



Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Wireless LAN Deployment Guide



The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is adaptable for professionals that require the ability to unplug the wired network connection and remain connected.

This guide provides information and guidance to help the network administrator deploy these phones in a wireless LAN environment.

Revision History

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Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Overview

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is the platforms that provide collaboration within enterprises. It brings together the capabilities of Cisco Unified Communication applications, building upon the solid foundations of Cisco Unified Communications devices, both wired and wireless.

Cisco's implementation of 802.11 permits time sensitive applications such as voice to operate efficiently across campus wide wireless LAN (WLAN) deployments. These extensions provide fast roaming capabilities and an almost seamless flow of multimedia traffic, whilst maintaining security as the end user roams between access points.

It should be understood that WLAN uses unlicensed spectrum, and as a result it may experience interference from other devices using the unlicensed spectrum. The proliferation of devices in the 2.4 GHz spectrum, such as Bluetooth headsets, Microwave ovens, cordless consumer phones, means that the 2.4 GHz spectrum may contain more congestion than other spectrums. The 5 GHz spectrum has far fewer devices operating in this spectrum and is the preferred spectrum to operate the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 in order to take advantage of the 802.11a/n/ac data rates available.

Despite the optimizations that Cisco has implemented in the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, the use of unlicensed spectrum means that uninterrupted communication can not be guaranteed, and there may be the possibility of voice gaps of up to several seconds during conversations. Adherence to these deployment guidelines will reduce the likelihood of these voice gaps being present, but there is always this possibility.

Through the use of unlicensed spectrum, and the inability to guarantee the delivery of messages to a WLAN device, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is not intended to be used as a medical device and should not be used to make clinical decisions.

Phone Models

The following Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 models are available.

Below outlines the peak antenna gain and frequency ranges / channels supported by each model.

Part Number	Description	Peak Antenna Gain	Frequency Ranges	Available Channels	Channel Set
CP-8832-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, Charcoal (North America)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz	13	1-13
			5.180 - 5.240 GHz	4	36,40,44,48
			5.260 - 5.320 GHz	4	52,56,60,64
			5.500 - 5.720 GHz	12	100-144
			5.745 - 5.825 GHz	5	149,153,157,161,165
CP-8832-W-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, White (North America)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz	13	1-13
			5.180 - 5.240 GHz	4	36,40,44,48
			5.260 - 5.320 GHz	4	52,56,60,64
			5.500 - 5.720 GHz	12	100-144
			5.745 - 5.825 GHz	5	149,153,157,161,165
CP-8832-EU-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, Charcoal (APAC, EMEA, Australia, New Zealand)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz	13	1-13
			5.180 - 5.240 GHz	4	36,40,44,48
			5.260 - 5.320 GHz	4	52,56,60,64
			5.500 - 5.700 GHz	11	100-140

CP-8832-EU-W-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, White (APAC, EMEA, Australia, New Zealand)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz 5.180 - 5.240 GHz 5.260 - 5.320 GHz 5.500 - 5.700 GHz	13 4 4 11	1-13 36,40,44,48 52,56,60,64 100-140
CP-8832-LA-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, Charcoal (Latin America)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz 5.180 - 5.240 GHz 5.260 - 5.320 GHz 5.500 - 5.700 GHz	13 4 4 11	1-13 36,40,44,48 52,56,60,64 100-140
CP-8832-LA-W-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, White (Latin America)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz 5.180 - 5.240 GHz 5.260 - 5.320 GHz 5.500 - 5.700 GHz	13 4 4 11	1-13 36,40,44,48 52,56,60,64 100-140
CP-8832-J-W-K9	Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, White (Japan)	2.4 GHz = 3.9 dBi 5 GHz = 6.1 dBi	2.412 - 2.472 GHz 5.180 - 5.240 GHz 5.260 - 5.320 GHz 5.500 - 5.700 GHz	13 4 4 11	1-13 36,40,44,48 52,56,60,64 100-140

The power supply (CP-8832-PWR= or CP-8832-PWR-WW=) is required when utilizing the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 in Wi-Fi mode.

Note: Actual channels utilized is dependent on local regulatory restrictions.

802.11j (channels 34, 38, 42, 46) are not supported.

Channel 14 for Japan is not supported.

Requirements

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac devices that provide voice communications.

The environment must be validated to ensure it meets the requirements to deploy the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Site Survey

Before deploying the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 into a production environment, a site survey must be completed by a Cisco certified partner with the advanced wireless LAN specialization. During the site survey the RF spectrum can be analyzed to determine which channels are usable in the desired band (5 GHz or 2.4 GHz). Typically there is less interference in the 5 GHz band as well as more non-overlapping channels, so 5 GHz is the preferred band for operation and even more highly

recommended when the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is to be used in a mission critical environment. The site survey will include heatmaps showing the intended coverage plan for the location. The site survey will also determine which access point platform type, antenna type, access point configuration (channel and transmit power) to use at the location. It is recommended to select an access point with integrated antennas for non-rugged environments (e.g. office, healthcare, education, hospitality) and an access point platform requiring external antennas for rugged environments (e.g. manufacturing, warehouse, retail).

The wireless LAN must be validated to ensure it meets the requirements to deploy the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Signal

The cell edge should be designed to -67 dBm where there is a 20-30% overlap of adjacent access points at that signal level.

This ensures that the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 always has adequate signal and can hold a signal long enough in order to roam seamlessly where signal based triggers are utilized vs. packet loss triggers.

Also need to ensure that the upstream signal from the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 meets the access point's receiver sensitivity for the transmitted data rate. Rule of thumb is to ensure that the received signal at the access point is -67 dBm or higher.

It is recommended to design the cell size to ensure that the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can hold a signal for at least 5 seconds.

Channel Utilization

Channel Utilization levels should be kept under 40%.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 converts the 0-255 scale value to a percentage, so 105 would equate to around 40% in the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Noise

Noise levels should not exceed -92 dBm, which allows for a Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) of 25 dB where a -67 dBm signal should be maintained.

Also need to ensure that the upstream signal from the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 meets the access point's signal to noise ratio for the transmitted data rate.

Packet Loss / Delay

Per voice guidelines, packet loss should not exceed 1% packet loss; otherwise voice quality can be degraded significantly.

Jitter should be kept at a minimal (< 100 ms).

Retries

802.11 retransmissions should be less than 20%.

Multipath

Multipath should be kept to a minimal as this can create nulls and reduce signal levels.

Call Control

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is supported on the following call control platforms.

- Cisco Unified Communications Manager (CUCM)

Minimum = 10.5(2)

Recommended = 11.5(1), 12.0(1), 12.5(1), 14.0(1) and later

- ❑ Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express (CUCME)

Minimum = 10.0

Recommended = 12.3 and later

- ❑ Cisco Unified Survivable Remote Site Telephony (SRST)

Minimum = 10.0

Recommended = 12.3 and later

- ❑ Webex Calling

Note: Cisco Unified Communications Manager requires a device package to be installed or service release update in order to enable Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 device support.

Device packages for Cisco Unified Communications Manager are available at the following location.

<https://software.cisco.com/download/home/278875240>

Prior to release 12.3 of Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is to utilize the fast track method utilizing the Cisco Unified IP Conference Phone 8831 as the reference model.

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/cucme/feature/phone_feature/phone_feature_support_guide.html#_Toc436645184

Wireless LAN

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is supported on the following Cisco Wireless LAN solutions.

- ❑ Cisco AireOS Wireless LAN Controller and Cisco Lightweight Access Points

Minimum = 8.0.121.0

Recommended = 8.3.150.0, 8.5.182.0, 8.8.130.0, 8.10.185.0

- ❑ Cisco IOS Wireless LAN Controller and Cisco Lightweight Access Points

Minimum = 16.12.1s

Recommended = 17.3.8, 17.6.6, 17.9.4, 17.12.1

- ❑ Cisco Mobility Express and Cisco Lightweight Access Points

Minimum = 8.3.143.0

Recommended = 8.3.150.0, 8.5.182.0, 8.8.130.0, 8.10.185.0

- ❑ Cisco Autonomous Access Points

Minimum = 12.4(21a)JY

Recommended = 15.2(4)JB6, 15.3(3)JF15, 15.3(3)JPP

- ❑ Cisco Meraki Access Points

Minimum = MR 25.9, MX 13.33

Recommended = MR 29.7.1, MX 18.107.5

Access Points

Below are the Cisco access points that are supported.
Any access point model that is not listed below is not supported.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is supported on the following Cisco Aironet access point platforms.





Note: The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is supported with the Cisco AP3600 when the internal 802.11a/b/g/n radio is utilized, however is not supported if the 802.11ac module (AIR-RM3000AC) for the Cisco AP3600 is installed.

The table below lists the modes that are supported by each Cisco Aironet access point.

Cisco AP Series	802.11a	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	802.11ac	802.11ax	Lightweight	Mobility Express	Autonomous
600	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No
700	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
700W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1040	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1130	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1140	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1240	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1250	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1260	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1600	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
1700	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
1810	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1810W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
1815	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes (not 1815t)	No

1830	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
1840	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
1850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
2600	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
2700	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
2800	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
3500	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
3600	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
3700	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
3800	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
4800	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
9105	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9115	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9117	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9120	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9130	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9136	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9162	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9164	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
9166	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
890	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is supported on the following Cisco Meraki access point platforms.



MR18



MR20



MR28



MR24



MR26



MR30H



MR32



MR33



MR34



MR36



MR36H



MR42



MR44



MR45



MR46



MR52



MR53



MR55



MR56



MR57



9162



9164



9166



MX64W



MX65W



MX67W



MX68W



Z3

<https://meraki.cisco.com/products/appliances#models>

The Cisco Meraki MR12, MR16, and Z1 access point platforms are not certified for use with Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 deployments.

The table below lists the modes that are supported by each Cisco Meraki access point.

Meraki AP Series	802.11a	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	802.11ac	802.11ax
9162	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9164	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9166	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR18	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
MR20	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR24	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
MR26	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
MR28	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR30H	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR32	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR33	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR34	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR36	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR36H	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR42	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR44	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR45	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR46	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR52	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR53	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MR55	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR56	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MR57	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

MX64W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MX65W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MX67W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
MX68W	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Z3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

Note: If an access point model is not specifically listed above, then it is not supported.

Currently no support for Cisco Aironet 1500 Series outdoor access points.

No support for any access point model operating in MESH mode.

Interoperability with third-party access points can not be guaranteed as there are no interoperability tests performed for third-party access points; however if connected to a Wi-Fi compliant access point, then should have basic functionality.

Some of the key features are the following:

- 5 GHz (802.11a/n/ac)
- Wi-Fi Protected Access v2 (WPA2+AES)
- Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)
- Traffic Specification (TSPEC)
- Traffic Classification (TCLAS)
- Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP)
- Class of Service (CoS / 802.1p)
- QoS Basic Service Set (QBSS)

Antenna Systems

Some Cisco access points require or allow external antennas.

Please refer to the following URL for the list of supported antennas for Cisco Aironet access points and how these external antennas should be mounted.

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/wireless/aironet-antennas-accessories/product_data_sheet09186a008008883b.html

Note: Cisco access points with integrated internal antennas (other than models intended to be wall mounted) are to be mounted on the ceiling as they have omni-directional antennas and are not designed to be wall mounted.

Protocols

Supported voice and wireless LAN protocols include the following:

- 802.11a,b,d,e,g,h,i,n,r,ac
- Wi-Fi MultiMedia (WMM)
- Traffic Specification (TSPEC)
- Traffic Classification (TCLAS)
- Unscheduled Automatic Power Save Delivery (UAPSD)
- Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP)
- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)

- Real Time Protocol (RTP)
 - Opus, G.722, G.711, iLBC, G.729
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
- HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP)
- Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP)
- Syslog

Wi-Fi

The following table lists the maximum tx power and receiver sensitivity info for each data rate per 802.11 mode utilized by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

5 GHz Specifications

5 GHz - 802.11a	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 14 dBm (Depends on region)	6 Mbps	OFDM - BPSK	-94 dBm
	9 Mbps	OFDM - BPSK	-93 dBm
	12 Mbps	OFDM - QPSK	-92 dBm
	18 Mbps	OFDM - QPSK	-89 dBm
	24 Mbps	OFDM - 16 QAM	-86 dBm
	36 Mbps	OFDM - 16 QAM	-83 dBm
	48 Mbps	OFDM - 64 QAM	-78 dBm
	54 Mbps	OFDM - 64 QAM	-76 dBm
5 GHz - 802.11n (HT20)	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 13 dBm (Depends on region)	7 Mbps (MCS 0)	OFDM - BPSK	-94 dBm
	14 Mbps (MCS 1)	OFDM - QPSK	-91 dBm
	21 Mbps (MCS 2)	OFDM - QPSK	-89 dBm
	29 Mbps (MCS 3)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-86 dBm
	43 Mbps (MCS 4)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-82 dBm
	58 Mbps (MCS 5)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-77 dBm
	65 Mbps (MCS 6)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-76 dBm
	72 Mbps (MCS 7)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-74 dBm
5 GHz - 802.11n (HT40)	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 13 dBm (Depends on region)	15 Mbps (MCS 0)	OFDM - BPSK	-91 dBm
	30 Mbps (MCS 1)	OFDM - QPSK	-88 dBm
	45 Mbps (MCS 2)	OFDM - QPSK	-86 dBm
	60 Mbps (MCS 3)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-83 dBm
	90 Mbps (MCS 4)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-79 dBm
	120 Mbps (MCS 5)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-75 dBm

	135 Mbps (MCS 6)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-73 dBm
	150 Mbps (MCS 7)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-72 dBm
5 GHz - 802.11ac (VHT20)	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 12 dBm (Depends on region)	7 Mbps (MCS 0)	OFDM - BPSK	-93 dBm
	14 Mbps (MCS 1)	OFDM - QPSK	-90 dBm
	21 Mbps (MCS 2)	OFDM - QPSK	-87 dBm
	29 Mbps (MCS 3)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-84 dBm
	43 Mbps (MCS 4)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-81 dBm
	58 Mbps (MCS 5)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-76 dBm
	65 Mbps (MCS 6)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-75 dBm
	72 Mbps (MCS 7)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-74 dBm
	87 Mbps (MCS 8)	OFDM - 256 QAM	-70 dBm
5 GHz - 802.11ac (VHT40)	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 12 dBm (Depends on region)	15 Mbps (MCS 0)	OFDM - BPSK	-90 dBm
	30 Mbps (MCS 1)	OFDM - QPSK	-87 dBm
	45 Mbps (MCS 2)	OFDM - QPSK	-85 dBm
	60 Mbps (MCS 3)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-82 dBm
	90 Mbps (MCS 4)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-79 dBm
	120 Mbps (MCS 5)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-73 dBm
	135 Mbps (MCS 6)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-72 dBm
	150 Mbps (MCS 7)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-72dBm
	180 Mbps (MCS 8)	OFDM - 256 QAM	-67 dBm
	200 Mbps (MCS 9)	OFDM - 256 QAM	-66 dBm
5 GHz - 802.11ac (VHT80)	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 12 dBm (Depends on region)	33 Mbps (MCS 0)	OFDM - BPSK	-87 dBm
	65 Mbps (MCS 1)	OFDM - QPSK	-83 dBm
	98 Mbps (MCS 2)	OFDM - QPSK	-81 dBm
	130 Mbps (MCS 3)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-78 dBm
	195 Mbps (MCS 4)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-75 dBm
	260 Mbps (MCS 5)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-73 dBm
	293 Mbps (MCS 6)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-68 dBm
	325 Mbps (MCS 7)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-68 dBm
	390 Mbps (MCS 8)	OFDM - 256 QAM	-64 dBm
	433 Mbps (MCS 9)	OFDM - 256 QAM	-62 dBm

2.4 GHz Specifications

2.4 GHz - 802.11b	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 17 dBm (Depends on region)	1 Mbps	DSSS - BPSK	-98 dBm
	2 Mbps	DSSS - QPSK	-96 dBm

	5.5 Mbps	DSSS - CCK	-93 dBm
	11 Mbps	DSSS - CCK	-91 dBm
2.4 GHz - 802.11g	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 14 dBm (Depends on region)	6 Mbps	OFDM - BPSK	-95 dBm
	9 Mbps	OFDM - BPSK	-94 dBm
	12 Mbps	OFDM - QPSK	-93 dBm
	18 Mbps	OFDM - QPSK	-90 dBm
	24 Mbps	OFDM - 16 QAM	-87 dBm
	36 Mbps	OFDM - 16 QAM	-84 dBm
	48 Mbps	OFDM - 64 QAM	-79 dBm
	54 Mbps	OFDM - 64 QAM	-77 dBm
2.4 GHz - 802.11n (HT20)	Data Rate	Modulation	Receiver Sensitivity
Max Tx Power = 13 dBm (Depends on region)	7 Mbps (MCS 0)	OFDM - BPSK	-95 dBm
	14 Mbps (MCS 1)	OFDM - QPSK	-92 dBm
	21 Mbps (MCS 2)	OFDM - QPSK	-90 dBm
	29 Mbps (MCS 3)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-87 dBm
	43 Mbps (MCS 4)	OFDM - 16 QAM	-83 dBm
	58 Mbps (MCS 5)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-78 dBm
	65 Mbps (MCS 6)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-77 dBm
	72 Mbps (MCS 7)	OFDM - 64 QAM	-75 dBm

Note: Receiver sensitivity is the minimum signal needed to decode a packet at a certain data rate.

The above values are pure radio specifications and do not account for the gain of the single integrated antenna.

To achieve 802.11n/ac connectivity, it is recommended that the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 be within 100 feet of the access point.

Regulatory

World Mode (802.11d) allows a client to be used in different regions, where the client can adapt to using the channels and transmit powers advertised by the access point in the local environment.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operates best when the access point is 802.11d enabled, where it can determine which channels and transmit powers to use per the local region.

Enable World Mode (802.11d) for the corresponding country where the access point is located.

Some 5 GHz channels are also used by radar technology, which requires that the 802.11 client and access point be 802.11h compliant if utilizing those radar frequencies (DFS channels). 802.11h requires 802.11d to be enabled.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will passively scan DFS channels first before engaging in active scans of those channels. If 802.11d is not enabled, then the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can attempt to connect to the access point using reduced transmit power.

Below are the countries and their 802.11d codes that are supported by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Argentina (AR)

Iceland (IS)

Philippines (PH)

Australia (AU)	India (IN)	Poland (PL)
Austria (AT)	Ireland (IE)	Portugal (PT)
Bahrain (BH)	Israel (IL)	Puerto Rico (PR)
Belgium (BE)	Italy (IT)	Romania (RO)
Brazil (BR)	Japan (JP)	Russian Federation (RU)
Bulgaria (BG)	Korea (KR)	Saudi Arabia (SA)
Canada (CA)	Latvia (LV)	Serbia (RS)
Chile (CL)	Liechtenstein (LI)	Singapore (SG)
Colombia (CO)	Lithuania (LT)	Slovakia (SK)
Costa Rica (CR)	Luxembourg (LU)	Slovenia (SI)
Croatia (HR)	Macau (MO)	South Africa (ZA)
Cyprus (CY)	Macedonia (MK)	Spain (ES)
Czech Republic (CZ)	Malaysia (MY)	Sweden (SE)
Denmark (DK)	Malta (MT)	Switzerland (CH)
Dominican Republic (DO)	Mexico (MX)	Taiwan (TW)
Ecuador (EC)	Monaco (MC)	Thailand (TH)
Egypt (EG)	Montenegro (ME)	Turkey (TR)
Estonia (EE)	Netherlands (NL)	Ukraine (UA)
Finland (FI)	New Zealand (NZ)	United Arab Emirates (AE)
France (FR)	Nigeria (NG)	United Kingdom (GB)
Germany (DE)	Norway (NO)	United States (US)
Gibraltar (GI)	Oman (OM)	Uruguay (UY)
Greece (GR)	Panama (PA)	Venezuela (VE)
Hong Kong (HK)	Paraguay (PY)	Vietnam (VN)
Hungary (HU)	Peru (PE)	

Note: Compliance information is available on the Cisco Product Approval Status web site at the following URL:
<https://cae-cnc-prd.cisco.com/pdtcnc>

Languages

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 currently supports the following languages.

Arabic	French	Polish
Bulgarian	German	Portuguese
Catalan	Greek	Romanian
Chinese	Hebrew	Russian
Croatian	Hungarian	Serbian
Czech	Italian	Slovak
Danish	Japanese	Slovenian
Dutch	Korean	Spanish
English	Latvian	Swedish
Estonian	Lithuanian	Thai
Finnish	Norwegian	Turkish

The corresponding locale package must be installed to enable support for that language. English is the default language on the phone.

Download the locale packages from the Localization page at the following URL:

<https://software.cisco.com/download/home/278875240>

Phone Care

To clean the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, use a soft, moist cloth to wipe the phone.

Do not apply liquids or powders directly to the phone as it can damage the phone.

Do not use bleach or other caustic products to clean the phone.

Do not use compressed air to clean the phone as it can also damage the phone.

For more information, refer to the **Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 User Guide** at this URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-user-guide-list.html>

Accessories

The following accessories are available for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

- Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Wired Microphone Kit
- Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Wireless Microphone Kits

Wireless LAN Design

The following network design guidelines must be followed in order to accommodate for adequate coverage, call capacity and seamless roaming for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

802.11 Network

Use the following guidelines to assist with deploying and configuring the wireless LAN.

5 GHz (802.11a/n/ac)

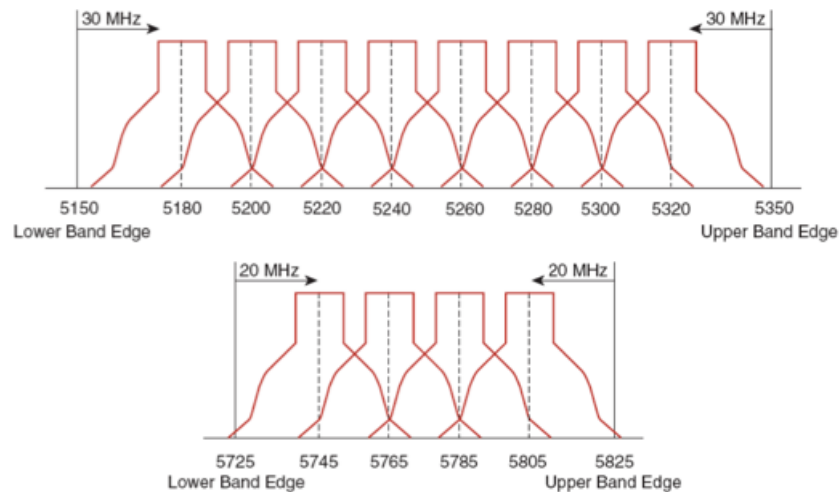
5 GHz is the recommended frequency band to utilize for operation of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

In general, it is recommended for access points to utilize automatic channel selection instead of manually assigning channels to access points.

If there is an intermittent interferer, then the access point or access points serving that area may need to have a channel statically assigned.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) and Transmit Power Control (TPC) from 802.11h, which are required when using channels operating at 5.260 - 5.720 GHz, which are 16 of the 25 possible channels.

Need to ensure there is at least 20 percent overlap with adjacent channels when deploying the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 in an 802.11a/n/ac environment, which allows for seamless roaming. For critical areas, it is recommended to increase the overlap (30% or more) to ensure that there can be at least 2 access points available with -67 dBm or better, while the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 also meets the access point's receiver sensitivity (required signal level for the current data rate).



Channel ID	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	100	104	108	112	116	120	124	128	132	136	140	149	153	157	161		
Center Freq. MHz	5180	5200	5220	5240	5260	5280	5300	5320	5500	5520	5540	5560	5580	5600	5620	5640	5660	5680	5700	5745	5765	5785	5805		
Band	UNII-1								UNII-2												UNII-3				

Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)

DFS dynamically instructs a transmitter to switch to another channel whenever radar signal is detected. If the access point detects radar, the radio on the access point goes on hold for at least 60 seconds while the access point passively scans for another usable channel.

TPC allows the client and access point to exchange information, so that the client can dynamically adjust the transmit power. The client uses only enough energy to maintain association to the access point at a given data rate. As a result, the client contributes less to adjacent cell interference, which allows for more densely deployed, high-performance wireless LANs.

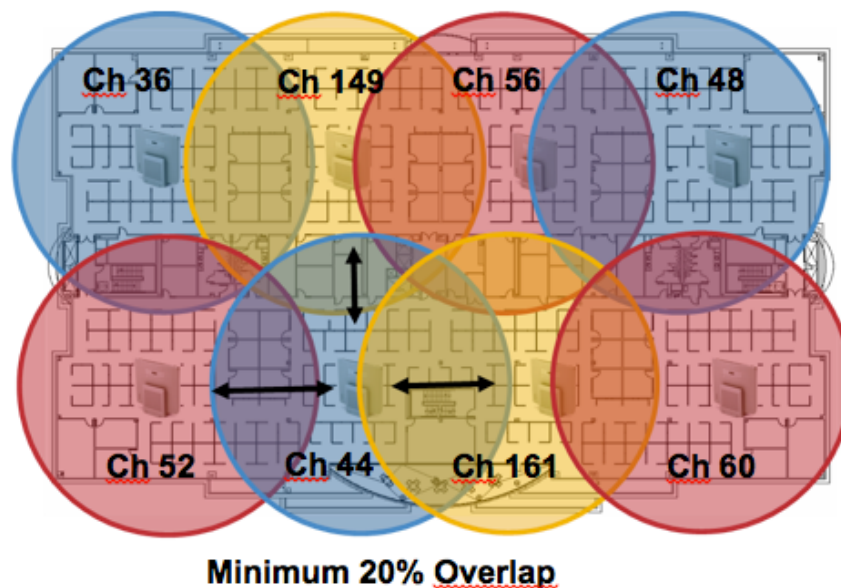
If there are repeated radar events detected by the access point (just or falsely), determine if the radar signals are impacting a single channel (narrowband) or multiple channels (wideband), then potentially disable use of that channel or channels in the wireless LAN.

The presence of an access point on a non-DFS channel can help minimize voice interruptions.

In case of radar activity, have at least one access point per area that uses a non-DFS channel (UNII-1). This ensures that a channel is available when an access point's radio is in its hold-off period while scanning for a new usable channel.

A UNII-3 channel (5.745 - 5.825 GHz) can optionally be used if available.

Below is a sample 5 GHz wireless LAN deployment.



For 5 GHz, 25 channels are available in the Americas, 16 channels in Europe, and 19 channels in Japan.

Where UNII-3 is available, it is recommended to use UNII-1, UNII-2, and UNII-3 only to utilize a 12 channel set.

If planning to use UNII-2 extended channels (channels 100 - 144), it is recommended to disable UNII-2 (channels 52-64) on the access point to avoid having so many channels enabled.

Having many 5 GHz channels enabled in the wireless LAN can delay discovery of new access points.

2.4 GHz (802.11b/g/n)

In general, it is recommended for access points to utilize automatic channel selection instead of manually assigning channels to access points.

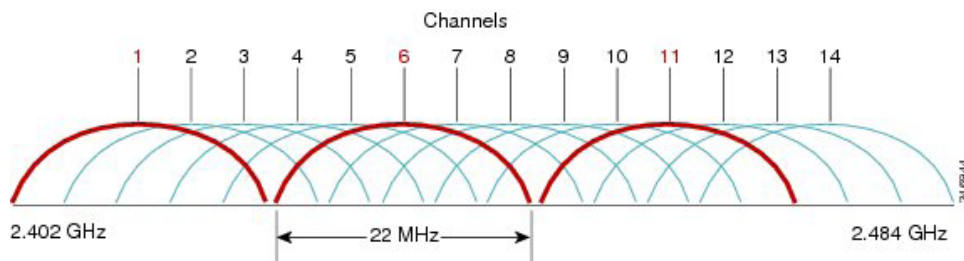
If there is an intermittent interferer, then the access point or access points serving that area may need to have a channel statically assigned.

In a 2.4 GHz (802.11b/g/n) environment, only non-overlapping channels must be utilized when deploying VoWLAN. Non-overlapping channels have 22 MHz of separation and are at least 5 channels apart.

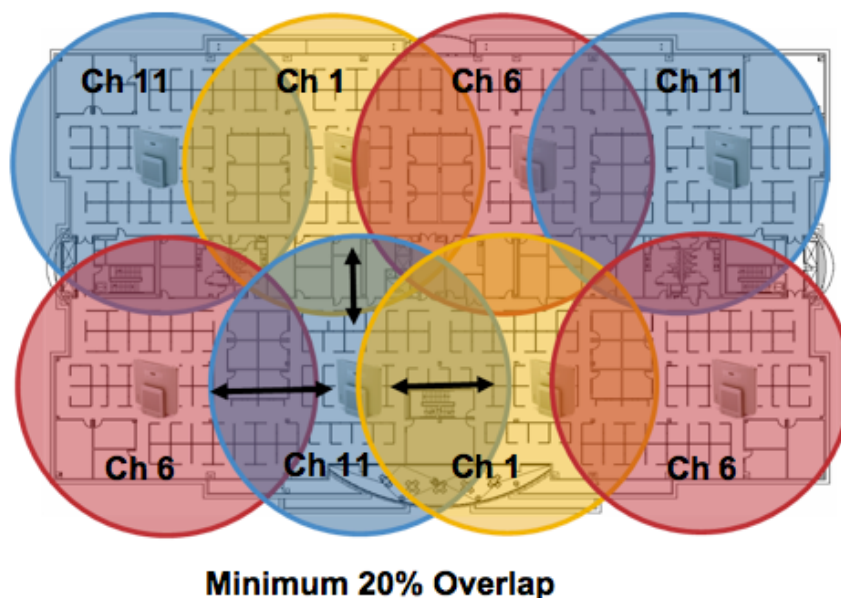
There are only 3 non-overlapping channels in the 2.4 GHz frequency range (channels 1, 6, 11).

Non-overlapping channels must be used and allow at least 20 percent overlap with adjacent channels when deploying the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 in an 802.11b/g/n environment, which allows for seamless roaming.

Using an overlapping channel set such as 1, 5, 9, 13 is not a supported configuration.



Below is a sample 2.4 GHz wireless LAN deployment.



Signal Strength and Coverage

To ensure acceptable voice quality, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 should always have a signal of -67 dBm or higher when using 5 GHz or 2.4 GHz, while the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 also meets the access point's receiver sensitivity required signal level for the transmitted data rate.

Ensure the Packet Error Rate (PER) is no higher than 1%.

A minimum Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) of 25 dB = -92 dBm noise level with -67 dBm signal should be maintained.

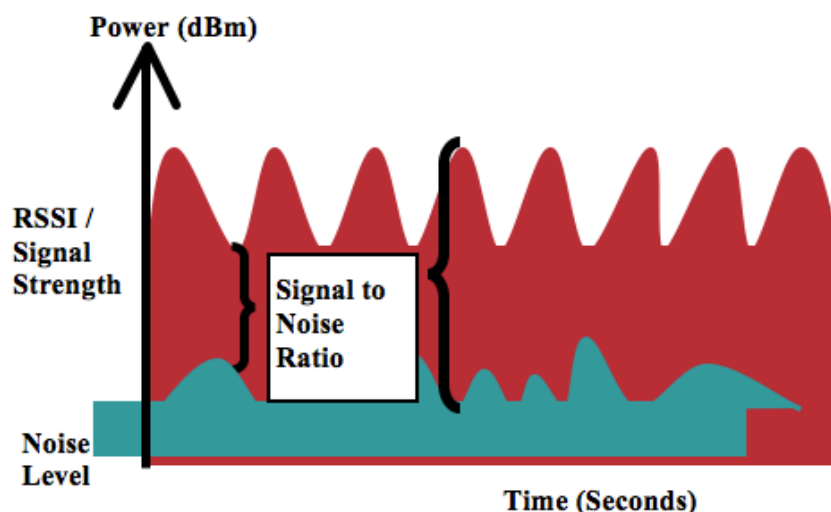
It is recommended to have at least two access points on non-overlapping channels with at least -67 dBm signal with the 25 dB SNR to provide redundancy.

To achieve maximum capacity and throughput, the wireless LAN should be designed to 24 Mbps. Higher data rates can optionally be enabled for other applications other than voice only that can take advantage of these higher data rates.

Recommended to set the minimum data rate to 11 Mbps or 12 Mbps for 2.4 GHz (dependent upon 802.11b client support policy) and 12 Mbps for 5 GHz, which should also be the only rate configured as a mandatory / basic rate.

In some environments, 6 Mbps may need to be enabled as a mandatory / basic rate.

Due to the above requirements, a single channel plan should not be deployed.



When designing the placement of access points, be sure that all key areas have adequate coverage (signal).

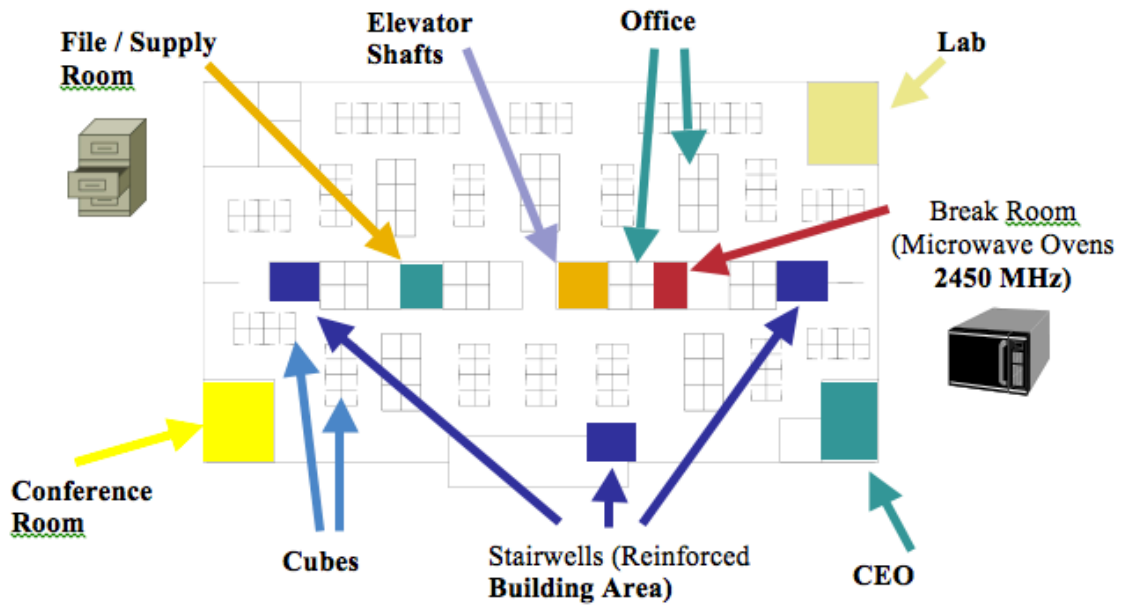
Typical wireless LAN deployments for data only applications do not provide coverage for some areas where VoWLAN service is necessary such as elevators, stairways, and outside corridors.

Microwave ovens, 2.4 GHz cordless phones, Bluetooth devices, or other electronic equipment operating in the 2.4 GHz band will interfere with the Wireless LAN.

Microwave ovens operate on 2450 MHz, which is between channels 8 and 9 of 802.11b/g/n. Some microwaves are shielded more than others and that shielding reduces the spread of the energy. Microwave energy can impact channel 11, and some microwaves can affect the entire frequency range (channels 1 through 11). To avoid microwave interference, select channel 1 for use with access points that are located near microwaves.

Most microwave ovens, Bluetooth, and frequency hopping devices do not have the same effect on the 5 GHz frequency. The 802.11a/n/ac technology provides more non-overlapping channels and typically lower initial RF utilization. For voice deployments, it is suggested to use 802.11a/n/ac for voice and use 802.11b/g/n for data.

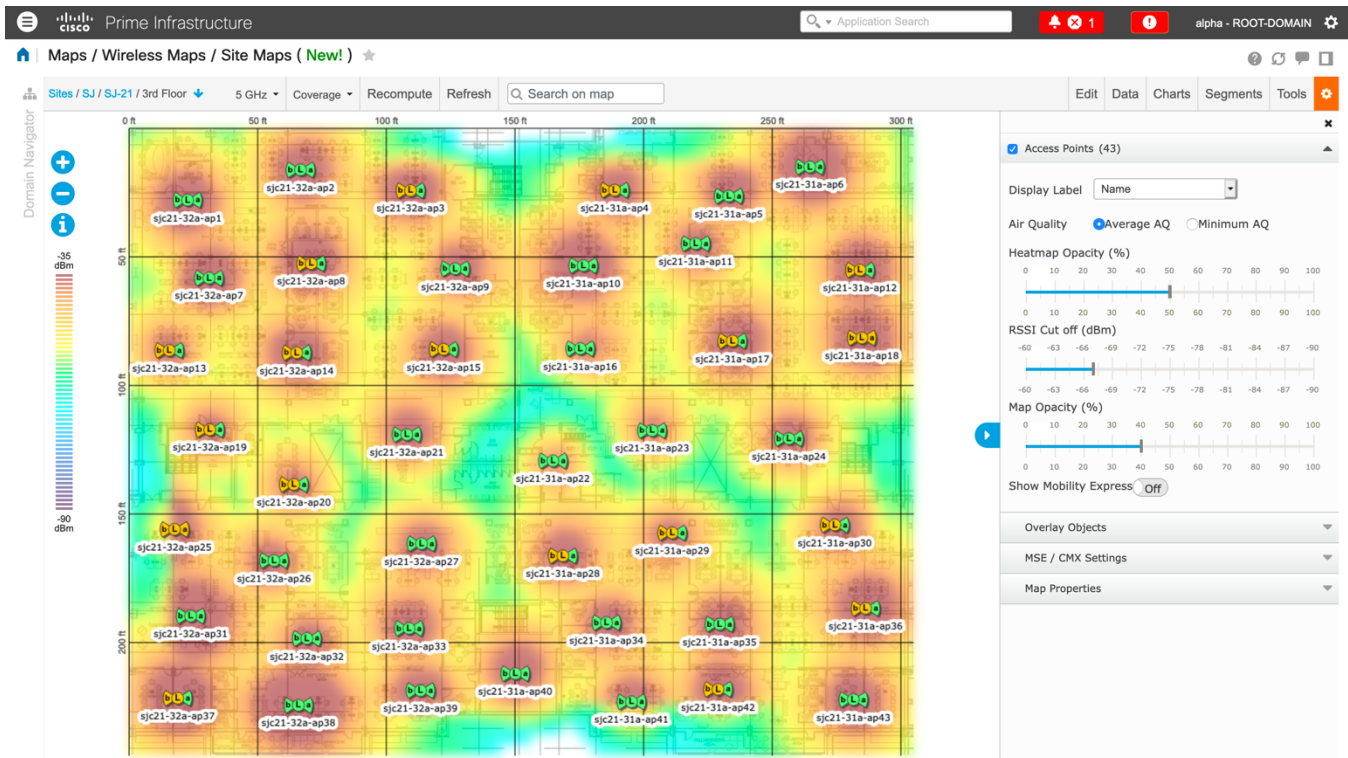
However there are products that also utilize the non-licensed 5 GHz frequency (e.g. 5.8 GHz cordless phones, which can impact UNII-3 channels).



The chart below lists the attenuation levels for various materials that may exist in an environment.

Material	Attenuation Level
Wood	Low
Brick	Medium
Concrete	High
Metal	Very High

Cisco Prime Infrastructure can be utilized to verify signal strength and coverage.



Data Rates

It is recommended to disable rates below 12 Mbps for 5 GHz deployments and below 12 Mbps for 2.4 GHz deployments where capacity and range are factored in for best results.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 has a single antenna, therefore it supports up to MCS 7 data rates for 802.11n (up to 150 Mbps) and up to MCS 9 data rates for 802.11ac (up to 433 Mbps).

Higher MCS rates can be left enabled for other 802.11n/ac clients, which are utilizing the same band frequency and utilize MIMO (multiple input / multiple output) antenna technology, which can take advantage of those higher rates.

If 802.11b clients are not allowed in the wireless network, then it is strongly recommended to disable the data rates below 12 Mbps. This will eliminate the need to send CTS frames for 802.11g/n protection as 802.11b clients can not detect these OFDM frames.

When 802.11b clients exist in the wireless network, then an 802.11b rate must be enabled and only an 802.11b rate can be configured as a mandatory / basic rate.

The recommended data rate configurations are the following:

802.11 Mode	Mandatory Data Rates	Supported Data Rates	Disabled Data Rates
802.11a/n/ac	12 Mbps	18-54 Mbps, VHT MCS 0 - MCS 9 1SS, (VHT MCS 0 - MCS 9 2SS), (VHT MCS 0 - MCS 9 3SS), (VHT MCS 0 - MCS 9 4SS)	6, 9 Mbps
802.11a/n	12 Mbps	18-54 Mbps, HT MCS 0 - MCS 7, (HT MCS 8 - MCS 31)	6, 9 Mbps

802.11g/n	12 Mbps	18-54 Mbps, HT MCS 0 - MCS 7, (HT MCS 8 - MCS 31)	1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9, 11 Mbps
802.11b/g/n	11 Mbps	12-54 Mbps, HT MCS 0 - MCS 7, (HT MCS 8 - MCS 31)	1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9 Mbps
802.11a	12 Mbps	18-54 Mbps	6, 9 Mbps
802.11g	12 Mbps	18-54 Mbps	1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9, 11 Mbps
802.11b/g	11 Mbps	12-54 Mbps	1, 2, 5.5, 6, 9 Mbps
802.11b	11 Mbps	None	1, 2, 5.5 Mbps

For a voice only application, data rates higher than 24 Mbps can optionally be enabled or disabled, but there is no advantage from a capacity or throughput perspective and enabling these rates could potentially increase the number of retries for a data frame.

Other applications such as video may be able to benefit from having these higher data rates enabled.

To preserve high capacity and throughput, data rates of 24 Mbps and higher should be enabled.

If deploying in an environment where excessive retries may be a concern, then a limited set of the data rates can be used, where the lowest enabled rate is the mandatory / basic rate.

For rugged environments or deployments requiring maximum range, it is recommended to enable 6 Mbps as a mandatory / basic rate.

Note: Some environments may require that a lower data rate be enabled due to use of legacy clients, environmental factors or maximum range is required.

Set only the lowest data rate enabled as the single mandatory / basic rate. Multicast packets will be sent at the highest mandatory / basic data rate enabled.

Note that capacity and throughput are reduced when lower rates are enabled.

Rugged Environments

When deploying the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 in a rugged environment (e.g. manufacturing, warehouse, retail), additional tuning on top of the standard design recommendations may be necessary.

Below are the key items to focus on when deploying a wireless LAN in a rugged environment.

Access Point and Antenna Selection

For rugged environments, it is recommended to select an access point platform that requires external antennas. It is also important to ensure an antenna type is selected which can operate well in rugged environments.

Access Point Placement

It is crucial that line of sight to the access point's antennas is maximized by minimizing any obstructions between the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 and the access point. Ensure that the access point and/or antennas are not mounted behind any obstruction or on or near a metal or glass surface.

If access points with integrated internal antennas are to be used in some areas, then it is recommended to mount those access points on the ceiling as they have omni-directional antennas and are not designed to be wall mounted.

Frequency Band

As always, it is recommended to use 5 GHz. Use of 2.4 GHz, especially when 802.11b rates are enabled, may not work well.

For the 5 GHz channel set, it is recommended to use a 8 or 12 channel plan only; disable UNII-2 extended channels if possible.

Data Rates

The standard recommended data rate set may not work well if multipath is present at an elevated level.

Therefore, it is recommended to enable lower data rates (e.g. 6 Mbps) to operate better in such an environment.

If using for voice only, then data rates above 24 Mbps can be disabled to increase first transmission success. If the same band is also used for data, video or other applications, then is suggested to keep the higher data rates enabled.

Transmit Power

Due to the potential of elevated multipath in rugged environments, the transmit power of the access point and Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 should also be restricted. This is more important if planning to deploy 2.4 GHz in a rugged environment.

If using auto transmit power, the access point transmit power can be configured to use a specified range (maximum and minimum power levels) to prevent the access point from transmitting too hot as well as too weak (e.g. 5 GHz maximum of 16 dBm and minimum of 11 dBm).

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will utilize the access point's current transmit power setting to determine what transmit power it uses for transmitted frames when DTPC is enabled in the access point's configuration.

Fast Roaming

It is recommended to utilize 802.11r / Fast Transition (FT) for fast roaming. Enabling 802.11r (FT) also reduces the number of frames in the handshake when roaming to only two frames. Reducing the number of frames during a roam, increases the chances of roam success.

When using 802.1x authentication, it is important to use the recommended EAPOL key settings.

Quality of Service (QoS)

Need to ensure that DSCP values are preserved throughout the wired network, so that the WMM UP tag for voice and call control frames can be set correctly.

Beamforming

If using Cisco 802.11n capable access points, then Beamforming (ClientLink) should be enabled, which can help with client reception.

Multipath

Multipath occurs when RF signals take multiple paths from a source to a destination.

A part of the signal goes to the destination while another part bounces off an obstruction, then goes on to the destination. As a result, part of the signal encounters delay and travels a longer path to the destination, which creates signal energy loss.

When the different waveforms combine, they cause distortion and affect the decoding capability of the receiver, as the signal quality is poor.

Multipath can exist in environments where there are reflective surfaces (e.g. metal, glass, etc.). Avoid mounting access points on these surfaces.

Below is a list of multipath effects:

Data Corruption

Occurs when multipath is so severe that the receiver is unable to detect the transmitted information.

Signal Nulling

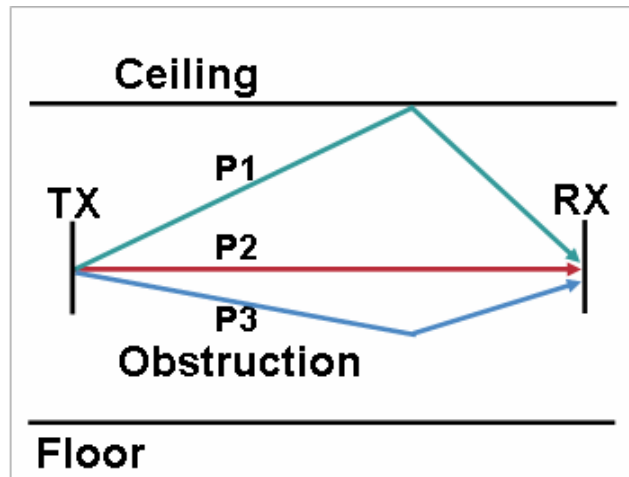
Occurs when the reflected waves arrive exactly out of phase with the main signal and cancel the main signal completely.

Increased Signal Amplitude

Occurs when the reflected waves arrive in phase with the main signal and add on to the main signal thereby increasing the signal strength.

Decreased Signal Amplitude

Occurs when the reflected waves arrive out of phase to some extent with the main signal thereby reducing the signal amplitude.



Use of Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM), which is used by 802.11a/n/ac and 802.11g/n, can help to reduce issues seen in high multipath environments.

If using 802.11b in a high multipath environment, lower data rates should be used in those areas (e.g. 1 and 2 Mbps).

Use of antenna diversity can also help in such environments.

Security

When deploying a wireless LAN, security is essential.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports the following wireless security features.

WLAN Authentication

- WPA2 and WPA (802.1x authentication)
- WPA2-PSK and WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared key)
- EAP-FAST (Extensible Authentication Protocol - Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling)
- EAP-TLS (Extensible Authentication Protocol - Transport Layer Security)
- PEAP-GTC (Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol - Generic Token Card)
- PEAP-MSCHAPv2 (Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol - Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol version 2)
- 802.11r / Fast Transition (FT)
- CCKM (Cisco Centralized Key Management)

- None

WLAN Encryption

- AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)
- TKIP / MIC (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol / Message Integrity Check)
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Protocol) 40/64 and 104/128 bit

Note: The access point must support AES (CCMP128) as TKIP can only be used as the broadcast/multicast cipher.

WPA3 is not supported.

802.1x-SHA2 key management is not supported.

CCMP256, GCMP128, and GCMP256 encryption ciphers are not supported.

Shared Key authentication is not supported.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 also supports the following additional security features.

- Image authentication
- Device authentication
- File authentication
- Signaling authentication
- Secure Cisco Unified SRST
- Media encryption (SRTP)
- Signaling encryption (TLS)
- Certificate authority proxy function (CAPF)
- Secure profiles
- Encrypted configuration files
- Settings Access (can limit user access to configuration menus)

Extensible Authentication Protocol - Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling (EAP-FAST)

Extensible Authentication Protocol - Flexible Authentication via Secure Tunneling (EAP-FAST) encrypts EAP transactions within a Transport Level Security (TLS) tunnel between the access point and the Remote Authentication Dial-in User Service (RADIUS) server such as the Cisco Access Control Server (ACS) or Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE).

The TLS tunnel uses Protected Access Credentials (PACs) for authentication between the client (the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832) and the RADIUS server. The server sends an Authority ID (AID) to the client, which in turn selects the appropriate PAC. The client returns a PAC-Opaque to the RADIUS server. The server decrypts the PAC with its primary-key. Both endpoints now have the PAC key and a TLS tunnel is created. EAP-FAST supports automatic PAC provisioning, but it must enable don the RADIUS server.

To enable EAP-FAST, a certificate must be installed on to the RADIUS server.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 currently supports automatic provisioning of the PAC only, so enable **Allow anonymous in-band PAC provisioning** on the RADIUS server.

Both EAP-GTC and EAP-MSCHAPv2 must be enabled when **Allow anonymous in-band PAC provisioning** is enabled.

EAP-FAST requires that a user account be created on the authentication server.

If anonymous PAC provisioning is not allowed in the production wireless LAN environment then a staging RADIUS server can be setup for initial PAC provisioning of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

This requires that the staging RADIUS server be setup as a secondary EAP-FAST server and components are replicated from the production primary EAP-FAST server, which include user and group database and EAP-FAST primary key and policy info.

Ensure the production primary EAP-FAST RADIUS server is setup to send the EAP-FAST primary keys and policies to the staging secondary EAP-FAST RADIUS server, which will then allow the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to use the provisioned PAC in the production environment where **Allow anonymous in-band PAC provisioning** is disabled.

When it is time to renew the PAC, then authenticated in-band PAC provisioning will be used, so ensure that **Allow authenticated in-band PAC provisioning** is enabled.

Ensure that the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 has connected to the network during the grace period to ensure it can use its existing PAC created either using the active or retired primary key in order to get issued a new PAC.

It is recommended to only have the staging wireless LAN pointed to the staging RADIUS server and to disable the staging access point radios when not being used.

Extensible Authentication Protocol - Transport Layer Security (EAP-TLS)

Extensible Authentication Protocol - Transport Layer Security (EAP-TLS) is using the TLS protocol with PKI to secure communications to the authentication server.

TLS provides a way to use certificates for both user and server authentication and for dynamic session key generation.

A certificate is required to be installed.

EAP-TLS provides excellent security, but requires client certificate management.

EAP-TLS may also require a user account to be created on the authentication server matching the common name of the certificate imported into the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

It is recommended to use a complex password for this user account and that EAP-TLS is the only EAP type enabled on the RADIUS server.

Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP)

Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP) uses server-side public key certificates to authenticate clients by creating an encrypted SSL/TLS tunnel between the client and the authentication server.

The ensuing exchange of authentication information is then encrypted and user credentials are safe from eavesdropping.

PEAP-GTC and PEAP-MSCHAPv2 are supported inner authentication protocols.

PEAP requires that a user account be created on the authentication server.

The authentication server can be validated via importing a certificate into the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Quality of Service (QoS)

Quality of Service enables queuing to ensure high priority for voice traffic.

To enable proper queuing for voice and call control traffic use the following guidelines.

- Ensure that **WMM** is enabled on the access point.
- Create a QoS policy on the access point giving priority to voice and call control traffic.

Traffic Type	Call Server	DSCP	802.1p	WMM UP	Protocol
Voice	CUCM	EF (46)	5	6	RTP (UDP 16384 - 32767)
	Webex Calling	EF (46)	5	6	RTP (UDP 19560 - 65535)
Call Control	CUCM	CS3 (24)	3	4	SIP (TCP/UDP 5060 - 5061)
	Webex Calling	CS3 (24)	3	4	SIP (TCP 8934)

- Be sure that voice and call control packets have the proper QoS markings and other protocols are not using the same QoS markings.
- Enable Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) preservation on the Cisco IOS switch.

For more information about TCP and UDP ports used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 and the Cisco Unified Communications Manager, refer to the **Cisco Unified Communications Manager TCP and UDP Port Usage** document at this URL:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/cucm/port/10_5_x/cucm_b_port-usage-cucm-105x/cucm_b_port-usage-cucm-105x_chapter_00.html

For information on network requirements for Webex Calling, refer to the **Port Reference Information for Webex Calling** document at this URL:

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/b2exve/Port-Reference-Information-for-Webex-Calling>

Call Admission Control (CAC)

Call Admission Control can be enabled on the access point.

- Enable Call Admission Control (CAC) / Wi-Fi MultiMedia Traffic Specifications (TSPEC) for Voice
- Set the desired maximum RF bandwidth that is allocated for voice traffic (default = 75%)
- Set the bandwidth that is reserved for roaming voice clients (default = 6%)

Pre-Call Admission Control

If Call Admission Control is enabled on the access point, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will send an Add Traffic Stream (ADDTS) to the access point to request bandwidth in order to place or receive a call.

If the AP sends an ADDTS successful message then the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 establishes the call.

If the access point rejects the call and the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 has no other access point to roam to, then the phone will display **Network Busy**.

If the admission is refused for an inbound call there is no messaging from the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to inform the remote endpoint that there is insufficient bandwidth to establish the call, so the call can continue to ring out within the system until the remote user terminates the call.

Roaming Admission Control

During a call, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 measures Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) and Packet Error Rate (PER) values for the current and all available access points to make roaming decisions.

If the original access point where the call was established had Call Admission Control enabled, then the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will send an ADDTS request during the roam to the new access point, which is embedded in the reassociation request frame.

Traffic Classification (TCLAS)

Traffic Classification (TCLAS) helps to ensure that the access point properly classifies voice packets.

Without proper classification, voice packets will be treated as best effort, which will defeat the purpose of TSPEC and QoS in general.

TCP and UDP port information will be used to set the UP (User Priority) value.

The previous method of classification depends upon preservation of DSCP value throughout the network, where the DSCP value maps to a particular queue (BE, BK, VI, VO).

However, the DSCP values are not always preserved as this can be viewed as a security risk.

Using port based QoS policies is inadequate for CAPWAP based wireless LAN solutions as all data packets use the same UDP port (CAPWAP = UDP 5246) and the access point uses the outside QoS marking to determine which queue the packets should be placed in.

With TCLAS, DSCP preservation is not a requirement.

Call Admission Control must be enabled on the access point in order to enable TCLAS.

TCLAS will be negotiated within the ADDTS packets, which are used to request bandwidth in order to place or receive a call.

QoS Basic Service Set (QBSS)

There are three different versions of QoS Basic Service Set (QBSS) that the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports.

The first version from Cisco was on a 0-100 scale and was not based on clear channel assessment (CCA), so it does not account for channel utilization, but only the 802.11 traffic traversing that individual access point's radio. So it does not account for other 802.11 energy or interferers using the same frequencies.

QBSS is also a part of 802.11e, which is on a 0-255 scale and is CCA based. So this gives a true representation on how busy the channel is. The max threshold is also defined on the client side, which is set to 105.

The second version from Cisco is based on the 802.11e version, but allows the default max threshold of 105 to be optionally configured.

Each version of QBSS can be optionally be configured on the access point.

Wired QoS

Configure QoS settings and policies for the necessary network devices.

Configuring Cisco Switch Ports for WLAN Devices

Configure the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller and Cisco Access Point switch ports as well as any uplink switch ports.

If utilizing Cisco IOS Switches, use the following switch port configurations.

Enable COS trust for Cisco Wireless LAN Controller

```
mls qos
!  
interface X  
mls qos trust cos
```

Enable DSCP trust for Cisco Access Points

```
mls qos  
!  
interface X  
mls qos trust dscp
```

If utilizing Cisco Meraki MS Switches, reference the **Cisco Meraki MS Switch VoIP Deployment Guide**.

https://meraki.cisco.com/lib/pdf/meraki_whitepaper_msvoip.pdf

Note: When using the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, DSCP trust must be implemented or must trust the UDP data ports used by the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller (CAPWAP = UDP 5246 and 5247) on all interfaces where wireless packets will traverse to ensure QoS markings are correctly set.

Configuring Cisco Switch Ports for Wired IP Phones

Enable the Cisco wired IP phone switch ports for Cisco phone trust.

Below is a sample switch configuration:

```
mls qos  
!  
Interface X  
mls qos trust device cisco-phone  
mls qos trust dscp
```

Roaming

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 defaults to Auto for the 802.11 mode, which allows the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to connect to either 5 GHz or 2.4 GHz and enables interband roaming support.

802.11r / Fast Transition (FT) is the recommended deployment model for all environment types where frequent roaming occurs.

802.1x authentication is required in order to utilize CCKM.

802.1x without 802.11r (FT) or CCKM can introduce delay during roaming due to its requirement for full re-authentication. WPA and WPA2 introduce additional transient keys and can lengthen roaming time.

When 802.11r (FT) or CCKM is utilized, roaming times can be reduced to less than 100 ms, where that transition time from one access point to another will not be audible to the user.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports 802.11r (FT) with WPA2 (AES) or WPA2-PSK (AES) and CCKM with WPA2 (AES).

Authentication	Roaming Time
WPA2 Personal	150 ms
WPA2 Enterprise	300 ms
802.11r (FT)	< 100 ms
CCKM	< 100 ms

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 manages the scanning and roaming events.

The roaming trigger for the majority of roams should be due to meeting the required RSSI differential based on the current RSSI, which results in seamless roaming (no voice interruptions).

For seamless roaming to occur, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 must be associated to an access point for at least 3 seconds, otherwise roams can occur based on packet loss (max tx retransmissions or missed beacons).

Fast Secure Roaming (FSR)

802.11r / Fast Transition (FT) is the recommended deployment model for all environment types where frequent roaming occurs.

Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM) is also supported, but requires 802.1x authentication.

802.11r (FT) and CCKM enable fast secure roaming and limits the off-network time to keep audio gaps at a minimum when on call.

802.1x or PSK without 802.11r (FT) and 802.1x without CCKM can introduce delay during roaming due to its requirement for full re-authentication. WPA and WPA2 introduce additional transient keys and can lengthen roaming time.

802.11r (FT) and CCKM centralizes the key management and reduces the number of key exchanges.

When 802.11r (FT) or CCKM is utilized, roaming times can be reduced from 400-500 ms to less than 100 ms, where that transition time from one access point to another will not be audible to the user.

There are two methods of 802.11r (FT) roaming.

Over the Air

The client communicates directly with the target access point using 802.11 authentication with the FT authentication algorithm.

Over the Distribution

The client communicates with the target access point through the current access point. The communication between the client and the target access point is carried in FT action frames between the client and the current access point via the WLAN controller.

802.11r (FT) utilizing the Over the Air method is the recommended fast secure roaming model to deploy.

Since the 802.11r (FT) plus Over the Distribution method requires connectivity to the currently associated access point, this method may not work well if the phone is not always able to communicate with the current access point as well as the target access point, which could occur in non-open environments if line of sight to both the current access point and the target access point can not be retained when a roaming event occurs.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports 802.11r (FT) with WPA2-PSK or WPA2 and CCKM with WPA2 or WPA.

FSR Type	Authentication	Key Management	Encryption
802.11r (FT)	PSK	WPA2	AES
802.11r (FT)	EAP-FAST	WPA2	AES
802.11r (FT)	EAP-TLS	WPA2	AES
802.11r (FT)	PEAP-GTC	WPA2	AES
802.11r (FT)	PEAP-MSCHAPv2	WPA2	AES
CCKM	EAP-FAST	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
CCKM	EAP-TLS	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
CCKM	PEAP-GTC	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
CCKM	PEAP-MSCHAPv2	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP

Note: If deploying the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 into an environment where other Wi-Fi phone models exist but those Wi-Fi phone models do not support 802.11r (FT), then should be able to use that same pre-existing SSID for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, but is recommended to enable 802.11r (FT) utilizing the Over the Air method on top of the other pre-existing key management types (e.g. 802.1x, CCKM, or 802.1x + CCKM); assuming the other Wi-Fi phone models can interoperate in an 802.11r (FT) enabled network while not utilizing 802.11r (FT).

The access point must support AES (CCMP128) as TKIP can only be used as the broadcast/multicast cipher.

Interband Roaming

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 defaults to Auto for the frequency band mode, which enables interband roaming and currently gives preference to the strongest signal. Typically this will give preference to 2.4 GHz over 5 GHz due to 2.4 GHz having a stronger signal in general assuming the power levels are the same.

At power on, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will scan all 2.4 and 5 GHz channels when in Auto mode, then attempt to associate to an access point for the configured network if available.

If configured for 5 GHz only or 2.4 GHz only mode, then just those channels are scanned.

It is recommended to perform a spectrum analysis to ensure that the desired bands can be enabled in order to perform interband roaming.

Power Management

The power supply (CP-8832-PWR= or CP-8832-PWR-WW=) is required to enable the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 for wireless LAN mode, as there is no internal battery.

Wireless LAN is automatically disabled temporarily when Ethernet is connected to the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, but will be automatically re-enabled once Ethernet is disconnected if Wireless LAN was enabled previously.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 primarily uses active mode (no Wi-Fi power save) when in idle or on call. Null Power Save (PS-NULL) frames are utilized for off-channel scanning.

Delivery Traffic Indicator Message (DTIM)

It is recommended to set the DTIM period to **2** with a beacon period of **100 ms**.

