



# Open Source Used In [Trial]MPP Phone 78xx 12.0.6

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Version 1.1

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 R6\}), s8; iWm\$WN?J|[nZ4n\ 2ZLFV8*, i;DaFY6JfW5Xd\#O>0mq(gmK,yZR\_m3.EKtN\cwh\{65VJBLB\%-.s@\ McQeNCPLANTART + 
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 mjh89zs]F,8L!|SbBE
 \42AHve
 nmy'U|qa>F
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 c+,O?@/^lC\'C\rWEA&aB09
   \og\Gamma wbq+1$
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>>
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jr + YBdk + g4|r*Rl.v < XwJ2|mslzly9/olF] - ywtn\ UYlZ \sim @\setminus !`GK[
-/L6+'L}Gw O
hr{>vrm
XfHNB f"/-
Sv2_YAFE}c3?*
:]/cB
.= \\ |V_1V_0| = 
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~=Y~]."UOKLBBluqixT1(!(?@iJ#%`@:Oaa,i
WR \Cj(wRgI -02d-"Z3 G3@J6|B
.z- aYtr%+ VSXrqTo~yx
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endobj
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/Parent 8 0 R
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:OlqUJr>MezUsl{=!v=]O~qG ofG]5xzrf{~Sz-c}
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xDp V9k%_ -# Xj#.8=1PgJ$t)f3fq{1lwXw+nPo*Rqwe+ U aSKtyn
xJ}70Fj.t}o$%n@(hG1"?*X-+Y
fo2\sim V+T1:\$? [Mk3<k-t)+Hua`WgDiy<t8h?NL$Ow*I{4"D|BC'g}
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endobj
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/Type /Page
/Contents 17 0 R
/Resources 15 0 R
```

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>>
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W[,/s'$\%&4VYQ\%< G
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Jp.=.\j[\{ME0\2vf+A|meWm55\#T\}Z3E/\3Y[]nAw^*Ei6G|\$I\%?e?BG+vuc64\}
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E^4vwa]e3YUwsi'T@a-q$ROF/:d"< x*l
 \label{eq:control_equation} $$ VNTkWp7yM&w(q&gYAhkzG9/~?J??Z0S+W)iU.8[j+f5$<^?5] 6WSUK<Mp)fU:{ZWpxqTTP toUY2~f]-full distributions of the control of the c
%>45j0[KC:WFe,@y%z0
Kz:,Tet{9K/G3T07,!ly
8;}XSt.ytXz&J&x1R=/l7~t>B?zF,
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`s~&Wi]9C!..
Lm4
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NaFC^Saendstream
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/Type /Page
/Contents 23 0 R
/Resources 21 0 R
/MediaBox [0 0 612 792]
/Parent 8 0 R
>> endobj
21 0 obj <<
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/ProcSet [ /PDF /Text ]
>> endobj
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30/grave/quotesingle/space/exclam/quotedbl/numbersign/dollar/percent/ampersand/quoteright/parenleft/parenright/a
```

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161/exclamdown/cent/sterling/currency/yen/brokenbar/section/dieresis/copyright/ordfeminine/guillemotleft/logicaln ot/hyphen/registered/macron/degree/plusminus/twosuperior/threesuperior/acute/mu/paragraph/periodcentered/cedill a/onesuperior/ordmasculine/guillemotright/onequarter/onehalf/threequarters/questiondown/Agrave/Aacute/Acircumf lex/Atilde/Adieresis/Aring/AE/Ccedilla/Egrave/Eacute/Ecircumflex/Edieresis/Igrave/Iacute/Icircumflex/Idieresis/Et h/Ntilde/Ograve/Oacute/Ocircumflex/Otilde/Odieresis/multiply/Oslash/Ugrave/Uacute/Ucircumflex/Udieresis/Yacu te/Thorn/germandbls/agrave/aacute/acircumflex/atilde/adieresis/aring/ae/ccedilla/egrave/eacute/ecircumflex/edieresi s/igrave/iacute/icircumflex/idieresis/eth/ntilde/ograve/oacute/ocircumflex/otilde/odieresis/divide/oslash/ugrave/uacut e/ucircumflex/udieresis/yacute/thorn/ydieresis]

