



# Open Source Used In Unified Computing System (UCS) Server Configuration Utility 6.1(3)

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Text Part Number: 78EE117C99-1104333781

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#
builds/unix/pkg.m4
#
docs/FTL.TXT
docs/GPLv2.TXT
#
include/freetype/internal/fthash.h
#
src/base/fthash.c
src/base/md5.c
src/base/md5.h
#
src/bdf/bdf.c
src/bdf/bdf.h
src/bdf/bdfdrivr.c
src/bdf/bdfdrivr.h
src/bdf/bdferror.h
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src/bdf/module.mk
src/bdf/README
src/bdf/rules.mk
#
src/pcf/module.mk
src/pcf/pcf.c
src/pcf/pcf.h
src/pcf/pcfdrivr.c
src/pcf/pcfdrivr.h
src/pcf/pcferror.h
src/pcf/pcfread.c
src/pcf/pcfread.h
src/pcf/pcfutil.c
src/pcf/pcfutil.h
src/pcf/README
src/pcf/rules.mk
#
src/gzip/adler32.c
```

```
src/gzip/infblock.c
src/gzip/infblock.h
src/gzip/infcodes.c
src/gzip/infcodes.h
src/gzip/inffixed.h
src/gzip/inflate.c
src/gzip/inftrees.c
src/gzip/inftrees.h
src/gzip/infutil.c
src/gzip/infutil.h
src/gzip/zconf.h
src/gzip/zlib.h
src/gzip/zutil.c
src/gzip/zutil.h
#
src/tools/apinames.c
src/tools/ftrandom/ftrandom.c
#
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the

Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.3 pango 1.6.0

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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## 1.6 unzip 6.0 16.el7

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---

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FIRST NOTE:

This file contains some details about the copyright history of

contributions to the UnZip project.

Additionally, it summarises some exceptions to the general BSD-like copyright found in LICENSE that covers our generic code and most of the system specific ports.

Please read LICENSE first to find out what is allowed to do with Info-ZIP's UnZip code.

-----  
There are currently two explicit copyrights on portions of UnZip code (at least, of which Info-ZIP is aware):

Jim Luther's Mac OS File Manager interface code; and Christopher Evans' MacBinaryIII coding code (for the MacOS port).. These copyrights are discussed in more detail below.

All remaining code is now (starting with UnZip version 5.41) covered by the new Info-ZIP license. For details, please read the accompanying file LICENSE. The terms and conditions in this license supersede the copyright conditions of the contributions by Igor Mandrichenko (vms/vms.c), Greg Roelofs (zipinfo.c, new version of unshrink.c), Mike White (Windows DLL code in "windll/\*"), Steve P. Miller (Pocket UnZip GUI "wince/\*"), and Mark Adler (inflate/explode decompression core routines, previously put into the public domain). All these Info-ZIP contributors (or "primary" authors) have permitted us to replace their copyright notes by the Info-ZIP License.

Frequently Asked Questions regarding (re)distribution of Zip and UnZip are near the end of this file.

There are no known patents on any of the code in UnZip. Unisys claims a patent on LZW encoding and on LZW decoding in an apparatus that performs LZW encoding, but the patent appears to exempt a stand-alone decoder (as in UnZip's unshrink.c). Unisys has publicly claimed otherwise, but the issue has never been tested in court. Since this point is unclear, unshrinking is not enabled by default. It is the responsibility of the user to make his or her peace with Unisys and its licensing requirements. (unshrink.c may be removed from future releases altogether.)

---

The original unzip source code has been extensively modified and almost entirely rewritten (changes include random zipfile access rather than sequential; replacement of unimplode() with explode(); replacement of old unshrink() with new (unrelated) unshrink(); replacement of output routines; addition of inflate(), wildcards, filename-mapping, text translation, ...; etc.). As far as we can tell, only the core code of the unreduce method remained substantially similar to Mr. Smith's original source. As of UnZip 5.42, the complete

core code is now covered by the Info-ZIP Licence. Therefore, support for the reduce method has been removed.

The drop of the reduce method should only affect some test archives, reducing was never used in any publically distributed Zip program.

For pathologic cases where support for reduced archive entries is needed, the unreduce code copyrighted by Samuel H. Smith is available as a separate distribution (the restricted copyright of this code is cited below in the "historical" section).

The following copyright applies to the Mac OS File Manager interface code (macos/source/macstuff.[ch]), distributed with UnZip 5.4 and later:

```
* MoreFiles
*
* A collection of File Manager and related routines
*
* by Jim Luther (Apple Macintosh Developer Technical Support Emeritus)
* with significant code contributions by Nitin Ganatra
* (Apple Macintosh Developer Technical Support Emeritus)
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```

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```
* MacBinaryIII.h
*
* Copyright 1997 Christopher Evans (cevans@poppybank.com)
*
```

- \* Basic encoding and decoding of Macintosh files to the
- \* MacBinary III spec.
- \* -----
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- \* (available at ftp://ftp.lazerware.com/MacBinaryIII\_src\_C.sit
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"He says that he thought that whoever contacted him understood that he has no objection to the Info-ZIP group's inclusion of his code. His primary concern is that it remain freely distributable, he said."

Despite the fact that our "normal" code has been entirely rewritten and by default no longer contains any of Mr. Smith's code, Info-ZIP remains indebted and grateful to him. We hope he finds our contributions as useful as we have his.

Note that the third and fourth stipulations still apply to any company that wishes to incorporate the unreduce code into its products; if you wish to do so, you must contact Mr. Smith directly regarding licensing.

-----

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-----

The remaining code was written by many people associated with the

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The decompression core code for the deflate method (inflate.[ch], explode.c) was originally written by Mark Adler who submitted it as public domain code.

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## 1.7 linux-kernel 3.10.0

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QLogic Linux FC-FCoE Driver

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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

\*

\* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.

\* <http://www.hypermall.com/>

\* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY

\* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

\* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

\* and spelling mistakes.

\* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on

\* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is

\* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)

\*

\* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

\*

\* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

\*

\* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.

\* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;

\* see init\_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver

\* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists

\* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

\*

\* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:

\* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers

\* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create

\* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)

\* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire

\* SDU, and leave <small\_buffer\_data> bytes empty at the start. Then

\* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.

\* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large

\* buffers. This is done by 2 things:

\* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle\_buffer

\* combined, allow nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb to be called to

\* recycle large data buffers

\* 2) skb\_clone of received buffers  
\* See nicstar\_free\_rx\_skb and linearize\_buffer for implementation  
\* details.  
\*  
\*  
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\*  
\* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996  
\*  
\*  
\*/

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Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>  
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss  
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>  
Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>  
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>  
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>  
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON  
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>  
for patching the cable card decoder driver

Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>  
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>  
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>  
for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>  
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Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>

...and all the other dbox2 people

for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>

for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq\_dvb@lidskialf.net>

for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>

for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>

Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>

Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>

for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>

for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code, the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>

for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>

Andreas 'randy' Weinberger

for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>

for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>

for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>

for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>

for the lgt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@m1k.net>

for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>

for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>  
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>  
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and  
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a  
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## 1.9 audit 2.6.5 3.el7

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## 1.11 glib 2.50.3 3.e17

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PCRE LICENCE

Please see the file LICENCE in the PCRE distribution for licensing details.