Since the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 uses active mode, the DTIM period will not be used to schedule wake up periods to check for broadcast and multicast packets as well as any unicast packets.

Broadcast and multicast traffic will be queued until the DTIM period when there are power save enabled clients associated to the access point, so DTIM will determine how quickly these packets can be delivered to the client. If using multicast applications, a shorter DTIM period can be used.

When multiple multicast streams exist on the wireless LAN frequently, then it is recommended to set the DTIM period to **1**.

Dynamic Transmit Power Control (DTPC)

To ensure packets are exchanged successfully between the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 and the access point, Dynamic Transmit Power Control (DTPC) should be enabled.

DTPC prevents one-way audio when RF traffic is heard in one direction only.

If the access point does not support DTPC, then the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will use the highest available transmit power depending on the current channel and data rate.

The access point's radio transmit power should not have a transmit power greater than what the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can support.

Call Capacity

Design the network to accommodate the desired call capacity.

The Cisco access point can support up to 27 bi-directional voice streams for both 802.11a/n/ac and 802.11g/n at a data rate of 24 Mbps or higher. To achieve this capacity, there must be minimal wireless LAN background traffic and initial radio frequency (RF) utilization.

The number of calls may vary depending on the data rate, initial channel utilization, and the environment.

Audio Only Calls

Below lists the maximum number of audio only calls (single bi-directional voice stream) supported per access point / channel.

Max # of Audio Calls	802.11 Mode	Audio Codec	Audio Bit Rate	Data Rate
13	5 GHz or 2.4 GHz	G.722 / G.711	64 Kbps	6 Mbps
20	5 GHz or 2.4 GHz	G.722 / G.711	64 Kbps	12 Mbps
27	5 GHz or 2.4 GHz	G.722 / G.711	64 Kbps	24 Mbps or higher

Multicast

When enabling multicast in the wireless LAN, performance and capacity must be considered.

If there is an associated client that is in power save mode, then all multicast packets will be queued until the DTIM period.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 utilizes active mode primarily, but if there is an associated client that is in power save mode, then all multicast packets will be queued until the DTIM period.

With multicast, there is no guarantee that the packet will be received by the client.

The multicast traffic will be sent at the highest mandatory / basic data rate enabled on the access point, so will want to ensure that only the lowest enabled rate is configured as the only mandatory / basic rate.

The client will send the IGMP join request to receive that multicast stream. The client will send the IGMP leave when the session is to be ended.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports the IGMP query feature, which can be used to reduce the amount of multicast traffic on the wireless LAN when not necessary.

Ensure that IGMP snooping is also enabled on all switches.

Configuring the Cisco Wireless LAN

Cisco AireOS Wireless LAN Controller and Lightweight Access Points

When configuring the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller and Lightweight Access Points, use the following guidelines:

- Ensure **802.11r (FT)** or **CCKM** is **Enabled**
- Set **Quality of Service (QoS)** to **Platinum**
- Set the **WMM Policy** to **Required**
- Ensure **802.11k** is **Disabled**
- Ensure **802.11v** is **Disabled**
- Ensure **Session Timeout** is enabled and configured correctly
- Ensure **Broadcast Key Interval** is enabled and configured correctly
- Ensure **Aironet IE** is **Enabled**
- Set **DTPC Support** to **Enabled**
- Disable **P2P (Peer to Peer) Blocking Action**
- Ensure **Client Exclusion** is configured correctly
- Disable **DHCP Address Assignment Required**
- Set **Protected Management Frame (PMF)** to **Optional** or **Disabled**
- Set **MFP Client Protection** to **Optional** or **Disabled**
- Set the **DTIM Period** to **2**
- Set **Client Load Balancing** to **Disabled**
- Set **Client Band Select** to **Disabled**
- Set **IGMP Snooping** to **Enabled**
- Enable **Symmetric Mobile Tunneling Mode** if Layer 3 mobility is utilized
- Enable **ClientLink** if utilizing Cisco 802.11n capable Access Points
- Configure the **Data Rates** as necessary
- Configure **Auto RF** as necessary
- Set **Admission Control Mandatory** for **Voice** to **Enabled**
- Set **Load Based CAC** for **Voice** to **Enabled**
- Enable **Traffic Stream Metrics** for **Voice**
- Set **Admission Control Mandatory** for **Video** to **Disabled**
- Set **EDCA Profile** to **Voice Optimized** or **Voice and Video Optimized**
- Set **Enable Low Latency MAC** to **Disabled**
- Ensure that **Power Constraint** is **Disabled**
- Enable **Channel Announcement** and **Channel Quiet Mode**
- Configure the **High Throughput Data Rates** as necessary
- Configure the **Frame Aggregation** settings
- Enable **CleanAir** if utilizing Cisco access points with CleanAir technology
- Configure **Multicast Direct Feature** as necessary

- Set the **Protocol Type** to **None** for the **Platinum** QoS profile

802.11 Network Settings

It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

If wanting to use 5 GHz, ensure the 802.11a/n/ac network status is **Enabled**.

Set the **Beacon Period** to **100 ms**.

Ensure **DTPC Support** is enabled.

If using Cisco 802.11n capable Access Points, ensure **ClientLink** is enabled.

Maximum Allowed Clients can be configured as necessary.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless configuration page for 802.11a Global Parameters. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with options like Access Points, Radios, Advanced, Mesh, AP Group NTP, ATF, RF Profiles, FlexConnect Groups, FlexConnect ACLs, FlexConnect VLAN Templates, Network Lists, and 802.11a/n/ac/ax. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- General:**
 - 802.11a Network Status: Enabled
 - Beacon Period (millisecs):
 - Fragmentation Threshold (bytes):
 - DTPC Support: Enabled
 - Maximum Allowed Clients:
 - RSSI Low Check: Enabled
 - RSSI Threshold (-60 to -90 dBm):
- 802.11a Band Status:**
 - Low Band: Enabled
 - Mid Band: Enabled
 - High Band: Enabled
- Data Rates**:**
 - 6 Mbps: Disabled
 - 9 Mbps: Disabled
 - 12 Mbps: Mandatory
 - 18 Mbps: Supported
 - 24 Mbps: Supported
 - 36 Mbps: Supported
 - 48 Mbps: Supported
 - 54 Mbps: Supported
- CCX Location Measurement:**
 - Mode: Enabled
 - Interval (seconds):
- TWT Configuration ***:**
 - Target Waketime: Enabled
 - Broadcast TWT Support: Enabled

If wanting to use 2.4 GHz, ensure the 802.11b/g/n network status and 802.11g are **Enabled**.

Set the **Beacon Period** to **100 ms**.

Short Preamble should be **Enabled** in the 2.4 GHz radio configuration setting on the access point when no legacy clients that require a long preamble are present in the wireless LAN. By using the short preamble instead of long preamble, the wireless network performance is improved.

Ensure **DTPC Support** is enabled.

If using Cisco 802.11n capable Access Points, ensure **ClientLink** is enabled.

Maximum Allowed Clients can be configured as necessary.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates assuming that there will not be any 802.11b only clients that will connect to the wireless LAN; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

If 802.11b clients exist, then 11 Mbps should be set as the mandatory (basic) rate and 12 Mbps and higher as supported (optional).

The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories like Access Points, Mesh, AP Group NTP, ATF, RF Profiles, FlexConnect Groups, FlexConnect ACLs, FlexConnect VLAN Templates, Network Lists, and 802.11a/n/ac/ax. The main content area is titled '802.11b/g Global Parameters' and is divided into three sections:

- General:**
 - 802.11b/g Network Status: Enabled
 - 802.11g Support: Enabled
 - Beacon Period (millisecs):
 - Short Preamble: Enabled
 - Fragmentation Threshold (bytes):
 - DTPC Support: Enabled
 - Maximum Allowed Clients:
 - RSSI Low Check: Enabled
 - RSSI Threshold (-60 to -90 dBm):
- CCX Location Measurement:**
 - Mode: Enabled
 - Interval (seconds):
- Data Rates**:**
 - 1 Mbps: Disabled
 - 2 Mbps: Disabled
 - 5.5 Mbps: Disabled
 - 6 Mbps: Disabled
 - 9 Mbps: Disabled
 - 11 Mbps: Mandatory
 - 12 Mbps: Supported
 - 18 Mbps: Supported
 - 24 Mbps: Supported
 - 36 Mbps: Supported
 - 48 Mbps: Supported
 - 54 Mbps: Supported
- TWT Configuration ***:**
 - Target Waketime: Enabled
 - Broadcast TWT Support: Enabled

Beamforming (ClientLink)

Enable **ClientLink** if using Cisco 802.11n capable Access Points.

Use the following commands to enable the beamforming feature globally for all access points or for individual access point radios.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config 802.11a beamforming global enable
(Cisco Controller) >config 802.11a beamforming ap <ap_name> enable
(Cisco Controller) >config 802.11b beamforming global enable
(Cisco Controller) >config 802.11b beamforming ap <ap_name> enable
```

The current status of the beamforming feature can be displayed by using the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >show 802.11a
(Cisco Controller) >show 802.11b
```

Legacy Tx Beamforming setting..... **Enabled**

802.11a/n/ac/ax Cisco APs > Configure

General

AP Name: rtp9-31a-ap1
 Admin Status: Enable
 Operational Status: UP
 Slot #: 1

11n Parameters

11n Supported: Yes

CleanAir

CleanAir Capable: Yes
 CleanAir Admin Status: Enable
 * CleanAir enable will take effect only if it is enabled on this band.

Number of Spectrum Expert connections: 0

Antenna Parameters

Antenna Type: Internal
 Antenna: A, B, C, D (all checked)

RF Channel Assignment

Current Channel: (48,44)
 Channel Width: 40 MHz
 * Channel width can be configured only when channel configuration is in custom mode
 Assignment Method: Global

Radar Information

Channel: Last Heard (Secs)
 No radar detected channels

Tx Power Level Assignment

Current Tx Power Level: 1
 Assignment Method: Global

Performance Profile

View and edit Performance Profile for this AP
 Performance Profile

Note: Changing any of the parameters causes the Radio to be temporarily disabled and thus may result in loss of connectivity for some clients.

Auto RF (RRM)

When using the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller it is recommended to enable Auto RF to manage the channel and transmit power settings.

Configure the access point transmit power level assignment method for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

If using automatic power level assignment, a maximum and minimum power level can be specified.

802.11a > RRM > Tx Power Control (TPC)

TPC Version

Interference Optimal Mode (TPCv2)
 Coverage Optimal Mode (TPCv1)

Tx Power Level Assignment Algorithm

Power Level Assignment Method: Automatic (Every 600 sec)
 On Demand (Invoke Power Update Once)
 Fixed (1)

Maximum Power Level Assignment (-10 to 30 dBm): 17
 Minimum Power Level Assignment (-10 to 30 dBm): 11

Power Assignment Leader: RTP9-32A-WLC3 (10.81.6.70)
 Last Power Level Assignment: 463 secs ago
 Power Threshold (-80 to -50 dBm): -65
 Channel Aware: Enabled
 Power Neighbor Count: 3

If using 5 GHz, the number of channels can be limited (e.g. 12 channels only) to avoid any potential delay of access point discovery due to having to scan many channels.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLC configuration interface for Dynamic Channel Assignment (DCA). The left sidebar contains navigation options like 'Access Points', 'Advanced', 'Mesh', 'AP Group NTP', 'ATF', 'RF Profiles', 'FlexConnect Groups', 'FlexConnect ACLs', 'FlexConnect VLAN Templates', and 'Network Lists'. The main content area is titled '802.11a > RRM > Dynamic Channel Assignment (DCA)'. Under 'Dynamic Channel Assignment Algorithm', the 'Channel Assignment Method' is set to 'Automatic'. Other settings include 'Interval: 10 minutes', 'AnchorTime: 0', and 'Invoke Channel Update Once'. Various options are checked, such as 'Avoid Foreign AP interference', 'Avoid non-802.11a noise', and 'Avoid Persistent Non-WiFi Interference'. The 'Channel Width' is set to '40 MHz'. The 'DCA Channel List' is shown as a text box containing the channels: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 153, 157, 161.

If using 2.4 GHz, only channels 1, 6, and 11 should be enabled in the DCA list.

It is recommended to configure the 2.4 GHz channel for 20 MHz even if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points capable of 40 MHz due to the limited number of channels available in 2.4 GHz.

The screenshot displays the Cisco WLC configuration interface for Dynamic Channel Assignment (DCA). The breadcrumb navigation shows the path: 802.11b > RRM > Dynamic Channel Assignment (DCA). The left sidebar contains a navigation tree with categories like Access Points, Mesh, AP Group NTP, ATF, RF Profiles, FlexConnect Groups, FlexConnect ACLs, FlexConnect VLAN Templates, Network Lists, and 802.11a/n/ac/ax. The main content area is titled 'Dynamic Channel Assignment Algorithm' and includes the following settings:

- Channel Assignment Method: Automatic, Freeze, OFF
- Interval: 10 minutes, AnchorTime: 0
- Invoke Channel Update Once: [Button]
- Avoid Foreign AP interference: Enabled
- Avoid Cisco AP load: Enabled
- Avoid non-802.11b noise: Enabled
- Avoid Persistent Non-WiFi Interference: Enabled
- Channel Assignment Leader: RTP9-32A-WLC3 (10.81.6.70)
- Last Auto Channel Assignment: 75 secs ago
- DCA Channel Sensitivity: Medium (10 dB)

Below the algorithm settings is the 'DCA Channel List' section, which contains a text box with the value '1, 6, 11'.

Individual access points can be configured to override the global setting to use dynamic channel and transmit power assignment for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

Other access points can be enabled for automatic assignment method and account for the access points that are statically configured.

This may be necessary if there is an intermittent interferer present in an area.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to use channel bonding only if using 5 GHz.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

802.11a/n/ac/ax Cisco APs > Configure

General

AP Name: rtp9-31a-ap1
 Admin Status: Enable
 Operational Status: UP
 Slot #: 1

11n Parameters

11n Supported: Yes

CleanAir

CleanAir Capable: Yes
 CleanAir Admin Status: Enable
 * CleanAir enable will take effect only if it is enabled on this band.

Number of Spectrum Expert connections: 0

Antenna Parameters

Antenna Type: Internal
 Antenna: A, B, C, D (all checked)

RF Channel Assignment

Current Channel: (48,44)
 Channel Width: 40 MHz
 * Channel width can be configured only when channel configuration is in custom mode
 Assignment Method: Global

Radar Information

Channel: Last Heard (Secs)
 No radar detected channels

Tx Power Level Assignment

Current Tx Power Level: 1
 Assignment Method: Global

Performance Profile

View and edit Performance Profile for this AP
 Performance Profile

Note: Changing any of the parameters causes the Radio to be temporarily disabled and thus may result in loss of connectivity for some clients.

Client Roaming

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 does not utilize the RF parameters in the Client Roaming section of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller as scanning and roaming is managed independently by the phone itself.

EDCA Parameters

Set the EDCA profile to either **Voice Optimized** or **Voice & Video Optimized** and disable **Low Latency MAC** for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

Low Latency MAC (LLM) reduces the number of retransmissions to 2-3 per packet depending on the access point platform, so it can cause issues if multiple data rates are enabled.

LLM is not supported on the Cisco 802.11n/ac Access Points.

General

EDCA Profile: Voice & Video Optimized
 Enable Low Latency MAC:

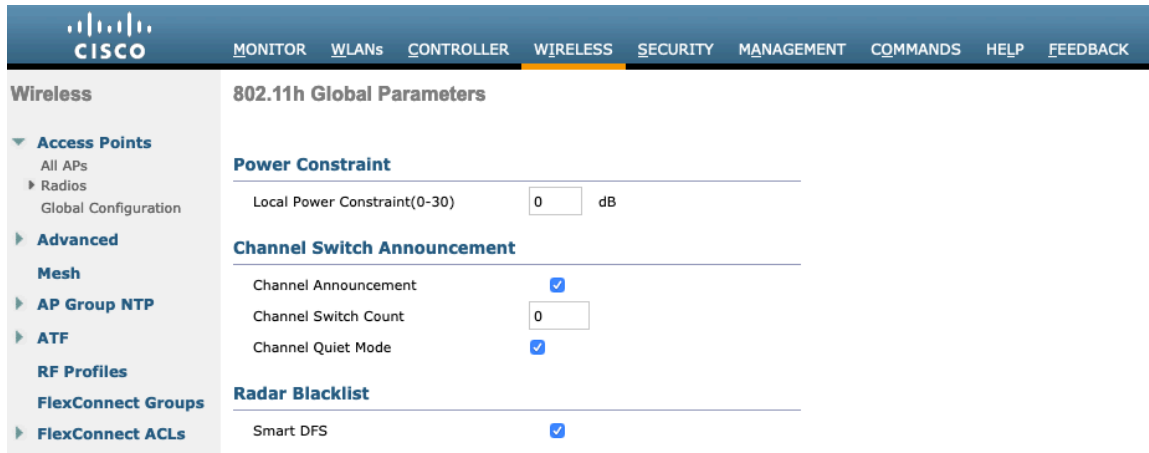
Low latency Mac feature is not supported for 1140/1250/3500 platforms if more than 3 data rates are enabled.

DFS (802.11h)

Power Constraint should be left un-configured or set to 0 dB as DTPC will be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to control the transmission power.

In later versions of the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller it does not allow both TPC (Power Constraint) and DTPC (Dynamic Transmit Power Control) to be enabled simultaneously.

Channel Announcement and **Channel Quiet Mode** should be **Enabled**.



The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes: MONITOR, WLANs, CONTROLLER, WIRELESS (selected), SECURITY, MANAGEMENT, COMMANDS, HELP, and FEEDBACK. The left sidebar shows the configuration tree: Wireless > Access Points > All APs > Radios > Global Configuration. The main content area is titled "802.11h Global Parameters" and contains three sections:

- Power Constraint**: Local Power Constraint(0-30) is set to 0 dB.
- Channel Switch Announcement**: Channel Announcement is checked, Channel Switch Count is 0, and Channel Quiet Mode is checked.
- Radar Blacklist**: Smart DFS is checked.

High Throughput (802.11n/ac)

The 802.11n data rates can be configured per radio (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz).

802.11ac data rates are applicable to 5 GHz only.

Ensure that **WMM** is enabled and **WPA2(AES)** is configured in order to utilize 802.11n/ac data rates.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports HT MCS 0 - MCS 7 and VHT MCS 0 - MCS 9 data rates only, but higher MCS rates can optionally be enabled if there are other 802.11n/ac clients utilizing the same band frequency that include MIMO antenna technology, which can take advantage of those higher data rates.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller configuration page for 802.11n/ac/ax (5 GHz) Throughput. The page is divided into several sections:

- General:** 11n Mode, 11ac Mode, and 11ax Mode are all set to 'Enabled'.
- VHT MCS Rates:** SS1, SS2, SS3, and SS4 are configured for 0-8 and 0-9 subcarriers, all set to 'Enabled'.
- HE MCS Rates:** SS1, SS2, SS3, SS4, SS5, and SS6 are configured for 0-7, 0-9, and 0-11 subcarriers, all set to 'Enabled'.
- MCS (Data Rate) Settings:** A table showing MCS values from 0 to 31, with corresponding data rates and 'Supported' status. All are marked as 'Supported'.

Frame Aggregation

Frame aggregation is a process of packaging multiple MAC Protocol Data Units (MPDUs) or MAC Service Data Units (MSDUs) together to reduce the overheads where in turn throughput and capacity can be optimized. Aggregation of MAC Protocol Data Unit (A-MPDU) requires the use of block acknowledgements.

It is required to adjust the A-MPDU and A-MSDU settings to the following to optimize the experience with the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

A-MSDU

User Priority 1, 2 = Enabled
User Priority 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 = Disabled

A-MPDU

User Priority 0, 3, 4, 5 = Enabled
User Priority 1, 2, 6, 7 = Disabled

Use the following commands to configure the A-MPDU and A-MSDU settings per the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 requirements.

In order to configure the 5 GHz settings, the 802.11a network will need to be disabled first, then re-enabled after the changes are complete.

```
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 1 enable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 2 enable
```

```
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 0 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 3 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 4 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 5 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 6 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 7 disable
```

```
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 0 enable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 3 enable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 4 enable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 5 enable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 1 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 2 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 6 disable
config 802.11a 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 7 disable
```

In order to configure the 2.4 GHz settings, the 802.11b/g network will need to be disabled first, then re-enabled after the changes are complete.

```
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 1 enable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 2 enable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 0 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 3 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 4 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 5 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 6 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-msdu tx priority 7 disable
```

```
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 0 enable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 3 enable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 4 enable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 5 enable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 1 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 2 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 6 disable
config 802.11b 11nSupport a-mpdu tx priority 7 disable
```

To view the current A-MPDU and A-MSDU configuration, enter either **show 802.11a** for 5 GHz or **show 802.11b** for 2.4 GHz.

802.11n Status:

A-MSDU Tx:

```
Priority 0..... Disabled
Priority 1..... Enabled
Priority 2..... Enabled
Priority 3..... Disabled
Priority 4..... Disabled
Priority 5..... Disabled
Priority 6..... Disabled
Priority 7..... Disabled
```

A-MPDU Tx:

```
Priority 0..... Enabled
```


- Priority 1..... Disabled
- Priority 2..... Disabled
- Priority 3..... Enabled
- Priority 4..... Enabled
- Priority 5..... Enabled
- Priority 6..... Disabled
- Priority 7..... Disabled

CleanAir

CleanAir should be **Enabled** when utilizing Cisco access points with CleanAir technology in order to detect any existing interferers.

802.11a > CleanAir

CleanAir/Spectrum Intelligence Parameters

- CleanAir Enabled
- Spectrum Intelligence Enabled
- Report Interferers Enabled
- Persistent Device Propagation Enabled

Interferences to Ignore

- Canopy
- WiMax Fixed
- SI_FHSS

Interferences to Detect

- TDD Transmitter
- Jammer
- Continuous Transmitter
- DECT-like Phone
- Video Camera

Trap Configurations

- Enable AQI(Air Quality Index) Trap Enabled
- AQI Alarm Threshold (1 to 100)
- Enable trap for Unclassified Interferences Enabled
- Threshold for Unclassified category trap (1 to 99)
- Enable trap for Classified Interferences Enabled
- Threshold for Classified category trap (1 to 99)
- Enable Interference For Security Alarm Enabled

Do not trap on these types

- TDD Transmitter
- Continuous Transmitter
- DECT-like Phone
- Video Camera
- SuperAG

Trap on these types

- Jammer
- WiFi Inverted
- WiFi Invalid Channel

Event Driven RRM (Change Settings)

EDRRM	Disabled
Sensitivity Threshold	N/A
Rogue Contribution	N/A
Rogue Duty-Cycle	N/A

(1)Device Security alarms, Event Driven RRM and Persistence Device Avoidance algorithm will not work if Interferers reporting is disabled.
(2)AQI value 100 is best and 1 is worst
(3)Spectrum Intelligence does not send traps to Prime Infrastructure and CMX

Rx Sop Threshold

It is recommended to use the default value for **Rx Sop Threshold**.

WLAN Settings

It is recommended to have a separate SSID for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

However, if there is an existing SSID configured to support voice capable Cisco Wireless LAN endpoints already, then that WLAN can be utilized instead.

The SSID to be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured to only apply to a certain 802.11 radio type (e.g. 802.11a only).

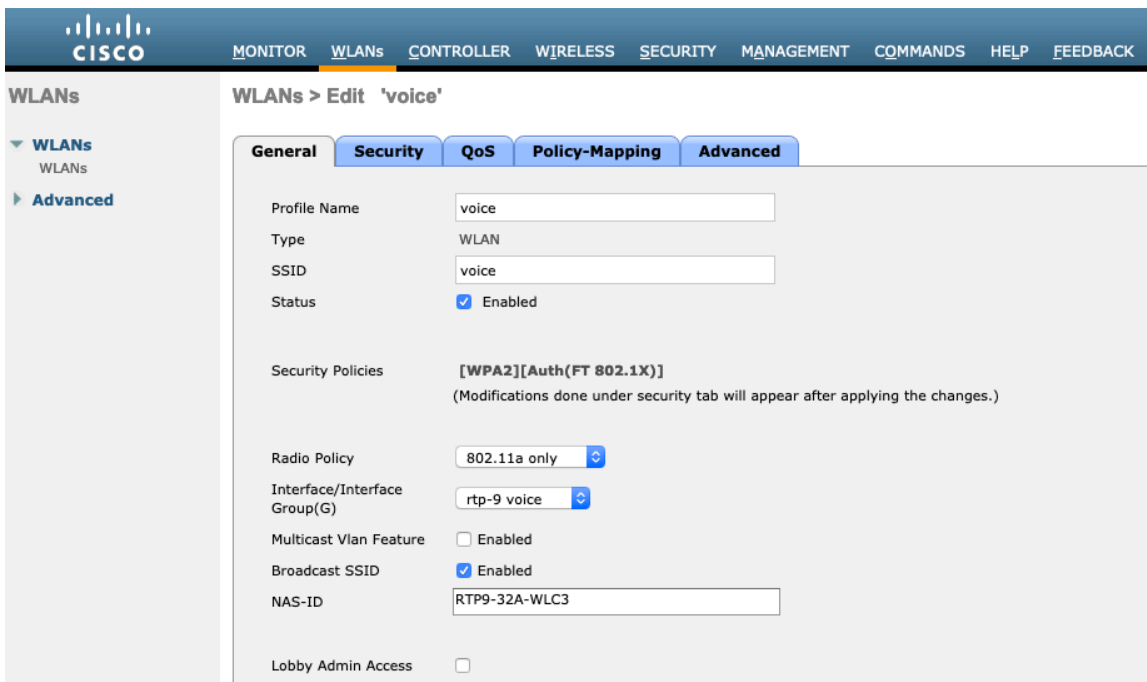
It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

Ensure that the selected SSID is not utilized by any other wireless LANs as that could lead to failures when powering on or during roaming; especially if a different security type is utilized.



The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for creating a new WLAN. The top navigation bar includes 'MONITOR', 'WLANs', 'CONTROLLER', 'WIRELESS', 'SECURITY', 'MANAGEMENT', 'COMMANDS', 'HELP', and 'FEEDBACK'. The left sidebar shows 'WLANs' with sub-items 'WLANs' and 'Advanced'. The main content area is titled 'WLANs > New' and contains the following fields:

Type	WLAN
Profile Name	voice
SSID	voice
ID	6



The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for editing an existing WLAN named 'voice'. The top navigation bar is the same as the previous page. The left sidebar is also the same. The main content area is titled 'WLANs > Edit 'voice'' and has tabs for 'General', 'Security', 'QoS', 'Policy-Mapping', and 'Advanced'. The 'Security' tab is selected, showing the following configuration:

Profile Name	voice
Type	WLAN
SSID	voice
Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Security Policies	[WPA2][Auth(FT 802.1X)] (Modifications done under security tab will appear after applying the changes.)
Radio Policy	802.11a only
Interface/Interface Group(G)	rtp-9 voice
Multicast Vlan Feature	<input type="checkbox"/> Enabled
Broadcast SSID	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled
NAS-ID	RTP9-32A-WLC3
Lobby Admin Access	<input type="checkbox"/>

To utilize 802.11r (FT) for fast secure roaming, check the box to enable Fast Transition.

It is recommended to uncheck **Over the DS** to utilize the Over the Air method instead of the Over the Distribution System method.

Protected Management Frame should be set to **Optional** or **Disabled**.

Enable WPA2 policy with AES encryption then either FT 802.1x or FT PSK for authenticated key management type depending on whether 802.1x or PSK is to be utilized.

CISCO MONITOR **WLANs** CONTROLLER WIRELESS SECURITY MANAGEMENT COMMANDS HELP FEEDBACK

WLANs > Edit 'voice'

General Security **QoS** Policy-Mapping Advanced

Layer 2 **Layer 3** AAA Servers

Layer 2 Security ⁶ WPA+WPA2

Security Type Enterprise

MAC Filtering ²

WPA+WPA2 Parameters

WPA Policy

WPA2 Policy

WPA2 Encryption CCMP128(AES) TKIP CCMP256 GCMP128 GCMP256

OSEN Policy

Fast Transition

Fast Transition Enable

Over the DS

Reassociation Timeout 20 Seconds

CISCO MONITOR **WLANs** CONTROLLER WIRELESS SECURITY MANAGEMENT COMMANDS HELP FEEDBACK

WLANs > Edit 'voice'

General Security **QoS** Policy-Mapping Advanced

Protected Management Frame

PMF Disabled

Authentication Key Management ¹⁹

802.1X-SHA1 Enable

802.1X-SHA2 Enable

FT 802.1X Enable

CCKM Enable

WPA GTK-randomize State ¹⁴ Disable

CISCO MONITOR **WLANs** CONTROLLER WIRELESS SECURITY MANAGEMENT COMMANDS HELP FEEDBACK

WLANs > Edit 'voice'

General Security **QoS** Policy-Mapping Advanced

Layer 2 **Layer 3** AAA Servers

Layer 2 Security ⁶ WPA+WPA2

Security Type Personal

MAC Filtering ²

AutoConfig IPSK Enable

WPA+WPA2 Parameters

WPA Policy

WPA2 Policy

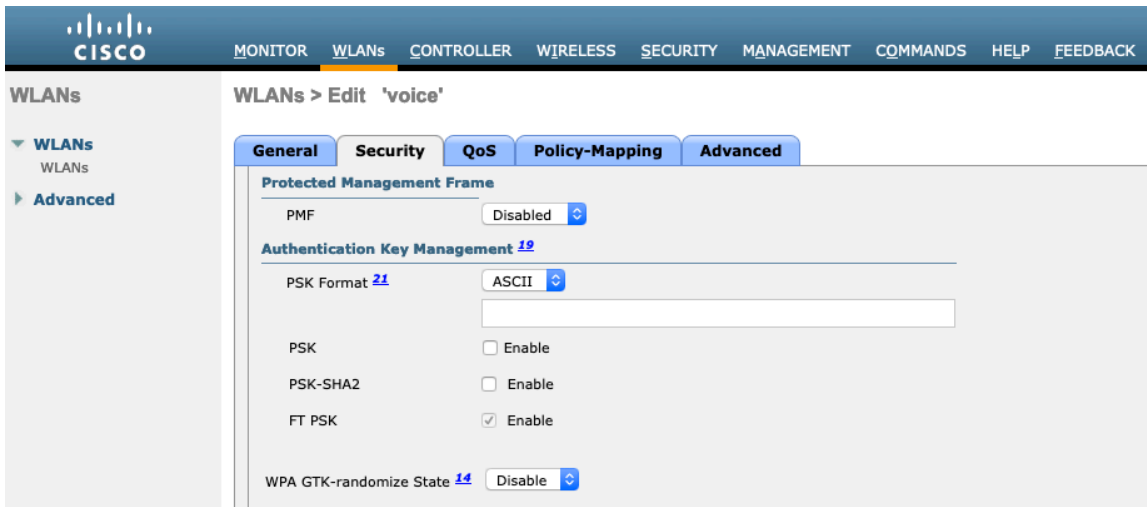
WPA2 Encryption CCMP128(AES) TKIP

Fast Transition

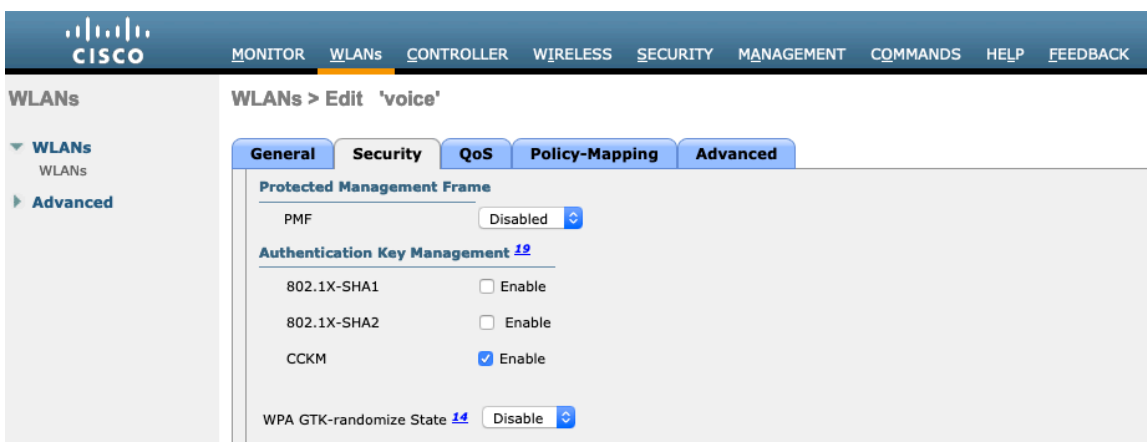
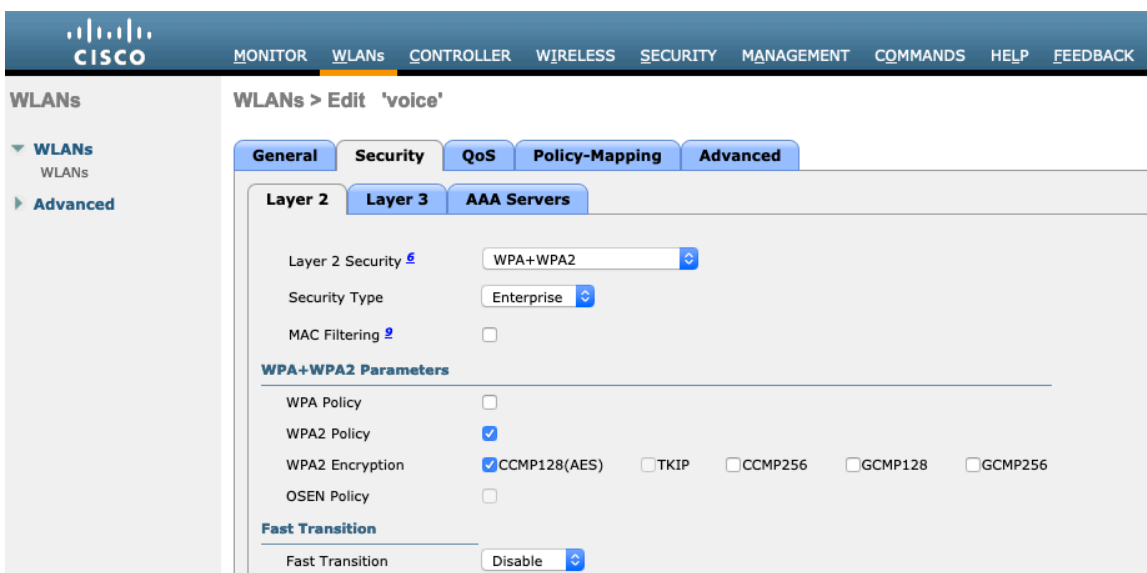
Fast Transition Enable

Over the DS

Reassociation Timeout 20 Seconds



To utilize CCKM for fast secure roaming, enable WPA2 policy with AES encryption and CCKM for authenticated key management type.



802.1x, CCKM and/or PSK may also be enabled if wanting to utilize the same SSID for various type of voice clients, where some clients do not support 802.11r (FT) depending on whether 802.1x or PSK is being utilized.

RADIUS Authentication and Account Servers can be configured at a per SSID level to override the global list.

If **Enabled** and not specified (set to **None**), then the global list of RADIUS servers defined at **Security > AAA > RADIUS** will be utilized.

All EAP parameters can be configured at a per SSID level or at the global level, except for the EAP-Broadcast Key Interval, which can only be configured at the global level.

If wanting to configure the EAP parameters at the per SSID level, check **Enable** in the EAP Parameters section and enter the desired values.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for a WLAN named 'voice'. The 'AAA Servers' tab is selected, showing options for RADIUS Servers and EAP Parameters. The RADIUS Servers section includes checkboxes for 'RADIUS Server Overwrite interface' and 'Apply Cisco ISE Default Settings', both currently disabled. Below this are two columns of dropdown menus for 'Authentication Servers' and 'Accounting Servers', each with a 'None' selection and an 'Enabled' checkbox. The EAP Parameters section has an 'Enable' checkbox checked and several numerical input fields for timeouts and retries.

Server	Authentication	Accounting
Server 1	None	None
Server 2	None	None
Server 3	None	None
Server 4	None	None
Server 5	None	None
Server 6	None	None

Parameter	Value
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
EAPOL Key Timeout(200 to 5000 millisec)	400
EAPOL Key Retries(0 to 4)	4
Identity Request Timeout(1 to 120 sec)	30
Identity Request Retries(1 to 20)	2
Request Timeout(1 to 120 sec)	30
Request Retries(1 to 20)	2

The WMM policy should be set to **Required** only if the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 or other WMM enabled phones will be using this SSID.

If there are non-WMM clients existing in the WLAN, it is recommended to put those clients on another WLAN.

If non-other WMM clients must utilize the same SSID as the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, then ensure the WMM policy is set to **Allowed**.

Enabling WMM will enable the 802.11e version of QBSS.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for the 'voice' profile. The 'QoS' tab is selected, displaying the following settings:

- Quality of Service (QoS): Platinum (voice)
- Application Visibility: Enabled
- AVC Profile: none
- Flex AVC Profile: none
- Netflow Monitor: none
- Fastlane: Disable

Below these settings is the 'Override Per-User Bandwidth Contracts (kbps)' section with the following table:

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

A 'Clear' button is located at the bottom of this section.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for the 'voice' profile, with the 'Policy-Mapping' tab selected. The 'Override Per-SSID Bandwidth Contracts (kbps)' section is visible with the following table:

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

A 'Clear' button is located below this table. Below the bandwidth section, the 'WMM' section is expanded, showing:

- WMM Policy: Required
- 7920 AP CAC: Enabled
- 7920 Client CAC: Enabled

The 'Media Stream' section is also expanded, showing:

- Multicast Direct: Enabled

The 'Lync Policy' section is expanded, showing:

- Audio: Silver

Configure **Enable Session Timeout** as necessary per your requirements. It is recommended to enable the session timeout for 86400 seconds to avoid possible interruptions during audio calls, but also to re-validate client credentials periodically to ensure that the client is using valid credentials.

Enable Aironet Extensions (**Aironet IE**).

Peer to Peer (P2P) Blocking Action should be disabled.

Configure **Client Exclusion** as necessary.

The **Maximum Allowed Clients Per AP Radio** can be configured as necessary.

Off Channel Scanning Defer can be tuned to defer scanning for certain queues as well as the scan defer time.

If using best effort applications frequently or if DSCP values for priority applications (e.g. voice and call control) are not preserved to the access point, then it is recommended to enable the lower priority queues (0-3) along with the higher priority queues (4-6) to defer off channel scanning as well as potentially increasing the scan defer time.

For deployments where EAP failures occur frequently, it is recommended to enable priority queue 7 to defer off channel scanning during EAP exchanges.

DHCP Address Assignment Required should be disabled.

Management Frame Protection should be set to **Optional** or **Disabled**.

Use a **DTIM Period** of **2** with a beacon period of **100 ms**.

Ensure **Client Load Balancing** and **Client Band Select** are disabled.

It is recommended to set **Re-anchor Roamed Voice Clients** to disabled as this can cause brief interruptions with wireless LAN connectivity when a call is terminated after performing an inter-controller roaming.

802.11k and 802.11v are not supported, therefore should be disabled.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for the 'voice' WLAN. The 'Security' tab is selected. In the 'DHCP' section, 'DHCP Server' is set to 'Override' and 'DHCP Addr. Assignment' is set to 'Required'. Under 'Management Frame Protection (MFP)', 'MFP Client Protection' is set to 'Optional'. The 'DTIM Period (in beacon intervals)' section shows '802.11a/n (1 - 255)' and '802.11b/g/n (1 - 255)' both set to '2'. In the 'Load Balancing and Band Select' section, both 'Client Load Balancing' and 'Client Band Select' are disabled.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration interface for the 'voice' WLAN. The 'Security' tab is selected. In the 'Off Channel Scanning Defer' section, 'Scan Defer Priority' is set to 7 and 'Scan Defer Time(msecs)' is set to 100. Under the 'Voice' section, 'Media Session Snooping', 'Re-anchor Roamed Voice Clients', and 'KTS based CAC Policy' are all enabled. In the 'Local Client Profiling' section, 'DHCP Profiling' and 'HTTP Profiling' are disabled. In the 'PMIP' section, 'PMIP Mobility Type' is set to 'Hexadecimal'.

WLANs > Edit 'voice'

Advanced

- FlexConnect Local Auth Enabled
- Learn Client IP Address Enabled
- Vlan based Central Switching Enabled
- Central DHCP Processing Enabled
- Override DNS Enabled
- NAT-PAT Enabled
- Central Assoc Enabled

Lync

- Lync Server

11k

- Neighbor List Enabled
- Neighbor List Dual Band Enabled
- Assisted Roaming Prediction Optimization Enabled

802.11ax BSS Configuration

- Down Link MU-MIMO Enabled

PMIP Profile

PMIP Realm

Universal AP Admin Support

- Universal AP Admin

11v BSS Transition Support

- BSS Transition
- Disassociation Imminent
- Disassociation Timer(0 to 3000 TBTT)
- Optimized Roaming Disassociation Timer(0 to 40 TBTT)
- BSS Max Idle Service
- Directed Multicast Service

Tunneling

- Tunnel Profile
- EOGRE Vlan Override

mDNS

- mDNS Snooping Enabled

WLANs > Edit 'voice'

Advanced

802.11ax BSS Configuration

- Down Link MU-MIMO Enabled
- Up Link MU-MIMO Enabled
- Down Link OFDMA Enabled
- Up Link OFDMA Enabled

mDNS

- mDNS Snooping Enabled

TrustSec

- Security Group Tag

Umbrella

- Umbrella Mode
- Umbrella Profile
- Umbrella DHCP Override

Fabric Configuration

- Fabric Enabled

Mobility

- Selective Reanchor Enabled

U3 Interface

- U3 Interface Enabled
- U3 Reporting Interval

AP Groups

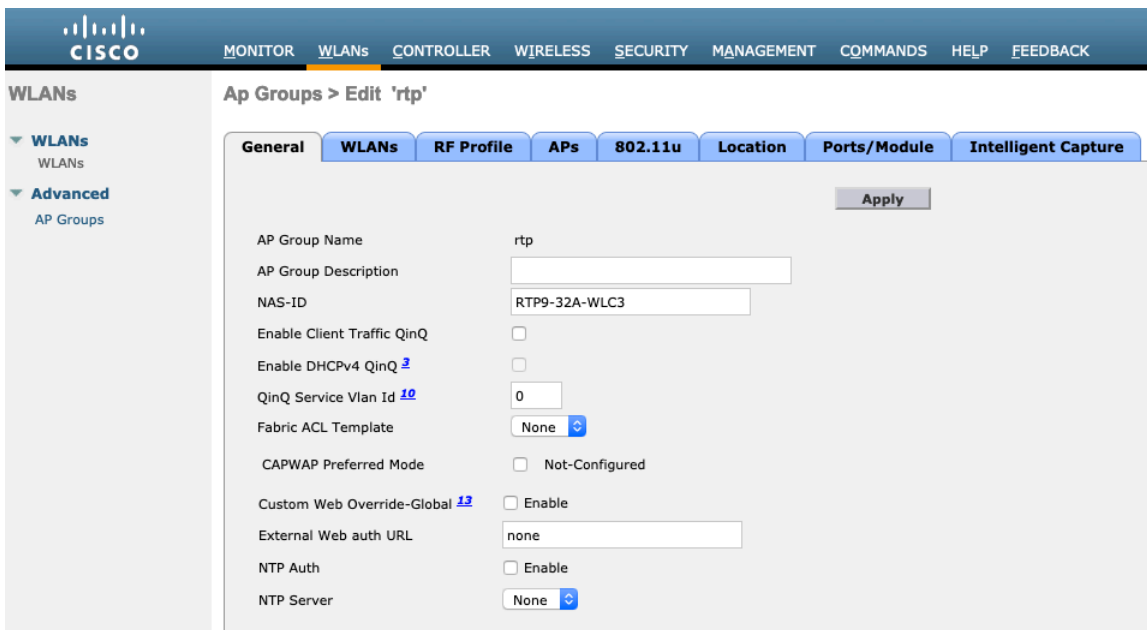
AP Groups can be created to specify which WLANs / SSIDs are to be enabled and which interface they should be mapped to as well as what RF Profile parameters should be used for the access points assigned to the AP Group.

WLANs > AP Groups

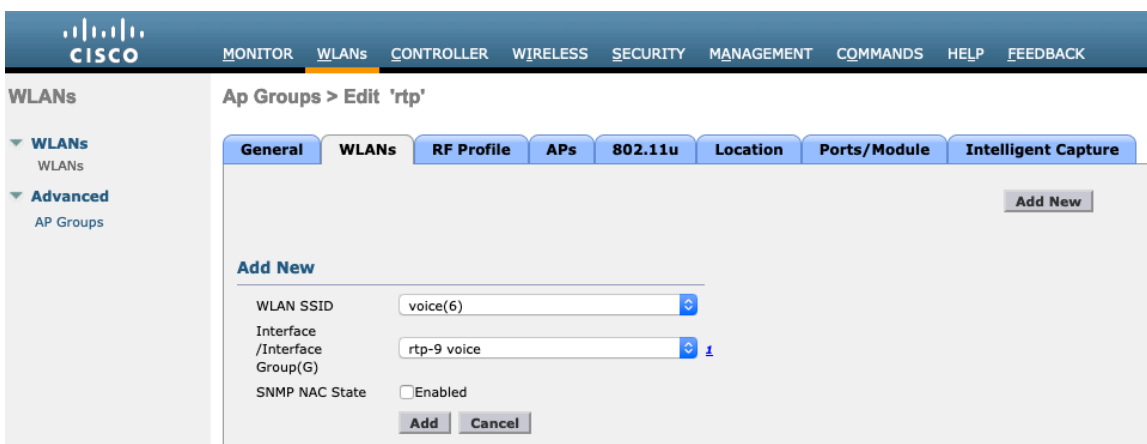
Add New AP Group

AP Group Name

Description

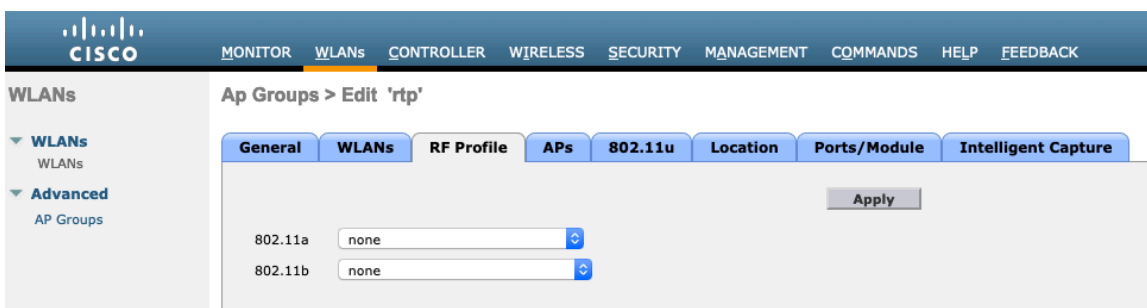


On the **WLANs** tab, select the desired SSIDs and interfaces to map to then select **Add**.



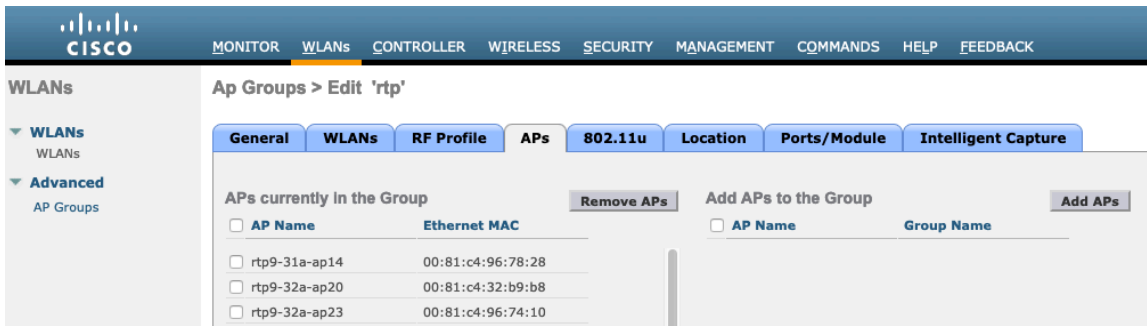
On the **RF Profile** tab, select the desired 802.11a or 802.11b RF Profile, then select **Apply**.

If changes are made after access points have joined the AP Group, then those access points will reboot once those changes are made.



On the **APs** tab, select the desired access points then select **Add APs**.

Those access points will then reboot.

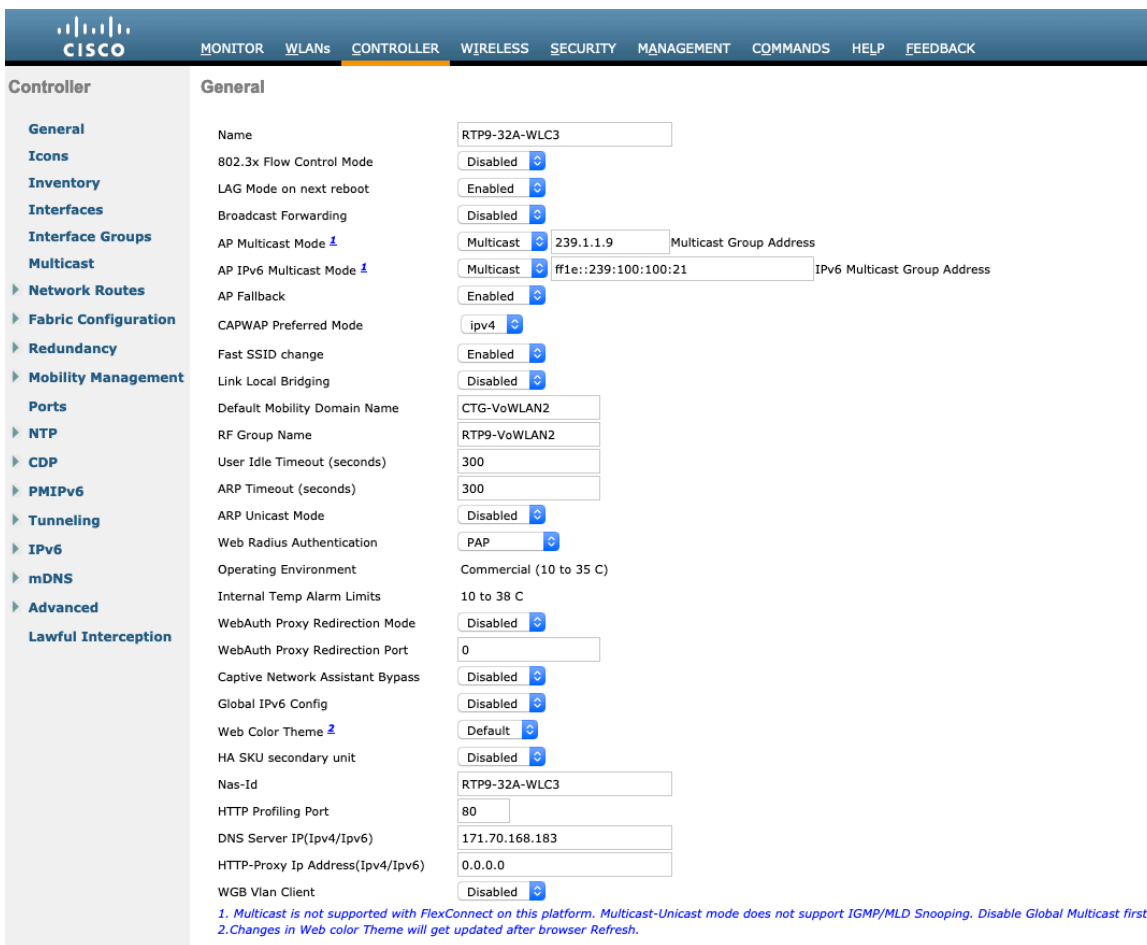


Controller Settings

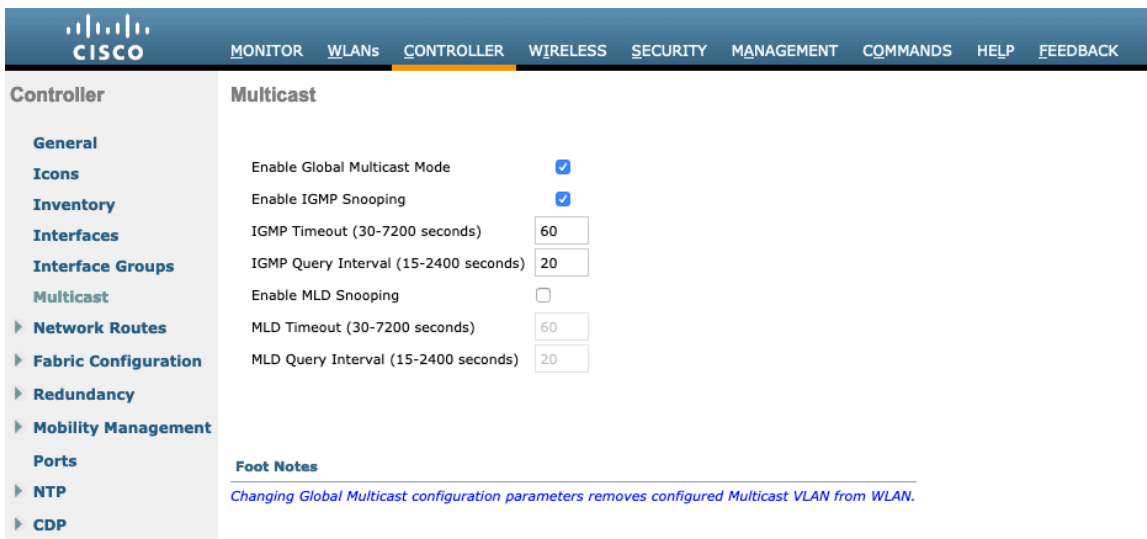
Ensure the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller hostname is configured correctly.

Enable Link Aggregation (LAG) if utilizing multiple ports on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

Configure the desired AP multicast mode.



If utilizing multicast, then **Enable Global Multicast Mode** and **Enable IGMP Snooping** should be enabled.



Controller

- General
- Icons
- Inventory
- Interfaces
- Interface Groups
- Multicast
- ▶ Network Routes
- ▶ Fabric Configuration
- ▶ Redundancy
- ▶ Mobility Management
- Ports
- ▶ NTP
- ▶ CDP

Multicast

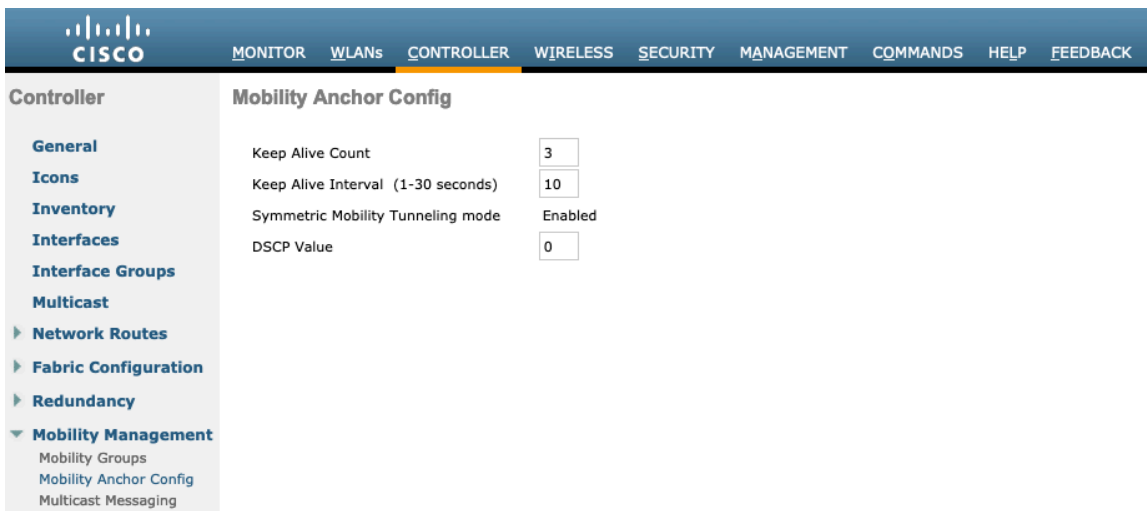
Enable Global Multicast Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable IGMP Snooping	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IGMP Timeout (30-7200 seconds)	<input type="text" value="60"/>
IGMP Query Interval (15-2400 seconds)	<input type="text" value="20"/>
Enable MLD Snooping	<input type="checkbox"/>
MLD Timeout (30-7200 seconds)	<input type="text" value="60"/>
MLD Query Interval (15-2400 seconds)	<input type="text" value="20"/>

Foot Notes

Changing Global Multicast configuration parameters removes configured Multicast VLAN from WLAN.

If utilizing layer 3 mobility, then **Symmetric Mobility Tunneling** should be **Enabled**.

In the recent versions, Symmetric Mobility Tunneling is enabled by default and non-configurable.



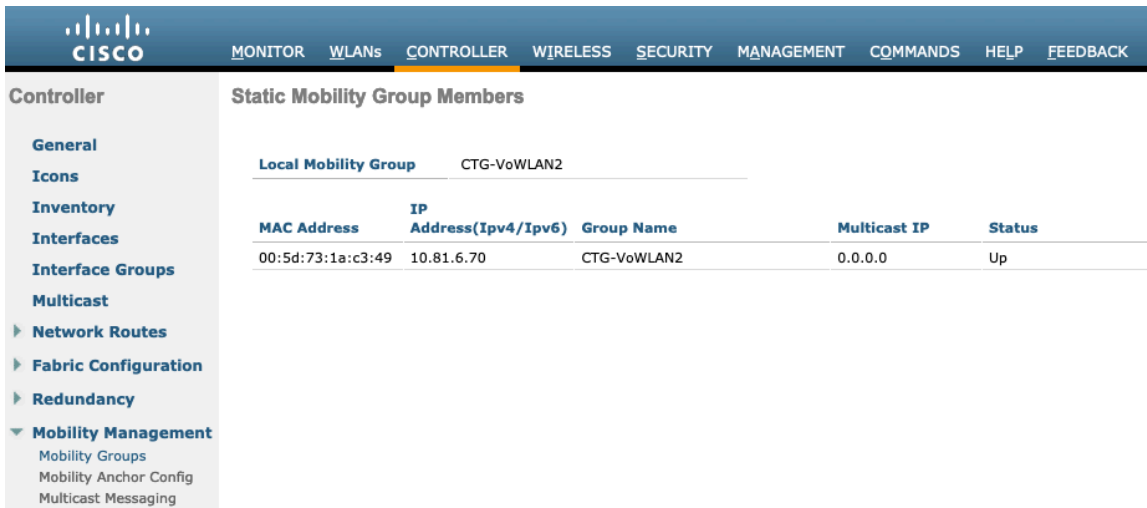
Controller

- General
- Icons
- Inventory
- Interfaces
- Interface Groups
- Multicast
- ▶ Network Routes
- ▶ Fabric Configuration
- ▶ Redundancy
- ▼ **Mobility Management**
 - Mobility Groups
 - Mobility Anchor Config
 - Multicast Messaging

Mobility Anchor Config

Keep Alive Count	<input type="text" value="3"/>
Keep Alive Interval (1-30 seconds)	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Symmetric Mobility Tunneling mode	Enabled
DSCP Value	<input type="text" value="0"/>

When multiple Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers are to be in the same mobility group, then the IP address and MAC address of each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller should be added to the Static Mobility Group Members configuration.



The screenshot shows the Cisco Controller web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for MONITOR, WLANs, CONTROLLER (highlighted), WIRELESS, SECURITY, MANAGEMENT, COMMANDS, HELP, and FEEDBACK. On the left, a sidebar menu lists various configuration categories under 'Controller', with 'Mobility Management' expanded to show 'Mobility Groups', 'Mobility Anchor Config', and 'Multicast Messaging'. The main content area is titled 'Static Mobility Group Members' and displays a table for the 'Local Mobility Group' 'CTG-VoWLAN2'.

Local Mobility Group				
CTG-VoWLAN2				
MAC Address	IP Address(Ipv4/Ipv6)	Group Name	Multicast IP	Status
00:5d:73:1a:c3:49	10.81.6.70	CTG-VoWLAN2	0.0.0.0	Up

Call Admission Control (CAC)

It is recommended to enable **Admission Control Mandatory** for **Voice** and configure the maximum bandwidth and reserved roaming bandwidth percentages for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

The maximum bandwidth default setting for voice is **75%** where **6%** of that bandwidth is reserved for roaming clients.

Roaming clients are not limited to using the reserved roaming bandwidth, but roaming bandwidth is to reserve some bandwidth for roaming clients in case all other bandwidth is utilized.

If CAC is to be enabled, will want to ensure **Load-based CAC** is enabled.

Load-based CAC will account for all energy on the channel.