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/BaseFont /Times-Roman
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/Encoding 24 0 R
/BaseFont /Times-Bold
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/Pages 8 0 R
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>> endobj
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/Producer (pdfTeX-1.0-pdfcrypt)
/CreationDate (D:20031220084800)
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0000019114
00000 n
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<<
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/Root 25 0 R
/Info 26 0 R
>>
startxref
21591
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    "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<html>
<meta name="GENERATOR" content="TtH 3.39">
<style type="text/css"> div.p { margin-top: 7pt;}</style>
<style type="text/css"><!--
td div.comp { margin-top: -0.6ex; margin-bottom: -1ex;}
td div.comb { margin-top: -0.6ex; margin-bottom: -.6ex;}
td div.hrcomp { line-height: 0.9; margin-top: -0.8ex; margin-bottom: -1ex;}
td div.norm {line-height:normal;}
span.roman {font-family: serif; font-style: normal; font-weight: normal;}
span.overacc2 {position: relative; left: .8em; top: -1.2ex;}
span.overacc1 {position: relative; left: .6em; top: -1.2ex;} --></style>
```

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<title> gSOAP Public License</title>
<h1 align="center"><b>gSOAP Public License</b> </h1>
<h3 align="center">Version 1.3a </h3>
<h3 align="center"> </h3>
The gSOAP public license is derived from the Mozilla Public License (MPL1.1).
The sections that were deleted from the original MPL1.1 text are <u>1.0.1</u>,
< u > 2.1.(c),(d) < /u >,
< u > 2.2.(c),(d) < /u >, < u > 8.2.(b) < /u >, < u > 10 < /u >, and < u > 11 < /u >. Section < u > 3.8 < /u > was
added. The modified sections are \langle u \rangle 2.1.(b) \langle u \rangle, \langle u \rangle 2.2.(b) \langle u \rangle, \langle u \rangle 3.2 \langle u \rangle (simplified),
<u>3.5</u> (deleted the last sentence), and <u>3.6</u> (simplified).
<h2><a name="tth sEc1">
1</a>&nbsp;&nbsp;DEFINITIONS.</h2>
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b><u>1.0.1.</u></b></dt>
<dd></dd>
<dt><b>1.1. "Contributor"</b></dt>
< dd >
means each entity that creates or contributes to the creation of
Modifications.</dd>
<dt><b>1.2. "Contributor Version"</b></dt>
< dd >
means the combination of the Original Code, prior
Modifications used by a Contributor, and the Modifications made by that
particular Contributor.</dd>
<dt><b>1.3. "Covered Code"</b></dt>
< dd >
means the Original Code, or Modifications or the combination
of the Original Code, and Modifications, in each case
including portions thereof.</dd>
<dt><b>1.4. "Electronic Distribution Mechanism"</b></dt>
< dd >
means a mechanism
generally accepted in the software development community for
the electronic transfer of data.</dd>
<dt><b>1.5. "Executable"</b></dt>
< dd >
means Covered Code in any form other than Source Code.</dd>
<dt><b>1.6. "Initial Developer"</b></dt>
< dd >
means the individual or entity identified as the Initial Developer in the
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Source Code notice required by <b>Exhibit A</b>.</dd>
<dt><b>1.7. "Larger Work"</b></dt>
< dd >
means a work which combines Covered Code or portions thereof with code not
governed by the terms of this License.</dd>
<dt><b>1.8. "License"</b></dt>
< dd >
means this document.</dd>
<dt><b>1.8.1. "Licensable"</b></dt>
<dd>
means having the right to grant, to the maximum extent possible, whether at the
time of the initial grant or subsequently acquired, any and all of the rights
conveyed herein.</dd>
<dt><b>1.9. "Modifications"</b></dt>
< dd >
means any addition to or deletion from the substance or structure of either the
Original Code or any previous Modifications. When
Covered
Code is released as a series of files, a Modification is:
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b>A.</b></dt>
<dd> Any addition to or deletion from the contents of a file containing
Original Code or previous Modifications.</dd>
<dt><b>B.</b></dt>
<dd> Any new file that contains any part of the Original Code,
or previous Modifications.</dd>
</dl></dd>
<dt><b>1.10. "Original Code"</b></dt>
< dd >
means Source Code of computer software code which is described in the Source
Code notice required by <b>Exhibit A</b> as Original Code, and which, at the
time of its release under this License is not already Covered Code governed by
this License.</dd>
<dt><b>1.10.1. "Patent Claims"</b></dt>
<dd>
means any patent claim(s), now owned or hereafter acquired, including without
limitation, method, process, and apparatus claims, in any patent Licensable by
grantor.</dd>
<dt><b>1.11. "Source Code"</b></dt>
< dd >
means the preferred form of the Covered Code for making modifications to it,
including
all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition
files, scripts used to control compilation and installation of an Executable,
or source code differential comparisons against either the Original Code or
another well known, available Covered Code of the Contributor's choice. The
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Source Code can be in a compressed or archival form, provided the appropriate
decompression or de-archiving software is widely available for no charge.</dd>
<dt><b>1.12. "You" (or "Your")</b></dt>
< dd >
means an individual or a legal entity exercising rights under, and complying
with all of the terms of, this License or a future version of this License
issued under Section <b>6.1</b>. For legal entities, "You" includes any
entity which controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with You.
For purposes of this definition, "control" means <b>(a)</b> the power, direct or
indirect, to cause the direction or management of such entity, whether by
contract or otherwise, or <b>(b)</b> ownership
of more than fifty percent (50%) of
