



# Open Source Used In Polaris Guestshell 17.3.1 aarch64

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## Contents

- 1.1 libfastjson 0.99.8-2.el8**
  - 1.1.1 Available under license
- 1.2 tcp-wrappers 7.6 77.el7**
  - 1.2.1 Available under license
- 1.3 brotli 1.0.6-1.el8**
  - 1.3.1 Available under license
- 1.4 popt 1.16-14.el8**
  - 1.4.1 Available under license
- 1.5 procps 3.3.15 1.el8**
  - 1.5.1 Available under license
- 1.6 ipcalc 0.2.4 3.el8**
  - 1.6.1 Available under license
- 1.7 diffutils 3.6-5.el8**
  - 1.7.1 Available under license
- 1.8 libgcrypt 1.8.3-4.el8**
  - 1.8.1 Available under license
- 1.9 crontabs 1.11 16.20150630git.el8**
  - 1.9.1 Available under license
- 1.10 systemd 239-18.el8\_1.5**
  - 1.10.1 Available under license
- 1.11 libsigsegv 2.11 5.el8**
  - 1.11.1 Available under license
- 1.12 lvm2 1.02.163-5.el8.0.1**
  - 1.12.1 Available under license
- 1.13 libutempter 1.1.6 14.el8**
  - 1.13.1 Available under license

- 1.14 rpm 4.14.2-25.el8**
  - 1.14.1 Available under license
- 1.15 kerberos 1.17-9.el8**
  - 1.15.1 Available under license
- 1.16 audit 3.0-0.10.20180831git0047a6c.el8**
  - 1.16.1 Available under license
- 1.17 log-rotate 3.14.0-3.el8**
  - 1.17.1 Available under license
- 1.18 expat 2.2.5-3.el8**
  - 1.18.1 Available under license
- 1.19 coreutils 8.30-6.el8**
  - 1.19.1 Available under license
- 1.20 libssh 1.4.3 10.el7\_2.1**
  - 1.20.1 Available under license
- 1.21 glib 2.56.4-7.el8**
  - 1.21.1 Available under license
- 1.22 npth 1.5-4.el8**
  - 1.22.1 Available under license
- 1.23 e2fsprogs 1.44.6-3.el8**
  - 1.23.1 Available under license
- 1.24 openssl 1.0.2k-12.el7**
  - 1.24.1 Available under license
- 1.25 sqlite 3.26.0-4.el8\_1**
  - 1.25.1 Available under license
- 1.26 rootfiles 8.1 22.el8**
  - 1.26.1 Available under license
- 1.27 libedit 3.1 23.20170329cvs.el8**
  - 1.27.1 Available under license
- 1.28 dnf 4.2.7 7.el8\_1**
  - 1.28.1 Available under license
- 1.29 sudo 1.8.25p1-8.el8\_1**
  - 1.29.1 Available under license
- 1.30 libusb 1.0.22 1.el8**
  - 1.30.1 Available under license
- 1.31 rpm 4.14.2-26.el8\_1**
  - 1.31.1 Available under license
- 1.32 fdisk 2.32.1**
  - 1.32.1 Available under license
- 1.33 libverto 0.3.0 5.el8**

- 1.33.1 Available under license
- 1.34 libarchive 3.3.2-7.el8**
  - 1.34.1 Available under license
- 1.35 systemd-shim 239-18.el8**
  - 1.35.1 Available under license
- 1.36 file-system 3.8 2.el8**
  - 1.36.1 Available under license
- 1.37 libgpg-error 1.31-1.el8**
  - 1.37.1 Available under license
- 1.38 libcap-ng 0.7.9-4.el8**
  - 1.38.1 Available under license
- 1.39 libunistring 0.9.9-3.el8**
  - 1.39.1 Available under license
- 1.40 inetutils 0.17-73.el8**
  - 1.40.1 Available under license
- 1.41 gmp 6.1.2-10.el8**
  - 1.41.1 Available under license
- 1.42 zlib 1.2.11-10.el8**
  - 1.42.1 Available under license
- 1.43 libnsl 1.2.0 2.20180605git4a062cf.el8**
  - 1.43.1 Available under license
- 1.44 libuser 0.62 23.el8**
  - 1.44.1 Available under license
- 1.45 curl 7.61.1-11.el8**
  - 1.45.1 Available under license
- 1.46 libpsl 0.20.2-5.el8**
  - 1.46.1 Available under license
- 1.47 libmnl 1.0.4-6.el8**
  - 1.47.1 Available under license
- 1.48 libtasn 4.13-3.el8**
  - 1.48.1 Available under license
- 1.49 berkeley-db 5.3.28-37.el8**
  - 1.49.1 Available under license
- 1.50 glibc 2.28**
  - 1.50.1 Available under license
- 1.51 json-c 0.13.1-0.2.el8**
  - 1.51.1 Available under license
- 1.52 traceroute 2.1.0-6.el8**
  - 1.52.1 Available under license