CISCO MONITOR WLANs CONTROLLER WIRELESS SECURITY MANAGEMENT COMMANDS HELP FEEDBACK

Wireless

- Access Points
 - All APs
 - Radios
 - Global Configuration
- Advanced
- Mesh
- AP Group NTP
- ATF
- RF Profiles
- FlexConnect Groups
- FlexConnect ACLs
- FlexConnect VLAN Templates
- Network Lists
- 802.11a/n/ac/ax
 - Network
 - RRM
 - RF Grouping
 - TPC
 - DCA
 - Coverage
 - General
 - Client Roaming
 - Media
 - EDCA Parameters
 - DFS (802.11h)
 - High Throughput (802.11n/ac/ax)
 - CleanAir
 - 802.11b/g/n/ax

802.11a(5 GHz) > Media

Voice Video **Media**

Call Admission Control (CAC)

Admission Control (ACM) Enabled

CAC Method ⁴ Load Based

Max RF Bandwidth (5-85)(%) 75

Reserved Roaming Bandwidth (0-25)(%) 6

Expedited bandwidth

SIP CAC Support ³ Enabled

Per-Call SIP Bandwidth ²

SIP Codec G.711

SIP Bandwidth (kbps) 64

SIP Voice Sample Interval (msecs) 20

Traffic Stream Metrics

Metrics Collection

Foot Notes

¹ 11a rates(Kbps): 6000,9000,12000,18000,24000,36000,48000,54000
¹¹ⁿ rates(Kbps): 65000,72200,130000,144400,135000,150000,270000,300000
² SIP CAC should only be used for phones that support status code 17 and do not support TSPEC-based admission control.
³ SIP CAC will be supported only if SIP snooping is enabled.
⁴ Static CAC method is radio based and load-based CAC method is channel based.

Admission Control Mandatory for Video should be disabled.

Wireless

- Access Points
 - All APs
 - Radios
 - Global Configuration
- Advanced
- Mesh
- AP Group NTP
- ATF
- RF Profiles
- FlexConnect Groups
- FlexConnect ACLs
- FlexConnect VLAN Templates
- Network Lists
- 802.11a/n/ac/ax
 - Network
 - RRM
 - RF Grouping
 - TPC
 - DCA
 - Coverage
 - General
 - Client Roaming
 - Media
 - EDCA Parameters
 - DFS (802.11h)
 - High Throughput (802.11n/ac/ax)
 - CleanAir
- 802.11b/g/n/ax

802.11a(5 GHz) > Media

Voice Video Media

Call Admission Control (CAC)

Admission Control (ACM) Enabled

CAC Method [4](#) Static

Max RF Bandwidth (5-85)(%)

Reserved Roaming Bandwidth (0-25)(%)

SIP CAC Support [3](#) Enabled

Foot Notes

1 11a rates(Kbps): 6000,9000,12000,18000,24000,36000,48000,54000
 11n rates(Kbps): 65000,72200,130000,144400,135000,150000,270000,300000
 2 SIP CAC should only be used for phones that support status code 17 and do not support TSPEC-based admission control.
 3 SIP CAC will be supported only if SIP snooping is enabled.
 4 Static CAC method is radio based and load-based CAC method is channel based.

If Call Admission Control for voice is enabled, then the following configuration should be active, which can be displayed in the **show run-config**.

```

Call Admission Control (CAC) configuration
Voice AC - Admission control (ACM)..... Enabled
Voice max RF bandwidth..... 75
Voice reserved roaming bandwidth..... 6
Voice load-based CAC mode..... Enabled
Voice tspec inactivity timeout..... Disabled
Video AC - Admission control (ACM)..... Disabled
Voice Stream-Size..... 84000
Voice Max-Streams..... 2
Video max RF bandwidth..... 25
Video reserved roaming bandwidth..... 6
  
```

The voice stream-size and voice max-streams values can be adjusted as necessary by using the following command. If using SRTP, the Voice Stream-Size may need to be increased.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config 802.11a cac voice stream-size 84000 max-streams 2
```

Ensure QoS is setup correctly under the WLAN configuration, which can be displayed by using the following command.

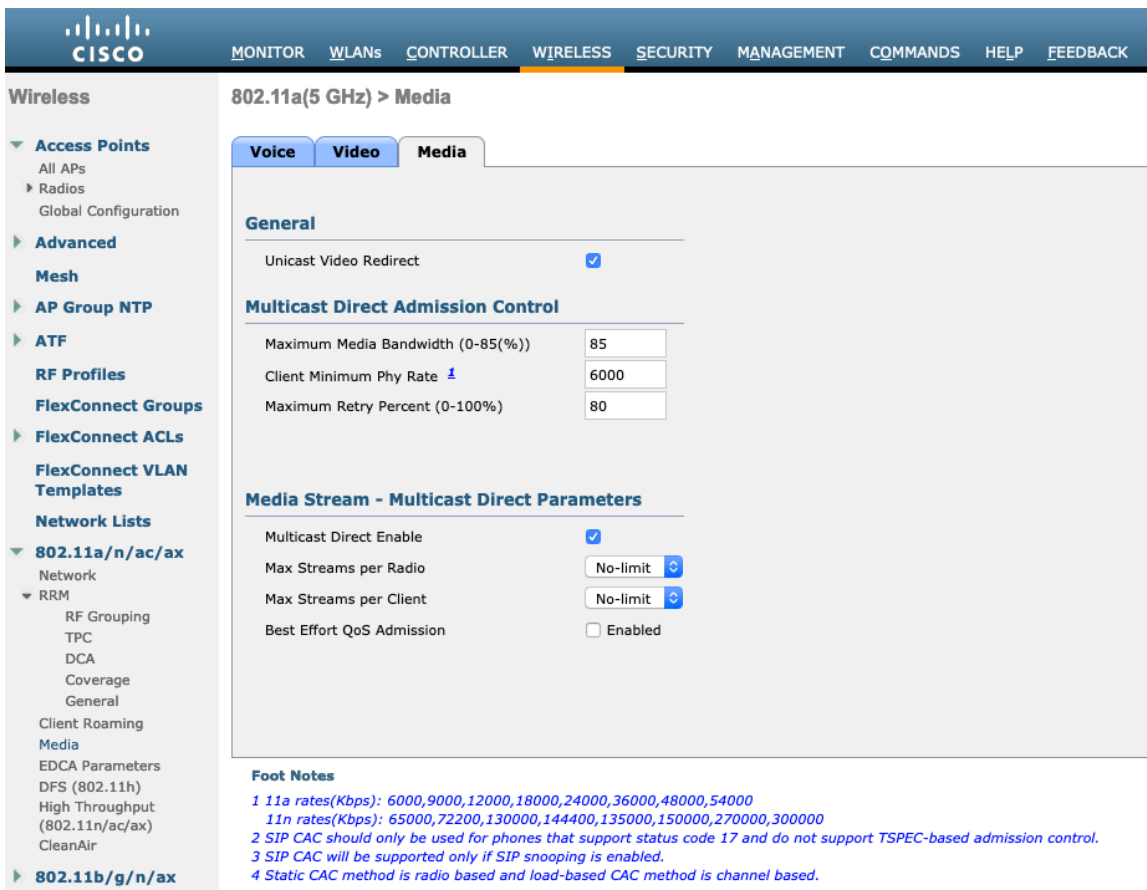
```
(Cisco Controller) >show wlan <WLAN id>
```

Quality of Service..... Platinum (voice)
 WMM..... Required
 Dot11-Phone Mode (7920)..... ap-cac-limit
 Wired Protocol..... None

Ensure Voice TSPEC Inactivity Timeout is disabled.

(Cisco Controller) >config 802.11a cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout ignore
 (Cisco Controller) >config 802.11b cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout ignore

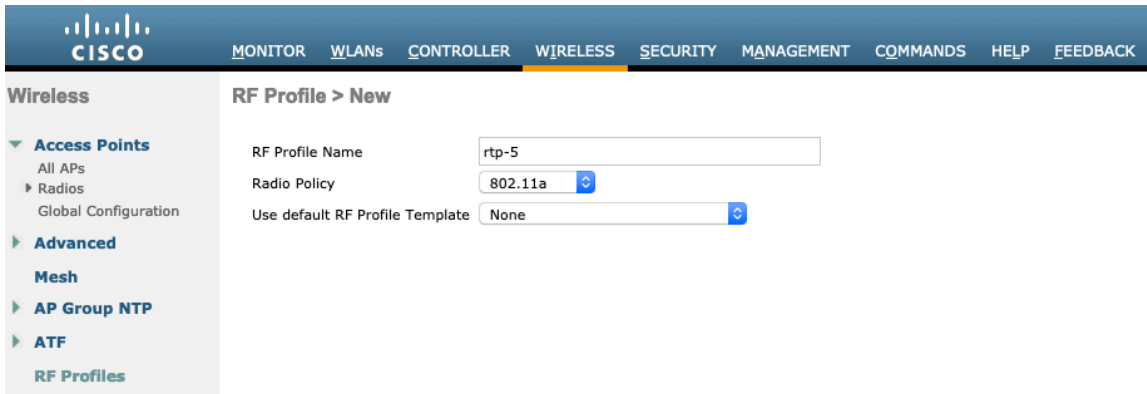
In the Media settings, **Unicast Video Redirect** and **Multicast Direct Enable** should be enabled.



RF Profiles

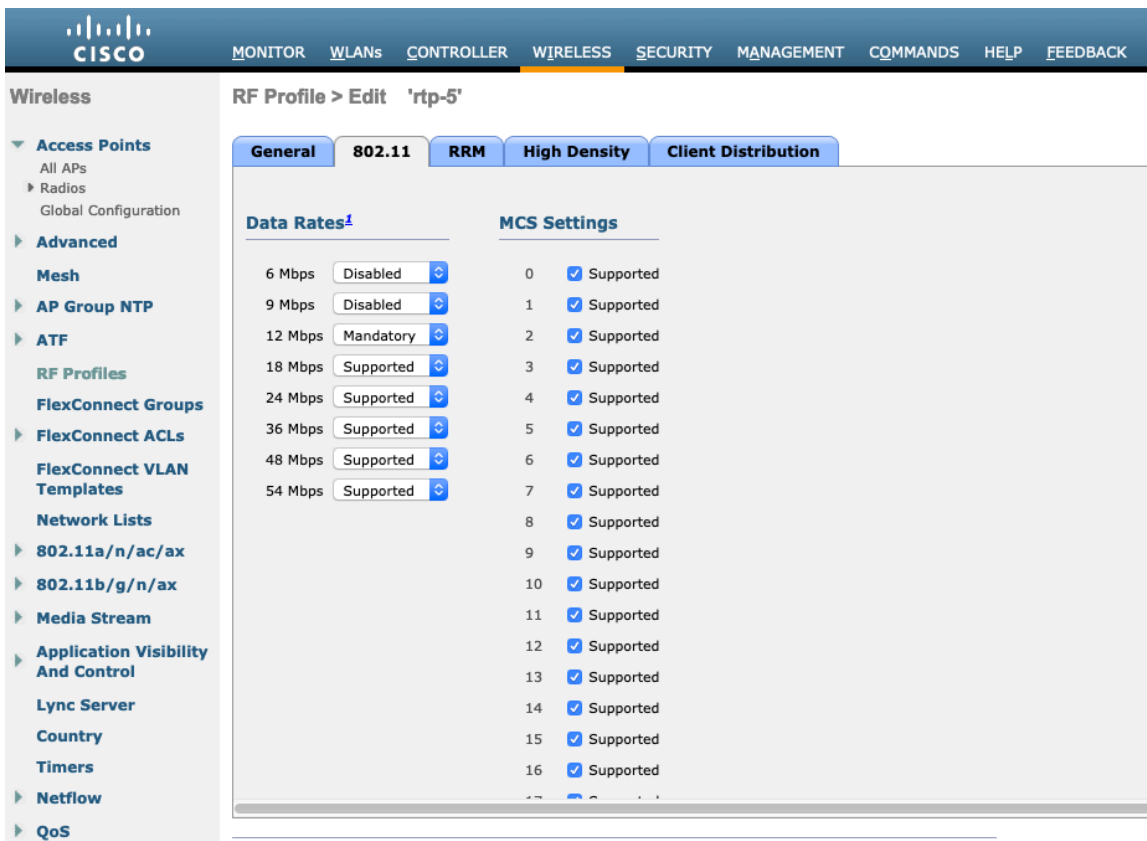
RF Profiles can be created to specify which frequency bands, data rates, RRM settings, etc. a group of access points should use. It is recommended to have the SSID used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to be applied to 5 GHz radios only. RF Profiles are applied to an AP group once created.

When creating an RF Profile, the **RF Profile Name** and **Radio Policy** must be defined.
 Select 802.11a or 802.11b/g for the **Radio Policy**.



On the **802.11** tab, configure the data rates as desired.

Is recommended to enable 12 Mbps as **Mandatory** and 18 Mbps and higher as **Supported**; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.



On the **RRM** tab, the **Maximum Power Level Assignment** and **Minimum Power Level Assignment** settings as well as other **DCA**, **TPC**, and **Coverage Hole Detection** settings can be configured.

On the **High Density** tab, **Maximum Clients**, **Multicast Data Rates**, and **Rx Sop Threshold** can be configured. It is recommended to use the default value for **Rx Sop Threshold**.

FlexConnect Groups

All access points configured for FlexConnect mode need to be added to a FlexConnect Group.

If utilizing 802.11r (FT) or CCKM, then seamless roams can only occur when roaming to access points within the same FlexConnect Group.

The screenshot shows the Cisco FlexConnect Groups configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'MONITOR', 'WLANs', 'CONTROLLER', 'WIRELESS', 'SECURITY', 'MANAGEMENT', 'COMMANDS', 'HELP', and 'FEEDBACK'. The left sidebar lists various configuration options under 'Wireless', with 'FlexConnect Groups' selected. The main content area is titled 'FlexConnect Groups > New' and features a 'Group Name' input field containing the text 'rtp-1'.

The screenshot displays the Cisco FlexConnect Groups configuration interface for editing the group 'rtp-1'. The top navigation bar is identical to the previous screenshot. The left sidebar shows 'FlexConnect Groups' selected. The main content area is titled 'FlexConnect Groups > Edit 'rtp-1'' and contains several tabs: 'General', 'Local Authentication', 'Image Upgrade', 'ACL Mapping', 'Central DHCP', 'WLAN VLAN mapping', and 'WLAN AVC mapping'. The 'General' tab is active, showing fields for 'Group Name' (rtp-1), 'VLAN Template Name' (none), and 'Enable AP Local Authentication' (unchecked). Below this is the 'FlexConnect AP' section with an 'HTTP-Proxy' sub-section containing 'Ip Address(Ipv4/Ipv6)', 'Port' (0), and an 'Add' button. The 'AAA' section includes 'Server Ip Address', 'Server Type' (Primary), 'Shared Secret', 'Confirm Shared Secret', and 'Port Number' (1812), with an 'Add' button at the bottom.

The maximum number of access points allowed per FlexConnect Group is limited, which is WLC model specific.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLC interface for the 'FlexConnect Group AP List' of group 'rtp-1'. The 'FlexConnect APs' section is currently empty, showing 'Entries 0 - 0 of 0'. A table header is visible with columns: AP MAC Address, AP Name, Status, AP Mode, Type, and Conflict with PnP. An 'Add AP' button is located above the table.

This screenshot shows the 'Add AP' dialog box in the Cisco WLC interface. The 'Select APs from current controller' checkbox is checked. There is an input field for 'Ethernet MAC' and 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

Multicast Direct

In the Media Stream settings, **Multicast Direct** feature should be enabled.

The screenshot displays the 'Media Stream >General' configuration page. The 'Multicast Direct feature' is checked and set to 'Enabled'. Below this, the 'Session Message Config' section includes fields for 'Session announcement State' (unchecked), 'Session announcement URL', 'Session announcement Email', 'Session announcement Phone', and 'Session announcement Note'.

Then configure the media streams as necessary.

Media Stream > New

Stream Name

Multicast Destination Start IP Address(ipv4/ipv6)

Multicast Destination End IP Address(ipv4/ipv6)

Maximum Expected Bandwidth(1 to 35000 Kbps)

Resource Reservation Control(RRC) Parameters

Select from predefined templates

Average Packet Size (100-1500 bytes)

RRC Periodic update

RRC Priority (1-8)

Traffic Profile Violation

Once saved, then the media stream will be displayed.

Media Streams Entries 1 - 1 of 1

Stream Name	Start IP Address(Ipv4/Ipv6)	End IP Address(Ipv4/Ipv6)	Operation Status
10.195.19.27	239.1.1.1	239.1.1.1	Multicast Direct <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

After **Multicast Direct feature** is enabled, then there will be an option to enable **Multicast Direct** in the QoS menu of the WLAN configuration.

The screenshot shows the Cisco WLAN configuration page for a 'voice' WLAN. The 'QoS' tab is selected, displaying the 'Override Per-SSID Bandwidth Contracts (kbps)' section. This section contains four rows of input fields for Average and Burst Data Rate and Real-Time Rate, each with separate fields for DownStream and UpStream. All fields are currently set to 0. Below this is a 'Clear' button. Further down are sections for WMM (WMM Policy set to Required, 7920 AP CAC and Client CAC both Enabled), Media Stream (Multicast Direct Enabled), and Lync Policy (Audio set to Silver).

QoS Profiles

Configure the four QoS profiles per below.

QoS Profile	Protocol Type	802.1p Tag
Platinum	None	N/A
Gold	802.1p	4
Bronze	802.1p	1
Silver	802.1p	0



Wireless

- Access Points
 - All APs
 - Radios
 - Global Configuration
- Advanced
 - Mesh
- AP Group NTP
- ATF
- RF Profiles
- FlexConnect Groups
- FlexConnect ACLs
- FlexConnect VLAN Templates
- Network Lists
 - 802.11a/n/ac/ax
 - 802.11b/g/n/ax
- Media Stream
- Application Visibility And Control
- Lync Server
- Country
- Timers
- Netflow
- QoS
 - Profiles
 - Roles
 - Qos Map

Edit QoS Profile

QoS Profile Name platinum

Description For Voice Applications

Per-User Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Burst Data Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Average Real-Time Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Burst Real-Time Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Per-SSID Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Burst Data Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Average Real-Time Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Burst Real-Time Rate	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

WLAN QoS Parameters

Maximum Priority	<input type="text" value="voice"/>
Unicast Default Priority	<input type="text" value="besteffort"/>
Multicast Default Priority	<input type="text" value="besteffort"/>

Wired QoS Protocol

Protocol Type

Wireless

- Access Points
 - All APs
 - Radios
 - Global Configuration
- Advanced
 - Mesh
- AP Group NTP
- ATF
- RF Profiles
- FlexConnect Groups
- FlexConnect ACLs
- FlexConnect VLAN Templates
- Network Lists
- 802.11a/n/ac/ax
- 802.11b/g/n/ax
- Media Stream
- Application Visibility And Control
- Lync Server
- Country
- Timers
- Netflow
- QoS
 - Profiles
 - Roles
 - Qos Map

Edit QoS Profile

QoS Profile Name gold

Description For Video Applications

Per-User Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

Per-SSID Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

WLAN QoS Parameters

Maximum Priority	video
Unicast Default Priority	video
Multicast Default Priority	video

Wired QoS Protocol

Protocol Type	802.1p
802.1p Tag	4



Wireless

- Access Points
 - All APs
 - Radios
 - Global Configuration
- Advanced
 - Mesh
- AP Group NTP
- ATF
- RF Profiles
- FlexConnect Groups
- FlexConnect ACLs
- FlexConnect VLAN Templates
- Network Lists
 - 802.11a/n/ac/ax
 - 802.11b/g/n/ax
- Media Stream
- Application Visibility And Control
- Lync Server
- Country
- Timers
- Netflow
- QoS
 - Profiles
 - Roles
 - Qos Map

Edit QoS Profile

QoS Profile Name bronze

Description For Background

Per-User Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

Per-SSID Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

WLAN QoS Parameters

Maximum Priority	background
Unicast Default Priority	background
Multicast Default Priority	background

Wired QoS Protocol

Protocol Type	802.1p
802.1p Tag	1

CISCO MONITOR WLANs CONTROLLER **WIRELESS** SECURITY MANAGEMENT COMMANDS HELP

Wireless

- Access Points
 - All APs
 - Radios
 - Global Configuration
- Advanced
 - Mesh
 - AP Group NTP
 - ATF
 - RF Profiles
 - FlexConnect Groups
 - FlexConnect ACLs
 - FlexConnect VLAN Templates
 - Network Lists
 - 802.11a/n/ac/ax
 - 802.11b/g/n/ax
 - Media Stream
 - Application Visibility And Control
 - Lync Server
 - Country
 - Timers
 - Netflow
 - QoS
 - Profiles
 - Roles
 - Qos Map

Edit QoS Profile

QoS Profile Name silver

Description For Best Effort

Per-User Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

Per-SSID Bandwidth Contracts (kbps) *

	DownStream	UpStream
Average Data Rate	0	0
Burst Data Rate	0	0
Average Real-Time Rate	0	0
Burst Real-Time Rate	0	0

WLAN QoS Parameters

Maximum Priority besteffort

Unicast Default Priority besteffort

Multicast Default Priority besteffort

Wired QoS Protocol

Protocol Type 802.1p

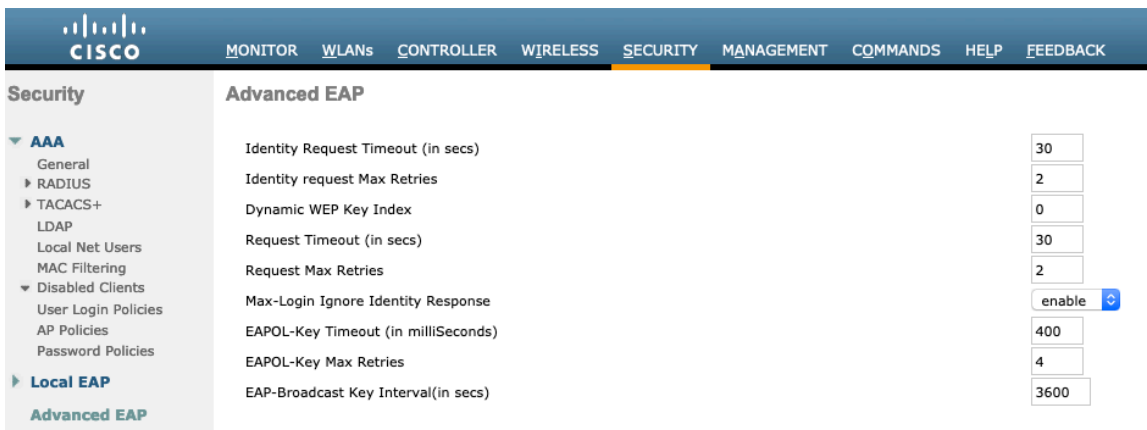
802.1p Tag 0

Advanced Settings

Advanced EAP Settings

All EAP parameters can be configured at a per SSID level or at the global level, except for the EAP-Broadcast Key Interval, which can only be configured at the global level.

To view or configure the EAP parameters, select **Security > Advanced EAP**.



To view the EAP parameters on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller via command line, enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >show advanced eap
```

```
EAP-Identity-Request Timeout (seconds)..... 30
EAP-Identity-Request Max Retries..... 2
EAP Key-Index for Dynamic WEP..... 0
EAP Max-Login Ignore Identity Response..... enable
EAP-Request Timeout (seconds)..... 30
EAP-Request Max Retries..... 2
EAPOL-Key Timeout (milliseconds)..... 400
EAPOL-Key Max Retries..... 4
EAP-Broadcast Key Interval..... 3600
```

If using 802.1x, the **EAP-Request Timeout** on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller should be set to at least 20 seconds.

In later versions of Cisco Wireless LAN Controller software, the default **EAP-Request Timeout** was changed from 2 to 30 seconds.

For deployments where EAP failures occur frequently, the **EAP-Request Timeout** should be reduced below 30 seconds.

To change the **EAP-Request Timeout** on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config advanced eap request-timeout 30
```

If using PSK then it is recommended to reduce the **EAPOL-Key Timeout** to 400 milliseconds from the default of 1000 milliseconds with **EAPOL-Key Max Retries** set to 4 from the default of 2.

If using 802.1x, then using the default values where the **EAPOL-Key Timeout** is set to 1000 milliseconds and **EAPOL-Key Max Retries** are set to 2 should work fine, but is still recommended to set those values to 400 and 4 respectively.

The **EAPOL-Key Timeout** should not exceed 1000 milliseconds (1 second).

To change the **EAPOL-Key Timeout** on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config advanced eap eapol-key-timeout 400
```

To change the **EAPOL-Key Max Retries Timeout** on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config advanced eap eapol-key-retries 4
```

Ensure **EAP-Broadcast Key Interval** is set to a minimum of 3600 seconds (1 hour).

To change the **EAP-Broadcast Key Interval** on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config advanced eap bcast-key-interval 3600
```

Auto-Immune

The Auto-Immune feature can optionally be enabled for protection against denial of service (DoS) attacks.

Although when this feature is enabled there can be interruptions introduced with voice over wireless LAN, therefore it is recommended to disable the Auto-Immune feature on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller.

To view the Auto-Immune configuration on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >show wps summary
```

Auto-Immune

Auto-Immune..... **Disabled**

Client Exclusion Policy

Excessive 802.11-association failures..... Enabled

Excessive 802.11-authentication failures..... Enabled

Excessive 802.1x-authentication..... Enabled

IP-theft..... Enabled

Excessive Web authentication failure..... Enabled

Signature Policy

Signature Processing..... Enabled

To disable the Auto-Immune feature on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller, telnet or SSH to the controller and enter the following command.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config wps auto-immune disable
```

CCKM Timestamp Tolerance

The default CCKM timestamp tolerance is set to 1000 ms.

It is recommended to adjust the CCKM timestamp tolerance to 5000 ms to optimize the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 roaming experience.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config wlan security wpa akm cckm timestamp-tolerance ?
```

```
<tolerance> Allow CCKM IE time-stamp tolerance <1000 to 5000> milliseconds; Default tolerance 1000 msec
```

Use the following command to configure the CCKM timestamp tolerance per Cisco recommendations.

```
(Cisco Controller) >config wlan security wpa akm cckm timestamp-tolerance 5000 <WLAN id >
```

To confirm the change, enter **show wlan <WLAN id>**, where the following will be displayed.