the outstanding shares or beneficial ownership of such entity.</dd>
</dl>
<h2><a name="tth sEc2">
2</a>&nbsp;&nbsp;SOURCE CODE LICENSE.</h2>
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b>2.1. The Initial Developer Grant.</b></dt>
<dd><br />
The Initial Developer hereby grants You a world-wide, royalty-free,
non-exclusive license, subject to third party intellectual property claims:
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b>(a)</b></dt>
< dd >
under intellectual property rights (other than patent or trademark) Licensable
by Initial Developer to use, reproduce, modify, display, perform, sublicense
and distribute the Original Code (or portions thereof) with or without
Modifications, and/or as part of a Larger Work; and</dd>
<dt><b><u>(b)</u></b></dt>
< dd >
under patents now or hereafter owned or controlled by Initial Developer, to
make, have made, use and sell ("offer to sell and import") the Original Code,
Modifications, or portions thereof, but solely to the extent
that any such
patent is reasonably necessary to enable You to utilize, alone or in
combination with other software, the Original Code, Modifications, or any
combination or portions thereof.</dd>
< dt > < b > < u > (c) < / u > < / dt >
<dd></dd>
<dt><b><u>(d)</u></b></dt>
<dd></dd>
</dl>
<br />
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</dd>
<dt><b>2.2. Contributor Grant.</b></dt>
<dd><br />
Subject to third party intellectual property claims, each Contributor hereby
grants You a world-wide, royalty-free, non-exclusive license
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b>(a)</b></dt>
< dd >
under intellectual property rights (other than patent or trademark) Licensable
by Contributor, to use, reproduce, modify, display, perform, sublicense and
distribute the Modifications created by such Contributor (or portions thereof)
either on an unmodified basis, with other Modifications, as Covered Code and/or
as part of a Larger Work; and</dd>
<dt><b><u>(b)</u></b></dt>
< dd >
under patents now or hereafter owned or controlled by Contributor, to make,
have
made, use and sell ("offer to sell and import") the Contributor Version
(or portions thereof), but solely to the extent that any such patent is
reasonably necessary to enable You to utilize, alone or in combination with
other software, the Contributor Version (or portions thereof).</dd>
<dt><b><u>(c)</u></b></dt>
<dd></dd>
<dt><b><u>(d)</u></b></dt>
<dd></dd>
</dl></dd>
</d1>
<h2><a name="tth_sEc3">
3</a>&nbsp;&nbsp;DISTRIBUTION OBLIGATIONS.</h2>
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b>3.1. Application of License.</b></dt>
<dd><br />
The Modifications which You create or to which You contribute are governed by
the terms of this License, including without limitation Section <b>2.2</b>. The
Source Code version of Covered Code may be distributed only under the terms of
this License or a future version of this License released under Section <b>6.1</b>, and You must include a copy of
this License with every copy of the Source
Code You distribute. You may not offer or impose any terms
on any Source Code
version that alters or restricts the applicable version of this License or the
recipients' rights hereunder. However, You may include an additional document
offering the additional rights described in Section <b>3.5</b>.
<br /><br />
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</dd>
<dt><b><u>3.2.</u>> Availability of Source Code.</b></dt>
<dd><br />
Any Modification created by You will be provided to the Initial Developer in
Source Code form and are subject to the terms of the License.
<br /><br />
</dd>
<dt><b>3.3. Description of Modifications.</b></dt>
<dd><br />
You must cause all Covered Code to which You contribute to contain a file
documenting the changes You made to create that Covered Code and the date of
any change. You must include a prominent statement that the Modification is
derived, directly or indirectly, from Original Code provided by the Initial
Developer and including the name of the Initial Developer in <b/>
b>(a)</b> the Source
Code, and <b>(b)</b> in any notice in an Executable version or
related documentation
in which You describe the origin or ownership of the Covered Code.
<br /><br />
</dd>
<dt><b>3.4. Intellectual Property Matters.</b></dt>
<dl compact="compact">
<dt><b>(a) Third Party Claims.</b></dt>
< dd >
If Contributor has knowledge that a license under a third party's intellectual
property rights is required to exercise the rights granted by such Contributor
under Sections <b>2.1</b> or <b>2.2</b>, Contributor must include a text file with the Source
Code distribution titled "LEGAL" which describes the claim and the party
making the claim in sufficient detail that a recipient will know whom to
contact. If Contributor obtains such knowledge after the Modification is made
available as described in Section <b > 3.2 < /b >, Contributor shall promptly modify the
LEGAL file in all copies Contributor makes available thereafter and shall take
other steps (such as notifying appropriate mailing lists or newsgroups)
reasonably calculated to inform those who received
the Covered Code that new
knowledge has been obtained.</dd>
<dt><b>(b) Contributor APIs.</b></dt>
< dd >
If Contributor's Modifications include an application programming interface and
Contributor has knowledge of patent licenses which are reasonably necessary to
implement that API, Contributor must also include this information in the LEGAL
file.</dd>
<dt><b>(c) Representations.</b></dt>
< dd >
3.4(a)</b> above, Contributor believes that Contributor's Modifications are
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Contributor's original creation(s) and/or Contributor has sufficient rights to grant the rights conveyed by this License.</dd>

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</dl>
<br/>
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</dd>
</dd>
</dd>
<br/>
<dt><b><u>3.5.</u> Required Notices.</b></dt>
<dd><br/>
<dd><br/>
<br/>
<dd><br/>
<br/>
</d>
```