End

## 1.12 udev 219-42.el7\_4.7

### 1.12.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Program.

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- c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you received the program in object code or executable form with such an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.16 libsoup 2.36.1

## 1.17 glibc 2.17-196.el7

### 1.17.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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## 1.18 hunspell 1.3.2

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\* (the home page for ispell)

\*  
 \* An almost complete rewrite of MySpell for use by  
 \* the Mozilla project has been developed by David Einstein  
 \* (Deinst@world.std.com). David and I are now  
 \* working on parallel development tracks to help  
 \* our respective projects (Mozilla and OpenOffice.org  
 \* and we will maintain full affix file and dictionary  
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 \* of MySpell back into a single tree. David has been  
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 \* Special thanks also go to La'szlo' Ne'meth  
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```
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```
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# 1.19 bison 2.7.12

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## 1.20 netbsd-resolv 2.17 196.el7\_4.2

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# 1.21 libasyncns 0.8-7.el7

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is

normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.22 gtk 3.22.10-5.el7\_4

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

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## 1.23 xorg-server 1.14.2

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```
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## 1.28 efivar 31-4.el7

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## 1.30 libcap 2.22 9.el7

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### 1.35.1 Available under license :

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This package was put together by me, Bernd Eckenfels <eck@debian.org>, from the sources, which I obtained from <http://charm.cs.uiuc.edu/~jyelon/software.html>

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## 1.37 libpcap 1.7.3

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## 1.38 attr 2.4.46 12.e17

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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
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## 1.43 tar 1.26 34.el7

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## 1.46 libatasmart 0.19

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/\* lib/font/fontfile/gunzip.c

written by Mark Eichin <eichin@kitten.gen.ma.us> September 1996.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

```
@c \input texinfo.tex @c -*-texinfo-*
```

```
@c
```

```
@c %**start of header
```

```
@c All text is ignored before the setfilename.
```

```
@setfilename LGPL.info
```

```
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

```
@sp 1
```

```
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```

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```
@format
```

```
@t{
```

```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
```

```
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
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```

```
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```

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```

```
}
```

```
@end format
```

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```
@format
```

```
@t{
```

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
}
```

```
@end format
```

That's all there is to it!

```
@c @bye
```

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=====

loginrec.c

loginrec.h

atomicio.h

atomicio.c

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```
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```

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## 1.63 e2fsprogs 1.42.9-9.el7

## 1.63.1 Available under license :

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the `ss` command-line interface parsing library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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\*/

Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

\*/

/\*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
- + trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by  
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the static EXT2  
file system consistency checker (e2fsck.static). The EXT2 utilities  
were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card  
<card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
[tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/](http://tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/)

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#

# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared # libraries.

#

# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

```

# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'~/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB)`)

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

```

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comprising the libuuid library, and the source file headers of the libet and libss libraries for more information.

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Theodore Ts'o  
23-June-2007

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Version 2, June 1991

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```

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## 1.70 libnl3 1.1.4-3.el7

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

[jseward@acm.org](mailto:jseward@acm.org)

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.2 of 30 December 2001

```
/*
minibz2
  libbz2.dll test program.
  by Yoshioka Tsuneo (tsuneo@rr.iij4u.or.jp)
  This file is Public Domain. Welcome any email to me.

usage: minibz2 [-d] [-{1,2,..9}] [[srcfilename] destfilename]
*/
%%CreationDate: Wed Dec 22 1999
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regardless of the conditions or license applying to the document itself.) readonly def
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```

## 1.74 mesa 18.3.4

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```
libfreedreno_layout = static_library(  
    'freedreno_layout',  
    [  
        'fd6_layout.c',  
        'freedreno_layout.c',  
    ],  
    include_directories : [inc_freedreno, inc_common],  
    c_args : [c_vis_args, no_override_init_args],  
    cpp_args : [cpp_vis_args],  
    dependencies : idep_nir_headers,  
    build_by_default : false,  
)
```

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## 1.76 fuse 2.9.2 11.e17

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```
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## 1.78 gpt-fdisk 0.8.6-5.el7

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The End

# 1.80 libxt 1.2.0

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```
/* number.c: Implements arbitrary precision numbers. */
```

```
/*
```

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Bellingham, WA 98226-9062

```
*****/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <config.h>
```

```
#include <number.h>
```

```
#include <assert.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <ctype.h> /* Prototypes needed for external utility routines. */
```

```
#define bc_rt_warn rt_warn
```

```
#define bc_rt_error rt_error
```

```
#define bc_out_of_memory out_of_memory
```

```
_PROTOTYPE(void rt_warn, (char *mesg, ...));
```

```
_PROTOTYPE(void rt_error, (char *mesg, ...));
```

```
_PROTOTYPE(void out_of_memory, (void));
```

```
/* Storage used for special numbers. */
```

```

bc_num _zero_;
bc_num _one_;
bc_num _two_;

static bc_num _bc_Free_list = NULL;

/* new_num allocates a number and sets fields to known values. */

bc_num
bc_new_num (length, scale)
    int length, scale;
{
    bc_num temp;

    if (_bc_Free_list != NULL) {
        temp = _bc_Free_list;
        _bc_Free_list = temp->n_next;
    } else {
        temp = (bc_num) malloc (sizeof(bc_struct));
        if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();
    }
    temp->n_sign = PLUS;
    temp->n_len = length;
    temp->n_scale = scale;
    temp->n_refs = 1;
    temp->n_ptr = (char *) malloc (length+scale);
    if (temp->n_ptr == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
    temp->n_value = temp->n_ptr;
    memset (temp->n_ptr, 0, length+scale);
    return temp;
}

/* "Frees" a bc_num NUM. Actually decreases reference count and only
    frees the storage if reference count is zero. */

void
bc_free_num (num)
    bc_num *num;
{
    if (*num == NULL) return;
    (*num)->n_refs--;
    if ((*num)->n_refs == 0) {
        if ((*num)->n_ptr)
            free ((*num)->n_ptr);
        (*num)->n_next = _bc_Free_list;
        _bc_Free_list = *num;
    }
    *num = NULL;
}

```

```

}

/* Initialize the number package! */

void
bc_init_numbers ()
{
    _zero_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
    _one_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
    _one_->n_value[0] = 1;
    _two_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
    _two_->n_value[0] = 2;
}

/* Make a copy of a number! Just increments the reference count! */

bc_num
bc_copy_num (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    num->n_refs++;
    return num;
}

/* Initialize a number NUM by making it a copy of zero. */

void
bc_init_num (num)
    bc_num *num;
{
    *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
}

/* For many things, we may have leading zeros in a number NUM.
   _bc_rm_leading_zeros just moves the data "value" pointer to the
   correct place and adjusts the length. */

static void
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    /* We can move n_value to point to the first non zero digit! */
    while (*num->n_value == 0 && num->n_len > 1) {
        num->n_value++;
        num->n_len--;
    }
}

```

```

}
}

/* Compare two bc numbers. Return value is 0 if equal, -1 if N1 is less
   than N2 and +1 if N1 is greater than N2. If USE_SIGN is false, just
   compare the magnitudes. */

static int
_bc_do_compare (n1, n2, use_sign, ignore_last)
    bc_num n1, n2;
    int use_sign;
    int ignore_last;
{
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr;
    int count;

    /* First, compare signs. */
    if (use_sign && n1->n_sign != n2->n_sign)
    {
        if (n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (1); /* Positive N1 > Negative N2 */
        else
            return (-1); /* Negative N1 < Positive N1 */
    }

    /* Now compare the magnitude. */
    if (n1->n_len != n2->n_len)
    {
        if (n1->n_len > n2->n_len)
        {
            /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
            if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                return (1);
            else
                return (-1);
        }
        else
        {
            /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
            if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                return (-1);
            else
                return (1);
        }
    }

    /* If we get here, they have the same number of integer digits.