```
CCKM tsf Tolerance..... 5000
```

Rogue Policies

It is recommended to use the default value (**Disable**) for **Rogue Location Discovery Protocol**.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Security configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes MONITOR, WLANs, CONTROLLER, WIRELESS, SECURITY (highlighted), MANAGEMENT, CQMMANDS, HELP, and FEEDBACK. The left sidebar lists various security categories: AAA, Local EAP, Advanced EAP, Priority Order, Certificate, Access Control Lists, Wireless Protection Policies (expanded to show Rogue Policies), Web Auth, TrustSec, Local Policies, Umbrella, and Advanced. The main content area is titled 'Rogue Policies' and contains two sections: 'Rogue Detection Security Level' and 'Auto Contain'. The 'Rogue Detection Security Level' section has radio buttons for Low, High, Critical, and Custom (selected). Below this are several configuration items with input fields and checkboxes: Rogue Location Discovery Protocol (Disable), Expiration Timeout for Rogue AP and Rogue Client entries (1200 Seconds), Validate rogue clients against AAA (Enabled), Validate rogue AP against AAA (Enabled), Polling Interval (0 Seconds), Validate rogue clients against MSE (Enabled), Detect and report Ad-Hoc Networks (Enabled), Rogue Detection Report Interval (10), Rogue Detection Minimum RSSI (-70 to -128) (-90), Rogue Detection Transient Interval (0, 120 to 1800 Sec) (0), Rogue Client Threshold (0 to disable, 1 to 256) (0), and Rogue containment automatic rate selection (Enabled). The 'Auto Contain' section has a dropdown for Auto Containment Level (1) and several checkboxes: Auto Containment only for Monitor mode APs (Enabled), Auto Containment on FlexConnect Standalone (Enabled), Rogue on Wire (Enabled), Using our SSID (Enabled), Valid client on Rogue AP (Enabled), and AdHoc Rogue AP (Enabled).

Cisco Catalyst IOS XE Wireless LAN Controller and Lightweight Access Points

When configuring the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller and Lightweight Access Points, use the following guidelines:

- Ensure **802.11r (FT)** or **CCKM** is **Enabled**
- Set **Quality of Service (QoS) SSID Policy** to **Platinum**
- Set the **WMM Policy** to **Required**
- Ensure **802.11k** is **Disabled**
- Ensure **802.11v** is **Disabled**
- Ensure **Session Timeout** is enabled and configured correctly
- Ensure **Broadcast Key Interval** is enabled and configured correctly
- Ensure **Aironet IE** is **Enabled**
- Set **DTPC Support** to **Enabled**
- Disable **P2P (Peer to Peer) Blocking Action**
- Ensure **Client Exclusion Timeout** is configured correctly
- Disable **DHCP Required**
- Set **Protected Management Frame (PMF)** to **Optional** or **Disabled**
- Set the **DTIM Period** to **2**
- Set **Load Balance** to **Disabled**
- Set **Band Select** to **Disabled**
- Set **IGMP Snooping** to **Enabled**
- Configure the **Data Rates** as necessary
- Configure **RRM** as necessary
- Set **Admission Control Mandatory** for **Voice** to **Enabled**
- Set **Load Based CAC** for **Voice** to **Enabled**
- Enable **Traffic Stream Metrics** for **Voice**
- Set **EDCA Profile** to **Voice Optimized** or **Voice and Video Optimized**
- Ensure that **Power Constraint** is **Disabled**
- Enable **Channel Switch Status** and **Smart DFS**
- Set **Channel Switch Announcement Mode** to **Quiet**
- Configure the **High Throughput** data rates as necessary
- Enable **CleanAir**
- Enable **Multicast Direct Enable**

802.11 Network Settings

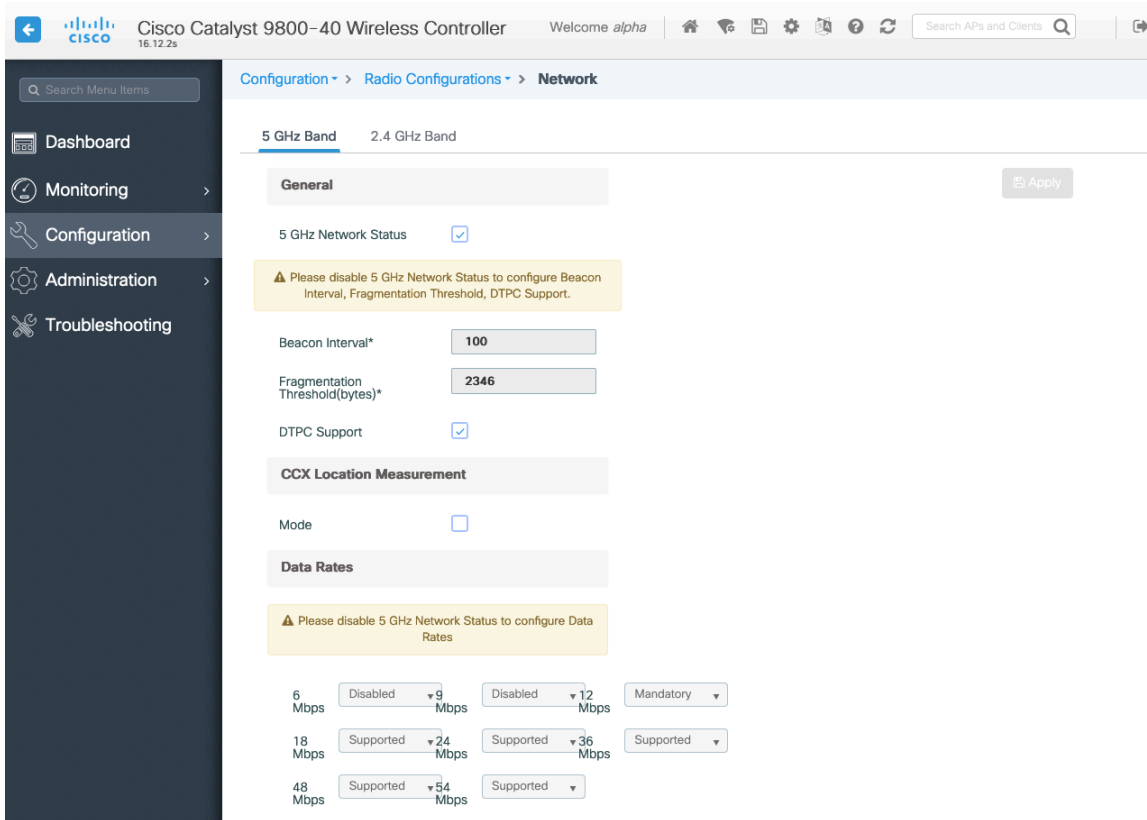
It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

If wanting to use 5 GHz, ensure the 5 GHz network status is **Enabled**.

Set the **Beacon Period** to **100 ms**.

Ensure **DTPC Support** is enabled.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.



If wanting to use 2.4 GHz, ensure the 2.4 GHz network status and 802.11g network status are **Enabled**.

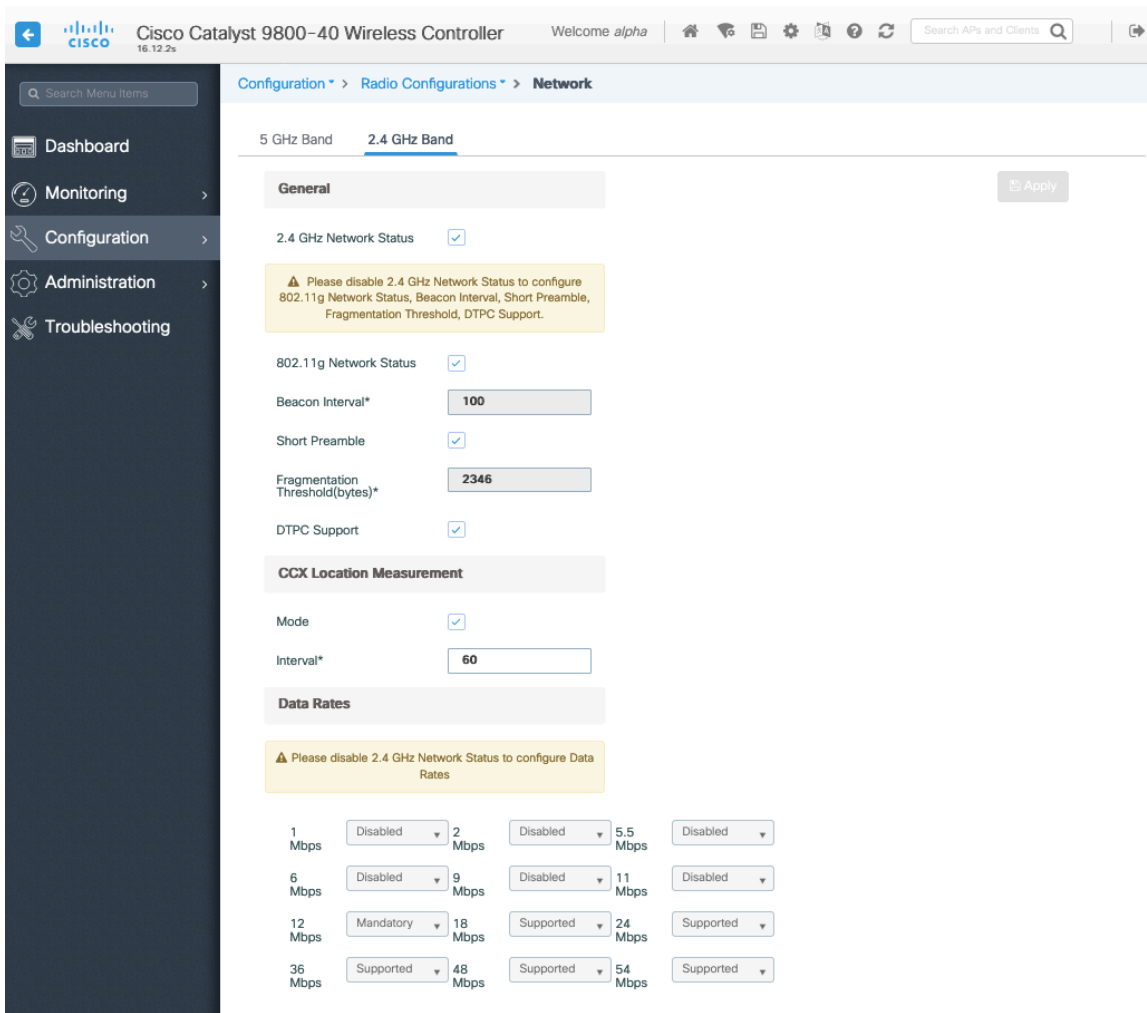
Set the **Beacon Period** to **100 ms**.

Short Preamble should be **Enabled** in the 2.4 GHz radio configuration setting on the access point when no legacy clients that require a long preamble are present in the wireless LAN. By using the short preamble instead of long preamble, the wireless network performance is improved.

Ensure **DTPC Support** is enabled.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates assuming that there will not be any 802.11b only clients that will connect to the wireless LAN; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

If 802.11b clients exist, then 11 Mbps should be set as the mandatory (basic) rate and 12 Mbps and higher as supported (optional).



High Throughput (802.11n/ac)

The 802.11n data rates can be configured per radio (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz).

802.11ac data rates are applicable to 5 GHz only.

Ensure that **WMM** is enabled and **WPA2(AES)** is configured in order to utilize 802.11n/ac data rates.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports HT MCS 0 - MCS 7 and VHT MCS 0 - MCS 9 data rates only, but higher MCS rates can optionally be enabled if there are other 802.11n/ac clients utilizing the same band frequency that include MIMO antenna technology, which can take advantage of those higher data rates.

Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller Welcome *alpha* Search APs and Clients

Configuration > Radio Configurations > High Throughput

5 GHz Band 2.4 GHz Band

Apply

11n

Enable 11n Select All

MCS/(Data Rate)	MCS/(Data Rate)	MCS/(Data Rate)	MCS/(Data Rate)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0/(7Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1/(14Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2/(21Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3/(29Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4/(43Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5/(58Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6/(65Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 7/(72Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8/(14Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9/(29Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10/(43Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 11/(58Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12/(87Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 13/(116Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 14/(130Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 15/(144Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 16/(22Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 17/(43Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18/(65Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19/(87Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20/(130Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 21/(173Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 22/(195Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 23/(217Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 24/(29Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 25/(58Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 26/(87Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 27/(116Mbps)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 28/(173Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 29/(231Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 30/(260Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 31/(289Mbps)

11ac

⚠ The Data rates are for 20MHz channels and Short Guard Interval

Enable 11ac Select All

SS/MCS	SS/MCS	SS/MCS	SS/MCS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1/8/(86.7Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1/9/(n/a)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2/8/(173.3Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2/9/(n/a)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3/8/(260.0Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3/9/(288.9Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4/8/(346.7Mbps)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4/9/(n/a)

11ax

Enable 11ax Select All

Multiple BSSIDs

SS/MCS	SS/MCS	SS/MCS	SS/MCS
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1/9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1/11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2/9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2/11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3/11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4/9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4/11
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5/9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5/11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6/7
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6/9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6/11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 7/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 7/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 7/11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8/7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8/9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8/11

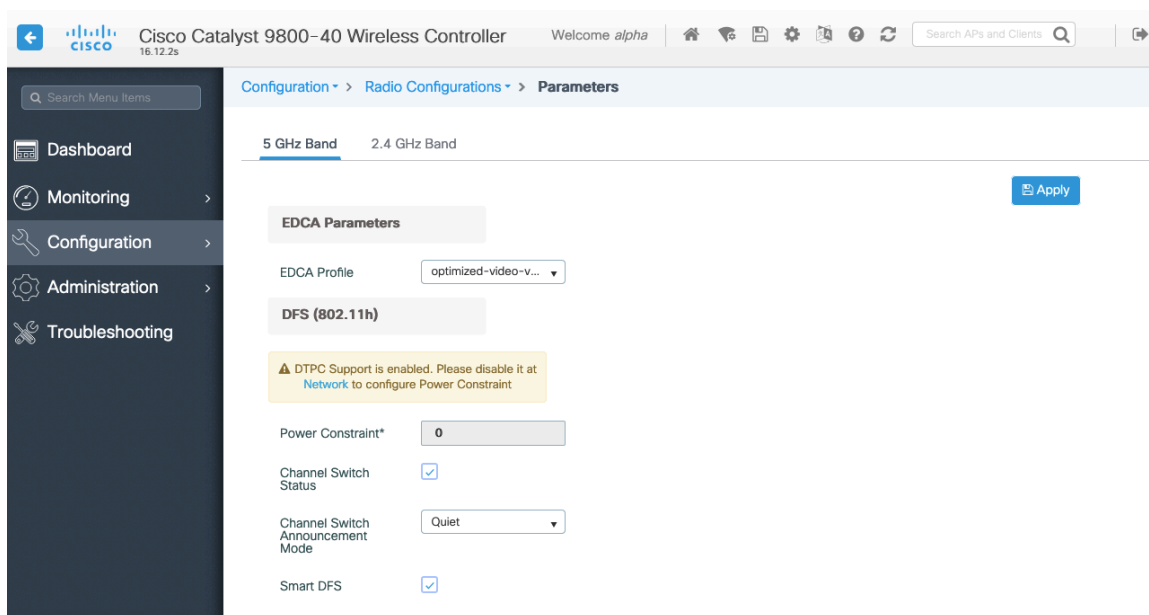
Parameters

In the EDCA Parameters section, set the EDCA profile to **Optimized-voice** or **Optimized-video-voice** for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

In the DFS (802.11h) section, **Power Constraint** should be left un-configured or set to 0 dB as DTPC will be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to control the transmission power.

Channel Switch Status and **Smart DFS** should be **Enabled**.

Channel Switch Announcement Mode should be set to **Quiet**.

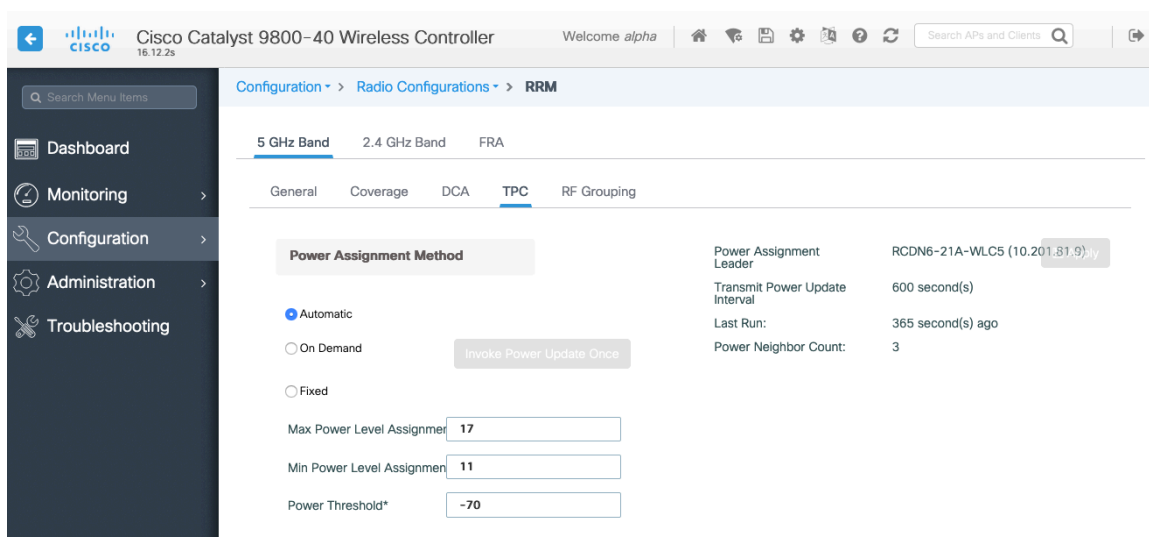


RRM

It is recommended to enable automatic assignment method to manage the channel and transmit power settings.

Configure the access point transmit power level assignment method for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

If using automatic power level assignment, a maximum and minimum power level can be specified.



If using 5 GHz, the number of channels can be limited (e.g. 12 channels only) to avoid any potential delay of access point discovery due to having to scan many channels.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Wireless LAN Deployment Guide

Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller | Welcome *alpha* | Search APs and Clients

Configuration > Radio Configurations > RRM

5 GHz Band | 2.4 GHz Band | FRA

General | Coverage | **DCA** | TPC | RF Grouping

Dynamic Channel Assignment Algorithm [Apply]

Channel Assignment Mode: Automatic
 Freeze [Invoke Channel Update Once]
 Off

Interval: 10 minutes
 Anchortime: 0

Avoid Foreign AP Interference:
 Avoid Cisco AP load:
 Avoid Non 5 GHz Noise:
 Avoid Persistent Non-wifi Interference:

Channel Assignment Leader: RCDN6-21A-WLC5 (10.201.81.9)
 Last Auto Channel Assignment: 475 second(s) ago
 DCA Channel Sensitivity: medium
 Channel Width: 20 MHz 40 MHz 80 MHz 160 MHz Best

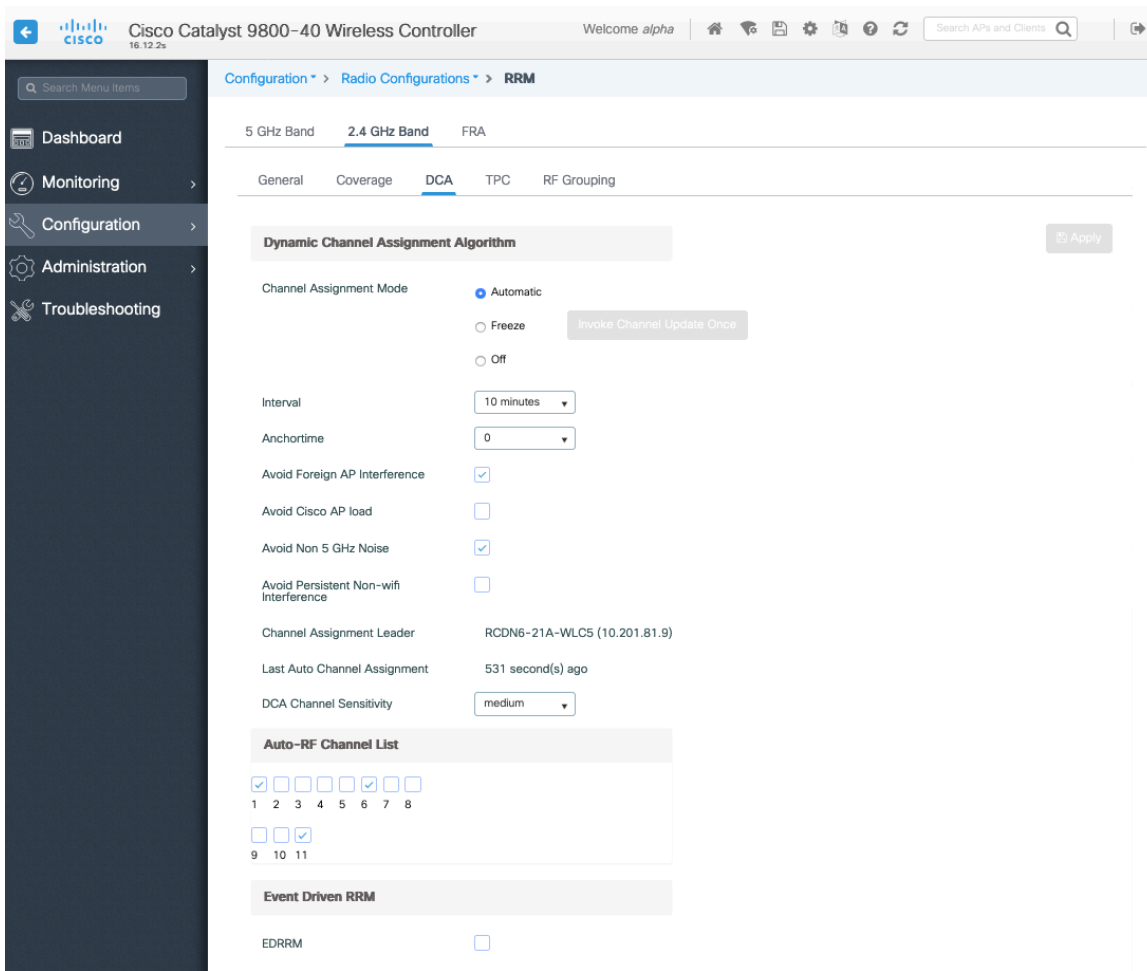
Auto-RF Channel List

36 40 44 48 52 56 60 64 100 104 108 112 116 120 124 128 132 136
 140 144 149 153 157 161 165

Event Driven RRM

EDRRM:

If using 2.4 GHz, only channels 1, 6, and 11 should be enabled in the channel list.



Individual access points can be configured to override the global setting to use dynamic channel and transmit power assignment for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

Other access points can be enabled for automatic assignment method and account for the access points that are statically configured.

This may be necessary if there is an intermittent interferer present in an area.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for a 5 GHz radio on a Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller. The page is titled "Edit Radios 5 GHz Band" and has two tabs: "Configure" (active) and "Detail".

General

- AP Name: rcdn6-22a-ap1
- Admin Status: **ENABLED** (green indicator)
- CleanAir Admin Status: **ENABLED** (green indicator)

RF Channel Assignment

- Current Channel: 149
- Channel width: 40 MHz
- Assignment Method: Global

Antenna Parameters

- Antenna Type: Internal
- Antenna Mode: Omni
- Antenna A:
- Antenna B:
- Antenna C:
- Antenna D:
- Antenna Gain: 10

Tx Power Level Assignment

- Current Tx Power Level: 2
- Assignment Method: Global

Buttons at the bottom: Cancel, Update & Apply to Device.

CleanAir

Enable CleanAir should be **Enabled** when utilizing Cisco access points with CleanAir technology in order to detect any existing interferers.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for CleanAir on a Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller. The page is titled "CleanAir" and has two tabs: "5 GHz Band" (active) and "2.4 GHz Band".

General

- Enable CleanAir:
- Enable SI:
- Report Interferers:
- Persistent Device Propagation:

Interference Types to detect

- TDD Transmitter
- Jammer
- Continuous Transmitter
- DECT-like Phone
- Video Camera

Buttons: Apply

WLAN Settings

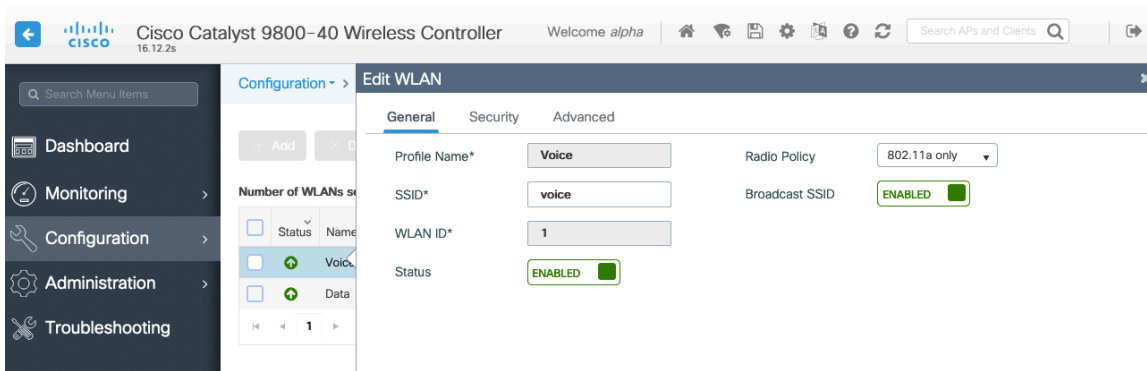
It is recommended to have a separate SSID for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

However, if there is an existing SSID configured to support voice capable Cisco Wireless LAN endpoints already, then that WLAN can be utilized instead.

The SSID to be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured to only apply to a certain 802.11 radio type (e.g. 802.11a only).

It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

Ensure that the selected SSID is not utilized by any other wireless LANs as that could lead to failures when powering on or during roaming; especially if a different security type is utilized.



To utilize 802.11r (FT) for fast secure roaming, set **Fast Transition** to **Enabled**.

It is recommended to uncheck **Over the DS** to utilize the Over the Air method instead of the Over the Distribution System method.

Protected Management Frame should be set to **Optional** or **Disabled**.

Enable WPA2 policy with AES(CCMP128) encryption then either FT 802.1x or FT PSK for authenticated key management type depending on whether 802.1x or PSK is to be utilized.

Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller | Welcome alpha | Search APs and Clients

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Edit WLAN

Number of WLANs selected: 0

Status	Name	ID
<input type="checkbox"/>	Voice	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data	2

10 items

General | **Security** | Advanced

Layer2 | Layer3 | AAA

Layer 2 Security Mode: WPA + WPA2

Fast Transition: Enabled

MAC Filtering:

Over the DS:

Protected Management Frame:

Reassociation Timeout: 20

PMF: Disabled

WPA Parameters

WPA Policy:

WPA2 Policy:

WPA2 Encryption:

- AES(CCMP128)
- CCMP256
- GCMP128
- GCMP256

MPSK:

Auth Key Mgmt:

- 802.1x
- PSK
- CCKM
- FT + 802.1x
- FT + PSK
- 802.1x-SHA256
- PSK-SHA256

Cancel | Update & Apply to Device

Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller | Welcome alpha | Search APs and Clients

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > Edit WLAN

Number of WLANs selected: 0

Status	Name	ID
<input type="checkbox"/>	Voice	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data	2

10 items

General | **Security** | Advanced

Layer2 | Layer3 | AAA

Layer 2 Security Mode: WPA + WPA2

Fast Transition: Enabled

MAC Filtering:

Over the DS:

Protected Management Frame:

Reassociation Timeout: 20

PMF: Disabled

WPA Parameters

WPA Policy:

WPA2 Policy:

WPA2 Encryption:

- AES(CCMP128)
- CCMP256
- GCMP128
- GCMP256

MPSK:

Auth Key Mgmt:

- 802.1x
- PSK
- CCKM
- FT + 802.1x
- FT + PSK
- 802.1x-SHA256
- PSK-SHA256

PSK Format: ASCII

PSK Type: Unauthenticated

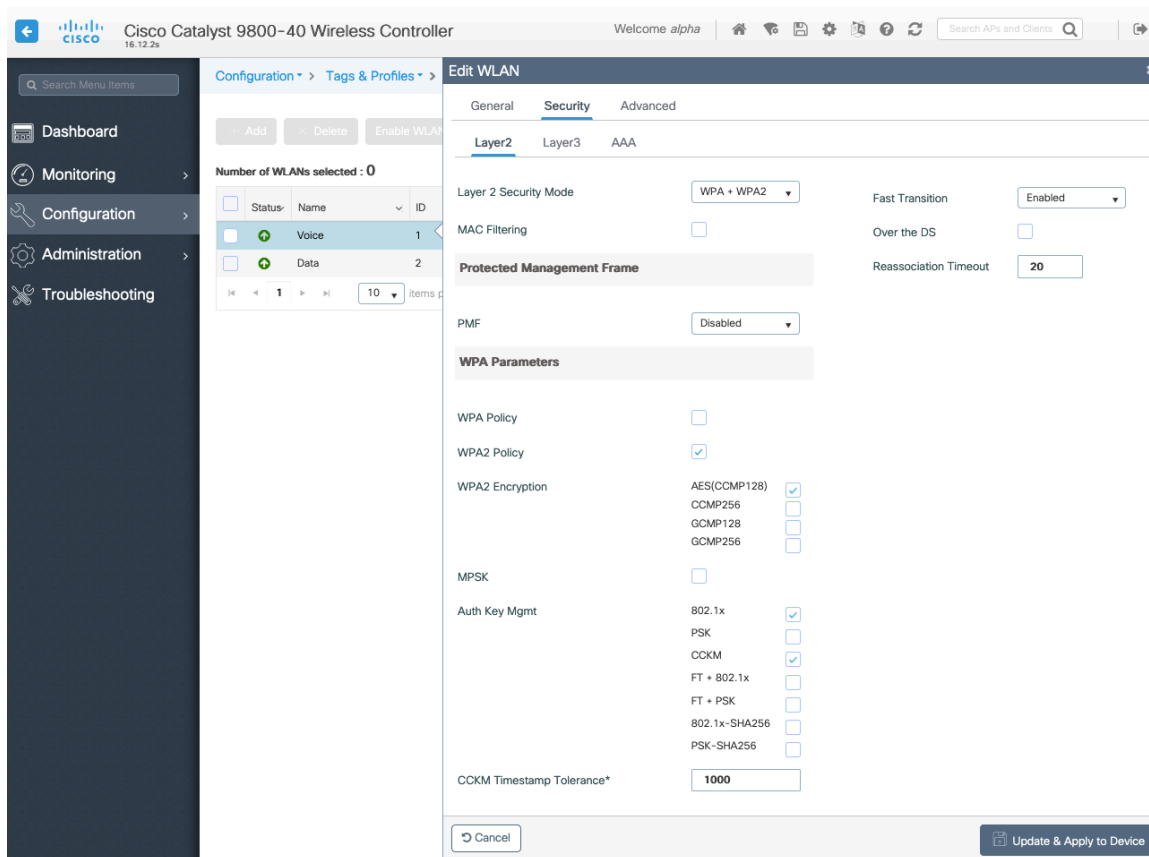
Cancel | Update & Apply to Device

802.1x, CCKM and/or PSK may also be enabled if wanting to utilize the same SSID for various type of voice clients, where some clients do not support 802.11r (FT) depending on whether 802.1x or PSK is being utilized.

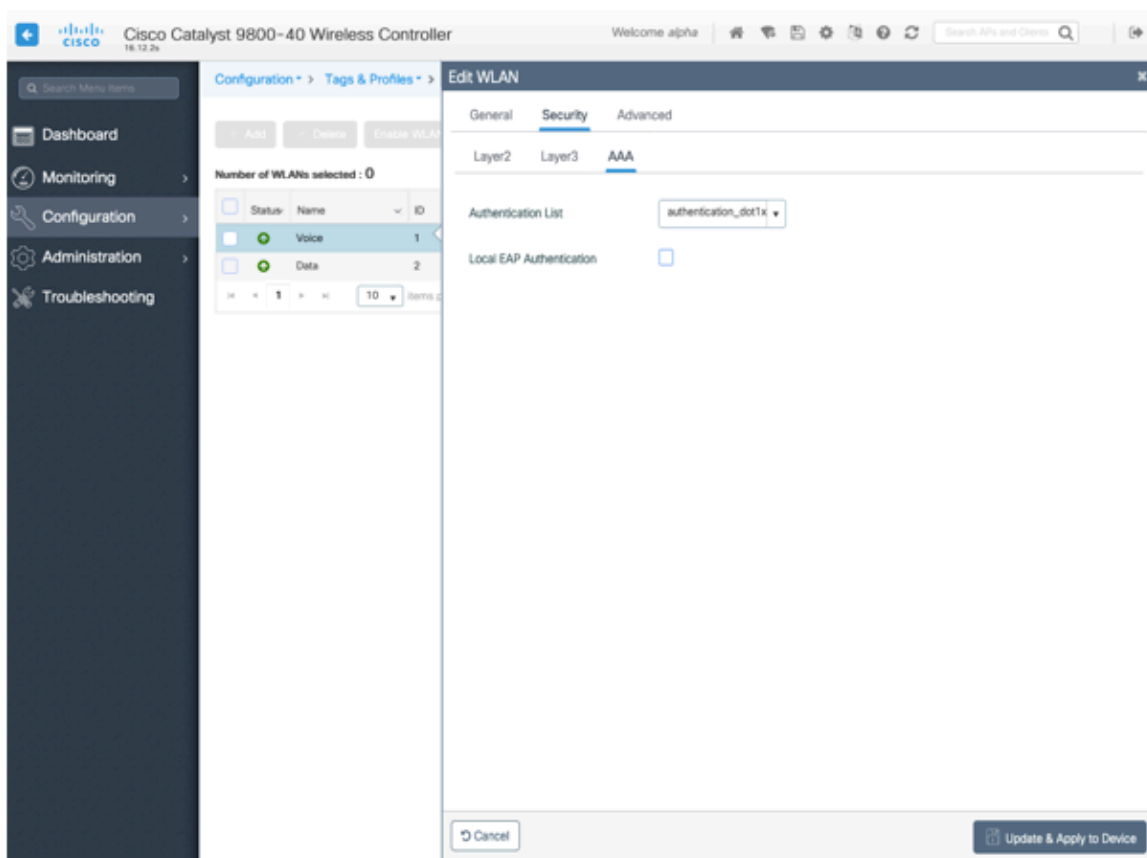
To utilize CCKM for fast secure roaming, enable WPA2 policy with AES encryption and 802.1x + CCKM for authenticated key management type.

The default **CCKM Timestamp Tolerance** is set to 1000 ms.

It is recommended to adjust the **CCKM Timestamp Tolerance** to 5000 ms to optimize the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 roaming experience.



If using 802.1x, configure the AAA Authentication List that maps to the RADIUS Servers defined in the RADIUS Server Groups.



Aironet IE should be **Enabled**.

Peer to Peer (P2P) Blocking Action should be **Disabled**.

The **WMM Policy** should be set to **Required** only if the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 or other WMM enabled phones will be using this SSID.

If there are non-WMM clients existing in the WLAN, it is recommended to put those clients on another WLAN.

If non-other WMM clients must utilize the same SSID as the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, then ensure the WMM policy is set to **Allowed**.

The maximum client connections per WLAN, per AP per WLAN, or per AP radio per WLAN can be configured as necessary.

Off Channel Scanning Defer can be tuned to defer scanning for certain queues as well as the scan defer time.

It is recommended to enable defer priority for queues 4-6.

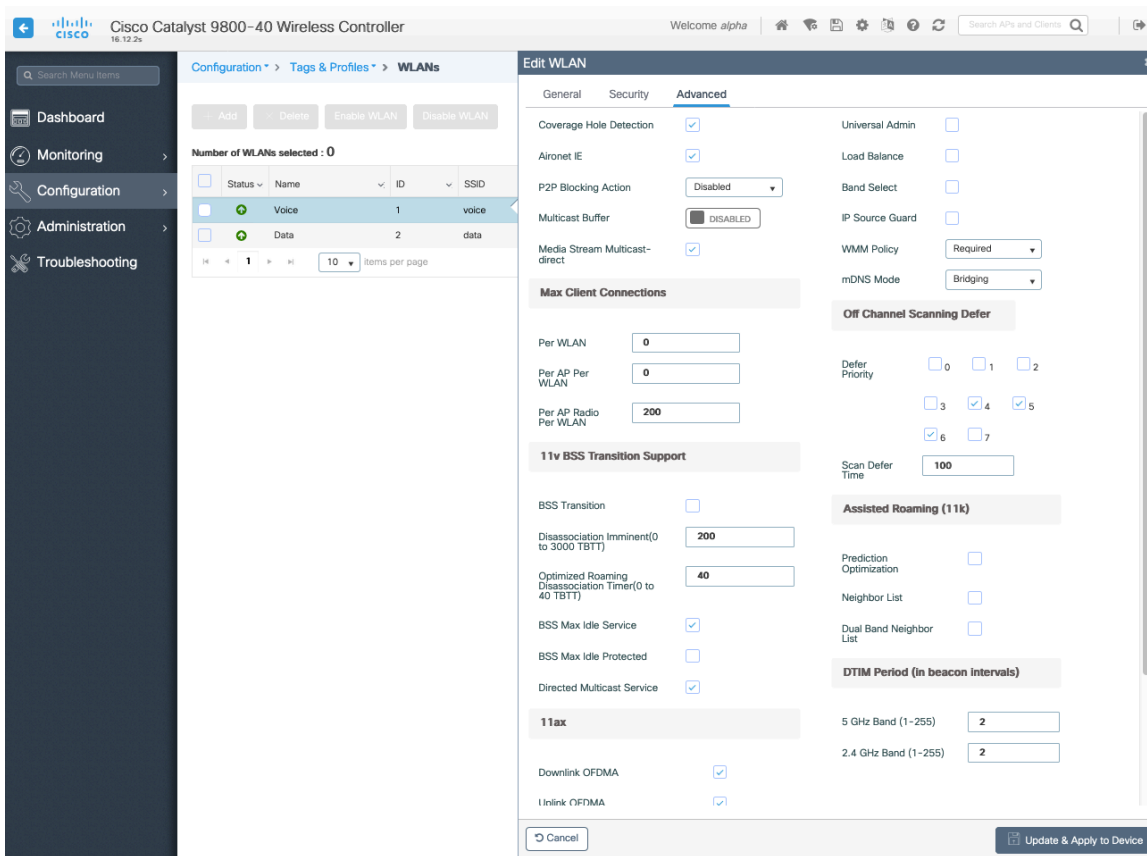
If using best effort applications frequently or if DSCP values for priority applications (e.g. voice and call control) are not preserved to the access point, then is recommended to enable the lower priority queues (0-3) along with the higher priority queues (4-6) to defer off channel scanning as well as potentially increasing the scan defer time.

For deployments where EAP failures occur frequently, it is recommended to enable priority queue 7 to defer off channel scanning during EAP exchanges.

Ensure **Load Balance** and **Band Select** are disabled.

Use a **DTIM Period** of **2** with a beacon period of **100 ms**.

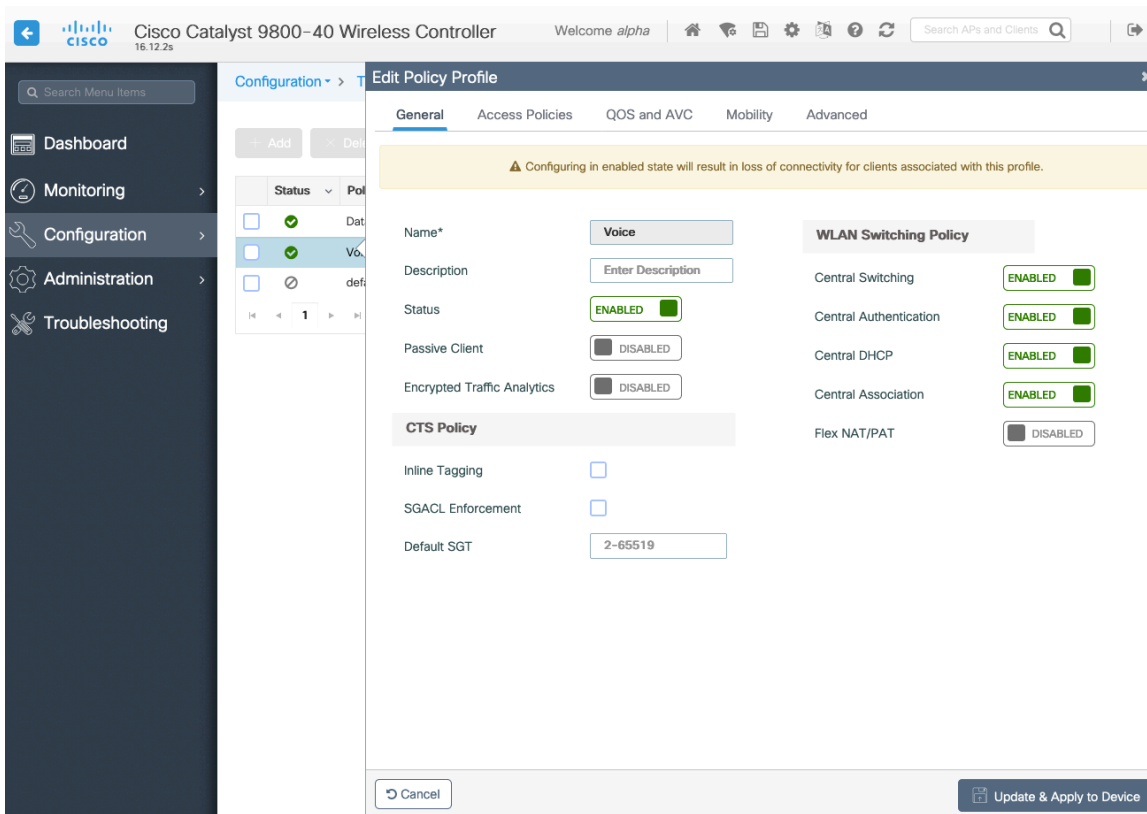
802.11k and 802.11v are not supported, therefore should be disabled.



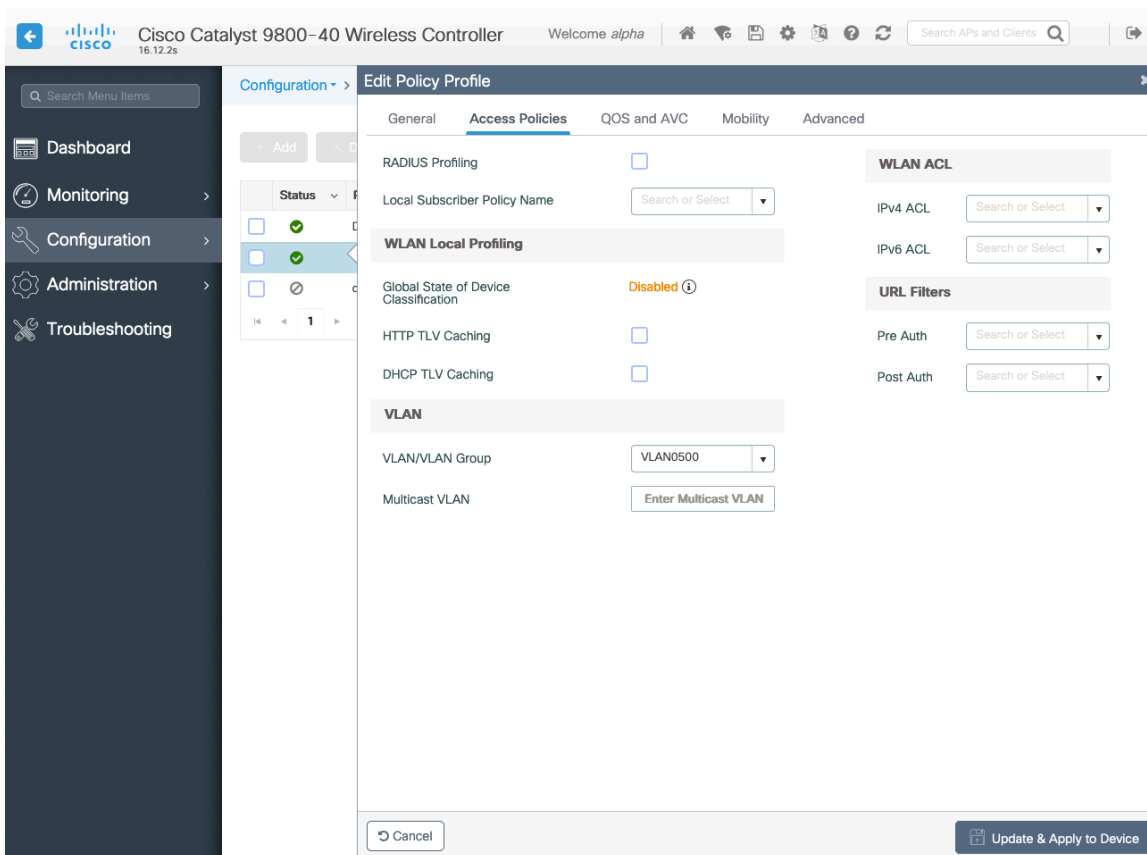
Policy Profiles

Policy Profiles are used to define additional settings regarding access, QoS, Mobility, and advanced settings. Policy Profiles are then mapped to a WLAN Profile via a Policy Tag, which then can be applied to an access point.

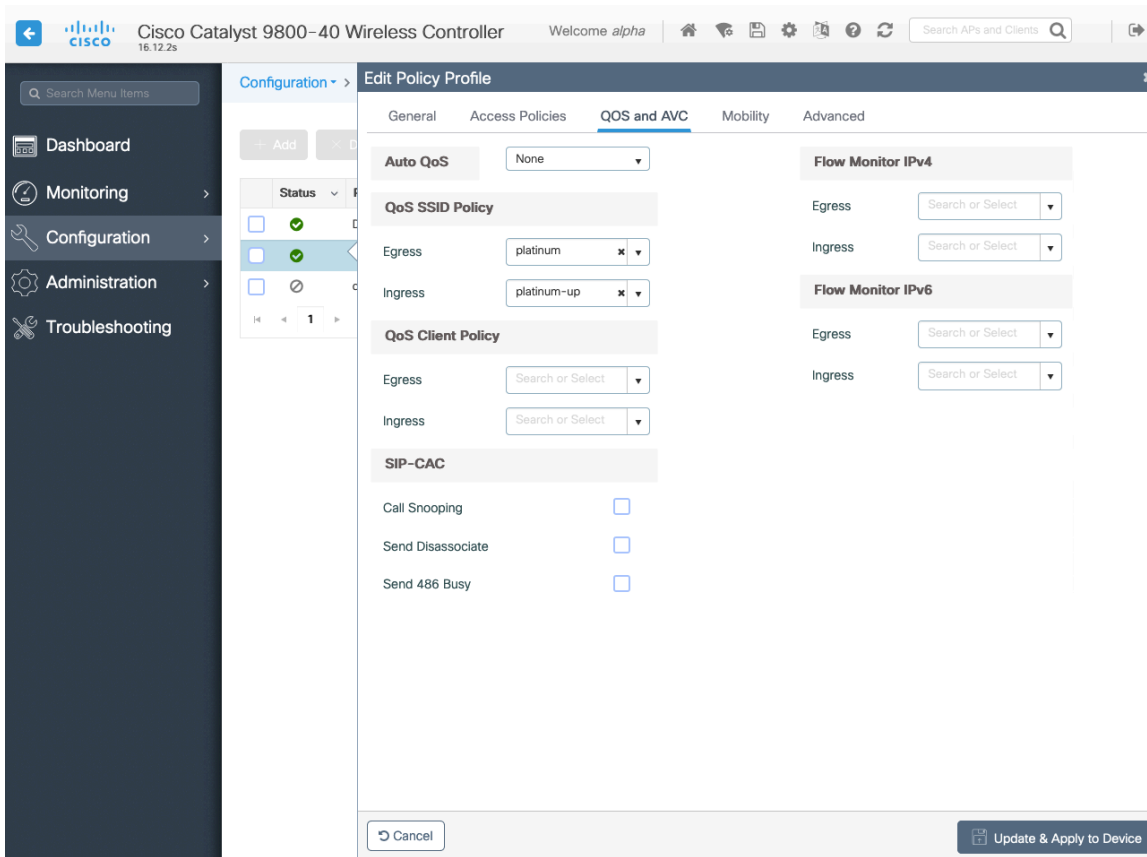
Ensure the **Status** of the policy profile is **Enabled**.



Select the **VLAN** or **VLAN Group** to be utilized with the policy profile.



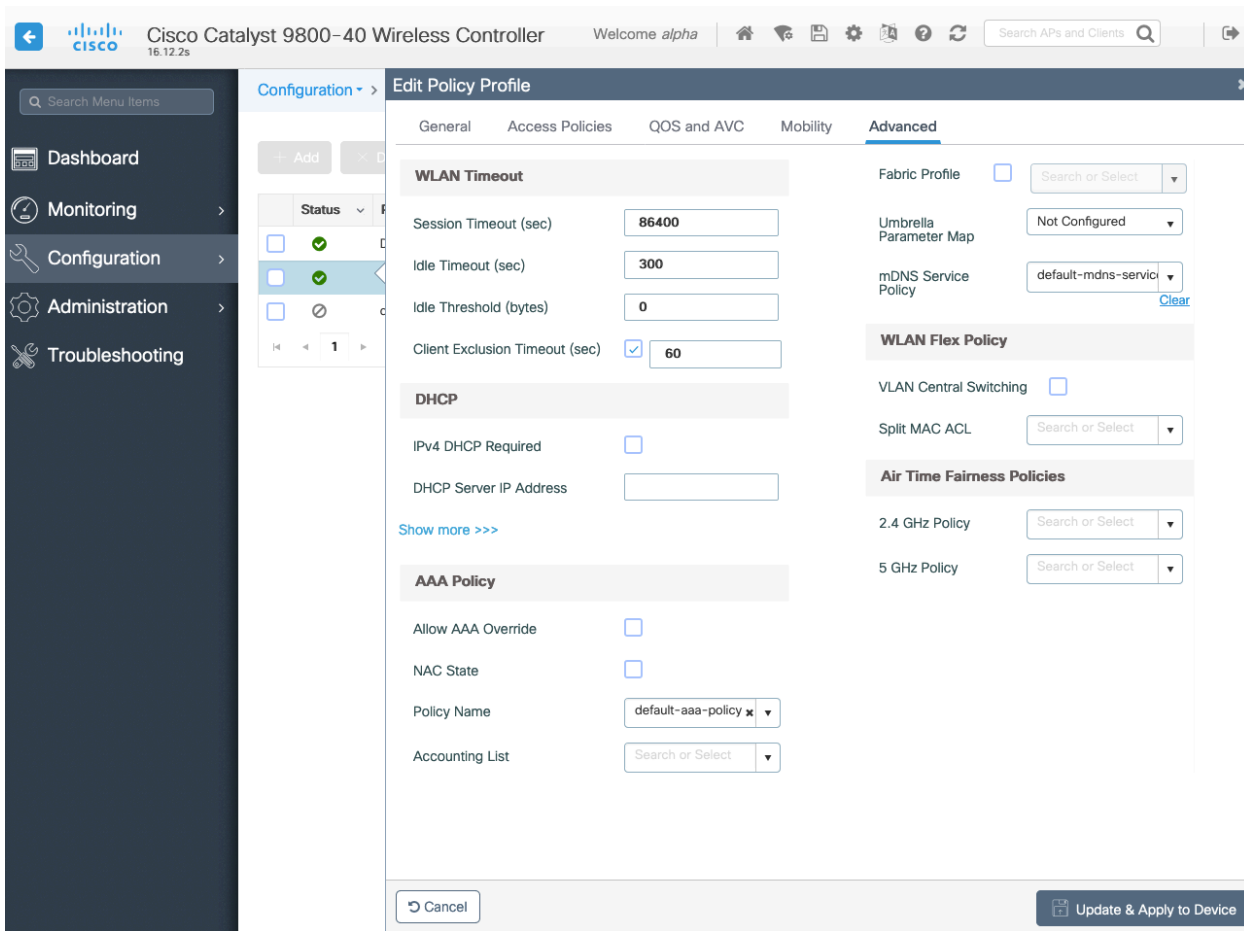
Ensure the QoS SSID Policy is set to **Platinum** for egress and **Platinum-up** for ingress.



Configure **Session Timeout** as necessary per your requirements. It is recommended to enable the session timeout for 86400 seconds to avoid possible interruptions during audio calls, but also to re-validate client credentials periodically to ensure that the client is using valid credentials.

Configure **Client Exclusion Timeout** as necessary.

IPv4 DHCP Required should be disabled.



RF Profiles

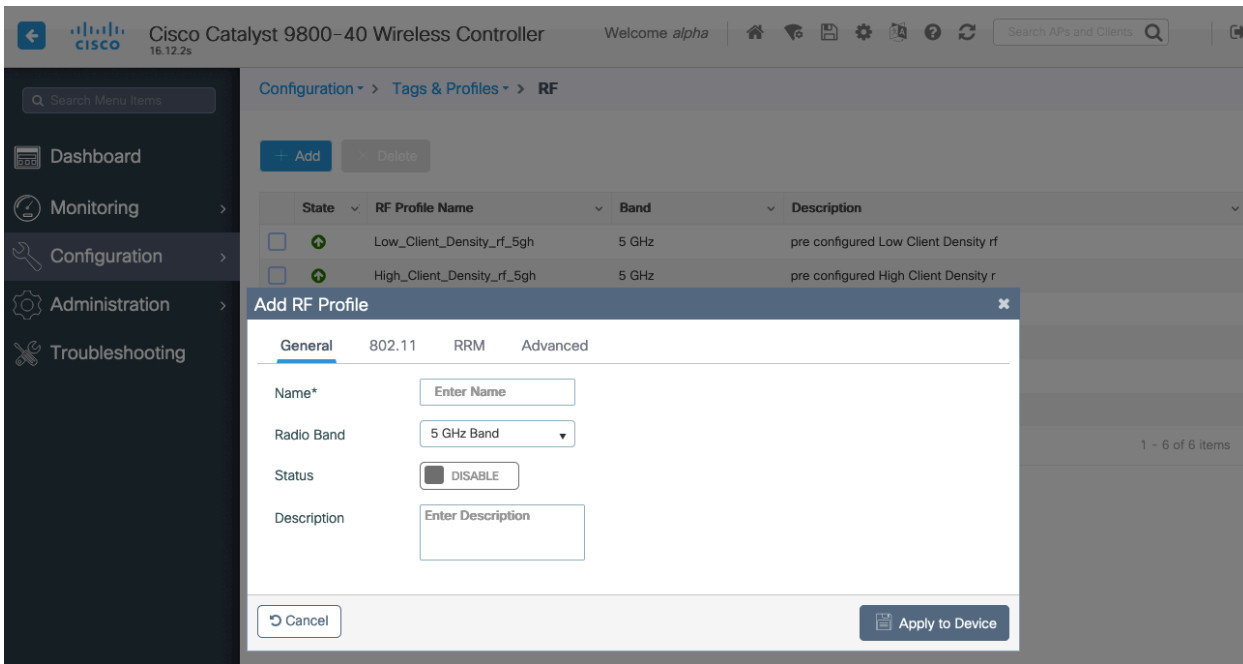
RF Profiles can be created to specify which frequency bands, data rates, RRM settings, and advanced settings a group of access points should use.

It is recommended to have the SSID used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to be applied to 5 GHz radios only.

RF Profiles are applied to an RF Tag, which then can be applied to an access point.

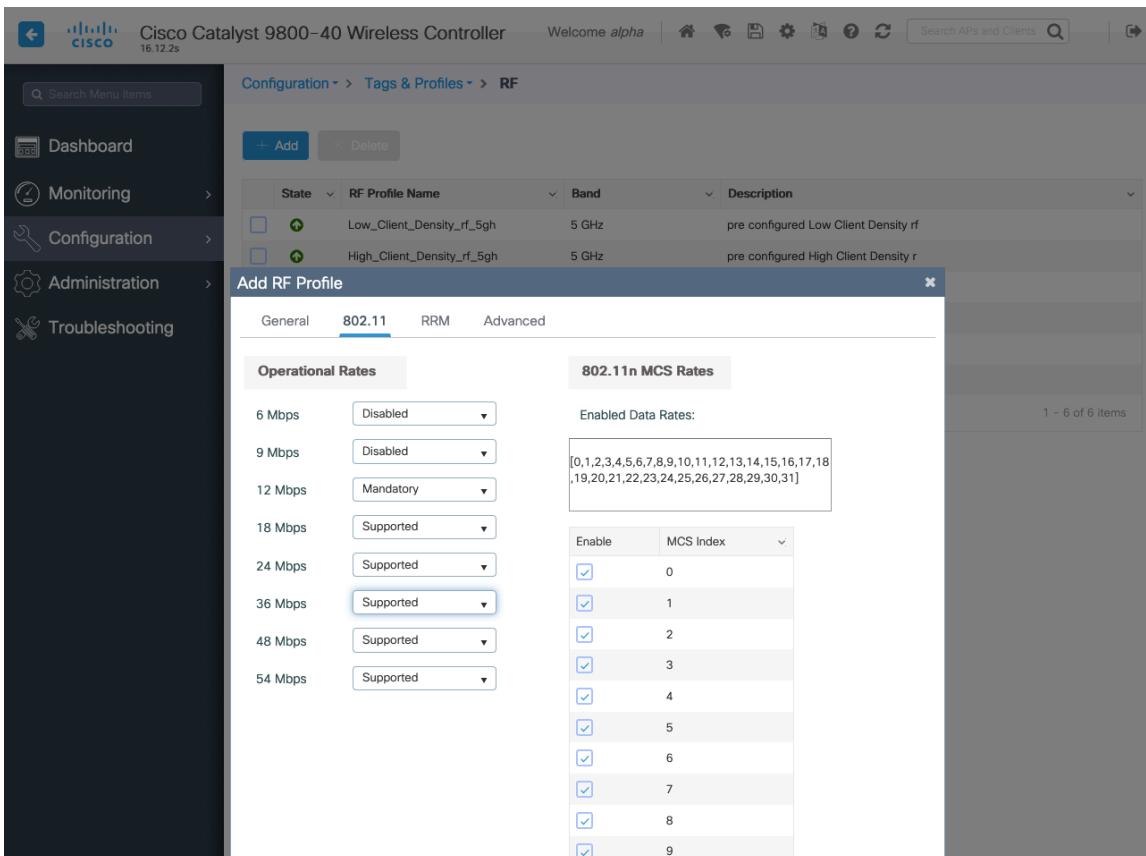
When creating an RF Profile, the **Name** and **Radio Band** must be defined.

Select **5 GHz Band** or **2.4 GHz Band** for the **Radio Band**.



On the **802.11** tab, configure the data rates as necessary.

It is recommended to enable 12 Mbps as **Mandatory** and 18 Mbps and higher as **Supported**; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.



On the **RRM** tab, the **Maximum Power Level** and **Minimum Power Level** settings as well as other **DCA**, **TPC**, and **Coverage** settings can be configured.

Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller 16.12.2s Welcome alpha

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > RF

State	RF Profile Name	Band	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low_Client_Density_rf_5gh	5 GHz	pre configured Low Client Density rf
<input type="checkbox"/>	High_Client_Density_rf_5gh	5 GHz	pre configured High Client Density r

Add RF Profile

General 802.11 **RRM** Advanced

General Coverage **TPC** DCA

Coverage Hole Detection

Minimum Client Level (clients)*

Data RSSI Threshold (dBm)*

Voice RSSI Threshold (dBm)*

Exception Level(%)*

Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller 16.12.2s Welcome alpha

Configuration > Tags & Profiles > RF

State	RF Profile Name	Band	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low_Client_Density_rf_5gh	5 GHz	pre configured Low Client Density rf
<input type="checkbox"/>	High_Client_Density_rf_5gh	5 GHz	pre configured High Client Density r

Add RF Profile

General 802.11 **RRM** Advanced

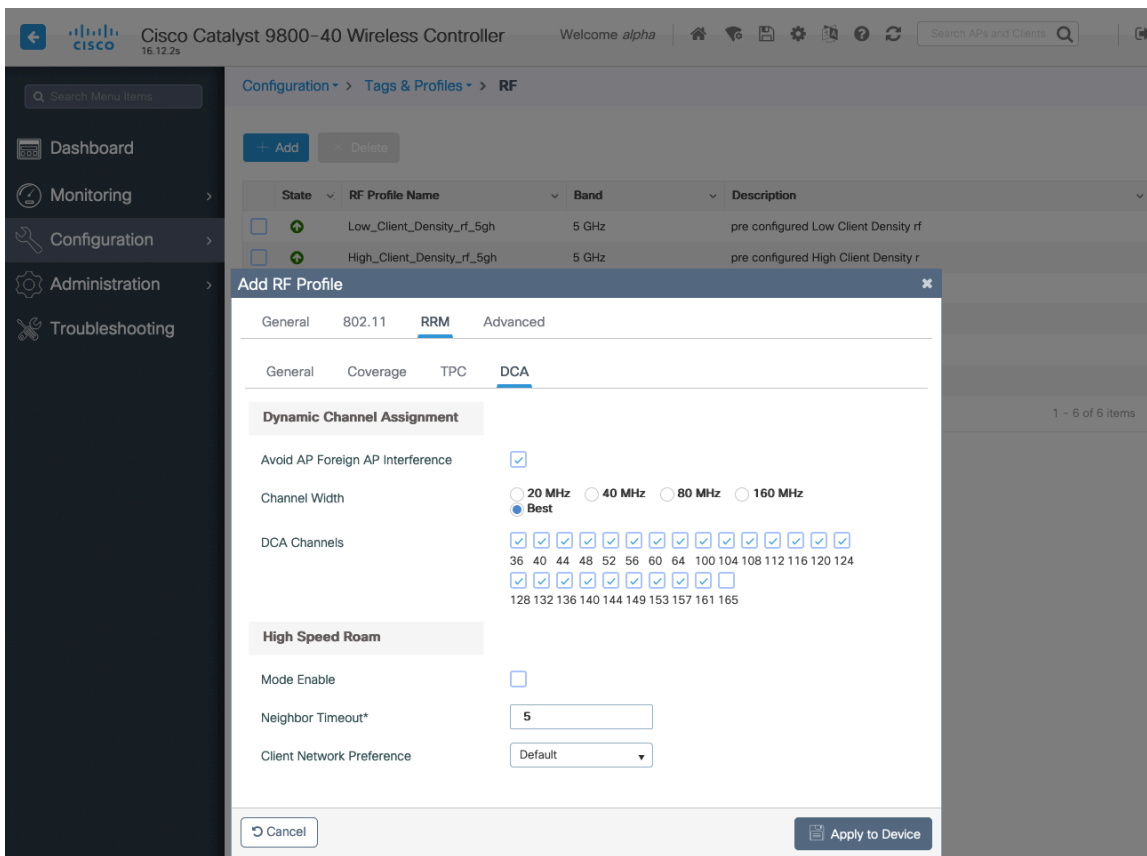
General Coverage **TPC** DCA

Transmit Power Control

Maximum Power Level(dBm)*

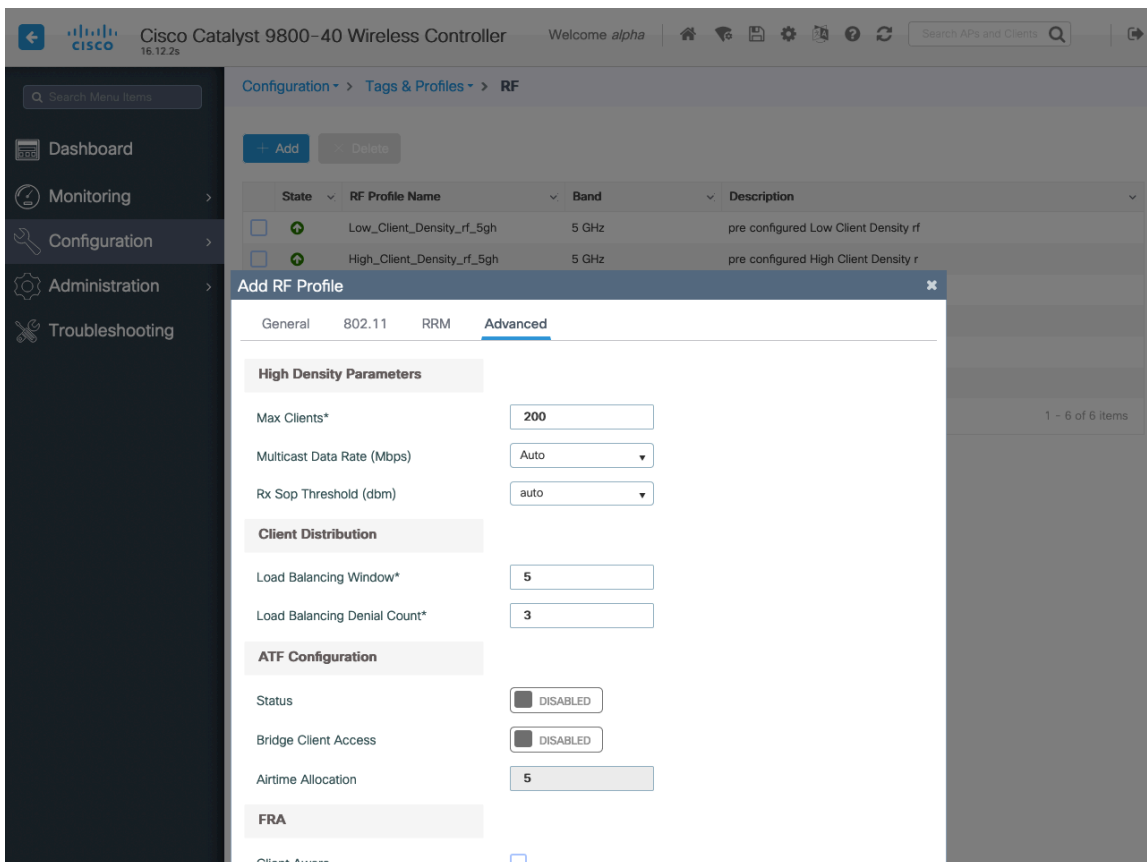
Minimum Power Level(dBm)*

Power Threshold V1(dBm)*



On the **Advanced** tab, **Maximum Clients**, **Multicast Data Rate**, **Rx Sop Threshold**, and other advanced settings can be configured.

It is recommended to use the default value (**Auto**) for **Rx Sop Threshold**.



Flex Profiles

Flex Profiles are used to define the settings the access point should use when in Flexconnect mode.

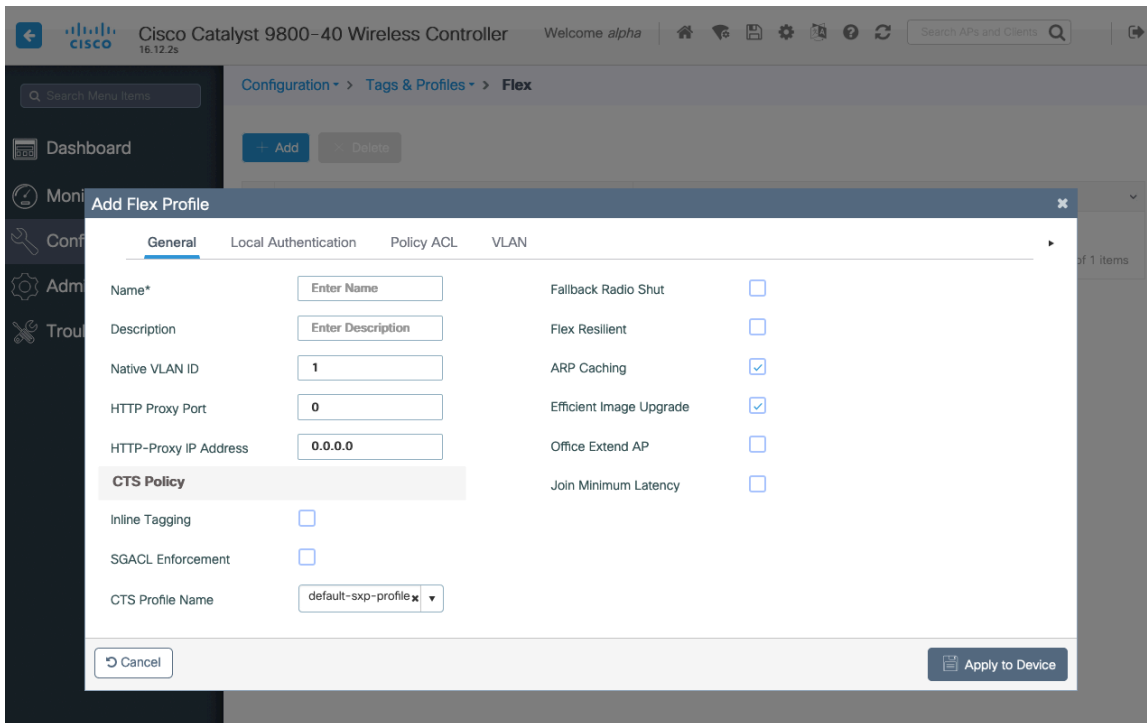
Flex Profiles are then mapped to a Site Tag, which then can be applied to an access point.

If utilizing 802.11r (FT) or CCKM, then seamless roams can only occur when roaming to access points within the same Flex Profile.

Configure the **Native VLAN ID** for the access point to use as well as the allowed VLANs.

Ensure **ARP Caching** is **Enabled**.

Enable **Local Authentication** as necessary.



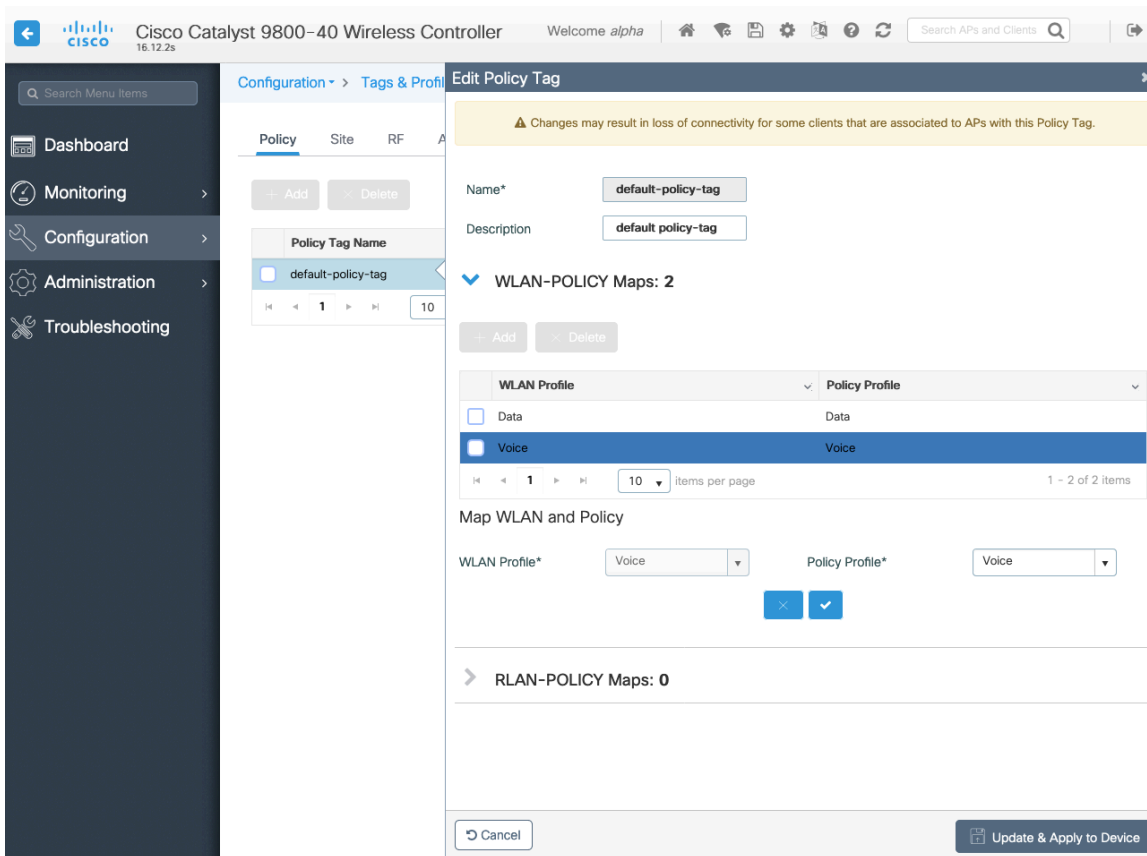
Tags

Policy Tag

Policy Tags define the mapping of WLAN Profiles and Policy Profiles.

Policy Tags are then applied to an access point to specify which WLANs / SSIDs are to be enabled, which interface they should be mapped to and which QoS and other settings to use.

When creating a Policy Tag, click **Add**, select the **WLAN Profile** to configure then select the **Policy Profile** to be used.



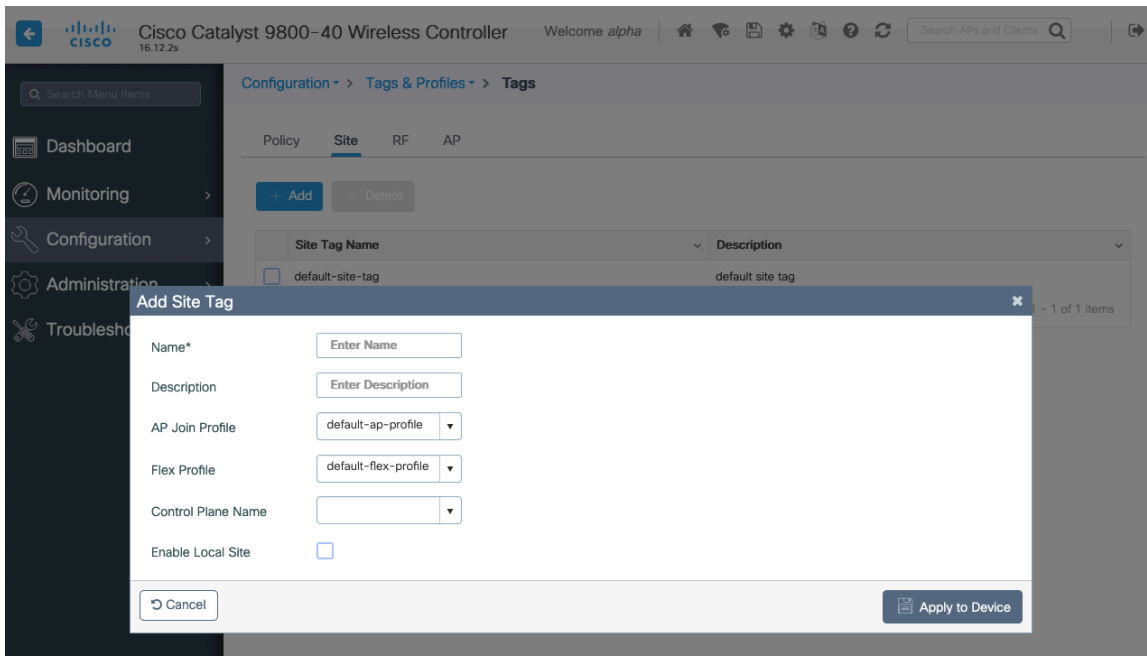
Site Tag

Site Tags define which AP Join Profile and Flex Profile should be used.

Site Tags are then applied to an access point to specify which AP Join Profile and Flex Profile parameters should be used.

When creating a Site Tag, click **Add**, select the **AP Join Profile** to be used.

When creating a Site Tag to include a Flex Profile, ensure **Enable Local Site** is not checked, then select the necessary **Flex Profile**.

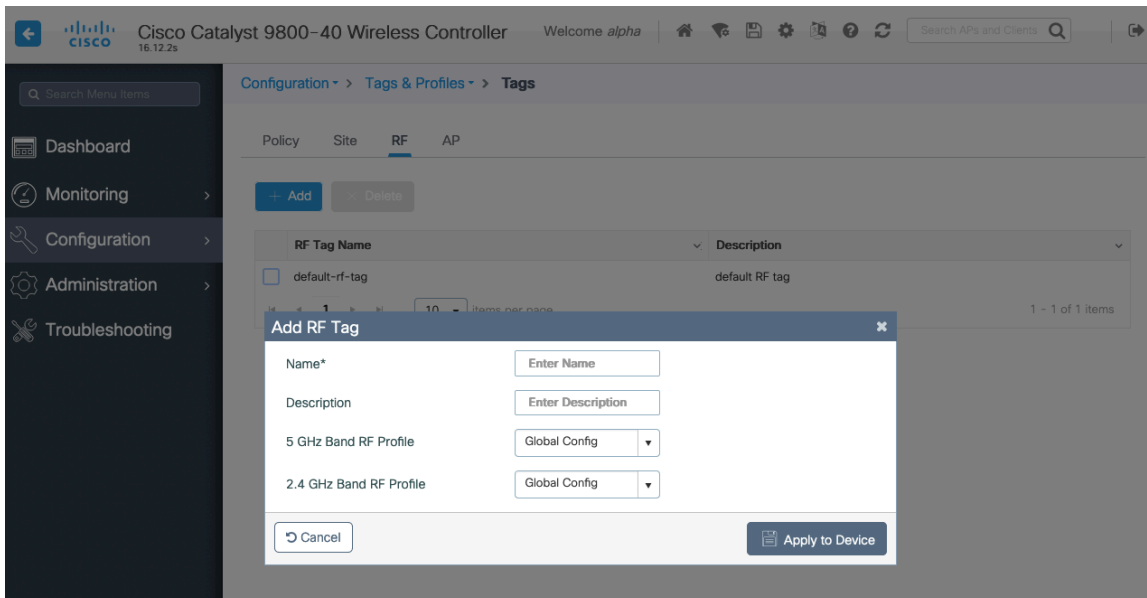


RF Tag

RF Tags define which RF Profiles should be used for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz.

RF Tags are then applied to an access point to specify which RF Profile parameters should be used.

When creating a RF Tag, select the **5 GHz Band RF Profile** and **2.4 GHz Band RF Profile** to be used.



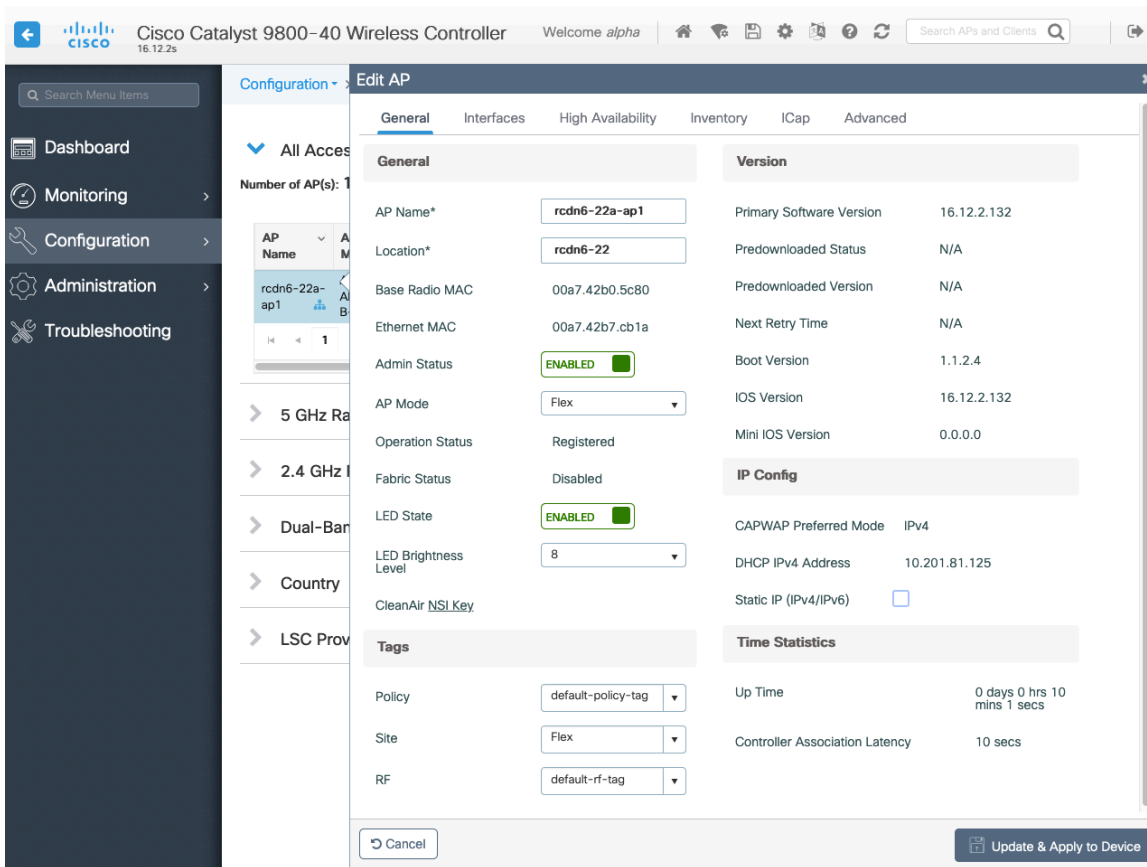
Once tags are defined, they can then be applied to an access point.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit AP' configuration page for a Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller. The interface includes a top navigation bar with the Cisco logo, version '16.12.2s', and a search bar. A left sidebar contains menu items: Dashboard, Monitoring, Configuration, Administration, and Troubleshooting. The main content area is titled 'Edit AP' and has several tabs: General, Interfaces, High Availability, Inventory, ICap, and Advanced. The 'General' tab is selected and displays the following configuration details:

General		Version	
AP Name*	rcdn6-22a-ap1	Primary Software Version	16.12.2.132
Location*	rcdn6-22	Preddownloaded Status	N/A
Base Radio MAC	00a7.42b0.5c80	Preddownloaded Version	N/A
Ethernet MAC	00a7.42b7.cb1a	Next Retry Time	N/A
Admin Status	ENABLED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Boot Version	1.1.2.4
AP Mode	Local	IOS Version	16.12.2.132
Operation Status	Registered	Mini IOS Version	0.0.0.0
Fabric Status	Disabled	IP Config	
LED State	ENABLED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CAPWAP Preferred Mode	IPv4
LED Brightness Level	8	DHCP IPv4 Address	10.201.81.125
CleanAir NSI Key		Static IP (IPv4/IPv6)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tags		Time Statistics	
Policy	default-policy-tag	Up Time	10 days 18 hrs 16 mins 54 secs
Site	default-site-tag	Controller Association Latency	2 mins 4 secs
RF	default-rf-tag		

At the bottom of the configuration page, there are 'Cancel' and 'Update & Apply to Device' buttons.

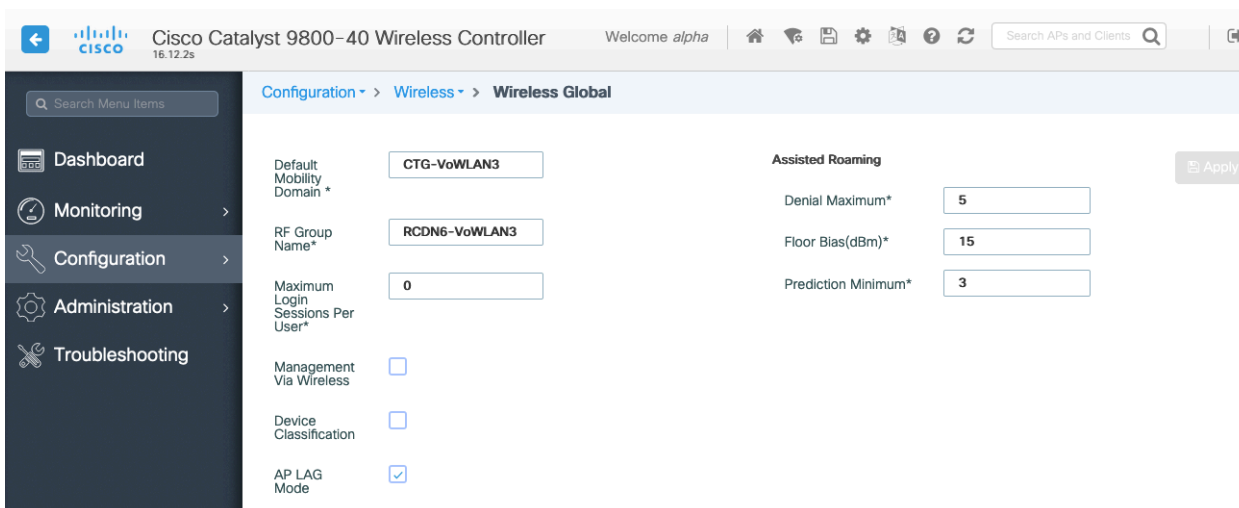
If a Site Tag is applied including a configured Flex Profile, then the **AP Mode** will be changed to **Flex** automatically.



Controller Settings

Ensure the **Default Mobility Domain** is configured correctly.

Enable **AP LAG Mode**.



Mobility Settings

When multiple Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers are to be in the same mobility group, then the IP address and MAC address of each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller should be added to the Mobility Peer configuration.

Ensure each Cisco Wireless LAN Controller is configured with the same **Mobility Group Name**.

The screenshot shows the 'Global Configuration' tab for the 'Mobility' section. The following settings are visible:

Mobility Group Name*	CTG-VoWLAN3	Apply
Multicast IPv4 Address	0.0.0.0	
Multicast IPv6 Address	::	
Keep Alive Interval (sec)*	10	
Mobility Keep Alive Count*	3	
Mobility DSCP Value*	48	
Mobility MAC Address*	706d.153d.b50b	

The screenshot shows the 'Peer Configuration' tab for the 'Mobility' section. It displays a table of Mobility Peer Configuration entries:

MAC Address	IP Address	Public IP	Group Name	Multicast IPv4	Status	PMTU
706d.153d.b50b	10.201.81.9	N/A	CTG-VoWLAN3	0.0.0.0	N/A	N/A
6c31.0e7b.b8eb	10.201.81.10	10.201.81.10	CTG-VoWLAN3	0.0.0.0	Up	1385

Below the table, there is a pagination control showing '10 items per page' and '1 - 2 of 2 items'. A link for 'Non-Local Mobility Group Multicast Configuration' is also visible.

Ensure the **Mobility MAC Address** matches the MAC address of the wireless management interface.

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless' interface configuration page. It displays a table of wireless interfaces:

Interface Name	Interface Type	Trustpoint Name	VLAN ID	IP Address	IP Netmask	MAC Address
Vlan310	Management		310	10.201.81.9	255.255.255.240	70:6d:15:3d:b5:0b

Below the table, there is a pagination control showing '10 items per page' and '1 - 1 of 1 items'.

Call Admission Control (CAC)

It is recommended to enable **Admission Control Mandatory** for **Voice** and configure the maximum bandwidth and reserved roaming bandwidth percentages for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

The maximum bandwidth default setting for voice is **75%** where **6%** of that bandwidth is reserved for roaming clients.

Roaming clients are not limited to using the reserved roaming bandwidth, but roaming bandwidth is to reserve some bandwidth for roaming clients in case all other bandwidth is utilized.

If CAC is to be enabled, will want to ensure **Load Based CAC** is enabled.

Load Based CAC will account for all energy on the channel.

The voice stream size and maximum number of voice streams values can be adjusted as necessary.

If using SRTP, the voice stream size may need to be increased.

Ensure the **Inactivity Timeout** is Disabled.

Unicast Video Redirect and **Multicast Direct Enable** should be **Enabled**.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for a Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller, specifically the 'Media Parameters' section under 'Radio Configurations'. The page is divided into two main columns: 'Media' and 'Voice'. The 'Media' column includes sections for 'General' (with 'Unicast Video Redirect' checked), 'Multicast Direct Admission Control' (with 'Media Stream Admission Control (ACM)' unchecked), and 'Media Stream - Multicast Direct Parameters' (with 'Multicast Direct Enable' checked). The 'Voice' column includes 'Call Admission Control (CAC)' (with 'Admission Control (ACM)', 'Load Based CAC', and 'Expedited Bandwidth' checked, and 'Max RF Bandwidth (%)' set to 75 and 'Reserved Roaming Bandwidth (%)' set to 6), 'SIP CAC and Bandwidth' (with 'SIP CAC Support' unchecked), and 'Traffic Stream Metrics' (with 'Metrics Collection' checked, 'Stream Size*' set to 84000, 'Max Streams*' set to 2, and 'Inactivity Timeout' unchecked). An 'Apply' button is visible in the top right corner of the configuration area.

Multicast

If utilizing multicast, then **Global Wireless Multicast Mode** and **IGMP Snooping** should be **Enabled**.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for Multicast on a Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Dashboard, Monitoring, Configuration, Administration, and Troubleshooting. The main content area is titled "Configuration > Services > Multicast".

On the left, several settings are visible:

- Global Wireless Multicast Mode: **ENABLED** (toggle)
- Wireless mDNS Bridging: **DISABLED** (toggle)
- Wireless Non-IP Multicast: **DISABLED** (toggle)
- Wireless Broadcast: **DISABLED** (toggle)
- AP Capwap Multicast: Unicast (dropdown)
- MLD Snooping: **DISABLED** (toggle)
- IGMP Snooping Querier: **DISABLED** (toggle)
- IGMP Snooping: **ENABLED** (toggle)
- Last Member Querier Interval (milliseconds): 1000 (input field)

On the right, the "IGMP Snooping" section is active. It has two tabs: "Disabled" and "Enabled". The "Enabled" tab is selected, showing a table of VLANs:

Status	VLAN ID	Name
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	default
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	310	VLAN0310
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	400	VLAN0400
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	500	VLAN0500

Buttons for "Apply", "Enable All", and "Disable All" are present. A link for "Wireless Broadcast and Wireless Non-IP Multicast" is at the bottom.

In the Media Stream settings, **Multicast Direct Enable** should be **Enabled**.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for Media Stream on a Cisco Catalyst 9800-40 Wireless Controller. The left sidebar is the same as in the previous screenshot. The main content area is titled "Configuration > Wireless > Media Stream".

The "General" tab is selected, showing the following settings:

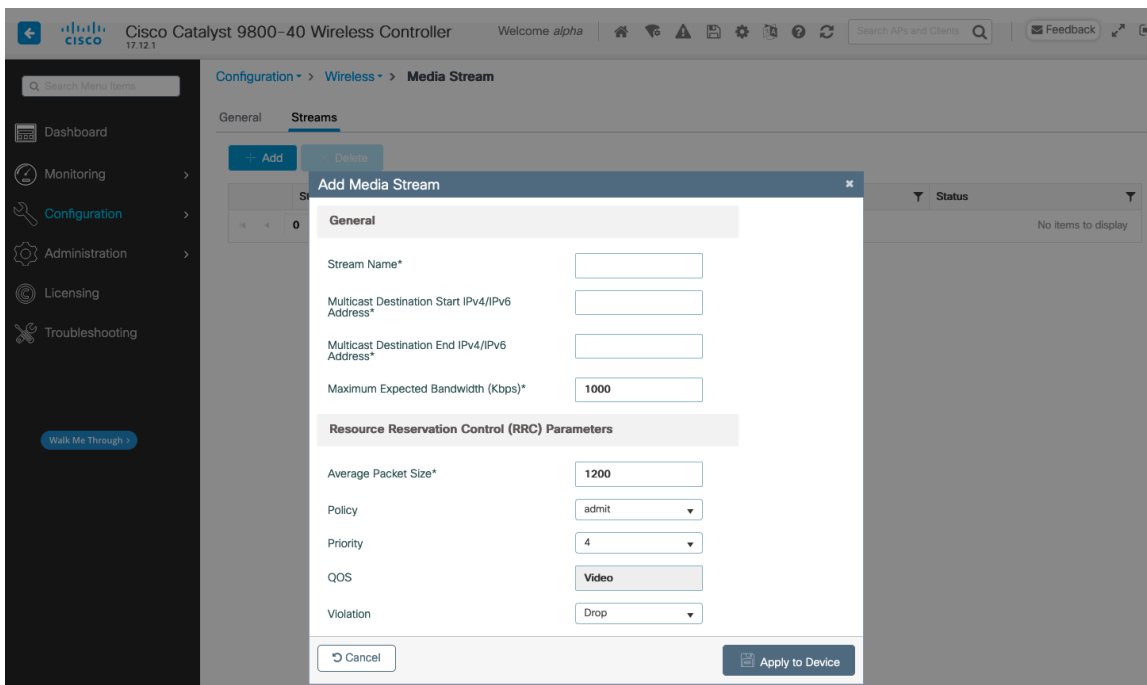
- Multicast Direct Enable: (checked)

Below this is the "Session Message Config" section with the following fields:

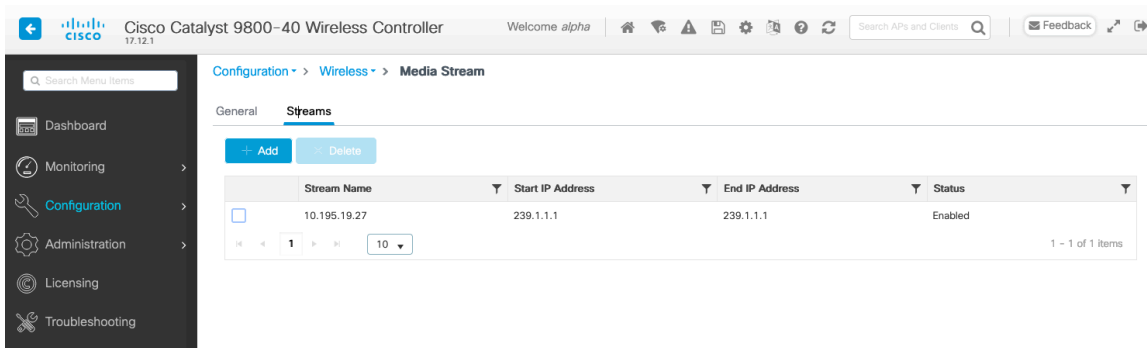
- Session Announcement State: (unchecked)
- Session Announcement URL:
- Session Announcement Email:
- Session Announcement Phone:
- Session Announcement Note:

An "Apply" button is located at the top right of the configuration area.

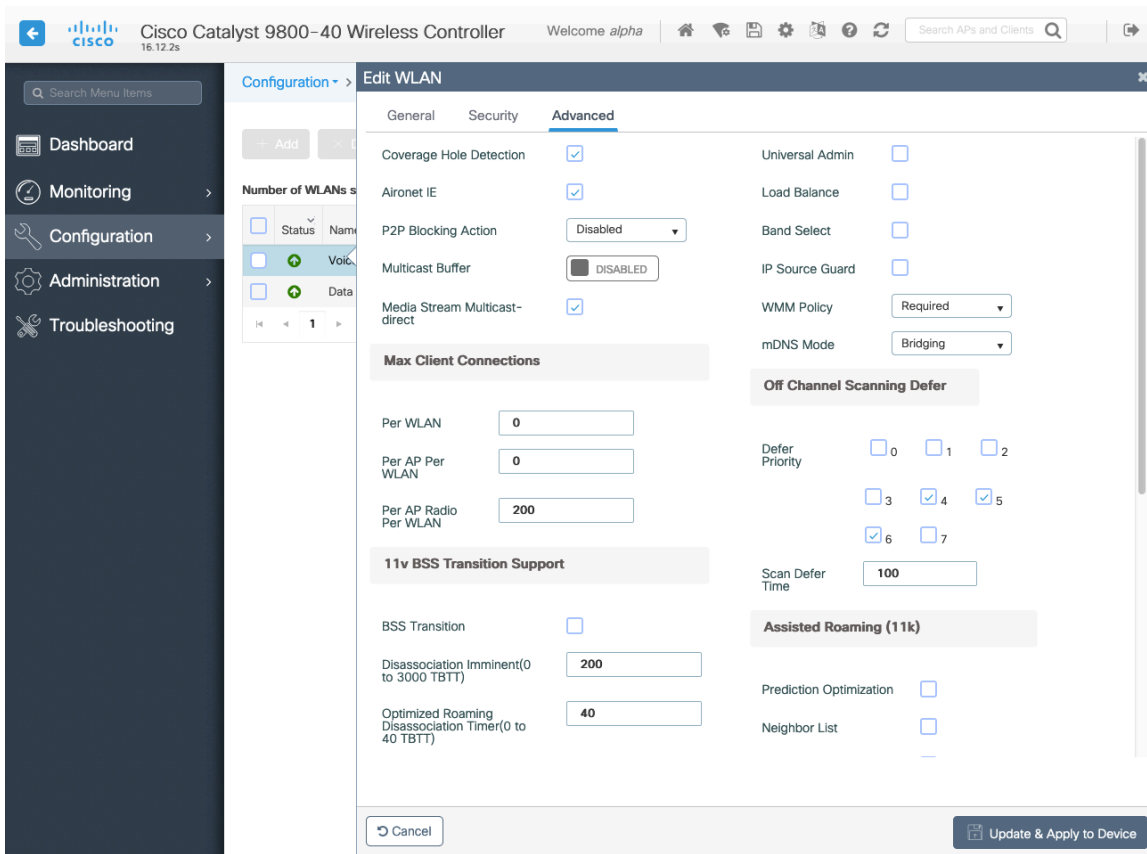
Then configure the media streams as necessary.



Once saved, then the media stream will be displayed.



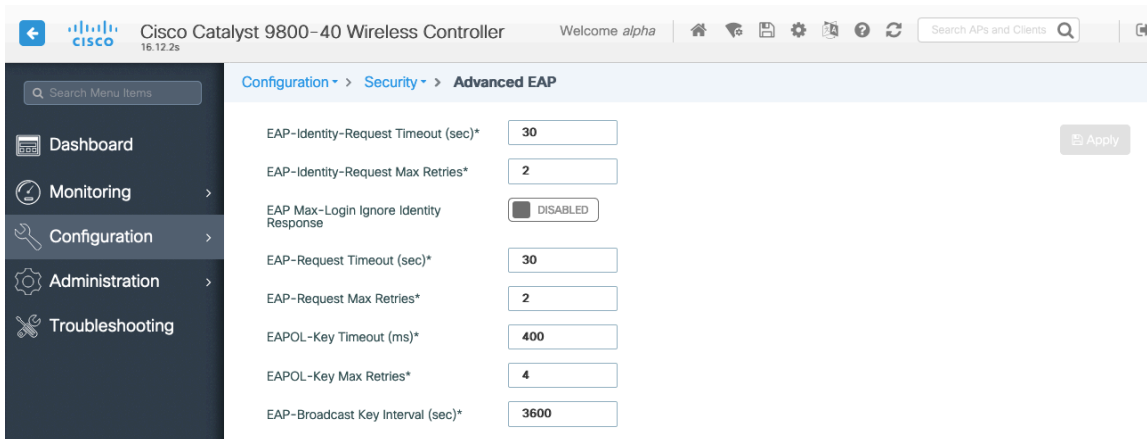
And enable **Multicast Direct** in the WLAN configuration.



Advanced Settings

Advanced EAP Settings

To view or configure the EAP parameters, select **Configuration > Security > Advanced EAP**.



If using 802.1x, the **EAP-Request Timeout** on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller should be set to 30 seconds. For deployments where EAP failures occur frequently, the **EAP-Request Timeout** should be reduced below 30 seconds.

If using PSK then it is recommended to reduce the **EAPOL-Key Timeout** to 400 milliseconds from the default of 1000 milliseconds with **EAPOL-Key Max Retries** set to 4 from the default of 2.

If using 802.1x, then using the default values where the **EAPOL-Key Timeout** is set to 1000 milliseconds and **EAPOL-Key Max Retries** are set to 2 should work fine, but is still recommended to set those values to 400 and 4 respectively.

The **EAPOL-Key Timeout** should not exceed 1000 milliseconds (1 second).

Ensure **EAP-Broadcast Key Interval** is set to a minimum of 3600 seconds (1 hour).

Rx Sop Threshold

It is recommended to use the default value (**Auto**) for **Rx Sop Threshold**.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the **Rx Sop Threshold** in the **Advanced** section of the **High Density** configuration. The page includes a navigation sidebar on the left with options like Dashboard, Monitoring, Configuration, Administration, and Troubleshooting. The main content area has tabs for Load Balancing, Band Select, Optimized Roaming, High Density, and Preferred Calls. Under the **Rx Sop Threshold** section, there are two dropdown menus: **Rx Sop Threshold 5 GHz (dbm)** and **Rx Sop Threshold 2.4 GHz (dbm)**, both set to **auto**. Below this is the **Multicast Data Rate** section with two dropdown menus: **Multicast Data Rate 5 GHz (Mbps)** and **Multicast Data Rate 2.4 GHz (Mbps)**, both set to **Auto**. An **Apply** button is located at the top right of the configuration area.

Rogue Policies

It is recommended to use the default value (**Disable**) for **Rogue Location Discovery Protocol**.

The screenshot shows the configuration page for **Rogue Location Discovery Protocol** in the **Wireless Protection Policies** section. The page includes a navigation sidebar on the left with options like Dashboard, Monitoring, Configuration, Administration, and Troubleshooting. The main content area has tabs for Rogue Policies, RLDP, Rogue AP Rules, and Client Exclusion Policies. Under the **RLDP** section, there are three configuration options: **Rogue Location Discovery Protocol** (set to **Disable**), **Retry Count** (set to **1**), and **Schedule RLDP** (checkbox is unchecked). Below these is a table for scheduling RLDP by day, with columns for **Day**, **Start Time**, and **End Time**. The days listed are Monday through Sunday, each with a checkbox and time selection fields.

Sample Configuration