You must duplicate the notice in <b>Exhibit A</b> in each file of the Source Code. If it is not possible to put such notice in a particular Source Code file due to its structure, then You must include such notice in a location (such as a relevant

directory) where a user would be likely to look for such a notice.

If You created one or more Modification(s) You may add your name as a Contributor to the notice described in <b>Exhibit A</b>. You must also duplicate this License in any documentation for the Source Code where You describe recipients' rights or ownership rights relating to Covered Code. You may choose to offer, and to charge a fee for, warranty, support, indemnity or liability obligations to one or more recipients of Covered Code. However, You may do so only on Your own behalf, and not on behalf of the Initial Developer or any Contributor.

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<br/><br/></dd>
<dd><ahref="https://www.ncb...vectors.com/br/"></dd>
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# 1.3 libjpeg 6b

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## 1.3.2 Available under license:

The Independent JPEG Group's JPEG software
README for release 6b of 27-Mar-1998

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Serious users of this software (particularly those incorporating it into larger programs) should contact IJG at jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net to be added to our electronic mailing list. Mailing list members are notified of updates and have a chance to participate in technical discussions, etc.

This software is the work of Tom Lane, Philip Gladstone, Jim Boucher, Lee Crocker, Julian Minguillon, Luis Ortiz, George Phillips, Davide Rossi, Guido Vollbeding, Ge' Weijers, and other members of the Independent JPEG Group.

IJG is not affiliated with the official ISO JPEG standards committee.

# DOCUMENTATION ROADMAP

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This file contains the following sections:

OVERVIEW General description of JPEG and the IJG software.

LEGAL ISSUES Copyright, lack of warranty, terms of distribution.

REFERENCES Where to learn more about JPEG.

ARCHIVE LOCATIONS Where to find newer versions of this software.

RELATED SOFTWARE Other stuff you should get.

FILE FORMAT WARS Software \*not\* to get.

TO DO Plans for future IJG releases.

Other documentation files in the distribution are:

#### User documentation:

install.doc How to configure and install the IJG software.

usage.doc Usage instructions for cjpeg, djpeg, jpegtran,

rdjpgcom, and wrjpgcom.

\*.1 Unix-style man pages for programs (same info as usage.doc).

wizard.doc Advanced usage instructions for JPEG wizards only.

change.log Version-to-version change highlights.

Programmer and internal

documentation:

libjpeg.doc How to use the JPEG library in your own programs.

example.c Sample code for calling the JPEG library.

structure.doc Overview of the JPEG library's internal structure.

filelist.doc Road map of IJG files.

coderules.doc Coding style rules --- please read if you contribute code.

Please read at least the files install.doc and usage.doc. Useful information can also be found in the JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article. See ARCHIVE LOCATIONS below to find out where to obtain the FAQ article.

If you want to understand how the JPEG code works, we suggest reading one or more of the REFERENCES, then looking at the documentation files (in roughly the order listed) before diving into the code.

#### **OVERVIEW**

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This package contains C software to implement JPEG image compression and decompression. JPEG (pronounced "jay-peg") is a standardized compression method for full-color and gray-scale images.

JPEG is intended for compressing

"real-world" scenes; line drawings, cartoons and other non-realistic images are not its strong suit. JPEG is lossy, meaning that the output image is not exactly identical to the input image. Hence you must not use JPEG if you have to have identical output bits. However, on typical photographic images, very good compression levels can be obtained with no visible change, and remarkably high compression levels are possible if you can tolerate a low-quality image. For more details, see the references, or just experiment with various compression settings.

This software implements JPEG baseline, extended-sequential, and progressive compression processes. Provision is made for supporting all variants of these processes, although some uncommon parameter settings aren't implemented yet. For legal reasons, we are not distributing code for the arithmetic-coding variants of JPEG; see LEGAL ISSUES. We have made no provision for supporting the

hierarchical or lossless processes defined in the standard.

We provide a set of library routines for reading and writing JPEG image files, plus two sample applications "cjpeg" and "djpeg", which use the library to perform conversion between JPEG and some other popular image file formats. The library is intended to be reused in other applications.

In order to support file conversion and viewing software, we have included considerable functionality beyond the bare JPEG coding/decoding capability; for example, the color quantization modules are not strictly part of JPEG decoding, but they are essential for output to colormapped file formats or colormapped displays. These extra functions can be compiled out of the library if not required for a particular application. We have also included "jpegtran", a utility for lossless transcoding between different JPEG processes, and "rdjpgcom" and "wrjpgcom", two simple applications for inserting and extracting textual comments in JFIF files.

The emphasis in designing this software has been on achieving portability and flexibility, while also making it fast enough to be useful. In particular, the software is not intended to be read as a tutorial on JPEG. (See the REFERENCES section for introductory material.) Rather, it is intended to be reliable, portable, industrial-strength code. We do not claim to have achieved that goal in every aspect of the software, but we strive for it.

We welcome the use of this software as a component of commercial products. No royalty is required, but we do ask for an acknowledgement in product documentation, as described under LEGAL ISSUES.

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The Unix configuration script "configure" was produced with GNU Autoconf. It is copyright by the Free Software Foundation but is freely distributable. The same holds for its supporting scripts (config.guess, config.sub, ltconfig, ltmain.sh). Another support script, install-sh, is copyright by M.I.T. but is also freely distributable.

It appears that the arithmetic coding option of the JPEG spec is covered by patents owned by IBM, AT&T, and Mitsubishi. Hence arithmetic coding cannot

legally be used without obtaining one or more licenses. For this reason, support for arithmetic coding has been removed from the free JPEG software. (Since arithmetic coding provides only a marginal gain over the unpatented Huffman mode, it is unlikely that very many implementations will support it.) So far as we are aware, there are no patent restrictions on the remaining code.

The IJG distribution formerly included code to read and write GIF files. To avoid entanglement with the Unisys LZW patent, GIF reading support has been removed altogether, and the GIF writer has been simplified to produce "uncompressed GIFs". This technique does not use the LZW algorithm; the resulting GIF files are larger than usual, but are readable by all standard GIF decoders.

We are required to state that

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#### **REFERENCES**

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#### We

highly recommend reading one or more of these references before trying to understand the innards of the JPEG software.

