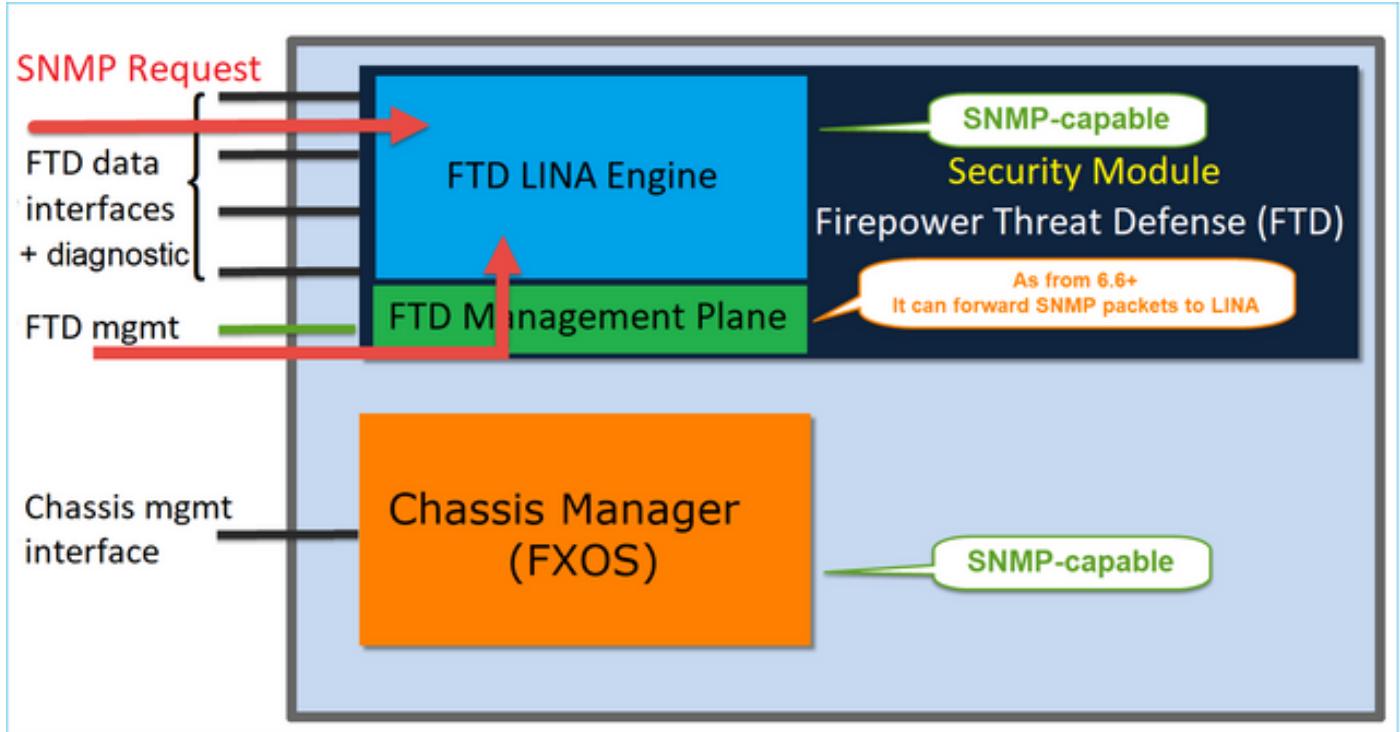
```

FTD (LINA) SNMP on FPR4100/FPR9300



Changes in 6.6+ releases

- In post-6.6 releases, you have also the option to use the FTD management interface for polls and traps.



SNMP Single IP management feature is supported from 6.6 onwards on all FTD platforms:

- FPR2100
- FPR1000
- FPR4100
- FPR9300
- ASA5500 that runs FTD
- FTDv

Configure LINA SNMPv2c

Step 1. On FMC UI, navigate to **Devices > Platform Settings > SNMP**. Check the option '**Enable SNMP Servers**' and configure the SNMPv2 settings as follows:

Step 2. On the **Hosts** tab select the **Add** button and specify the SNMP server settings:

Edit SNMP Management Hosts

IP Address*

SNMP Version

Username

Community String

Confirm

Poll

Trap

Port (1 - 65535)

Available Zones

Search

- INSIDE_FTD4110
- OUTSIDE1_FTD4110
- OUTSIDE2_FTD4110
- NET1_4100-3
- NET2_4100-3
- NET3_4100-3

Add

Selected Zones/Interfaces

OUTSIDE3

Interface Name Add

OK Cancel

You can also specify the **diagnostic** interface as a source for the SNMP messages. The diagnostic interface is a data interface that only allows traffic to-the-box and from-the-box (management-only).

Add SNMP Management Hosts



IP Address*

 +

SNMP Version

Username

Community String

Confirm

Poll

Trap

Trap Port

(1 - 65535)

Reachable By:

Device Management Interface (Applicable from v6.6.0 and above)

Security Zones or Named Interface

Available Zones



Selected Zones/Interfaces

Search

- 2100_inside
- 2100_outside
- cluster_dmz
- cluster_inside
- cluster_outside

Add

diagnostic



Interface Name

Add

Cancel

OK

This image is from the 6.6 release and uses the Light Theme.

Additionally, in post-6.6 FTD releases you can also choose the management interface:

Add SNMP Management Hosts

IP Address*



SNMP Version

Username

Community String

Confirm

Poll

Trap

Trap Port

(1 - 65535)

Reachable By:

Device Management Interface *(Applicable from v6.6.0 and above)*

Security Zones or Named Interface

Available Zones



2100_inside

2100_outside

cluster_dmz

cluster_inside

cluster_outside

Selected Zones/Interfaces

diagnostic



If the new management interface is selected the LINA SNMP is available over the Management interface.

The result:

The screenshot shows the FMC UI under the 'Devices > Platform Settings > SNMP' section. On the left sidebar, 'SNMP' is selected. The main panel displays the configuration for enabling SNMP servers, setting the community string to '*****', and specifying the port as 161. Below this, a table lists a single host entry: 'OUTSIDE3' with network 'SNMP-SERVER', SNMP Version '2c', and Poll/Trap type 'Poll'. A modal window titled 'Add' is open, showing fields for adding a new user: Username 'cisco', Security Level 'Priv', Encryption Password Type 'Clear Text', Auth Algorithm Type 'SHA', and Encryption Type 'AES128'. The 'OK' button at the bottom right of the modal is highlighted.

Configure LINA SNMPv3

Step 1. On FMC UI navigate to **Devices > Platform Settings > SNMP**. Check the option **Enable SNMP Servers** and configure the SNMPv3 User and Host:

This screenshot illustrates the step-by-step process of configuring an SNMPv3 user. The left sidebar shows the 'SNMP' section selected. In the main area, the 'Users' tab is active, showing a configuration dialog for a new user. The 'Add Username' dialog is overlaid on the main screen. It contains fields for 'Username*' (set to 'cisco'), 'Security Level' (set to 'Priv'), 'Encryption Password Type' (set to 'Clear Text'), 'Auth Algorithm Type' (set to 'SHA'), 'Authentication Password*' (redacted), 'Confirm*', 'Encryption Type' (set to 'AES128'), 'Encryption Password*' (redacted), and 'Confirm*'. The 'OK' button at the bottom right of the dialog is highlighted.

Overview Analysis Policies **Devices** Objects | AMP Intelligence

Device Management NAT VPN ▾ QoS Platform Settings FlexConfig Certificates

mzafeiro_FTD4110-HA

Enter Description

- ARP Inspection
- Banner
- External Authentication
- Fragment Settings
- HTTP
- ICMP
- Secure Shell
- SMTP Server
- SNMP**
- SSL
- Syslog
- Timeouts
- Time Synchronization
- UCAPL/CC Compliance

Enable SNMP Servers

Read Community String

Confirm

System Administrator Name

Location

Port (1 - 65535)

Hosts	Users	SNMP Traps
OUTSIDE3	SNMP-SERVER	3 Poll
		cisco

Step 2. Configure the host also to receive traps:

Edit SNMP Management Hosts

IP Address*	<input type="text" value="SNMP-SERVER"/>	
SNMP Version	<input type="text" value="3"/>	
Username	<input type="text" value="cisco"/>	
Community String	<input type="text"/>	
Confirm	<input type="text"/>	
Poll	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Trap	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Port	<input type="text" value="162"/>	(1 - 65535)

Available Zones

Search

INSIDE_FTD4110

Selected Zones/Interfaces

OUTSIDE3

Step 3. The traps that you want to receive can be selected under **SNMP Traps** Section:

SNMP

- SSL
- Syslog
- Timeouts
- Time Synchronization
- UCAPL/CC Compliance

Hosts Users **SNMP Traps**

Enable Traps All SNMP Syslog

Standard

Authentication:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Link up	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Link Down	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Cold Start	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Warm Start	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Entity MIB

MIO Blade SNMP Unification (FXOS 2.12.1, FTD 7.2, ASA 9.18.1)

Pre-7.2 behavior

- On 9300 and 4100 platforms, the SNMP MIBs for Chassis information is not available on SNMP configured on FTD/ASA applications. It needs to be configured separately on the MIO via the chassis manager and accessed separately. MIO is the Management and I/O (Supervisor) module.
- Two separate SNMP policies need to be configured, one on Blade/App and another on MIO for SNMP monitoring.
- Separate ports are utilized, one for Blade and one for MIO for SNMP monitoring of the same device.
- This can create complexity when you try to configure and monitor 9300 and 4100 devices via SNMP.

How it Works on newer releases (FXOS 2.12.1, FTD 7.2, ASA 9.18.1 and above)

- With MIO Blade SNMP unification, users can poll LINA and MIO MIBs via the Application (ASA/FTD) interfaces.
- The feature can be enabled or disabled via the new MIO CLI and FCM (Chassis Mgr) UI.
- The default status is disabled. This means that the MIO SNMP agent is running as a standalone instance. MIO interfaces need to be used to poll chassis/DME MIBs. Once the feature is enabled, the application interfaces can be used to poll the same MIBs.
- The configuration is available on the Chassis Manager UI under the **Platform-settings > SNMP > Admin Instance**, where the user can specify the FTD instance that would collate/gather the chassis MIBs to present it to the NMS
- ASA/FTD native and MI applications are supported.
- This feature is applicable only to MIO-based platforms (FPR9300 and FPR4100).

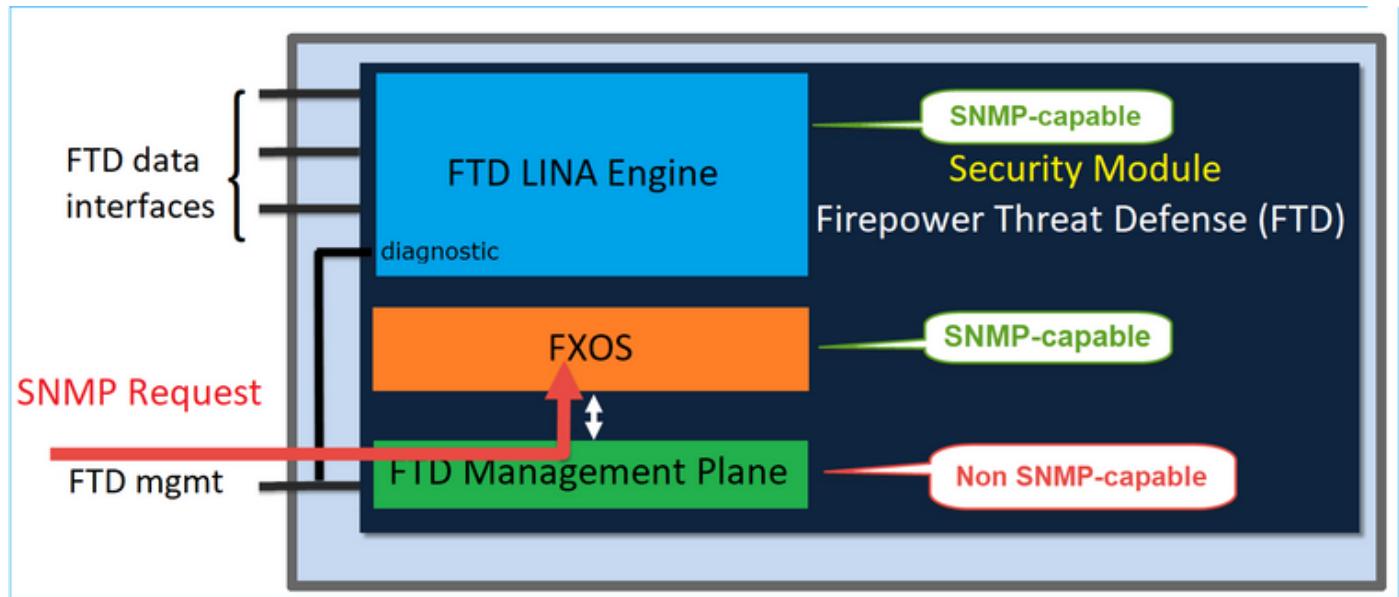
Prerequisites, Supported Platforms

- Min Supported Manager Version: FCM 2.12.1
- Managed Devices: FPR9300 / FP4100 Series
- Min Supported Managed Device Version Required: FXOS 2.12.1, FTD 7.2 or ASA 9.18.1

SNMP in FPR2100

On FPR2100 systems, there is no FCM. The only way to configure SNMP is via FMC.

Chassis (FXOS) SNMP on FPR2100



As from FTD 6.6+ you have also the option to use the FTD management interface for SNMP. In this case, both FXOS and LINA SNMP info are transferred through the FTD management interface.

Configure FXOS SNMPv1/v2c

Open FMC UI and navigate to **Devices > Device Management**. Select the device and select **SNMP**:

The screenshot shows the FMC UI for configuring the **FTD2100-4** device. The **Device Management** tab is selected. The **SNMP** tab is active. The configuration area includes:

- SNMP settings configured on this page will apply only to the device platform** (info message).
- Admin State:** **Enable** (checkbox checked, highlighted with red box, step 1).
- Port:**
- Community:**
- System Admin Name:**
- Location:**
- SNMP Traps Configuration**: A table with columns **Hostname**, **Port**, **Version**, **V3 Privilege**, and **Type**. A red box highlights the **Add** button (step 2).

At the top right, there are **Save** and **Cancel** buttons, with **Save** highlighted with a red box (step 3). The status bar indicates **You have unsaved changes!**. The top navigation bar includes **Deploy**, **System**, **Help**, and **Toolbar**.

SNMP Trap Configuration

? X

Hostname:*

Community String:*

Port:*

 (1 - 65535)

SNMP Version:

Type:

Privilege:

OK

Cancel

Change in FTD 6.6+

You can specify the FTD management interface:

Since the management interface can be also configured for SNMP the page shows this Warning message:

Device platform SNMP configuration on this page is disabled, if SNMP settings configured with Device Management Interface through **Devices > Platform Settings (Threat Defense) > SNMP > Hosts**.

Configure FXOS SNMPv3

Open FMC UI and navigate to **Choose Devices > Device Management**. Choose the device and select **SNMP**.

Overview Analysis Policies **Devices** Objects AMP Intelligence Deploy 20+ System Help ▾ Sidebar ▾

Device Management NAT VPN ▾ QoS Platform Settings FlexConfig Certificates

FTD2100-4
Cisco Firepower 2110 Threat Defense

You have unsaved changes **Save** Cancel

Device Routing Interfaces Inline Sets DHCP **SNMP**

SNMP settings configured on this page will apply only to the device platform

Admin State: Enable **1**

Port:

Community:

System Admin Name:

Location:

SNMP Traps Configuration

No records to display

SNMP Users Configuration

No records to display

3 **4**

1

2

SNMP User Configuration

? X

Username: *

Auth Algorithm Type:

Use AES:

Password: *

Confirm:

Privacy Password: *

Confirm:

OK Cancel

SNMP Trap Configuration

? X

Hostname:*

Community String:*

Port:*

 (1 - 65535)

SNMP Version:

Type:

Privilege:

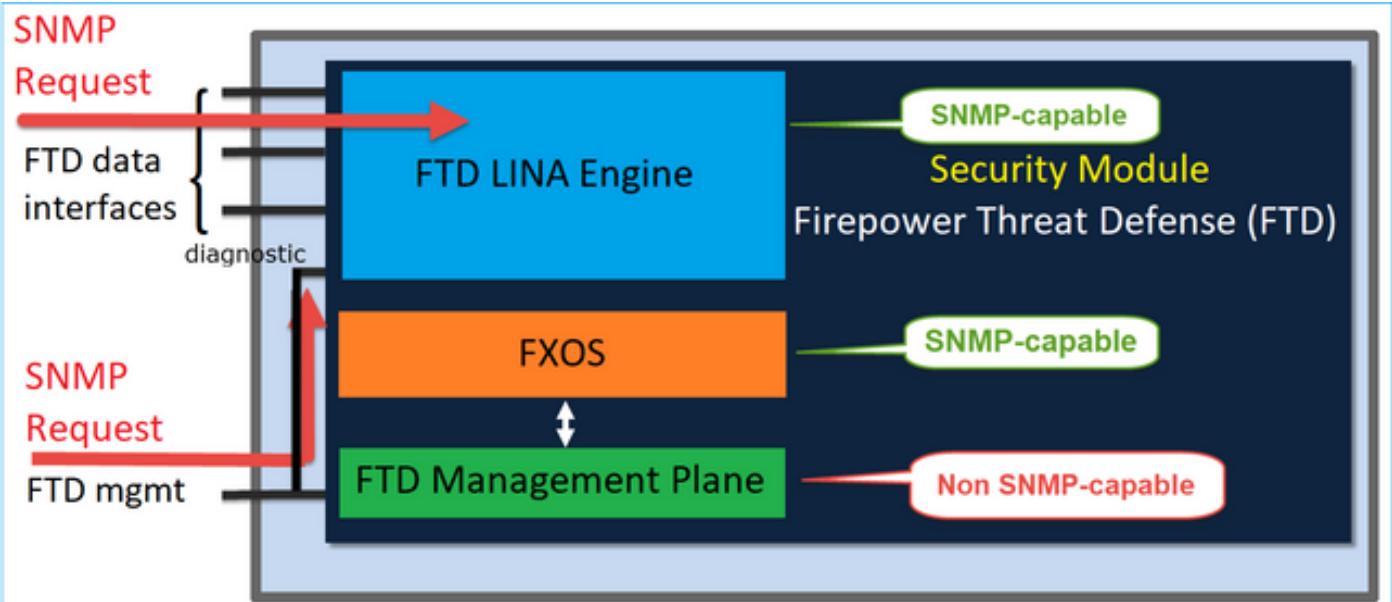
 

OK

Cancel

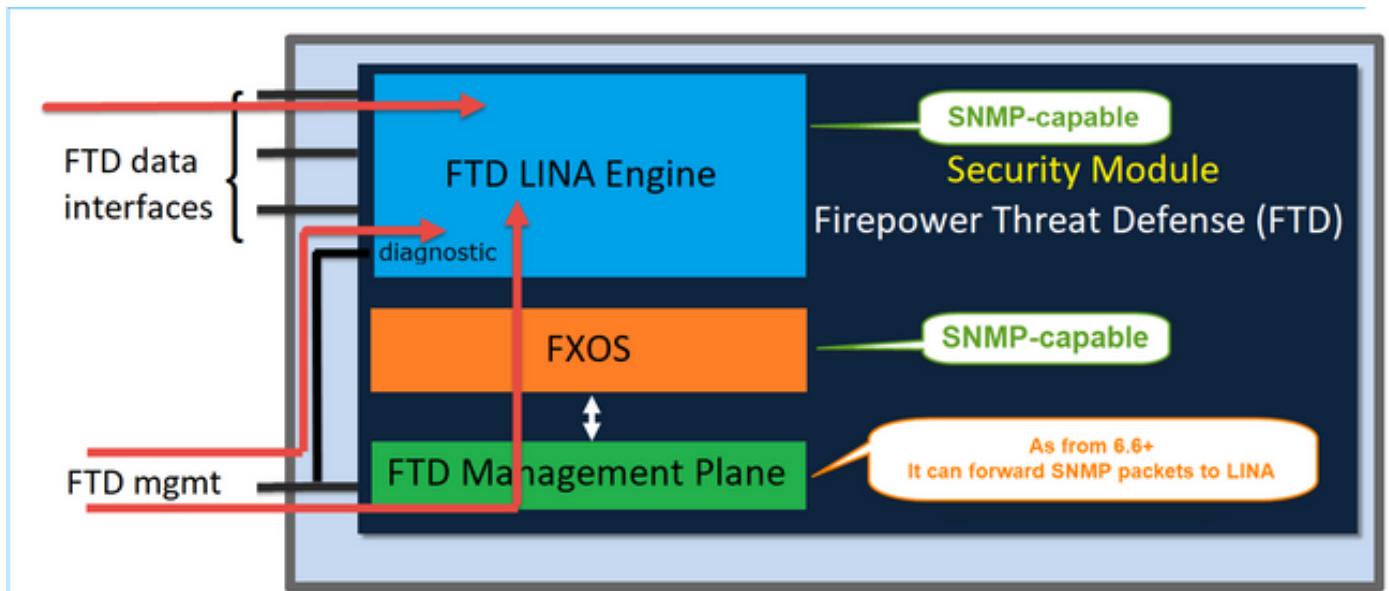
FTD (LINA) SNMP on FPR2100

- For pre-6.6 releases, the LINA FTD SNMP configuration on FTD FP1xxx/FP21xx appliances is identical to an FTD on Firepower 4100 or 9300 appliance.



FTD 6.6+ releases

- In post-6.6 releases you have also the option to use the FTD management interface for LINA polls and traps.



This screenshot shows the "Add SNMP Management Hosts" dialog box overlaid on the FTD Platform Settings page. The dialog box contains fields for IP Address (host_10.229.20.30), SNMP Version (2c), Username, Community String, Poll, Trap, Port (162), and Reachable By (radio buttons for "Device Management Interface" and "Security Zones or Named Interface"). The "Device Management Interface" option is selected. Below the dialog, the main FTD Platform Settings page shows a sidebar with various configuration tabs like ARP Inspection, Banner, DNS, etc., and the "SNMP" tab is currently selected. The main content area displays sections for "Enable SNMP Servers", "Read Community String", "System Administrator Name", "Location", and "Port". A tab bar at the bottom of this section includes "Hosts" (selected), "Users", and "SNMP Traps".

If the new management interface is selected:

- LINA SNMP is available over the Management interface.
- Under **Devices > Device Management** the **SNMP** tab is disabled as it is no longer required. A notification banner is shown. The SNMP device tab was visible only on 2100/1100 platforms. This page does not exist on FPR9300/FPR4100 and FTD55xx platforms.

Once configured, a combined LINA SNMP + FXOS (on FP1xxx/FP2xxx) SNMP poll/trap info is over FTD

management interface.

The screenshot shows the 'Devices' tab selected in the top navigation bar. Under 'Device Management', the 'SNMP' tab is active. The main section displays configuration for the FTD2100-6 device. A warning message at the top states: '⚠ Device platform SNMP setting configuration on this page is deprecated and the same will be configurable through Devices > Platform Settings (Threat Defense) > SNMP > Hosts with Device Management Interface.' Below this, there are fields for Admin State (checkbox 'Enable'), Port (161), Community, System Admin Name, and Location. A link 'SNMP Traps Configuration' is present. At the bottom, a table titled 'SNMP Traps Configuration' shows one entry: 'No records to display'.

SNMP Single IP management feature is supported from 6.6 onwards on all FTD platforms:

- FPR2100
- FPR1000
- FPR4100
- FPR9300
- ASA5500 that runs FTD
- FTDrv

For more details check [Configure SNMP for Threat Defense](#)

Verify

Verify FXOS SNMP for FPR4100/FPR9300

FXOS SNMPv2c Verifications

CLI configuration verification:

```
<#root>

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #

show snmp

Name: snmp
  Admin State: Enabled
  Port: 161
  Is Community Set: Yes
  Sys Contact:
  Sys Location:
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring # show snmp-trap

SNMP Trap:
  SNMP Trap          Port      Community  Version V3 Privilege Notification Type
```

```
-----  
192.168.10.100      162      V2c      Noauth      Traps
```

From the FXOS mode:

```
<#root>  
  
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#  
  
show run snmp  
  
!Command: show running-config snmp  
!Time: Mon Oct 16 15:41:09 2017  
  
version 5.0(3)N2(4.21)  
snmp-server host 192.168.10.100 traps version 2c cisco456  
snmp-server enable traps callhome event-notify  
snmp-server enable traps callhome smtp-send-fail  
... All traps will appear as enable ...  
snmp-server enable traps flexlink ifStatusChange  
snmp-server context mgmt vrf management  
snmp-server community cisco123 group network-operator
```

Additional verifications:

```
<#root>  
  
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#  
  
show snmp host  
  
-----  
Host          Port Version  Level   Type    SecName  
-----  
192.168.10.100      162   v2c      noauth trap    cisco456  
-----
```

```
<#root>  
  
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#  
  
show snmp  
  
Community      Group / Access      context      acl_filter  
-----  
cisco123        network-operator  
  
...
```

Test SNMP Requests.

Perform an SNMP request from a valid host.

Confirm Trap Generation.

You can use flap an interface with ethanalyzer enabled to confirm that SNMP traps are generated and sent to the trap hosts defined:

```
<#root>  
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#  
  
ethanalyzer local interface mgmt capture-filter "udp port 162"  
  
Capturing on eth0  
wireshark-broadcom-rcpu-dissector: ethertype=0xde08, devicetype=0x0  
2017-11-17 09:01:35.954624 10.62.148.35 -> 192.168.10.100 SNMP sNMPv2-Trap  
2017-11-17 09:01:36.054511 10.62.148.35 -> 192.168.10.100 SNMP sNMPv2-Trap
```

 **Warning:** An interface flap can cause a traffic outage. Do this test only in a lab environment or in a maintenance window

FXOS SNMPv3 Verifications

Step 1. Open FCM UI **Platform Settings > SNMP > User** shows if there is any password and privacy password configured:

Edit user1

Name:*	user1
Auth Type:	SHA
Use AES-128:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Password:	<input type="text"/> Set: Yes
Confirm Password:	<input type="text"/>
Privacy Password:	<input type="text"/> Set: Yes
Confirm Privacy Password:	<input type="text"/>

OK **Cancel**

Step 2. In CLI you can verify the SNMP configuration under scope **monitoring**:

```
<#root>
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #
show snmp
Name: snmp
  Admin State: Enabled
  Port: 161
  Is Community Set: No
  Sys Contact:
  Sys Location:

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring # show snmp-user

SNMPv3 User:
  Name          Authentication type
  -----
  user1        Sha

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #
show snmp-user detail

SNMPv3 User:
```

```

Name: user1
Authentication type: Sha
Password: ****
Privacy password: ****
Use AES-128: Yes

```

```

ksec-fpr9k-1-A /monitoring #
show snmp-trap

```

SNMP Trap:

SNMP Trap	Port	Community	Version	V3 Privilege	Notification	Type
192.168.10.100	162		V3	Priv		Traps

Step 3. Under FXOS mode you can expand the SNMP configuration and details:

```
<#root>
```

```
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#
show running-config snmp all
```

```
...
snmp-server user user1 network-operator auth sha 0x022957ee4690a01f910f1103433e4b7b07d4b5fc priv aes-128
snmp-server host 192.168.10.100 traps version 3 priv user1
```

```
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#
show snmp user
```

SNMP USERS

User	Auth	Priv(enforce)	Groups
user1	sha	aes-128(yes)	network-operator

NOTIFICATION TARGET USERS (configured for sending V3 Inform)

User	Auth	Priv

```
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#
show snmp host
```

Host	Port	Version	Level	Type	SecName
10.48.26.190	162	v3	priv	trap	user1

Test SNMP Requests.

You can verify the configuration and do an SNMP request from any device with SNMP capabilities.

To check how the SNMP request is processed you can use SNMP debug:

<#root>
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)#[/p]

```
ksec-fpr9k-1-A(fxos)# 2017 Oct 16 17:11:54.681396 snmpd: 1281064976.000000:iso.10.10.1.1.10.10.10.10.1 :  
2017 Oct 16 17:11:54.681833 snmpd: SNMPPKTSTRT: 3.000000 161 1281064976.000000 1647446526.000000 0.000000  
2017 Oct 16 17:11:54.683952 snmpd: 1281064976.000000:iso.10.10.1.2.10.10.10.10.2.83886080 = STRING: "mgmt  
2017 Oct 16 17:11:54.684370 snmpd: SNMPPKTSTRT: 3.000000 162 1281064976.000000 1647446526.000000 0.000000
```



Caution: A debug can impact the device performance.

Verify FXOS SNMP for FPR2100

FXOS SNMPv2 Verifications

Check the configuration via CLI:

```
<#root>

FP2110-4 /monitoring #

show snmp

Name: snmp
    Admin State: Enabled
    Port: 161
    Is Community Set: Yes
    Sys Contact:
    Sys Location:
FP2110-4 /monitoring #

show snmp-trap

SNMP Trap:
SNMP Trap          Port      Version V3 Privilege Notification Type
----- 10.48.26.190      162        V2c      Noauth      Traps
```

Confirm the SNMP Behavior.

You can verify that you are able to poll the FXOS and send an SNMP request from a host or any device with SNMP capabilities.

Use the **capture-traffic** command to see the SNMP request and response:

<#root>

```

>

capture-traffic

Please choose domain to capture traffic from:
 0 - management0

Selection?

0

Please specify tcpdump options desired.
(or enter '?' for a list of supported options)
Options:

udp port 161

HS_PACKET_BUFFER_SIZE is set to 4.
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on management0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 96 bytes
13:50:50.521383 IP 10.48.26.190.42224 > FP2110-4.snmp: C=cisco123 GetNextRequest(29) interfaces.ifTable
13:50:50.521533 IP FP2110-4.snmp > 10.48.26.190.42224: C=cisco123 GetResponse(32) interfaces.ifTable
^C
Caught interrupt signal

Exiting.

2 packets captured
2 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel

```

FXOS SNMPv3 Verifications

Check the configuration via CLI:

```

<#root>

FP2110-4 /monitoring #

show snmp

Name: snmp
  Admin State: Enabled
  Port: 161
  Is Community Set: No
  Sys Contact:
  Sys Location:
FP2110-4 /monitoring #

show snmp-user detail

SNMPv3 User:
  Name: user1
  Authentication type: Sha
  Password: ****
  Privacy password: ****
  Use AES-128: Yes
FP2110-4 /monitoring #

```

```
show snmp-trap detail
```

SNMP Trap:

```
SNMP Trap: 10.48.26.190
Port: 163
Version: V3
V3 Privilege: Priv
Notification Type: Traps
```

Confirm the SNMP Behavior.

Send an SNMP request to verify that you are able to poll the FXOS.

Additionally, you can capture the request:

```
<#root>
>
capture-traffic

Please choose domain to capture traffic from:
0 - management0

Selection?
0

Please specify tcpdump options desired.
(or enter '?' for a list of supported options)
Options:
udp port 161

HS_PACKET_BUFFER_SIZE is set to 4.
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on management0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 96 bytes
14:07:24.016590 IP 10.48.26.190.38790 > FP2110-4.snmp: F=r U= E= C= [|snmp]
14:07:24.016851 IP FP2110-4.snmp > 10.48.26.190.38790: F= [|snmp][|snmp]
14:07:24.076768 IP 10.48.26.190.38790 > FP2110-4.snmp: F=apr [|snmp][|snmp]
14:07:24.077035 IP FP2110-4.snmp > 10.48.26.190.38790: F=ap [|snmp][|snmp]
^C4 packets captured
Caught interrupt signal

Exiting.
```

```
4 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
```

Verify FTD SNMP

To verify the FTD LINA SNMP configuration:

```
<#root>

Firepower-module1#
show run snmp-server

snmp-server host OUTSIDE3 10.62.148.75 community ***** version 2c
no snmp-server location
no snmp-server contact
snmp-server community *****
```

In post-6.6 FTD you can configure and use the FTD management interface for SNMP:

```
<#root>

firepower#
show running-config snmp-server

snmp-server group Priv v3 priv
snmp-server group NoAuth v3 noauth
snmp-server user uspriv1 Priv v3 engineID
80000009fe99968c5f532fc1f1b0dbdc6d170bc82776f8b470 encrypted auth sha256
6d:cf:98:6d:4d:f8:bf:ee:ad:01:83:00:b9:e4:06:05:82:be:30:88:86:19:3c:96:42:3b
:98:a5:35:1b:da:db priv aes 128
6d:cf:98:6d:4d:f8:bf:ee:ad:01:83:00:b9:e4:06:05
snmp-server user usnoauth NoAuth v3 engineID
80000009fe99968c5f532fc1f1b0dbdc6d170bc82776f8b470
snmp-server host ngfw-management 10.225.126.168 community ***** version 2c
snmp-server host ngfw-management 10.225.126.167 community *****
snmp-server host ngfw-management 10.225.126.186 version 3 uspriv1
no snmp-server location
no snmp-server contact
```

Additional verification:

```
<#root>

Firepower-module1#
show snmp-server host

host ip = 10.62.148.75, interface = OUTSIDE3 poll community ***** version 2c
```

From the SNMP Server CLI run a snmpwalk:

```
<#root>
```

```
root@host:/Volume/home/admin#
snmpwalk -v2c -c cisco -Os 10.62.148.48

SNMPv2-MIB::sysDescr.0 = STRING: Cisco Firepower Threat Defense, Version 10.2.3.1 (Build 43), ASA Version
SNMPv2-MIB::sysObjectID.0 = OID: SNMPv2-SMI::enterprises.9.1.2313
DISMAN-EVENT-MIB::sysUpTimeInstance = Timeticks: (8350600) 23:11:46.00
SNMPv2-MIB::sysContact.0 = STRING:
```

```
SNMPv2-MIB::sysName.0 = STRING: Firepower-module1
SNMPv2-MIB::sysLocation.0 = STRING:
SNMPv2-MIB::sysServices.0 = INTEGER: 4
IF-MIB::ifNumber.0 = INTEGER: 10
IF-MIB::ifIndex.5 = INTEGER: 5
IF-MIB::ifIndex.6 = INTEGER: 6
IF-MIB::ifIndex.7 = INTEGER: 7
IF-MIB::ifIndex.8 = INTEGER: 8
IF-MIB::ifIndex.9 = INTEGER: 9
IF-MIB::ifIndex.10 = INTEGER: 10
IF-MIB::ifIndex.11 = INTEGER: 11
...
...
```

Verification of the SNMP traffic statistics.

```
<#root>

Firepower-module1#
show snmp-server statistics

1899 SNMP packets input
  0 Bad SNMP version errors
  0 Unknown community name
  0 Illegal operation for community name supplied
  0 Encoding errors
  1899 Number of requested variables
  0 Number of altered variables
  0 Get-request PDUs
  1899 Get-next PDUs
  0 Get-bulk PDUs
  0 Set-request PDUs (Not supported)
1904 SNMP packets output
  0 Too big errors (Maximum packet size 1500)
  0 No such name errors
  0 Bad values errors
  0 General errors
  1899 Response PDUs
  5 Trap PDUs
```

Allow SNMP Traffic to FXOS on FPR4100/FPR9300

FXOS configuration on FPR4100/9300 can restrict SNMP access per source IP address. The Access List configuration section defines which networks/hosts are able to reach the device via SSH, HTTPS or SNMP. You need to ensure that SNMP queries from your SNMP server are allowed.

Configure Global Access-list via GUI

Overview Interfaces Logical Devices Security Modules Platform Settings

NTP
SSH
SNMP
HTTPS
AAA
Syslog
DNS
FIPS and Common Criteria
▶ Access List

Ipv4 Access List

IP Address	Prefix Length	Protocol	Action
0.0.0.0	0	https	
0.0.0.0	0	snmp	
0.0.0.0	0	ssh	

Ipv6 Access List

IP Address	Prefix Length	Protocol	Action
::	0	https	
::	0	snmp	
::	0	ssh	

Configure Global Access-list via CLI

```
<#root>
ksec-fpr9k-1-A#
scope system
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /system #
scope services
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /system/services #
enter ip-block 0.0.0.0 0 snmp
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /system/services/ip-block* #
commit-buffer
```

Verification

```
<#root>
ksec-fpr9k-1-A /system/services #
show ip-block
```

Permitted IP Block:

IP Address	Prefix Length	Protocol
0.0.0.0	0	https
0.0.0.0	0	snmp
0.0.0.0	0	ssh

Use the OID Object Navigator

[Cisco SNMP Object Navigator](#) is an online tool where you can translate the different OIDs and get a short description.

The screenshot shows the Cisco SNMP Object Navigator interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Tools & Resources, HOME, SUPPORT, TOOLS & RESOURCES, and SNMP Object Navigator (which is selected). Below the navigation is a search bar with the placeholder "Translate OID into object name or object name into OID to receive object details". A text input field contains the OID "1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1". To the right of the input field are examples: "OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.27" and "Object Name: ifIndex". A "Translate" button is located next to the input field. The main content area is titled "Object Information" and displays "Specific Object Information" for the object "cpmCPUTotalTable". The table rows show the following details:

Object	cpmCPUTotalTable
OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1
Type	SEQUENCE
Permission	not-accessible
Status	current
MIB	CISCO-PROCESS-MIB ; - View Supporting Images
Description	A table of overall CPU statistics.

Use the command **show snmp-server oid** from the FTD LINA CLI to retrieve the whole list of LINA OIDs that can be polled.

```
<#root>
>
system support diagnostic-cli

firepower#
show snmp-server oid
```

```

-----
[0] 10.10.1.10.10.1.1.      sysDescr
[1] 10.10.1.10.10.1.2.      sysObjectID
[2] 10.10.1.10.10.1.3.      sysUpTime
[3] 10.10.1.1.10.1.1.4.    sysContact
[4] 10.10.1.1.10.1.1.5.    sysName
[5] 10.10.1.1.10.1.1.6.    sysLocation
[6] 10.10.1.1.10.1.1.7.    sysServices
[7] 10.10.1.1.10.1.1.8.    sysORLastChange
...
[1081] 10.3.1.1.10.0.10.1.10.1.9. vacmAccessStatus
[1082] 10.3.1.1.10.0.10.1.10.1. vacmViewSpinLock
[1083] 10.3.1.1.10.0.10.1.10.2.1.3. vacmViewTreeFamilyMask
[1084] 10.3.1.1.10.0.10.1.10.2.1.4. vacmViewTreeFamilyType
[1085] 10.3.1.1.10.0.10.1.10.2.1.5. vacmViewTreeFamilyStorageType
[1086] 10.3.1.1.10.0.10.1.10.2.1.6. vacmViewTreeFamilyStatus
-----
firepower#

```

 **Note:** The command is hidden.

Troubleshoot

These are the most common SNMP case generators seen by Cisco TAC:

1. Unable to Poll FTD LINA SNMP
2. Unable to Poll FXOS SNMP
3. What SNMP OID Values to Use?
4. Cannot Get SNMP Traps
5. Cannot Monitor FMC via SNMP
6. Unable to Configure SNMP
7. SNMP Config on Firepower Device Manager

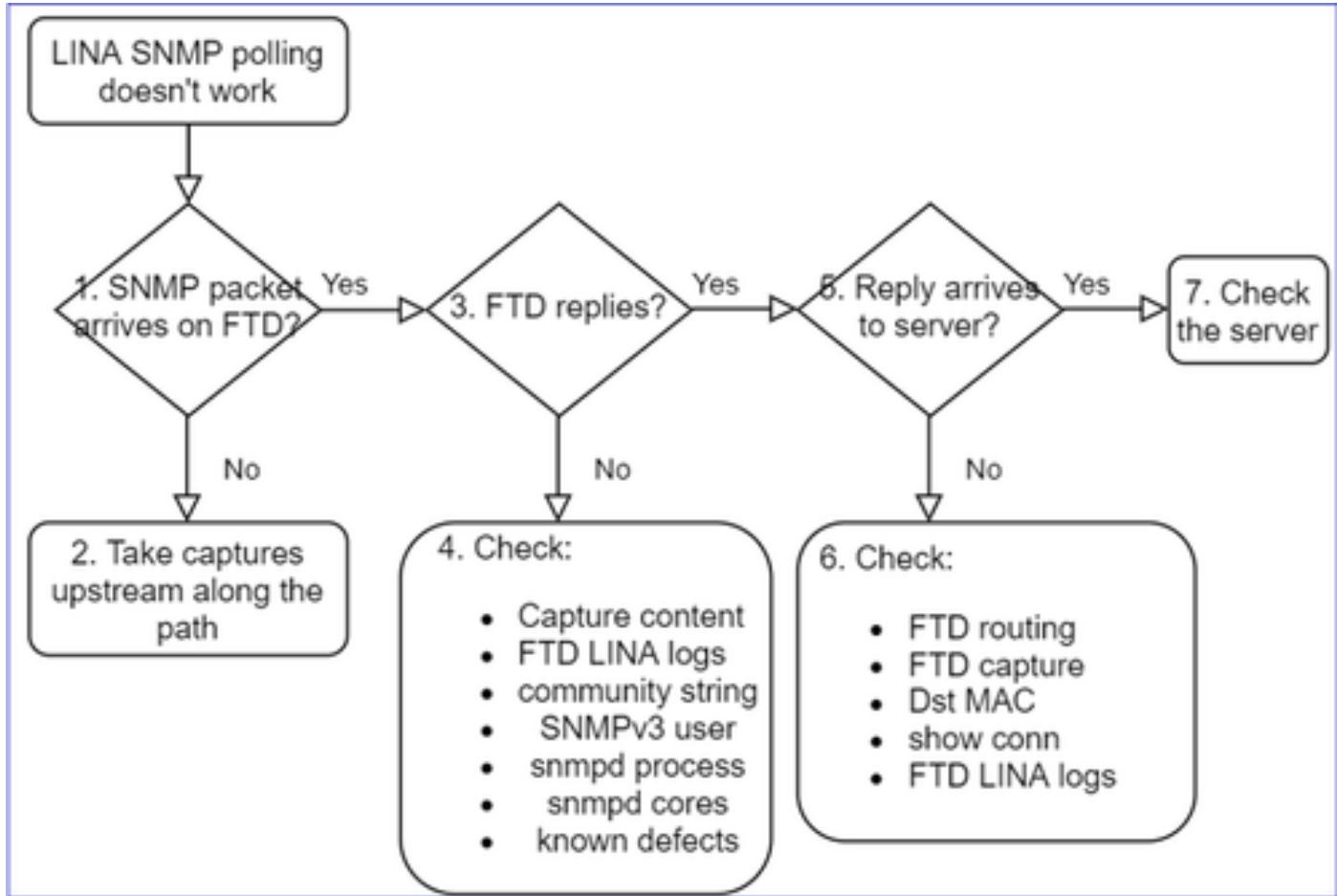
Unable to Poll FTD LINA SNMP

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

- "Unable to fetch data over SNMP."
- "Unable to poll device over SNMPv2."
- "SNMP does not work. We want to monitor the firewall with SNMP but after the configuration, we face issues."
- "We have two monitoring systems that are not able to monitor the FTD via SNMP v2c or 3."
- "SNMP walk does not work on the firewall."

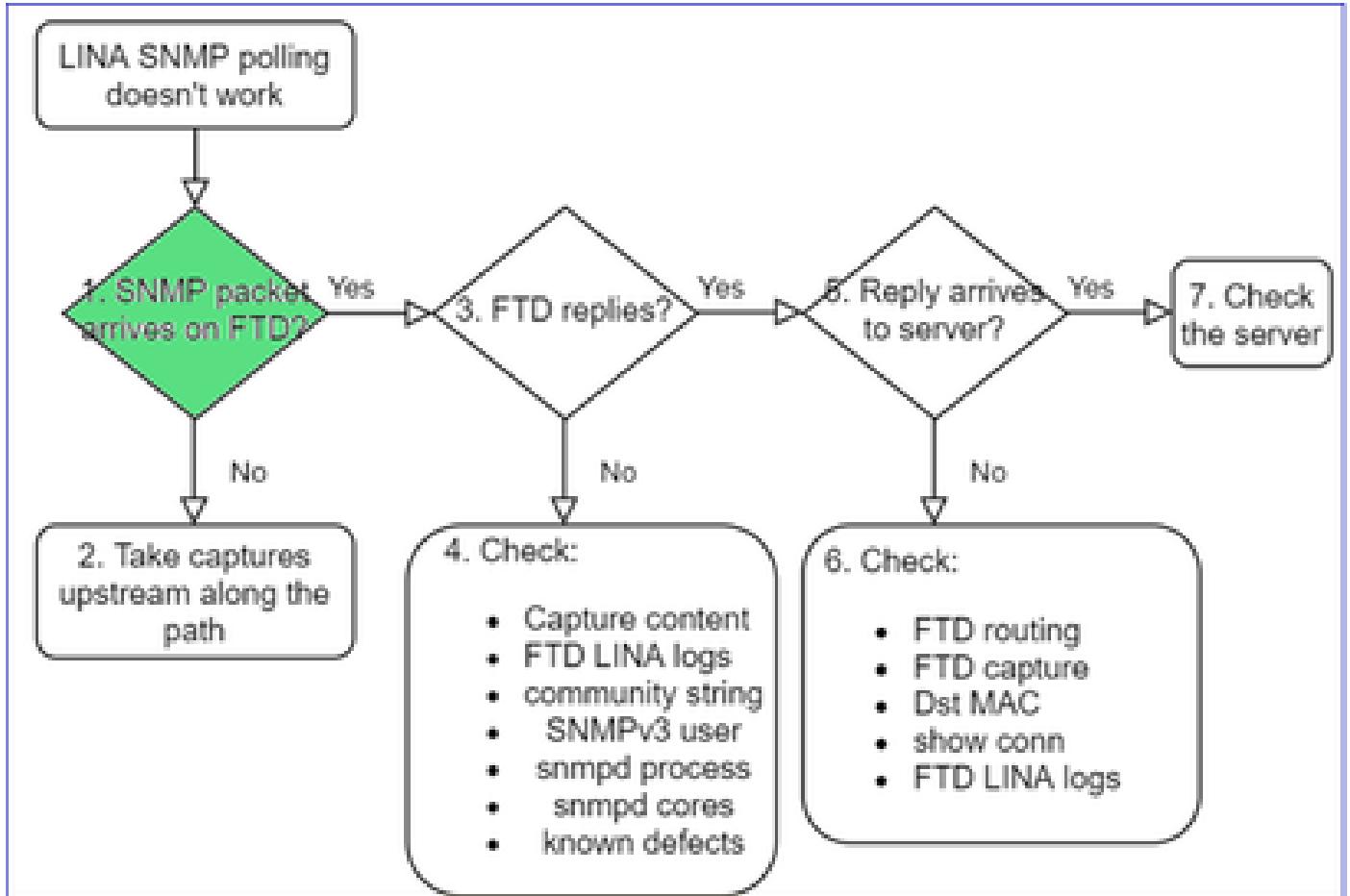
Recommendation on how to Troubleshoot

This is recommended process to troubleshoot flowchart for LINA SNMP poll issues:



Deep Dive

1. Does SNMP packet arrive on FTD



- Enable captures to verify the SNMP packet arrival.

SNMP on FTD mgmt interface (post-6.6 release) uses the management keyword:

```

<#root>
firepower#
show run snmp-server

snmp-server host management 192.168.2.100 community ***** version 2c
  
```

SNMP on FTD data interfaces uses the name of the interface:

```

<#root>
firepower#
show run snmp-server

snmp-server host net201 192.168.2.100 community ***** version 2c
  
```

Capture on FTD mgmt interface:

```

<#root>
>
capture-traffic

Please choose domain to capture traffic from:
0 - management1
1 - management0
2 - Global
Selection?
1

```

Capture on FTD data interface:

```

<#root>
firepower#
capture SNMP interface net201 trace match udp any any eq 161

```

FTD data interface packet trace (pre 6.6/9.14.1):

```

FP1150-1# show capture SNMP packet-number 3 trace

1450 packets captured

3: 21:10:58.642331      802.1Q vlan#208 P0 192.0.2.100.38478 > 192.0.2.30.161:  udp 39
...
Phase: 3
Type: ROUTE-LOOKUP
Subtype: Resolve Egress Interface
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
found next-hop 192.0.2.30 using egress ifc identity
...
Result:
input-interface: net208
input-status: up
input-line-status: up
output-interface: NP Identity Ifc
Action: allow

```

The SNMP packet is terminated on identity interface (ASA or LINA)

FTD data interface packet trace (post 6.6/9.14.1):

```

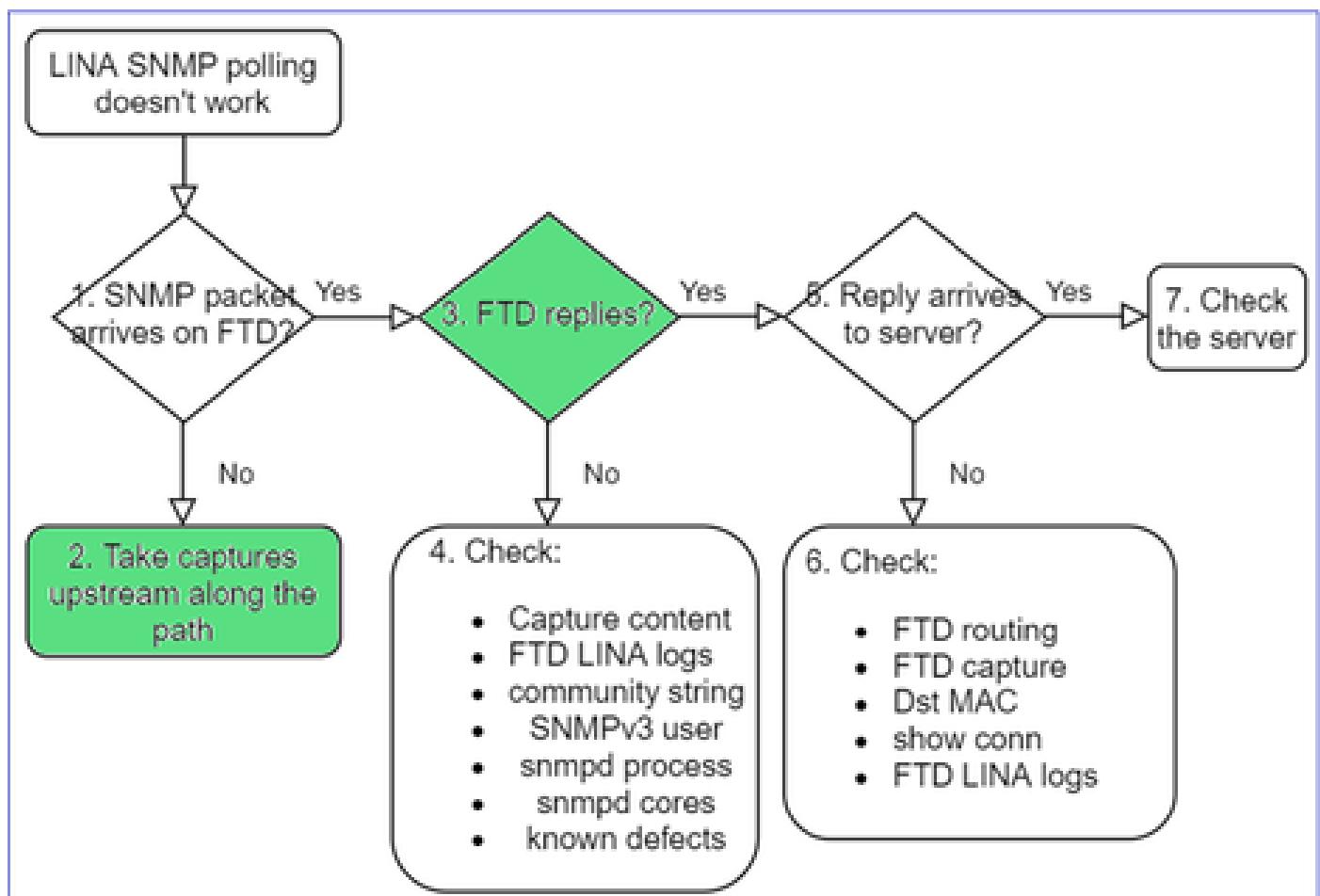
firepower# show capture SNMP packet-number 1 trace
1: 22:43:39.568101      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.58255 > 192.168.21.50.161:  udp 39
...
Phase: 3
Type: UN-NAT
Subtype: static
Result: ALLOW
Elapsed time: 9ms
Config:
nat (nlp_int_tap,net201) source static nlp_server_snmp_192.168.21.100_intf4 interface destination static
0_192.168.21.100_4 0_192.168.21.100_4
Additional Information:
NAT divert to egress interface nlp_int_tap(vrfid:0)
Untranslate 192.168.21.50/161 to 169.254.1.2/161

```

NAT diverts the packet to Snort engine
(NLP – Non-Lina Process tap interface)

2. In case you do not see SNMP packets in the FTD ingress captures:

- Take captures upstream along the path.
- Ensure that the SNMP server uses the proper FTD IP.
- Start from the switchport that faces the FTD interface and move upstream.



3. Do you see FTD SNMP replies?

To verify if the FTD replies you check:

1. FTD egress capture (LINA or mgmt interface)

Check for SNMP packets with source port 161:

```

<#root>

firepower#
show capture SNMP

75 packets captured
1: 22:43:39.568101      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.2.100.58255 > 192.168.2.50.161: udp 39
2: 22:43:39.568329      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.2.100.58255 > 192.168.2.50.161: udp 39
3: 22:43:39.569611      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.2.50.161 > 192.168.2.100.58255: udp 119

```

In post-6.6/9.14.1 releases, you have one additional capture point: Capture on the NLP tap interface. The NATed IP is from the 162.254.x.x range:

```

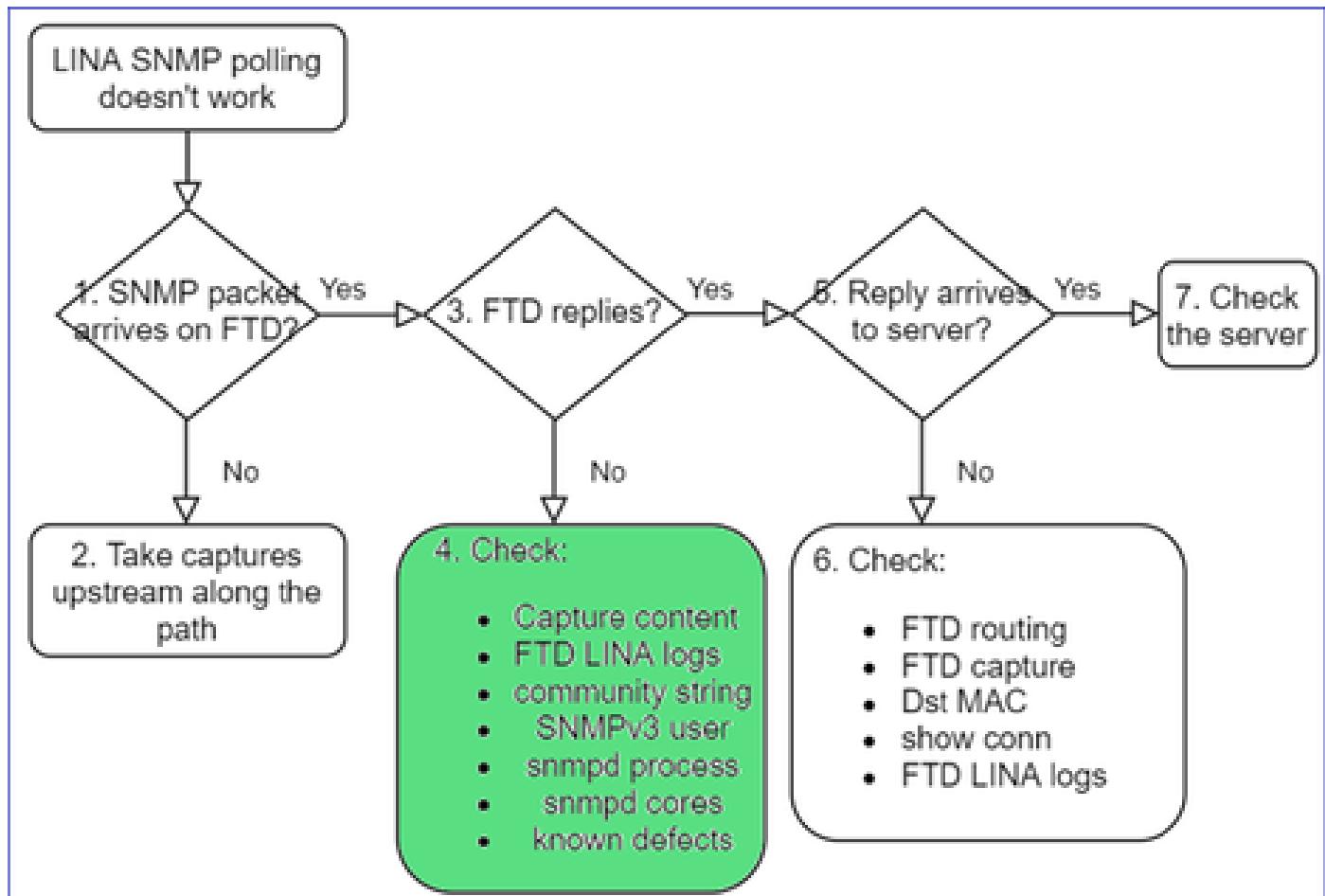
<#root>

admin@firepower:~$ sudo tcpdump -i tap_nlp

listening on tap_nlp, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes
16:46:28.372018 IP 192.168.2.100.49008 > 169.254.1.2.snmp: C="Cisc0123" GetNextRequest(28) E:cisco.9.109
16:46:28.372498 IP 192.168.1.2.snmp > 192.168.2.100.49008: C="Cisc0123" GetResponse(35) E:cisco.9.109

```

4. Additional checks



a. For Firepower 4100/9300 devices check the [FXOS compatibility table](#).

Firepower 4100/9300 Compatibility with ASA and Threat Defense

The following table lists compatibility between the ASA or threat defense applications with the Firepower 4100/9300. The FXOS versions with (EoL) appended have reached their end of life (EoL), or end of support.

Note	The bold versions listed below are specially-qualified companion releases. You should use these software combinations whenever possible because Cisco performs enhanced testing for these combinations.		
Note	Firepower 1000/2100 appliances utilize FXOS only as an underlying operating system that is included in the ASA and threat defense unified image bundles.		
Note	FXOS 2.12/ASA 9.18/Threat Defense 7.2 was the final version for the Firepower 4110, 4120, 4140, 4150, and Security Modules SM-24, SM-36, and SM-44 for the Firepower 9300.		
FXOS Version	Model	ASA Version	Threat Defense Version
2.13(0.198)+	Firepower 4112	9.19(x) (recommended) 9.18(x) 9.17(x) 9.16(x) 9.15(1) 9.14(x)	7.3.0 (recommended) 7.2.0 7.1.0 7.0.0 6.7.0 6.6.x
Note FXOS 2.13(0.198)+ does not support ASA 9.14(1) or 9.14(1..10) for ASA SNMP polls and traps; you must use 9.14(1..15)+. Other releases that are paired with 2.12(0.31)+, such as 9.13 or 9.12, are not affected.	Firepower 4145 Firepower 4125 Firepower 4115	9.19(x) (recommended) 9.18(x) 9.17(x) 9.16(x) 9.15(1)	7.3.0 (recommended) 7.2.0 7.1.0 7.0.0
2.12(0.31)+	Firepower 4112	9.18(x) (recommended) 9.17(x) 9.16(x) 9.15(1) 9.14(x)	7.2.0 (recommended) 7.1.0 7.0.0 6.7.0 6.6.x
Note FXOS 2.12(0.31)+ does not support ASA 9.14(1) or 9.14(1..10) for ASA SNMP polls and traps; you must use 9.14(1..15)+. Other releases that are paired with 2.12(0.31)+, such as 9.13 or 9.12, are not affected.	Firepower 4145 Firepower 4125 Firepower 4115	9.18(x) (recommended) 9.17(x) 9.16(x) 9.15(1) 9.14(x) 9.13(x) 9.12(x)	7.2.0 (recommended) 7.1.0 7.0.0 6.7.0 6.6.x
2.11(1.154)+	Firepower 4112	9.18(x) (recommended) 9.17(x) 9.16(x) 9.15(1) 9.14(x)	7.1.0 (recommended) 7.0.0 6.7.0 6.6.x
Note FXOS 2.11(1.154)+ does not support ASA 9.14(1) or 9.14(1..10) for ASA SNMP polls and traps; you must use	Firepower 4150 Firepower 4140 Firepower 4120 Firepower 4110	9.18(x) (recommended) 9.17(x) 9.16(x) 9.15(1) 9.14(x) 9.13(x) 9.12(x)	7.2.0 (recommended) 7.1.0 7.0.0 6.7.0 6.6.x 6.5.0 6.4.0
2.11(1.154)+	Firepower 4112	9.17(x) (recommended) 9.16(x) 9.15(1) 9.14(x)	7.1.0 (recommended) 7.0.0 6.7.0 6.6.x

b. Check the FTD LINA snmp-server statistics:

```
<#root>
firepower#
clear snmp-server statistics

firepower#
show snmp-server statistics

379 SNMP packets input
 0 Bad SNMP version errors
 0 Unknown community name
 0 Illegal operation for community name supplied
 0 Encoding errors
 351 Number of requested variables      <- SNMP requests in
...
360 SNMP packets output
 0 Too big errors (Maximum packet size 1500)
 0 No such name errors
 0 Bad values errors
 0 General errors
351 Response PDUs                  <- SNMP replies out
 9 Trap PDUs
```

c. FTD LINA connection table

This check is very useful in case you do not see packets in the capture on the FTD ingress interface. Note that this is a valid verification only for SNMP on the data interface. If SNMP is on mgmt interface (post-6.6/9.14.1), no conn is created.

```
<#root>
firepower#
show conn all protocol udp port 161

13 in use, 16 most used
...
UDP nlp_int_tap 192.168.1.2:161 net201 192.168.2.100:55048, idle 0:00:21, bytes 70277, flags -c
```

d. FTD LINA syslogs

This also is a valid verification only for SNMP on the data interface! If SNMP is on mgmt interface no log is created:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show log | i 302015.*161

Jul 13 2021 21:24:45: %FTD-6-302015: Built inbound UDP connection 5292 for net201:192.0.2.100/42909 (192.168.2.100)
```

e. Check if the FTD drops the SNMP packets due to incorrect host source IP

The diagram illustrates the FTD processing flow for an incoming SNMP packet. It starts with a capture of a packet from interface 1 (source 192.168.21.100) to port 161. A red box labeled "Mismatch in the src IP" highlights the source IP (192.168.21.100) which does not match the configured SNMP server IP (192.168.22.100). Another red box labeled "No UN-NAT phase!" indicates that there was no UN-NAT phase applied to the packet. The packet then passes through an access list (Result: DROP) and an ASR table classification rule (Result: drop). A red box highlights the reason for dropping: "(acl-drop) Flow is denied by configured rule (NA)/NA". Finally, the configuration command "snmp-server host net201 192.168.22.100 community ***** version 2c" is shown, confirming the correct configuration of the SNMP server.

```
firepower# show capture SNMP packet-number 1 trace
1: 22:33:00.183248      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.43860 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 39
Phase: 1
Type: CAPTURE
...
Phase: 6
Type: ACCESS-LIST
Result: DROP
...
Result:
input-interface: net201(vrfid:0)
Action: drop
Drop-reason: (acl-drop) Flow is denied by configured rule (NA)/NA

firepower# show run snmp-server
snmp-server host net201 192.168.22.100 community ***** version 2c

firepower# show asr table classify interface net201 domain permit match port=161
Input Table
in  id=0x14f65b193b30, priority=501, domain=permit, deny=false
    bits=0, user_data=0x0, cs_id=0x0, use_real_addr, flags=0x0, protocol=17
    src_ip/id=192.168.22.100, mask=255.255.255.255, port=0, tag=any
    dst_ip/id=192.168.1.2, mask=255.255.255.255, port=161, tag=any, dscp=0x0, nsg_id=None
    input_ifc=net201(vrfid:0), output_ifc=any
```

f. Incorrect credentials (SNMP community)

In the capture contents you can see the community values (SNMP v1 and 2c):

Delta	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length
0.000000	192.168.21.100	192.168.21.50	SNMP	
<				
> Frame 3: 88 bytes on wire (704 bits), 88 bytes captured (704 bits)				
> Ethernet II, Src: VMware_85:3e:d2 (00:50:56:85:3e:d2), Dst: a2:b8:dc:80:1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 201				
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.21.100, Dst: 192.168.21.50				
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 45230, Dst Port: 161				
` Simple Network Management Protocol				
version: v2c (1)				
community: cisco123				
` data: get-next-request (1)				

g. Incorrect configuration (for example, SNMP version or Community string)

There are a few ways to verify the device SNMP configuration and Community strings:

```
<#root>
firepower#
more system:running-config | i community

snmp-server host net201 192.168.2.100 community cISC0123 version 2c
```

Another way:

```
<#root>
firepower#
debug menu netsnmp 4
```

h. FTD LINA/ASA ASP drops

This is a useful check in order to verify if the SNMP packets are dropped by the FTD. First, clear the counters (clear asp drop) and then test:

```
<#root>
firepower#
clear asp drop

firepower#
```

```
show asp drop
```

Frame drop:

No valid adjacency (no-adjacency)	6
No route to host (no-route)	204
Flow is denied by configured rule (acl-drop)	502
FP L2 rule drop (l2_acl)	1

Last clearing: 19:25:03 UTC Aug 6 2021 by enable_15

Flow drop:

Last clearing: 19:25:03 UTC Aug 6 2021 by enable_15

i. ASP captures

ASP captures provide visibility into the dropped packets (for example, ACL or adjacency):

```
<#root>
firepower#
capture ASP type asp-drop all
```

Test and then check the capture contents:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show capture

capture ASP type asp-drop all [Capturing - 196278 bytes]
```

j. SNMP core (traceback) – verification way 1

This check is useful in case you suspect system stability issues:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show disk0: | i core

13 52286547 Jun 11 2021 12:25:16 coredumpfsys/core.snmpd.6208.1626214134.gz
```

SNMP core (traceback) – verification way 2

```
<#root>
```

```
admin@firepower:~$  
ls -l /var/data/cores  
  
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 685287 Jul 14 00:08 core.snmpd.6208.1626214134.gz
```