```
version 16.12
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
service internal
service call-home
platform qfp utilization monitor load 80
no platform punt-keepalive disable-kernel-core
!
hostname RCDN6-21A-WLC5
!
boot-start-marker
boot system flash bootflash:packages.conf
boot-end-marker
!
vrf definition Mgmt-intf
!
address-family ipv4
exit-address-family
!
address-family ipv6
exit-address-family
!
no logging console
!
aaa new-model
!
!
aaa group server radius RADIUS_SERVER_GROUP_DAY0
server name RADIUS_SERVER_DAY0_1
server name RADIUS_SERVER_DAY0_2
!
aaa authentication login default local
aaa authentication login authentication_login_day0 group RADIUS_SERVER_GROUP_DAY0
aaa authentication dot1x authentication_dot1x_day0 group RADIUS_SERVER_GROUP_DAY0
aaa authorization exec default local
aaa authorization network default local
!
aaa server radius dynamic-author
!
aaa session-id common
clock timezone CST -6 0
clock summer-time CDT recurring
call-home
! If contact email address in call-home is configured as sch-smart-licensing@cisco.com
! the email address configured in Cisco Smart License Portal will be used as contact email address to send SCH
notifications.
contact-email-addr sch-smart-licensing@cisco.com
profile "CiscoTAC-1"
active
destination transport-method http
```

```

no destination transport-method email
!
ip domain name cisco.com
!
login on-success log
!
subscriber templating
!
parameter-map type webauth global
virtual-ip ipv4 1.1.1.6
!
flow exporter wireless-local-exporter
destination local wlc
!
flow monitor wireless-avc-basic
exporter wireless-local-exporter
cache timeout active 60
record wireless avc basic
!
no device-tracking logging theft
access-session mac-move deny
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-3110682001
enrollment selfsigned
subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-3110682001
revocation-check none
rsa-keypair TP-self-signed-3110682001
!
crypto pki trustpoint SLA-TrustPoint
enrollment pkcs12
revocation-check crl
!
crypto pki certificate chain TP-self-signed-3110682001
certificate self-signed 01
30820330 30820218 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050030
31312F30 2D060355 04031326 494F532D 53656C66 2D536967 6E65642D 43657274
69666963 6174652D 33313130 36383230 3031301E 170D3139 30373130 30343236
35375A17 0D333030 31303130 30303030 305A3031 312F302D 06035504 03132649
4F532D53 656C662D 5369676E 65642D43 65727469 66696361 74652D33 31313036
38323030 31308201 22300D06 092A8648 86F70D01 01010500 0382010F 00308201
0A028201 0100B74F D6A0DE5D DFB2CDD2 5196AAB1 86C8BD48 3AAAF455 C4E7D559
41A10FE1 87EC742C C5014113 9A0FD83A F490EA64 DF68A513 AA6900C4 810A9FED
870309EA 781EB999 882F7374 EC79D592 DEC6C126 A5FB5666 905C24D8 B2064CD4
66823D6E 7E9A07F3 B043D632 EEDF4CAF D306C303 843493AA F44126E3 A07DE905
6B6C5B8E C8E6C9E6 45D79F62 B813FF8C B44FA7AC AEDB8A9E 55B75096 E4E76BC3
D5B90900 1A0C7CD0 910B6C63 920E9666 39EC3702 387757F1 C26F0BB5 89D4733D
FED71CF4 33002C77 0F721B21 5578C850 590BC846 7CB79469 A51CEBA5 96EA8672
DDB82A44 69EEDA13 DD83B0FA 3221A839 5F985C86 F2C57B78 8E6608B6 18A346D2
035D3B68 26BF0203 010001A3 53305130 0F060355 1D130101 FF040530 030101FF
301F0603 551D2304 18301680 141B4651 019E0AEC 8E64EB65 C0E023ED 60F6062C
0F301D06 03551D0E 04160414 1B465101 9E0AEC8E 64EB65C0 E023ED60 F6062C0F
300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050003 82010100 3319F2A7 3E88539F 85C08F28
67553F93 408DCCC6 EFE2704E C142766C 5FFE0E97 0AFDE0EA 816CB4E2 60FFBC26
6E411C57 3F1AB3F8 2F1E9959 AED26C86 2C0B059D B692C72C B5859A15 999916F8
699587DC 94409E7C FF685698 2FB9ACEC 9315F1AA 357E3877 7AE1E37C F5CD7E46
EB3ADC44 3F22A9E0 EA35E6B8 E5508721 0E8754A1 6A6E3A6A C7FD8E64 6C3C722C

```

```
F90919C9 DE675E5C 301FF83A 0593ACE6 4A469209 CAAEC53F 5102FDD3 AE378090
46282E00 BCF65EB7 4C257EFD 57986F82 BDD8336 CEA82E27 63B4C6C5 F92945E8
2AFE9A95 2AD21793 50FF7987 F4A79079 6FE92AE5 66DFC8B8 14021984 0B1E3F6E
45D57889 B04883C5 114D79AD FBB2CAFF 587ECF9D
```

quit

```
crypto pki certificate chain SLA-TrustPoint
```

```
certificate ca 01
```

```
30820321 30820209 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 0B050030
32310E30 0C060355 040A1305 43697363 6F312030 1E060355 04031317 43697363
6F204C69 63656E73 696E6720 526F6F74 20434130 1E170D31 33303533 30313934
3834375A 170D3338 30353330 31393438 34375A30 32310E30 0C060355 040A1305
43697363 6F312030 1E060355 04031317 43697363 6F204C69 63656E73 696E6720
526F6F74 20434130 82012230 0D06092A 864886F7 0D010101 05000382 010F0030
82010A02 82010100 A6BCBD96 131E05F7 145EA72C 2CD686E6 17222EA1 F1EFF64D
CBB4C798 212AA147 C655D8D7 9471380D 8711441E 1AAF071A 9CAE6388 8A38E520
1C394D78 462EF239 C659F715 B98C0A59 5BBB5CBD 0CFEBEA3 700A8BF7 D8F256EE
4AA4E80D DB6FD1C9 60B1FD18 FFC69C96 6FA68957 A2617DE7 104FDC5F EA2956AC
7390A3EB 2B5436AD C847A2C5 DAB553EB 69A9A535 58E9F3E3 C0BD23CF 58BD7188
68E69491 20F320E7 948E71D7 AE3BCC84 F10684C7 4BC8E00F 539BA42B 42C68BB7
C7479096 B4CB2D62 EA2F505D C7B062A4 6811D95B E8250FC4 5D5D5FB8 8F27D191
C55F0D76 61F9A4CD 3D992327 A8BB03BD 4E6D7069 7CBADF8B DF5F4368 95135E44
DFC7C6CF 04DD7FD1 02030100 01A34230 40300E06 03551D0F 0101FF04 04030201
06300F06 03551D13 0101FF04 05300301 01FF301D 0603551D 0E041604 1449DC85
4B3D31E5 1B3E6A17 606AF333 3D3B4C73 E8300D06 092A8648 86F70D01 010B0500
03820101 00507F24 D3932A66 86025D9F E838AE5C 6D4DF6B0 49631C78 240DA905
604EDCDE FF4FED2B 77FC460E CD636FDB DD44681E 3A5673AB 9093D3B1 6C9E3D8B
D98987BF E40CBD9E 1AECA0C2 2189BB5C 8FA85686 CD98B646 5575B146 8DFC66A8
467A3DF4 4D565700 6ADF0F0D CF835015 3C04FF7C 21E878AC 11BA9CD2 55A9232C
7CA7B7E6 C1AF74F6 152E99B7 B1FCF9BB E973DE7F 5BDDEB86 C71E3B49 1765308B
5FB0DA06 B92AFE7F 494E8A9E 07B85737 F3A58BE1 1A48A229 C37C1E69 39F08678
80DDCD16 D6BACECA EEBC7CF9 8428787B 35202CDC 60E4616A B623CDBD 230E3AFB
418616A9 4093E049 4D10AB75 27E86F73 932E35B5 8862FDAE 0275156F 719BB2F0
D697DF7F 28
```

quit

```
!
```

```
license udi pid C9800-40-K9 sn TTM231803A3
```

```
memory free low-watermark processor 375973
```

```
!
```

```
service-template webauth-global-inactive
```

```
inactivity-timer 3600
```

```
service-template DEFAULT_LINKSEC_POLICY_MUST_SECURE
```

```
linksec policy must-secure
```

```
service-template DEFAULT_LINKSEC_POLICY_SHOULD_SECURE
```

```
linksec policy should-secure
```

```
service-template DEFAULT_CRITICAL_VOICE_TEMPLATE
```

```
voice vlan
```

```
service-template DEFAULT_CRITICAL_DATA_TEMPLATE
```

```
diagnostic bootup level minimal
```

```
!
```

```
username <REMOVED> privilege 15 password 7 <REMOVED>
```

```
!
```

```
redundancy
```

```
mode sso
```

```
!
```

```
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
```

```
!
```

```
class-map match-any AVC-Reanchor-Class
```

```

match protocol cisco-jabber-audio
match protocol cisco-jabber-video
match protocol webex-media
match protocol webex-app-sharing
match protocol webex-control
match protocol webex-meeting
match protocol wifi-calling
!
interface Port-channel3
switchport trunk native vlan 310
switchport trunk allowed vlan 310,400,500
switchport mode trunk
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet0/0/0
switchport trunk native vlan 310
switchport trunk allowed vlan 310,400,500
switchport mode trunk
no negotiation auto
channel-group 3 mode active
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet0/0/1
switchport trunk native vlan 310
switchport trunk allowed vlan 310,400,500
switchport mode trunk
no negotiation auto
channel-group 3 mode active
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet0/0/2
switchport trunk native vlan 310
switchport trunk allowed vlan 310,400,500
switchport mode trunk
no negotiation auto
channel-group 3 mode active
!
interface TenGigabitEthernet0/0/3
switchport trunk native vlan 310
switchport trunk allowed vlan 310,400,500
switchport mode trunk
no negotiation auto
channel-group 3 mode active
!
interface GigabitEthernet0
vrf forwarding Mgmt-intf
ip address 10.201.81.25 255.255.255.240
negotiation auto
no cdp enable
!
interface Vlan1
no ip address
shutdown
!
interface Vlan310
description Management
ip address 10.201.81.9 255.255.255.240
!
interface Vlan400
description Data

```



```

ip address 10.201.82.14 255.255.255.0
ip helper-address 72.163.42.112
ip helper-address 173.37.137.70
!
interface Vlan500
description Voice
ip address 10.201.83.14 255.255.255.0
ip helper-address 72.163.42.112
ip helper-address 173.37.137.70
!
ip default-gateway 10.201.81.1
ip forward-protocol nd
!
ip http server
ip http authentication local
ip http secure-server
ip tftp source-interface GigabitEthernet0
ip tftp blocksize 8192
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.201.81.1
!
radius-server attribute wireless accounting mac-delimiter hyphen
radius-server attribute wireless accounting call-station-id macaddress
radius-server attribute wireless accounting callStationIdCase lower
radius-server attribute wireless authentication callStationIdCase lower
radius-server attribute wireless authentication mac-delimiter hyphen
radius-server attribute wireless authentication call-station-id ap-macaddress-ssid
radius-server load-balance method least-outstanding
!
radius server RADIUS_SERVER_DAY0_1
address ipv4 10.42.136.30 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
key 7 <REMOVED>
!
radius server RADIUS_SERVER_DAY0_2
address ipv4 10.42.3.31 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
key 7 <REMOVED>
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 60 0
stopbits 1
line aux 0
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
transport input ssh
line vty 5 15
transport input ssh
!
ntp server 10.81.254.202
ntp server 10.115.162.212
!
wireless mobility group member mac-address 6c31.0e7b.b8eb ip 10.201.81.10 public-ip 10.201.81.10 group CTG-
VoWLAN3
wireless mobility group name CTG-VoWLAN3
wireless mobility mac-address 706d.153d.b50b
wireless aaa policy default-aaa-policy
wireless cts-sxp profile default-sxp-profile

```

```

wireless management interface Vlan310
wireless profile airtime-fairness default-atf-policy 0
wireless profile flex default-flex-profile
description "default flex profile"
wireless profile mesh default-mesh-profile
description "default mesh profile"
wireless profile policy Data
ipv4 flow monitor wireless-avc-basic input
ipv4 flow monitor wireless-avc-basic output
service-policy input silver-up
service-policy output silver
session-timeout 86400
vlan VLAN0400
no shutdown
wireless profile policy Voice
ipv4 flow monitor wireless-avc-basic input
ipv4 flow monitor wireless-avc-basic output
service-policy input platinum-up
service-policy output platinum
session-timeout 86400
vlan VLAN0500
no shutdown
wireless profile policy default-policy-profile
description "default policy profile"
vlan default
wireless tag site default-site-tag
description "default site tag"
wireless tag policy default-policy-tag
description "default policy-tag"
wlan Data policy Data
wlan Voice policy Voice
wireless tag rf default-rf-tag
description "default RF tag"
wireless rf-network RCDN6-VoWLAN3
wireless security dot1x eapol-key retries 4
wireless security dot1x eapol-key timeout 400
no wireless security dot1x max-login-ignore-identity-response
wireless fabric control-plane default-control-plane
wireless media-stream multicast-direct
wireless multicast
wlan Data 2 data
band-select
ccx aironet-iesupport
load-balance
security dot1x authentication-list authentication_dot1x_day0
no shutdown
wlan Voice 1 voice
no assisted-roaming neighbor-list
no bss-transition
ccx aironet-iesupport
channel-scan defer-priority 4
dtim dot11 24ghz 2
dtim dot11 5ghz 2
media-stream multicast-direct
radio dot11a
security ft
security wpa akm ft dot1x

```

```

security dot1x authentication-list authentication_dot1x_day0
wmm require
no shutdown
ap dot11 24ghz rf-profile Low_Client_Density_rf_24gh
coverage data rssi threshold -90
coverage level 2
coverage voice rssi threshold -90
description "pre configured Low Client Density rfprofile for 2.4gh radio"
high-density rx-sop threshold low
tx-power v1 threshold -65
no shutdown
ap dot11 24ghz rf-profile High_Client_Density_rf_24gh
description "pre configured High Client Density rfprofile for 2.4gh radio"
high-density rx-sop threshold medium
rate RATE_11M disable
rate RATE_12M mandatory
rate RATE_1M disable
rate RATE_2M disable
rate RATE_5_5M disable
rate RATE_6M disable
tx-power min 7
no shutdown
ap dot11 24ghz rf-profile Typical_Client_Density_rf_24gh
description "pre configured Typical Client Density rfprofile for 2.4gh radio"
rate RATE_11M disable
rate RATE_12M mandatory
rate RATE_1M disable
rate RATE_2M disable
rate RATE_5_5M disable
rate RATE_6M disable
no shutdown
ap dot11 24ghz media-stream multicast-direct
ap dot11 24ghz media-stream video-redirect
no ap dot11 24ghz cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout
ap dot11 24ghz cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout ignore
ap dot11 24ghz cac voice acm
ap dot11 24ghz edca-parameters optimized-video-voice
ap dot11 24ghz exp-bwreq
ap dot11 24ghz tsm
ap dot11 24ghz rrm txpower max 14
ap dot11 24ghz rrm txpower min 5
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_11M disable
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_12M mandatory
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_1M disable
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_2M disable
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_5_5M disable
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_6M disable
ap dot11 24ghz rate RATE_9M disable
ap dot11 5ghz rf-profile Low_Client_Density_rf_5gh
coverage data rssi threshold -90
coverage level 2
coverage voice rssi threshold -90
description "pre configured Low Client Density rfprofile for 5gh radio"
high-density rx-sop threshold low
tx-power v1 threshold -60
no shutdown
ap dot11 5ghz rf-profile High_Client_Density_rf_5gh

```