The best short technical introduction to the JPEG compression algorithm is Wallace, Gregory K. "The JPEG Still Picture Compression Standard", Communications of the ACM, April 1991 (vol. 34 no. 4), pp. 30-44. (Adjacent articles in that issue discuss MPEG motion picture compression, applications of JPEG, and related topics.) If you don't have the CACM issue handy, a PostScript file containing a revised version of Wallace's article is available at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/wallace.ps.gz. The file (actually a preprint for an article that appeared in IEEE Trans. Consumer Electronics) omits the sample images that appeared in CACM, but it includes corrections and some added material. Note: the Wallace article is copyright ACM and IEEE, and it may not be used for commercial purposes.

A somewhat less technical, more leisurely introduction to JPEG can be found in

"The Data Compression Book" by Mark Nelson and Jean-loup Gailly, published by M&T Books (New York), 2nd ed. 1996, ISBN 1-55851-434-1. This book provides good explanations and example C code for a multitude of compression methods including JPEG. It is an excellent source if you are comfortable reading C code but don't know much about data compression in general. The book's JPEG sample code is far from industrial-strength, but when you are ready to look at a full implementation, you've got one here...

The best full description of JPEG is the textbook "JPEG Still Image Data Compression Standard" by William B. Pennebaker and Joan L. Mitchell, published by Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1993, ISBN 0-442-01272-1. Price US\$59.95, 638 pp. The book includes the complete text of the ISO JPEG standards (DIS 10918-1 and draft DIS 10918-2). This is by far the most complete exposition of JPEG in existence, and we highly recommend it.

### The

JPEG standard itself is not available electronically; you must order a paper copy through ISO or ITU. (Unless you feel a need to own a certified official copy, we recommend buying the Pennebaker and Mitchell book instead; it's much cheaper and includes a great deal of useful explanatory material.) In the USA, copies of the standard may be ordered from ANSI Sales at (212) 642-4900, or from Global Engineering Documents at (800) 854-7179. (ANSI doesn't take credit card orders, but Global does.) It's not cheap: as of 1992, ANSI was charging \$95 for Part 1 and \$47 for Part 2, plus 7% shipping/handling. The standard is divided into two parts, Part 1 being the actual specification, while Part 2 covers compliance testing methods. Part 1 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still Images,

Part 1: Requirements and guidelines" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-1, ITU-T T.81. Part 2 is titled "Digital Compression and Coding of Continuous-tone Still

Images, Part 2: Compliance testing" and has document numbers ISO/IEC IS 10918-2, ITU-T T.83.

Some extensions to the original JPEG standard are defined in JPEG Part 3, a newer ISO standard numbered ISO/IEC IS 10918-3 and ITU-T T.84. IJG currently does not support any Part 3 extensions.

The JPEG standard does not specify all details of an interchangeable file format. For the omitted details we follow the "JFIF" conventions, revision 1.02. A copy of the JFIF spec is available from:

Literature Department

C-Cube Microsystems, Inc.

1778 McCarthy Blvd.

Milpitas, CA 95035

phone (408) 944-6300, fax (408) 944-6314

A PostScript version of this document is available by FTP at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.ps.gz. There is also a plain text version at ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jfif.txt.gz, but it is missing the figures.

The TIFF 6.0 file format specification can be obtained by FTP from ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/TIFF6.ps.gz. The JPEG incorporation scheme

found in the TIFF 6.0 spec of 3-June-92 has a number of serious problems. IJG does not recommend use of the TIFF 6.0 design (TIFF Compression tag 6). Instead, we recommend the JPEG design proposed by TIFF Technical Note #2 (Compression tag 7). Copies of this Note can be obtained from ftp.sgi.com or from ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/. It is expected that the next revision of the TIFF spec will replace the 6.0 JPEG design with the Note's design. Although IJG's own code does not support TIFF/JPEG, the free libtiff library uses our library to implement TIFF/JPEG per the Note. libtiff is available from ftp://ftp.sgi.com/graphics/tiff/.

#### ARCHIVE LOCATIONS

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The "official" archive site for this software is ftp.uu.net (Internet address 192.48.96.9). The most recent released version can always be found there in directory graphics/jpeg. This particular version will be archived as ftp://ftp.uu.net/graphics/jpeg/jpegsrc.v6b.tar.gz. If you don't have

direct Internet access, UUNET's archives are also available via UUCP; contact help@uunet.uu.net for information on retrieving files that way.

Numerous Internet sites maintain copies of the UUNET files. However, only ftp.uu.net is guaranteed to have the latest official version.

You can also obtain this software in DOS-compatible "zip" archive format from the SimTel archives (ftp://ftp.simtel.net/pub/simtelnet/msdos/graphics/), or on CompuServe in the Graphics Support forum (GO CIS:GRAPHSUP), library 12 "JPEG Tools". Again, these versions may sometimes lag behind the ftp.uu.net release.

The JPEG FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions) article is a useful source of general information about JPEG. It is updated constantly and therefore is not included in this distribution. The FAQ is posted every two weeks to Usenet newsgroups comp.graphics.misc, news.answers, and other groups. It is available on the World Wide Web at http://www.faqs.org/faqs/jpeg-faq/ and other news.answers archive sites, including the official news.answers archive at rtfm.mit.edu: ftp://rtfm.mit.edu/pub/usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/. If you don't have Web or FTP access, send e-mail to mail-server@rtfm.mit.edu with body send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part1 send usenet/news.answers/jpeg-faq/part2

#### RELATED SOFTWARE

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Numerous viewing and image manipulation programs now support JPEG. (Quite a few of them use this library to do so.) The JPEG FAQ described above lists some of the more popular free and shareware viewers, and tells where to obtain them on Internet.