- 1.53 libssh 0.9.0-4.el8**
  - 1.53.1 Available under license
- 1.54 json-c 0.99.8-2.el8**
  - 1.54.1 Available under license
- 1.55 mpfr 3.1.6-1.el8**
  - 1.55.1 Available under license
- 1.56 epel-release 8 5.el8**
  - 1.56.1 Available under license
- 1.57 telnet 0.17-73.el8**
  - 1.57.1 Available under license
- 1.58 cronie 1.5.2-4.el8**
  - 1.58.1 Available under license
- 1.59 nghttp 1.33.0-1.el8\_0.1**
  - 1.59.1 Available under license
- 1.60 ima-evm-utils 1.1-5.el8**
  - 1.60.1 Available under license
- 1.61 libpcap 1.9.0-3.el8**
  - 1.61.1 Available under license
- 1.62 libmodulemd 1.8.11-4.el8\_1**
  - 1.62.1 Available under license
- 1.63 udev 239-18.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.63.1 Available under license
- 1.64 libidn 2.2.0-1.el8**
  - 1.64.1 Available under license
- 1.65 openssh 8.0p1-3.el8**
  - 1.65.1 Available under license
- 1.66 fipscheck 1.5.0 4.el8**
  - 1.66.1 Available under license
- 1.67 ca-certificates 2019.2.32-80.0.el8\_1**
  - 1.67.1 Available under license
- 1.68 libasyns 239-18.el8**
  - 1.68.1 Available under license
- 1.69 berkeley-db 5.3.28**
  - 1.69.1 Available under license
- 1.70 libestr 0.1.10-1.el8**
  - 1.70.1 Available under license
- 1.71 policycoreutils 2.9-3.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.71.1 Available under license
- 1.72 gettext 2.28-72.el8**

- 1.72.1 Available under license
- 1.73 crypto-policies 20190807-1.git9b1477b.el8**
  - 1.73.1 Available under license
- 1.74 shadow-utils 4.6-8.el8**
  - 1.74.1 Available under license
- 1.75 setup 2.12.2-2.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.75.1 Available under license
- 1.76 gdbm 1.18 1.el8**
  - 1.76.1 Available under license
- 1.77 libevdev 4.24-5.el8**
  - 1.77.1 Available under license
- 1.78 openssh 7.4p1 16.el7**
  - 1.78.1 Available under license
- 1.79 grep 3.1-6.el8**
  - 1.79.1 Available under license
- 1.80 bash 4.4.19-10.el8**
  - 1.80.1 Available under license
- 1.81 shadow 4.6-8.el8**
  - 1.81.1 Available under license
- 1.82 tar 1.30-4.el8**
  - 1.82.1 Available under license
- 1.83 ncurses 6.1-7.20180224.el8**
  - 1.83.1 Available under license
- 1.84 pcre 10.32-1.el8**
  - 1.84.1 Available under license
- 1.85 keyutils 1.5.10 6.el8**
  - 1.85.1 Available under license
- 1.86 python36 3.6.8-2.module\_el8.1.0+245+c39af44f**
  - 1.86.1 Available under license
- 1.87 gawk 4.2.1-1.el8**
  - 1.87.1 Available under license
- 1.88 nettle 3.4.1 1.el8**
  - 1.88.1 Available under license
- 1.89 libtirpc 1.1.4-4.el8**
  - 1.89.1 Available under license
- 1.90 passwd 0.80 2.el8**
  - 1.90.1 Available under license
- 1.91 python-setuptools 39.2.0-5.el8**
  - 1.91.1 Available under license