```

```

    check the integer part and the equal length part of the fraction. */
count = n1->n_len + MIN (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
n1ptr = n1->n_value;
n2ptr = n2->n_value;

while ((count > 0) && (*n1ptr == *n2ptr))
{
    n1ptr++;
    n2ptr++;
    count--;
}
if (ignore_last && count == 1 && n1->n_scale == n2->n_scale)
    return (0);
if (count != 0)
{
    if (*n1ptr > *n2ptr)
    {
        /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (1);
        else
            return (-1);
    }
    else
    {
        /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (-1);
        else
            return (1);
    }
}

/* They are equal up to the last part of the equal part of the fraction. */
if (n1->n_scale != n2->n_scale)
{
    if (n1->n_scale > n2->n_scale)
    {
        for (count = n1->n_scale-n2->n_scale; count>0; count--)
            if (*n1ptr++ != 0)
            {
                /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
                if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                    return (1);
                else
                    return (-1);
            }
    }
}

```

```

    else
    {
    for (count = n2->n_scale-n1->n_scale; count>0; count--)
        if (*n2ptr++ != 0)
            {
            /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
            if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                return (-1);
            else
                return (1);
            }
        }
    }

    /* They must be equal! */
    return (0);
}

/* This is the "user callable" routine to compare numbers N1 and N2. */

int
bc_compare (n1, n2)
    bc_num n1, n2;
{
    return _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, TRUE, FALSE);
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number is negative. */

char
bc_is_neg (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    return num->n_sign == MINUS;
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number NUM is zero. */

char
bc_is_zero (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    int count;
    char *nptr;

    /* Quick check. */
    if (num == _zero_) return TRUE;

```

```

/* Initialize */
count = num->n_len + num->n_scale;
nptr = num->n_value;

/* The check */
while ((count > 0) && (*nptr++ == 0)) count--;

if (count != 0)
    return FALSE;
else
    return TRUE;
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number NUM is almost zero.
Specifically, all but the last digit is 0 and the last digit is 1.
Last digit is defined by scale. */

char
bc_is_near_zero (num, scale)
    bc_num num;
    int scale;
{
    int count;
    char *nptr;

/* Error checking */
if (scale > num->n_scale)
    scale = num->n_scale;

/* Initialize */
count = num->n_len + scale;
nptr = num->n_value;

/* The check */
while ((count > 0) && (*nptr++ == 0)) count--;

if (count != 0 && (count != 1 || *--nptr != 1))
    return FALSE;
else
    return TRUE;
}

/* Perform addition: N1 is added to N2 and the value is
returned. The signs of N1 and N2 are ignored.
SCALE_MIN is to set the minimum scale of the result. */

```

```

static bc_num
_bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num sum;
    int sum_scale, sum_digits;
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *sumptr;
    int carry, n1bytes, n2bytes;
    int count;

    /* Prepare sum. */
    sum_scale = MAX (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
    sum_digits = MAX (n1->n_len, n2->n_len) + 1;
    sum = bc_new_num (sum_digits, MAX(sum_scale, scale_min));

    /* Zero extra digits made by scale_min. */
    if (scale_min > sum_scale)
    {
        sumptr = (char *) (sum->n_value + sum_scale + sum_digits);
        for (count = scale_min - sum_scale; count > 0; count--)
            *sumptr++ = 0;
    }

    /* Start with the fraction part. Initialize the pointers. */
    n1bytes = n1->n_scale;
    n2bytes = n2->n_scale;
    n1ptr = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1->n_len + n1bytes - 1);
    n2ptr = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2->n_len + n2bytes - 1);
    sumptr = (char *) (sum->n_value + sum_scale + sum_digits - 1);

    /* Add the fraction part. First copy the longer fraction.*/
    if (n1bytes != n2bytes)
    {
        if (n1bytes > n2bytes)
            while (n1bytes > n2bytes)
                { *sumptr-- = *n1ptr--; n1bytes--;}
            else
                while (n2bytes > n1bytes)
                    { *sumptr-- = *n2ptr--; n2bytes--;}
    }

    /* Now add the remaining fraction part and equal size integer parts. */
    n1bytes += n1->n_len;
    n2bytes += n2->n_len;
    carry = 0;
    while ((n1bytes > 0) && (n2bytes > 0))
    {

```

```

    *sumptr = *n1ptr-- + *n2ptr-- + carry;
    if (*sumptr > (BASE-1))
    {
        carry = 1;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
    else
carry = 0;
    sumptr--;
    n1bytes--;
    n2bytes--;
}

/* Now add carry the longer integer part. */
if (n1bytes == 0)
    { n1bytes = n2bytes; n1ptr = n2ptr; }
while (n1bytes-- > 0)
    {
        *sumptr = *n1ptr-- + carry;
        if (*sumptr > (BASE-1))
        {
            carry = 1;
            *sumptr -= BASE;
        }
        else
carry = 0;
        sumptr--;
    }

/* Set final carry. */
if (carry == 1)
    *sumptr += 1;

/* Adjust sum and return. */
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (sum);
return sum;
}

/* Perform subtraction: N2 is subtracted from N1 and the value is
returned. The signs of N1 and N2 are ignored. Also, N1 is
assumed to be larger than N2. SCALE_MIN is the minimum scale
of the result. */

static bc_num
_bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2;
    int scale_min;

```

```

{
bc_num diff;
int diff_scale, diff_len;
int min_scale, min_len;
char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *diffptr;
int borrow, count, val;

/* Allocate temporary storage. */
diff_len = MAX (n1->n_len, n2->n_len);
diff_scale = MAX (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
min_len = MIN (n1->n_len, n2->n_len);
min_scale = MIN (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
diff = bc_new_num (diff_len, MAX(diff_scale, scale_min));

/* Zero extra digits made by scale_min. */
if (scale_min > diff_scale)
{
diffptr = (char *) (diff->n_value + diff_len + diff_scale);
for (count = scale_min - diff_scale; count > 0; count--)
*diffptr++ = 0;
}

/* Initialize the subtract. */
n1ptr = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1->n_len + n1->n_scale - 1);
n2ptr = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2->n_len + n2->n_scale - 1);
diffptr = (char *) (diff->n_value + diff_len + diff_scale - 1);

/* Subtract the numbers. */
borrow = 0;

/* Take care of the longer scaled number. */
if (n1->n_scale != min_scale)
{
/* n1 has the longer scale */
for (count = n1->n_scale - min_scale; count > 0; count--)
*diffptr-- = *n1ptr--;
}
else
{
/* n2 has the longer scale */
for (count = n2->n_scale - min_scale; count > 0; count--)
{
val = - *n2ptr-- - borrow;
if (val < 0)
{
val += BASE;
borrow = 1;
}
}
}
}