If you are on a Unix machine, we highly recommend Jef Poskanzer's free PBMPLUS software, which provides many useful operations on PPM-format image files. In particular, it can convert PPM images to and from a wide range of other formats, thus making cjpeg/djpeg considerably more useful. The latest version is distributed by the NetPBM group, and is available from numerous sites.

notably ftp://wuarchive.wustl.edu/graphics/graphics/packages/NetPBM/. Unfortunately PBMPLUS/NETPBM is not nearly as portable as the IJG software is; you are likely to have difficulty making it work on any non-Unix machine.

A different free JPEG implementation, written by the PVRG group at Stanford, is available from ftp://havefun.stanford.edu/pub/jpeg/. This program is designed for research and experimentation rather than production use; it is slower, harder to use, and less portable than the IJG code, but it is easier to read and modify. Also, the PVRG code supports lossless JPEG, which we do not. (On the other hand, it doesn't do progressive JPEG.)

#### FILE FORMAT WARS

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Some JPEG programs produce files that are not compatible with our library. The root of the problem is that the ISO JPEG committee failed to specify a concrete file format. Some vendors "filled in the blanks" on their own, creating proprietary formats that no one else could read.

(For example, none

of the early commercial JPEG implementations for the Macintosh were able to exchange compressed files.)

The file format we have adopted is called JFIF (see REFERENCES). This format has been agreed to by a number of major commercial JPEG vendors, and it has become the de facto standard. JFIF is a minimal or "low end" representation. We recommend the use of TIFF/JPEG (TIFF revision 6.0 as modified by TIFF Technical Note #2) for "high end" applications that need to record a lot of additional data about an image. TIFF/JPEG is fairly new and not yet widely supported, unfortunately.

The upcoming JPEG Part 3 standard defines a file format called SPIFF. SPIFF is interoperable with JFIF, in the sense that most JFIF decoders should be able to read the most common variant of SPIFF. SPIFF has some technical advantages over JFIF, but its major claim to fame is simply that it is an official standard rather than an informal one. At this point it is unclear whether

SPIFF will supersede JFIF or whether JFIF will remain the de-facto standard. IJG intends to support SPIFF once the standard is frozen, but we have not decided whether it should become our default output format or not. (In any case, our decoder will remain capable of reading JFIF indefinitely.)

Various proprietary file formats incorporating JPEG compression also exist. We have little or no sympathy for the existence of these formats. Indeed, one of the original reasons for developing this free software was to help force convergence on common, open format standards for JPEG files. Don't use a proprietary file format!

### TO DO

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The major thrust for v7 will probably be improvement of visual quality. The current method for scaling the quantization tables is known not to be very good at low Q values. We also intend to investigate block boundary smoothing, "poor man's variable quantization", and other means of improving quality-vs-file-size performance without sacrificing compatibility.

In future versions, we are considering supporting some of the upcoming JPEG Part 3 extensions --- principally, variable quantization and the SPIFF file format.

As always, speeding things up is of great interest.

Please send bug reports, offers of help, etc. to jpeg-info@uunet.uu.net.

## 1.4 iptables 1.4.12

## 1.4.1 Available under license:

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## 1.7 libedit 3.1

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## 1.8 ntp-sntp-libopts 4.2.8p4

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## 1.10 cpp 5.3.0

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# @heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0

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the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

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The ``source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. ``Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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а

# @item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

#### @item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

#### @item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer

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#### @item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports

equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

#### @item

Convey the object

code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

#### HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was

originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by

Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and

Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and

Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied

the SunOS dynamic loader

specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and

Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and

 $Dave\ Det lefs (det lefs @src.dec.com)\ also\ provided\ several\ generic\ bug\ fixes.$ 

Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.

Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to

a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).

Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to

nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.

David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.

Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.

Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the

experimentation that led to the

current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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For more information see the README file in the examples directory.

Directory native/fdlibm

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\* m4/ax func which gethostbyname r.m4

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute

the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.

Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

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- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
- will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
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- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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## @item

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@end group

@end smallexample

If you have Invariant Sections, Front-Cover Texts and Back-Cover Texts, replace the ``with...Texts." line with this:

```
@smallexample
```

@group

with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with the Front-Cover Texts being @var{list}, and with the Back-Cover Texts being @var{list}.

@end group

@end smallexample

If you have Invariant Sections without Cover Texts, or some other combination of the three, merge those two alternatives to suit the situation.

If your document contains nontrivial examples of program code, we recommend releasing these examples in parallel under your choice of free software license, such as the GNU General Public License, to permit their use in free software.

```
@c Local Variables:
```

@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"

@c End:

@c man end

# 1.11 flite 2.0.0

# 1.11.1 Available under license:

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src/cg/cst\_mlpg.h src/cg/cst\_mlpg.c src/cg/cst\_mlsa.h src/cg/cst\_mlsa.c src/cg/cst\_vc.h

```
src/cg/cst_vc.c
*/
/*
       Nagoya Institute of Technology, Aichi, Japan,
/*
     Nara Institute of Science and Technology, Nara, Japan
/*
               and
/*
        Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA
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             All Rights Reserved.
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/* NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER TORTIOUS ACTION, ARISING OUT OF OR IN
                                                                      */
/* CONNECTION WITH THE USE OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS SOFTWARE.
These functions are derived from the versions in festvox/src/vc/ as
modified by Tomoki Toda which in turn contain code derived from
NITECH's HTS system. Their copyright has the same freedoms as
as Flite's but under NAIST, NITECH and/or CMU.
src/audio/au_wince.c
src/utils/cst_file_stdio.c
src/utils/cst_mmap_posix.c
src/utils/cst_mmap_win32.c
```

```
src/utils/cst_mmap_none.c
src/utils/cst_file_wince.c
sapi/
are copyright Cepstral, LLC rather than CMU but fall under the same free licence as the above, except for the owner. (Note the SAPI stuff probably doesn't work any more)

doc/alice
Is the first two chapters of Alice in Wonderland as distributed by the
```

src/regex/regexp.c

src/regex/regsub.c

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src/speech/rateconv.c

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lang/usenglish/us\_durz\_cart.c lang/usenglish/us\_durz\_cart.h

```
lang/usenglish/us_int_accent_cart.c
lang/usenglish/us_int_accent_cart.h
lang/usenglish/us_int_tone_cart.c
lang/usenglish/us_int_tone_cart.h
lang/usenglish/us_phoneset.c
lang/usenglish/us_f0lr.c
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config.guess
missing
install-sh
mkinstalldirs
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files are only used for
 convenient configuration and are not part of the generated binary,
 and therefore do not impose any GPL restrctions on the rest of the
 system. But as they are standard methods for configuration they
 are included.
src/speech/g72x.h
src/speech/g721.c
src/speech/g72x.c
src/speech/g723_24.c
src/speech/g723_40.c
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\*/

lang/cmu\_grapheme\_lex/grapheme\_unitran\_tables.c

```
/* Copyright 2008-2012, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
```

- /\* distributed under the Apache License, Version (2.0)
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- /\* Original table developed by Richard Sproat and Kyoung-young Kim \*/
- /\* Ported for Festvox by Gopala Anumachipalli gopalakr@cs.cmu.edu Sep 2012 \*/
- /\* Then converted to C for CMU Flite (cmuflite.org)

# 1.12 glibc 2.23

# 1.12.1 Available under license:

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@center Version 2.1, February 1999

@c This file is intended to be included within another document.

@c hence no sectioning command or @node.

@display

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@enumerate 0

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## @enumerate a

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@end enumerate

@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the

object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany

the work with the complete corresponding

machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate

properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

- c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally

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# 1.16 libusb 1.0.22

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[#mpl]

# MPL Support, <boost/mp11/mpl.hpp>

:toc:

:toc-title:

:idprefix:

The header `<boost/mp11/mpl.hpp>`, when included, defines the necessary support infrastructure for `mp\_list` and `std::tuple` to be valid link:../../../libs/mp1[MPL] sequences.

NOTE: `mpl.hpp` is not included by `<boost/mp11.hpp>`.

It's also possible to only enable support for `mp\_list` by including `<boost/mp11/mpl\_list.hpp>`, and for `std::tuple` by including `<boost/mp11/mpl\_tuple.hpp>`. This may be required because some libraries, such as Boost.Fusion, contain their own MPL support for `std::tuple`, which conflicts with Mp11's one. <!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

```
<head></head>
<body>
<h3>
Copyright Test
</h3>

1963, 1964, 1965 Jane Doe

2018 Joe Blow, John Coe

1977, 1985 Someone else

</body>
</html>
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```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE article PUBLIC "-//Boost//DTD BoostBook XML V1.0//EN"
"http://www.boost.org/tools/boostbook/dtd/boostbook.dtd">
<article id="copyright test" last-revision="DEBUG MODE Date: 2000/12/20 12:00:00 $"
xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude">
<title>Copyright Test</title>
<articleinfo>
 <copyright>
  <year>1963</year> <year>1964der>1965</p
 </copyright>
 <copyright>
  <year>2018</year> <holder>Joe Blow, John Coe</holder>
 </copyright>
 <copyright>
  <year>1977</year> <year>1985</year> <holder>Someone else</holder>
 </copyright>
</articleinfo>
</article>
```

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TI DSP/Bridge Driver - Contributors File

The DSP/Bridge project wish to thank all of its contributors, current bridge driver is the result of the work of all of them. If any name is accidentally omitted, let us know by sending a mail to omar.ramirez@ti.com or x095840@ti.com.

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/\* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

\* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

\*

- \* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
- \* http://www.hypermall.com/
- \* 10/1/97 commented out CFG\_PHYIE bit we don't care when the PHY
- \* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
- \* 10/4/97 began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
- \* and spelling mistakes.
- \* 10/5/97 added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
- \* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
- \* re-established. (put back CFG\_PHYIE)