## **1.92 cpp 8.3.1-4.5.el8**

1.92.1 Available under license

## **1.93 libsolv 0.7.4-3.el8**

1.93.1 Available under license

## **1.94 cracklib 2.9.6-15.el8**

1.94.1 Available under license

## **1.95 libusb 1.0.22-1.el8**

1.95.1 Available under license

## **1.96 publicsuffix-list 20180723-1.el8**

1.96.1 Available under license

## **1.97 chkconfig 1.11 1.el8**

1.97.1 Available under license

## **1.98 libyaml 0.1.7-5.el8**

1.98.1 Available under license

## **1.99 iproute 4.18.0 15.el8**

1.99.1 Available under license

## **1.100 wget 1.19.5-8.el8\_1.1**

1.100.1 Available under license

## **1.101 traceroute 2.1.0-6.el8**

1.101.1 Available under license

## **1.102 which 2.21 10.el8**

1.102.1 Available under license

## **1.103 cyrus-sasl 2.1.27-1.el8**

1.103.1 Notifications

1.103.2 Available under license

## **1.104 ethtool 5.0-2.el8**

1.104.1 Available under license

## **1.105 librepo 1.10.3-3.el8**

1.105.1 Available under license

## **1.106 libxml2 2.9.7-5.el8**

1.106.1 Available under license

## **1.107 tcpdump 4.9.2-5.el8**

1.107.1 Available under license

## **1.108 attr 2.4.48-3.el8**

1.108.1 Available under license

## **1.109 strace 4.24-5.el8**

1.109.1 Available under license

## **1.110 selinux 2.9-2.1.el8**

1.110.1 Available under license

- 1.111 libsepol 2.9-1.el8**
  - 1.111.1 Available under license
- 1.112 open-ldap 2.4.46-11.el8\_1**
  - 1.112.1 Available under license
- 1.113 gnutls 3.6.8-8.el8**
  - 1.113.1 Available under license
- 1.114 coreutils 8.30-6.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.114.1 Available under license
- 1.115 lz4 1.8.1.2-4.el8**
  - 1.115.1 Available under license
- 1.116 texinfo 6.5 4.el8**
  - 1.116.1 Available under license
- 1.117 libarchive 3.3.2-8.el8\_1**
  - 1.117.1 Available under license
- 1.118 python-pip 9.0.3 15.el8**
  - 1.118.1 Available under license
- 1.119 libpwquality 1.4.0-9.el8**
  - 1.119.1 Available under license
- 1.120 libffi 3.1-21.el8**
  - 1.120.1 Available under license
- 1.121 tzdata 2019c-1.el8**
  - 1.121.1 Available under license
- 1.122 cryptsetup 2.2.0-2.el8**
  - 1.122.1 Available under license
- 1.123 sudo 1.8.25p1-8.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.123.1 Available under license
- 1.124 libcomps 0.1.11 2.el8**
  - 1.124.1 Available under license
- 1.125 python 3.6.8-15.1.el8**
  - 1.125.1 Available under license
- 1.126 acl 2.2.53-1.el8**
  - 1.126.1 Available under license
- 1.127 gnupg 2.2.9-1.el8**
  - 1.127.1 Available under license
- 1.128 pcre 8.42 4.el8**
  - 1.128.1 Available under license
- 1.129 policycoreutils 2.9 3.el8**
  - 1.129.1 Available under license
- 1.130 util-linux 2.32.1-17.el8**



- 1.130.1 Available under license
- 1.131 findutils 4.6.0-20.el8**
  - 1.131.1 Available under license
- 1.132 iptables 1.8.2-16.el8**
  - 1.132.1 Available under license
- 1.133 spdylay 1.33.0-1.el8\_0.1**
  - 1.133.1 Available under license
- 1.134 centos-release 8.1-1.1911.0.9.el8**
  - 1.134.1 Available under license
- 1.135 openssl 1.1.1c-2.el8**
  - 1.135.1 Available under license
- 1.136 hostname 3.20 6.el8**
  - 1.136.1 Available under license
- 1.137 libdnf 0.35.1 9.el8\_1**
  - 1.137.1 Available under license
- 1.138 zlib 1.2.7 17.el7**
  - 1.138.1 Available under license
- 1.139 vim 8.0.1763-13.el8**
  - 1.139.1 Available under license
- 1.140 centos-release 8.1 1.1911.0.8.el8**
  - 1.140.1 Available under license
- 1.141 gzip 1.9-9.el8**
  - 1.141.1 Available under license
- 1.142 pam 1.3.1-4.el8**
  - 1.142.1 Available under license
- 1.143 libseccomp 2.4.1-1.el8**
  - 1.143.1 Available under license
- 1.144 bzip2 1.0.6-26.el8**
  - 1.144.1 Available under license
- 1.145 d-bus 1.12.8-9.el8**
  - 1.145.1 Available under license
- 1.146 xz 5.2.4 3.el8**
  - 1.146.1 Available under license
- 1.147 initscripts 10.00.4-1.el8**
  - 1.147.1 Available under license
- 1.148 readline 7.0 10.el8**
  - 1.148.1 Available under license
- 1.149 sqlite 3.26.0-3.el8**
  - 1.149.1 Available under license

- 1.150 kerberos 1.17-9.el8**
  - 1.150.1 Available under license
- 1.151 iconv 2.28**
  - 1.151.1 Available under license
- 1.152 open-ldap 2.4.46-10.el8**
  - 1.152.1 Available under license
- 1.153 gpgme 1.10.0-6.el8.0.1**
  - 1.153.1 Available under license
- 1.154 iproute 4.18.0-15.el8**
  - 1.154.1 Available under license
- 1.155 libksba 1.3.5-7.el8**
  - 1.155.1 Available under license
- 1.156 libtirpc 1.1.4-4.el8**
  - 1.156.1 Available under license
- 1.157 systemd 239-18.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.157.1 Available under license
- 1.158 libassuan 2.5.1-3.el8**
  - 1.158.1 Available under license
- 1.159 file 5.33-8.el8**
  - 1.159.1 Available under license
- 1.160 vixie-cron 1.11-16.20150630git.el8**
  - 1.160.1 Available under license
- 1.161 lua 5.3.4-11.el8**
  - 1.161.1 Available under license
- 1.162 glibc 2.28-72.el8\_1.1**
  - 1.162.1 Available under license
- 1.163 glibc 2.28-72.el8**
  - 1.163.1 Available under license
- 1.164 iputils 20180629-2.el8**
  - 1.164.1 Available under license
- 1.165 libmetalink 0.1.3 7.el8**
  - 1.165.1 Available under license
- 1.166 libcap 2.26-1.el8**
  - 1.166.1 Available under license
- 1.167 visual-studio-runtime 9.0.3-15.el8**
  - 1.167.1 Available under license
- 1.168 libsemanage 2.9-1.el8**
  - 1.168.1 Available under license
- 1.169 fipscheck 1.4.1-6.el7**

- 1.169.1 Available under license
- 1.170 kmod 25-13.el8**
  - 1.170.1 Available under license
- 1.171 net-tools 2.0-0.51.20160912git.el8**
  - 1.171.1 Available under license
- 1.172 elfutils 0.176-5.el8**
  - 1.172.1 Available under license
- 1.173 rsyslog 8.37.0-13.el8**
  - 1.173.1 Available under license
- 1.174 rfc2531-17.el8**
  - 1.174.1 Available under license
- 1.175 p11-kit 0.23.14-5.el8\_0**
  - 1.175.1 Available under license
- 1.176 sed 4.5-1.el8**
  - 1.176.1 Available under license
- 1.177 libdevmapper 1.02.163-5.el8.0.1**
  - 1.177.1 Available under license
- 1.178 openssl 1.1.1c-2.el8\_1.1**
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concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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## 1.8 libgcrypt 1.8.3-4.el8