```

description "pre configured High Client Density rfprofile for 5gh radio"
high-density rx-sop threshold medium
rate RATE_6M disable
rate RATE_9M disable
tx-power min 7
tx-power v1 threshold -65
no shutdown
ap dot11 5ghz rf-profile Typical_Client_Density_rf_5gh
description "pre configured Typical Density rfprofile for 5gh radio"
no shutdown
ap dot11 5ghz media-stream multicast-direct
ap dot11 5ghz media-stream video-redirect
no ap dot11 5ghz cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout
ap dot11 5ghz cac voice tspec-inactivity-timeout ignore
ap dot11 5ghz cac voice acm
ap dot11 5ghz exp-bwreq
ap dot11 5ghz tsm
ap dot11 5ghz edca-parameters optimized-video-voice
ap dot11 5ghz channelswitch quiet
ap dot11 5ghz rrm channel dca chan-width 40
ap dot11 5ghz rrm channel dca remove 116
ap dot11 5ghz rrm channel dca remove 120
ap dot11 5ghz rrm channel dca remove 124
ap dot11 5ghz rrm channel dca remove 128
ap dot11 5ghz rrm channel dca remove 144
ap dot11 5ghz rrm txpower max 17
ap dot11 5ghz rrm txpower min 11
ap dot11 5ghz rate RATE_24M supported
ap dot11 5ghz rate RATE_6M disable
ap dot11 5ghz rate RATE_9M disable
ap country US
ap lag support
ap tag-source-priority 2 source filter
ap tag-source-priority 3 source ap
ap profile default-ap-profile
capwap backup primary RCDN6-21A-WLC5 10.201.81.9
capwap backup secondary RCDN6-22A-WLC6 10.201.81.10
description "default ap profile"
hyperlocation ble-beacon 0
hyperlocation ble-beacon 1
hyperlocation ble-beacon 2
hyperlocation ble-beacon 3
hyperlocation ble-beacon 4
hyperlocation
lag
mgmtuser username <REMOVED> password 0 <REMOVED> secret 0 <REMOVED>
ntp ip 10.115.162.212
ssh
end

```

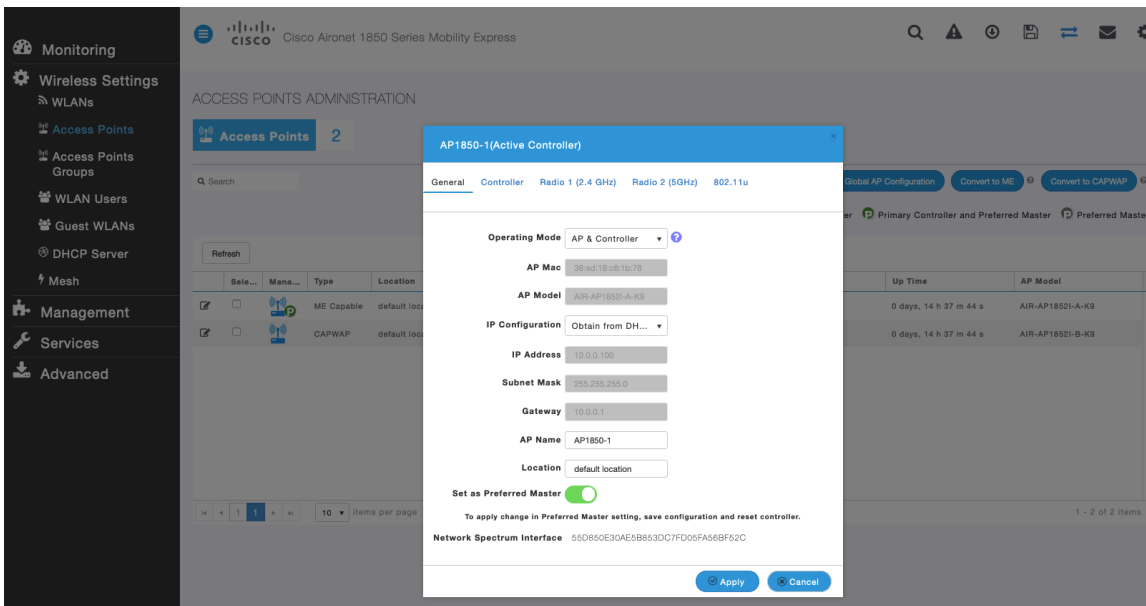
Cisco Mobility Express and Lightweight Access Points

When configuring Cisco Mobility Express and Lightweight Access Points, use the following guidelines:

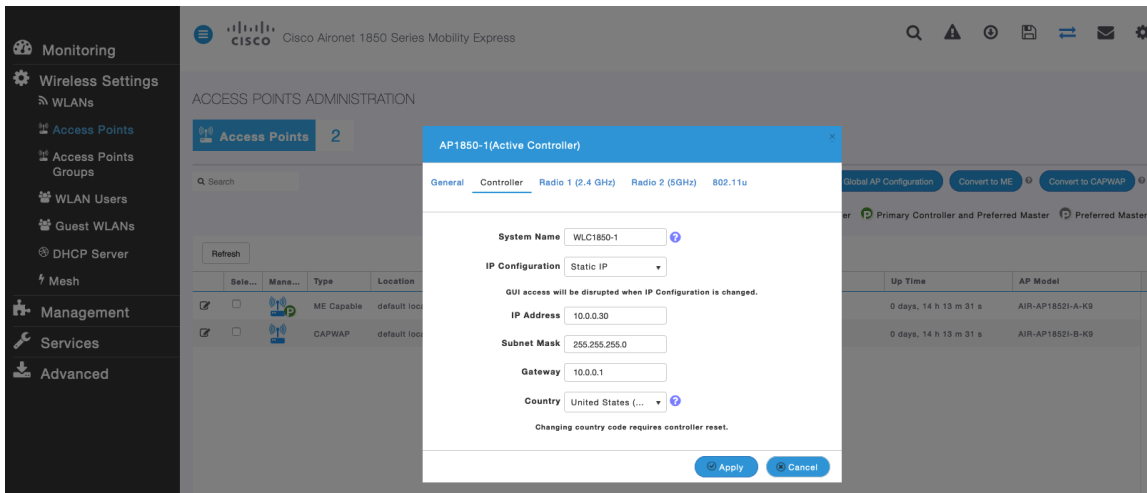
- Ensure **802.11r (FT)** or **CCKM** is **Enabled**
- Set **Quality of Service (QoS)** to **Platinum**
- Ensure **802.11k** is **Disabled**
- Ensure **802.11v** is **Disabled**
- Disable **P2P (Peer to Peer) Blocking Action**
- Set **Client Band Select** to **Disabled**
- Set **Client Load Balancing** to **Disabled**
- Configure the **Data Rates** as necessary
- Configure **RF Optimization** as necessary
- Set **Traffic Type** to **Voice and Data**
- Enable **CleanAir** if utilizing Cisco access points with CleanAir technology
- Configure **Multicast Direct** as necessary

Controller Settings

Configure one or more of the Mobility Express capable access point's **Operating Mode** to include the **Controller** functionality. Configure the **AP Name** and IP settings as necessary.



Configure the Cisco Wireless LAN Controller **System Name** and IP settings as necessary.



802.11 Network Settings

It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

If wanting to use 5 GHz, ensure the **5.0 GHz Band** is **Enabled**.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

If wanting to use 2.4 GHz, ensure the **2.4 GHz Band** is **Enabled**.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates assuming that there will not be any 802.11b only clients that will connect to the wireless LAN; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

If 802.11b clients exist, then 11 Mbps should be set as the mandatory (basic) rate and 12 Mbps and higher as supported (optional).

If using 5 GHz, the number of channels can be limited (e.g. 12 channels only) to avoid any potential delay of access point discovery due to having to scan many channels.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

If using 2.4 GHz, only channels 1, 6, and 11 should be enabled in the DCA list.

CleanAir detection should be **Enabled** when utilizing Cisco access points with CleanAir technology in order to detect any existing interferers.

Advanced RF Parameters

- 2.4 GHz Band
- 5.0 GHz Band
- Automatic Flexible Radio Assignment
- 2.4 GHz Optimized Roaming
- 5 GHz Optimized Roaming
- Event Driven RRM
- CleanAir detection
- 5.0 GHz Channel Width: 40 MHz
- 2.4 GHz Data Rates: Lower Density to Higher Density slider (802.11b devices not supported)
- 5.0 GHz Data Rates: Lower Density to Higher Density slider (Some legacy devices not supported)
- Select DCA Channels:
 - 2.4 GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
 - 5.0 GHz: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140, 144, 149, 153, 157, 161, 165

At least one Channel Number should be selected

Apply

RF Optimization

It is recommended to enable **RF Optimization** to manage the channel and transmit power settings.

Set **Traffic Type** to **Voice and Data**.

RF OPTIMIZATION

RF Optimization: Enabled

Client Density: Low, Typical, High

Traffic Type: Voice and Data

Apply

Individual access points can be configured to override the global setting to use dynamic channel and transmit power assignment for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

Other access points can be enabled for automatic assignment method and account for the access points that are statically configured.

This may be necessary if there is an intermittent interferer present in an area.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to use channel bonding only if using 5 GHz.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

The screenshot shows the 'ACCESS POINTS ADMINISTRATION' page in the Cisco Aironet 1850 Series Mobility Express interface. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Monitoring, Wireless Settings (WLANs, Access Points, Access Points Groups, WLAN Users, Guest WLANs, DHCP Server, Mesh), Management, Services, and Advanced. The main content area has a search bar and buttons for 'Global AP Configuration', 'Convert to ME', and 'Convert to CAPWAP'. Below these are radio buttons for 'Primary Controller', 'Primary Controller and Preferred Master', and 'Preferred Master'. A table lists two access points:

Select	Man...	Type	Location	Name	IP Address	AP Mac	Up Time	AP Model
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		ME Capable	default location	AP1850-1	10.0.0.100	38:ed:18:c8:1b:78	0 days, 14 h 37 m 44 s	AIR-AP1852I-A-K9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		CAPWAP	default location	AP1850-2	10.0.0.101	38:ed:18:ca:28:40	0 days, 14 h 37 m 44 s	AIR-AP1852I-B-K9

This screenshot shows the configuration dialog for 'AP1850-1(Active Controller)' on the 'Radio 1 (2.4 GHz)' tab. The settings are:

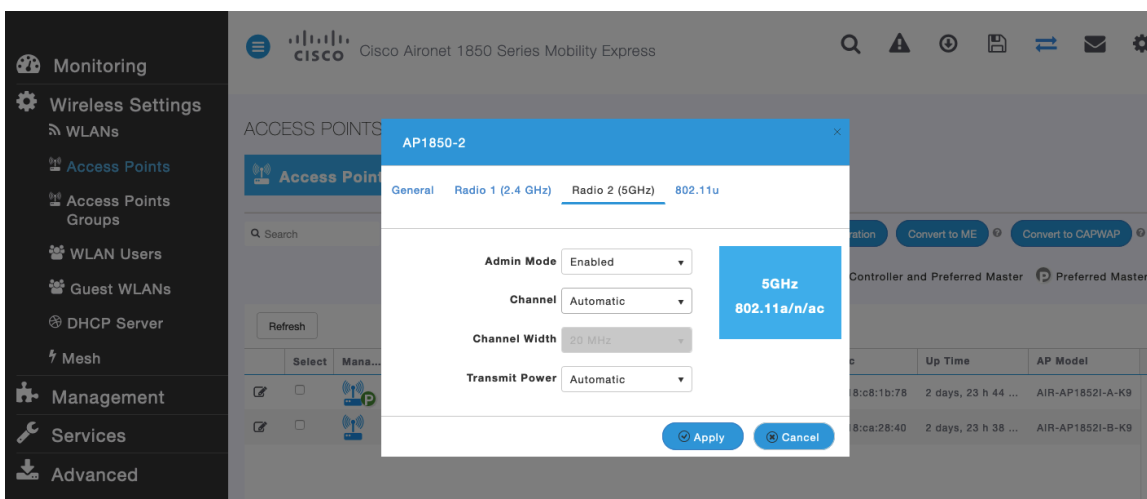
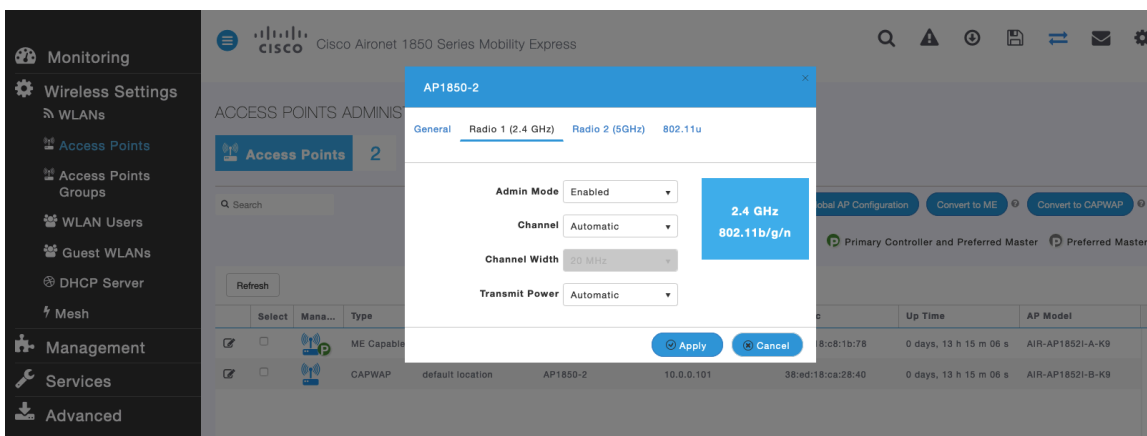
- Admin Mode: Enabled
- Channel: Automatic
- Channel Width: 20 MHz
- Transmit Power: Automatic

A blue callout box displays '2.4 GHz' and '802.11b/g/n'. The dialog includes 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.

This screenshot shows the configuration dialog for 'AP1850-1(Active Controller)' on the 'Radio 2 (5GHz)' tab. The settings are:

- Admin Mode: Enabled
- Channel: Automatic
- Channel Width: 40 MHz
- Transmit Power: Automatic

A blue callout box displays '5GHz' and '802.11a/n/ac'. The dialog includes 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.



WLAN Settings

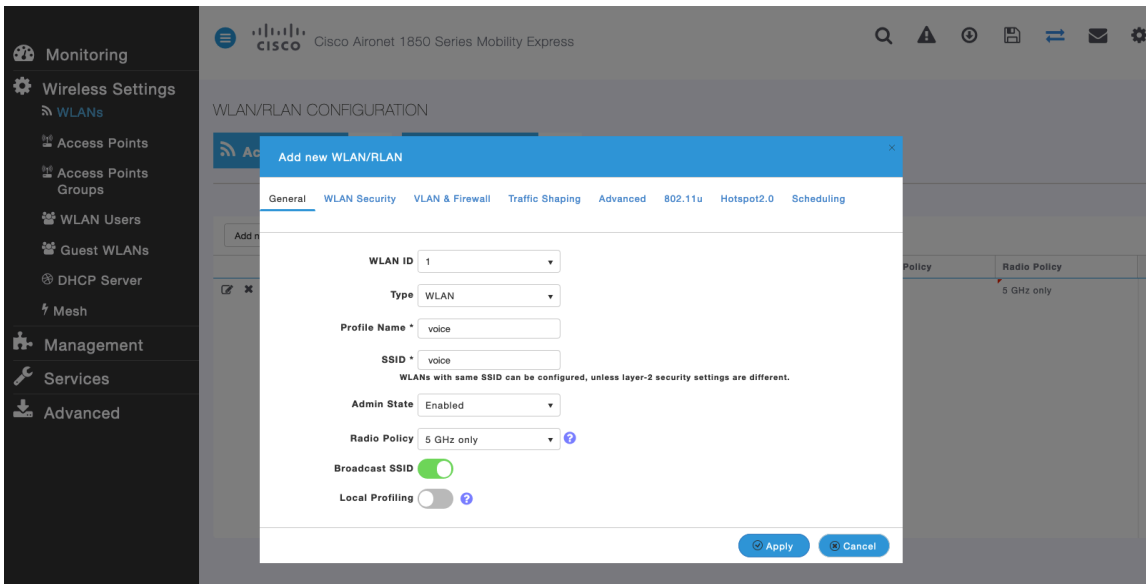
It is recommended to have a separate SSID for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

However, if there is an existing SSID configured to support voice capable Cisco Wireless LAN endpoints already, then that WLAN can be utilized instead.

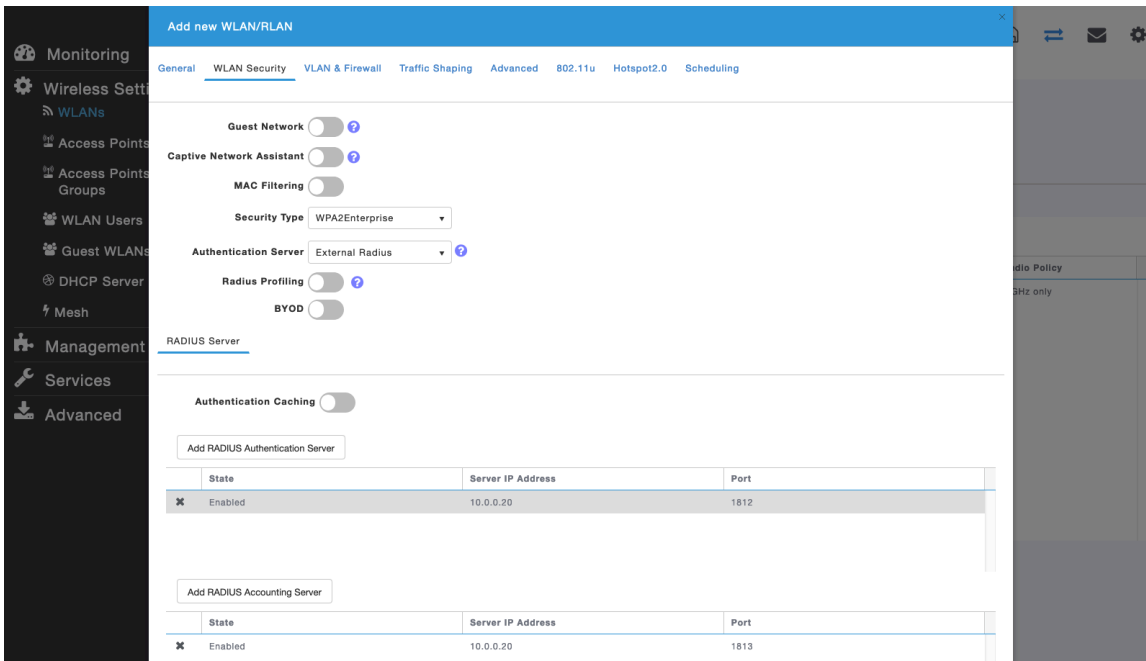
The SSID to be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured to only apply to a certain 802.11 radio type (e.g. 5 GHz only).

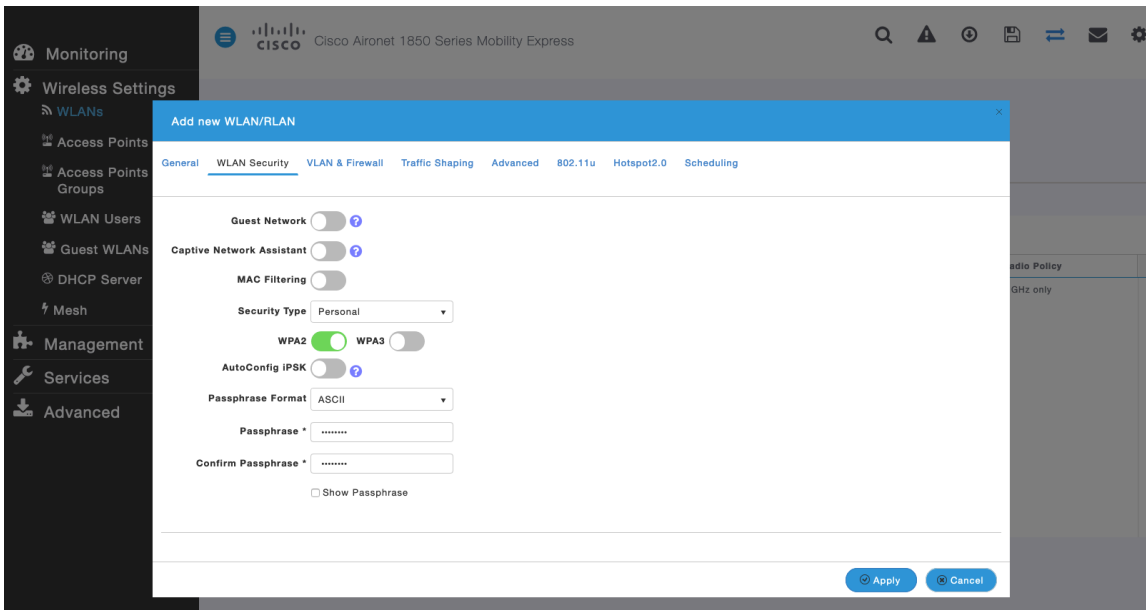
It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to have many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

Ensure that the selected SSID is not utilized by any other wireless LANs as that could lead to failures when powering on or during roaming; especially if a different security type is utilized.

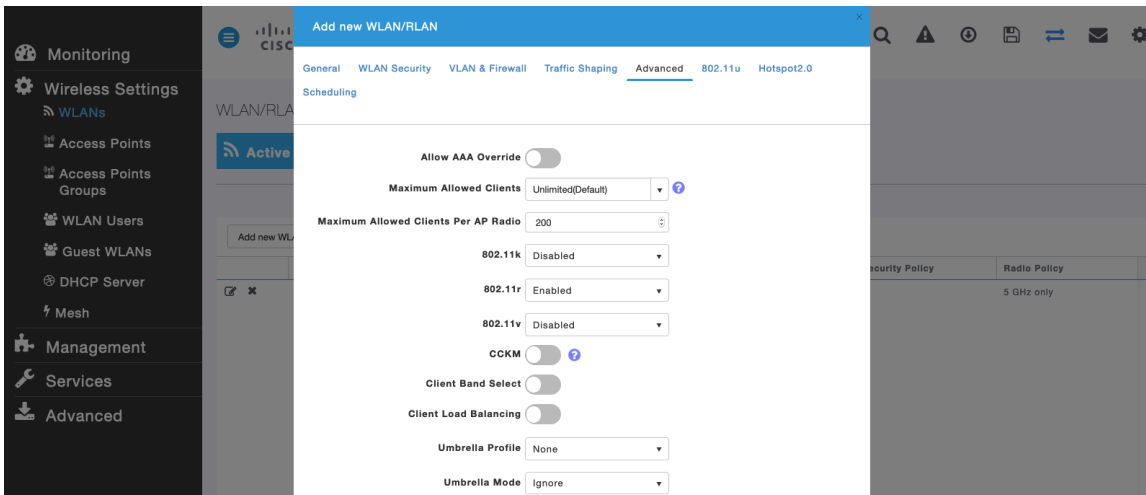


To utilize 802.11r (FT) for fast secure roaming, set **Security Type** to either **WPA2Enterprise** or **Personal** depending on whether 802.1x or PSK is to be utilized.

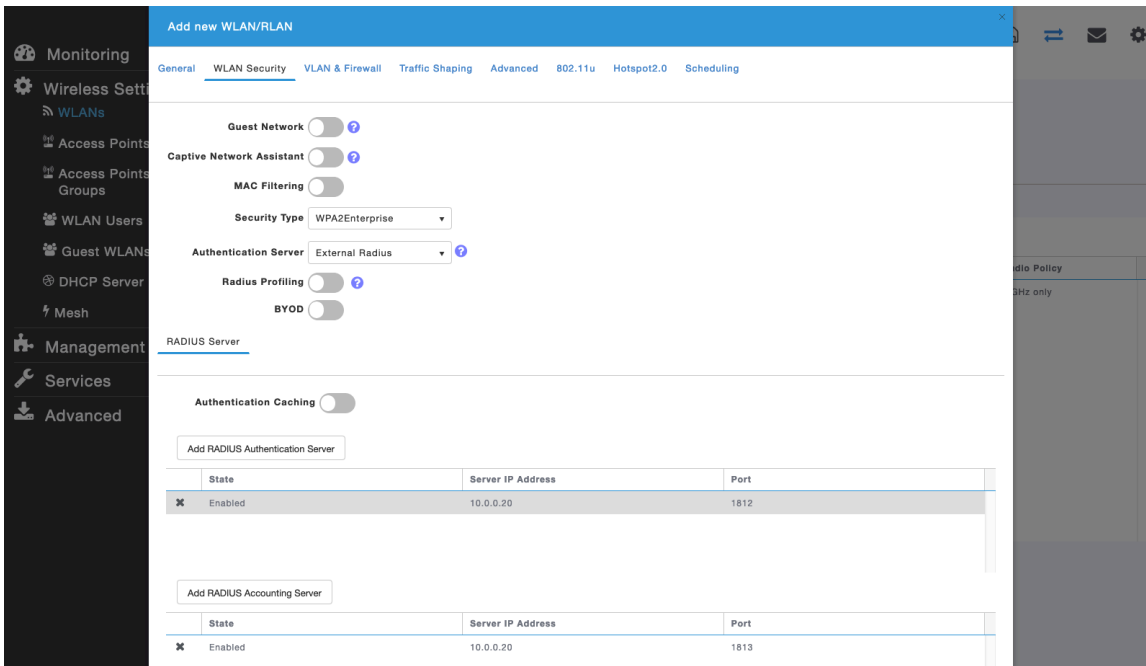




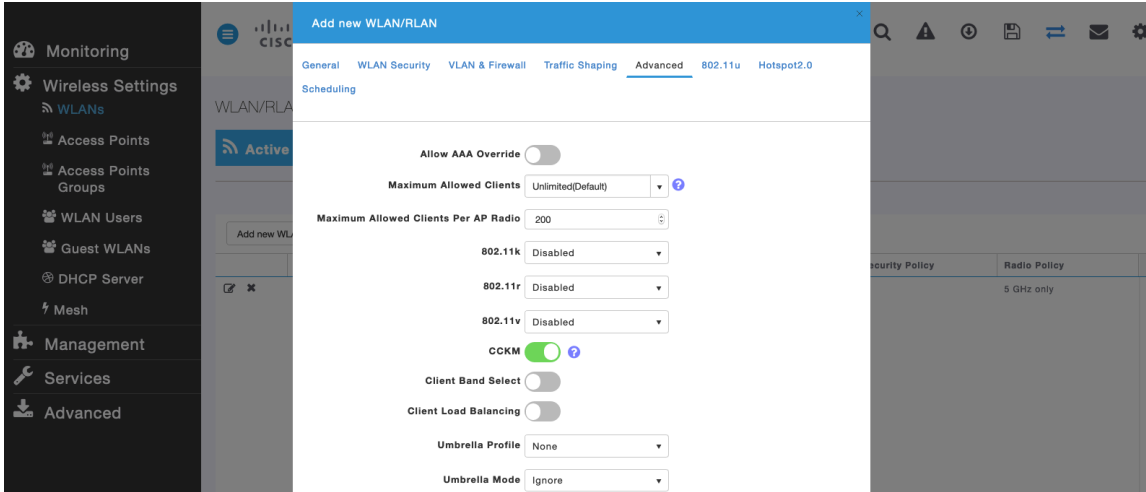
Set **802.11r** to **Enabled** in the **Advanced** tab of the WLAN configuration.
 Ensure **Client Band Select** and **Client Load Balancing** are disabled.
 802.11k and 802.11v are not supported, therefore should be disabled.



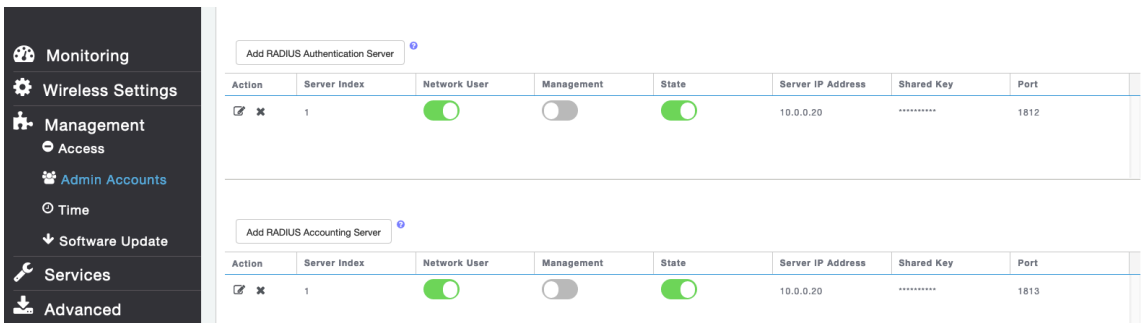
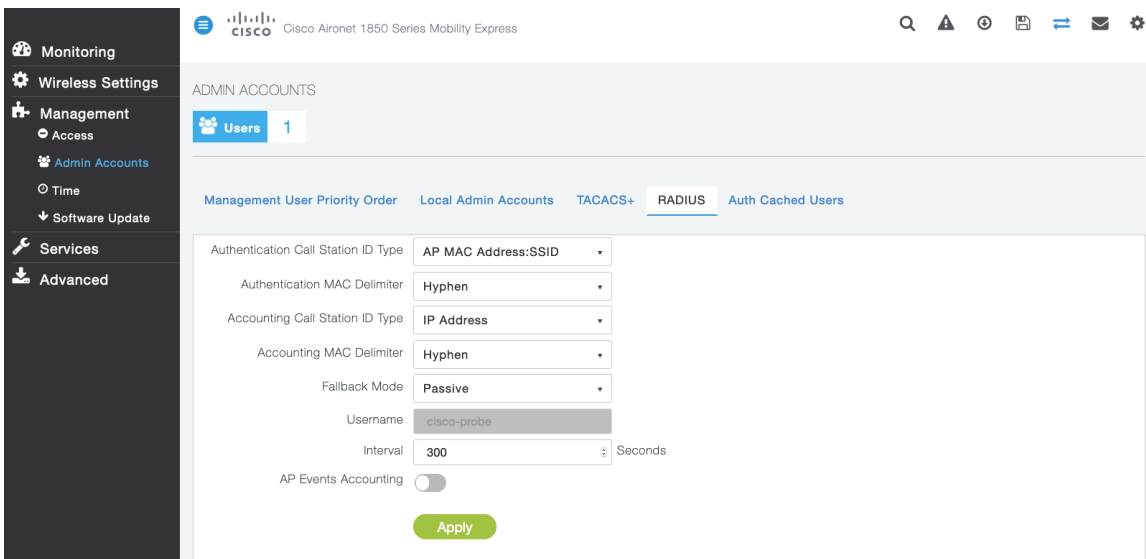
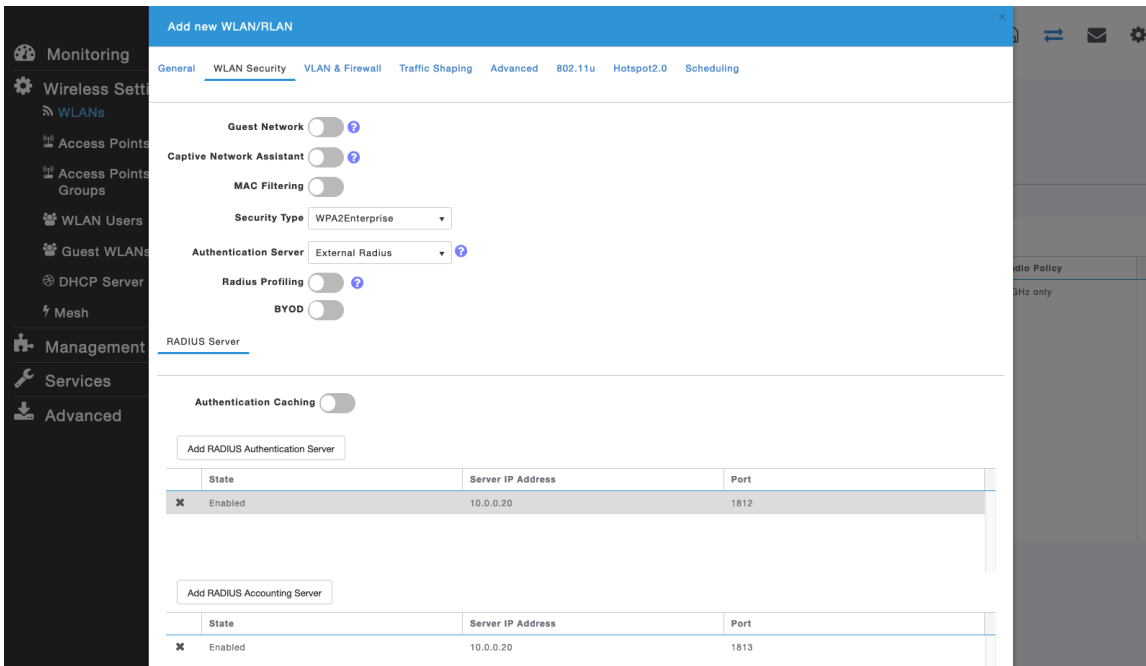
To utilize CCKM for fast secure roaming, set **Security Type** to **WPA2Enterprise**.



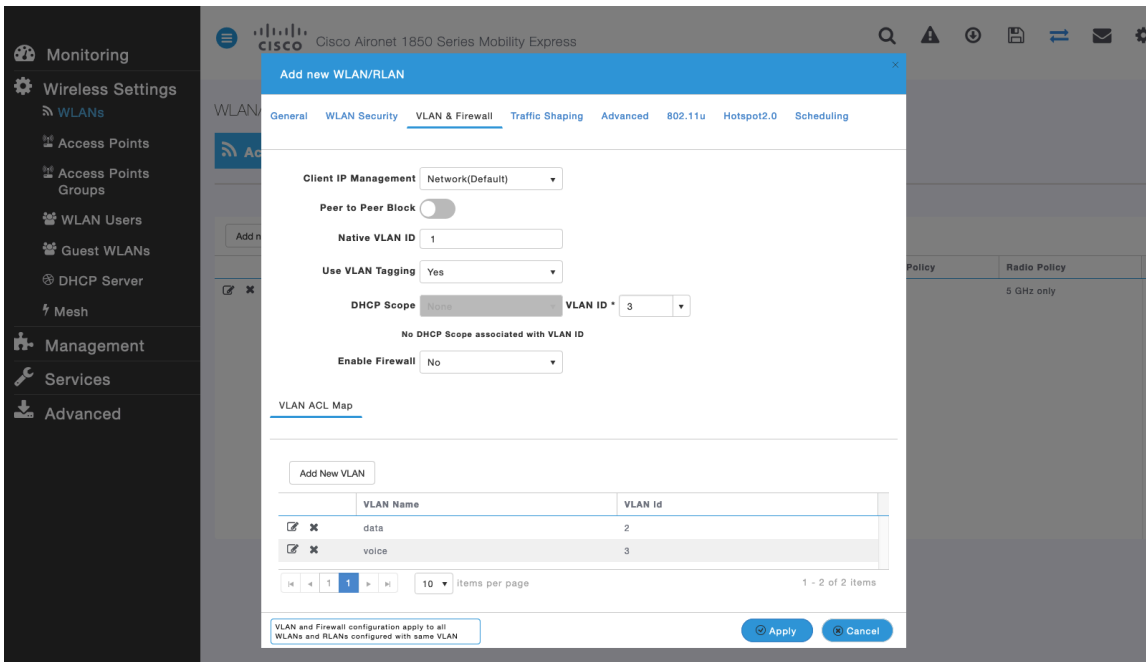
Set CCKM to **Enabled** in the **Advanced** tab of the WLAN configuration.
 Ensure **Client Band Select** and **Client Load Balancing** are disabled.
 802.11k and 802.11v are not supported, therefore should be disabled.



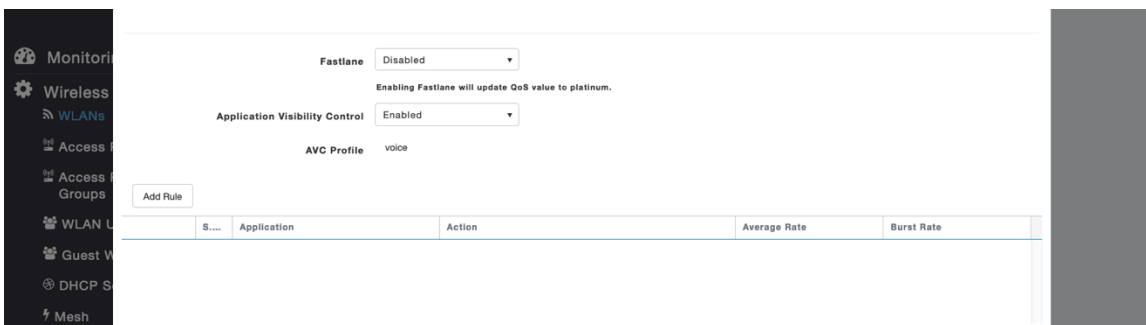
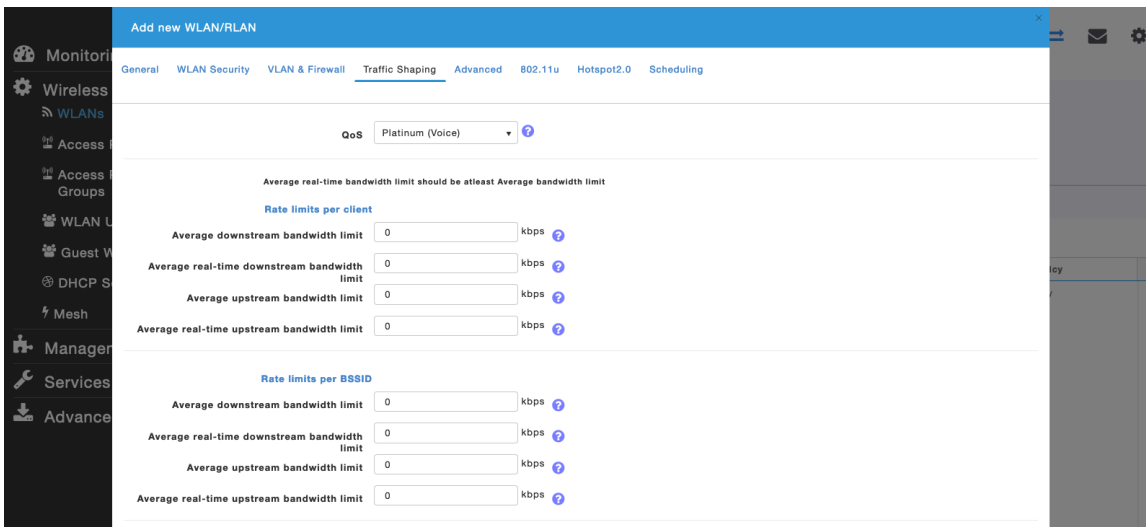
RADIUS Authentication Servers and **Account Servers** can be configured at a per WLAN level to override the global list.



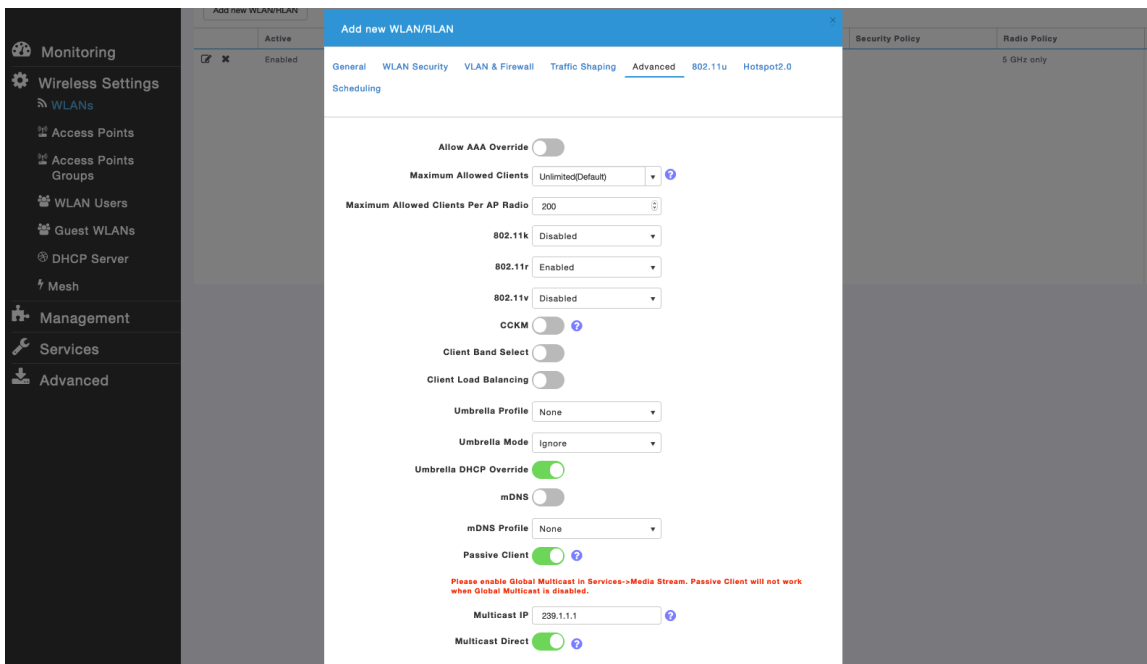
Configure the **Native VLAN ID** and **VLAN ID** for the WLAN as necessary.
 Ensure **Peer to Peer Block** is disabled.



Ensure **Platinum (Voice)** is selected for QoS.

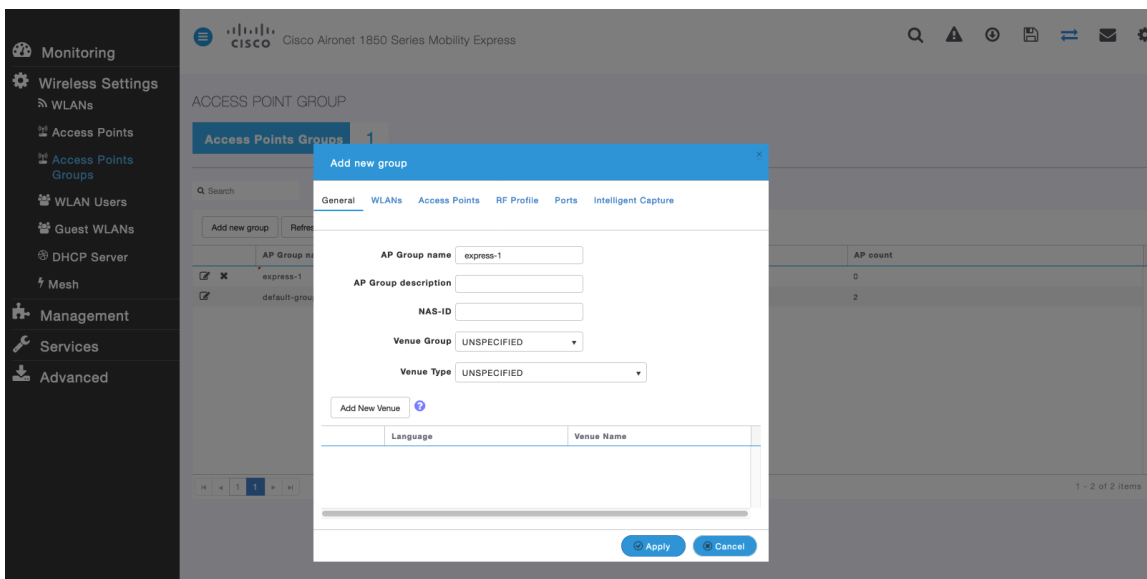


The **Maximum Allowed Clients** and **Maximum Allowed Clients Per AP Radio** can be configured as necessary.

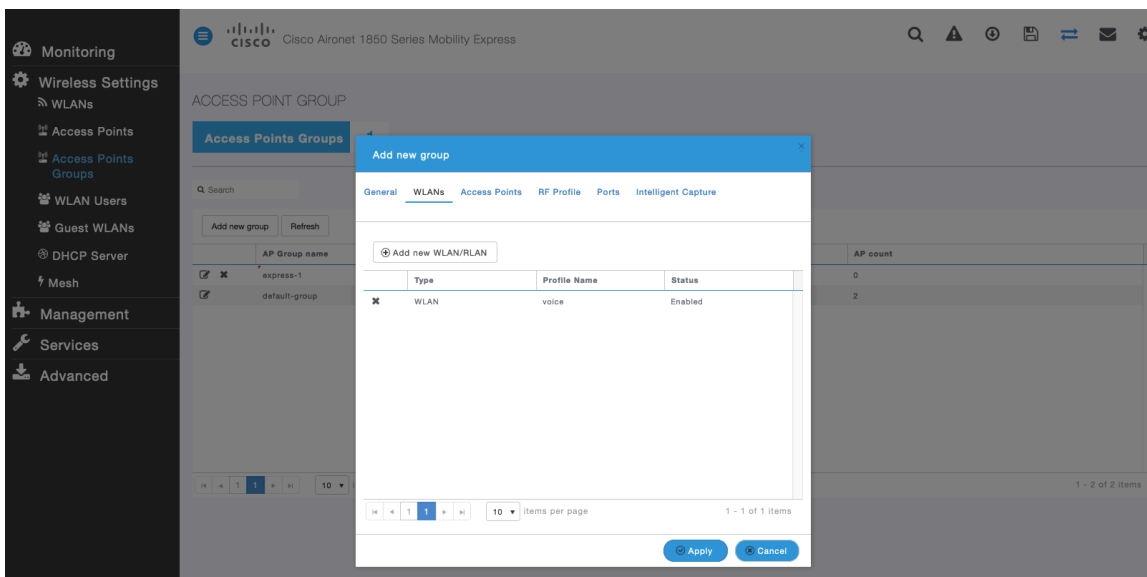
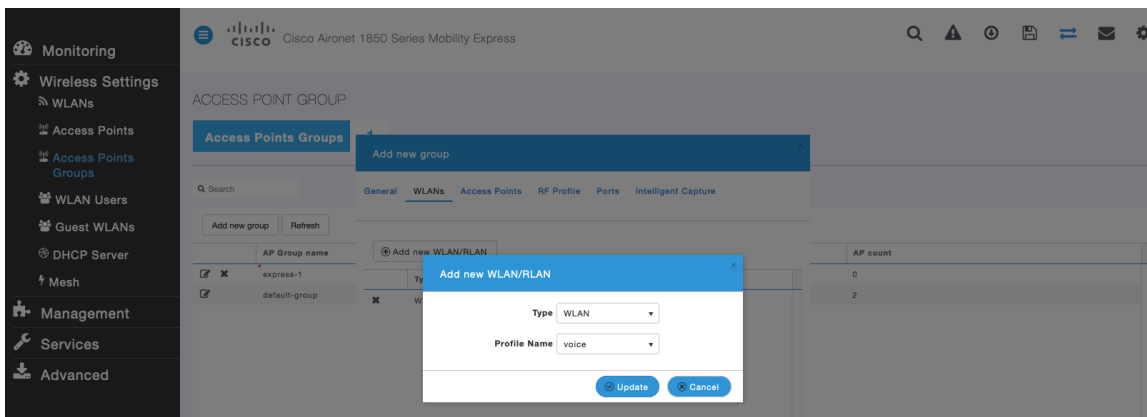


AP Groups

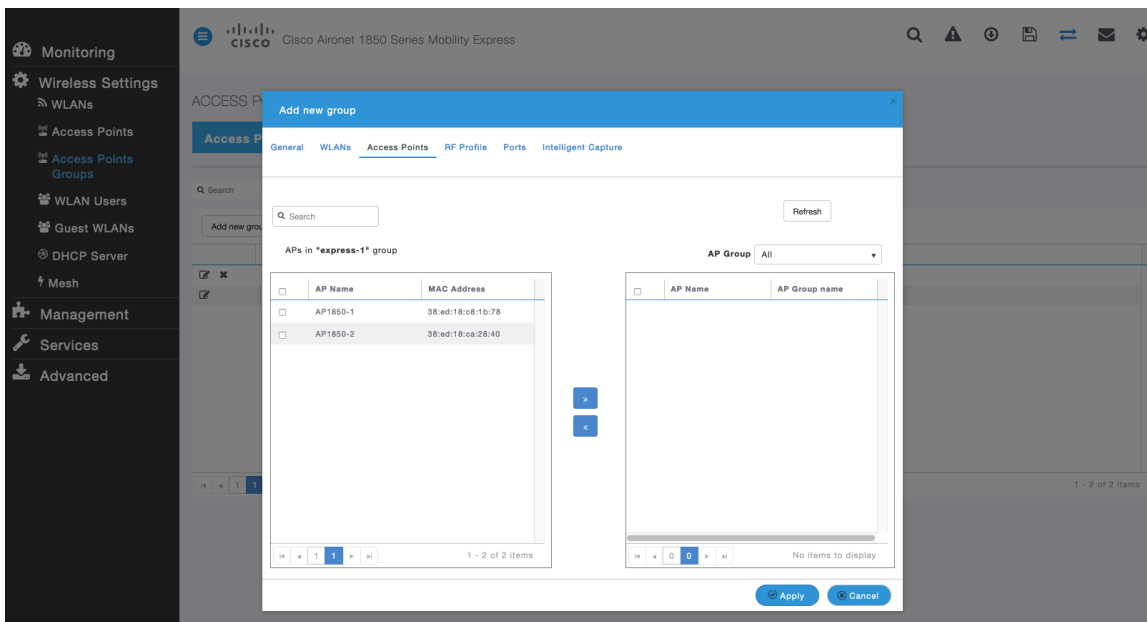
AP Groups can be created to specify which WLANs are to be enabled and which interface they should be mapped to as well as what RF Profile parameters should be used for the access points assigned to the AP Group.



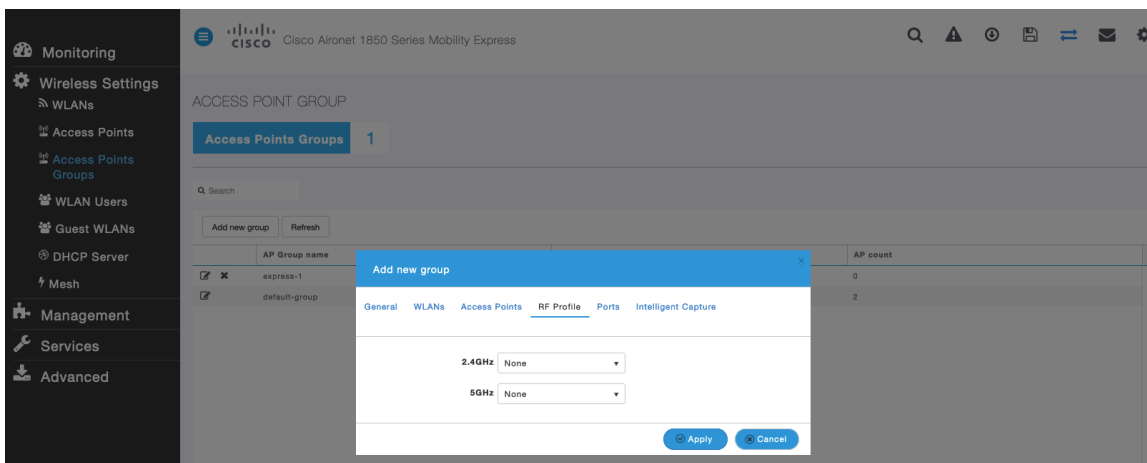
On the **WLANs** tab, select the desired WLANs and interfaces to map to then select **Add**.



On the **Access Points** tab, select the desired access points then select **Apply**. Those access points will then reboot.



On the **RF Profile** tab, select the desired **2.4GHz** or **5GHz** RF Profile, then select **Apply**.



RF Profiles

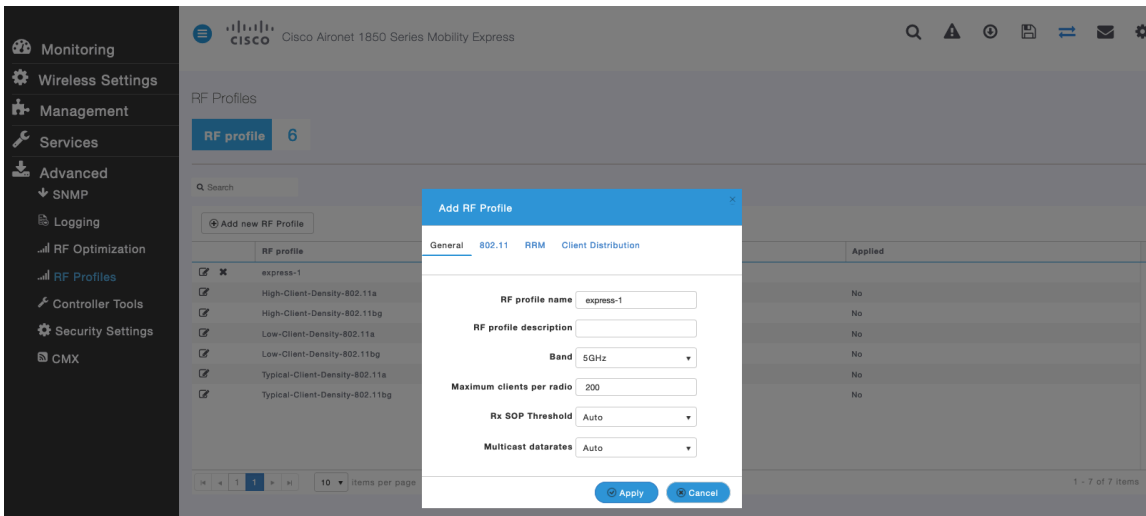
RF Profiles can be created to specify which frequency bands, data rates, RRM settings, etc. a group of access points should use. It is recommended to have the SSID used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to be applied to 5 GHz radios only. RF Profiles are applied to an AP group once created.

When creating an RF Profile, the **RF Profile Name** and **Radio Policy** must be defined.

Select **5GHZ** or **2.4GHZ** for the **Radio Policy**.

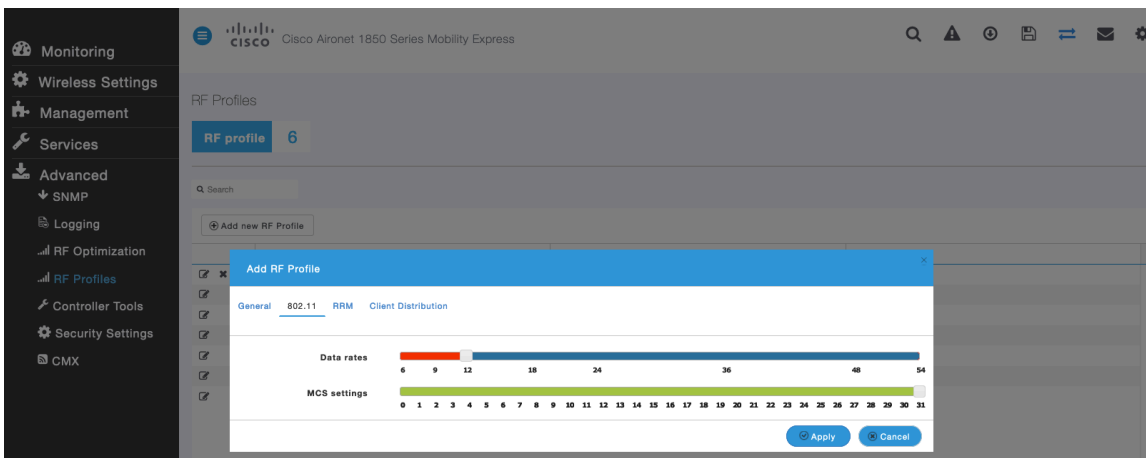
Maximum clients per radio, **Multicast data rates**, and **Rx Sop Threshold** can be configured as necessary.

It is recommended to use the default value (**Auto**) for **Rx Sop Threshold**.

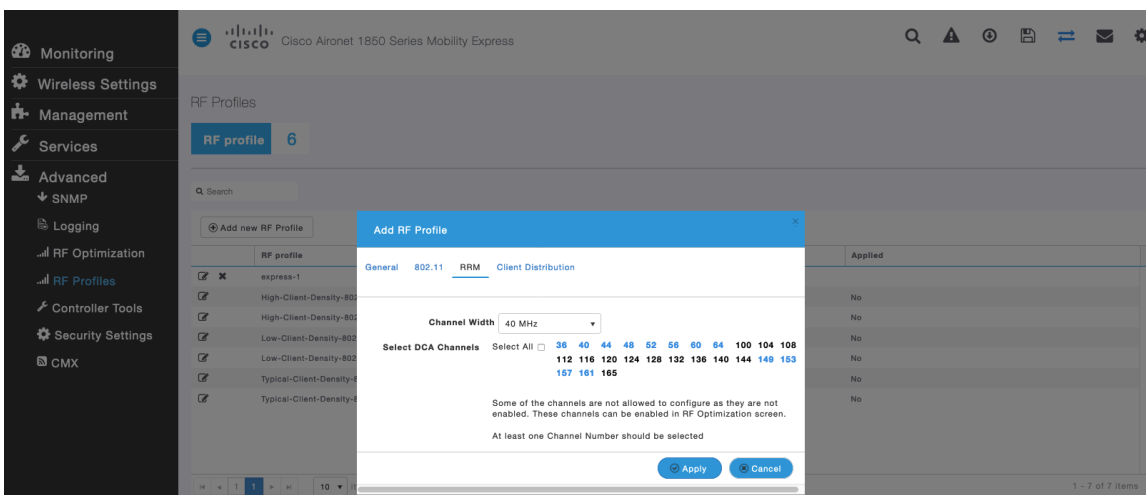


On the **802.11** tab, configure the data rates as necessary.

It is recommended to enable 12 Mbps as **Mandatory** and 18 Mbps and higher as **Supported**; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.



On the **RRM** tab, the **Channel Width** settings and **DCA Channels** can be configured.



Multicast Direct

In the **Media Stream** settings, enable **Global Multicast** and **Multicast Direct**.

Then configure the streams.

Media Stream Settings

Media Stream Disabled

Global Multicast

Multicast Direct

Session Announcement State

Session Announcement URL

Session Announcement Email

Session Announcement Phone

Session Announcement Note

Apply

Action	Stream Name	Start IP Address	End IP Address	Operation Status
X	10.0.0.40	239.1.1.40	239.1.1.40	Multicast-direct

After **Multicast Direct** is enabled in the **Media Stream** settings, then there will be an option to enable **Multicast Direct** in the **Advanced** tab of the WLAN configuration.

Add new WLAN/RLAN

Active

Enabled

General WLAN Security VLAN & Firewall Traffic Shaping Advanced 802.11u Hotspot2.0

Scheduling

Allow AAA Override

Maximum Allowed Clients Unlimited(Default)

Maximum Allowed Clients Per AP Radio 200

802.11k Disabled

802.11r Enabled

802.11v Disabled

CCKM

Client Band Select

Client Load Balancing

Umbrella Profile None

Umbrella Mode Ignore

Umbrella DHCP Override

mDNS

mDNS Profile None

Passive Client

Please enable Global Multicast in Services->Media Stream. Passive Client will not work when Global Multicast is disabled.

Multicast IP 239.1.1.1

Multicast Direct

Cisco Autonomous Access Points

When configuring Cisco Autonomous Access Points, use the following guidelines:

- Ensure **802.11r (FT)** or **CCKM** is **Enabled**
- Ensure **802.11k** is **Disabled**
- Ensure **802.11v** is **Disabled**
- Configure the **Data Rates** as necessary
- Enable **DTPC**
- Configure **Quality of Service (QoS)**
- Set the **WMM Policy** to **Required**
- Ensure **Aironet Extensions** is **Enabled**
- Disable **Public Secure Packet Forwarding (PSPF)**
- Set **IGMP Snooping** to **Enabled**

802.11 Network Settings

It is recommended to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band only due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

If wanting to use 5 GHz, ensure the 802.11a/n/ac network status is **Enabled**.

The screenshot shows the Cisco AP configuration interface for Hostname ap-1. The page includes a navigation menu with options like HOME, NETWORK, ASSOCIATION, WIRELESS, SECURITY, SERVICES, MANAGEMENT, SOFTWARE, and EVENT LOG. The main content area displays the Network Interfaces: Summary table.

Network Interfaces: Summary			
System Settings			
IP Address (Static)	10.9.0.9		
IP Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	10.9.0.2		
MAC Address	18e7.281b.3f54		
Interface Status	GigabitEthernet	Radio0-802.11N2.4GHz	Radio1-802.11AC5GHz
Software Status	Enabled	Disabled	Enabled
Hardware Status	Up	Down	Up
Interface Resets	5	0	8

Is recommended to enable 11r over air to enable fast secure roaming.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

If using 5 GHz, the number of channels can be limited (e.g. 12 channels only) to avoid any potential delay of access point discovery due to having to scan many channels.

For Cisco Autonomous Access Points, select Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) to use auto channel selection.

When DFS is enabled, enable at least one band (bands 1-4).

Can select band 1 only for the access point to use a UNII-1 channel (channel 36, 40, 44, or 48).

Individual access points can be configured to override the global setting to use dynamic channel and transmit power assignment for either 5 or 2.4 GHz depending on which frequency band is to be utilized.

Other access points can be enabled for automatic assignment method and account for the access points that are statically configured.

This may be necessary if there is an intermittent interferer present in an area.

The 5 GHz channel width can be configured for 20 MHz or 40 MHz if using Cisco 802.11n Access Points and 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz if using Cisco 802.11ac Access Points.

It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

Ensure **Client Power** is configured properly. Do not use default setting of **Max** power for client power on Cisco Autonomous Access Points as that will not advertise DTPC to the client.

Enable **Dot11d** for **World Mode** and configure the proper **Country Code**.

Ensure **Aironet Extensions** is enabled.

Set the **Beacon Period** to **100 ms** and **DTIM** to 2.

Save Configuration | Ping | Logout | Refresh

HOME NETWORK ASSOCIATION WIRELESS SECURITY SERVICES MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE EVENT LOG

NETWORK

▼ NETWORK MAP
Summary
Adjacent Nodes

▼ NETWORK INTERFACE
Summary
IP Address
GigabitEthernet0
Radio0-802.11N 2.4GHz
Radio1-802.11AC 5GHz

RADIO1-802.11AC^{5GHz} STATUS DETAILED STATUS SETTINGS CARRIER BUSY TEST

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 56 minutes

Network Interfaces: Radio1-802.11AC^{5GHz} Settings

Enable Radio: Enable Disable

Current Status (Software/Hardware): Enabled ↑ Up ↑

Role in Radio Network:

- Access Point
- Access Point (Fallback to Radio Shutdown)
- Access Point (Fallback to Repeater)
- Repeater
- Root Bridge
- Non-Root Bridge
- Root Bridge with Wireless Clients
- Non-Root Bridge with Wireless Clients
- Workgroup Bridge
- Universal Workgroup Bridge Client MAC: (HHHH.HHHH.HHHH)
- Scanner
- Spectrum [Spectrum Information](#)

Max-Client: enable disable (1-255)

11r Configuration: enable disable
 over-air over-ds Reassociation-time: (20-1200 ms)

Data Rates:

6.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
9.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
12.0Mb/sec	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Require	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
18.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
24.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
36.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
48.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
54.0Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a0.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a1.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a2.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a3.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a4.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a5.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a6.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a7.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a8.1-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a9.1-4Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a0.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a1.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a2.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a3.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a4.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a5.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a6.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a7.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a8.2-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a9.2-4Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
a0.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a1.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a2.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a3.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a4.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a5.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a6.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable
a7.3-2Mb/sec	<input type="radio"/> Require	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable	<input type="radio"/> Disable

a8.3-2Mb/sec Require Enable Disable
a9.3-2Mb/sec Require Enable Disable

MCS Rates:	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Enable	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Disable	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Transmitter Power (dBm): 15 12 9 6 3 Max [Power Translation Table \(mW/dBm\)](#)

Client Power (dBm): Local 15 12 9 6 3 Max

DefaultRadio Channel: Channel 36 5180 MHz

Dynamic Frequency Selection Bands:
Band 1 - 5.150 to 5.250 GHz
Band 2 - 5.250 to 5.350 GHz
Band 3 - 5.470 to 5.725 GHz
Band 4 - 5.725 to 5.825 GHz

Channel Width: 20 MHz

World Mode Multi-Domain Operation: Disable Legacy Dot11d

Country Code: Indoor Outdoor

Radio Preamble: Short Long

Antenna: a-antenna ab-antenna abc-antenna abcd-antenna

Internal Antenna Configuration: Enable Disable
Antenna Gain(dBi): (-128 - 128)

Gratuitous Probe Response(GPR): Enable Disable
Period(Kusec): (10-255)
Transmission Speed:

Traffic Stream Metrics: Enable Disable

Aironet Extensions: Enable Disable

Ethernet Encapsulation Transform: RFC1042 802.1H

Reliable Multicast to WGB: Disable Enable

Public Secure Packet Forwarding: [PSPF must be set per VLAN. See VLAN page](#)

Beacon Privacy Guest-Mode: Enable Disable

Beacon Period: (20-4000 Kusec) Data Beacon Rate (DTIM): (1-100)

Max. Data Retries: (1-128) RTS Max. Retries: (1-128)

Fragmentation Threshold: (256-2346) RTS Threshold: (0-2347)

Root Parent Timeout: (0-65535 sec)

Root Parent MAC 1 (optional): (HHHH.HHHH.HHHH)

Root Parent MAC 2 (optional): (HHHH.HHHH.HHHH)

Root Parent MAC 3 (optional): (HHHH.HHHH.HHHH)

Root Parent MAC 4 (optional): (HHHH.HHHH.HHHH)

If wanting to use 2.4 GHz, ensure the 802.11b/g/n network status and 802.11g is enabled.

Recommended to set 12 Mbps as the mandatory (basic) rate and 18 Mbps and higher as supported (optional) rates assuming that there will not be any 802.11b only clients that will connect to the wireless LAN; however some environments may require 6 Mbps to be enabled as a mandatory (basic) rate.

If 802.11b clients exist, then 11 Mbps should be set as the mandatory (basic) rate and 12 Mbps and higher as supported (optional).

WLAN Settings

It is recommended to have a separate SSID for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

However, if there is an existing SSID configured to support voice capable Cisco Wireless LAN endpoints already, then that WLAN can be utilized instead.

The SSID to be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured to only apply to a certain 802.11 radio type (e.g. 802.11a only).

Enable **WPA2** key management.

Ensure either **11r** or **CCKM** is enabled, where 11r is recommended.

The screenshot displays the Cisco configuration interface for Hostname ap-1. The top navigation bar includes links for Save Configuration, Ping, Logout, and Refresh. The main menu on the left lists various security and management options. The central panel is titled 'Security: Global SSID Manager' and shows the configuration for a specific SSID named 'voice'. The 'Current SSID List' shows 'voice' as the selected SSID. The 'SSID Properties' section includes fields for SSID, VLAN (set to 3), Backup 1, 2, and 3, Band-Select, Universal Admin Mode, and Interface (set to Radio1-802.11AC5GHz). The 'Client Authentication Settings' section shows 'Methods Accepted' with 'Open Authentication' and 'Network EAP' selected. 'Server Priorities' are set to 'Use Defaults' for both EAP and MAC Authentication Servers. The 'Client Authenticated Key Management' section shows 'Key Management' set to 'Mandatory', 'CCKM' disabled, 'Enable WPA' checked, and 'WPAv2 dot11r' selected.

WPA Pre-shared Key: ASCII Hexadecimal

11w Configuration:

11w Association-comeback: (1000-20000)

11w Saquery-retry: (100-500)

IDS Client MFP

Enable Client MFP on this SSID:

AP Authentication

Credentials: [Define Credentials](#)

Authentication Methods Profile: [Define Authentication Methods Profiles](#)

Accounting Settings

Enable Accounting

Accounting Server Priorities:

Use Defaults [Define Defaults](#)

Customize

Priority 1:

Priority 2:

Priority 3:

Rate Limit Parameters

Limit TCP:

Input: Rate: Burst-Size: (0-500000)

Output: Rate: Burst-Size: (0-500000)

Limit UDP:

Input: Rate: Burst-Size: (0-500000)

Output: Rate: Burst-Size: (0-500000)

General Settings

Advertise Extended Capabilities of this SSID

- Advertise Wireless Provisioning Services (WPS) Support
- Advertise this SSID as a Secondary Broadcast SSID

Enable IP Redirection on this SSID

IP Address:

IP Filter (optional): [Define Filter](#)

Association Limit (optional): (1-255)

EAP Client (optional):

Username: Password:

Multiple BSSID Beacon Settings

Multiple BSSID Beacon

Set SSID as Guest Mode

Set DataBeacon Rate (DTIM): (1-100)

Guest Mode/Infrastructure SSID Settings

Radio0-802.11N^{2.4GHz}:

Set Beacon Mode: Single BSSID Multiple BSSID

Set Single Guest Mode SSID:

Set Infrastructure SSID: Force Infrastructure Devices to associate only to this SSID

Radio1-802.11AC^{5GHz}:

Set Beacon Mode: Single BSSID Multiple BSSID

Set Single Guest Mode SSID:

Set Infrastructure SSID: Force Infrastructure Devices to associate only to this SSID

Segment wireless voice and data into separate VLANs.

Ensure that Public Secure Packet Forwarding (PSPF) is not enabled for the voice VLAN as this will prevent clients from communicating directly when associated to the same access point. If PSPF is enabled, then the result will be no way audio.

Save Configuration | Ping | Logout | Refresh

CISCO HOME NETWORK ASSOCIATION WIRELESS SECURITY **SERVICES** MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE EVENT LOG

Services

- Telnet/SSH
- Hot standby
- CDP
- DNS
- Filters
- HTTP
- QOS
- Stream
- SNMP
- SNTP
- VLAN
- ARP Caching
- Band Select
- Auto Config

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 48 minutes

Services: VLAN

Global VLAN Properties

Current Native VLAN: VLAN 10

Assigned VLANs

Current VLAN List

< NEW >

VLAN 2

VLAN 3

VLAN 10

Create VLAN [Define SSIDs](#)

VLAN ID: (1-4094)

VLAN Name (optional):

Native VLAN

Enable Public Secure Packet Forwarding

Radio0-802.11N^{2.4GHz}

Radio1-802.11AC^{5GHz}

Management VLAN (if non-native)

VLAN Information

View Information for: VLAN 2

	GigabitEthernet Packets	Radio0-802.11N ^{2.4GHz} Packets	Radio1-802.11AC ^{5GHz} Packets
Received	65884		65884
Transmitted	5462		5462

Ensure AES is selected for encryption type.

Save Configuration | Ping | Logout | Refresh

HOME NETWORK ASSOCIATION WIRELESS SECURITY SERVICES MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE EVENT LOG

Security

Admin Access
Encryption Manager
SSID Manager
Dot11u Manager
Server Manager
AP Authentication
Intrusion Detection
Local RADIUS Server
Advance Security

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 32 minutes

Security: Encryption Manager

Set Encryption Mode and Keys for VLAN: 3 [Define VLANs](#)

Encryption Modes

None

WEP Encryption Optional

Cisco Compliant TKIP Features: Enable Message Integrity Check (MIC)
 Enable Per Packet Keying (PPK)

Cipher AES CCMP

Encryption Keys

	Transmit Key	Encryption Key (Hexadecimal)	Key Size
Encryption Key 1:	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text"/>	128 bit
Encryption Key 2:	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="text"/>	128 bit
Encryption Key 3:	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text"/>	128 bit
Encryption Key 4:	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="text"/>	128 bit

Global Properties

Broadcast Key Rotation Interval: Disable Rotation
 Enable Rotation with Interval: DISABLED (10-10000000 sec)

WPA Group Key Update: Enable Group Key Update On Membership Termination
 Enable Group Key Update On Member's Capability Change

Apply Cancel

Configure the RADIUS servers to be used for authentication and accounting.

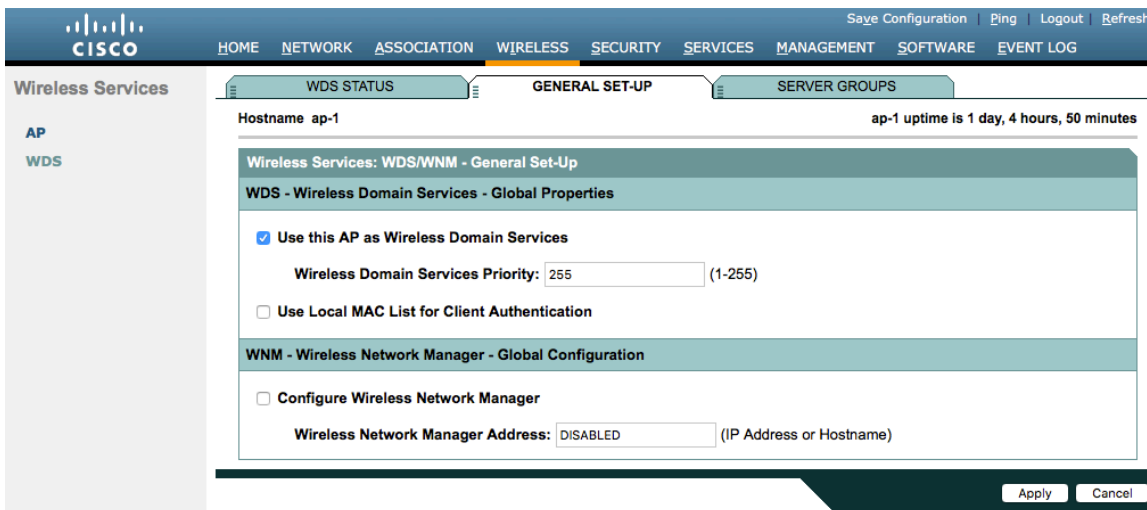
The screenshot displays the Cisco Security Manager configuration page for a Backup RADIUS Server. The interface includes a navigation menu on the left with options like Admin Access, Encryption Manager, and SSID Manager. The main content area is titled 'SERVER MANAGER' and 'GLOBAL PROPERTIES'. It shows the hostname 'ap-1' and its uptime. The configuration is divided into several sections: 'Backup RADIUS Server' with fields for IP Version (IPv4 selected), Backup RADIUS Server Name, Backup RADIUS Server (Hostname or IP Address), and Shared Secret; 'Corporate Servers' with a 'Current Server List' dropdown (RADIUS selected) and a table for server details including IP Version, Server Name, Server (Hostname or IP Address), Shared Secret, Authentication Port (optional), and Accounting Port (optional); and 'Default Server Priorities' for EAP Authentication, MAC Authentication, Accounting, Admin Authentication (RADIUS), and Admin Authentication (TACACS+).

Wireless Domain Services (WDS)

Wireless Domain Services should be utilized in the Cisco Autonomous Access Point environment, which is also required for fast secure roaming.

Select one access point to be the primary WDS server and another to be the backup WDS server.

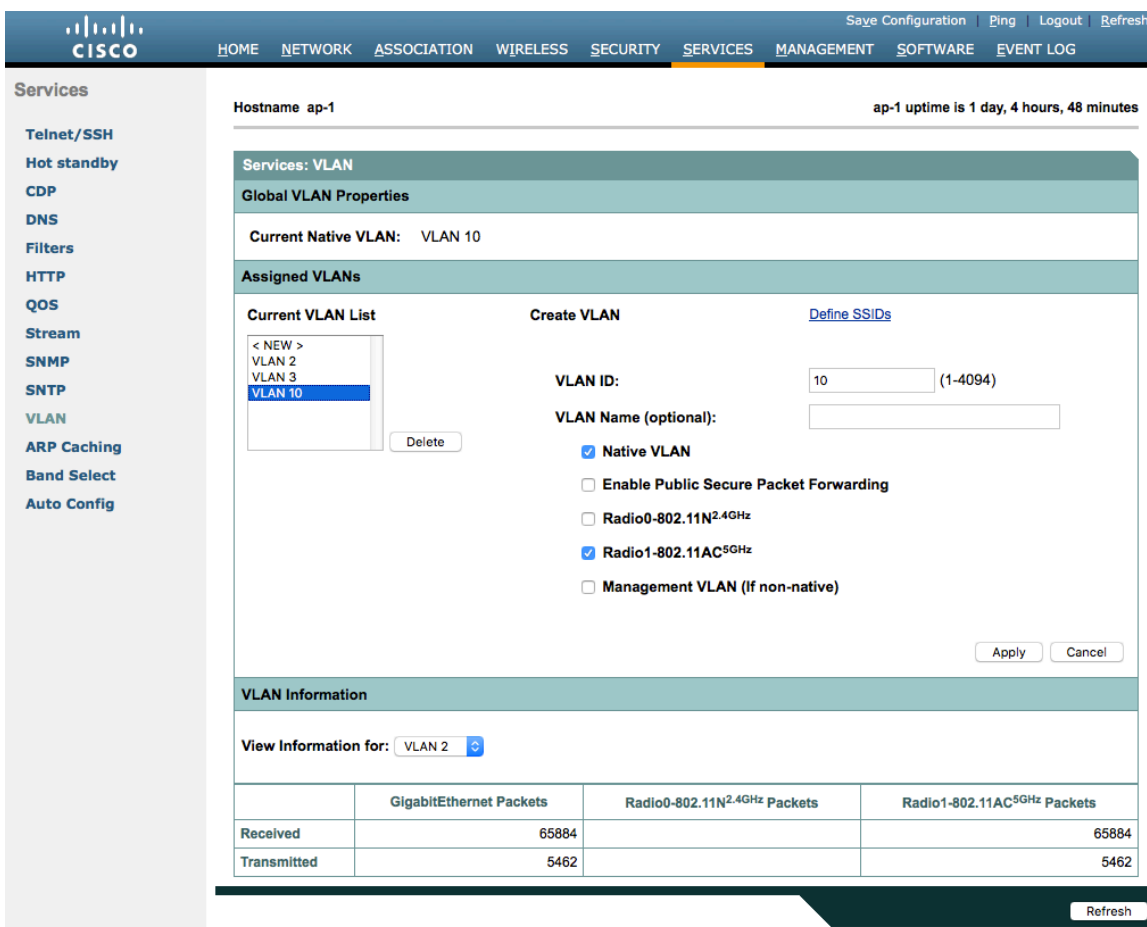
Configure the primary WDS server with the highest priority (e.g. 255) and the backup WDS server with a lower priority (e.g. 254).



The Cisco Autonomous Access Points utilize Inter-Access Point Protocol (IAPP), which is a multicast protocol, therefore should use a dedicated native VLAN for Cisco Autonomous Access Points.

For the native VLAN, it is recommended to not use VLAN 1 to ensure that IAPP packets are exchanged successfully.

Port security should be disabled on switch ports that Cisco Autonomous Access Points are directly connected to.

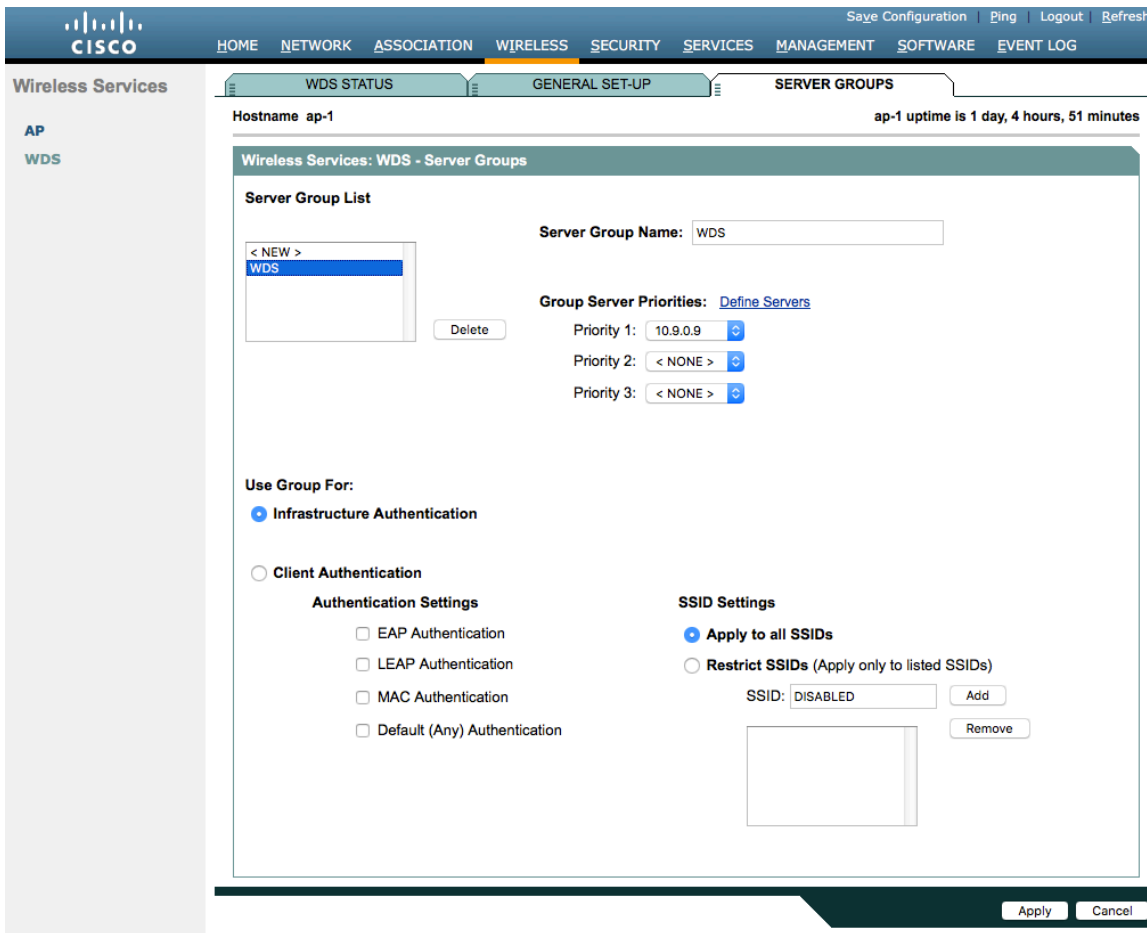


Server groups for Wireless Domain Services must be defined.

First, define the server group to be used for infrastructure authentication.

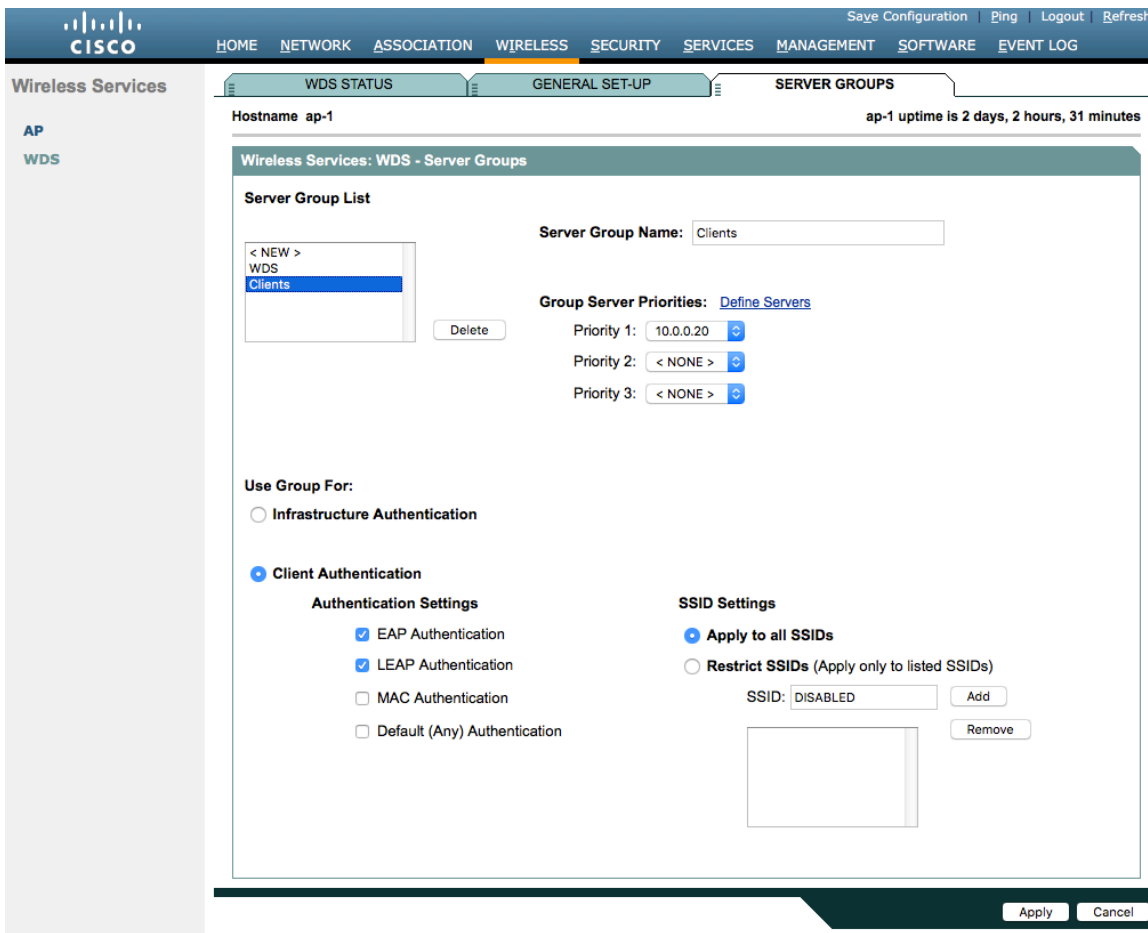
Is recommended to use local RADIUS for infrastructure authentication.

If not using local RADIUS for infrastructure authentication, then need to ensure that all access points with Wireless Domain Services enabled are configured in the RADIUS server.



Then, define the server group to be used for client authentication.

Will need to ensure that all access points with Wireless Domain Services enabled are configured in the RADIUS server.



To utilize local RADIUS for infrastructure authentication, enable all authentication protocols.

Create a **Network Access Server** entry for the local access point.

Define the user account in which access points will be configured for to authenticate to the Wireless Domain Services enabled access point.

Configure local RADIUS on each access point participating in Wireless Domain Services.

The screenshot displays the Cisco configuration page for EAP-FAST Set-Up. The top navigation bar includes options like HOME, NETWORK, ASSOCIATION, WIRELESS, SECURITY, SERVICES, MANAGEMENT, SOFTWARE, and EVENT LOG. The left sidebar shows the Security menu with sub-items like Admin Access, Encryption Manager, SSID Manager, Dot11u Manager, Server Manager, AP Authentication, Intrusion Detection, Local RADIUS Server, and Advance Security. The main content area is divided into four sections:

- Local Radius Server Authentication Settings:** Shows 'Enable Authentication Protocols' with checkboxes for EAP FAST, LEAP, and MAC, all of which are checked. There are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons.
- Network Access Servers (AAA Clients):** Under 'Current Network Access Servers', there is a list with '< NEW >' and '10.9.0.9'. To the right, 'Network Access Server' is set to '10.9.0.9 (IP Address)' and 'Shared Secret' is masked with dots. There are 'Delete', 'Apply', and 'Cancel' buttons.
- Individual Users:** Under 'Current Users', there is a list with '< NEW >' and 'wds'. To the right, 'Username' is 'wds', 'Password' is masked, and 'Confirm Password' is empty. 'Text' and 'NT Hash' radio buttons are present, with 'NT Hash' selected. 'Group Name' is '< NONE >'. There is also a 'MAC Authentication Only' checkbox. There are 'Delete', 'Apply', and 'Cancel' buttons.
- User Groups:** Under 'Current User Groups', there is a list with '< NEW >'. To the right, 'Group Name' is empty, 'Session Timeout (optional)' is empty, 'Failed Authentications before Lockout (optional)' is empty, 'Lockout (optional)' has 'Infinite' and 'Interval' radio buttons, with 'Interval' selected. 'VLAN ID (optional)' and 'SSID (optional)' are empty. There are 'Delete', 'Add', and 'Delete' buttons. There are 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

Once the desired access points have been configured successfully to enable Wireless Domain Services, then all access points including those serving as WDS servers need to be configured to be able to authenticate to the WDS servers.

Enable Participate in SWAN Infrastructure.

If using a single WDS server, then can specify the IP address of the WDS server; otherwise enable **Auto Discovery**.

Enter the **Username** and **Password** to be used to authenticate to the WDS server.

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 50 minutes

Wireless Services: AP

Participate in SWAN Infrastructure: Enable Disable

WDS Discovery: Auto Discovery Specified Discovery: (IP Address)

Username:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Authentication Methods Profile: [Define Authentication Methods Profiles](#)

Once the access point has been configured to authenticate to the WDS server, can check WDS Status to see the WDS server state as well as how many access points are registered to the WDS server.

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 5 hours, 1 minute

Wireless Services: WDS - Wireless Domain Services - Status

WDS Information

MAC Address	IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address	Priority	State
18e7.281b.3f54	10.9.0.9	::	255	Administratively StandAlone - ACTIVE

WDS Registration

APs: 1 Mobile Nodes: 0

AP Information

Hostname	MAC Address	IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address	CDP Neighbor	State
ap-1	18e7.281b.3f54	10.9.0.9	::	Switch-2.gil	REGISTERED

Mobile Node Information

MAC Address	IP Address	State	SSID	VLAN ID	BSSID

Wireless Network Manager Information

IP Address	Authentication Status

Call Admission Control (CAC)

Load-based CAC and support for multiple streams are not present on the Cisco Autonomous Access Points therefore it is not recommended to enable CAC on Cisco Autonomous Access points.

The Cisco Autonomous Access Point only allows for 1 stream and the stream size is not customizable, therefore SRTP, Barge, Silent Monitoring, and Call Recording will not work if CAC is enabled.

If enabling Admission Control for Voice or for Video on the Cisco Autonomous Access Point, the admission must be unblocked on the SSID as well. In recent releases, the admission is unblocked by default.

```
dot11 ssid voice
vlan 3
authentication open eap eap_methods
authentication network-eap eap_methods
authentication key-management wpa version 2 dot11r
admit-traffic
```

The screenshot displays the Cisco configuration interface for QoS Policies - Access Category. The interface includes a navigation menu on the left with options like Telnet/SSH, Hot standby, CDP, DNS, Filters, HTTP, QOS, Stream, SNMP, SNTP, VLAN, ARP Caching, Band Select, and Auto Config. The main content area shows the configuration for Hostname ap-1, with a status bar indicating 'ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 47 minutes'. The 'Access Category Definition' table is as follows:

Access Category		Background (CoS 1-2)	Best Effort (CoS 0,3)	Video (CoS 4-5)	Voice (CoS 6-7)
Min Contention Window (2x-1; x can be 0-10)	AP	4	4	3	2
	Client	4	4	3	2
Max Contention Window (2x-1; x can be 0-10)	AP	10	6	4	3
	Client	10	10	4	3
Fixed Slot Time (0-20)	AP	7	3	1	1
	Client	7	3	2	2
Transmit Opportunity (0-65535 μS)	AP	0	0	3008	1504
	Client	0	0	3008	1504

Below the table, there are buttons for 'Optimized Voice' and 'WFA Default', and 'Apply' and 'Cancel' buttons. The 'Admission Control for Video and Voice' section is also visible, with 'Admission Control' checked for Voice (CoS 6-7) and 'Max Channel Capacity (%)' set to 75 and 'Roam Channel Capacity (%)' set to 6.

QoS Policies

Configure the following QoS policy on the Cisco Autonomous Access Point to enable DSCP to CoS (WMM UP) mapping. This allows packets to be placed into the proper queue as long as those packets are marked correctly when received at the access point level.

Save Configuration | Ping | Logout | Refresh

HOME NETWORK ASSOCIATION WIRELESS SECURITY SERVICES MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE EVENT LOG

Services

Telnet/SSH
Hot standby
CDP
DNS
Filters
HTTP
QoS
Stream
SNMP
SNTP
VLAN
ARP Caching
Band Select
Auto Config

QoS POLICIES

RADIO0-802.11N2.4GHZ ACCESS CATEGORIES

RADIO1-802.11AC5GHZ ACCESS CATEGORIES

ADVANCED

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 44 minutes

Services: QoS Policies

Create/Edit Policies

Create/Edit Policy: Voice

Policy Name: Voice

Classifications:

DSCP - COS Controlled Load (4)
DSCP - COS Video < 100ms Latency (5)
DSCP - COS Voice < 10ms Latency (6)

Delete Classification

Match Classifications:

IP Precedence: Routine (0)

IP DSCP: Best Effort (0-63)

IP Protocol 119

Filter: No Filters defined. [Define Filters.](#)

Default Classification for Packets on the VLAN: Best Effort (0)

Rate Limiting:

Bits per Sec.: (8000-2000000000) Burst Rate (Bytes): (1000-512000000)

Conform Action: Transmit Exceed Action: Drop

Apply Delete Cancel

Apply Policies to Interface/ VLANs

VLAN 2	Radio0-802.11N2.4GHz	Radio1-802.11AC5GHz	GigabitEthernet0
Incoming		Data	Data
Outgoing		Data	Data
VLAN 3	Radio0-802.11N2.4GHz	Radio1-802.11AC5GHz	GigabitEthernet0
Incoming		Voice	Voice
Outgoing		< NONE >	< NONE >
VLAN 10	Radio0-802.11N2.4GHz	Radio1-802.11AC5GHz	GigabitEthernet0
Incoming		< NONE >	< NONE >
Outgoing		< NONE >	< NONE >

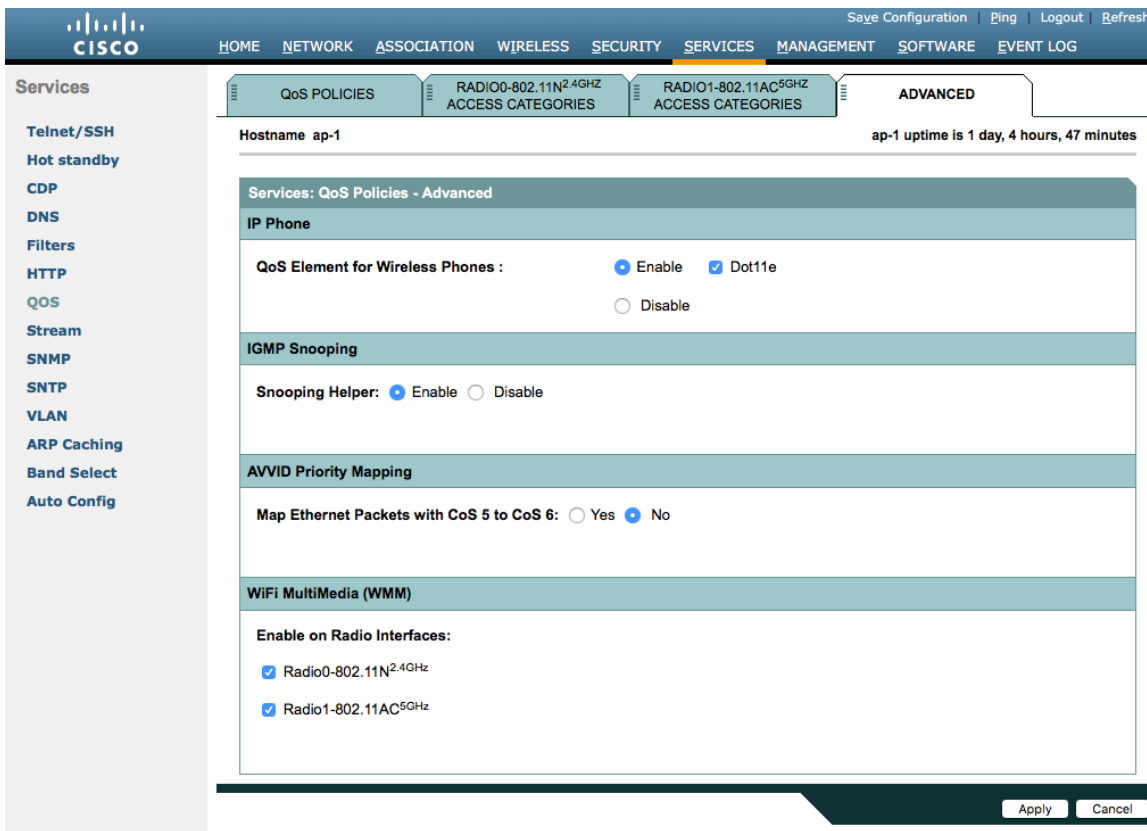
Apply Cancel

To enable QBSS, select **Enable** and check **Dot11e**.

If **Dot11e** is checked, then both CCA versions (802.11e and Cisco version 2) will be enabled.

Ensure **IGMP Snooping** is enabled.

Ensure **Wi-Fi MultiMedia (WMM)** is enabled.



If enabling the **Stream** feature either directly or via selecting **Optimized Voice** for the radio access category in the QoS configuration section, then use the defaults, where 5.5, 6, 11, 12 and 24 Mbps are enabled as nominal rates for 802.11b/g, 6, 12, and 24 Mbps enabled for 802.11a and 6.5, 13, and 26 Mbps enabled for 802.11n.

If the **Stream** feature is enabled, ensure that only voice packets are being put into the voice queue. Signaling packets should be put into a separate queue. This can be ensured by setting up a QoS policy mapping the DSCP to the correct queue.

Save Configuration | Ping | Logout | Refresh

HOME NETWORK ASSOCIATION WIRELESS SECURITY SERVICES MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE EVENT LOG

Services

Telnet/SSH
Hot standby
CDP
DNS
Filters
HTTP
QOS
Stream
SNMP
SNTP
VLAN
ARP Caching
Band Select
Auto Config

RADIO0-802.11N2.4GHZ RADIO1-802.11AC5GHZ

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 48 minutes

Services: Stream

Packet Handling per User Priority:

User Priority	Packet Handling	Max Retries for Packet Discard
CoS 0 (Best Effort)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 1 (Background)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 2 (Spare)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 3 (Excellent)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 4 (Controlled Load)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 5 (Video)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 6 (Voice)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)
CoS 7 (Network Control)	Reliable	NO DISCARD (0-128)

Low Latency Packet Rates:

6.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

9.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

12.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

18.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

24.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

36.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

48.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

54.0Mb/sec : Nominal Non-Nominal Disable

Apply Cancel

Power Management

Proxy ARP will help answer any ARP requests on behalf of the phone.

To enable Proxy ARP, set **Client ARP Caching** to **Enable**.

Also ensure that **Forward ARP Requests to Radio Interfaces When Not All Client IP Addresses Are Known** is checked.

Save Configuration | Ping | Logout | Refresh

HOME NETWORK ASSOCIATION WIRELESS SECURITY SERVICES MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE EVENT LOG

Services

Telnet/SSH
Hot standby
CDP
DNS
Filters
HTTP
QOS
Stream
SNMP

Hostname ap-1 ap-1 uptime is 1 day, 4 hours, 50 minutes

Services: ARP Caching

Client ARP Caching: Enable Disable

Forward ARP Requests To Radio Interfaces When Not All Client IP Addresses Are Known

Apply Cancel

Sample Configuration

```
version 15.3
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname ap-1
!
logging rate-limit console 9
!
aaa new-model
!
aaa group server radius rad_eap
server name 10.0.0.20
!
aaa group server radius rad_mac
!
aaa group server radius rad_acct
server name 10.0.0.20
!
aaa group server radius rad_admin
!
aaa group server tacacs+ tac_admin
!
aaa group server radius rad_pmip
!
aaa group server radius dummy
!
aaa group server radius WDS
server name 10.9.0.9
!
aaa group server radius Clients
server name 10.0.0.20
!
aaa authentication login default local
aaa authentication login eap_methods group rad_eap
aaa authentication login mac_methods local
aaa authentication login method_WDS group WDS
aaa authentication login method_Clients group Clients
aaa authorization exec default local
aaa accounting network acct_methods start-stop group rad_acct
!
aaa session-id common
clock timezone -0500 -5 0
clock summer-time -0400 recurring
no ip source-route
no ip cef
ip domain name cisco.com
ip name-server 10.0.0.30
ip name-server 10.0.0.31
!
dot11 pause-time 100
dot11 syslog
!
dot11 ssid data
```

```

vlan 2
authentication open eap eap_methods
authentication network-eap eap_methods
authentication key-management wpa version 2
!
dot11 ssid voice
vlan 3
authentication open eap eap_methods
authentication network-eap eap_methods
authentication key-management wpa version 2 dot11r
!
dot11 arp-cache optional
dot11 phone dot11e
!
no ipv6 cef
!
crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-672874324
enrollment selfsigned
subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-672874324
revocation-check none
rsa-keypair TP-self-signed-672874324
!
crypto pki certificate chain TP-self-signed-672874324
certificate self-signed 01
30820229 30820192 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050030
30312E30 2C060355 04031325 494F532D 53656C66 2D536967 6E65642D 43657274
69666963 6174652D 36373238 37343332 34301E17 0D313630 38303332 33303533
385A170D 32303031 30313030 30303030 5A303031 2E302C06 03550403 1325494F
532D5365 6C662D53 69676E65 642D4365 72746966 69636174 652D3637 32383734
33323430 819F300D 06092A86 4886F70D 01010105 0003818D 00308189 02818100
CB155DD1 3421B13F CD121F42 7A62D9F5 38EBC966 4420F38A 38DFAFF2 D43CD3B9
5F5A1B75 7910F9F5 6E9EDEF4 730942C7 17DC4CBC E5AE3E49 0AF79419 0BEF34BC
5DCEB4E2 FF2978CB C34D5AEE ED1DFB58 C7BF6592 61C1AD25 3EF87205 15EA58C2
0A5E2B15 7F08FAEA 5DA2BFA7 95E56C60 22C229C7 024A91D7 A4FEB50B 5425357F
02030100 01A35330 51300F06 03551D13 0101FF04 05300301 01FF301F 0603551D
23041830 168014FC 2FE6CF0E E0380A40 11381459 5D596E3E A684DA30 1D060355
1D0E0416 0414FC2F E6CF0EE0 380A4011 3814595D 596E3EA6 84DA300D 06092A86
4886F70D 01010505 00038181 0053F55B 5EBB1FE2 C849BC45 47D0E710 0200404E
A8B174BC A46EB56A 857166C3 B9FD71DF 7264F5AF DC804A67 16BD35A2 4F39AFD7
0BD24F71 BAF916AC E984343C A54B7395 E5D15237 8897D436 A150BFB2 DC23E8D3
AFF0A51C B6253153 C4E2C022 66F1E361 B2EE49E2 763FCBC7 6381E7F7 61B6E14D
60CDF947 2C044617 37211E5F CE
quit
username <REMOVED> privilege 15 password 7 <REMOVED>
!
class-map match-all _class_Voice0
match ip dscp cs3
class-map match-all _class_Voice1
match ip dscp af41
class-map match-all _class_Voice2
match ip dscp cs4
class-map match-all _class_Voice3
match ip dscp ef
!
policy-map Voice
class _class_Voice0
set cos 4

```