```

```

else
    borrow = 0;
    *diffptr-- = val;
}
}

/* Now do the equal length scale and integer parts. */

for (count = 0; count < min_len + min_scale; count++)
{
    val = *n1ptr-- - *n2ptr-- - borrow;
    if (val < 0)
    {
        val += BASE;
        borrow = 1;
    }
    else
        borrow = 0;
    *diffptr-- = val;
}

/* If n1 has more digits than n2, we now do that subtract. */
if (diff_len != min_len)
{
    for (count = diff_len - min_len; count > 0; count--)
    {
        val = *n1ptr-- - borrow;
        if (val < 0)
        {
            val += BASE;
            borrow = 1;
        }
        else
            borrow = 0;
        *diffptr-- = val;
    }
}

/* Clean up and return. */
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (diff);
return diff;
}

/* Here is the full subtract routine that takes care of negative numbers.
N2 is subtracted from N1 and the result placed in RESULT. SCALE_MIN
is the minimum scale for the result. */

```

```

void
bc_sub (n1, n2, result, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2, *result;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num diff = NULL;
    int cmp_res;
    int res_scale;

    if (n1->n_sign != n2->n_sign)
    {
        diff = _bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min);
        diff->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    }
    else
    {
        /* subtraction must be done. */
        /* Compare magnitudes. */
        cmp_res = _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, FALSE, FALSE);
        switch (cmp_res)
        {
        case -1:
            /* n1 is less than n2, subtract n1 from n2. */
            diff = _bc_do_sub (n2, n1, scale_min);
            diff->n_sign = (n2->n_sign == PLUS ? MINUS : PLUS);
            break;
        case 0:
            /* They are equal! return zero! */
            res_scale = MAX (scale_min, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale));
            diff = bc_new_num (1, res_scale);
            memset (diff->n_value, 0, res_scale+1);
            break;
        case 1:
            /* n2 is less than n1, subtract n2 from n1. */
            diff = _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min);
            diff->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
            break;
        }
    }

    /* Clean up and return. */
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = diff;
}

/* Here is the full add routine that takes care of negative numbers.
   N1 is added to N2 and the result placed into RESULT. SCALE_MIN

```

```

is the minimum scale for the result. */

void
bc_add (n1, n2, result, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2, *result;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num sum = NULL;
    int cmp_res;
    int res_scale;

    if (n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign)
    {
        sum = _bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min);
        sum->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    }
    else
    {
        /* subtraction must be done. */
        cmp_res = _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, FALSE, FALSE); /* Compare magnitudes. */
        switch (cmp_res)
        {
        case -1:
            /* n1 is less than n2, subtract n1 from n2. */
            sum = _bc_do_sub (n2, n1, scale_min);
            sum->n_sign = n2->n_sign;
            break;
        case 0:
            /* They are equal! return zero with the correct scale! */
            res_scale = MAX (scale_min, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale));
            sum = bc_new_num (1, res_scale);
            memset (sum->n_value, 0, res_scale+1);
            break;
        case 1:
            /* n2 is less than n1, subtract n2 from n1. */
            sum = _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min);
            sum->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
        }
    }

    /* Clean up and return. */
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = sum;
}

/* Recursive vs non-recursive multiply crossover ranges. */
#ifdef(MULDIGITS)
#include "muldigits.h"

```

```

#else
#define MUL_BASE_DIGITS 80
#endif

int mul_base_digits = MUL_BASE_DIGITS;
#define MUL_SMALL_DIGITS mul_base_digits/4

/* Multiply utility routines */

static bc_num
new_sub_num (length, scale, value)
    int length, scale;
    char *value;
{
    bc_num temp;

    if (_bc_Free_list != NULL) {
        temp = _bc_Free_list;
        _bc_Free_list = temp->n_next;
    } else {
        temp = (bc_num) malloc (sizeof(bc_struct));
        if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();
    }
    temp->n_sign = PLUS;
    temp->n_len = length;
    temp->n_scale = scale;
    temp->n_refs = 1;
    temp->n_ptr = NULL;
    temp->n_value = value;
    return temp;
}

static void
_bc_simp_mul (bc_num n1, int n1len, bc_num n2, int n2len, bc_num *prod,
    int full_scale)
{
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *pvptr;
    char *n1end, *n2end; /* To the end of n1 and n2. */
    int indx, sum, prodlen;

    prodlen = n1len+n2len+1;

    *prod = bc_new_num (prodlen, 0);

    n1end = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1len - 1);
    n2end = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2len - 1);
    pvptr = (char *) ((*prod)->n_value + prodlen - 1);
    sum = 0;

```

```

/* Here is the loop... */
for (indx = 0; indx < prodlen-1; indx++)
{
    n1ptr = (char *) (n1end - MAX(0, indx-n2len+1));
    n2ptr = (char *) (n2end - MIN(indx, n2len-1));
    while ((n1ptr >= n1->n_value) && (n2ptr <= n2end))
sum += *n1ptr-- * *n2ptr++;
    *pvptr-- = sum % BASE;
    sum = sum / BASE;
}
*pvptr = sum;
}

/* A special adder/subtractor for the recursive divide and conquer
multiply algorithm. Note: if sub is called, accum must
be larger than what is being subtracted. Also, accum and val
must have n_scale = 0. (e.g. they must look like integers. *) */
static void
_bc_shift_addsub (bc_num accum, bc_num val, int shift, int sub)
{
    signed char *accp, *valp;
    int count, carry;

    count = val->n_len;
    if (val->n_value[0] == 0)
        count--;
    assert (accum->n_len+accum->n_scale >= shift+count);

    /* Set up pointers and others */
    accp = (signed char *) (accum->n_value +
        accum->n_len + accum->n_scale - shift - 1);
    valp = (signed char *) (val->n_value + val->n_len - 1);
    carry = 0;

    if (sub) {
        /* Subtraction, carry is really borrow. */
        while (count--) {
            *accp -= *valp-- + carry;
            if (*accp < 0) {
                carry = 1;
                *accp-- += BASE;
            } else {
                carry = 0;
            }
            accp--;
        }
    }
}

```

```

while (carry) {
    *accp -= carry;
    if (*accp < 0)
*accp-- += BASE;
    else
carry = 0;
}
} else {
/* Addition */
while (count--) {
    *accp += *valp-- + carry;
    if (*accp > (BASE-1)) {
carry = 1;
        *accp-- -= BASE;
    } else {
carry = 0;
accp--;
    }
}
while (carry) {
    *accp += carry;
    if (*accp > (BASE-1))
*accp-- -= BASE;
    else
carry = 0;
}
}
}

/* Recursive divide and conquer multiply algorithm.
Based on
Let u = u0 + u1*(b^n)
Let v = v0 + v1*(b^n)
Then uv = (B^2n+B^n)*u1*v1 + B^n*(u1-u0)*(v0-v1) + (B^n+1)*u0*v0

B is the base of storage, number of digits in u1,u0 close to equal.
*/
static void
_bc_rec_mul (bc_num u, int ulen, bc_num v, int vlen, bc_num *prod,
            int full_scale)
{
    bc_num u0, u1, v0, v1;
    int u0len, v0len;
    bc_num m1, m2, m3, d1, d2;
    int n, prodlen, m1zero;
    int d1len, d2len;

/* Base case? */