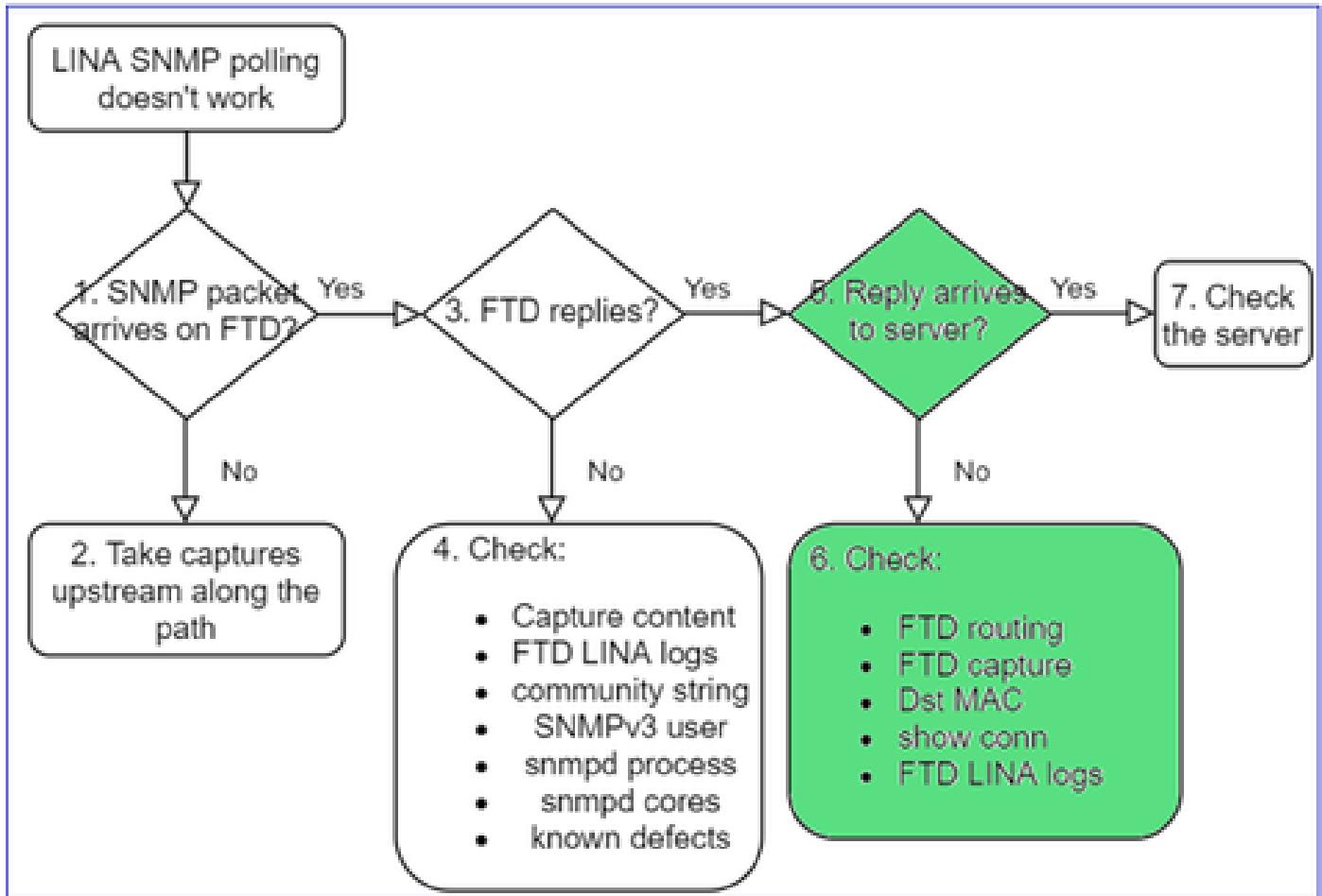
If you see an SNMP core file, collect these items and contact Cisco TAC:

- FTD TS file (or ASA show tech)
- snmpd core files

SNMP debugs (these are hidden commands and available only on newer versions):

```
<#root>  
  
firepower#  
  
debug snmp trace [255]  
  
firepower#  
  
debug snmp verbose [255]  
  
firepower#  
  
debug snmp error [255]  
  
firepower#  
  
debug snmp packet [255]
```

Does firewall SNMP reply arrive at the server?



If the FTD replies, but the reply does not reach the server check:

a. FTD routing

For the FTD management interface routing:

```
<#root>
>
show network
```

For FTD LINA data interface routing:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show route
```

b. Destination MAC verification

FTD mgmt dst MAC verification:

```
<#root>
>
capture-traffic

Please choose domain to capture traffic from:
0 - management1
1 - management0
2 - Global
Selection?
1

Please specify tcpdump options desired.
(or enter '?' for a list of supported options)
Options:
-n -e udp port 161
```

```
01:00:59.553385 a2:b8:dc:00:00:02 > 5c:fc:66:36:50:ce, ethertype IPv4 (0x0800), length 161: 10.62.148.1|
```

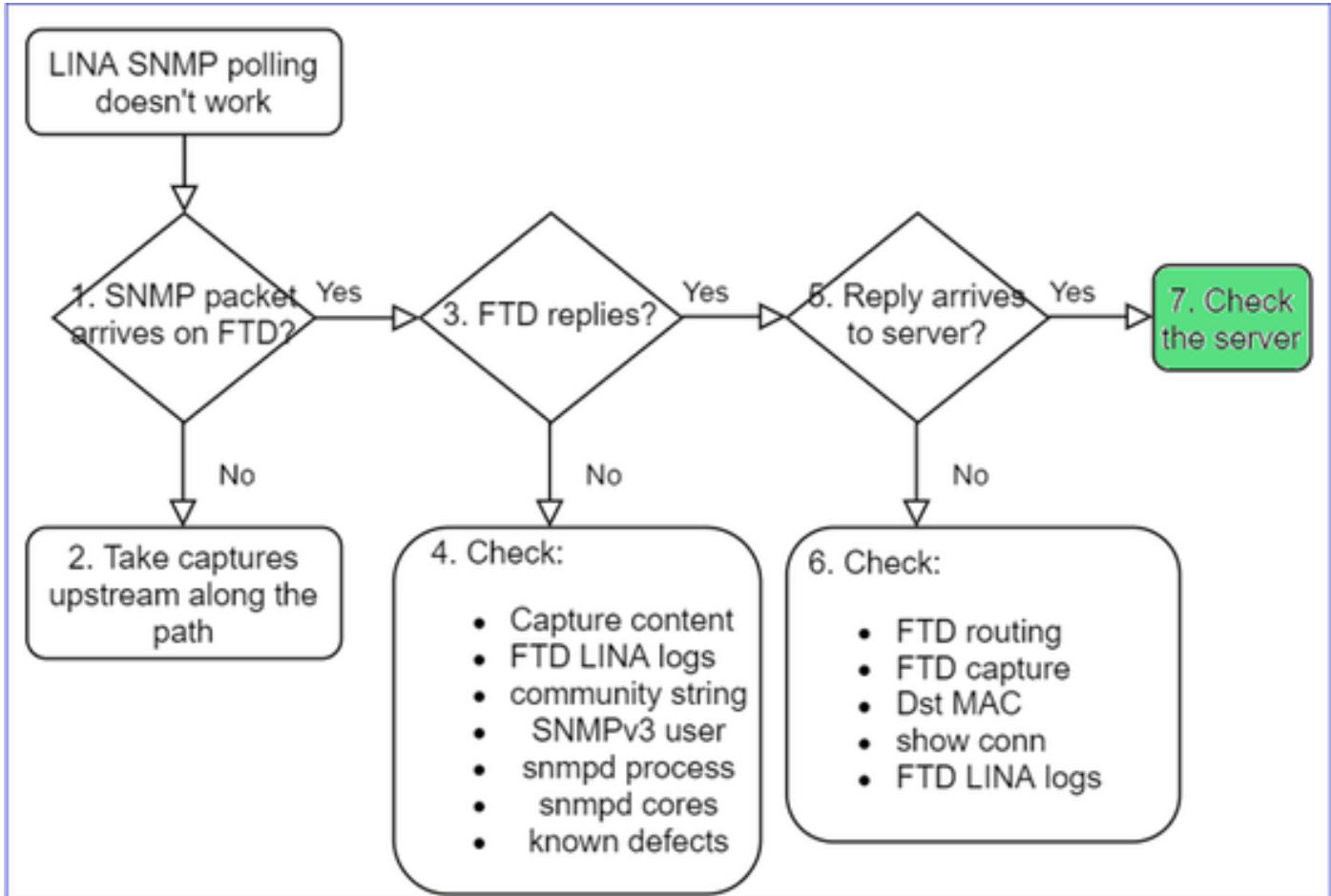
FTD LINA data interface destination MAC verification:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show capture SNMP detail

...
6: 01:03:01.391886 a2b8.dc00.0003 0050.5685.3ed2 0x8100 Length: 165
  802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.40687: [udp sum ok] udp 119 (DF) (ttl 64,
```

c. Check devices along the path that potentially drop/block the SNMP packets.

Check the SNMP server



- a. Check the capture contents to verify the settings.
- b. Check the server configuration.
- c. Try to modify the SNMP community name (for example, without special characters).

You can use an end-host or even the FMC to test the poll as long as the 2 conditions are met:

1. SNMP connectivity is in place.
2. The source IP is allowed to poll the device.

```
<#root>
admin@FS2600-2:~$
snmpwalk -c cisco -v2c 192.0.2.197
```

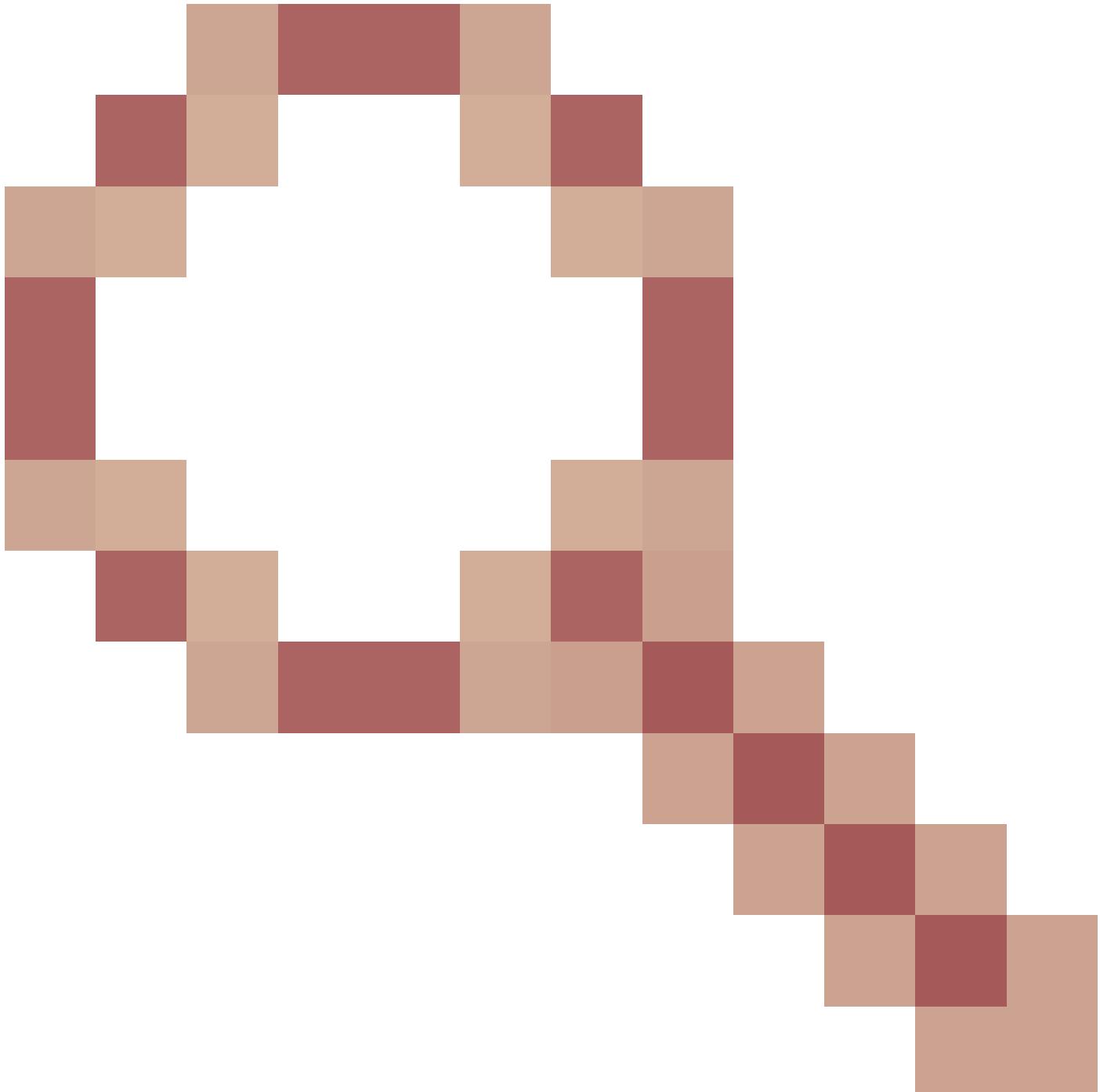
SNMPv2-MIB::sysDescr.0 = STRING: Cisco Firepower Threat Defense, Version 7.0.0 (Build 3), ASA Version 9

SNMPv3 Poll Considerations

- License: SNMPv3 requires Strong Encryption License. Ensure that you have Export Controlled Functionality enabled on the Smart Licensing portal
- To troubleshoot, you can try with a new user/credentials
- If encryption is used, you can decrypt the SNMPv3 traffic and check the payload as described in: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/firepower-ngfw/215092-analyze-firepower->

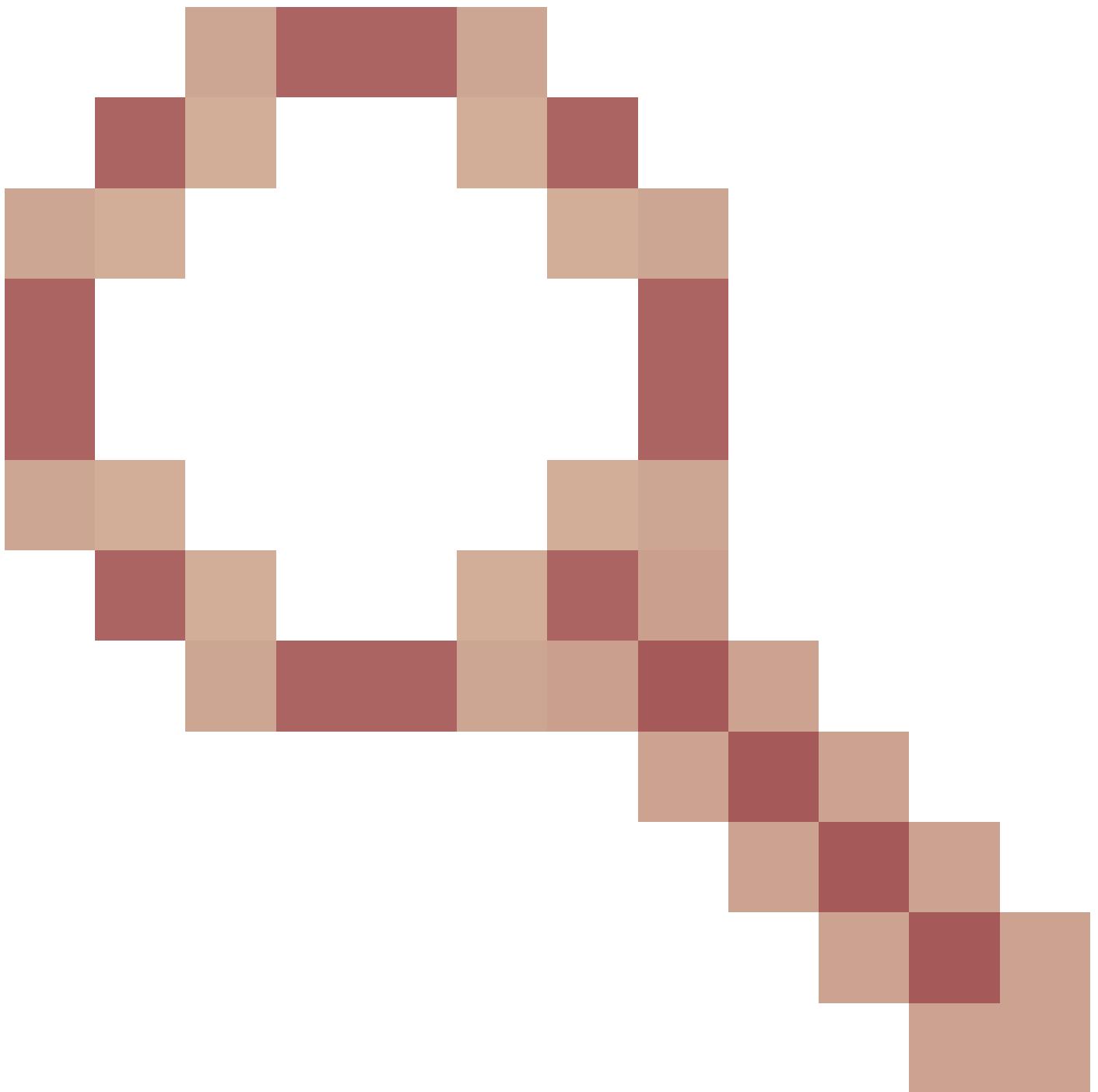
[firewall-captures-to-e.html#anc59](#)

- Consider AES128 for encryption in case your software is affected by defects like:
- Cisco bug ID [CSCvy27283](#)



ASA/FTD SNMPv3 polling can fail using privacy algorithms AES192/AES256

Cisco bug ID [CSCvx45604](#)



Snmpv3 walk fails on user with auth sha and priv aes 192

 **Note:** If SNMPv3 fails due to algorithm mismatch the show outputs and the logs do not show anything obvious

```

firepower# show snmp-server statistics
6 SNMP packets input
  0 Bad SNMP version errors
  0 Unknown community name
  0 Illegal operation for community name supplied
  0 Encoding errors
  0 Number of requested variables
  0 Number of altered variables
  0 Get-request PDUs
  0 Get-next PDUs
  0 Get-bulk PDUs
  0 Set-request PDUs (Not supported)
0 SNMP packets output
  0 Too big errors (Maximum packet size 1500)
  0 No such name errors
  0 Bad values errors
  0 General errors
  0 Response PDUs
  0 Trap PDUs

```

Input packets increase, but no replies!

First recommended action:
Verify your configuration 'show run snmp-server'

SNMPv3 Polling Considerations – Case Studies

1. SNMPv3 snmpwalk - Functional scenario

<#root>

admin@FS2600-2:~\$

```
snmpwalk -v 3 -u Cisco123 -l authPriv -a SHA -A AES -X X Cisco123 192.168.21.50
```

SNMPv2-MIB::sysDescr.0 = STRING: Cisco Firepower Threat Defense, Version 7.0.0 (Build 3), ASA Version 9
 SNMPv2-MIB::sysObjectID.0 = OID: SNMPv2-SMI::enterprises.9.1.2315

In the capture (snmpwalk) you see a reply for each packet:

```

firepower# show capture SNMP
...
14: 23:44:44.156714      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.54240 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 64
15: 23:44:44.157325      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.54240: udp 132
16: 23:44:44.160819      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.54240 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 157
17: 23:44:44.162039      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.54240: udp 238
18: 23:44:44.162375      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.54240 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 160
19: 23:44:44.197850      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.54240: udp 168
20: 23:44:44.198262      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.54240 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 160
21: 23:44:44.237826      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.54240: udp 162
22: 23:44:44.238268      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.54240 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 160
23: 23:44:44.277909      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.54240: udp 159
24: 23:44:44.278260      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.54240 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 160
25: 23:44:44.317869      802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.54240: udp 168

```

The capture file shows nothing unusual:

```

` Simple Network Management Protocol
  msgVersion: snmpv3 (3)
  > msgGlobalData
  ` msgAuthoritativeEngineID: 80000009feca41e36a96147f184553b777
    1.... .... = Engine ID Conformance: RFC3411 (SNMPv3)
    Engine Enterprise ID: ciscoSystems (9)
    Engine ID Format: Reserved/Enterprise-specific (254)
    Engine ID Data: ca41e36a96147f184553b777a7127ccb3710888f
  msgAuthoritativeEngineBoots: 6
  msgAuthoritativeEngineTime: 5089
  msgUserName: Cisco123
` msgAuthenticationParameters: 79ee0d463313558f4529954f
  ` [Authentication: OK]
    ` [Expert Info (Chat/Checksum): SNMP Authentication OK]
      [SNMP Authentication OK]
      [Severity level: Chat]
      [Group: Checksum]
  msgPrivacyParameters: 714e78d6bc292c88

```

2. SNMPv3 snmpwalk - Encryption failure

Hint #1: There is a Timeout:

```

<#root>

admin@FS2600-2:~$ snmpwalk -v 3 -u Cisco123 -l authPriv -a SHA -A Cisco123 -x DES -X Cisco123 192.168.21.50

Timeout: No Response from 192.168.2.1

```

Hint #2: There are many requests and 1 reply:

```

firepower# show capture SNMP

7 packets captured

1: 23:25:06.248446 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.55137 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 64
2: 23:25:06.248613 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.55137 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 64
3: 23:25:06.249224 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.55137: udp 132
4: 23:25:06.252992 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.55137 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 163
5: 23:25:07.254183 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.55137 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 163
6: 23:25:08.255388 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.55137 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 163
7: 23:25:09.256624 802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.55137 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 163

```

Hint #3: Wireshark decryption failure:

```

> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 35446, Dst Port: 161
  ↘ Simple Network Management Protocol
    msgVersion: snmpv3 (3)
    > msgGlobalData
    > msgAuthoritativeEngineID: 80000009feca41e36a96147f184553b777a7127ccb3710888f
      msgAuthoritativeEngineBoots: 6
      msgAuthoritativeEngineTime: 4359
      msgUserName: Cisco123
    > msgAuthenticationParameters: 1bc9daaa366647cbbb70c5d5
      msgPrivacyParameters: 0000000197eaef1a
  ↘ msgData: encryptedPDU (1)
    < encryptedPDU: 452ee7ef0b13594f8b0f6031213217477ecb2422d353581311cade539a27951af821524c...
      < Decrypted data not formatted as expected, wrong key?
        < [Expert Info (Warning/Malformed): Decrypted data not formatted as expected, wrong key?]
          [Decrypted data not formatted as expected, wrong key?]
          [Severity level: Warning]
          [Group: Malformed]

```

Hint #4. Check the ma_ctx2000.log file for ‘error parsing ScopedPDU’ messages:

```

<#root>

> expert
admin@firepower:~$

tail -f /mnt/disk0/log/ma_ctx2000.log

security service 3 error parsing ScopedPDU
security service 3 error parsing ScopedPDU
security service 3 error parsing ScopedPDU

```

The error parsing ScopedPDU is a strong hint of an encryption error. The ma_ctx2000.log file shows events only for SNMPv3!