```

class _class_Voice1
  set cos 5
class _class_Voice2
  set cos 5
class _class_Voice3
  set cos 6
policy-map Data
class class-default
  set cos 0
!
bridge irb
!
interface Dot11Radio0
  no ip address
  shutdown
  antenna gain 0
  traffic-metrics aggregate-report
  stbc
  mbssid
  speed basic-12.0 18.0 24.0 36.0 48.0 54.0 m1. m2. m3. m4. m5. m6. m7. m8. m9. m10. m11. m12. m13. m14. m15.
  m16. m17. m18. m19. m20. m21. m22. m23.
  power client local
  channel 2412
  station-role root
  bridge-group 1
  bridge-group 1 subscriber-loop-control
  bridge-group 1 spanning-disabled
  bridge-group 1 block-unknown-source
  no bridge-group 1 source-learning
  no bridge-group 1 unicast-flooding
!
interface Dot11Radio1
  no ip address
  !
  encryption vlan 2 mode ciphers aes-ccm
  !
  encryption vlan 3 mode ciphers aes-ccm
  !
  ssid data
  !
  ssid voice
  !
  antenna gain 0
  peakdetect
  dfs band 3 block
  stbc
  mbssid
  speed basic-12.0 18.0 24.0 36.0 48.0 54.0 m0. m1. m2. m3. m4. m5. m6. m7. m8. m9. m10. m11. m12. m13. m14.
  m15. m16. m17. m18. m19. m20. m21. m22. m23. a1ss9 a2ss8 a3ss9
  power client local
  channel width 40-below
  channel 5180
  station-role root
  dot11 dot11r pre-authentication over-air
  dot11 dot11r reassociation-time value 1000
  dot11 qos class voice local
  admission-control

```

```

    admit-traffic narrowband max-channel 75 roam-channel 6
!
dot11 qos class voice cell
    admission-control
!
world-mode dot11d country-code US both
!
interface Dot11Radio1.2
encapsulation dot1Q 2
bridge-group 2
bridge-group 2 subscriber-loop-control
bridge-group 2 spanning-disabled
bridge-group 2 block-unknown-source
no bridge-group 2 source-learning
no bridge-group 2 unicast-flooding
service-policy input Data
service-policy output Data
!
interface Dot11Radio1.3
encapsulation dot1Q 3
bridge-group 3
bridge-group 3 subscriber-loop-control
bridge-group 3 spanning-disabled
bridge-group 3 block-unknown-source
no bridge-group 3 source-learning
no bridge-group 3 unicast-flooding
service-policy input Voice
!
interface Dot11Radio1.10
encapsulation dot1Q 10 native
bridge-group 1
bridge-group 1 subscriber-loop-control
bridge-group 1 spanning-disabled
bridge-group 1 block-unknown-source
no bridge-group 1 source-learning
no bridge-group 1 unicast-flooding
!
interface GigabitEthernet0
no ip address
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0.2
encapsulation dot1Q 2
bridge-group 2
bridge-group 2 spanning-disabled
no bridge-group 2 source-learning
service-policy input Data
service-policy output Data
!
interface GigabitEthernet0.3
encapsulation dot1Q 3
bridge-group 3
bridge-group 3 spanning-disabled
no bridge-group 3 source-learning
service-policy input Voice
!

```

```

interface GigabitEthernet0.10
 encapsulation dot1Q 10 native
 bridge-group 1
 bridge-group 1 spanning-disabled
 no bridge-group 1 source-learning
!
interface BV11
 mac-address 18e7.281b.3f54
 ip address 10.9.0.9 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address dhcp
 ipv6 address autoconfig
 ipv6 enable
!
 ip default-gateway 10.9.0.2
 ip forward-protocol nd
 no ip http server
 ip http authentication aaa
 ip http secure-server
 ip http help-path http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/779/smbiz/prodconfig/help/eag
 ip radius source-interface BV11
!
 radius-server local
  nas 10.9.0.9 key 7 <REMOVED>
  user wds nhash 7 <REMOVED>
!
 radius-server attribute 32 include-in-access-req format %h
!
 radius server 10.0.0.20
  address ipv4 10.0.0.20 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
  key 7 <REMOVED>
!
 radius server 10.9.0.9
  address ipv4 10.9.0.9 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
  key 7 <REMOVED>
!
 access-list 111 permit tcp any any neq telnet
 bridge 1 route ip
!
 wlccp ap username wds password 7 <REMOVED>
 wlccp ap wds ip address 10.9.0.9
 wlccp authentication-server infrastructure method_WDS
 wlccp authentication-server client eap method_Clients
 wlccp authentication-server client leap method_Clients
 wlccp wds priority 255 interface BV11
!
 line con 0
  access-class 111 in
 line vty 0 4
  access-class 111 in
  transport input all
!
 sntp server 10.0.0.2
 sntp broadcast client
end

```

Cisco Meraki Access Points

When configuring Cisco Meraki access points, use the following guidelines:

- Enable **802.11r** for **WPA2-Enterprise** or **Pre-shared key**
- Set **Splash page** to **None**
- Enable **Bridge mode**
- Enable **VLAN tagging**
- Set **Band selection** to **5 GHz band only**
- Configure the **Data Rates** as necessary
- Configure **Quality of Service (QoS)**

Creating the Wireless Network

A wireless network must be created prior to adding any Cisco Meraki access points to provide WLAN service.

Select **Create a new network** from the drop-down menu.

Select **Wireless** for Network type then click **Create**.

Search Dashboard

Create network

Setup network

Networks provide a way to logically group, configure, and monitor devices. This is a useful way to separate physically distinct sites within an Organization. ⓘ

Network name

Network type ⓘ


Network configuration

Default Meraki configuration

Bind to template No templates to bind to ⓘ

Clone from existing network

Select devices from inventory



You have no unused devices

Add new devices or go to the inventory page to select devices that are already in networks

[Add devices](#) [Go to inventory](#)

[Create network](#)

Cisco Meraki access points can be claimed either by specifying the serial number or order number.

Once claimed, those Cisco Meraki access points will then be listed in the available inventory.

Cisco Meraki access points can be claimed either by selecting **Add Devices** on the **Create network** or **Organization > Configure > Inventory** pages.

Access points can also be claimed by selecting **Add APs** on the **Wireless > Monitor > Access points** page, then selecting **Claim**.

Claim by serial and/or order number

Enter one or more serial/order numbers (one per row). [Where can I find these numbers?](#)

Close

Claim

Once claimed, Cisco Meraki access points can be added to the desired wireless network via the **Organization > Configure > Inventory** page.

Model ^	Claimed on
9K7	MR53 4/29/2020 2:59 PM

Claimed access points can also be added to a wireless network by selecting **Add APs** on the **Wireless > Monitor > Access points** page.

MAC address	Serial number	Model ^	Claimed on
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 88:15:44:60:18:8c	Q2MD-MWQS-J9K7	MR53	4/29/2020 2:59 PM

SSID Configuration

To create a SSID, select the desired network from the drop-down menu then select **Wireless > Configure > SSIDs**.

It is recommended to have a separate SSID for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832; data clients and other type of clients should utilize a different SSID and VLAN.

However, if there is an existing SSID configured to support voice capable Cisco Wireless LAN endpoints already, then that WLAN can be utilized.

To set the SSID name, select **Rename**.

To enable the SSID, select **Enabled** from the drop-down menu.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Meraki configuration dashboard. On the left is a navigation sidebar with the Meraki logo and menu items: NETWORK, Meraki WLAN (selected), Network-wide, Wireless (highlighted), and Organization. The main content area is titled 'Configuration overview' and shows 'SSIDs' with 'Showing 4 of 15 SSIDs. [Show all my SSIDs.](#)'

meraki-voice	
Enabled	enabled
Name	rename
Access control	edit settings
Encryption	802.1X with Meraki RADIUS
Sign-on method	None
Bandwidth limit	unlimited
Client IP assignment	Local LAN
Clients blocked from using LAN	no
Wired clients are part of Wi-Fi network	no
VLAN tag	3
VPN	Disabled
Splash page	
Splash page enabled	no
Splash theme	n/a

On the **Wireless > Configure > Access control** page, select **WPA2-Enterprise** to enable 802.1x authentication.

The Cisco Meraki authentication server or an external RADIUS server can be utilized when selecting **WPA2-Enterprise**.

The Cisco Meraki authentication server supports PEAP authentication and requires a valid email address.

Other authentication types (e.g. Pre-Shared Key) are available as well.

Ensure **802.11r** is enabled.

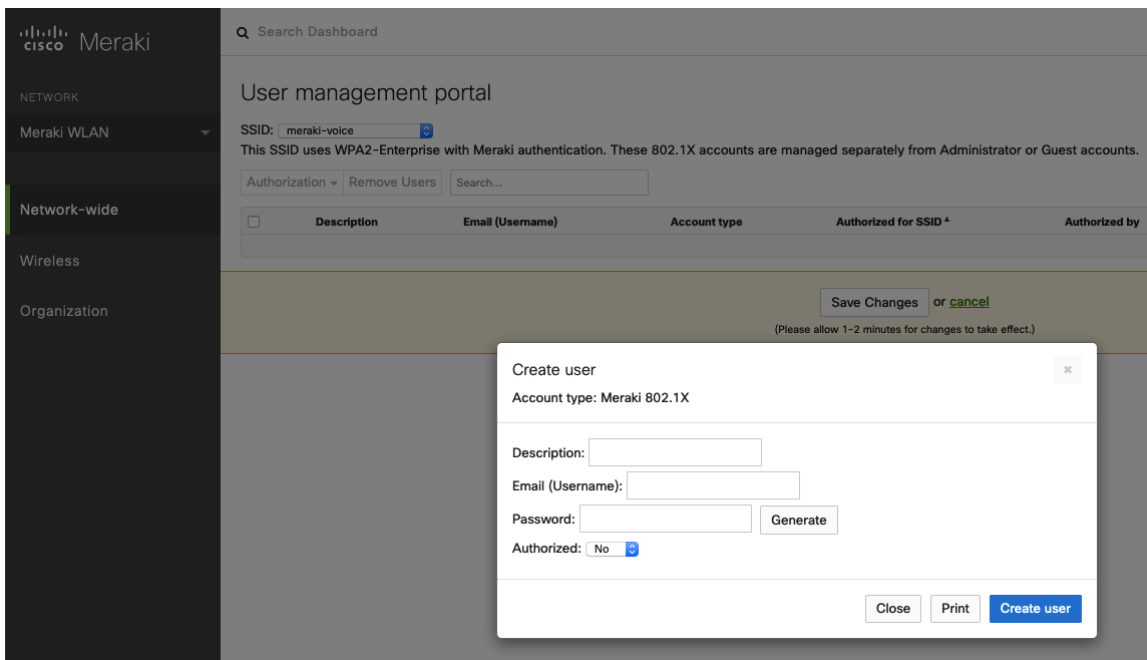
Ensure Splash page is set to **None** to enable direct access.

The screenshot displays the Cisco Meraki dashboard interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: NETWORK, Meraki WLAN, Network-wide, Wireless (highlighted), and Organization. The main content area shows the configuration for an SSID named 'meraki-voice'. Under the 'Access control' heading, the SSID is confirmed. The 'Network access' section is expanded, revealing 'Association requirements' with four radio button options: 'Open (no encryption)', 'Pre-shared key (PSK)', 'MAC-based access control (no encryption)', and 'Enterprise with Meraki Cloud Authentication' (which is selected). Below this, 'WPA encryption mode' is set to 'WPA2 only (recommended for most deployments)'. The '802.11r' setting is 'Enabled', and '802.11w' is 'Disabled (never use)'. At the bottom, the 'Splash page' is set to 'None (direct access)'.

Note: Cisco Meraki access points support 802.11r (FT) for fast secure roaming, but do not support Cisco Centralized Key Management (CCKM).

If **WPA2-Enterprise** is enabled where the Cisco Meraki authentication server will be utilized as the RADIUS server, then a user account must be created on the **Network-wide > Configure > Users** page, which the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will be configured to use for 802.1x authentication.

Note: Cisco Meraki access points do not support EAP-FAST.



On the **Wireless > Configure > Access control** page, recommend to enable **Bridge mode**, where the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will obtain DHCP from the local LAN instead of the Cisco Meraki network; unless call control, other endpoints, etc. are cloud-based.

Once **Bridge mode** is enabled, the VLAN tagging option will be available.

It is recommended to enable **VLAN tagging** for the SSID.

If VLAN tagging is utilized, ensure that the Cisco Meraki access point is connected to a switch port configured for trunk mode allowing that VLAN.

If utilizing Cisco Meraki MS Switches, reference the **Cisco Meraki MS Switch VoIP Deployment Guide**.

https://meraki.cisco.com/lib/pdf/meraki_whitepaper_msvoip.pdf

If utilizing Cisco IOS Switches, use the following switch port configuration for ports that have Cisco Meraki access points connected to enable 802.1q trunking.

```
Interface GigabitEthernet X
  switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
  switchport mode trunk
  mls qos trust dscp
```

Addressing and traffic

Client IP assignment

- NAT mode: Use Meraki DHCP
Clients receive IP addresses in an isolated 10.0.0.0/8 network. Clients cannot communicate with each other, but they may communicate with devices on the wired LAN if the [SSID firewall settings](#) permit.
- Bridge mode: Make clients part of the LAN
Meraki devices operate transparently (no NAT or DHCP). Wireless clients will receive DHCP leases from a server on the LAN or use static IPs. Use this for wireless clients requiring seamless roaming, shared printers, file sharing, and wireless cameras.
- Layer 3 roaming
Clients receive DHCP leases from the LAN or use static IPs, similar to bridge mode. If the client roams to an AP where their original IP subnet is not available, then the client's traffic will be forwarded to an anchor AP on their original subnet. This allows the client to keep the same IP address, even when traversing IP subnet boundaries.
- Layer 3 roaming with a concentrator
Clients are tunneled to a specified VLAN at the concentrator. They will keep the same IP address when roaming between APs.
- VPN: tunnel data to a concentrator
Meraki devices send traffic over a secure tunnel to an MX concentrator.

VLAN tagging ⓘ Use VLAN tagging

Bridge mode and layer 3 roaming only

VLAN ID ⓘ

AP tags	VLAN ID	Actions
All other APs	3	Add VLAN

Content filtering ⓘ Don't filter content
NAT mode only

Bonjour forwarding ⓘ Enable Bonjour Gateway
Bridge mode and layer 3 roaming only

There are no Bonjour forwarding rules on this network.
[Add a Bonjour forwarding rule](#)

On the **Wireless > Configure > Access control** page, the frequency band for the SSID to be used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured as necessary.

It is recommended to select **5 GHz band only** to have the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 operate on the 5 GHz band due to having many channels available and not as many interferers as the 2.4 GHz band has.

If the 2.4 GHz band needs to be used due to increased distance, then **Dual band operation (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz)** should be selected. Do not utilize the **Dual band operation with Band Steering** option.

Is recommended to disable data rates below 12 Mbps unless a legacy 2.4 GHz client needs to be able to connect to the Wireless LAN.

Cisco Meraki access points currently utilize a DTIM period of **1** with a beacon period of **100 ms**; which both are non-configurable.

Wireless options

Band selection and minimum bitrate settings may be overridden by RF profiles. [Go to RF Profiles](#)

Band selection

- Dual band operation (2.4 GHz and 5 GHz)
- 5 GHz band only
5 GHz has more capacity and less interference than 2.4 GHz, but legacy clients are not capable of using it.
- Dual band operation with Band Steering
Band Steering detects clients capable of 5 GHz operation and steers them to that frequency, while leaving 2.4 GHz available for legacy clients.

Minimum bitrate (Mbps) ⓘ

Lower Density Higher Density

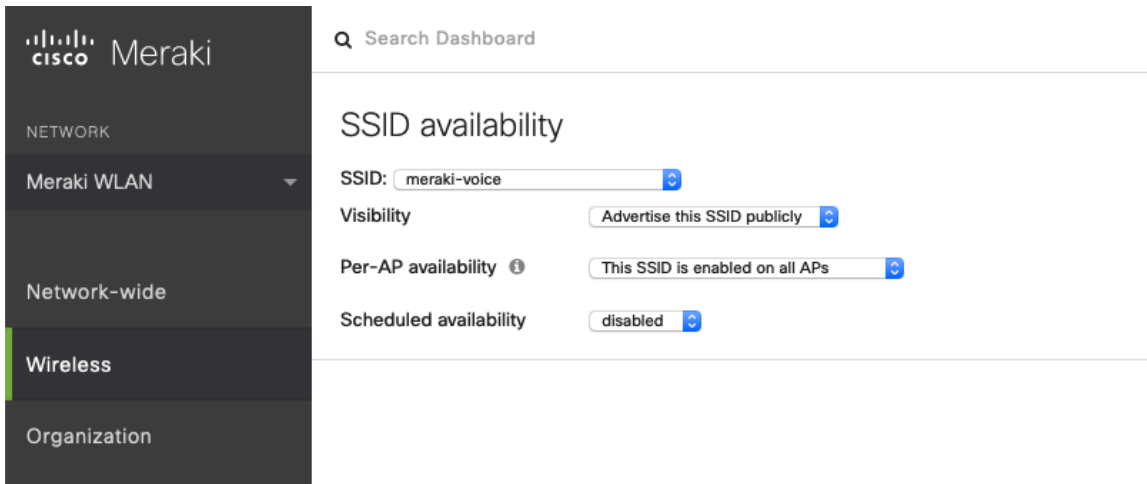
1 2 5.5 6 9 11 12 18 24 36 48 54

802.11b devices not supported

On the **Wireless > Configure > SSID availability** page, the SSID can be broadcasted by setting **Visibility** to **Advertise this SSID publicly**.

Is recommended to set **Per-AP Availability** to **This SSID is enabled on all APs**.

A schedule for SSID availability can be configured as necessary, however it is recommended to set **Scheduled Availability** to **Disabled**.

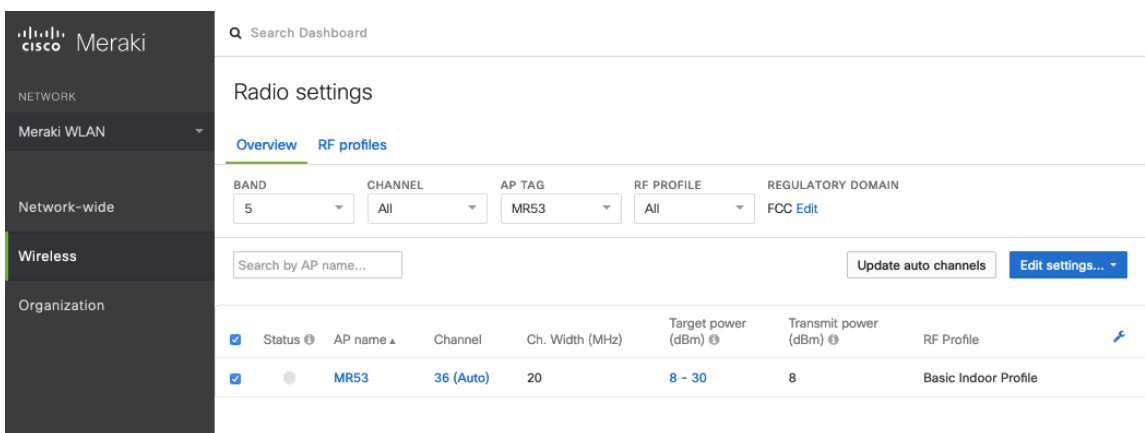


Radio Settings

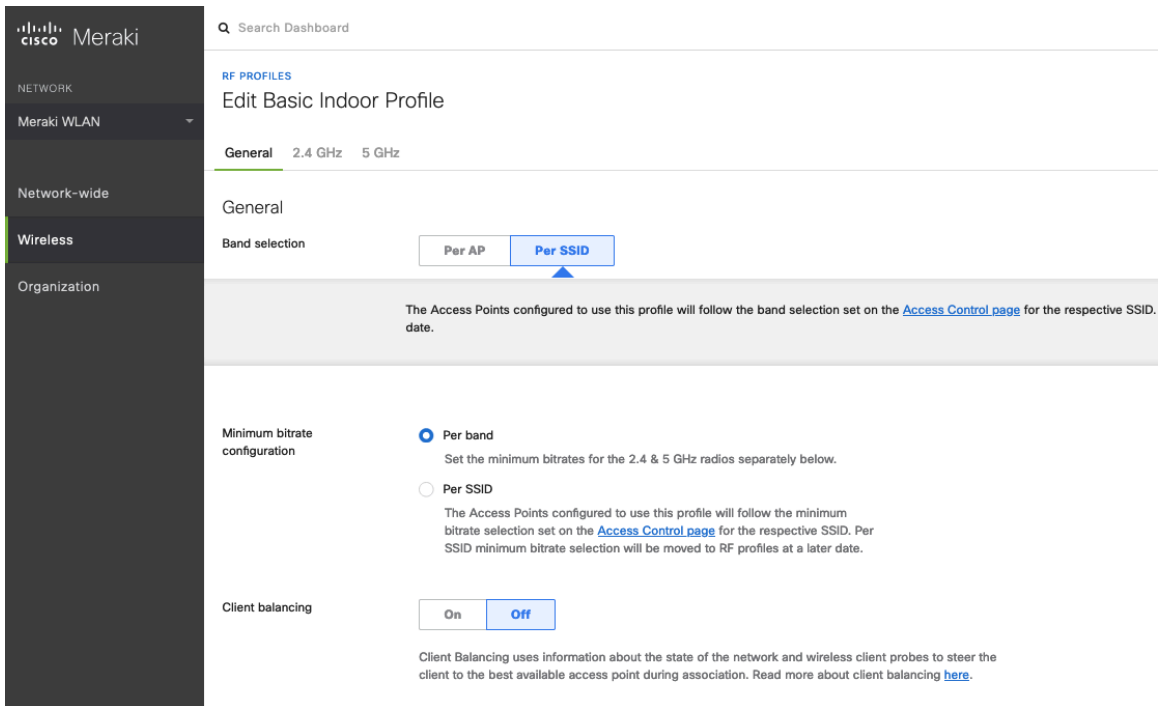
On the **Wireless > Configure > Radio settings** page, access points can be configured in bulk or by individual access point to define the automatic or manual channel and transmit power settings.

When using Cisco Meraki access points it is recommended to select **Auto** for the channel and transmit power to utilize what is defined in the RF Profile.

However, individual access points can be configured with static channel and transmit power for either 5 or 2.4 GHz radios, which may be necessary if there is an intermittent interferer present in an area. While other access points can be enabled for **Auto** and work around the access points that are have static channel assignments.



It is recommended to either modify the standard **Basic Indoor Profile** or create a new RF Profile with **Band selection** set to **Per SSID** and **Client balancing** set to **Off**.



In the RF Profile, the **Channel width** for 5 GHz radios can be set to use 20 MHz, 40 MHz, or 80 MHz channels. 2.4 GHz radios utilize 20 MHz channel width and can not be configured for any other channel width. It is recommended to utilize the same channel width for all access points.

5 GHz channels to be used by **AutoChannel** can also be configured in the RF Profile. 2.4 GHz channels used by **AutoChannel** are limited to channels 1, 6, and 11 only.

The **Radio transmit power range** is also be configured in the RF Profile.

If the **Minimum bitrate configuration** is set to Per band, then it will override what is defined in the SSID configuration. It is recommended to disable data rates below 12 Mbps unless a legacy 2.4 GHz client needs to be able to connect to the Wireless LAN.

General 2.4 GHz **5 GHz**

5 GHz radio settings

Turn off 5GHz radio See band selection above.

Channel width Auto **Manual**

Manual 5 GHz channel width

Disable auto channel width by manually selecting a channel width for the APs in this profile.

- 20 MHz (19 channels)
Recommended for High Density deployments and environments expected to encounter DFS events. More unique channels available, reducing chance of interference.
- 40 MHz (10 channels)**
For low to medium density deployments.
- 80 MHz (5 channels)
For low density areas with few or zero neighboring networks. Higher bandwidth and data rates for modern devices. Increases risk of interference problems.

Channel assignment method AutoChannel will assign radios to channels with low interference.
[Change channels used by AutoChannel...](#)

Radio transmit power range (dBm) Transmit shorter distance Transmit farther

[Set RX-SOP...](#)

Minimum bitrate Lower Density Higher Density

General 2.4 GHz **5 GHz**

5 GHz radio settings

Turn off 5GHz radio

Channel width

Change 5 GHz channels used by AutoChannel

Available channels for AutoChannel
If you deselect a channel, AutoChannel will not assign it to any AP with this profile. Click on a channel to toggle its selection.

	UNII-1				UNII-2				UNII-2-Extended				UNII-3				ISM								
20 MHz	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	100	104	108	112	116	120	124	128	132	136	140	144	149	153	157	161	165
40 MHz	38		46		54		62		102		110		118		126		134		142		151		159		
80 MHz	42				58				106				122				138				155				

DFS channels Deselect DFS channels

Cancel Done

For low to medium density deployments.

- 80 MHz (5 channels)
For low density areas with few or zero neighboring networks. Higher bandwidth and data rates for modern devices. Increases risk of interference problems.

Note: Cisco Meraki access points do not support Dynamic Transmit Power Control (DTPC), therefore the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will utilize the maximum transmit power supported for the current channel and data rate.

Firewall and Traffic Shaping

On the **Wireless > Configure > Firewall & traffic shaping** page, firewall and traffic shaping rules can be defined.

Ensure a **Layer 3 firewall rule** is configured to allow local LAN access for wireless clients.

To allow traffic shaping rules to be defined select **Shape traffic on this SSID** in the drop-down menu for **Shape traffic**.

Once **Shape traffic on this SSID** has been applied, then select **Create a new rule** to define **Traffic shaping rules**.

By default, Cisco Meraki access points currently tag voice frames marked with DSCP EF (46) as WMM UP 5 instead of WMM UP 6 and call control frames marked with DSCP CS3 (24) as WMM UP 3 instead of WMM UP 4.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Meraki dashboard interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with navigation options: NETWORK, Meraki WLAN, Network-wide, Wireless (highlighted), and Organization. The main content area is titled 'Firewall & traffic shaping' and is for the 'meraki-voice' SSID. It includes sections for 'Block IPs and ports' (Layer 2 LAN isolation is disabled, Layer 3 firewall rules table), 'Block applications and content categories' (Layer 7 firewall rules), and 'Traffic shaping rules' (Per-client and Per-SSID bandwidth limits, and Shape traffic dropdown).

Search Dashboard

Firewall & traffic shaping

SSID: meraki-voice

Block IPs and ports

Layer 2 LAN isolation: Disabled (bridge mode only)

Layer 3 firewall rules

#	Policy	Protocol	Destination	Port	Comment	Actions
	Allow	Any	Local LAN	Any	Wireless clients accessing LAN	
	Allow	Any	Any	Any	Default rule	

[Add a layer 3 firewall rule](#)

Block applications and content categories

Layer 7 firewall rules: There are no rules defined for this SSID.
[Add a layer 7 firewall rule](#)

Traffic shaping rules

Per-client bandwidth limit: unlimited [details](#) Enable SpeedBurst

Per-SSID bandwidth limit: unlimited [details](#)

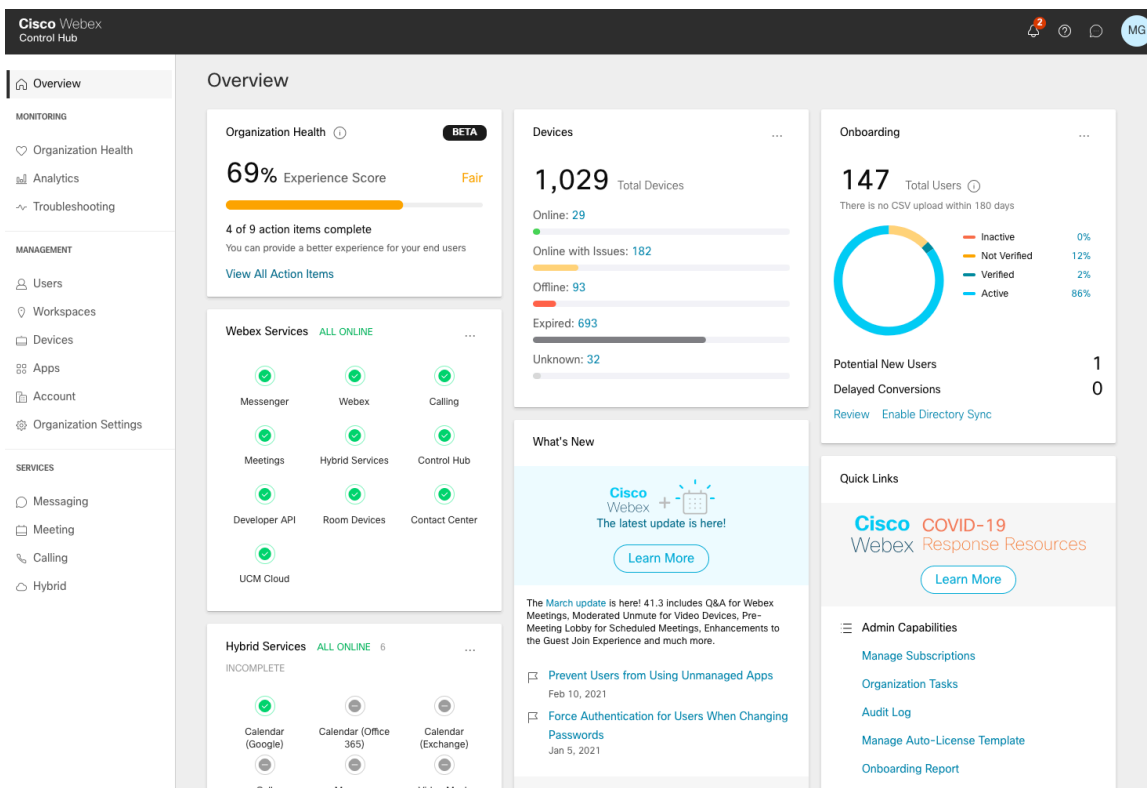
Shape traffic: Shape traffic on this SSID

Note: Cisco Meraki access points do not support Call Admission Control / Traffic Specification (TSPEC).

Configuring Cisco Call Control

Webex

Webex enables cloud registration, therefore a VPN connection is not required as long as the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 has direct internet connectivity.



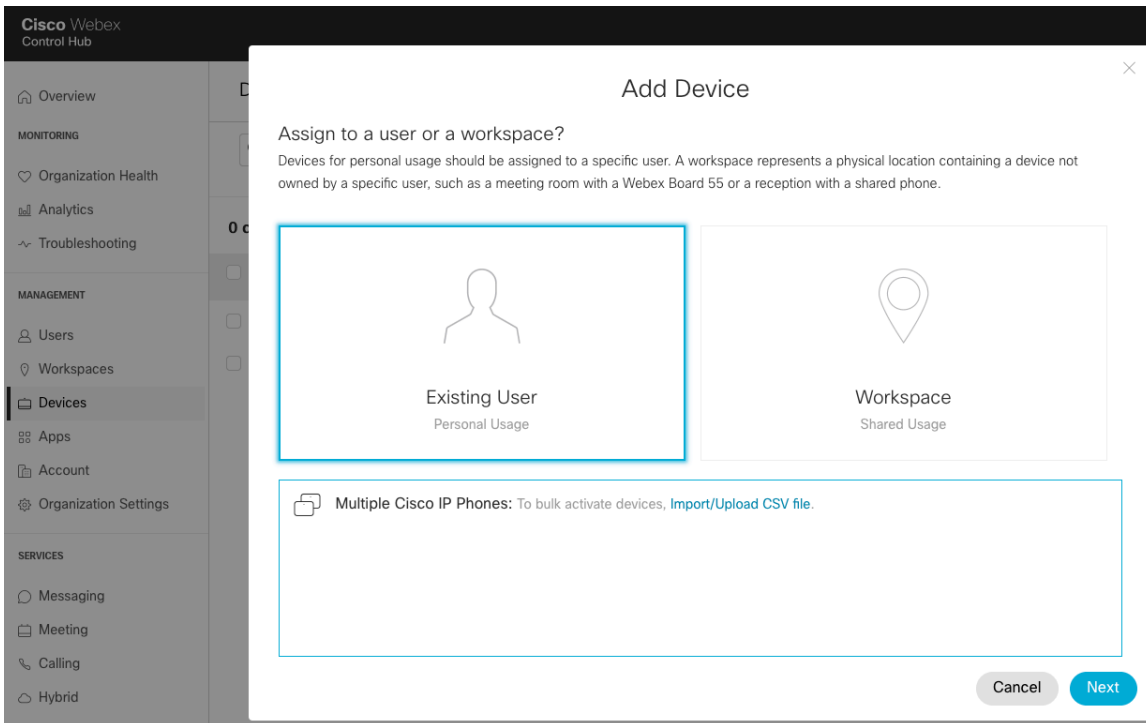
A Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be added to Webex and assigned to a user for personal usage or as a workspace for shared usage.

Personal Usage

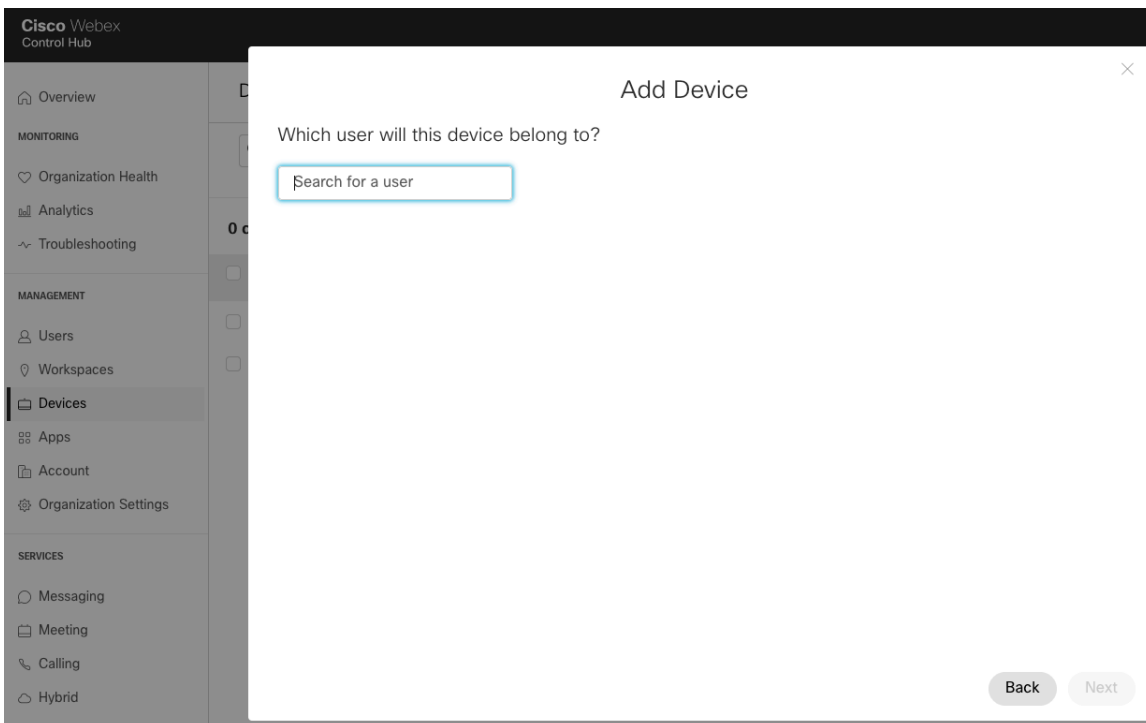
A Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured for a user for personal usage via **Devices**.

To add a device for a user, navigate to **Devices**, then select **Add Device**.

On the next screen, select **Existing User**, then click **Next**.



Search for the user to assign the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to, then click **Next**.



The **Activation Code** to enter into the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will then be displayed.

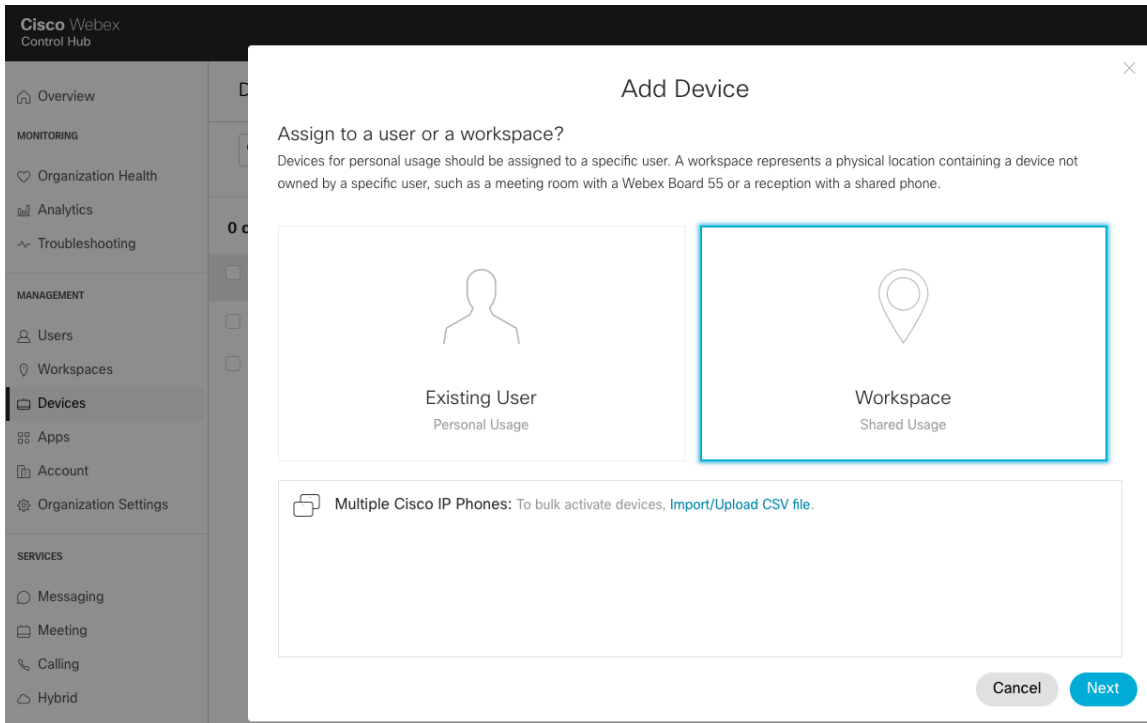
Select the user via **Users** to configure or modify services.

Shared Usage

A Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be configured as a workspace either via **Devices** or **Workspaces**.

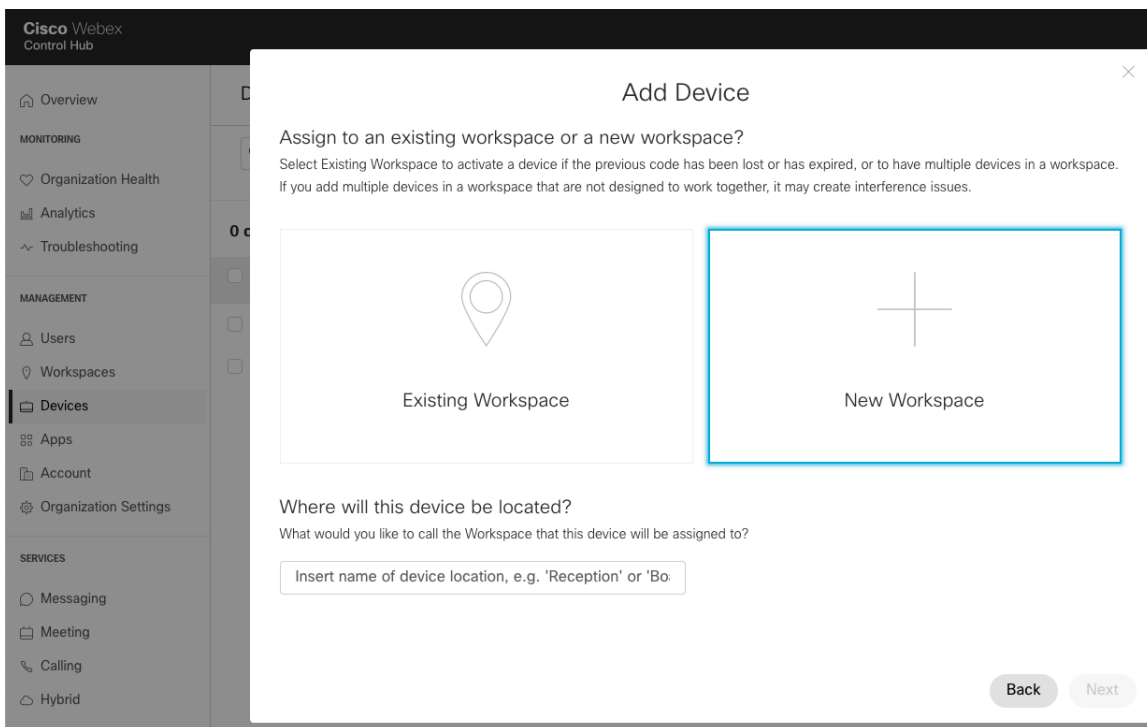
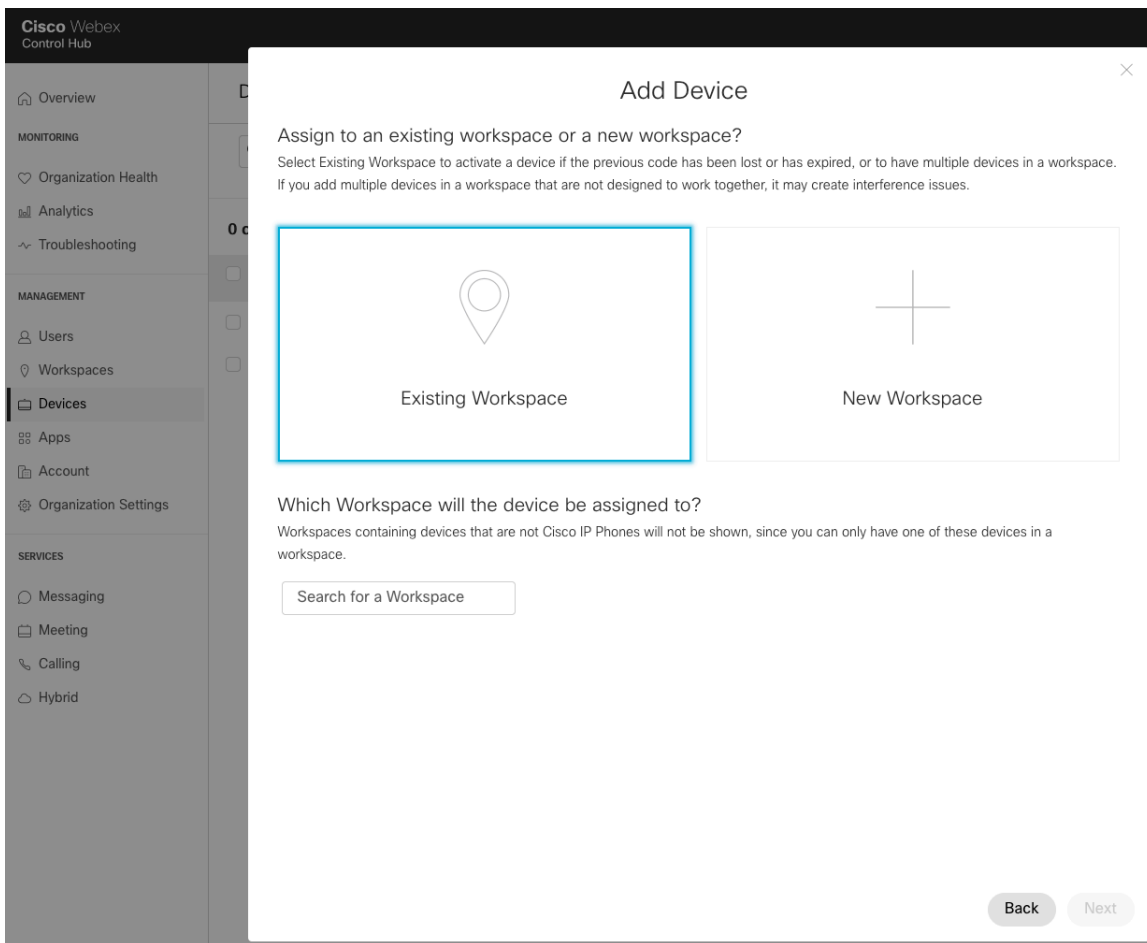
To add a workspace via **Devices**, navigate to **Devices**, then select **Add Device**.

On the next screen, select **Workspace**, then click **Next**.

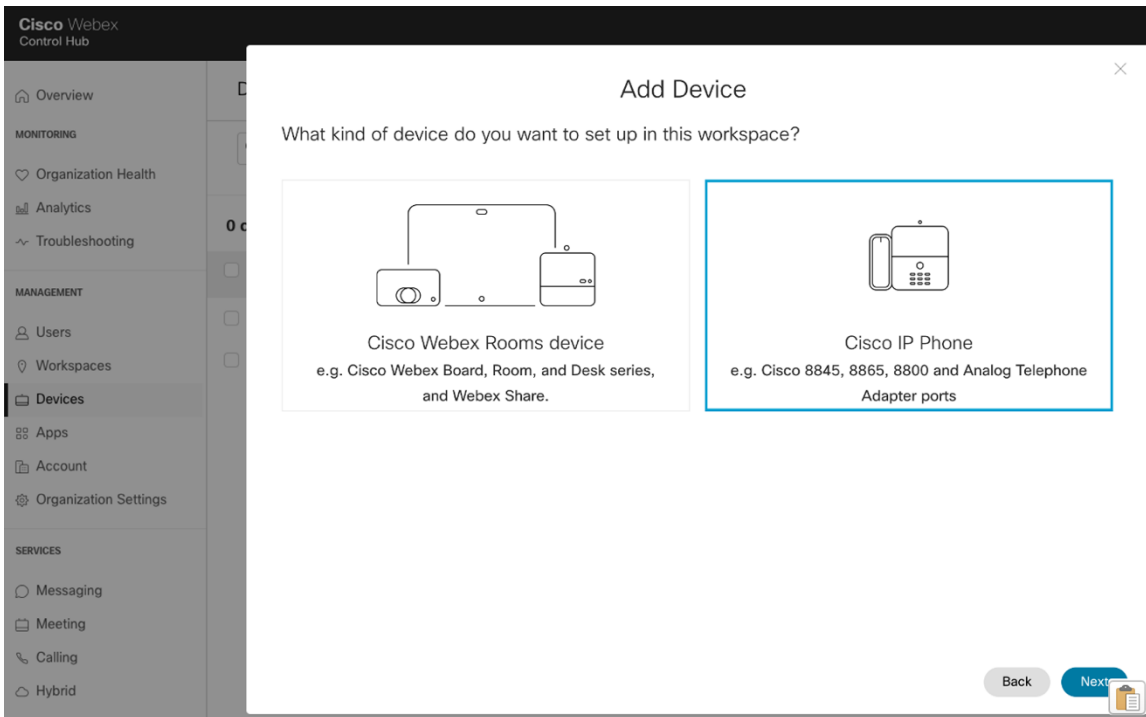


Select either **Existing Workspace** or **New Workspace**.

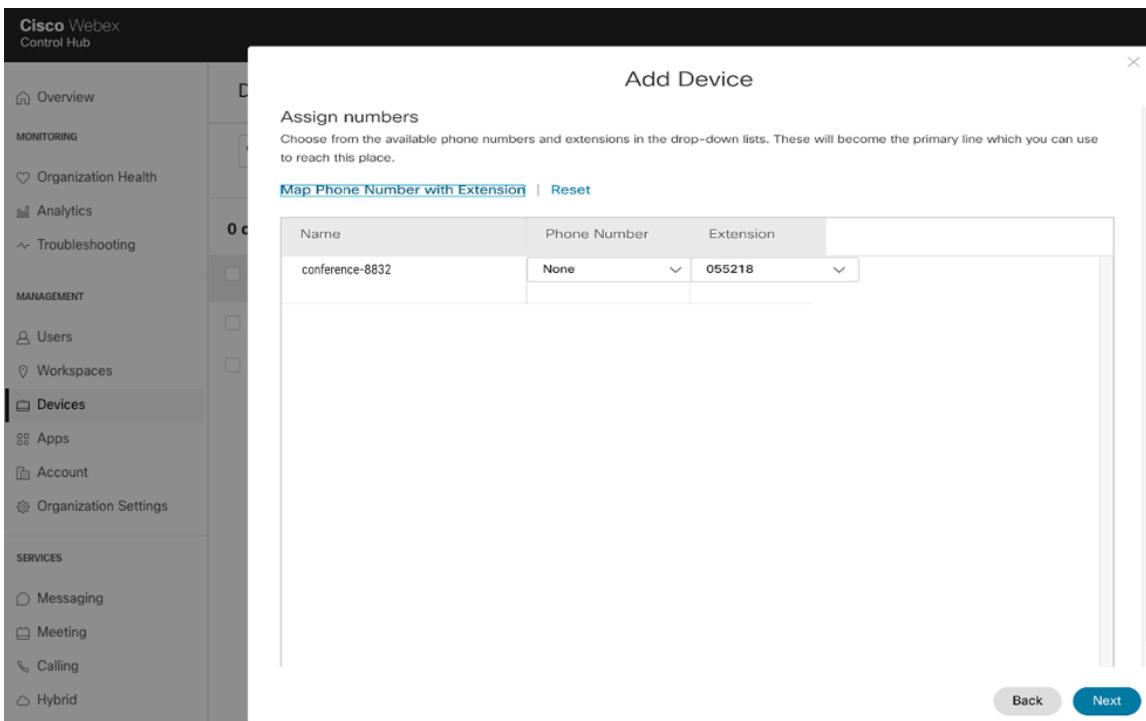
Depending on which option is selected, either search for or enter the workspace name, then click **Next**.



If **New Workspace** was selected prior, select **Cisco IP Phone**, then click **Next**.



Additionally, if **New Workspace** was selected, configure the phone number and extension, then click **Next**.



The **Activation Code** to enter into the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will then be displayed.

Select the existing workspace via **Workspaces** to configure or modify services.

For information on network requirements for Webex Calling, refer to the **Port Reference Information for Webex Calling** document at this URL:

<https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/b2exve/Port-Reference-Information-for-Webex-Calling>

For more information, refer to the **Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Administration Guide** at this URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-maintenance-guides-list.html>

Cisco Unified Communications Manager

Cisco Unified Communications Manager offers many different phone, call and security features.

Device Enablement

To enable the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 device type in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager, the corresponding device package COP file must be installed via the Cisco Unified Operating System Administration webpage for each Cisco Unified Communications Manager server.

Each Cisco Unified Communication Manager node may not have to be restarted after the device package COP file has been installed.

Perform the following, which is dependent on the Cisco Unified Communications Manager version.

11.5(1)SU4 and lower

- Reboot all Cisco Unified Communications Manager nodes.

11.5(1)SU5 and higher or 12.5(1) and higher

- Restart the Cisco Tomcat service on all Cisco Unified Communications Manager nodes.
- If running the Cisco CallManager service on the publisher node, restart the service on the publisher node only.

Note: The Cisco CallManager Service on subscriber nodes do not need to be restarted.

For information on how to install the COP file, refer to the **Cisco Unified Communications Manager Operating System Administration Guide** at this URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/unified-communications-manager-callmanager/products-maintenance-guides-list.html>

When adding the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to the Cisco Unified Communications Manager it must be provisioned using the Ethernet MAC address as the Wireless LAN MAC is used for Wi-Fi connectivity only.

The Ethernet MAC address of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be found by navigating to **Settings > Admin settings > Network setup > Ethernet setup**.

Device Information	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Device is trusted	
MAC Address*	<input type="text"/>
Description	<input type="text"/>
Device Pool*	-- Not Selected -- View Details
Common Device Configuration	< None > View Details
Phone Button Template*	-- Not Selected --
Softkey Template	< None >
Common Phone Profile*	Standard Common Phone Profile View Details

Device Pools

When creating a new Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, a **Device Pool** must be configured.

The device pool defines common settings (e.g. Cisco Unified Communications Manager Group, etc.), roaming sensitive settings (e.g. Date/Time Group, Region, etc.), local route group settings, device mobility related information settings, and other group settings.

Device Pools can be used to either group devices per location, per model type, etc.

Device Pool Settings	
Device Pool Name*	Default
Cisco Unified Communications Manager Group*	Default
Calling Search Space for Auto-registration	< None >
Adjunct CSS	< None >
Reverted Call Focus Priority	Default
Intercompany Media Services Enrolled Group	< None >

Roaming Sensitive Settings	
Date/Time Group*	CMLocal
Region*	Default
Media Resource Group List	< None >
Location	< None >
Network Locale	< None >
SRST Reference*	Disable
Connection Monitor Duration***	<input type="text"/>
Single Button Barge*	Default
Join Across Lines*	Default
Physical Location	< None >
Device Mobility Group	< None >
Wireless LAN Profile Group	< None > View Details

Phone Button Templates

When creating a new Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, a **Phone Button Template** must be configured.

Custom phone button templates can be created with the option for many different features.

Phone Button Template Information

Button Template Name *

Button Information

Button	Feature	Label
1	Line **	<input type="text" value="Line"/>
2	Speed Dial **	<input type="text" value="Speed Dial"/>
3	Speed Dial **	<input type="text" value="Speed Dial"/>
4	Speed Dial **	<input type="text" value="Speed Dial"/>
5	Speed Dial **	<input type="text" value="Speed Dial"/>
6	Speed Dial **	<input type="text" value="Speed Dial"/>
7	Speed Dial **	<input type="text" value="Speed Dial"/>

Security Profiles

When creating a new Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, a **Device Security Profile** must be configured.

Security profiles can be utilized to enable authenticated mode or encrypted mode, where signaling, media and configuration file encryption is then enabled.

The Certificate Authority Proxy Function (CAPF) must be operational in order to utilize a Locally Signed Certificate (LSC) with a security profile.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 has a Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC), which can be utilized with a security profile as well.

Protocol Specific Information

Packet Capture Mode*

Packet Capture Duration

BLF Presence Group*

SIP Dial Rules

MTP Preferred Originating Codec*

Device Security Profile*

Rerouting Calling Search Space

SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Space

SIP Profile* [View Details](#)

Digest User

Media Termination Point Required

Unattended Port

Require DTMF Reception

Early Offer support for voice and video calls (insert MTP if needed)

The default device security profile is the model specific **Standard SIP Non-Secure Profile**, which does not utilize encryption.

Phone Security Profile Information

Product Type: Cisco 8832
Device Protocol: SIP

Name* Cisco 8832 - Standard SIP Non-Secure Profile
Description Cisco 8832 - Standard SIP Non-Secure Profile
Nonce Validity Time* 600
Device Security Mode Non Secure
Transport Type* TCP+UDP

Enable Digest Authentication
 TFTP Encrypted Config
 Exclude Digest Credentials in Configuration File

Phone Security Profile CAPF Information

Authentication Mode* By Null String
Key Order* RSA Only
RSA Key Size (Bits)* 2048
EC Key Size (Bits) < None >

Note: These fields are related to the CAPF Information settings on the Phone Configuration page.

Parameters used in Phone

SIP Phone Port* 5060

SIP Profiles

When creating a new Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, a **SIP Profile** must be configured.

It is recommended to create a custom SIP Profile for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 (do not use the **Standard SIP Profile** or **Standard SIP Profile for Mobile Device**).

Protocol Specific Information

Packet Capture Mode* None
Packet Capture Duration 0
BLF Presence Group* Standard Presence group
SIP Dial Rules < None >
MTP Preferred Originating Codec* 711ulaw
Device Security Profile* Cisco 8832 - Standard SIP Non-Secure Profile
Rerouting Calling Search Space < None >
SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Space < None >
SIP Profile* Custom 8832 SIP Profile [View Details](#)
Digest User < None >

Media Termination Point Required
 Unattended Port
 Require DTMF Reception
 Early Offer support for voice and video calls (insert MTP if needed)

To create a custom SIP Profile for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, use the **Standard SIP Profile** as the reference template.

Copy the **Standard SIP Profile**, then change the following parameters.

Timer Register Delta (seconds) = 30 (default = 5)

Timer Keep Alive Expires (seconds) = 300 (default = 120)

Timer Subscribe Expires (seconds) = 300 (default = 120)

Timer Subscribe Delta (seconds) = 15 (default = 5)

Ensure **SIP Station KeepAlive Interval** at **System > Service Parameters > Cisco CallManager** remains configured for 120 seconds.

Custom SIP Profile Example

SIP Profile Information	
Name*	Custom 8832 SIP Profile
Description	Custom 8832 SIP Profile
Default MTP Telephony Event Payload Type*	101
Early Offer for G.Clear Calls*	Disabled
User-Agent and Server header information*	Send Unified CM Version Information as User-Agent
Version in User Agent and Server Header*	Major And Minor
Dial String Interpretation*	Phone number consists of characters 0-9, *, #, ar
Confidential Access Level Headers*	Disabled
<input type="checkbox"/> Redirect by Application	
<input type="checkbox"/> Disable Early Media on 180	
<input type="checkbox"/> Outgoing T.38 INVITE include audio mline	
<input type="checkbox"/> Offer valid IP and Send/Receive mode only for T.38 Fax Relay	
<input type="checkbox"/> Use Fully Qualified Domain Name in SIP Requests	
<input type="checkbox"/> Assured Services SIP conformance	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable External QoS**	
SDP Information	
SDP Session-level Bandwidth Modifier for Early Offer and Re-invites*	TIAS and AS
SDP Transparency Profile	Pass all unknown SDP attributes
Accept Audio Codec Preferences in Received Offer*	Default
<input type="checkbox"/> Require SDP Inactive Exchange for Mid-Call Media Change	
<input type="checkbox"/> Allow RR/RS bandwidth modifier (RFC 3556)	
Parameters used in Phone	
Timer Invite Expires (seconds)*	180
Timer Register Delta (seconds)*	30
Timer Register Expires (seconds)*	3600
Timer T1 (msec)*	500
Timer T2 (msec)*	4000
Retry INVITE*	6
Retry Non-INVITE*	10
Media Port Ranges	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Common Port Range for Audio and Video <input type="radio"/> Separate Port Ranges for Audio and Video
Start Media Port*	16384

Stop Media Port*	<input type="text" value="32766"/>
DSCP for Audio Calls	<input type="text" value="Use System Default"/>
DSCP for Video Calls	<input type="text" value="Use System Default"/>
DSCP for Audio Portion of Video Calls	<input type="text" value="Use System Default"/>
DSCP for TelePresence Calls	<input type="text" value="Use System Default"/>
DSCP for Audio Portion of TelePresence Calls	<input type="text" value="Use System Default"/>
Call Pickup URI*	<input type="text" value="x-cisco-serviceuri-pickup"/>
Call Pickup Group Other URI*	<input type="text" value="x-cisco-serviceuri-opickup"/>
Call Pickup Group URI*	<input type="text" value="x-cisco-serviceuri-gpickup"/>
Meet Me Service URI*	<input type="text" value="x-cisco-serviceuri-meetme"/>
User Info*	<input type="text" value="None"/>
DTMF DB Level*	<input type="text" value="Nominal"/>
Call Hold Ring Back*	<input type="text" value="Off"/>
Anonymous Call Block*	<input type="text" value="Off"/>
Caller ID Blocking*	<input type="text" value="Off"/>
Do Not Disturb Control*	<input type="text" value="User"/>
Telnet Level for 7940 and 7960*	<input type="text" value="Disabled"/>
Resource Priority Namespace	<input type="text" value="< None >"/>
Timer Keep Alive Expires (seconds)*	<input type="text" value="300"/>
Timer Subscribe Expires (seconds)*	<input type="text" value="300"/>
Timer Subscribe Delta (seconds)*	<input type="text" value="15"/>
Maximum Redirections*	<input type="text" value="70"/>
Off Hook To First Digit Timer (milliseconds)*	<input type="text" value="15000"/>
Call Forward URI*	<input type="text" value="x-cisco-serviceuri-cfwdall"/>
Speed Dial (Abbreviated Dial) URI*	<input type="text" value="x-cisco-serviceuri-abbrdial"/>

Conference Join Enabled
 RFC 2543 Hold
 Semi Attended Transfer
 Enable VAD
 Stutter Message Waiting
 MLPP User Authorization

Normalization Script

Normalization Script

<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Trace	
Parameter Name	Parameter Value
1	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="+"/> <input type="button" value="-"/>

Incoming Requests FROM URI Settings

Caller ID DN

Caller Name

Trunk Specific Configuration

Reroute Incoming Request to new Trunk based on*

Resource Priority Namespace List

SIP Rel1XX Options*

Video Call Traffic Class*

Calling Line Identification Presentation*

Session Refresh Method*

Early Offer support for voice and video calls*

Enable ANAT

Deliver Conference Bridge Identifier

Allow Passthrough of Configured Line Device Caller Information

Reject Anonymous Incoming Calls

Reject Anonymous Outgoing Calls

Send ILS Learned Destination Route String

Connect Inbound Call before Playing Queuing Announcement

SIP OPTIONS Ping

Enable OPTIONS Ping to monitor destination status for Trunks with Service Type "None (Default)"

Ping Interval for In-service and Partially In-service Trunks (seconds)*

Ping Interval for Out-of-service Trunks (seconds)*

Ping Retry Timer (milliseconds)*

Ping Retry Count*

SDP Information

Send send-receive SDP in mid-call INVITE

Allow Presentation Sharing using BFCP

Allow iX Application Media

Allow multiple codecs in answer SDP

Common Settings

Some settings such as Wireless LAN can be configured on an enterprise phone, common phone profile or individual phone level.

Wireless LAN is automatically disabled temporarily when Ethernet is connected to the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, but will be automatically re-enabled once Ethernet is disconnected if Wireless LAN was enabled previously.

Override common settings can be enabled at either configuration level.

Wi-Fi*

QoS Parameters

The DSCP values to be used for SIP communications, phone configuration, and phone based services to be used by the phone are defined in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager's Enterprise Parameters.

The default DSCP value for SIP communications and phone configuration is set to CS3.

Phone based services are configured to be best effort traffic by default.

Parameter Name	Parameter Value	Suggested Value
Cluster ID *	StandAloneCluster	StandAloneCluster
Max Number of Device Level Trace *	12	12
DSCP for Phone-based Services *	default DSCP (000000)	default DSCP (000000)
DSCP for Phone Configuration *	CS3(precedence 3) DSCP (011000)	CS3(precedence 3) DSCP (011000)
DSCP for Cisco CallManager to Device Interface *	CS3(precedence 3) DSCP (011000)	CS3(precedence 3) DSCP (011000)
Connection Monitor Duration *	120	120
Auto Registration Phone Protocol *	SCCP	SCCP
Auto Registration Legacy Mode *	False	False
BLF For Call Lists *	Disabled	Disabled
Advertise G.722 Codec *	Enabled	Enabled
Phone Personalization *	Disabled	Disabled
Services Provisioning *	Internal	Internal
Feature Control Policy	< None >	
Wi-Fi Hotspot Profile	< None >	
IMS Inter Operator Id *	IMS Inter Operator Identification	IMS Inter Operator Identification
URI Lookup Policy *	Case Sensitive	Case Sensitive

Audio Bit Rates

The audio bit rate can be configured by creating or editing existing Regions in the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

Audio Codec Preference List	Maximum Audio Bit Rate	Maximum Session Bit Rate for Video Calls	Maximum Session Bit Rate for Immersive Video Calls
<input type="text" value="Keep Current Setting"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 64 kbps (G.722, G.711) <input type="radio"/> <input type="text" value=""/> kbps	<input type="radio"/> Keep Current Setting <input type="radio"/> Use System Default <input type="radio"/> None <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2000 kbps	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Keep Current Setting <input type="radio"/> Use System Default <input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> <input type="text" value=""/> kbps

Use the following information to configure the audio bit rate to be used for audio or audio calls.

Audio Codec	Audio Bit Rate
Opus	6-510 Kbps
G.722 / G.711	64 Kbps
iLBC	16 Kbps
G.729	8 Kbps

Wireless LAN Profiles

With Cisco Unified Communications Manager 10.0 release and later, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be provisioned with Wireless LAN Profiles via the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

With Cisco Unified Communications Manager 11.0 and later, EAP-TLS support is included.

Use the following guidelines to configure a Wireless LAN profile within Cisco Unified Communications Manager to then apply to a Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

- Prior to creating a Wireless LAN Profile and associating it to a Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 should be configured to utilize a security profile in which TFTP encryption is enabled so Wireless LAN Profile data is not passed down to the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 in clear text via TFTP.

Phone Security Profile Information

Product Type: Cisco 8832

Device Protocol: SIP

Name*

Description

Nonce Validity Time*

Device Security Mode

Transport Type*

Enable Digest Authentication

TFTP Encrypted Config

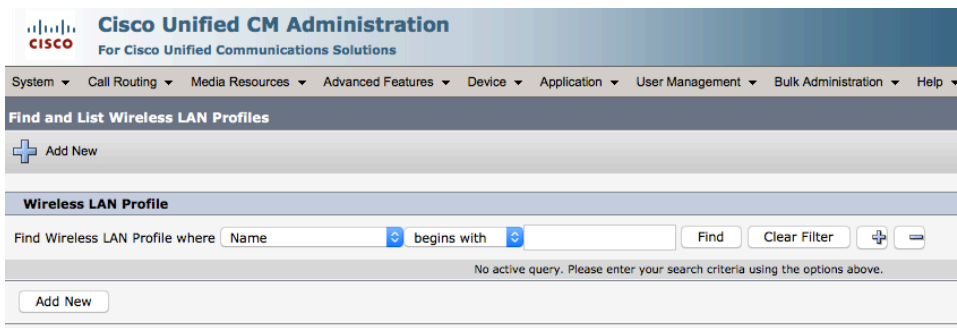
- Once the security profile has been created, it then needs to be applied to the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to enable TFTP encryption for that Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832's configuration files.
- Select the configured security profile from the **Device Security Profile** drop-down menu.

Protocol Specific Information

Packet Capture Mode*	None
Packet Capture Duration	0
BLF Presence Group*	Standard Presence group
SIP Dial Rules	< None >
MTP Preferred Originating Codec*	711ulaw
Device Security Profile*	Cisco 8832 - Standard SIP Secure Profile
Rerouting Calling Search Space	< None >
SUBSCRIBE Calling Search Space	< None >
SIP Profile*	Custom 8832 SIP Profile View Details
Digest User	< None >

Media Termination Point Required
 Unattended Port
 Require DTMF Reception
 Early Offer support for voice and video calls (insert MTP if needed)

- To create a Wireless LAN Profile, navigate to **Device > Device Settings > Wireless LAN Profile** within the Cisco Unified Communications Manager's Administration interface.
- From the Wireless LAN Profile page, select **Add New**.



- A Wireless LAN Profile can then be created where the **Name, Description, Wireless Settings (SSID, Frequency Band, User Modifiable)**, and **Authentication Settings** are specified.
- Below are Wireless LAN Profile defaults:
 - Frequency Band** = Auto
 - User Modifiable** = Allowed
 - Authentication Method** = EAP-FAST

Cisco Unified CM Administration
For Cisco Unified Communications Solutions

System ▾ Call Routing ▾ Media Resources ▾ Advanced Features ▾ Device ▾ Application ▾

Wireless LAN Profile Configuration

Save

Status

Status: Ready

Wireless LAN Profile Information

Name*

Description

User Modifiable* ▾

Wireless Settings

SSID (Network Name)*

Frequency Band* ▾

Authentication Settings

Authentication Method* ▾

Provide Shared Credentials

Password Description

Network Access Settings

Network Access Profile ▾ [View Details](#)

- Enter a **Name** for the Wireless LAN Profile containing up to 50 characters.
- A **Description** containing up to 63 characters can optionally be configured.

Name*

Description

- Select the desired **User Modifiable** option.
 - Allowed** - The user has the capability to change any Wireless LAN settings (e.g. Enable/Disable, SSID, Frequency Band, Authentication Method, Username and Password, PSK Passphrase, WEP Key) locally on the endpoint.
 - Disallowed** - The user is unable to change any Wireless LAN settings.
 - Restricted** - The user is only able to change certain Wireless LAN settings (e.g. Username and Password).

User Modifiable* Allowed

- Not Selected --
- Allowed
- Disallowed
- Restricted

- Enter an **SSID** containing up to 32 ASCII characters.

SSID (Network Name)*

- Select the desired **Frequency Band** option.
 - Auto** = Give preference to 5 GHz channels, but operates on both 5 GHz and 2.4 GHz channels
 - 2.4 GHz** = Operates on 2.4 GHz channels only
 - 5 GHz** = Operates on 5 GHz channels only

Frequency Band* Auto

- Not Selected --
- Auto
- 2.4 GHz
- 5 GHz

- Select the desired **Authentication Method** option.
- If **EAP-FAST**, **PEAP-MSCHAPv2**, or **PEAP-GTC** is selected then the option to enter shared credentials (Username and Password) is available.
- If **Provide Shared Credentials** is not checked, then the Username and Password will need to be configured locally on the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 by the admin or user.

Authentication Method* EAP-FAST

Provide Shared Credentials

Password Description

Authentication Method* PEAP-GTC

Provide Shared Credentials

Password Description

Authentication Method* PEAP-MSCHAPv2

Provide Shared Credentials

Password Description

- If **Provide Shared Credentials** is checked, then the specified **Username** and **Password** will be utilized for all Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 that utilize this Wireless LAN Profile.
- Up to 64 characters can be entered for the Username and Password.
- A **Password Description** can optionally be entered.

Authentication Method*

Provide Shared Credentials

Username

Password

show password

Password Description

- If **EAP-TLS** is selected then **User Certificate** must be configured to specify the type of user certificate to utilize for EAP-TLS authentication.
- Can set **User Certificate** to **MIC** (Manufacturing Installed Certificate) or **User Installed**.

Authentication Method*

User Certificate*

Authentication Method*

User Certificate*

- If **PSK** is selected to utilize Pre-Shared Key authentication, then a **PSK Passphrase** must be entered.
- The **PSK Passphrase** must be in one of the following formats:
 - 8-63 ASCII character string
 - 64 HEX character string
- A **Password Description** can optionally be entered.

Authentication Method*

PSK Passphrase*

show passphrase

Password Description

- If **WEP** is selected to utilize static WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) authentication, then a **WEP Key** must be entered.
- Only WEP key 1 is supported, so need to ensure that the entered key matches transmit key on the access point side.
- The **WEP Key** must be in one of the following formats:
 - 40/64 Bit Key** = 5 digit ASCII or 10 digit HEX character string
 - 104/128 Bit Key** = 13 digit ASCII or 26 digit HEX character string
- A **Password Description** can optionally be entered.

Authentication Method*

WEP Key*

show key

Password Description

- If **None** is selected, then no authentication is required and no encryption will be utilized.

Authentication Method*

- Select **Save** once the Wireless LAN Profile configuration is complete.
- The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 does not support the **Network Access Profile** option.

Wireless LAN Profile Information

Name*

Description

User Modifiable*

Wireless Settings

SSID (Network Name)*

Frequency Band*

Authentication Settings

Authentication Method*

Provide Shared Credentials

Username

Password

show password

Password Description

Network Access Settings

Network Access Profile [View Details](#)

- To create a Wireless LAN Profile Group, navigate to **Device > Device Settings > Wireless LAN Profile Group** within the Cisco Unified Communications Manager's Administration interface.
- From the Wireless LAN Profile Group page, select **Add New**.

- A Wireless LAN Profile Group can then be created where the Name, Description, and Wireless LAN Profiles are specified.
- Only **1** Wireless LAN Profile should be added to a Wireless LAN Profile Group.
- Select **Save** once the Wireless LAN Profile Group configuration is complete.

- Once the Wireless LAN Profile Group has been created, it can be applied to a Device Pool or an individual Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.
- To apply a Wireless LAN Profile Group to a device pool, navigate to **System > Device Pool** within the Cisco Unified Communications Manager's Administration interface.
- Create a Device Pool as necessary and put the desired Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 into this Device Pool.
- Once the Device Pool has been created, configure the Wireless LAN Profile Group then select **Save**.
- Once the Wireless LAN Profile Group has been applied to the Device Pool, select **Apply Config** for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to download the Wireless LAN Profile Group configuration.

Device Pool Settings	
Device Pool Name*	8832
Cisco Unified Communications Manager Group*	Default
Calling Search Space for Auto-registration	< None >
Adjunct CSS	< None >
Reverted Call Focus Priority	Default
Intercompany Media Services Enrolled Group	< None >
Roaming Sensitive Settings	
Date/Time Group*	PST12
Region*	Default
Media Resource Group List	< None >
Location	< None >
Network Locale	< None >
SRST Reference*	Disable
Connection Monitor Duration***	
Single Button Barge*	Default
Join Across Lines*	Default
Physical Location	< None >
Device Mobility Group	< None >
Wireless LAN Profile Group	8832 View Details

- ❑ To apply a Wireless LAN Profile Group to an individual Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, navigate to **Device > Phone** within the Cisco Unified Communications Manager's Administration interface.
- ❑ Navigate to the desired Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, configure the Wireless LAN Profile Group then select **Save**.
- ❑ Once the Wireless LAN Profile Group has been applied to the individual Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, select **Apply Config** for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to download the Wireless LAN Profile Group configuration.

Device Information	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Device is Active
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Device is trusted
MAC Address*	000832AB15A4
Description	Michael Gillespie
Device Pool*	Default View Details
Common Device Configuration	< None > View Details
Phone Button Template*	Standard 8832 SIP
Softkey Template	< None >
Common Phone Profile*	Standard Common Phone Profile View Details
Calling Search Space	< None >
AAR Calling Search Space	< None >
Media Resource Group List	< None >
User Hold MOH Audio Source	< None >
Location*	Hub_None
AAR Group	< None >
User Locale	< None >
Network Locale	< None >
Built In Bridge*	Default
Privacy*	Default
Device Mobility Mode*	Default View Current Device Mobility Settings
Wireless LAN Profile Group	8832 View Details

Note: The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 currently does not support use of the **LSC** (Locally Significant Certificate) as the **User Certificate** for EAP-TLS.

For more information about TCP and UDP ports used by the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 and the Cisco Unified Communications Manager, refer to the **Cisco Unified Communications Manager TCP and UDP Port Usage** document at this URL:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/cucm/port/10_5_x/cucm_b_port-usage-cucm-105x/cucm_b_port-usage-cucm-105x_chapter_00.html

Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express

Prior to release 12.7 of Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is to utilize the fast track method utilizing the Cisco Unified IP Conference Phone 8831 as the reference model.

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice_ip_comm/cucme/feature/phone_feature/phone_feature_support_guide.html#_Toc436645184

Sample Configuration