```

```

if ((ulen+vlen) < mul_base_digits
    || ulen < MUL_SMALL_DIGITS
    || vlen < MUL_SMALL_DIGITS ) {
    _bc_simp_mul (u, ulen, v, vlen, prod, full_scale);
    return;
}

/* Calculate n -- the u and v split point in digits. */
n = (MAX(ulen, vlen)+1) / 2;

/* Split u and v. */
if (ulen < n) {
    u1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    u0 = new_sub_num (ulen,0, u->n_value);
} else {
    u1 = new_sub_num (ulen-n, 0, u->n_value);
    u0 = new_sub_num (n, 0, u->n_value+ulen-n);
}
if (vlen < n) {
    v1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    v0 = new_sub_num (vlen,0, v->n_value);
} else {
    v1 = new_sub_num (vlen-n, 0, v->n_value);
    v0 = new_sub_num (n, 0, v->n_value+vlen-n);
}
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (u1);
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (u0);
u0len = u0->n_len;
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (v1);
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (v0);
v0len = v0->n_len;

m1zero = bc_is_zero(u1) || bc_is_zero(v1);

/* Calculate sub results ... */

bc_init_num(&d1);
bc_init_num(&d2);
bc_sub (u1, u0, &d1, 0);
d1len = d1->n_len;
bc_sub (v0, v1, &d2, 0);
d2len = d2->n_len;

/* Do recursive multiplies and shifted adds. */
if (m1zero)
    m1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else

```

```

    _bc_rec_mul (u1, u1->n_len, v1, v1->n_len, &m1, 0);

if (bc_is_zero(d1) || bc_is_zero(d2))
    m2 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (d1, d1len, d2, d2len, &m2, 0);

if (bc_is_zero(u0) || bc_is_zero(v0))
    m3 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (u0, u0->n_len, v0, v0->n_len, &m3, 0);

/* Initialize product */
prodlen = ulen+vlen+1;
*prod = bc_new_num(prodlen, 0);

if (!m1zero) {
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m1, 2*n, 0);
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m1, n, 0);
}
_bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m3, n, 0);
_bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m3, 0, 0);
_bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m2, n, d1->n_sign != d2->n_sign);

/* Now clean up! */
bc_free_num (&u1);
bc_free_num (&u0);
bc_free_num (&v1);
bc_free_num (&m1);
bc_free_num (&v0);
bc_free_num (&m2);
bc_free_num (&m3);
bc_free_num (&d1);
bc_free_num (&d2);
}

/* The multiply routine. N2 times N1 is put int PROD with the scale of
the result being MIN(N2 scale+N1 scale, MAX (SCALE, N2 scale, N1 scale)).
*/

void
bc_multiply (n1, n2, prod, scale)
    bc_num n1, n2, *prod;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num pval;
    int len1, len2;
    int full_scale, prod_scale;

```

```

/* Initialize things. */
len1 = n1->n_len + n1->n_scale;
len2 = n2->n_len + n2->n_scale;
full_scale = n1->n_scale + n2->n_scale;
prod_scale = MIN(full_scale,MAX(scale,MAX(n1->n_scale,n2->n_scale)));

```

```

/* Do the multiply */
_bc_rec_mul (n1, len1, n2, len2, &pval, full_scale);

```

```

/* Assign to prod and clean up the number. */
pval->n_sign = ( n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS );
pval->n_value = pval->n_ptr;
pval->n_len = len2 + len1 + 1 - full_scale;
pval->n_scale = prod_scale;
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (pval);
if (bc_is_zero (pval))
    pval->n_sign = PLUS;
bc_free_num (prod);
*prod = pval;
}

```

/\* Some utility routines for the divide: First a one digit multiply.  
NUM (with SIZE digits) is multiplied by DIGIT and the result is  
placed into RESULT. It is written so that NUM and RESULT can be  
the same pointers. \*/

```

static void
_one_mult (num, size, digit, result)
    unsigned char *num;
    int size, digit;
    unsigned char *result;
{
    int carry, value;
    unsigned char *nptr, *rptr;

    if (digit == 0)
        memset (result, 0, size);
    else
        {
            if (digit == 1)
                memcpy (result, num, size);
            else
                {
                    /* Initialize */
                    nptr = (unsigned char *) (num+size-1);
                    rptr = (unsigned char *) (result+size-1);
                    carry = 0;

```

```

while (size-- > 0)
{
    value = *nptr-- * digit + carry;
    *rptr-- = value % BASE;
    carry = value / BASE;
}

if (carry != 0) *rptr = carry;
}
}
}

```

/\* The full division routine. This computes N1 / N2. It returns 0 if the division is ok and the result is in QUOT. The number of digits after the decimal point is SCALE. It returns -1 if division by zero is tried. The algorithm is found in Knuth Vol 2. p237. \*/

```

int
bc_divide (n1, n2, quot, scale)
    bc_num n1, n2, *quot;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num qval;
    unsigned char *num1, *num2;
    unsigned char *ptr1, *ptr2, *n2ptr, *qptr;
    int scale1, val;
    unsigned int len1, len2, scale2, qdigits, extra, count;
    unsigned int qdig, qguess, borrow, carry;
    unsigned char *mval;
    char zero;
    unsigned int norm;

    /* Test for divide by zero. */
    if (bc_is_zero (n2)) return -1;

    /* Test for divide by 1. If it is we must truncate. */
    if (n2->n_scale == 0)
    {
        if (n2->n_len == 1 && *n2->n_value == 1)
        {
            qval = bc_new_num (n1->n_len, scale);
            qval->n_sign = (n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS);
            memset (&qval->n_value[n1->n_len], 0, scale);
            memcpy (qval->n_value, n1->n_value,
                n1->n_len + MIN(n1->n_scale, scale));
            bc_free_num (quot);

```

```

    *quot = qval;
}
}

/* Set up the divide. Move the decimal point on n1 by n2's scale.
   Remember, zeros on the end of num2 are wasted effort for dividing. */
scale2 = n2->n_scale;
n2ptr = (unsigned char *) n2->n_value+n2->n_len+scale2-1;
while ((scale2 > 0) && (*n2ptr-- == 0)) scale2--;

len1 = n1->n_len + scale2;
scale1 = n1->n_scale - scale2;
if (scale1 < scale)
    extra = scale - scale1;
else
    extra = 0;
num1 = (unsigned char *) malloc (n1->n_len+n1->n_scale+extra+2);
if (num1 == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
memset (num1, 0, n1->n_len+n1->n_scale+extra+2);
memcpy (num1+1, n1->n_value, n1->n_len+n1->n_scale);

len2 = n2->n_len + scale2;
num2 = (unsigned char *) malloc (len2+1);
if (num2 == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
memcpy (num2, n2->n_value, len2);
*(num2+len2) = 0;
n2ptr = num2;
while (*n2ptr == 0)
{
    n2ptr++;
    len2--;
}

/* Calculate the number of quotient digits. */
if (len2 > len1+scale)
{
    qdigits = scale+1;
    zero = TRUE;
}
else
{
    zero = FALSE;
    if (len2>len1)
qdigits = scale+1; /* One for the zero integer part. */
    else
qdigits = len1-len2+scale+1;
}