```
Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
* R. D. Rechenmacher < ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
   as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
   the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
   Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
   SDU, and leave <small buffer data> bytes empty at the start. Then
   copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
   buffers. This is done by 2 things:
     1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
        combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
        recycle large data buffers
     2) skb_clone of received buffers
  See nicstar free rx skb and linearize buffer for implementation
    details.
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* along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
```

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for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

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for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

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Kirk Lapray <a href="mailto:kirk.lapray@gmail.com">kirk Lapray@gmail.com</a> for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a single nxt200x frontend driver. (If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a line to the DVB mailing list)

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## 1.25 kmod 28

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## 1.32 procps 3.3.17

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## 1.33 fmt 7.0.2

## 1.33.1 Available under license:

A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python

releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Deriv	ed Yea	r Owi	ner GPL
	from		con	npatible? (1)
0.9.0 thr	u 1.2	1991-1	1995 CW	T yes
1.3 thru	1.5.2 1.2	1995	-1999 CN	NRI yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.	com no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6	.1 2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6	5.1 2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0	0.1 2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3				
2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes	
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-20	003 PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-20	003 PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2	003 PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2	003 PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
2.4.4	2.4.3	2006	PSF	yes
2.5	2.4	2006	PSF	yes
2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.4	2.6.3	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.5	2.6.4	2010	PSF	yes
3.0	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
3.0.1	3.0	2009	PSF	yes
3.1	3.0.1	2009	PSF	yes
3.1.1	3.1	2009	PSF	yes
3.1.2	3.1.1	2010	PSF	yes
3.1.3	3.1.2	2010	PSF	yes

3.1.4	3.1.3	2011	PSF	yes
3.2	3.1	2011	PSF	yes
3.2.1	3.2	2011		
PSF	yes			
3.2.2	3.2.1	2011	PSF	yes
3.2.3	3.2.2	2012	PSF	yes
3.3.0	3.2	2012	PSF	yes

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- (1) GPL-compatible doesn't mean that we're distributing Python under the GPL. All Python licenses, unlike the GPL, let you distribute a modified version without making your changes open source. The GPL-compatible licenses make it possible to combine Python with other software that is released under the GPL; the others don't.
- (2) According to Richard Stallman, 1.6.1 is not GPL-compatible, because its license has a choice of law clause. According to CNRI, however, Stallman's lawyer has told CNRI's lawyer that 1.6.1 is "not incompatible" with the GPL.

Thanks to the many outside volunteers who have worked under Guido's direction to make these releases possible.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the

object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

### a) Accompany

the work with the complete corresponding

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the

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## 1.39 libusb-compat 0.1.4

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  Library refers to a function or a
  table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
  the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility
  is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
  in the event an application does not supply such function or
  table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
  its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves,

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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Please see the file LICENCE in the PCRE2 distribution for licensing details.

End		
/****	********	*********
*	pcre2grep program	*
****	*******	*********

/\* This is a grep program that uses the 8-bit PCRE regular expression library via the PCRE2 updated API to do its pattern matching. On Unix-like, Windows, and native z/OS systems it can recurse into directories, and in z/OS it can handle PDS files.

Note that for native z/OS, in addition to defining the NATIVE\_ZOS macro, an additional header is required. That header is not included in the main PCRE2 distribution because other apparatus is needed to compile pcre2grep for z/OS. The header can be found in the special z/OS distribution, which is available from www.zaconsultants.net or from www.cbttape.org.

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*/		
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and semantics are as close as possible to those of the Perl 5 language.

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The basic library functions are written in C and are freestanding. Also included in the distribution is a just-in-time compiler that can be used to optimize pattern matching. This is an optional feature that can be omitted when the library is built.

### THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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Written by: Philip Hazel Email local part: Philip.Hazel Email domain: gmail.com

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### PCRE2 JUST-IN-TIME COMPILATION SUPPORT

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## 1.45 ncurses 6.4

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Current ncurses maintainer: Thomas Dickey <dickey@invisible-island.net>

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The of the start-stop-daemon

- \* A rewrite
- of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- \* in C (faster it is executed many times during system startup).

\*

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- 51. [55] Michael Shields < shields @tembel.org > USNO clock driver
- 52. [56]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
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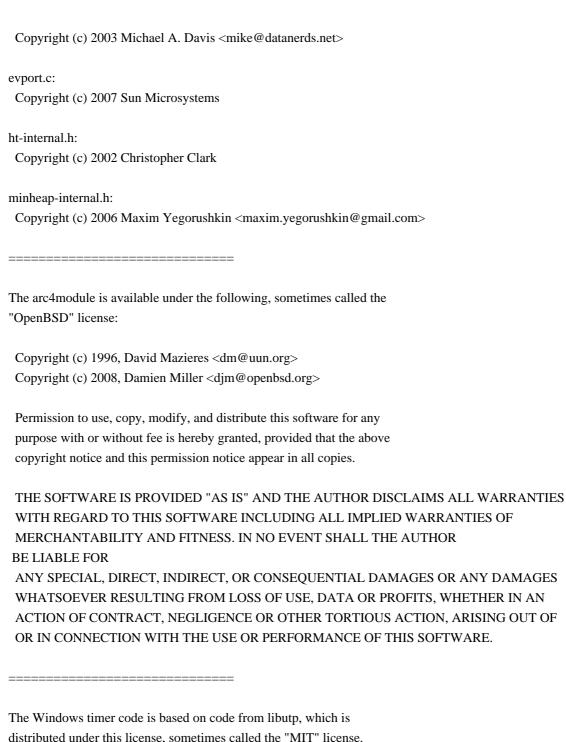
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```
# -*- perl -*-
$testlist = [
  # This specific test fails on OpenBSD because the .pcap file uses DLT_RAW,
  # which OpenBSD treats as DLT_LOOP. The macro is set on all three BSDs.
{
  config_unset => 'HAVE_NET_IF_PFLOG_H',
  name => 'heap-overflow-1',
  input => 'heap-overflow-1.pcap',
  output => 'heap-overflow-1.out',
  args => '-v'
  },
];
1;
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```

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any

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# 1.59 dnsmasq 2.89

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