3. SNMPv3 snmpwalk – Authentication failure

Hint #1: Authentication failure

```

<#root>

admin@FS2600-2:~$

snmpwalk -v 3 -u Cisco123 -l authPriv -a MD5 -A Cisco123 -x AES -X Cisco123 192.168.21.50

snmpwalk: Authentication failure (incorrect password, community or key)

```

Hint #2: There are many requests and many replies

```

firepower# show capture SNMP

4 packets captured

1: 23:25:28.468847    802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.34348 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 64
2: 23:25:28.469412    802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.34348: udp 132
3: 23:25:28.474386    802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.100.34348 > 192.168.21.50.161: udp 157
4: 23:25:28.475561    802.1Q vlan#201 P0 192.168.21.50.161 > 192.168.21.100.34348: udp 137

```

Hint #3: Wireshark Malformed Packet

```

> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.21.100, Dst: 192.168.21.50
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 47752, Dst Port: 161
> Simple Network Management Protocol
└ [Malformed Packet: SNMP]
  └ [Expert Info (Error/Malformed): Malformed Packet (Exception occurred)]
    └ [Malformed Packet (Exception occurred)]
    └ [Severity level: Error]
    └ [Group: Malformed]

```

Hint #4. Check the ma_ctx2000.log file for ‘Authentication failed’ messages:

```

<#root>
>
expert

admin@firepower:~$ tail -f /mnt/disk0/log/ma_ctx2000.log

Authentication failed for Cisco123
Authentication failed for Cisco123

```

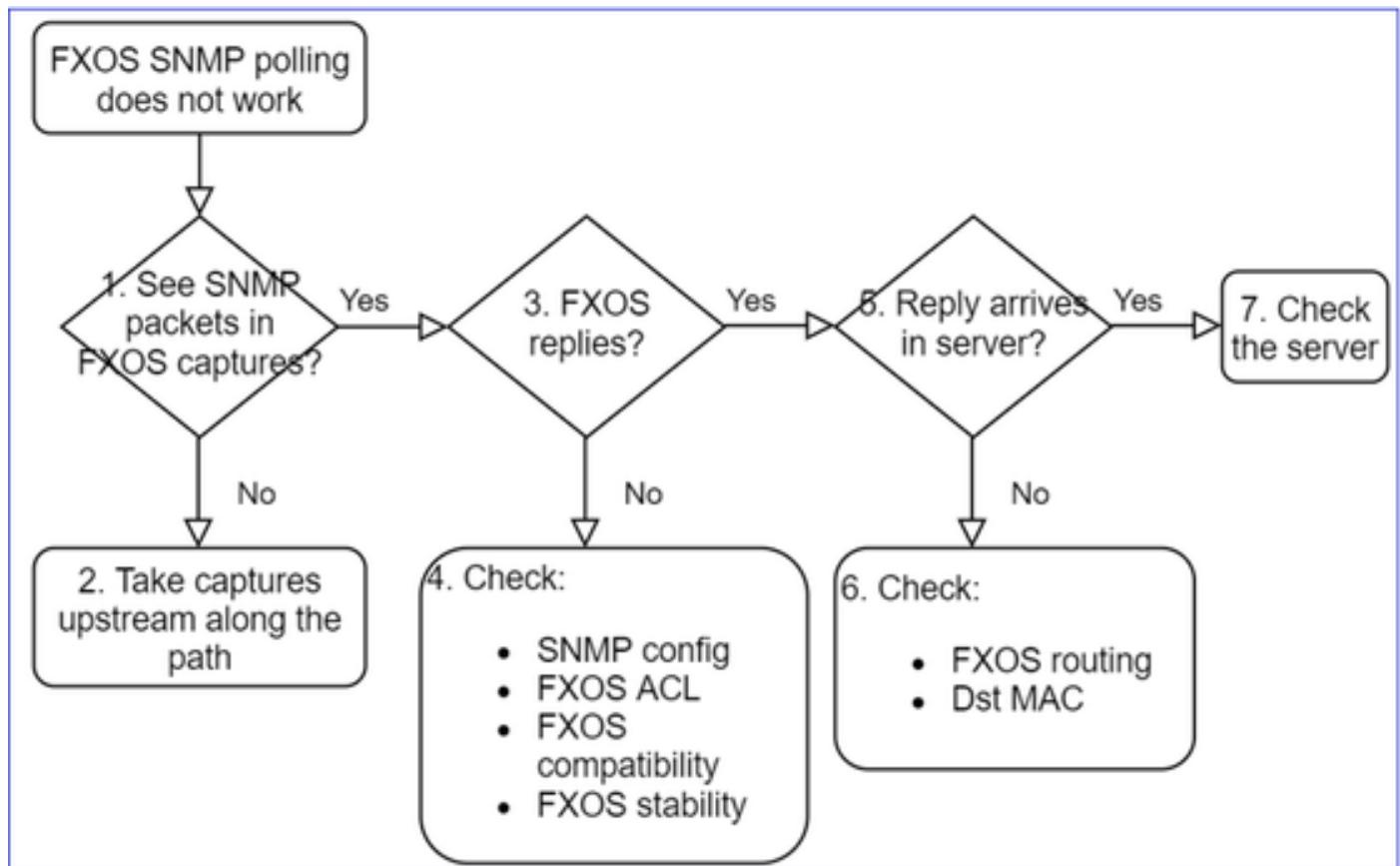
Unable to Poll FXOS SNMP

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

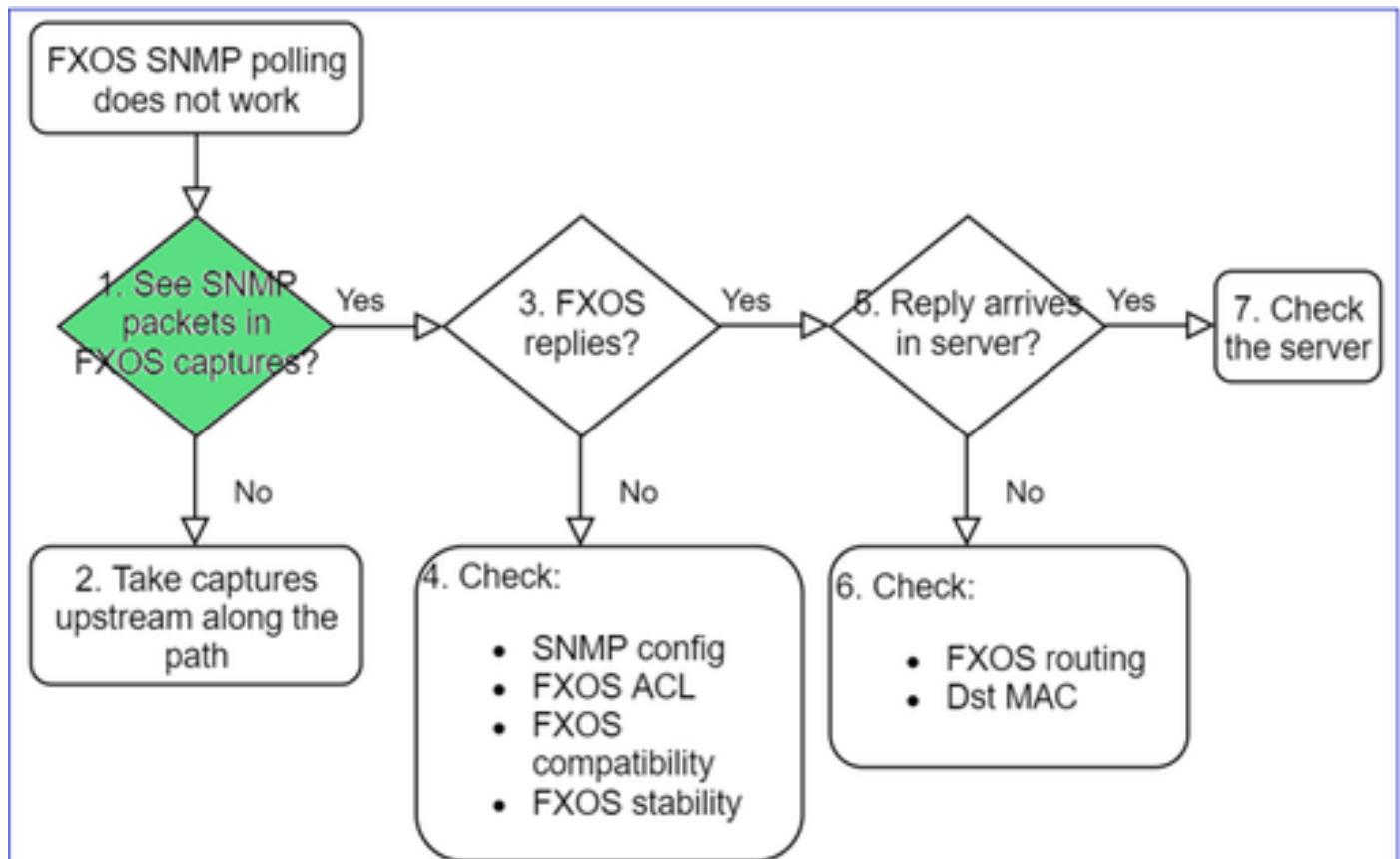
- "SNMP gives a wrong version for FXOS. When polling with SNMP for version of the FXOS the output is difficult to understand."
- "Unable to setup snmp community on FXOS FTD4115."
- "After an FXOS upgrade from 2.8 to 2.9 on standby firewall, we get a timeout when we try to receive any information via SNMP."
- "snmpwalk fails on 9300 fxos but works on 4140 fxos on same version. Reachability and community are not the issue."
- "We want to add 25 SNMP servers on FPR4K FXOS, but we cannot."

Recommended Troubleshooting

This is the process to troubleshoot flowchart for FXOS SNMP polling issues:



1. Do you see SNMP packets in FXOS captures?



FPR1xxx/21xx

- On FPR1xxx/21xx there is no chassis manager (appliance mode).
- You can poll the FXOS software from the mgmt interface.

```
<#root>
>
capture-traffic

Please choose domain to capture traffic from:
 0 - management0
 1 - Global

Selection?
0

Please specify tcpdump options desired.
(or enter '?' for a list of supported options)
Options:
-n host 192.0.2.100 and udp port 161
```

41xx/9300

- On Firepower 41xx/93xx use the Ethanalyzer CLI tool to take a chassis capture:

```
<#root>
firepower#
connect fxos

firepower(fxos)#
ethanalyzer local interface mgmt capture-filter "udp port 161" limit-captured-frames 50 write workspace

firepower(fxos)#
exit

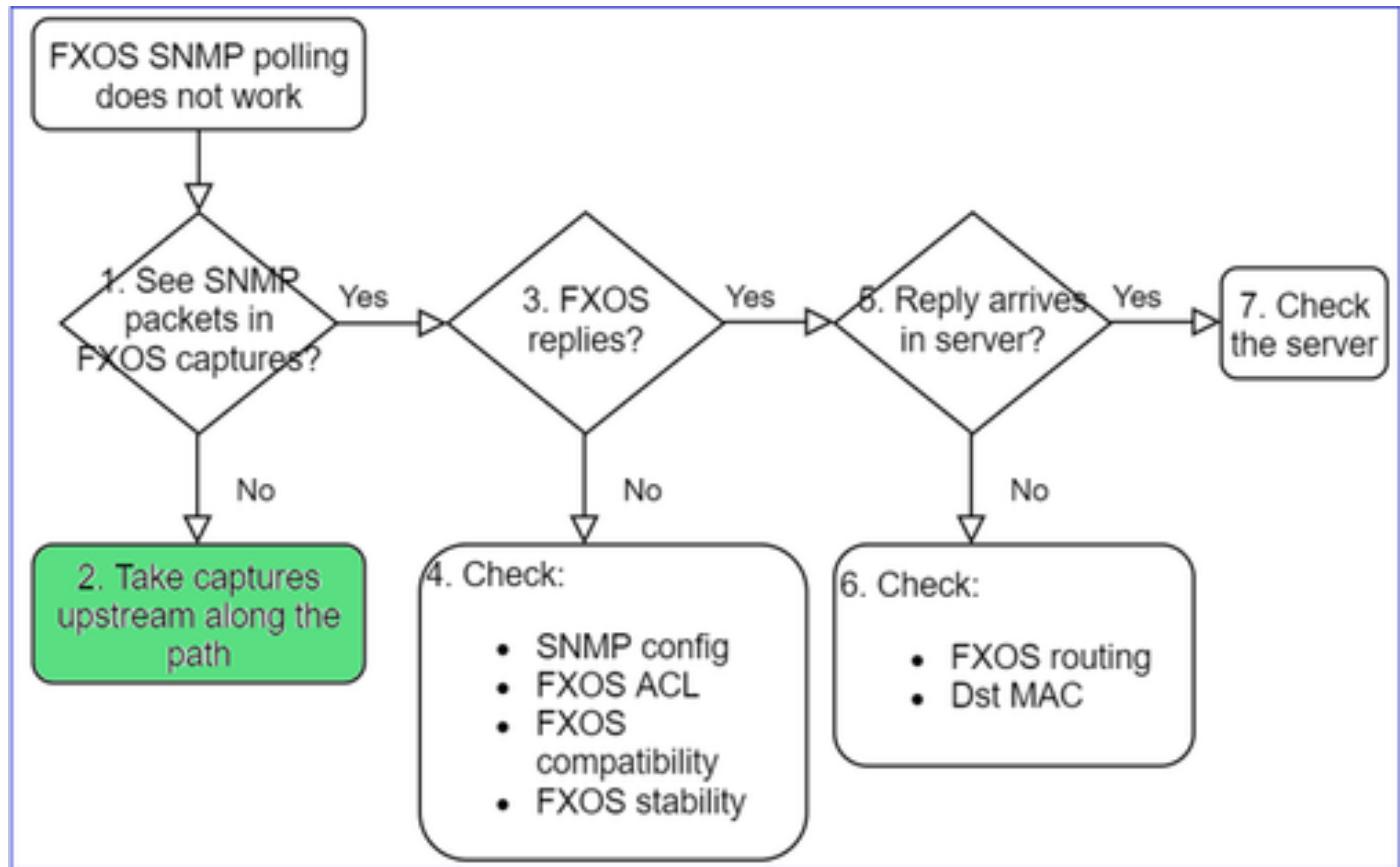
firepower#
connect local-mgmt

firepower(local-mgmt)#
dir

1
11152 Jul 26 09:42:12 2021 SNMP.pcap
```

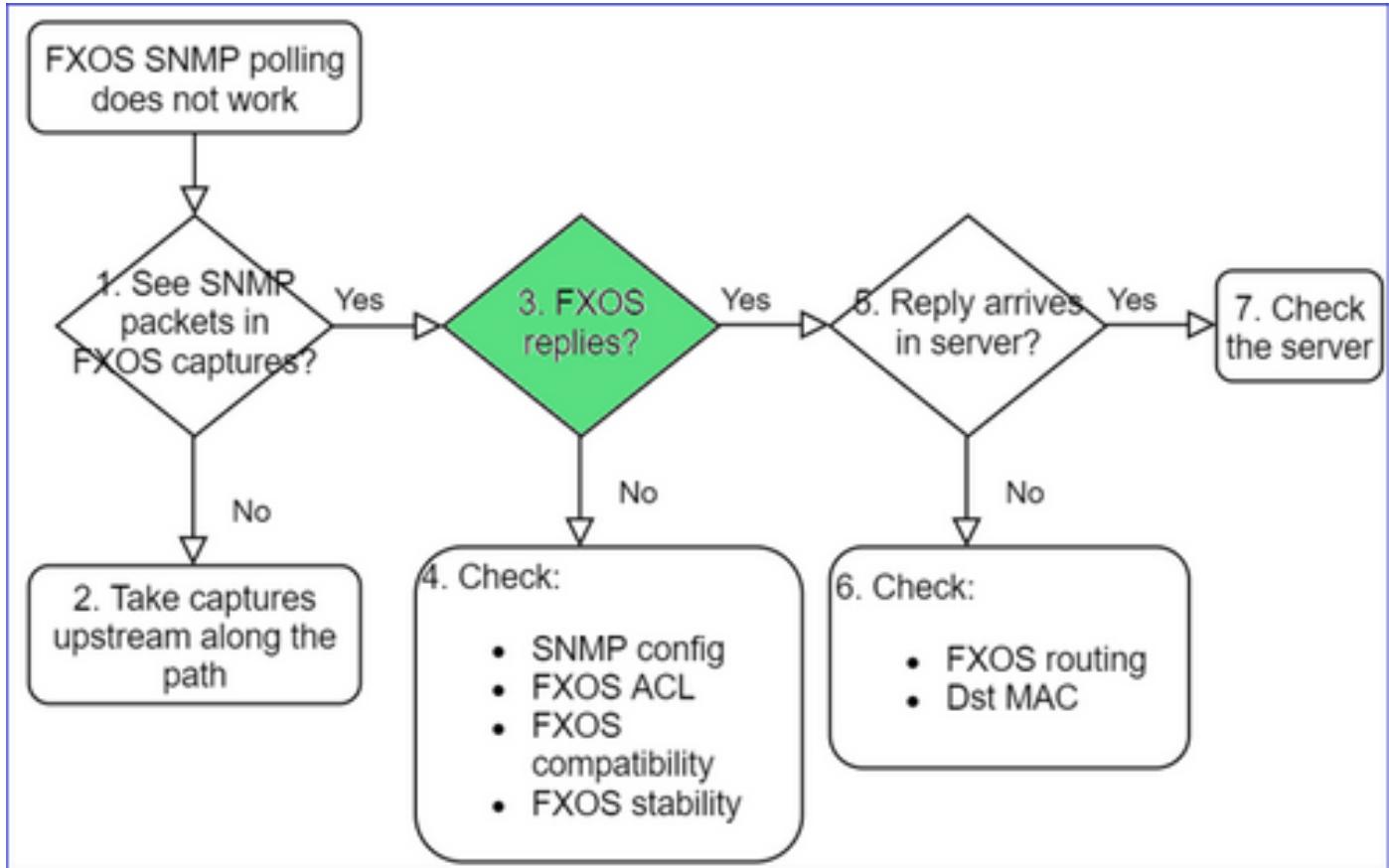
```
firepower(local-mgmt)#
copy workspace:///SNMP.pcap ftp://ftp@192.0.2.100/SNMP.pcap
```

2. No packets in FXOS captures?



- Take captures upstream along the path

3. FXOS replies?



- Functional scenario:

```
<#root>
```

```
>
```

```
capture-traffic
```

```
...
```

Options:

```
-n host 192.0.2.23 and udp port 161
```

```
HS_PACKET_BUFFER_SIZE is set to 4.
```

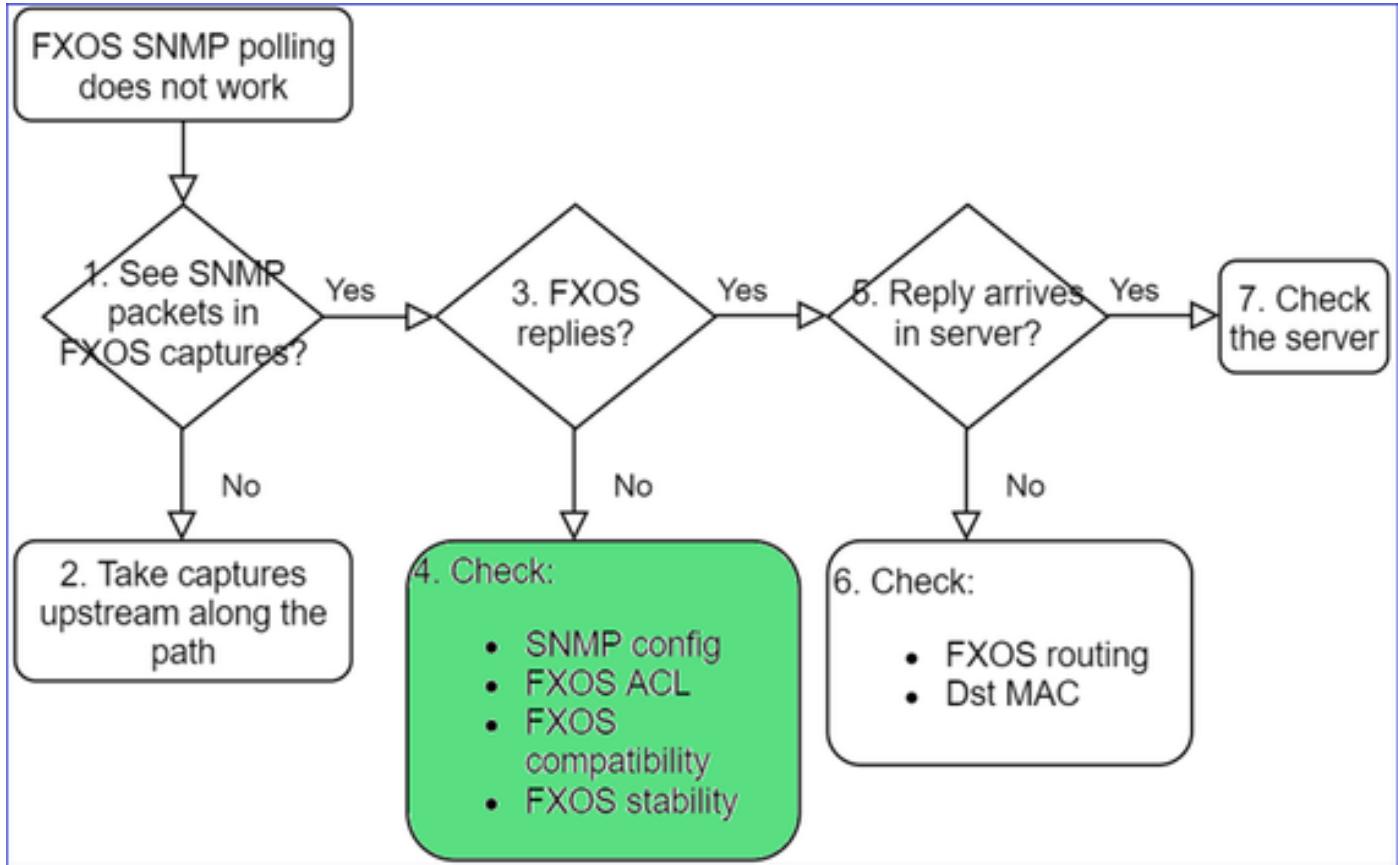
```
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
```

```
listening on management0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes
```

```
08:17:25.952457 IP 192.168.2.23.36501 > 192.168.2.28.161: C="Cisco123" GetNextRequest(25) .10.3.1.1.2
```

```
08:17:25.952651 IP 192.168.2.28.161 > 192.168.2.23.36501: C="Cisco123" GetResponse(97) .1.10.1.1.1.1
```