```

```

/* Allocate and zero the storage for the quotient. */
qval = bc_new_num (qdigits-scale,scale);
memset (qval->n_value, 0, qdigits);

/* Allocate storage for the temporary storage mval. */
mval = (unsigned char *) malloc (len2+1);
if (mval == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();

/* Now for the full divide algorithm. */
if (!zero)
{
    /* Normalize */
    norm = 10 / ((int)*n2ptr + 1);
    if (norm != 1)
    {
        _one_mult (num1, len1+scale1+extra+1, norm, num1);
        _one_mult (n2ptr, len2, norm, n2ptr);
    }

    /* Initialize divide loop. */
    qdig = 0;
    if (len2 > len1)
    qptr = (unsigned char *) qval->n_value+len2-len1;
    else
    qptr = (unsigned char *) qval->n_value;

    /* Loop */
    while (qdig <= len1+scale-len2)
    {
        /* Calculate the quotient digit guess. */
        if (*n2ptr == num1[qdig])
            qguess = 9;
        else
            qguess = (num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1]) / *n2ptr;

        /* Test qguess. */
        if (n2ptr[1]*qguess >
            (num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1] - *n2ptr*qguess)*10
            + num1[qdig+2])
        {
            qguess--;
            /* And again. */
            if (n2ptr[1]*qguess >
                (num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1] - *n2ptr*qguess)*10
                + num1[qdig+2])
                qguess--;
        }
    }
}

```

```

/* Multiply and subtract. */
borrow = 0;
if (qguess != 0)
{
    *mval = 0;
    _one_mult (n2ptr, len2, qguess, mval+1);
    ptr1 = (unsigned char *) num1+qdig+len2;
    ptr2 = (unsigned char *) mval+len2;
    for (count = 0; count < len2+1; count++)
    {
        val = (int) *ptr1 - (int) *ptr2-- - borrow;
        if (val < 0)
        {
            val += 10;
            borrow = 1;
        }
        else
            borrow = 0;
        *ptr1-- = val;
    }
}

/* Test for negative result. */
if (borrow == 1)
{
    qguess--;
    ptr1 = (unsigned char *) num1+qdig+len2;
    ptr2 = (unsigned char *) n2ptr+len2-1;
    carry = 0;
    for (count = 0; count < len2; count++)
    {
        val = (int) *ptr1 + (int) *ptr2-- + carry;
        if (val > 9)
        {
            val -= 10;
            carry = 1;
        }
        else
            carry = 0;
        *ptr1-- = val;
    }
    if (carry == 1) *ptr1 = (*ptr1 + 1) % 10;
}

/* We now know the quotient digit. */
*qptr++ = qguess;
qdig++;
}

```

```

}

/* Clean up and return the number. */
qval->n_sign = ( n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS );
if (bc_is_zero (qval)) qval->n_sign = PLUS;
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (qval);
bc_free_num (quot);
*quot = qval;

/* Clean up temporary storage. */
free (mval);
free (num1);
free (num2);

return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Division *and* modulo for numbers. This computes both NUM1 / NUM2 and
NUM1 % NUM2 and puts the results in QUOT and REM, except that if QUOT
is NULL then that store will be omitted.
*/

int
bc_divmod (num1, num2, quot, rem, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *quot, *rem;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num quotient = NULL;
    bc_num temp;
    int rscale;

    /* Check for correct numbers. */
    if (bc_is_zero (num2)) return -1;

    /* Calculate final scale. */
    rscale = MAX (num1->n_scale, num2->n_scale+scale);
    bc_init_num(&temp);

    /* Calculate it. */
    bc_divide (num1, num2, &temp, scale);
    if (quot)
        quotient = bc_copy_num (temp);
    bc_multiply (temp, num2, &temp, rscale);
    bc_sub (num1, temp, rem, rscale);
    bc_free_num (&temp);

    if (quot)

```

```

    {
        bc_free_num (quot);
        *quot = quotient;
    }

return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Modulo for numbers. This computes NUM1 % NUM2 and puts the
result in RESULT. */

int
bc_modulo (num1, num2, result, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *result;
    int scale;
{
    return bc_divmod (num1, num2, NULL, result, scale);
}

/* Raise BASE to the EXPO power, reduced modulo MOD. The result is
placed in RESULT. If a EXPO is not an integer,
only the integer part is used. */

int
bc_raisemod (base, expo, mod, result, scale)
    bc_num base, expo, mod, *result;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num power, exponent, parity, temp;
    int rscale;

    /* Check for correct numbers. */
    if (bc_is_zero(mod)) return -1;
    if (bc_is_neg(expo)) return -1;

    /* Set initial values. */
    power = bc_copy_num (base);
    exponent = bc_copy_num (expo);
    temp = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    bc_init_num(&parity);

    /* Check the base for scale digits. */
    if (base->n_scale != 0)
        bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in base");

    /* Check the exponent for scale digits. */
    if (exponent->n_scale != 0)

```

```

    {
        bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in exponent");
        bc_divide (exponent, _one_, &exponent, 0); /*truncate */
    }

/* Check the modulus for scale digits. */
if (mod->n_scale != 0)
    bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in modulus");

/* Do the calculation. */
rscale = MAX(scale, base->n_scale);
while ( !bc_is_zero(exponent) )
    {
        (void) bc_divmod (exponent, _two_, &exponent, &parity, 0);
        if ( !bc_is_zero(parity) )
        {
            bc_multiply (temp, power, &temp, rscale);
            (void) bc_modulo (temp, mod, &temp, scale);
        }

        bc_multiply (power, power, &power, rscale);
        (void) bc_modulo (power, mod, &power, scale);
    }

/* Assign the value. */
bc_free_num (&power);
bc_free_num (&exponent);
bc_free_num (result);
*result = temp;
return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Raise NUM1 to the NUM2 power. The result is placed in RESULT.
Maximum exponent is LONG_MAX. If a NUM2 is not an integer,
only the integer part is used. */

void
bc_raise (num1, num2, result, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *result;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num temp, power;
    long exponent;
    int rscale;
    int pwrscale;
    int calcscale;
    char neg;

```

```

/* Check the exponent for scale digits and convert to a long. */
if (num2->n_scale != 0)
    bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in exponent");
exponent = bc_num2long (num2);
if (exponent == 0 && (num2->n_len > 1 || num2->n_value[0] != 0))
    bc_rt_error ("exponent too large in raise");

/* Special case if exponent is a zero. */
if (exponent == 0)
{
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    return;
}

/* Other initializations. */
if (exponent < 0)
{
    neg = TRUE;
    exponent = -exponent;
    rscale = scale;
}
else
{
    neg = FALSE;
    rscale = MIN (num1->n_scale*exponent, MAX(scale, num1->n_scale));
}

/* Set initial value of temp. */
power = bc_copy_num (num1);
pwrscale = num1->n_scale;
while ((exponent & 1) == 0)
{
    pwrscale = 2*pwrscale;
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, pwrscale);
    exponent = exponent >> 1;
}
temp = bc_copy_num (power);
calcscale = pwrscale;
exponent = exponent >> 1;

/* Do the calculation. */
while (exponent > 0)
{
    pwrscale = 2*pwrscale;
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, pwrscale);
    if ((exponent & 1) == 1) {
        calcscale = pwrscale + calcscale;
    }
}