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```

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```
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```
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```

```
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# 1.13 libutempter 1.1.6 14.el8

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## 1.14 rpm 4.14.2-25.el8

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```
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```

```
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```
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```

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```
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```

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Version 2, June 1991

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## 1.15 kerberos 1.17-9.el8

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```
cmd/krb5/ipropl/ipropl.x
cmd/krb5/ipropl/ipropl_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/ipropl_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
```

lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm\_host\_srv\_names.c  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_hdr.h  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_log.c  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_log.h  
lib/libgss/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_acquire\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_canon\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_compare\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_context\_time.c  
lib/libgss/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_dsp\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_dsp\_status.c  
lib/libgss/g\_dup\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_export\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_glue.c  
lib/libgss/g\_imp\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_initialize.c  
lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_names.c  
lib/libgss/g\_process\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_buffer.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
lib/libgss/g\_seal.c  
lib/libgss/g\_sign.c  
lib/libgss/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_unseal.c  
lib/libgss/g\_userok.c  
lib/libgss/g\_utils.c  
lib/libgss/g\_verify.c  
lib/libgss/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi\_err\_generic.h  
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in  
"src/lib/gssapi", including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi\_err\_generic.et  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_acquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_canon\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_compare\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_context\_time.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_name.c



lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_status.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dup\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_export\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_glue.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_initialize.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_names.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_process\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_buffer.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_seal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_sign.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_unseal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_userok.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_utils.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_verify.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid\_ops.c  
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP\_spnego.h  
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego\_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

include/iprop\_hdr.h  
kadmin/server/ipropd\_svc.c  
lib/kdb/iprop.x  
lib/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.c  
lib/kdb/kdb\_log.h  
lib/krb5/error\_tables/kdb5\_err.et  
kprop/kpropd\_rpc.c  
kprop/kproplog.c

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## 1.17 log-rotate 3.14.0-3.el8

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## 1.20 libssh 1.4.3 10.e17\_2.1

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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## 1.23 e2fsprogs 1.44.6-3.el8

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Index: `tdbsa/tdb.c`

=====  
--- `tdbsa.orig/tdb.c`

+++ `tdbsa/tdb.c`

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

\*/

/\*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.  
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

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23-June-2007

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```
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```

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```
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```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!  
This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the `ss` command-line interface parsing library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
[tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/](http://tsx-11.mit.edu/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/)

From the original distribution:

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```

#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS_SHLIB) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'~/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

```

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the Common Error Description library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:  
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
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Ackeret, Matt  
Adler, Mark  
Allbery, Russ  
Anderson, Jamie  
Andrew, Nick  
Andric, Dimitry  
Barron, Danny  
Bates, Tom  
Behan, Zdenk  
Bellis, Ray  
Benali, Elias  
Beverly, Jamie  
Boardman, Spider  
Bostley, P.J.  
Bowes, Keith  
Boyce, Keith Garry  
Brantley, Michael  
Braun, Rob  
Bezina, Pavel  
Brooks, Piete  
Brown, Jerry  
Burr, Michael E  
Burton, Ross  
Bussjaeger, Andreas  
Calvin, Gary  
Campbell, Aaron  
Chazelas, Stephane  
Cheloha, Scott  
ek, Vtzslav  
Coleman, Chris  
Corzine, Deven T.  
Cusack, Frank  
Dai, Wei  
Dill, David  
Earickson, Jeff  
Eckhardt, Drew  
Edgington, Ben  
Esipovich, Marc  
Espie, Marc  
Faigon, Ariel  
Farrell, Brian  
Fobes, Steve

Frysinger, Mike  
G., Daniel Richard  
Gailly, Jean-loup  
Gelman, Stephen  
Gerraty, Simon J.  
Graber, Stephane  
Guillory, B.  
Hayman, Randy M.  
Henke, Joachim  
Hideaki, Yoshifuji  
Hieb, Dave  
Holloway, Nick  
Hoover, Adam  
Hunter, Michael T.  
Hutchings, Ben  
Irrgang, Eric  
Jackson, Brian  
Jackson, John R.  
Jackson, Richard L., Jr.  
Janssen, Mark  
Jepeway, Chris  
Jorge, Joel Pele  
Juhani, Timo  
Kikuchi, Ayamura  
Kadow, Kevin  
Kasal, Stepan  
Kienenberger, Mike  
King, Dale  
King, Michael  
Klyachkin, Andrey  
Knoble, Jim  
Knox, Tim  
Komarnitsky, Alek O.  
Kondrashov, Nikolai  
Kopeek, Daniel  
Kranenburg, Paul  
Krause, David  
Lakin, Eric  
Larsen, Case  
Levin, Dmitry V.  
Libby, Kendall  
Lobbes, Phillip E.  
McIntyre, Jason  
MacKenzie, David J.  
McLaughlin, Tom  
Makey, Jeff  
Marchionna, Michael D.  
Markham, Paul