4. FXOS does not reply



Additional checks

- Verify the SNMP configuration (from UI or CLI):

```
<#root>
firepower#
scope monitoring

firepower /monitoring #
show snmp
```

```
Name: snmp
Admin State: Enabled
Port: 161
Is Community Set: Yes
```

- Be careful with the special characters (for example, '\$'):

```
<#root>
FP4145-1#
connect fxos

FP4145-1(fxos)#
```

```
show running-config snmp all
```

```
FP4145-1(fxos)#

```

```
show snmp community
```

Community	Group / Access	context	acl_filter
Cisco123	network-operator		

- For SNMP v3 use show snmp-user [detail]
- Verify the FXOS Compatibility

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/fxos/compatibility/fxos-compatibility.html#id_59069

4. In case FXOS does not reply

Verify the FXOS SNMP counters:

FP4145-1# connect fxos
FP4145-1(fxos)# show snmp
...
2243 SNMP packets input
 0 Bad SNMP versions
 28 Unknown community name
 0 Illegal operation for community name supplied
 28 Encoding errors
 2214 Number of requested variables
 0 Number of altered variables
 0 Get-request PDUs
 2214 Get-next PDUs
 0 Set-request PDUs
3483 SNMP packets output
 0 Too big errors
 1296 Out Traps PDU

Total requests (polling)
Bad community requests (v2c)
Total replies
Traps generated

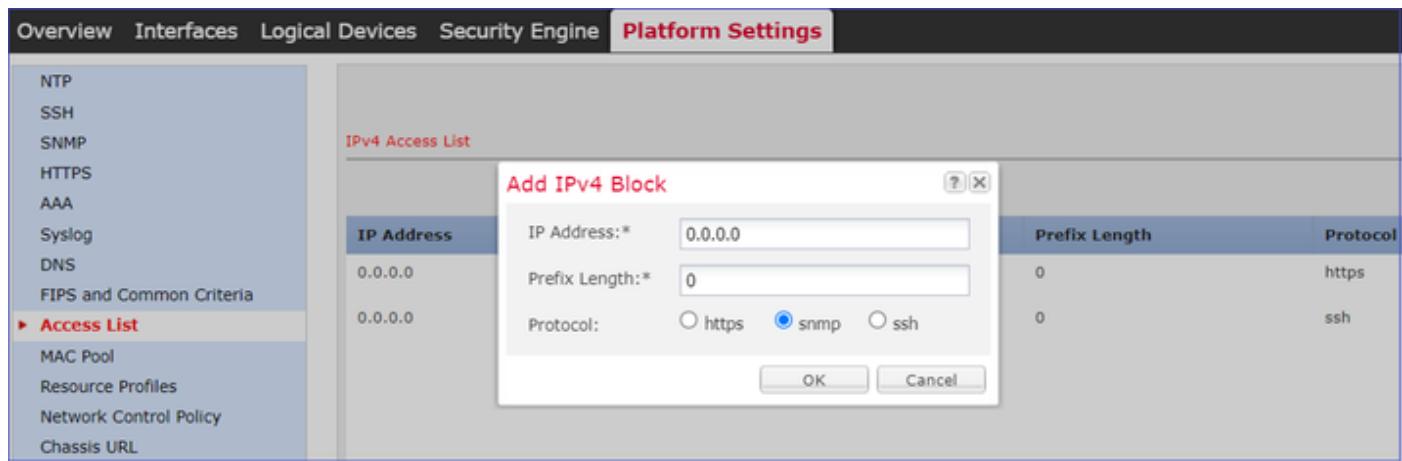
The screenshot shows the output of the 'show snmp' command. It highlights several key statistics: '2243 SNMP packets input' (with '28 Unknown community name' and '0 Bad SNMP versions' highlighted), '3483 SNMP packets output' (with '1296 Out Traps PDU' highlighted), and specific error counts like '28 Encoding errors' and '2214 Number of requested variables'. Callout boxes on the right map these statistics to their respective meanings: 'Total requests (polling)' for total input packets, 'Bad community requests (v2c)' for unknown community names, 'Total replies' for total output packets, and 'Traps generated' for trap PDUs.

- Verify the FXOS Access Control List (ACL). This is applicable only on FPR41xx/9300 platforms.

If the traffic is blocked by the FXOS ACL, you see requests, but you do not see any replies:

```
<#root>  
firepower(fxos)#  
ethanalyzer local interface mgmt capture-filter  
  
"udp port 161" limit-captured-frames 50 write workspace:///SNMP.pcap  
Capturing on 'eth0'  
1 2021-07-26 11:56:53.376536964 192.0.2.23 → 192.168.2.37 SNMP 84 get-next-request 10.3.1.10.2.1  
2 2021-07-26 11:56:54.377572596 192.0.2.23 → 192.168.2.37 SNMP 84 get-next-request 10.10.1.10.1.1  
3 2021-07-26 11:56:55.378602241 192.0.2.23 → 192.168.2.37 SNMP 84 get-next-request 10.3.1.10.2.1
```

You can verify the FXOS ACL from the User Interface (UI):



You can also verify the FXOS ACL from the CLI:

```
<#root>
firepower#
scope system

firepower /system #
scope services

firepower /system/services #
show ip-block detail
```

Permitted IP Block:

```
IP Address: 0.0.0.0
Prefix Length: 0
Protocol: snmp
```

- Debug SNMP (packets only). Applicable only on FPR41xx/9300:

```
<#root>
FP4145-1#
connect fxos

FP4145-1(fxos)#
terminal monitor

FP4145-1(fxos)#
debug snmp pkt-dump
```

```
2021 Aug 4 09:51:24.963619 snmpd: SNMPPKTSTRT: 1.000000 161 495192988.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
```

- Debug SNMP (all) - This debug output is very verbose.

```
<#root>
```

```
FP4145-1(fxos)#
```

```
debug snmp all
```

```
2021 Aug 4 09:52:19.909032 snmpd: SDWRAP message Successfully processed
```

```
2021 Aug 4 09:52:21.741747 snmpd: Sending it to SDB-Dispatch
```

```
2021 Aug 4 09:52:21.741756 snmpd: Sdb-dispatch did not process
```

- Verify if there are any SNMP-related FXOS faults:

```
<#root>
```

```
FXOS#
```

```
show fault
```

Severity	Code	Last Transition Time	ID	Description
Warning	F78672	2020-04-01T21:48:55.182	1451792	[FSM:STAGE:REMOTE-ERROR]: Result: resource-unavailable C

- Verify if there are any snmpd cores:

On FPR41xx/FPR9300:

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower#
```

```
connect local-mgmt
```

```
firepower(local-mgmt)#
```

```
dir cores
```

```
1 1983847 Apr 01 17:26:40 2021 core.snmpd.10012.1585762000.gz
```

```
1 1984340 Apr 01 16:53:09 2021 core.snmpd.10018.1585759989.gz
```

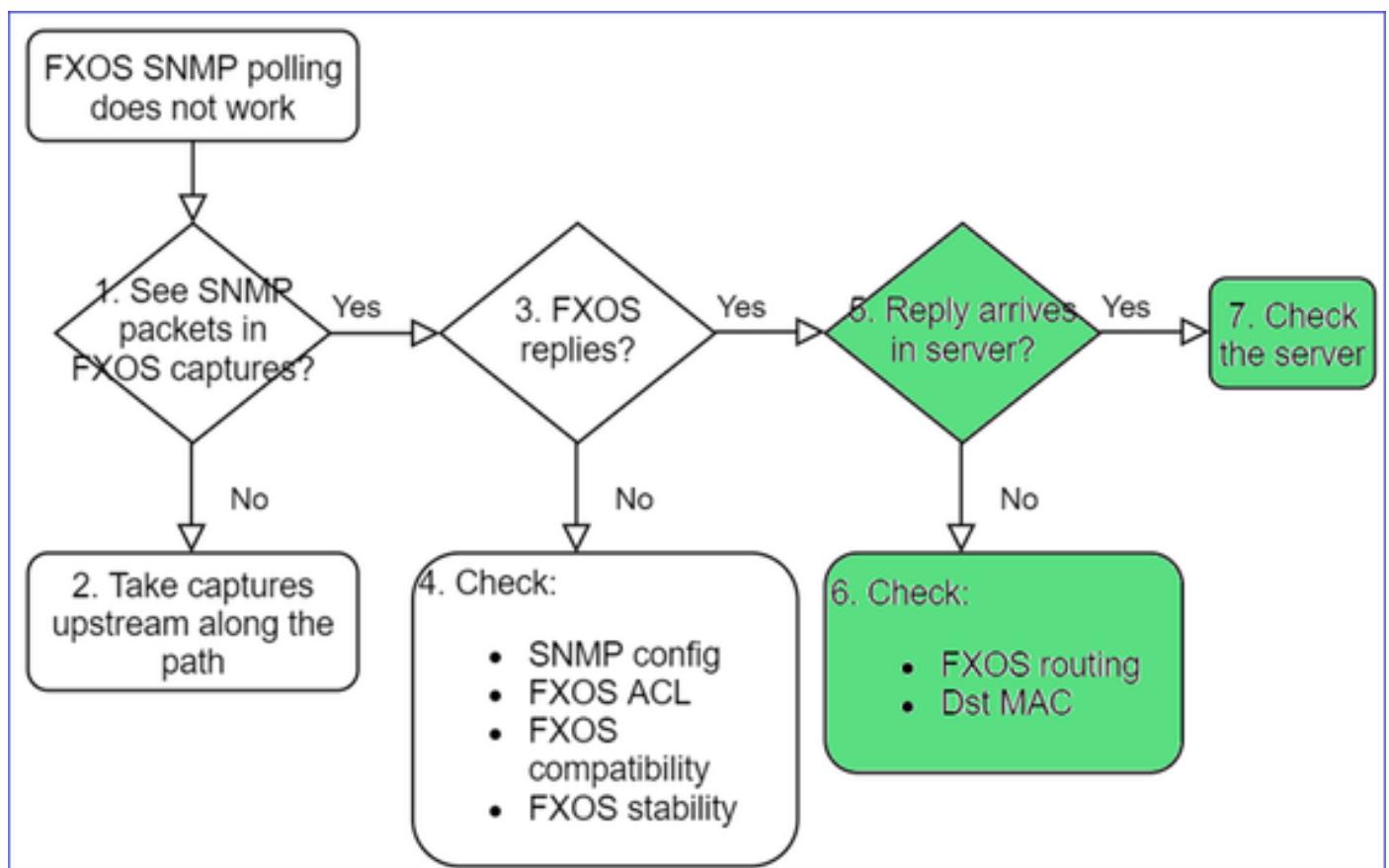
On FPR1xxx/21xx:

```
<#root>
```

```
firepower(local-mgmt)#
dir cores_fxos
```

If you see any snmpd cores, collect the cores along with the FXOS troubleshoot bundle and contact Cisco TAC.

5. Does SNMP reply arrive in SNMP server?



- Check the FXOS routing

This output is from FPR41xx/9300:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show fabric-interconnect

Fabric Interconnect:
ID    OOB IP Addr      OOB Gateway      OOB Netmask      OOB IPv6 Address  OOB IPv6 Gateway Prefix Operat
-----
A    192.168.2.37     192.168.2.1     10.255.255.128 ::                      ::                64   Operable
```

- Take a capture, export the pcap and check the dst MAC of the reply
- Finally, check the SNMP server (captures, configuration, application, and so on)

What SNMP OID Values to Use?

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

- "We want monitor the Cisco Firepower equipment. Please provide SNMP OIDs for each core CPU, memory, disks"
- "Is there any OID that can be used to monitor status of powers supply on ASA 5555 device?"
- "We want to fetch chassis SNMP OID on FPR 2K and FPR 4K."
- "We want to poll the ASA ARP Cache."
- "We need to know the SNMP OID for BGP peer down."

How to Find the SNMP OID Values

These documents provide info about SNMP OIDs on Firepower devices:

- Cisco Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) SNMP Monitoring White Paper:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/security/firepower-ngfw/white-paper-c11-741739.html>

- Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS MIB Reference Guide:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/fxos/mib/b_FXOS_4100_9300_MIBRef.html

- How to Search for a Specific OID on FXOS Platforms:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/firepower-9000-series/214337-how-to-look-for-a-specific-oid-on-fxos.html>

- Check SNMP OIDs from the CLI (ASA/LINA)

```
<#root>

firepower#
show snmp-server ?

engineID      Show snmp engineID
group         Show snmp groups
host          Show snmp host's
statistics    Show snmp-server statistics
user          Show snmp users

firepower#
show snmp-server oid

<- hidden option!
[1] .1.10.1.1.10.1.2.1  IF-MIB::ifNumber
[2] .1.10.1.1.10.2.2.1.1  IF-MIB::ifIndex
[3] .1.10.1.1.10.2.2.1.2  IF-MIB::ifDescr
[4] .1.10.1.1.10.2.2.1.3  IF-MIB::ifType
```

- For more info about OIDs check the SNMP Object Navigator

<https://snmp.cloudapps.cisco.com/Support/SNMP/do/BrowseOID.do?local=en>

- On FXOS (41xx/9300) run these 2 commands from the FXOS CLI:

```
<#root>
FP4145-1#
connect fxos

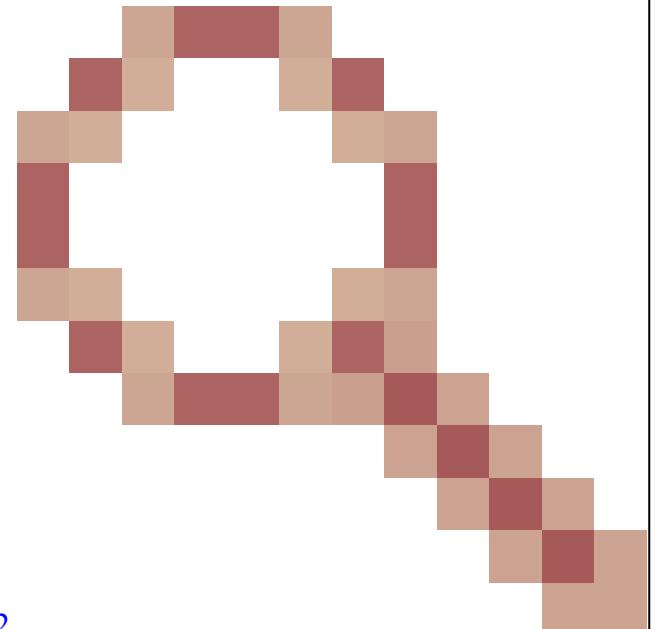
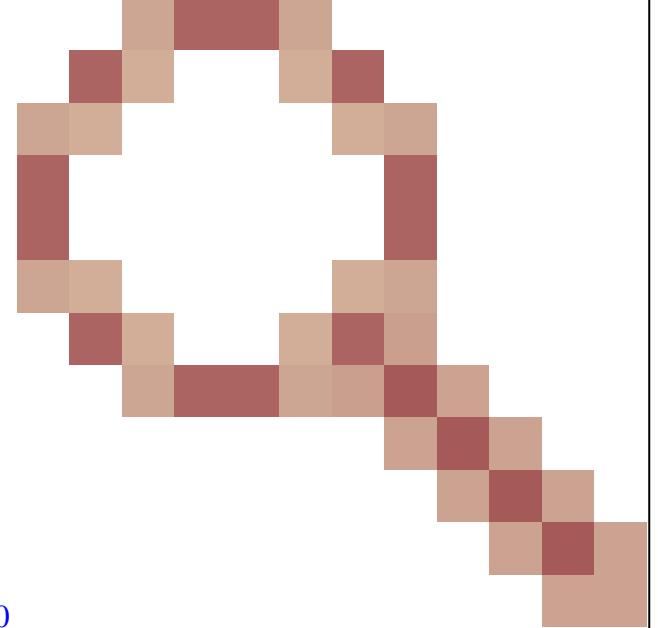
FP4145-1(fxos)#
show snmp internal oids supported create

FP4145-1(fxos)#
show snmp internal oids supported

- SNMP All supported MIB OIDs -0x11a72920
Subtrees for Context:
ccitt
1
1.0.88010.1.1.1.1.1.1 ieee8021paeMIB
1.0.88010.1.1.1.1.1.2
...
...
```

Common OIDs Quick Reference

Requirement	OID
CPU (LINA)	1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1
CPU (Snort)	1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1 (FP >= 6.7)
Memory (LINA)	1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.221.1.1
Memory (Linux/FMC)	1.3.6.1.1.4.1.2021.4
HA info	1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.491.1.4.2
Cluster info	1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.491.1.8.1
VPN info	RA-VPN num sessions: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.392.1.3.1 (7.x) RA-VPN num users: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.392.1.3.3 (7.x) RA-VPN num peak sessions: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.392.1.3.41 (7.x)

	<p>S2S VPN num sessions: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.392.1.3.29</p> <p>S2S VPN num peak sessions: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.392.1.3.31</p> <p>- Tip: firepower# show snmp-server oid i ike</p>
BGP status	 <p>ENH Cisco bug ID CSCux13512 : Add BGP MIB for SNMP polling</p>
FPR1K/2K ASA/ASAv Smart Licensing	 <p>ENH Cisco bug ID CSCvv83590 : ASAv/ASA on the FPR1k/2k: Need SNMP OID for tracking the status of Smart Licensing</p>
Lina SNMP OIDs for FXOS-level port- channel	<p>ENH Cisco bug ID CSCvu91544</p>

--	--

FMC 7.3 Additions (for FMC 1600/2600/4600 and newer)

Requirement	OID
Fan status trap	<p>Trap OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.117.2.0.6</p> <p>Value OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.117.1.4.1.1.1.<index></p> <p> 0 - fan not running</p> <p> 1 - fan is running</p>
CPU/PSU temperature trap	<p>Trap OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.91.2.0.1</p> <p>Threshold OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.91.1.2.1.1.4.<index>.1</p> <p>Value OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.91.1.1.1.4.<index></p>
PSU status trap	Trap OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.117.2.0.2

OperStatus OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.117.1.1.2.1.2.<index>
AdminStatus OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.117.1.1.2.1.1.<index>
0 - power supply presence not detected
1 - power supply presence detected, ok