```

```

bc_multiply (temp, power, &temp, calcscale);
    }
    exponent = exponent >> 1;
}

/* Assign the value. */
if (neg)
{
    bc_divide (_one_, temp, result, rscale);
    bc_free_num (&temp);
}
else
{
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = temp;
    if ((*result)->n_scale > rscale)
(*result)->n_scale = rscale;
}
bc_free_num (&power);
}

/* Take the square root NUM and return it in NUM with SCALE digits
after the decimal place. */

int
bc_sqrt (num, scale)
    bc_num *num;
    int scale;
{
    int rscale, cmp_res, done;
    int cscale;
    bc_num guess, guess1, point5, diff;

/* Initial checks. */
    cmp_res = bc_compare (*num, _zero_);
    if (cmp_res < 0)
        return 0; /* error */
    else
    {
        if (cmp_res == 0)
        {
            bc_free_num (num);
            *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
            return 1;
        }
    }
    cmp_res = bc_compare (*num, _one_);
    if (cmp_res == 0)

```

```

{
    bc_free_num (num);
    *num = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    return 1;
}

/* Initialize the variables. */
rscale = MAX (scale, (*num)->n_scale);
bc_init_num(&guess);
bc_init_num(&guess1);
bc_init_num(&diff);
point5 = bc_new_num (1,1);
point5->n_value[1] = 5;

/* Calculate the initial guess. */
if (cmp_res < 0)
{
    /* The number is between 0 and 1. Guess should start at 1. */
    guess = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    cscale = (*num)->n_scale;
}
else
{
    /* The number is greater than 1. Guess should start at 10^(exp/2). */
    bc_int2num (&guess,10);

    bc_int2num (&guess1,(*num)->n_len);
    bc_multiply (guess1, point5, &guess1, 0);
    guess1->n_scale = 0;
    bc_raise (guess, guess1, &guess, 0);
    bc_free_num (&guess1);
    cscale = 3;
}

/* Find the square root using Newton's algorithm. */
done = FALSE;
while (!done)
{
    bc_free_num (&guess1);
    guess1 = bc_copy_num (guess);
    bc_divide (*num, guess, &guess, cscale);
    bc_add (guess, guess1, &guess, 0);
    bc_multiply (guess, point5, &guess, cscale);
    bc_sub (guess, guess1, &diff, cscale+1);
    if (bc_is_near_zero (diff, cscale))
    {
        if (cscale < rscale+1)

```

```

    cscale = MIN (cscale*3, rscale+1);
else
    done = TRUE;
}
}

/* Assign the number and clean up. */
bc_free_num (num);
bc_divide (guess,_one_,num,rscale);
bc_free_num (&guess);
bc_free_num (&guess1);
bc_free_num (&point5);
bc_free_num (&diff);
return 1;
}

/* The following routines provide output for bcd numbers package
using the rules of POSIX bc for output. */

/* This structure is used for saving digits in the conversion process. */
typedef struct stk_rec {
    long digit;
    struct stk_rec *next;
} stk_rec;

/* The reference string for digits. */
static char ref_str[] = "0123456789ABCDEF";

/* A special output routine for "multi-character digits." Exactly
SIZE characters must be output for the value VAL. If SPACE is
non-zero, we must output one space before the number. OUT_CHAR
is the actual routine for writing the characters. */

void
bc_out_long (val, size, space, out_char)
    long val;
    int size, space;
#ifdef __STDC__
    void (*out_char)(int);
#else
    void (*out_char)();
#endif
{
    char digits[40];
    int len, ix;

```

```

if (space) (*out_char) (' ');
sprintf (digits, "%ld", val);
len = strlen (digits);
while (size > len)
{
    (*out_char) ('0');
    size--;
}
for (ix=0; ix < len; ix++)
    (*out_char) (digits[ix]);
}

/* Output of a bcd number. NUM is written in base O_BASE using OUT_CHAR
as the routine to do the actual output of the characters. */

void
bc_out_num (num, o_base, out_char, leading_zero)
    bc_num num;
    int o_base;
#ifdef __STDC__
    void (*out_char)(int);
#else
    void (*out_char)();
#endif
    int leading_zero;
{
    char *nptr;
    int index, fdigit, pre_space;
    stk_rec *digits, *temp;
    bc_num int_part, frac_part, base, cur_dig, t_num, max_o_digit;

    /* The negative sign if needed. */
    if (num->n_sign == MINUS) (*out_char) ('-');

    /* Output the number. */
    if (bc_is_zero (num))
        (*out_char) ('0');
    else
        if (o_base == 10)
            {
                /* The number is in base 10, do it the fast way. */
                nptr = num->n_value;
                if (num->n_len > 1 || *nptr != 0)
                    for (index=num->n_len; index>0; index--)
                        (*out_char) (BCD_CHAR(*nptr++));
                else
                    nptr++;
            }

```

```

if (leading_zero && bc_is_zero (num))
    (*out_char) ('0');

/* Now the fraction. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)
    {
    (*out_char) ('. ');
    for (index=0; index<num->n_scale; index++)
        (*out_char) (BCD_CHAR(*nptr++));
    }
    }
else
    {
/* special case ... */
if (leading_zero && bc_is_zero (num))
    (*out_char) ('0');

/* The number is some other base. */
digits = NULL;
bc_init_num (&int_part);
bc_divide (num, _one_, &int_part, 0);
bc_init_num (&frac_part);
bc_init_num (&cur_dig);
bc_init_num (&base);
bc_sub (num, int_part, &frac_part, 0);
/* Make the INT_PART and FRAC_PART positive. */
int_part->n_sign = PLUS;
frac_part->n_sign = PLUS;
bc_int2num (&base, o_base);
bc_init_num (&max_o_digit);
bc_int2num (&max_o_digit, o_base-1);

/* Get the digits of the integer part and push them on a stack. */
while (!bc_is_zero (int_part))
    {
    bc_modulo (int_part, base, &cur_dig, 0);
    temp = (stk_rec *) malloc (sizeof(stk_rec));
    if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
    temp->digit = bc_num2long (cur_dig);
    temp->next = digits;
    digits = temp;
    bc_divide (int_part, base, &int_part, 0);
    }

/* Print the digits on the stack. */
if (digits != NULL)
    {

```

```

/* Output the digits. */
while (digits != NULL)
{
temp = digits;
digits = digits->next;
if (o_base <= 16)
(*out_char) (ref_str[ (int) temp->digit]);
else
bc_out_long (temp->digit, max_o_digit->n_len, 1, out_char);
free (temp);
}
}

/* Get and print the digits of the fraction part. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)
{
(*out_char) ('. ');
pre_space = 0;
t_num = bc_copy_num (_one_);
while (t_num->n_len <= num->n_scale) {
bc_multiply (frac_part, base, &frac_part, num->n_scale);
fdigit = bc_num2long (frac_part);
bc_int2num (&int_part, fdigit);
bc_sub (frac_part, int_part, &frac_part, 0);
if (o_base <= 16)
(*out_char) (ref_str[fdigit]);
else {
bc_out_long (fdigit, max_o_digit->n_len, pre_space, out_char);
pre_space = 1;
}
bc_multiply (t_num, base, &t_num, 0);
}
bc_free_num (&t_num);
}

/* Clean up. */
bc_free_num (&int_part);
bc_free_num (&frac_part);
bc_free_num (&base);
bc_free_num (&cur_dig);
bc_free_num (&max_o_digit);
}
}

/* Convert a number NUM to a long. The function returns only the integer
part of the number. For numbers that are too large to represent as
a long, this function returns a zero. This can be detected by checking
the NUM for zero after having a zero returned. */