Martinian, Emin  
Meskes, Michael  
Michael, David  
Miller, Todd C.  
Minier, Loc  
Moffat, Darren  
Moldung, Jan Thomas  
Morris, Charles  
Mueller, Andreas  
Mller, Dworkin  
Nieusma, Jeff  
Nikitser, Peter A.  
Nussel, Ludwig  
Ouellet, Jean-Philippe  
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Paradis, Chantal  
Percival, Ted  
Perera, Andres  
Peron, Christian S.J.  
Peschel, Aaron  
Peslyak, Alexander  
Peterson, Toby  
Petten, Diego Elio  
Pickett, Joel  
Plotnick, Alex  
de Raadt, Theo  
Rasch, Gudleik  
Reid, Steve  
Richards, Matt  
Rossum, Guido van  
Rouillard, John P.  
Rowe, William A., Jr.  
Roy, Alain  
Ruusame, Elan  
Ryabinkin, Eygene  
Sato, Yuichi  
Snchez, Wilfredo  
Sanders, Miguel  
Sasaki, Kan  
Saucier, Jean-Francois  
Schoenfeld, Patrick  
Schuring, Arno  
Schwarze, Ingo  
Scott, Dougal  
Sieger, Nick  
Simon, Thor Lancelot  
Slemko, Marc  
Smith, Andy

Sobrado, Igor  
Soulen, Steven  
Spangler, Aaron  
Spradling, Cloyce D.  
Stier, Matthew  
Stoeckmann, Tobias  
Street, Russell  
Stritzky, Tilo  
Stroucken, Michael  
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Thomas, Matthew  
Todd, Giles  
Toft, Martin  
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Tucker, Darren  
Uhl, Robert  
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Valery, Reznic  
Van Dinter, Theo  
Venckus, Martynas  
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Wagner, Klaus  
Walsh, Dan  
Warburton, John  
Webb, Kirk  
Wetzel, Timm  
Wieringen, Marco van  
Wilk, Jakub  
Winiger, Gary  
Wood, David  
Zacarias, Gustavo  
Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario  
Bogusz, Jakub  
Buo-ren, Lin  
Casagrande, Milo  
Castro, Felipe  
Cho, Seong-ho  
Chornoivan, Yuri  
Diguez, Francisco  
Fontenelle, Rafael  
Garca-Fontes, Walter  
Gezer, Volkan  
Hamasaki, Takeshi

Hamming, Peter  
Hansen, Joe  
Hantrais, Frdric  
Hein, Jochen  
Hufthammer, Karl Ove  
Jerovek, Damir  
Karvonen, Jorma  
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Marchal, Frdric  
Margeviius, Algimantas  
Maryanov, Pavel  
Nikoli, Miroslav  
Nylander, Daniel  
Psa, Petr  
Putanec, Boidar  
Qun, Trn Ngc  
Rasmussen, Sebastian  
Regueiro, Leandro  
Sarer, zgr  
Sendn, Abel  
Sikrom, ka  
Spingos, Dimitris  
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Tomat, Fbio  
r, Balzs  
Uranga, Mikel Olasagasti  
Vorotnikov, Artem  
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## 1.30 libusbx 1.0.22 1.e18

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## 1.31 rpm 4.14.2-26.el8\_1

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands ``show w'` and ``show c'` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than ``show w'` and ``show c'`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the



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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 1.32 fdisk 2.32.1

### 1.32.1 Available under license :

/\*

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## 1.36 file-system 3.8 2.el8

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## 1.39 libunistring 0.9.9-3.el8

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## 1.43 libnsl 1.2.0 2.20180605git4a062cf.el8

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for



making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work

during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally

accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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## 1.44 libuser 0.62 23.e18

### 1.44.1 Available under license :

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Preamble



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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may

distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major

components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

## 1.45 curl 7.61.1-11.el8

### 1.45.1 Available under license :

License Mixing

=====

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and

the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that [GPL](<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>) licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the [Original BSD license](<https://spdx.org/licenses/BSD-4-Clause.html>) (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an [exception](<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs>). This particular problem was addressed when the [Modified BSD license](<https://opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause>) was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

## libcurl

Uses an [MIT style license](<https://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html>) that is very liberal.

## OpenSSL

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL's licensing is a problem for you, consider using another TLS library.

## GnuTLS

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the [LGPL](<https://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html>) license. If this is a problem for you, consider using another TLS library. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

## WolfSSL

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## NSS

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## axTLS

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## mbedTLS

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## BoringSSL

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## libressl

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) As an OpenSSL fork, it has the same license as that.

## c-ares

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

## zlib

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

## MIT Kerberos

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## Heimdal

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## GNU GSS

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## OpenLDAP

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## libssh2

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# 1.46 libpsl 0.20.2-5.el8

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\* The following License is for the source code files  
psl-make-dafsa and lookup\_string\_in\_fixed\_set.c.

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## 1.47 libmnl 1.0.4-6.el8

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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set yrange [0:]

set terminal pngcairo font 'Sans, 8' lw 1 size 1400,1024

set xtics rotate by -45

set style histogram errorbars gap 2 lw 1

set style fill solid border -1

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## 1.60 ima-evm-utils 1.1-5.el8

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\*  
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\*

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</body>
</html>
```

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@end enumerate

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@heading Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{yyyy} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
@end smallexample
```

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than @samp{show w} and @samp{show c}; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items---whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@example
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end example
```

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free

library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square

root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the



source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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## 1.73 crypto-policies 20190807-

### 1.git9b1477b.el8

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## 1.74 shadow-utils 4.6-8.el8

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\*  
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\*  
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\*  
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\* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>  
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\* Rafael D'Halleweyn - 2011-06-05 18:56:24 EDT

\* Jan-Pieter Cornet ( johnpc ) - 2012-03-23 03:25:52 PDT

\* chrysn@fsfe.org

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```

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