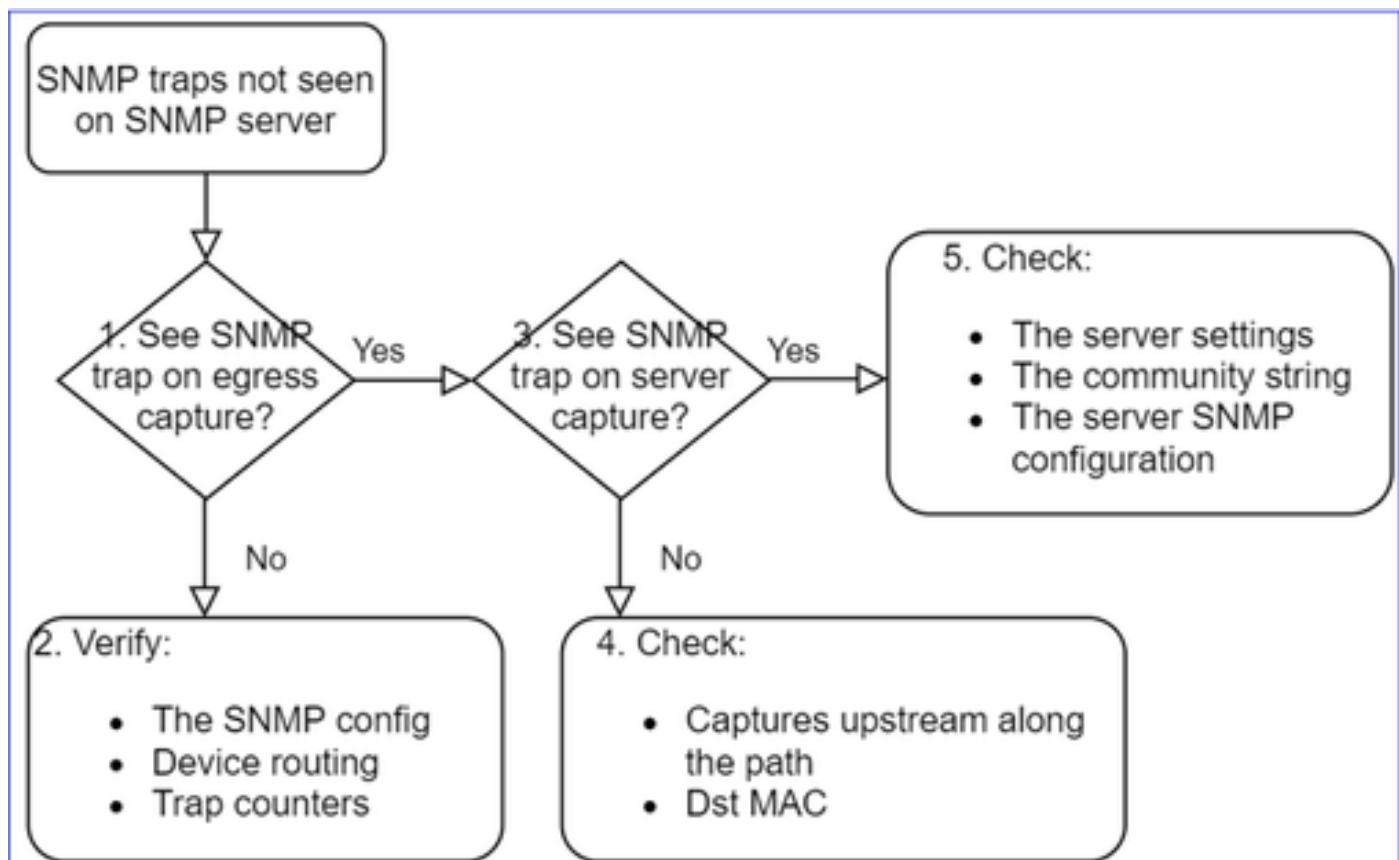
Cannot Get SNMP Traps

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

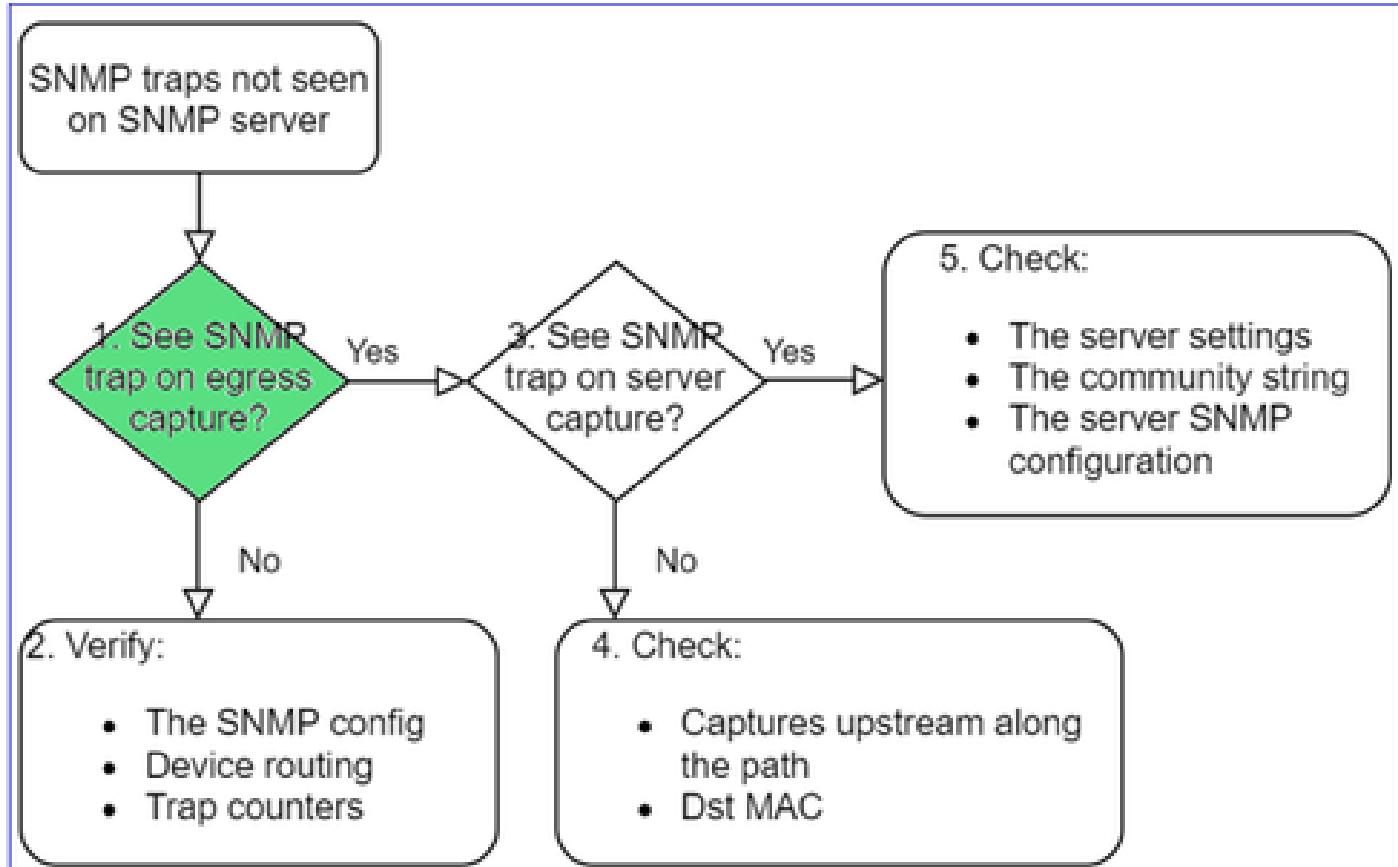
- "SNMPv3 of FTD does not send any trap to SNMP server."
- "FMC and FTD do not send SNMP Trap Messages."
- "We have configured SNMP at our FTD 4100 for FXOS and tried SNMPv3 and SNMPv2, but both cannot send traps."
- "Firepower SNMP does not send traps to the monitoring tool."
- "Firewall FTD does not send SNMP Trap to NMS."
- "SNMP server traps do not function."
- "We have configured SNMP at our FTD 4100 for FXOS and tried SNMPv3 and SNMPv2, but both cannot send traps."

Recommended Troubleshooting

This is the process to troubleshoot flowchart for Firepower SNMP trap issues:



1. Do you see SNMP traps on egress capture?



To capture LINA/ASA traps on mgmt interface:

```

<#root>
>
capture-traffic

Please choose domain to capture traffic from:
 0 - management0
 1 - Global
Selection?
0

Options:
-n host 192.168.2.100 and udp port 162
  
```

To capture LINA/ASA traps on data interface:

```

<#root>
firepower#
capture SNMP interface net208 match udp any any eq 162
  
```

To capture FXOS traps (41xx/9300):

```
<#root>
firepower#
connect fxos

firepower(fxos)#
ethanalyzer local interface mgmt capture-filter "udp port 162" limit-captured-frames 500 write workspace

1 2021-08-02 11:22:23.661436002 10.62.184.9 → 10.62.184.23 SNMP 160 snmpV2-trap 10.3.1.1.2.1.1.3.0 10.3.1.1.2.1.1.3.0
firepower(fxos)#

exit

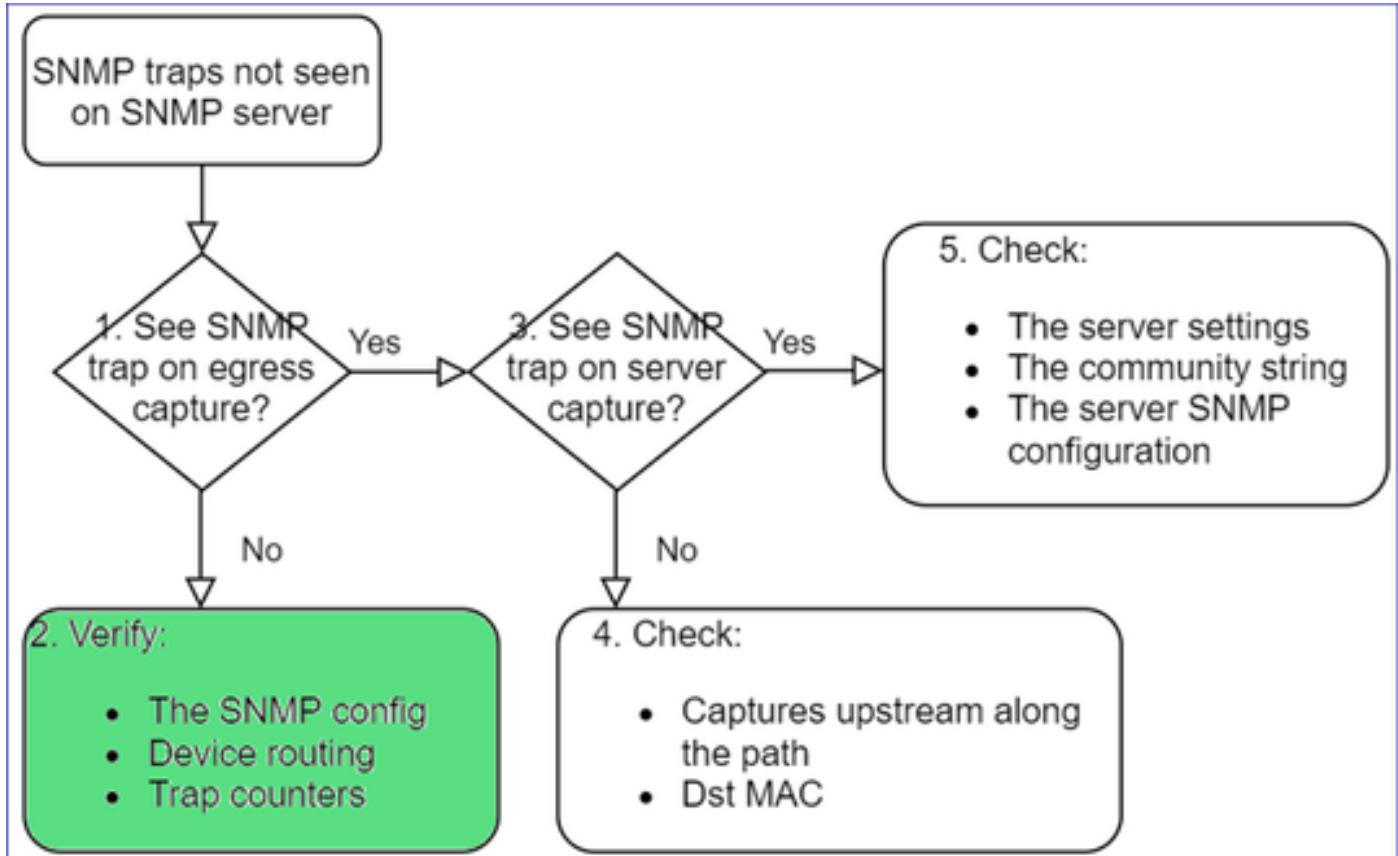
firepower#
connect local-mgmt

firepower(local-mgmt)#
dir

1 11134 Aug 2 11:25:15 2021 SNMP.pcap
firepower(local-mgmt)#

copy workspace:///SNMP.pcap ftp://ftp@192.0.2.100/SNMP.pcap
```

2. If you don't see packets on egress interface



```

<#root>
firepower#
show run all snmp-server

snmp-server host ngfw-management 10.62.184.23 version 3 Cisco123 udp-port 162
snmp-server host net208 192.168.208.100 community ***** version 2c udp-port 162
snmp-server enable traps failover-state

```

FXOS SNMP traps configuration:

```

<#root>
FP4145-1#
scope monitoring

FP4145-1 /monitoring #
show snmp-trap

```

SNMP Trap:

SNMP Trap	Port	Community	Version	V3 Privilege	Notification	Type
192.168.2.100	162	****		V2c	Noauth	Traps

Note: On 1xxx/21xx you see these settings only in the case of **Devices > Device Management > SNMP config!**

- LINA/ASA routing for traps through mgmt interface:

```
<#root>
>
show network
```

- LINA/ASA routing for traps through data interface:

```
<#root>
firepower#
show route
```

- FXOS routing (41xx/9300):

```
<#root>
FP4145-1#
show fabric-interconnect
```

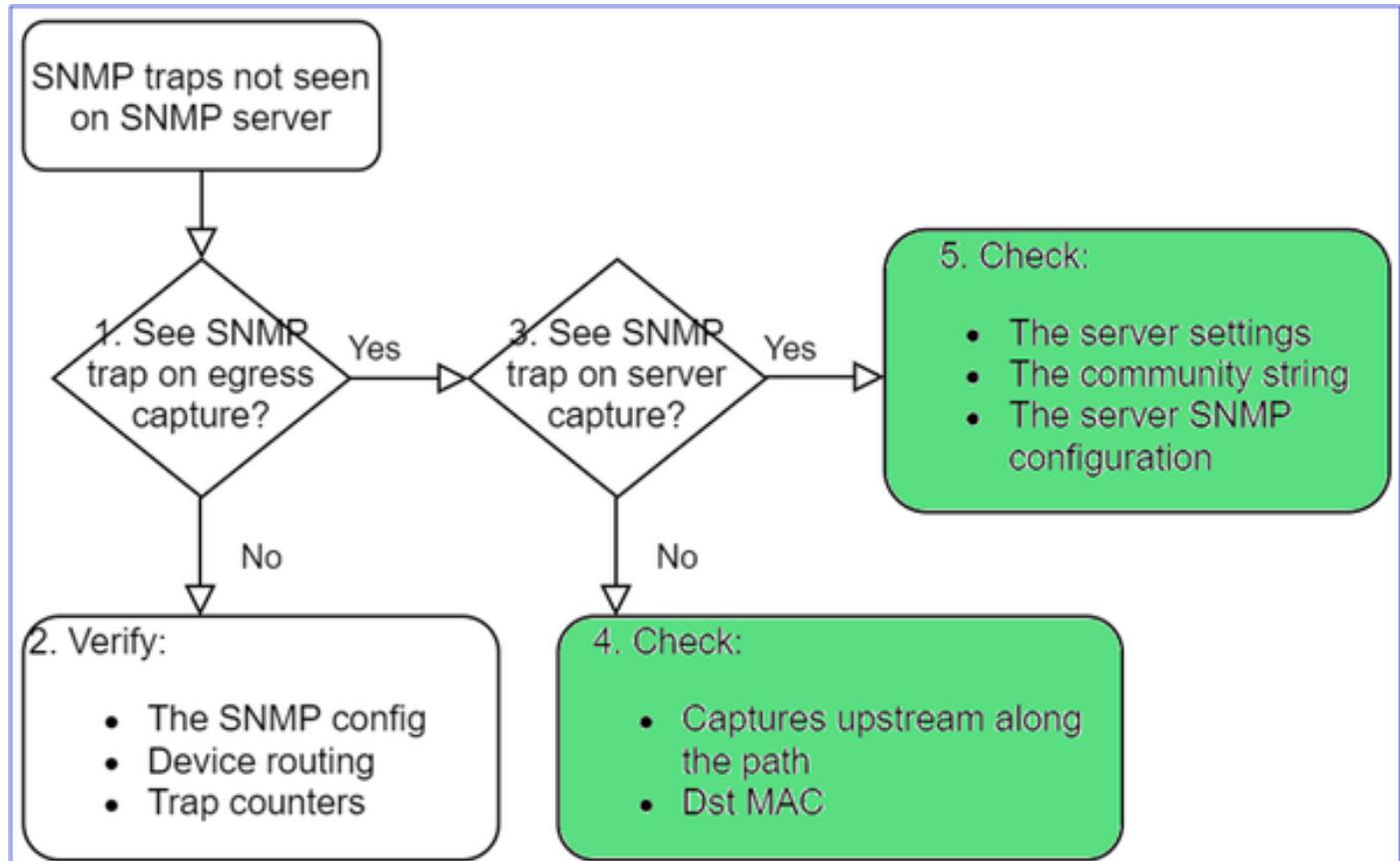
- Trap counters (LINA/ASA):

```
<#root>
firepower#
show snmp-server statistics | i Trap
20 Trap PDUs
```

And FXOS:

```
<#root>
FP4145-1#
connect fxos
FP4145-1(fxos)#
show snmp | grep Trap
```

Additional Checks



- Take a capture on the destination SNMP server.

Other things to check:

- Captures along the path.
- Destination MAC address of SNMP trap packets.
- The SNMP server settings and status (for example, firewall, open ports, and so on).
- The SNMP community string.
- The SNMP server configuration.

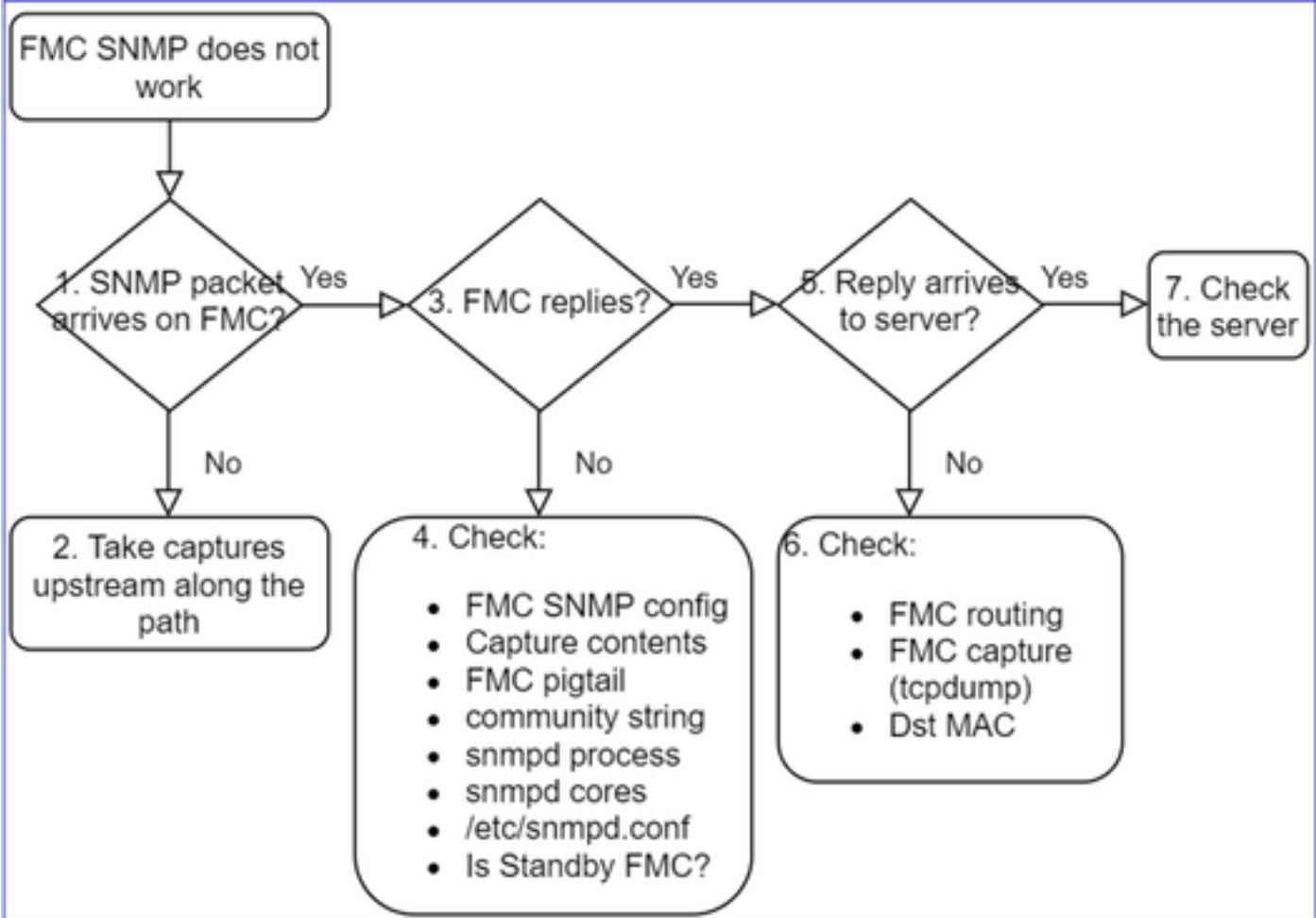
Cannot Monitor FMC via SNMP

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

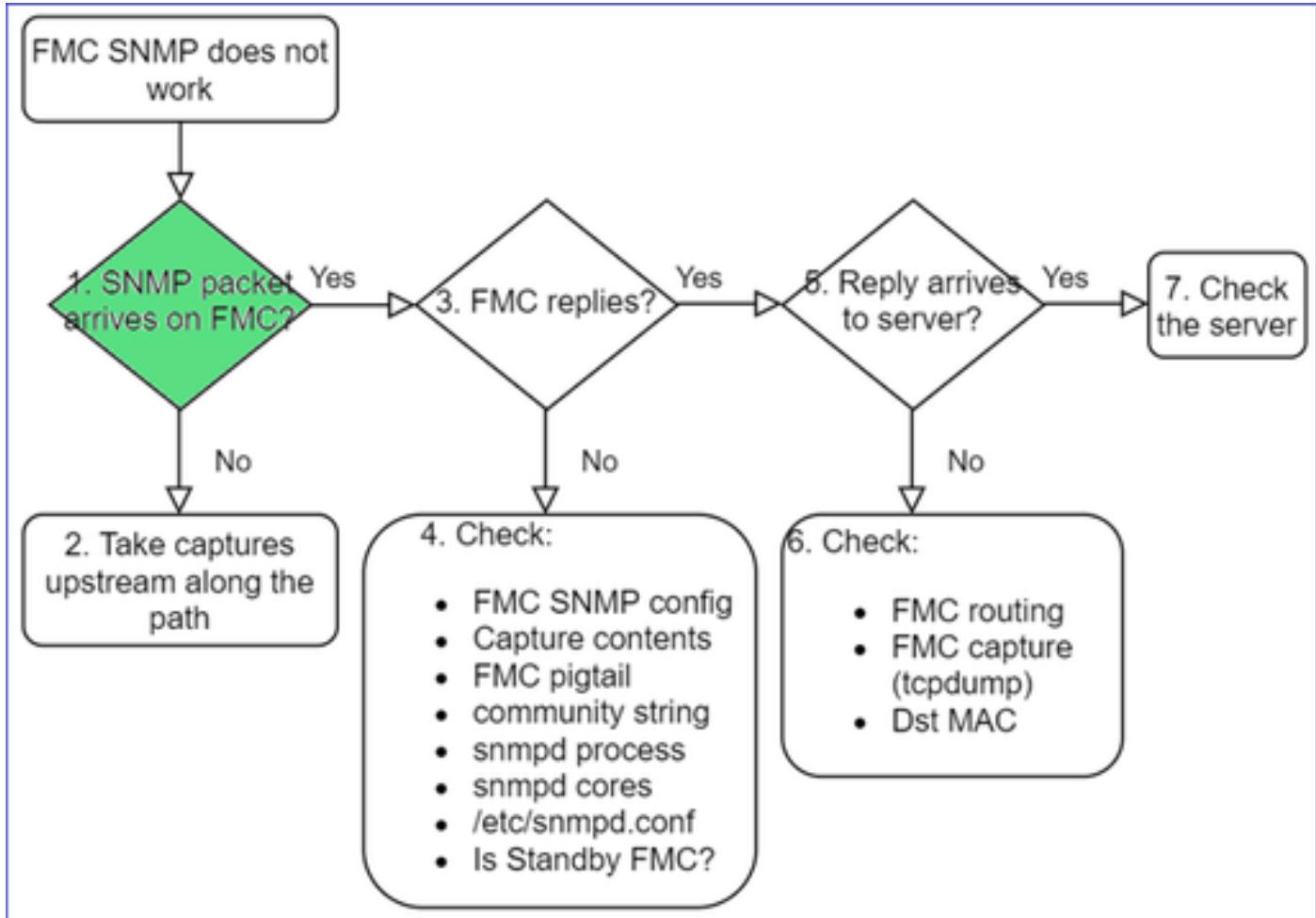
- "SNMP does not work on Standby FMC."
- "Need to monitor the FMC memory."
- "Should SNMP be functional on Standby 192.168.4.0.8 FMC?"
- "We have to configure the FMCs to monitor their resources like CPU, memory, and so on".