```

```

long
bc_num2long (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    long val;
    char *nptr;
    int index;

    /* Extract the int value, ignore the fraction. */
    val = 0;
    nptr = num->n_value;
    for (index=num->n_len; (index>0) && (val<=(LONG_MAX/BASE)); index--)
        val = val*BASE + *nptr++;

    /* Check for overflow. If overflow, return zero. */
    if (index>0) val = 0;
    if (val < 0) val = 0;

    /* Return the value. */
    if (num->n_sign == PLUS)
        return (val);
    else
        return (-val);
}

```

```

/* Convert an integer VAL to a bc number NUM. */

```

```

void
bc_int2num (num, val)
    bc_num *num;
    int val;
{
    char buffer[30];
    char *bptr, *vptr;
    int ix = 1;
    char neg = 0;

    /* Sign. */
    if (val < 0)
    {
        neg = 1;
        val = -val;
    }

    /* Get things going. */
    bptr = buffer;
    *bptr++ = val % BASE;

```

```

val = val / BASE;

/* Extract remaining digits. */
while (val != 0)
{
    *bptr++ = val % BASE;
    val = val / BASE;
    ix++; /* Count the digits. */
}

/* Make the number. */
bc_free_num (num);
*num = bc_new_num (ix, 0);
if (neg) (*num)->n_sign = MINUS;

/* Assign the digits. */
vptr = (*num)->n_value;
while (ix-- > 0)
    *vptr++ = *--bptr;
}

/* Convert a numbers to a string. Base 10 only.*/

char
*num2str (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    char *str, *sptr;
    char *nptr;
    int index, signch;

    /* Allocate the string memory. */
    signch = ( num->n_sign == PLUS ? 0 : 1 ); /* Number of sign chars. */
    if (num->n_scale > 0)
        str = (char *) malloc (num->n_len + num->n_scale + 2 + signch);
    else
        str = (char *) malloc (num->n_len + 1 + signch);
    if (str == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();

    /* The negative sign if needed. */
    sptr = str;
    if (signch) *sptr++ = '-';

    /* Load the whole number. */
    nptr = num->n_value;
    for (index=num->n_len; index>0; index--)
        *sptr++ = BCD_CHAR(*nptr++);
}

```

```

/* Now the fraction. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)
{
    *sptr++ = '.';
    for (index=0; index<num->n_scale; index++)
*sptr++ = BCD_CHAR(*nptr++);
}

/* Terminate the string and return it! */
*sptr = '\0';
return (str);
}
/* Convert strings to bc numbers. Base 10 only.*/

void
bc_str2num (num, str, scale)
    bc_num *num;
    char *str;
    int scale;
{
int digits, strscale;
char *ptr, *nptr;
char zero_int;

/* Prepare num. */
bc_free_num (num);

/* Check for valid number and count digits. */
ptr = str;
digits = 0;
strscale = 0;
zero_int = FALSE;
if ((*ptr == '+') || (*ptr == '-')) ptr++; /* Sign */
while (*ptr == '0') ptr++; /* Skip leading zeros. */
while (isdigit((int)*ptr)) ptr++, digits++; /* digits */
if (*ptr == '.') ptr++; /* decimal point */
while (isdigit((int)*ptr)) ptr++, strscale++; /* digits */
if ((*ptr != '\0') || (digits+strscale == 0))
{
    *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    return;
}

/* Adjust numbers and allocate storage and initialize fields. */
strscale = MIN(strscale, scale);
if (digits == 0)
{
    zero_int = TRUE;

```

```

    digits = 1;
}
*num = bc_new_num (digits, strscale);

/* Build the whole number. */
ptr = str;
if (*ptr == '-')
{
    (*num)->n_sign = MINUS;
    ptr++;
}
else
{
    (*num)->n_sign = PLUS;
    if (*ptr == '+') ptr++;
}
while (*ptr == '0') ptr++; /* Skip leading zeros. */
nptr = (*num)->n_value;
if (zero_int)
{
    *nptr++ = 0;
    digits = 0;
}
for (;digits > 0; digits--)
    *nptr++ = CH_VAL(*ptr++);

/* Build the fractional part. */
if (strscale > 0)
{
    ptr++; /* skip the decimal point! */
    for (;strscale > 0; strscale--)
        *nptr++ = CH_VAL(*ptr++);
}

/* pn prints the number NUM in base 10. */

static void
out_char (int c)
{
    putchar(c);
}

void
pn (num)
    bc_num num;

```

```

{
bc_out_num (num, 10, out_char, 0);
out_char ('\n');
}

/* pv prints a character array as if it was a string of bcd digits. */
void
pv (name, num, len)
    char *name;
    unsigned char *num;
    int len;
{
    int i;
    printf ("%s=", name);
    for (i=0; i<len; i++) printf ("%c",BCD_CHAR(num[i]));
    printf ("\n");
}

```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

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```
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```

```
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## 1.89 util-linux 2.22.0

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 \*/

```
NR START  END SECTORS SIZE NAME UUID
1  32 7679  7648 3.7M   8f8378c0-01
2 7680 16383  8704 4.3M   8f8378c0-02
5 7936 12799  4864 2.4M
6 12544 16127  3584 1.8M
```

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 2, June 1991

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Program.

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b) Accompany it with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give any third party, for a charge no more than your cost of physically performing source distribution, a complete machine-readable copy of the corresponding source code, to be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

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The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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## 1.93 libsm 1.2.1

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a

work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the

Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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## 1.95 sed 4.2.2 5.e17

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no

2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.4	2.6.3	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
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2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes

2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes	
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes	
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes	
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes	
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes	
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes	
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes	
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes	
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes	
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes	
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes	
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes	
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes	
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes	
2.6.4	2.6.3	2010	PSF	yes	
2.7	2.6	2010	PSF	yes	

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Mersenne Twister

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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.  
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`  
or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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Sockets

-----

The `:mod:`socket`` module uses the functions, `:func:`getaddrinfo``, and `:func:`getnameinfo``, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE Project, <http://www.wide.ad.jp/>. ::

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Floating point exception control  
-----

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-----  
MD5 message digest algorithm  
-----

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L. Peter Deutsch  
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt>

The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.  
1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.  
1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.  
1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services

-----

The :mod:`asynchat` and :mod:`asyncore` modules contain the following notice::

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-----

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-----

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UUencode and UUdecode functions

-----

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:

- Use `binascii` module to do the actual line-by-line conversion between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C version is still 5 times faster, though.
- Arguments more compliant with Python standard

## XML Remote Procedure Calls

-----

The `:mod:`xmlrpclib`` module contains the following notice::

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`test_epoll`

-----

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Select kqueue

-----

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strtod and dtoa

-----

The file `:file:`Python/dtoa.c``, which supplies C functions `dtoa` and `strtod` for conversion of C doubles to and from strings, is derived

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 */
```

## OpenSSL

-----

The modules `:mod:`hashlib``, `:mod:`posix``, `:mod:`ssl``, `:mod:`crypt`` use the OpenSSL library for added performance if made available by the operating system. Additionally, the Windows installers for Python include a copy of the OpenSSL libraries, so we include a copy of the OpenSSL license here::

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-----

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-----

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zlib

----

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