```

```

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

```

```

typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;

```

```

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

```

```

#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020

```

```

#if 0

```

```

/* the following are currently not implemented */

```

```

#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif

```

```

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

```

```

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* $Id: bsd-waitpid.h,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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 */

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

```

```

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
/*
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*
*/

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

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#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w)) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80

```

```

#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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 */

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H

typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

```

```
#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
```

```
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */
```

```
int poll(struct pollfd *, nfd_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
```

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\*/

```
#ifndef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
```

```
#ifndef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
```

/\*

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\*/

```
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
.Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
.Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
.Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
.Ek
.Nm
.Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@ Sets an explicit
.Xr umask 2
```

to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the user's default mask.

```
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode. Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc. Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
```

.El

.Pp

On some systems,

```
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
/* Version of client */
```

```
static u_int version;
```

```
+/* Force file permissions */
```

```
+int permforce = 0;
```

```
+long permforcemode;
```

```
+
```

```

/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
Attrib a;
char *name;
int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+ mode_t old_umask = 0;

if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
    (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+ if (permforce == 1) { /* Force perm if -m is set */
+ mode = permforcemode;
+ old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+ }
logit("open \"%s\" flags %s mode 0%o",
    name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
}
}
}
+ if (permforce == 1)
+ (void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
    send_status(id, status);
free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
fprintf(stderr,
    "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
    "[-l log_level]\n\t[-P blacklisted_requests] "
-   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
    "    %s -Q protocol_feature\n",
    __progname, __progname);
exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
pw = pwcopyp(user_pw);

while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv,
-   "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:cehR")) != -1) {
+   "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:m:cehR")) != -1) {
    switch (ch) {
        case 'Q':

```



```

    if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
@@ -1576,6 +1587,15 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
    fatal("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
    (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
    break;
+ case 'm':
+ /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
+ permforce = 1;
+ permforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);
+ if (permforcemode < 0 || permforcemode > 0777 ||
+     *cp != '\0' || (permforcemode == 0 &&
+     errno != 0))
+ fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\"", optarg);
+ break;
    case 'h':
    default:
        sftp_server_usage();

```

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## 1.83 ncurses 6.1-7.20180224.e18

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This package is used for testing builds of ncurses.

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## 1.84 pcre 10.32-1.el8

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## THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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Written by: Philip Hazel  
Email local part: ph10  
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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## 1.85 keyutils 1.5.10 6.el8

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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# 1.86 python36 3.6.8-

## 2.module\_el8.1.0+245+c39af44f

## 1.86.1 Available under license :

### A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <https://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
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2.2 and above	2.1.1	2001-now	PSF	yes

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## 1.87 gawk 4.2.1-1.el8

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```
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## 1.88 nettle 3.4.1 1.el8

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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## 1.91 python-setuptools 39.2.0-5.el8

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!  
This package was debianized by Jean Pierre LeJacq  
<jplejacq@quoininc.com> on Wed, 25 Feb 1998. Martin Pitt  
<martin@piware.de> was the package's maintainer up to version 2.7.19-1. The current maintainer is Jan Dittberner

<jandd@debian.org>.

It was downloaded from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/cracklib>

Copyright (c) 1993 Alec Muffett <alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk>,  
Copyright (c) 2005-2009 Nathan Neulinger <nneul@umr.edu>,  
Copyright (c) 2008-2009 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>

Modifications: Added cronjob, configuration file, and man pages.

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Copyright information:

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett. Cracklib's license was changed from the GPL to the LGPL after consensus of all previous developers in October 2008, effective with release 2.8.15 released on 2009-11-19. See the email discussion below for both license changes.

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EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)



-----  
Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=  
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20  
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=  
=20  
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=  
eir=20  
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =  
a=20  
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=  
=20  
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of  
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan

=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM

> To: Neulinger, Nathan

> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett

> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:  
>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec  
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>> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this  
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> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the  
> place of a  
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should  
> be using.  
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
> bit of  
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's  
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting

it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>> bit of  
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>> by me.  
>  
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?  
>  
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>>> bit of  
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>>> by me.

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>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>>

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>> linked with any code, not just GPL...

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> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable  
> timeframe.

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> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,  
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the  
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the  
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages  
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

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> >  
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>  
> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...  
-mike

-----  
BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.  
-----

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

-----  
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007  
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500  
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500  
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)  
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])  
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtp020623  
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500  
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])  
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311  
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)  
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])

by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)  
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L  
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000  
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)  
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>  
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>  
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed  
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>  
Subject: Re: cracklib license  
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100  
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>  
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)  
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]  
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com  
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]  
Status: RO  
Content-Length: 585  
Lines: 21

>  
> ----- Forwarded message -----  
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>  
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM  
> Subject: RE: cracklib license  
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk  
>  
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly  
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that  
> email  
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the  
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained  
> would be  
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

-----  
EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected  
in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)  
-----

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=  
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML



On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20  
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=  
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change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=  
eir=20  
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =  
a=20  
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=  
=20  
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
=20Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of  
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

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> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...  
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> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM  
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> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett  
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> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

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> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
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> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's  
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting  
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and  
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code

(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
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My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

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-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

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Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

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-----  
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007  
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500  
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500  
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)  
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])  
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623  
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500  
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])  
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311  
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)  
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])  
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)  
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L

for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000  
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)  
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>  
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>  
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delp=yes; format=flowed  
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>  
Subject: Re: cracklib license  
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100  
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>  
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)  
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]  
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com  
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]  
Status: RO  
Content-Length: 585  
Lines: 21

>  
> ----- Forwarded message -----  
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>  
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM  
> Subject: RE: cracklib license  
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk  
>  
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly  
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that  
> email  
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the  
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained  
> would be  
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

## 1.95 libusb 1.0.22-1.el8

## 1.95.1 Available under license :

### GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

Version 2.1, February 1999

Copyright (C) 1991, 1999 Free Software Foundation, Inc.  
51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301 USA  
Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies  
of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts  
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence  
the version number 2.1.]

#### Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your  
freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public  
Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change  
free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some  
specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the  
Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You  
can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether  
this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better  
strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use,  
not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that  
you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge  
for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get  
it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of  
it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do  
these things.

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis  
or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave  
you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source  
code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide  
complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them  
with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling  
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.



In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

#### GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of

running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
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## 1.101 traceroute 2.1.0-6.el8

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# 1.102 which 2.21 10.e18

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## 1.103 cyrus-sasl 2.1.27-1.el8

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```

```
* Tim Martin
```

```
* Rob Earhart
```

```
* Rob Siemborski
```

```
*/
```

```
/*
```

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## 1.104 ethtool 5.0-2.el8

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## 1.109 strace 4.24-5.el8

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# 1.112 open-ldap 2.4.46-11.el8\_1

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## 1.113 gnutls 3.6.8-8.el8

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```
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##  
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Upstream-Contact: Yann Collet <[Cyan4973@github.com](mailto:Cyan4973@github.com)>

Source: <https://github.com/lz4/lz4>

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## 1.118 python-pip 9.0.3 15.el8

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## 1.123 sudo 1.8.25p1-8.el8\_1.1

### 1.123.1 Available under license :

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Ackeret, Matt  
Adler, Mark  
Allbery, Russ  
Anderson, Jamie  
Andrew, Nick  
Andric, Dimitry  
Barron, Danny  
Bates, Tom  
Behan, Zdenk  
Bellis, Ray  
Benali, Elias  
Beverly, Jamie  
Boardman, Spider  
Bostley, P.J.  
Bowes, Keith  
Boyce, Keith Garry  
Brantley, Michael

Braun, Rob  
Bezina, Pavel  
Brooks, Piete  
Brown, Jerry  
Burr, Michael E  
Burton, Ross  
Bussjaeger, Andreas  
Calvin, Gary  
Campbell, Aaron  
Chazelas, Stephane  
Cheloha, Scott  
ek, Vtzslav  
Coleman, Chris  
Corzine, Deven T.  
Cusack, Frank  
Dai, Wei  
Dill, David  
Earickson, Jeff  
Eckhardt, Drew  
Edgington, Ben  
Esipovich, Marc  
Espie, Marc  
Faigon, Ariel  
Farrell, Brian  
Fobes, Steve  
Frysinger, Mike  
G., Daniel Richard  
Gailly, Jean-loup  
Gelman, Stephen  
Gerraty, Simon J.  
Graber, Stephane  
Guillory, B.  
Hayman, Randy M.  
Henke, Joachim  
Hideaki, Yoshifuji  
Hieb, Dave  
Holloway, Nick  
Hoover, Adam  
Hunter, Michael T.  
Hutchings, Ben  
Irrgang, Eric  
Jackson, Brian  
Jackson, John R.  
Jackson, Richard L., Jr.  
Janssen, Mark  
Jepeway, Chris  
Jorge, Joel Pele  
Juhani, Timo



Kikuchi, Ayamura  
Kadow, Kevin  
Kasal, Stepan  
Kienenberger, Mike  
King, Dale  
King, Michael  
Klyachkin, Andrey  
Knoble, Jim  
Knox, Tim  
Komarnitsky, Alek O.  
Kondrashov, Nikolai  
Kopeek, Daniel  
Kranenburg, Paul  
Krause, David  
Lakin, Eric  
Larsen, Case  
Levin, Dmitry V.  
Libby, Kendall  
Lobbes, Phillip E.  
McIntyre, Jason  
MacKenzie, David J.  
McLaughlin, Tom  
Makey, Jeff  
Marchionna, Michael D.  
Markham, Paul  
Martinian, Emin  
Meskes, Michael  
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Minier, Loc  
Moffat, Darren  
Moldung, Jan Thomas  
Morris, Charles  
Mueller, Andreas  
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Nieusma, Jeff  
Nikitser, Peter A.  
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Ouellet, Jean-Philippe  
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Percival, Ted  
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Peschel, Aaron  
Peslyak, Alexander  
Peterson, Toby  
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Pickett, Joel  
Plotnick, Alex  
de Raadt, Theo  
Rasch, Gudleik  
Reid, Steve  
Richards, Matt  
Rossum, Guido van  
Rouillard, John P.  
Rowe, William A., Jr.  
Roy, Alain  
Ruusame, Elan  
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Simon, Thor Lancelot  
Slemko, Marc  
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Stroucken, Michael  
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Thomas, Matthew  
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Toft, Martin  
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Wagner, Klaus  
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Warburton, John  
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Wetzel, Timm  
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Wilk, Jakub  
Winiger, Gary  
Wood, David  
Zacarias, Gustavo  
Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario  
Bogusz, Jakub  
Buo-ren, Lin  
Casagrande, Milo  
Castro, Felipe  
Cho, Seong-ho  
Chornoivan, Yuri  
Diguez, Francisco  
Fontenelle, Rafael  
Garca-Fontes, Walter  
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Hantrais, Frdric  
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Hufthammer, Karl Ove  
Jerovek, Damir  
Karvonen, Jorma  
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Kelemen, Gbor  
Keeci, Mehmet  
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Nikoli, Miroslav  
Nylander, Daniel  
Psa, Petr  
Putanec, Boidar  
Qun, Trn Ngc  
Rasmussen, Sebastian