How to Troubleshoot

This is the process to troubleshoot flowchart for FMC SNMP issues:



1. SNMP packet arrives on FMC?



- Capture on FMC management interface:

```

<#root>

admin@FS2600-2:~$ sudo tcpdump -i eth0 udp port 161 -n

HS_PACKET_BUFFER_SIZE is set to 4.
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes
10:58:45.961836 IP 192.168.2.10.57076 > 192.168.2.23.161: C="Cisco123" GetNextRequest(28) .10.3.1.1.4

```

 **Tip:** Save the capture on FMC /var/common/ directory and download it from the FMC UI

```

<#root>

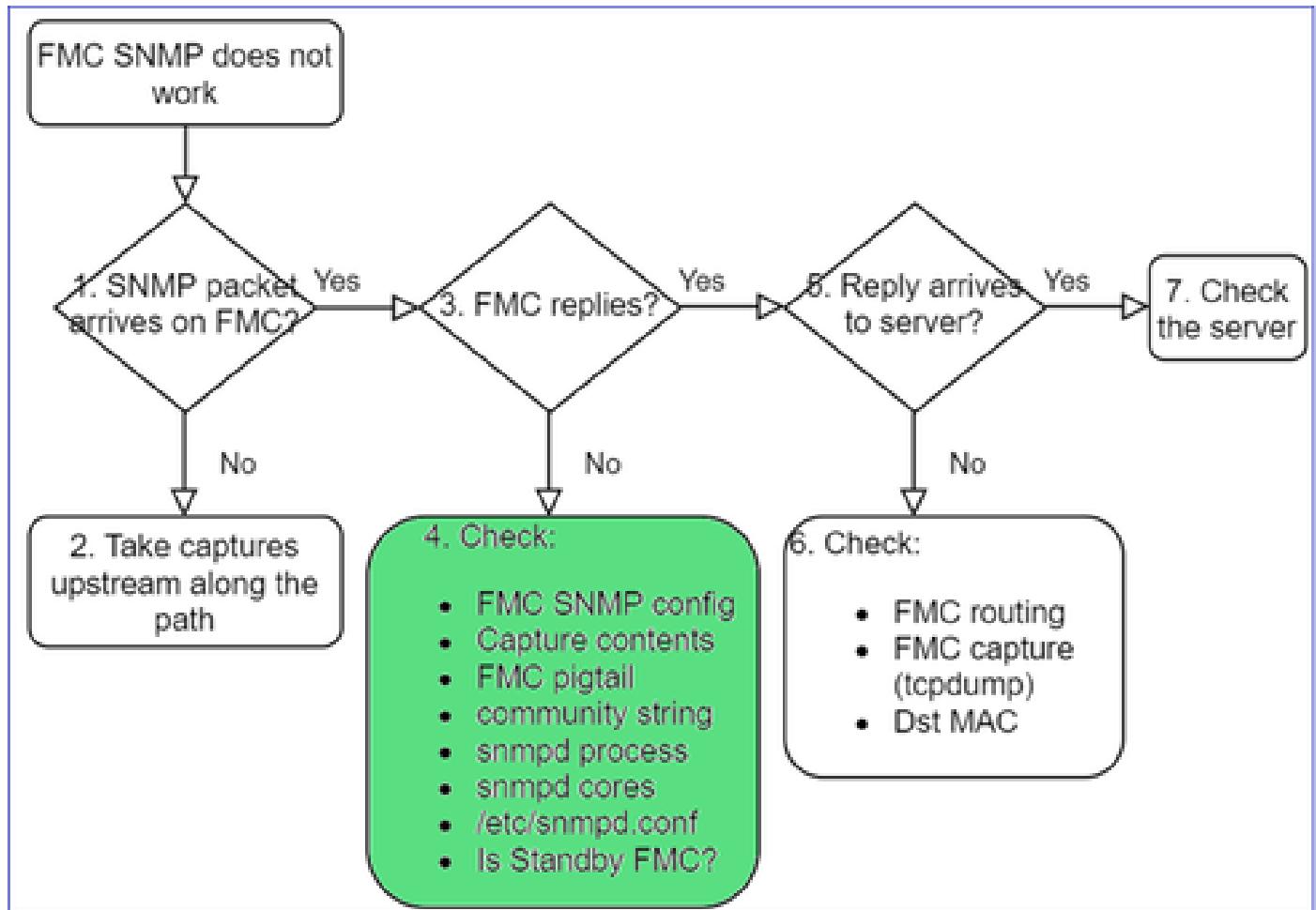
admin@FS2600-2:~$ sudo tcpdump -i eth0 udp port 161 -n -w /var/common/FMC_SNMP.pcap

HS_PACKET_BUFFER_SIZE is set to 4.
tcpdump: listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes
^C46 packets captured

```

46 packets received by filter

Does FMC reply?



If FMC does not reply check:

- FMC SNMP config (System > Configuration)
 1. SNMP section
 2. Access List section

The screenshot shows the 'System / Configuration' tab in FMC. Under 'Information', the 'SNMP Version' dropdown is set to 'Version 2' and the 'Community String' input field contains 'Cisco123', both of which are highlighted with a red box.

The screenshot shows the 'System / Configuration' tab in FMC. Under 'Access List', there is a table with columns 'Host', 'Port', and 'Protocol'. The first three rows have hosts 'any', ports '443', and protocol 'TCP'. The 'Host' column for the fourth row, which has port '22', is highlighted with a red box.

If FMC does not reply check:

- Capture (pcap) contents
- Community string (this can be seen in the captures)
- FMC pigtail output (look for errors, failures, traces) and contents of /var/log/snmpd.log

- snmpd process

```
<#root>

admin@FS2600-2:~$ 
sudo pmtool status | grep snmpd

snmpd (normal) - Running 12948
Command: /usr/sbin/snmpd -c /etc/snmpd.conf -Ls daemon -f -p /var/run/snmpd.pid
PID File: /var/run/snmpd.pid
Enable File: /etc/snmpd.conf
```

- snmpd cores

```
<#root>

admin@FS2600-2:~$ 
ls -al /var/common | grep snmpd

-rw----- 1 root root      5840896 Aug  3 11:28 core_1627990129_FS2600-2_snmpd_3.12948
```

- Backend configuration file in /etc/snmpd.conf:

```
<#root>

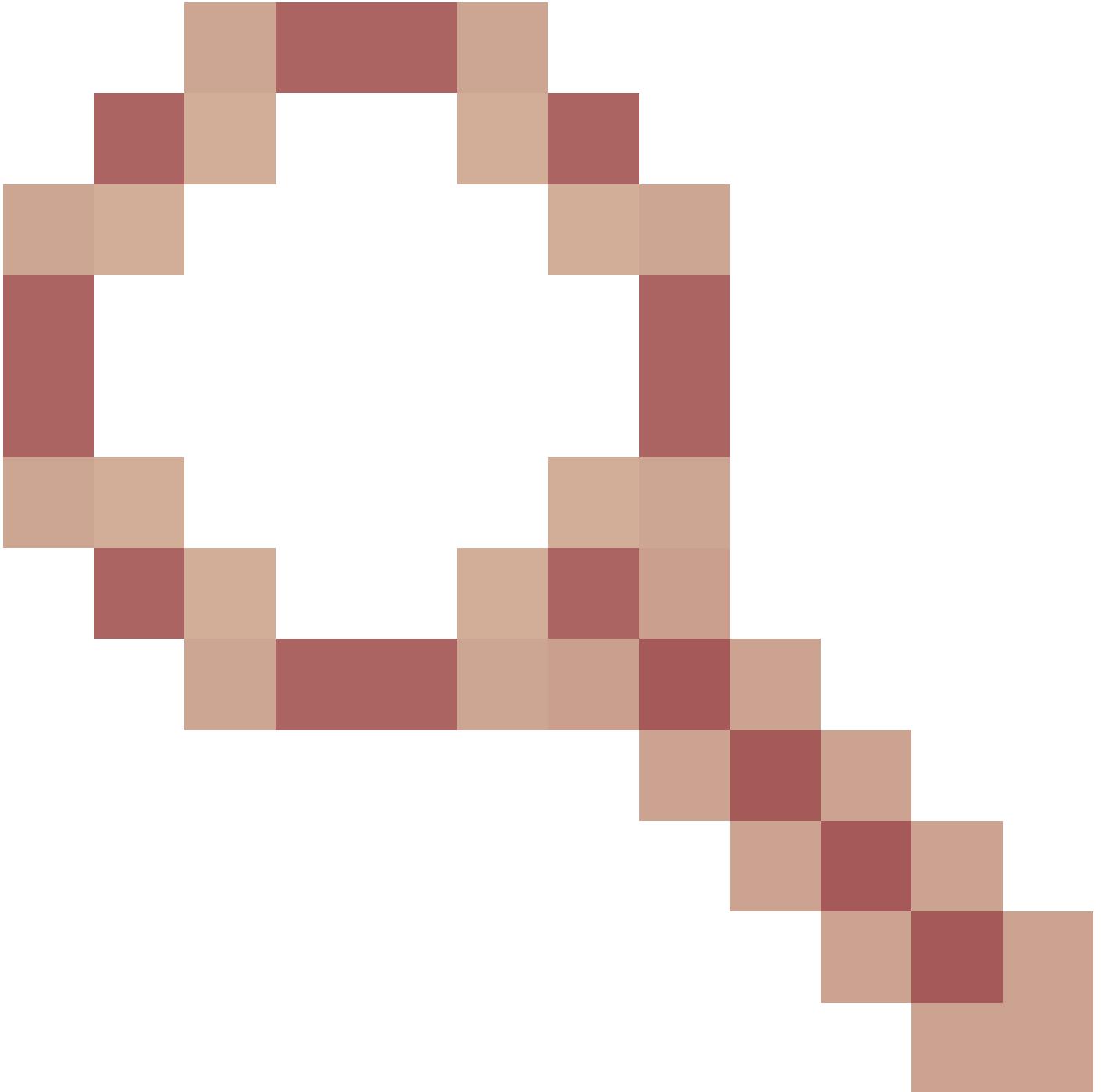
admin@FS2600-2:~$ 
sudo cat /etc/snmpd.conf

# additional user/custom config can be defined in *.conf files in this folder
includeDir /etc/snmp/config.d
engineIDType 3
agentaddress udp:161,udp6:161
rocommunity Cisco123
rocommunity6 Cisco123
```

 **Note:** If SNMP is disabled, the snmpd.conf file does not exist

- Is it a standby FMC?

In pre-6.4.0-9 and pre-6.6.0, the standby FMC does not send SNMP data (snmpd is in Waiting status). This is expected behavior. Check Enhancement Cisco bug ID [CSCvs32303](#)



Unable to Configure SNMP

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

- "We want to configure SNMP for Cisco Firepower Management Center and Firepower 4115 Threat Defense."
- "Support with SNMP config on FTD".
- "We want to enable SNMP monitoring on my FTD appliance."
- "We try to configure the SNMP service in FXOS, but the system does not let us commit-buffer in the end. It says Error: Changes not allowed. use 'Connect ftd' to make changes."
- "We want to enable SNMP monitoring on our FTD appliance."
- "Unable to configure SNMP on FTD and discover the device in monitoring."

How to Approach SNMP Configuration Issues

First Things First: Documentation!

- Read the current document!
- FMC Config Guide:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/70/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v70.html>

- FXOS Config Guide:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/fxos/fxos2101/web-guide/b_GUI_FXOS_ConfigGuide_2101/platform_settings.html#topic_6C6725BBF4BC4333BA207BE9DB115F5

Be aware of the various SNMP documents!

FMC SNMP:

The screenshot shows a book contents interface for the FMC Configuration Guide. On the left, under 'Appliance Platform Settings', 'System Configuration' is highlighted with an orange box. On the right, a list of settings includes 'SNMP Polling', which is also highlighted with an orange box.

Appliance Platform Settings	Find Matches in This Book
System Configuration	Email Notifications
Platform Settings Policies	Language Selection
Platform Settings for Classic Devices	Login Banners
	SNMP Polling
	Time and Time Synchronization
	Global User Configuration Settings

FXOS SNMP:

Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Firepower



Book Contents

[Book Title Page](#)

[Introduction to the Firepower Security Appliance](#)

[Getting Started](#)

[License Management for the ASA](#)

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Find Matches in This Book

Chapter: Platform Settings

[> Chapter Contents](#)

- Setting the Date and Time
- Configuring SSH
- Configuring TLS
- Configuring Telnet
- **Configuring SNMP**
- Configuring HTTPS

Firepower 41xx/9300 SNMP Configuration:

Appliance Platform Settings

[System Configuration](#)

[Platform Settings Policies](#)

[Platform Settings for Classic Devices](#)

[Platform Settings for Firepower Threat Defense](#)

Firepower 1xxx/21xx SNMP Configuration:

✓ Firepower Threat Defense Interfaces and Device Settings

Interface Overview for Firepower Threat Defense

Regular Firewall Interfaces for Firepower Threat Defense

Inline Sets and Passive Interfaces for Firepower Threat Defense

DHCP and DDNS Services for Threat Defense

SNMP for the Firepower 1000/2100

SNMP Config on Firepower Device Manager (FDM)

Problem Descriptions (sample from real Cisco TAC cases):

- "We need guidance about SNMPv3 on device Firepower with FDM."
- "SNMP configuration does not work on FPR 2100 device from FDM."
- "Cannot get SNMP v3 configuration to work on the FDM."
- "FDM 6.7 SNMP Configuration Assistance."
- "Enable SNMP v3 in Firepower FDM."

How to Approach SNMP FDM Configuration Issues

- For version pre-6.7, you can do SNMP configuration with the use of FlexConfig:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/660/fdm/fptd-fdm-config-guide-660/fptd-fdm-advanced.html>

- As from Firepower version 6.7, SNMP configuration is no longer made with FlexConfig, but with REST API:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/firepower-ngfw/216551-configure-and-troubleshoot-snmp-on-firep.html>

SNMP Troubleshooting Cheat Sheets

1xxx/21xx/41xx/9300 (LINA/ASA) – What to collect before you open a case with Cisco TAC

Command	Description
firepower# show run snmp-server	Verify the ASA/FTD LINA SNMP configuration.
firepower# show snmp-server statistics	Verify the SNMP statistics on ASA/FTD LINA. Focus on the SNMP packets input and SNMP packets output counters.

> capture-traffic	Capture traffic on mgmt interface.
firepower# capture SNMP-POLL interface net201 trace match udp any any eq 161	Capture traffic on data interface (nameif ‘net201’) for UDP 161 (SNMP poll).
firepower# capture SNMP-TRAP interface net208 match udp any any eq 162	Capture traffic on data interface (nameif ‘net208’) for UDP 162. (SNMP traps).
firepower# show capture SNMP-POLL packet-number 1 trace	Trace an ingress SNMP packet that arrives on ASA/FTD LINA data interface.
admin@firepower:~\$ sudo tcpdump -i tap_nlp	Capture on the NLP (Non-Lina Process) internal tap interface.
firepower# show conn all protocol udp port 161	Check all ASA/FTD LINA connections on UDP 161 (SNMP poll).
firepower# show log i 302015.*161	Check ASA/FTD LINA log 302015 for SNMP poll.
firepower# more system:running-config i community	Check the SNMP community string.
firepower# debug menu netsnmp 4	Verify the SNMP configuration and process ID.
firepower# show asp table classify interface net201 domain permit match port=161	Check the hitcounts on the SNMP ACL on interface named ‘net201’.
firepower# show disk0: i core	Check if there are any SNMP cores.
admin@firepower:~\$ ls -l /var/data/cores	Check if there are any SNMP cores. Applicable only on FTD.
firepower# show route	Verify the ASA/FTD LINA routing table.
> show network	Verify the FTD mgmt plane routing table.
admin@firepower:~\$ tail -f /mnt/disk0/log/ma_ctx2000.log	Verify/Troubleshoot SNMPv3 on FTD.
firepower# debug snmp trace [255]	Hidden commands on newer releases. Internal debugs,

firepower# debug snmp verbose [255] firepower# debug snmp error [255] firepower# debug snmp packet [255]	useful to troubleshoot SNMP with Cisco TAC.
--	---

41xx/9300 (FXOS) – What to collect before you open a case with Cisco TAC

Command	Description
firepower# connect fxos firepower(fxos)# ethanalyzer local interface mgmt capture-filter "udp port 161" limit-captured-frames 50 write workspace:///SNMP-POLL.pcap firepower(fxos)# exit firepower# connect local-mgmt firepower(local-mgmt)# dir 1 11152 Jul 26 09:42:12 2021 SNMP.pcap firepower(local-mgmt)# copy workspace:///SNMP.pcap ftp://ftp@192.0.2.100/SNMP.pcap	FXOS capture for SNMP poll (UDP 161) Upload to a remote FTP server FTP IP: 192.0.2.100 FTP username: ftp
firepower# connect fxos firepower(fxos)# ethanalyzer local interface mgmt capture-filter "udp port 162" limit-captured-frames 50 write workspace:///SNMP-TRAP.pcap	FXOS capture for SNMP traps (UDP 162)
firepower# scope system firepower /system # scope services firepower /system/services # show ip-block detail	Check the FXOS ACL
firepower# show fault	Check for FXOS faults
firepower# show fabric-interconnect	Verify the FXOS interface configuration and default gateway settings
firepower# connect fxos firepower(fxos)# show running-config snmp all	Verify the FXOS SNMP configuration

firepower# connect fxos firepower(fxos)# show snmp internal oids supported create firepower(fxos)# show snmp internal oids supported	Verify the FXOS SNMP OIDs
firepower# connect fxos firepower(fxos)# show snmp	Verify the FXOS SNMP settings and counters
firepower# connect fxos firepower(fxos)# terminal monitor firepower(fxos)# debug snmp pkt-dump firepower(fxos)# debug snmp all	Debug FXOS SNMP ('packets' or 'all') Use 'terminal no monitor' and 'undebug all' to stop it

1xxx/21xx (FXOS) – What to collect before you open a case with Cisco TAC

Command	Description
> capture-traffic	Capture traffic on mgmt interface
> show network	Verify the FTD mgmt plane routing table
firepower# scope monitoring firepower /monitoring # show snmp [host] firepower /monitoring # show snmp-user [detail] firepower /monitoring # show snmp-trap	Verify FXOS SNMP configuration
firepower# show fault	Check for FXOS faults
firepower# connect local-mgmt firepower(local-mgmt)# dir cores_fxos firepower(local-mgmt)# dir cores	Check for FXOS core files (tracebacks)

FMC – What to collect before you open a case with Cisco TAC

Command	Description
admin@FS2600-2:~\$ sudo tcpdump -i eth0 udp port 161 -n	Capture traffic on mgmt interface for SNMP poll
admin@FS2600-2:~\$ sudo tcpdump -i eth0 udp port 161 -n -w /var/common/FMC_SNMP.pcap	Capture traffic on mgmt interface for SNMP poll and save it to a file
admin@FS2600-2:~\$ sudo pmtool status grep snmpd	Check the SNMP process status
admin@FS2600-2:~\$ ls -al /var/common grep snmpd	Check for SNMP core files (tracebacks)
admin@FS2600-2:~\$ sudo cat /etc/snmpd.conf	Check the contents of the SNMP config file

snmpwalk Examples

These commands can be used for verification and troubleshooting:

Command	Description
# snmpwalk -c Cisco123 -v2c 192.0.2.1	Fetches all OIDs from the remote host with the use of SNMP v2c. Cisco123 = Community string 192.0.2.1 = destination host
# snmpwalk -v2c -c Cisco123 -OS 192.0.2.1 10.3.1.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1.1.3 iso.3.6.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1.1.3.1 = Gauge32: 0	Fetches a specific OID from the remote host with the use of SNMP v2c
# snmpwalk -c Cisco123 -v2c 192.0.2.1 .10.3.1.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1.1 -On .10.3.1.1.4.1.9.9.109.1.1.1.1.6.1 = Gauge32: 0	Shows the fetched OIDs in numeric format
# snmpwalk -v3 -l authPriv -u cisco -a SHA -A Cisco123 -x AES -X Cisco123 192.0.2.1	Fetches all OIDs from the remote host with the use of SNMP v3. SNMPv3 user = cisco SNMPv3 authentication = SHA. SNMPv3 authorization = AES

# snmpwalk -v3 -l authPriv -u cisco -a MD5 -A Cisco123 -x AES -X Cisco123 192.0.2.1	Fetches all OIDs from the remote host with the use of SNMP v3 (MD5 and AES128)
# snmpwalk -v3 -l auth -u cisco -a SHA -A Cisco123 192.0.2.1	SNMPv3 with Authentication only

How to Search for SNMP Defects

1. Navigate to

<https://bst.cloudapps.cisco.com/bugsearch/search?kw=snmp&pf=prdNm&sb=anfr&bt=custV>

2. Enter the keyword **snmp** and choose **Select from list**.

The screenshot shows the 'Bug Search Tool' interface under 'Tools & Resources'. The search parameters are set as follows:

- Search For: **snmp**
- Product: **Series/Model** (with a dropdown arrow and a 'Select from list' button)
- Releases: **Affecting or Fixed in these Releases**
- Modified Date, Status, Severity, Rating, Support Cases, and Bug Type filters are present but not selected.

The screenshot shows the search results for 'snmp' with the following parameters:

- Search For: **snmp**
- Product: **Cisco Firepower Management Center Virtual Appliance** (selected from a dropdown)
- Releases: **Affecting or Fixed in these Releases**
- Modified Date, Status, Severity, Rating, Support Cases, and Bug Type filters are present but not selected.

The results section displays:

- Viewing 1 - 25 of 159 results**
- CSCvh32876 - ENH:Device level settings of FP2100 should allow to configure ACL and SNMP location**
- Symptom:** This is a feature request for an option to configure access-list to restrict specific host/network to poll device using SNMP and SNMP location. FP2100 allows you to configure ...
- Severity: 6 | Status: Terminated | Updated: Jan 3,2021 | Cases: 2 | ★★★★★ (0)

Most common Products:

- Cisco Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) Software
- Cisco Firepower 9300 Series
- Cisco Firepower Management Center Virtual Appliance

- Cisco Firepower NGFW

Related information

- [Configure SNMP for Threat Defense](#)
- [Configure SNMP on FXOS \(UI\)](#)
- [Technical Support & Documentation - Cisco Systems](#)