Regueiro, Leandro  
Sarer, zgr  
Sendn, Abel  
Sikrom, ka  
Spingos, Dimitris  
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# 1.124 libcomps 0.1.11 2.el8

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <https://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no

1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2 and above	2.1.1	2001-now	PSF	yes

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```
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```
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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
# COPYING.other          *- org *-  
#+TITLE: List of code with permissive licenses as used by GnuPG.  
#+STARTUP: showall
```

\* DNS resolver (dirmngr/dns.c)

dns.c - Recursive, Reentrant DNS Resolver.

-----  
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## 1.128 pcre 8.42 4.el8

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## THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

-----

Written by: Philip Hazel  
Email local part: ph10  
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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```

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7zXZF!t/5]oK3&K6Y^
CP#vMOoYL?6]2z({CLYj0
LFIU<>Q&}7!C}e6]]e`M,J}.dE,4hVmp
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g|B|'W|j>jf_{JPP}oMd3rfQ+}_3<%<6jx{)11D5eg;NtD+~R]w[xiue@F#Em0hu;,,x{R7V2!Vq~AG{EX -
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OXY[aB*"/_U~fQHO(3[b%o )+lq#+_d<QdLd=$1p!h0h6nfN=I+GNRk gKOL3\N3"uGxfIC
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;*!;_>KfBqxY(F|0.Ve%S61opMG`YfRXx+sS|11np#_(~*uM%S61opMG`YfRXvY[R+t[ BS=)d
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```
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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@end smallexample
```

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

# 1.132 iptables 1.8.2-16.el8

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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## 1.138 zlib 1.2.7 17.el7

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\*/

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\*uganda.txt\* For Vim version 8.0. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

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SUMMARY

\*iccf\* \*ICCF\*

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<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See |sponsor|. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

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- You keep the changes for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim. When the maintainer or someone who you distributed the modified Vim to asks you (in any way) for the changes within this period, you must make them available to him.
- You clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. This contact information must remain valid for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim, or as long

as possible.

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<maintainer@vim.org>

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=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.
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- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.
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contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED\_BY define.

---

Kibaale Children's Centre \*kcc\* \*Kibaale\* \*charity\*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is

breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

\*donate\*

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Furthermore, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre  
p.o. box 1658  
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: \*iccf-donations\*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly. Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy  
10238-168 Street  
Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4  
Canada  
Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse. This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774  
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return. Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:  
<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:  
[https://www.paypal.com/en\\_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q](https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q)

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:  
Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774  
Swift code: INGB NL 2A  
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

# 1.140 centos-release 8.1 1.1911.0.8.el8

## 1.140.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
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One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

Contributors:

The Red Hat developers, without whom CentOS would look very different

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## 1.144 bzip2 1.0.6-26.el8

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org  
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

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## 1.146 xz 5.2.4 3.el8

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```
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  with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with
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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

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cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd\_rpc.c  
lib/gss\_mechs/mech\_krb5/et/kdb5\_err.c  
lib/gss\_mechs/mech\_spnego/mech/gssapiP\_spnego.h  
lib/gss\_mechs/mech\_spnego/mech/spnego\_mech.c  
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm\_host\_srv\_names.c  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_hdr.h  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_log.c  
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb\_log.h  
lib/libgss/g\_accept\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_acquire\_cred.c  
lib/libgss/g\_canon\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_compare\_name.c  
lib/libgss/g\_context\_time.c  
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lib/libgss/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c  
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lib/libgss/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/libgss/g\_initialize.c  
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lib/libgss/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
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lib/libgss/g\_verify.c  
lib/libgss/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_acquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_canon\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_compare\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_context\_time.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_delete\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dsp\_status.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_dup\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_exp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_export\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_glue.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_imp\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_init\_sec\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_initialize.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_inquire\_names.c

lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_process\_context.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_buffer.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_name.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_rel\_oid\_set.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_seal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_sign.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_store\_cred.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_unseal.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_userok.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_utils.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g\_verify.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd\_pname\_to\_uid.c  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h  
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid\_ops.c  
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP\_spnego.h  
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego\_mech.c

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kadmin/server/ipropr\_svc.c  
lib/kdb/ipropr.x  
lib/kdb/kdb\_convert.c  
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kprop/kpropd\_rpc.c  
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# 1.152 open-ldap 2.4.46-10.el8

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# 1.160 vixie-cron 1.11-16.20150630git.el8

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## 1.161 lua 5.3.4-11.el8

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## 1.165 libmetalink 0.1.3 7.e18

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## 1.169 fipscheck 1.4.1-6.el7

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## 1.170 kmod 25-13.el8

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## 1.172 elfutils 0.176-5.el8

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## 1.174 rfcill 2.32.1-17.e18

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