```

version 15.6
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption

```

```

!
hostname CME
!
boot-start-marker
boot system flash:c2900-universalk9-mz.SPA.156-1.T0a.bin
boot-end-marker
!
aqm-register-fnf
!
logging buffered 51200 warnings
!
aaa new-model
!
aaa authentication login default local
aaa authorization exec default local
!
aaa session-id common
ethernet lmi ce
clock timezone EST -5 0
clock summer-time EST recurring
!
ip domain name cisco.com
ip cef
no ipv6 cef
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
cts logging verbose
!
crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-2915022231
  enrollment selfsigned
  subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-2915022231
  revocation-check none
  rsakeypair TP-self-signed-2915022231
!
crypto pki certificate chain TP-self-signed-2915022231
  certificate self-signed 01
    3082022B 30820194 A0030201 02020101 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 05050030
    31312F30 2D060355 04031326 494F532D 53656C66 2D536967 6E65642D 43657274
    69666963 6174652D 32393135 30323232 3331301E 170D3132 30373033 30333039
    35395A17 0D323030 31303130 30303030 305A3031 312F302D 06035504 03132649
    4F532D53 656C662D 5369676E 65642D43 65727469 66696361 74652D32 39313530
    32323233 3130819F 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 01050003 818D0030 81890281
    8100ABC4 D23F5B00 36665DDC 86171E19 CE92D3E5 A0576068 3AADCD26 89C3B795
    1B4518BE 2B173A5C 60A82125 80935C29 1027DE28 FCF05E62 18A07C10 C59D34ED
    9A14CCD7 3981E1BB 20445CFC 99686D13 D84C6B03 4D84B448 1102A0CF AE333B48
    CBF5B85F 6842A40B C9555AB0 0C283E66 0341DD0C D0BBEB8D DCA8AE00 0DAF3083
    8E170203 010001A3 53305130 0F060355 1D130101 FF040530 030101FF 301F0603
    551D2304 18301680 14D881B2 7EF36719 1DC028ED 84384303 685250E6 E6301D06
    03551D0E 04160414 D881B27E F367191D C028ED84 38430368 5250E6E6 300D0609
    2A864886 F70D0101 05050003 81810011 2DB8EA5C 2D588D18 1CB78EE2 0FBAE777
    716B441C 9389C987 612BBBEA 7B9E30CB 4BAF41A7 0F0DB51D E4F45FB2 F8A139B3
    70DF1E94 A7EE4F81 B08E3F21 C0743E56 59D42988 D7FAB957 FADBBFE0 A77F404F
    634BDD93 87559D1D CCA93BCA 87899A98 C151CF62 EF183C8E CB2C9DFC 71F45AE0
    92A26FBF CBA7FA2B F9C5DB6D EEC936
  quit
!
voice-card 0

```

```

!
voice service voip
no ip address trusted authenticate
allow-connections h323 to sip
allow-connections sip to h323
allow-connections sip to sip
no supplementary-service sip moved-temporarily
sip
bind control source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
bind media source-interface GigabitEthernet0/0
registrar server expires max 1000 min 800
no call service stop
!
Voice register pool-type 8832
phoneload-support
transport tcp
description Cisco SIP Phone 8832
reference-pooltype 8831
!
voice register global
mode cme
source-address 10.0.0.10 port 5060
max-dn 40
max-pool 42
load 8832 sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26
authenticate register
olsontimezone America/New_York version 2010o
timezone 12
create profile sync 0089201122844265
!
voice register dn 1
number 1101
name 8832
label 1101
mwi
!
voice register pool 1
busy-trigger-per-button 2
id mac 6C99.8984.B7E5
session-transport tcp
type 8832
number 1 dn 1
dtmf-relay rtp-nte
username 8832 password <REMOVED>
codec g711ulaw
no vad
!
license udi pid CISCO2901/K9 sn <REMOVED>
!
username <REMOVED> privilege 15 password 7 <REMOVED>
!
redundancy
!
interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0
no ip address
shutdown
!

```

```

interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip address 10.0.0.10 255.255.255.0
duplex auto
speed auto
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
!
ip forward-protocol nd
!
ip http server
ip http authentication local
ip http secure-server
ip http timeout-policy idle 60 life 86400 requests 10000
!
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.0.0.2
!
tftp-server flash:/8832/sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26.loads alias sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26.loads
tftp-server flash:/8832/firmware28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias firmware28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/kern8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias kern8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/kern28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias kern28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/key28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias key28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/loader8832.VO-01-004.sbn alias loader8832.VO-01-004.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/loader28832.VO-01-004.sbn alias loader28832.VO-01-004.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/oemloader28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias oemloader28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/rootfs8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias rootfs8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/rootfs28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias rootfs28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/sb28832.VO-01-016.sbn alias sb28832.VO-01-016.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/sb228832.VO-01-016.sbn alias sb228832.VO-01-016.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/trustzone28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias trustzone28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
!
control-plane
!
mgcp behavior rsip-range tgcp-only
mgcp behavior comedia-role none
mgcp behavior comedia-check-media-src disable
mgcp behavior comedia-sdp-force disable
!
mgcp profile default
!
sip-ua
timers connection aging 20
!
gatekeeper
shutdown
!
telephony-service
max-ephones 25
max-dn 25
ip source-address 10.0.0.10 port 2000
url authentication http://10.0.0.10/CCMCIP/authenticate.asp
cnf-file perphone
olsontimezone America/New_York version 2010o
time-zone 12

```

```

max-conferences 8 gain -6
transfer-system full-consult
create cnf-files version-stamp Jan 01 2002 00:00:00
!
line con 0
line aux 0
line 2
no activation-character
no exec
transport preferred none
transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh
stopbits 1
line vty 0 4
privilege level 15
transport input telnet ssh
line vty 5 15
privilege level 15
transport input telnet ssh
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
ntp source GigabitEthernet0/0
ntp server 10.0.0.2
!
end

```

Product Specific Configuration Options

The following configuration options are available for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

For a description of these options, click ? at the top of the configuration page.

Product specific configuration options can be configured in bulk via the Bulk Admin Tool if using Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

Some of the product specific configuration options can be configured on an enterprise phone, common phone profile or individual phone configuration level.

Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Configuration Options

Product Specific Configuration Layout		
	Parameter Value	Override Enterprise/Common Phone Profile Settings
Settings Access*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gratuitous ARP*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Web Access*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Disable TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 for Web Access*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enbloc Dialing*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Days Backlight Not Active	Sunday Monday Tuesday	<input type="checkbox"/>
Backlight On Time	07:30	<input type="checkbox"/>
Backlight On Duration	10:30	<input type="checkbox"/>
Backlight Idle Timeout	01:00	<input type="checkbox"/>
Backlight On When Incoming Call*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Power Save Plus	Sunday Monday Tuesday	<input type="checkbox"/>
Phone On Time	00:00	<input type="checkbox"/>
Phone Off Time	24:00	<input type="checkbox"/>
Phone Off Idle Timeout*	60	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Audible Alert		<input type="checkbox"/>
EnergyWise Domain		<input type="checkbox"/>
EnergyWise Secret		<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Allow EnergyWise Overrides		<input type="checkbox"/>
Join And Direct Transfer Policy*	Same line enable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recording Tone*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recording Tone Local Volume*	100	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recording Tone Remote Volume*	50	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recording Tone Duration		<input type="checkbox"/>
Log Server		<input type="checkbox"/>
Remote Log*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Log Profile	Default Preset Telephony	<input type="checkbox"/>
IPv6 Log Server		<input type="checkbox"/>
Wi-Fi*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP): Switch Port*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Link Layer Discovery Protocol - Media Endpoint Discover (LLDP-MED): Switch Port*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>

Link Layer Discovery Protocol - Media Endpoint Discover (LLDP-MED): Switch Port*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
LLDP Asset ID	<input type="text"/>	
Energy Efficient Ethernet(EEE): Switch Port*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
LLDP Power Priority*	Unknown	
802.1x Authentication*	User Controlled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Switch Port Remote Configuration*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
SSH Access*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ring Locale*	Default	<input type="checkbox"/>
TLS Resumption Timer*	3600	<input type="checkbox"/>
FIPS Mode*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Record Call Log from Shared Line*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Minimum Ring Volume*	0-Silent	
Peer Firmware Sharing*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Load Server	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
IPv6 Load Server	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Detect Unified CM Connection Failure*	Normal	<input type="checkbox"/>
Special Requirement ID	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HTTPS Server*	http and https Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
User Credentials Persistent For Expressway Sign in*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Customer support upload URL	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Customer Support Use	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Web Admin*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Admin Password	<input type="text"/>	
WLAN SCEP Server	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
WLAN Authentication Attempts*	2	<input type="checkbox"/>
WLAN Profile 1 Prompt Mode*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Disable TLS Ciphers	None TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dedicate one line for Call Park*	Enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
Delayed PLAR*	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>

<u>Field Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
Settings Access	Indicates whether the Settings button on the phone is functional. When Settings Access is enabled, you can change the phone network configuration, ring type, and volume on the phone. When Settings Access is disabled, the Settings button is completely disabled; no options appear when you press the button. Also, you cannot adjust the ringer volume or save any volume settings. By default, Settings Access is enabled.
Gratuitous ARP	Indicates whether the phone will learn MAC addresses from Gratuitous ARP responses. Disabling the phones ability to accept Gratuitous ARP will prevent applications, which use this mechanism for monitoring and recording of voice streams from working. If monitoring capability is not desired, change this setting to Disabled.
Web Access	This parameter indicates whether the phone will accept connections from a web browser or other HTTP client. Disabling the web server functionality of the phone will block access to the phones internal web pages. These pages provide statistics and configuration information. Features, such as QRT (Quality Report Tool), will not function properly without access to the phones web pages. This setting will also affect any serviceability application such as CiscoWorks 2000 that relies on web access.
Disable TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 for	This parameter indicates to disable TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 when using https for

Web Access	web access.
Enbloc Dialing	This parameter indicates to enable enblocDialing.
Days Backlight Not Active	This field allows the user to specify the days that the display is to remain off by default. Typically this would be Saturday and Sunday for US corporate customers. Saturday and Sunday should be the default. The list contains all of the days of the week. To turn off display on Saturday and Sunday the User would hold down Control and select Saturday and Sunday.
Backlight On Time	This field indicates the time of day the backlight is to automatically turn itself on for days listed in the off schedule. The value should be in a 24 hour format. Where 0:00 is the beginning of the day and 23:59 is the end of the day. Leaving this field blank will activate the backlight at the default time of the day (e.g. - "7:30"). To set the backlight to turn on at 7:00AM the user would enter "07:00" without the quotes. To have the backlight to turn on at 2:00PM enter "14:00" without the quotes.
Backlight On Duration	This field indicates the amount of time the backlight is to be active for when it is turned on by the programmed schedule. No value indicates the end of the day. Maximum value is 24 hours. This value is in free form hours and minutes. "1:30" would activate the backlight for one hour and 30 minutes.
Backlight Idle Timeout	This field indicates how long to wait before the backlight is turned off when it was turned on by user activity. This inactivity timer will continually reset itself during user activity. Leaving this field blank will make the phone use a pre-determined default value of one hour. Maximum value is 24 hours. This value can be in free form hours and minutes. "1:30" would turn off the backlight after one hour and 30 minutes of inactivity
Backlight On When Incoming Call	This field indicates whether LCD backlight is on when there is an incoming call. If the field is set to Enabled (default), the LCD backlight will turn on (if off) when a call is received. If Disabled, the LCD backlight will not turn on when a call is received.
Enable Power Save Plus	To enable the Power Save Plus feature, select the day(s) that you want the phone to power off on schedule. You can select multiple days by pressing and holding the Control key while clicking on the days that you want Power Save Plus to operate. The default is disabled (no days selected). In Power Save Plus mode, enough power is maintained to illuminate one key. All other functions of the phone are turned off in Power Save Plus mode. Power Save Plus mode turns off the phone for the time period specified in the Phone On Time and Phone Off Time fields. This time period is usually outside of your organization's regular operating hours. The illuminated key allows a user to press it to restore full power to the phone. After pressing the illuminated key, the phone power-cycles and reregisters with Unified CM before it becomes fully operational. Power Save Plus is disabled by default. When you select day(s) in this field, the following notice displays to indicate e911 concerns. By enabling Power Save Plus, you are agreeing to the terms specified in this Notice. Notice: WHILE POWER SAVE PLUS MODE (THE "MODE") IS IN EFFECT, ENDPOINTS CONFIGURED FOR THE MODE ARE DISABLED FOR EMERGENCY CALLING AND FROM RECEIVING INBOUND CALLS. BY SELECTING THIS MODE, YOU AGREE TO THE FOLLOWING: (I) YOU ARE TAKING FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROVIDING ALTERNATE METHODS FOR EMERGENCY CALLING AND RECEIVING CALLS WHILE THE MODE IS IN EFFECT; (II) CISCO HAS NO LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR SELECTION OF THE MODE AND ALL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH ENABLING THE MODE IS YOUR

	RESPONSIBILITY; AND (III) YOU WILL FULLY INFORM USERS OF THE EFFECTS OF THE MODE ON CALLS, CALLING AND OTHERWISE.
Phone On Time	This field determines the time that the phone turns on automatically on the days that are selected in the Enable Power Save Plus list box. Enter the time in 24 hour format, where 00:00 represents midnight. For example, to automatically turn the phone on at 7:00 a.m., (0700), enter 07:00. To turn the phone on at 2:00 p.m. (1400), enter 14:00. If this field is blank, the phone automatically turns on at 00:00. The default is blank.
Phone Off Time	This field determines the time of day that the phone will turn itself off on the days that are selected in the Enable Power Save Plus list box. Enter the time in the following format hours:minutes. If this field is blank, the phone automatically turns off at midnight (00:00). The default is blank. Note: If Phone On Time is blank (or 00:00) and Phone Off Time is blank (or 24:00), the phone will remain on continuously, effectively disabling the Power Save Plus feature unless you allow EnergyWise to send overrides.
Phone Off Idle Timeout	This field represents the number of minutes that the device must be idle before the device will request the power sourcing equipment (PSE) to power down the device. The value in this field takes effect: - When the device was in Power Save Plus mode as scheduled and was taken out of Power Save Plus mode because the phone user pressed the select key - When the phone is repowered by the attached switch - When the Phone Off Time is met but the phone is in use The unit is minutes. The default is 60. The range is 20 to 1440.
Enable Audible Alert	This checkbox, when enabled, instructs the phone to play an audible alert ten minutes prior to the time specified in the field, Phone Off Time. The select key on the phone will quickly flash to visually alert the user to the impending phone state change (powering off as a result of the Power Save Plus feature). To also audibly alert the user, enable this checkbox. The default is disabled. This checkbox only applies if the Enable Power Save Plus list box has one or more days selected.
EnergyWise Domain	This field defines the EnergyWise domain in which the phone is participating. An EnergyWise domain is required by the Power Save Plus feature. If you have chosen days in the Enable Power Save Plus list box, you must also provide an EnergyWise domain. The default is blank.
EnergyWise Secret	This field defines the password (shared secret) used to communicate within the EnergyWise domain. An EnergyWise domain and secret is required by the Power Save Plus feature. If you have chosen days in the Enable Power Save Plus list box, you must also provide an EnergyWise domain and secret. The default is blank. Note: The Power Save Plus behavior is different for TNP and Roundtable devices. For TNP, the device is completely turned off, no illuminated key. For Roundtable, the power sourcing equipment (PSE) provides minimal power to illuminate the select key. The following table explains the Unified CM Administration product specific configuration fields that enable and configure Power Save Plus mode, and the help text for each field. Table: Unified CM Administration Configuration Fields for Power Save Plus Field Label Help Text
Allow EnergyWise Overrides	This checkbox determines whether you will allow the EnergyWise domain controller policy to send power level updates to the phones. A few conditions apply; first, one or more days must be selected in the Enable Power Save Plus field. If the Enable Power Save Plus list box does not have any days selected, the phone will ignore the EnergyWise directive to turn off the phone. Second, the settings in Unified CM Administration will take effect on schedule even if EnergyWise sends an override. For example, assume the Display Off Time is set

	to 22:00 (10 p.m.), the value in the Display On Time field is 06:00 (6 a.m.), and the Enable Power Save Plus has one or more days selected. If EnergyWise directs the phone to turn off at 20:00 (8 p.m.), that directive will remain in effect (assuming no phone user intervention occurs) until the configured Phone On Time at 6 a.m. At 6 a.m., the phone will turn on and resume receiving its power level changes from the settings in Unified CM Administration. To change the power level on the phone again, EnergyWise must reissue a new power level change command. Also, any user interaction will take effect so if a user presses the select softkey after EnergyWise has directed the phone to power off, the phone will power on as a result of the user action. The default is unchecked.
Join And Direct Transfer Policy	This field indicates join and direct transfer policy for same line and across line.
Recording Tone	This can be used to configure whether the recording tone is enabled or disabled on the phone. If enabled, the phone mixes the recording tone into both directions for every call.
Recording Tone Local Volume	This can be used to configure the loudness setting of the recording tone that the local party hears. This loudness setting applies regardless of the actual device used for hearing (handset, speakerphone, headset). The loudness setting should be in the range of 0% to 100%, with 0% being no tone and 100% being at the same level as the current volume setting. The default value is 100%.
Recording Tone Remote Volume	This can be used to configure the loudness setting of the recording tone that the remote party hears. The loudness setting should be in the range of 0% to 100%, with 0% being less than -66dBm and 100% being -4dBm. The default value is -10dBm or 50%.
Recording Tone Duration	Indicates the length of time in milliseconds for which the recording tone is inserted in the audio stream. The default for this parameter is set to the value in the Network locale file for this field. The valid range for this parameter is a value between 1 and 3000 milliseconds.
Log Server	Specifies an IP address and port of a remote system where log messages are sent. The format is:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:ppppp@@options. Options will be format as base=x;pfs=y; base value range is 0~7,pfs value range is 0~1.And the two parameters are optional. Absence of pfs or base,pfs will be set to the default value 0 and base will be set to the default value 7.
Remote Log	This parameter specifies where to send the log data by serviceability. If enabled, the log data will be copied by serviceability to the place specified by Log Server/IPV6 Log Server. If disabled, the log data will not be copied by serviceability to the place specified by Log Server/IPV6 Log Server.
Log Profile	Run the pre-defined debug command remotely.
IPv6 Log Server	Specifies an IPv6 address and port of a remote system where log messages are sent. The format is:[xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx:xxxx]:ppppp@@options. Options will be format as base=x;pfs=y; base value range is 0~7,pfs value range is 0~1.And the two parameters are optional. Absence of pfs or base,pfs will be set to the default value 0 and base will be set to the default value 7.
Wi-Fi	Indicates whether the Wi-Fi on the device is enabled or disabled.
Cisco Discover Protocol (CDP): Switch Port	Allows administrator to enable or disable Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) on the switch port.
Link Layer Discovery Protocol -	Allows administrator to enable or disable Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP-

Media Endpoint Discover (LLDP-MED): Switch Port	MED) on the switch port.
LLDP Asset ID	Allows administrator to set Asset ID for Link Layer Discovery Protocol.
Energy Efficient Ethernet(EEE): Switch Port	This parameter indicates enable or disable Energy Efficient Ethernet(EEE) on switch port. Default is Enable.
LLDP Power Priority	Allows administrator to set Power Priority for Link Layer Discovery Protocol.
802.1x Authentication	Specifies the 802.1x authentication feature status
Switch Port Remote Configuration	Allows remote configuration of the speed and duplex for the switch port of the phone, which overrides any manual configuration at the phone. Be aware that configuring this port may cause the phone to lose network connectivity.
SSH Access	This parameter indicates whether the phone will accept ssh connections. Disabling the ssh server functionality of the phone will block access to the phone.
Ring Locale	IP Phone has distinctive ring for On-net/Off-net or line based, but its ring cadence is fixed, and it is based on US standard only. Ring cadence in US standard is opposite to Japan standard. To support Japan ring cadence, the ring cadence should be configurable according to Ring Locale.
TLS Resumption Timer	The current TLS session to support TLS session resumption is HTTPS client. The HTTPS client sessions support configurable session resumption timer. The timer specifies the maximum session resumption time allowed. If the value is set to 0, TLS session resumption will be disabled.
FIPS Mode	This parameter specifies if the fips mode is enabled or disabled.
Record Call Log From Shared Line	This field indicates whether or not to record call log from shared line.
Minimum Ring Volume	This parameter controls the minimum ring volume on an IP phone. This value is set by the administrator, and can not be changed by an end user. The end user can increase the ring volume, but may not decrease the ring volume below the level defined. The minimum ring volume range is from 0 to 15, with 0 (silent) being the default value.
Peer Firmware Sharing	Enables or disables Peer to Peer image distribution in order to allow a single phone in a subnet to retrieve an image firmware file then distribute it to its peers – thus reducing TFTP bandwidth and providing for a faster firmware upgrade time.
Load Server	Indicates that the phone will use an alternative server to obtain firmware loads and upgrades, rather than the defined TFTP server. This option enables you to indicate a local server to be used for firmware upgrades, which can assist in reducing install times, particularly for upgrades over a WAN. Enter the hostname or the IP address (using standard IP addressing format) of the server. The indicated server must be running TFTP services and have the load file in the TFTP path. If the load file is not found, the load will not install. The phone will not be redirected to the TFTP server. If this field is left blank, the phone will use the designated TFTP server to obtain its load files and upgrades.
IPv6 Load Server	Indicates that the phone will use an alternative IPv6 server to obtain firmware loads and upgrades, rather than the defined TFTP server. This option enables you to indicate a local IPv6 server to be used for firmware upgrades, which can assist in reducing install times, particularly for upgrades over a WAN. Enter the hostname or the IPv6 address (using standard IPv6 addressing format) of the

	server. The indicated server must be running TFTP services and have the load file in the TFTP path. If the load file is not found, the load will not install. The phone will not be redirected to the TFTP server. If this field is left blank, the phone will use the designated TFTP server to obtain its load files and upgrades.
Detect Unified CM Connection Failure	This field determines the sensitivity that the phone has for detecting a connection failure to Cisco Unified Communications Manager (Unified CM), which is the first step before device failover to a backup Unified CM/SRST occurs. Valid values specify Normal (detection of a Unified CM connection failure occurs at the standard system rate) or Delayed (detection of a Unified CM connection failover occurs approximately four times slower than Normal). For faster recognition of a Unified CM connection failure, choose Normal. If you prefer failover to be delayed slightly to give the connection the opportunity to reestablish, choose Delayed. Note that the precise time difference between Normal and Delayed connection failure detection depends on many variables that are constantly changing. This only applies to the wired Ethernet connection. Default = Normal
Special Requirement ID	This parameter is for some special ES load for some customers. The implementation will take effect if the corresponding ID is configured.
HTTPS Server	Allows Administrator to permit http and https or https only connections if Web Access is enabled.
User Credentials Persistent for Expressway Sign in	This parameter enables phone to persistently store user credentials used for authentication with Expressway Sign in.
Customer support upload URL	This URL is used to upload problem report files when the user has run the "Problem Report Tool" on the endpoint.
Web Admin	This field controls the accessibility of the Web Admin interface, which operates independently from the 'Web Access' parameter. If disabled then the Web Admin interface is not available. If enabled then Web Admin interface is available.
Admin Password	Specifies the password to access the phone's Web Admin interface. Enter a 8-127 character password.
WLAN SCEP Server	Indicates the SCEP Server the phone will use to obtain certificates for WLAN authentication. Enter the hostname or the IP address (using standard IP addressing format) of the server.
WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)	Indicates the SHA256 or SHA1 fingerprint of the Root CA to use for validation during the SCEP process when issuing certificates for WLAN authentication. It is recommended to utilize the SHA256 fingerprint, which can be obtained via OpenSSL (i.e. openssl x509 -in rootca.cer -noout -sha256 -fingerprint) or using a Web Browser to inspect the certificate details. Enter the 64 hexadecimal character value for the SHA256 fingerprint or the 40 hexadecimal character value for the SHA1 fingerprint with a common separator (colon, dash, period, space) or without a separator. If using a separator, then the separator should be consistently placed after every 2, 4, 8, 16, or 32 hexadecimal characters for a SHA256 fingerprint or every 2, 4, or 8 hexadecimal characters for a SHA1 fingerprint.
WLAN Authentication Attempts	This parameter specifies the number of authentication attempts when there is explicit failure due to invalid credentials.
WLAN Profile 1 Prompt Mode	This parameter enables or disables WLAN prompt mode, where user is prompted to re-enter password on device start up or reboot.

Disable TLS Ciphers	This parameter is used to disable TLS cipher list, the default value is None, and you can choose one or use “CTRL” choose several ciphers from the list, if you choose all of the ciphers, phone TLS service will be impacted.
Dedicate one line for Call Park	This parameter allows the administrator to control if a parked call occupies a line.
Delayed PLAR	This parameter helps the administrator to control if PLAR call can be made directly after off-hook or it can be delayed to be dialed after the default timer of 15 seconds. If it is disabled, the PLAR call is placed directly after off-hook. If it is enabled, a timer (default 15 seconds) begins after off-hook. o If the user inputs some digits before the timer expires, the call to the dialed number is made. o If no digit is input, then the PLAR call is made after the timer expires. Note: The timer is configurable through the parameter “Off Hook To First Digit Timer” under Device -> Device Settings -> SIP Profile. The value ranges from 0 - 150,000 microseconds. Default value is 15,000 microseconds.

XML Syntax

To configure product specific configuration options for the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 with Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express, add the necessary options under **telephony-service**.

Service phone <module> <value>

<u>Field Name</u>	<u>Module</u>	<u>Value</u>
Settings Access	settingsAccess	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled 2 = Restricted
Gratuitous ARP	garp	0 = Enabled 1 = Disabled
Web Access	webAccess	0 = Enabled 1 = Disabled
Disable TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 for Web Access	tls12Only	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Enbloc Dialing	useEnblocDialing	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Days Backlight Not Active	daysDisplayNotActive	1 = Sunday 2 = Monday 3 = Tuesday 4 = Wednesday 5 = Thursday

		6 = Friday 7 = Saturday
Backlight On Time	displayOnTime	Time in 24 hour format (Default = 07:30)
Backlight On Duration	displayOnDuration	Time in 24 hour format (Default = 10:30)
Backlight Idle Timeout	displayIdleTimeout	Time in 24 hour format (Default = 01:00)
Backlight On When Incoming Call	displayOnWhenIncomingCall	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Enable Power Save Plus	enablePowerSavePlus	1 = Sunday 2 = Monday 3 = Tuesday 4 = Wednesday 5 = Thursday 6 = Friday 7 = Saturday
Phone On Time	phoneOnTime	Time in 24 hour format (Default = 00:00)
Phone Off Time	phoneOffTime	Time in 24 hour format (Default = 24:00)
Phone Off Idle Timeout	phoneOffIdleTimeout	20-1440 (Default = 60)
Enable Audible Alert	enableAudibleAlert	false = Disabled true = Enabled
EnergyWise Domain	energyWiseDomain	Up to 127 character string
EnergyWise Secret	energyWiseSecret	Up to 127 character string
Allow EnergyWise Overrides	allowEnergyWiseOverrides	false = Disabled true = Enabled
Join and Direct Transfer Policy	joinAndDirectTransferPolicy	0 = Same line, across line enable 1 = Same line enable only 2 = Same line, across line enable
Recording Tone	recordingTone	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled

Recording Tone Local Volume	recordingToneLocalVolume	0-100 (Default = 100)
Recording Tone Remote Volume	recordingToneRemoteVolume	0-100 (Default = 50)
Recording Tone Duration	recordingToneDuration	1-3000
Log Server	logServer	Up to 256 character string
Remote Log	remoteLog	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Log Profile	logProfile	0 = Default 1 = Preset 2 = Telephony 3 = SIP 4 = UI 5 = Network 6 = Media 7 = Upgrade 8 = Accessory 9 = Security 12 = Energywise 13 = MobileRemoteAccess
IPv6 Log Server	ipv6LogServer	Up to 256 character string
Wi-Fi	wifi	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Cisco Discover Protocol (CDP): Switch Port	enableCdpSwPort	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Link Layer Discovery Protocol - Media Endpoint Discover (LLDP-MED): Switch Port	enableLldpSwPort	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
LLDP Asset ID	lldpAssetId	Up to 32 character string
Energy Efficient Ethernet(EEE): Switch Port	EnableEEESwPort	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
LLDP Power Priority	powerPriority	0 = Unknown 1 = Low

		2 = High 3 = Critical
802.1x Authentication	eapAuthentication	0 = User Controlled 1 = Disabled 2 = Enabled
Switch Port Remote Configuration	SWRemoteConfig	0 = Disabled 1 = Auto Negotiate 2 = 10 Half 3 = 10 Full 4 = 100 Half 5 = 100 Full 6 = 1000 Full
SSH Access	sshAccess	0 = Enabled 1 = Disabled
Ring Locale	RingLocale	0 = Default 1 = Japan
TLS Resumption Timer	TLSResumptionTimer	0-3600 (Default = 3600)
FIPS Mode	fipsMode	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Record Call Log From Shared Line	logCallFromSharedLine	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Minimum Ring Volume	minimumRingVolume	0 = Silent 1 = Volume Level 1 2 = Volume Level 2 3 = Volume Level 3 4 = Volume Level 4 5 = Volume Level 5 6 = Volume Level 6 7 = Volume Level 7 8 = Volume Level 8 9 = Volume Level 9 10 = Volume Level 10 11 = Volume Level 11 12 = Volume Level 12 13 = Volume Level 13 14 = Volume Level 14 15 = Volume Level 15

Peer Firmware Sharing	peerFirmwareSharing	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Load Server	loadServer	Up to 256 character string
IPv6 Load Server	ipv6LoadServer	Up to 256 character string
Detect Unified CM Connection Failure	detectCMConnectionFailure	0 = Normal 1 = Delayed
Special Requirement ID	specialReqID	Up to 256 character string
HTTPS Server	webProtocol	0 = http and https Enabled 1 = https only
User Credentials Persistent for Expressway Sign in	PasswordPersistenceForCollaborationEdge	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Customer support upload URL	problemReportUploadURL	Up to 256 character string
Web Admin	webAdmin	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Admin Password	adminPassword	8 to 127 character string
WLAN SCEP Server	wlanScepServer	Up to 256 character string
WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)	wlanRootCaFingerprint	Up to 95 character string
WLAN Authentication Attempts	wlanAuthAttempts	1 = 1 2 = 2 3 = 3
WLAN Profile 1 Prompt Mode	promptMode1	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
Disable TLS Ciphers	disableTLSCiphers	0 = None 1 = TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA 2 = TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA 3 = TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA 4 = TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 5 = TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

		6 = TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 7 = TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
Dedicate one line for Call Park	callParkMonitor	1 = Enabled 0 = Disabled
Delayed PLAR	delayedPLAR	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled

Note: If wanting to keep the admin password or secure shell password enabled long-term, then should utilize a secure profile with TFTP encryption enabled.

For more information on these features, see the **Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Administration Guide** or the Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Release Notes.

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-maintenance-guides-list.html>

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-release-notes-list.html>

Configuring the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832

Wi-Fi Profile Configuration

To configure the Wi-Fi settings on the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832, either use an Ethernet network to connect to a Cisco Unified Communications Manager or use the local user interface and keypad.

Automatic Provisioning

For automatic provisioning of the Wi-Fi Profiles, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 needs to be connected to a network via Ethernet or via Wi-Fi, which has connectivity to the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

With connectivity to a Cisco Unified Communications Manager 10.0 or later, Wi-Fi profile configuration data can be downloaded and applied to the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Cisco Unified Communications Manager 11.0 or later is required if wanting to download and apply a Wi-Fi profile including EAP-TLS authentication.

For more information, see the **Cisco Unified Communications Manager > Wireless LAN Profiles** section.

Certificates can also be automatically installed utilizing a network connection.

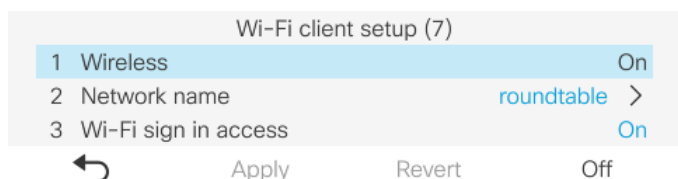
For more information, see the **Simplified Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP)** section.

Note: Prior to connecting Ethernet for automatic provisioning, power the phone up with a wall power supply connected, and ensure that **Wireless** is set to **On** (default = **Off**).

Local User Interface

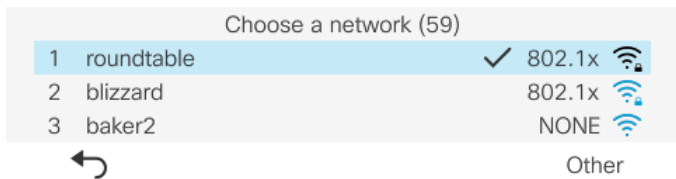
Use the following guidelines to configure the Wi-Fi Profiles via the local keypad.

- Navigate to **Settings > Admin settings > Network setup > Wi-Fi client setup**.
- Ensure that **Wireless** is set to **On** (default = **Off**).
Ensure **Wi-Fi** is enabled.
If there is an active Ethernet connection, then **Wi-Fi** will be disabled and Ethernet must be disconnected before **Wi-Fi** can be enabled.
- Wi-Fi sign in access** can be set to **On** to enable shortcut access in the Applications menu in order to update the username or password if using 802.1x authentication.
- Wi-Fi sign in access** must be set to **On** in order for the phone to prompt the user to enter the password when **WLAN Profile 1 Prompt Mode** is **Enabled** or to prompt the user to enter the password when there are authentication failures using the configured **WLAN Authentication Attempts** setting.

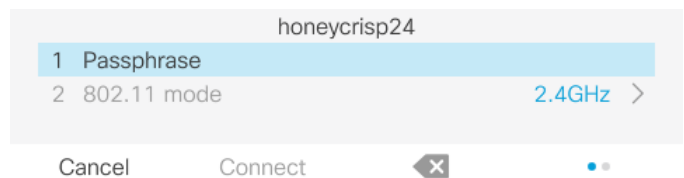
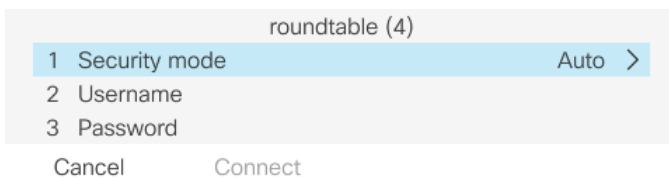


Wi-Fi Profile Configuration Wizard

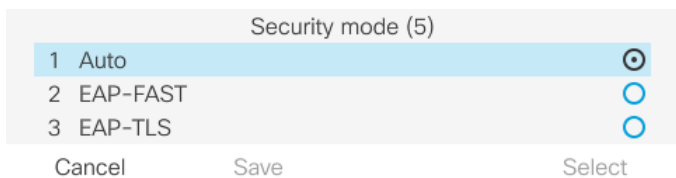
- If the SSID is broadcasted, then can utilize the Wi-Fi profile configuration wizard by selecting **Settings > Admin settings > Network setup > Wi-Fi client setup > Network name**.



- The **Security mode** and **802.11 mode** will be learned automatically, which is determined based on the SSID's configuration.
- Enter the additional credentials depending on the security mode selected.
- If the SSID is enabled either on 5 GHz only or on 2.4 GHz only, then **802.11 mode** will not be configurable.



- If the SSID is 802.1x enabled, then the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will dynamically select the EAP type if set to **Auto**, which is determined based on the RADIUS server's configuration.



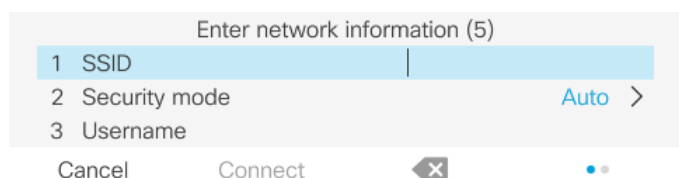
- Select **Connect** once the configuration has been completed.



Manual Wi-Fi Profile Configuration

- Enter **Applications > Admin settings > Network setup > Wi-Fi client setup > Network name**, then select **Other**.

Select **Connect** after making the necessary changes or **Cancel** to discard the changes.



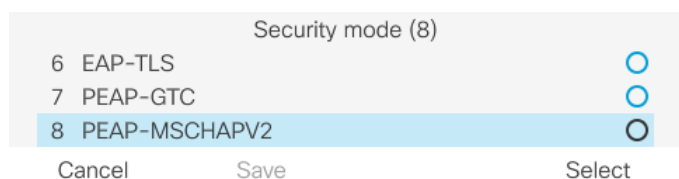
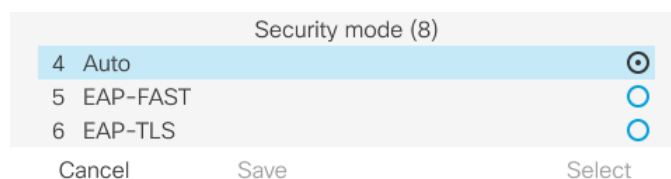
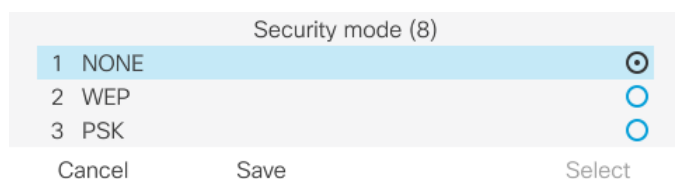
- Below lists the available security modes supported and the key management and encryption types that can be used for each mode.

The key management and encryption type (cipher) will be auto-configured based on the access point's current configuration, where precedence is giving to the strongest key management type enabled (e.g. WPA2) then the strongest cipher enabled (e.g. AES).

Security Mode	802.1x Type	Key Management	Encryption
None	N/A	None	None
WEP	N/A	Static	WEP
PSK	N/A	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
EAP-FAST	EAP-FAST	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
EAP-TLS	EAP-TLS	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
PEAP-GTC	PEAP-GTC	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP
PEAP-MSCHAPv2	PEAP-MSCHAPv2	WPA2, WPA	AES, TKIP

- If wanting to configure a wireless network profile without security (open security), then simply enter the **SSID** and select **None** for the security type.

Select **Connect** after making the necessary changes.

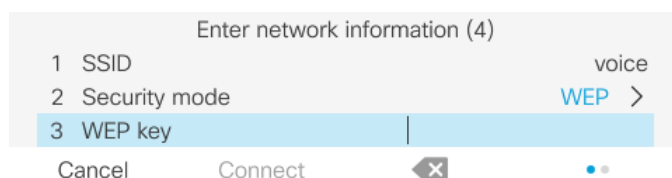
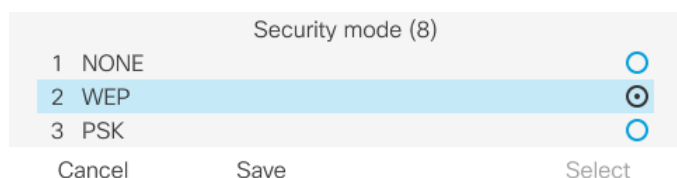


- If selecting **WEP** as the security mode, then a static WEP key (password) must be entered.

Only key index 1 is supported, so will want to ensure that only key index 1 is configured on the access point.

Select **Connect** after making the necessary changes.

Key Style	Key Size	Characters
ASCII	40/64 bit	5
ASCII	104/128 bit	13
HEX	40/64 bit	10 (0-9, A-F)
HEX	104/128 bit	26 (0-9, A-F)

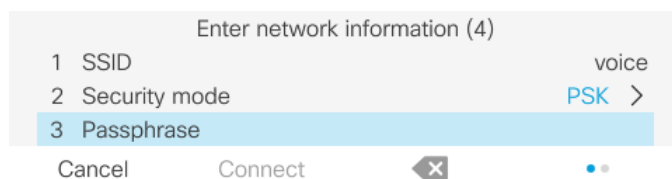


- If selecting **PSK** as the security mode, then a Pre-Shared Key (passphrase) must be configured.

Enter the ASCII or hexadecimal formatted password.

Select **Connect** after making the necessary changes.

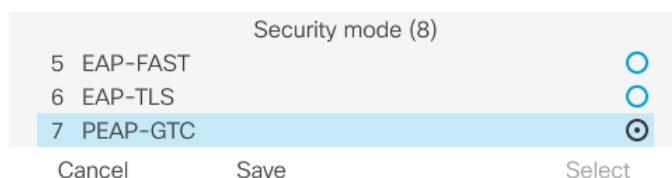
Key Style	Characters
ASCII	8-63
HEX	64 (0-9,A-F)

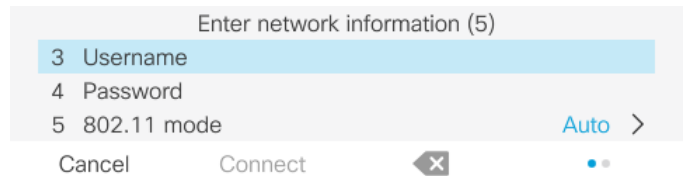
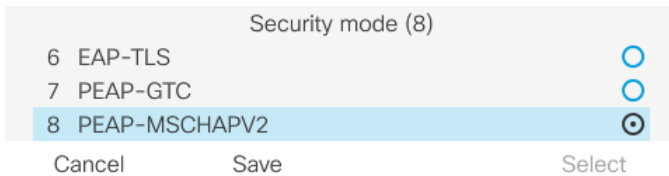


- If selecting EAP-FAST, PEAP-GTC, or PEAP-MSCHAPv2 as the security mode, then a username and password must be configured.

Select **Connect** after making the necessary changes.

- The root CA certificate of the CA chain that issues the RADIUS server certificates can optionally be installed either via SCEP or manually via the admin webpage if wanting to enable server validation for PEAP-GTC or PEAP-MSCHAPV2. Server validation is automatically enabled once a server certificate is installed.



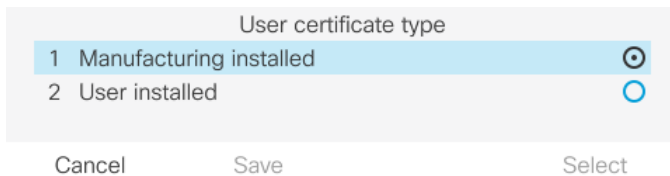
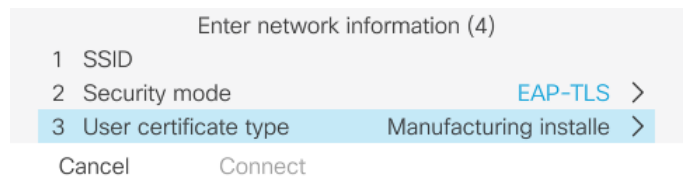
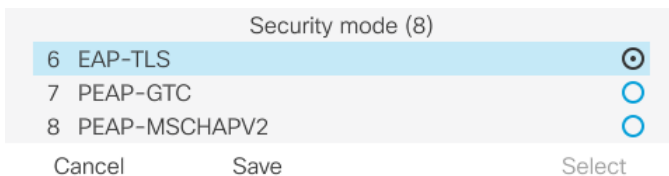


- If selecting EAP-TLS as the security mode, then must configure the type of user certificate to use.

If **User installed** is selected, then will need to have a user certificate installed either manually via the admin webpage or via SCEP.

Select **Connect** after making the necessary changes.

- The root CA certificate of the CA chain that issues the RADIUS server certificates must be installed to enable server validation when using EAP-TLS. Server validation is automatically enabled once a server certificate is installed.



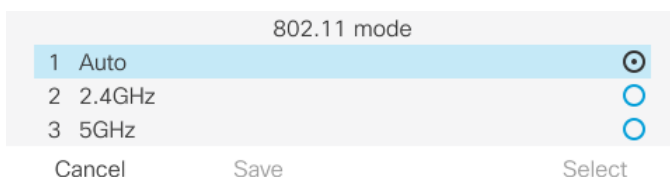
- Select one of the following 802.11 modes to set the frequency band, then **Save**.

- Auto
- 2.4 GHz
- 5 GHz

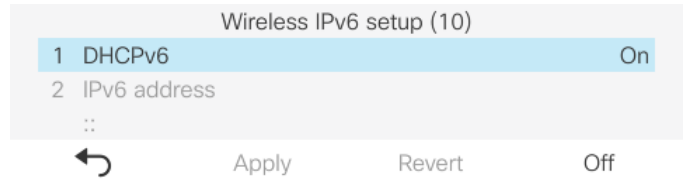
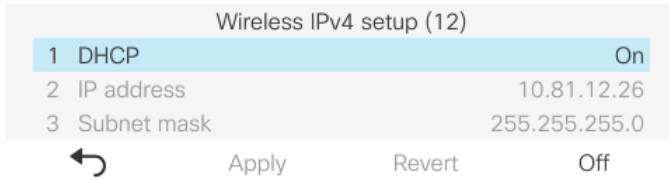
Auto mode will scan both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz channels and attempt to associate to the access point with the strongest signal.

2.4 GHz mode will only scan 2.4 GHz channels and **5 GHz** mode will only scan 5 GHz channels, then will attempt to associate to an available access point.

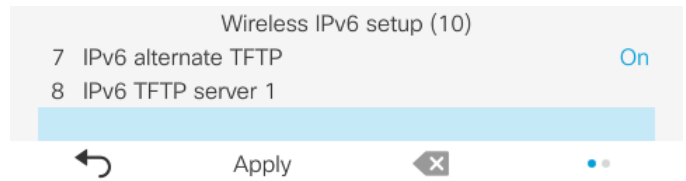
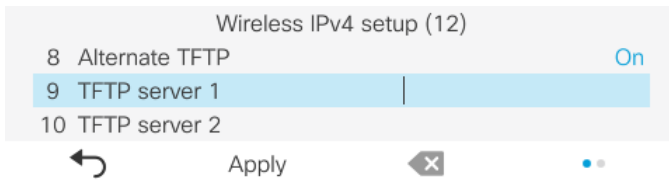
It is recommended to set the frequency band on the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 to 5 GHz when wanting to utilize the 5 GHz frequency band only, which prevents scanning and potentially roaming to the 2.4 GHz frequency band.



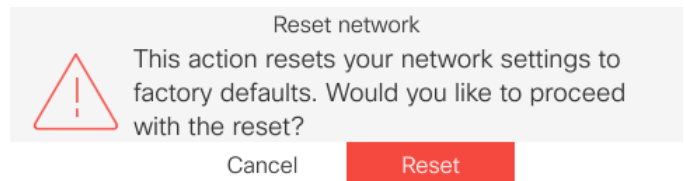
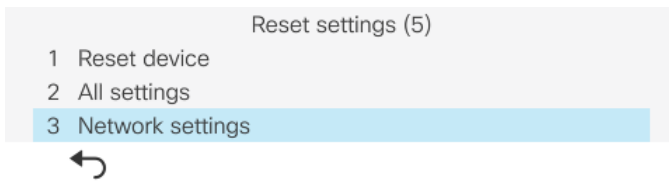
- In the **IPv4 setup** or **IPv6 setup**, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) or static IP settings can be configured. Select **Apply** after making the necessary changes or **Revert** to discard the changes.



- If option 150 or 66 is not configured to provide the TFTP Server's IP address via the network's DHCP scope, then set **Alternate TFTP** to **On** and enter the IP address for the TFTP Server.
Select **Apply** after making the necessary changes or **Revert** to discard the changes.



- The current network settings can be cleared by selecting **Settings > Admin settings > Reset settings > Network settings**.



Note: The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 only supports a single wireless LAN profile.

802.11r (FT) or CCKM will be negotiated if enabled on the access point when using EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS, PEAP-GTC, or PEAP-MSCHAPv2, where preference is given to 802.11r (FT).

The access point must support AES (CCMP128) as TKIP can only be used as the broadcast/multicast cipher.

WPA3 is not supported.

802.1x-SHA2 key management is not supported.

CCMP256, GCMP128, and GCMP256 encryption ciphers are not supported.

WEP128 is listed as WEP104 on the Cisco Wireless LAN Controllers.

For more information, refer to the **Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Administration Guide** at this URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-maintenance-guides-list.html>

Certificate Management

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can utilize X.509 digital certificates for EAP-TLS or to enable Server Validation when using PEAP-GTC or PEAP-MSCHAPV2.

A User Certificate can be installed either automatically via Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) or manually via the phone's admin webpage interface (<https://x.x.x.x:8443>).

A Server Certificate can be installed either automatically via Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) or manually via the phone's admin webpage interface (<https://x.x.x.x:8443>).

Only 1 certificate per certificate type is allowed; 1 User Certificate and 1 Server Certificate (either via SCEP or manual method).

Once a certificate is installed, Server Validation is automatically enabled if configured for EAP-TLS, PEAP-GTC, or PEAP-MSCHAPV2.

Microsoft® Certificate Authority (CA) servers are recommended. Other CA server types may not be completely interoperable with the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832.

Both DER and Base-64 (PEM) encoding are acceptable for the client and server certificates.

Certificates with a key size of 1024, 2048, and 4096 are supported.

Ensure the client and server certificates are signed using either the SHA-1 or SHA-2 algorithm, as the SHA-3 signature algorithms are not supported.

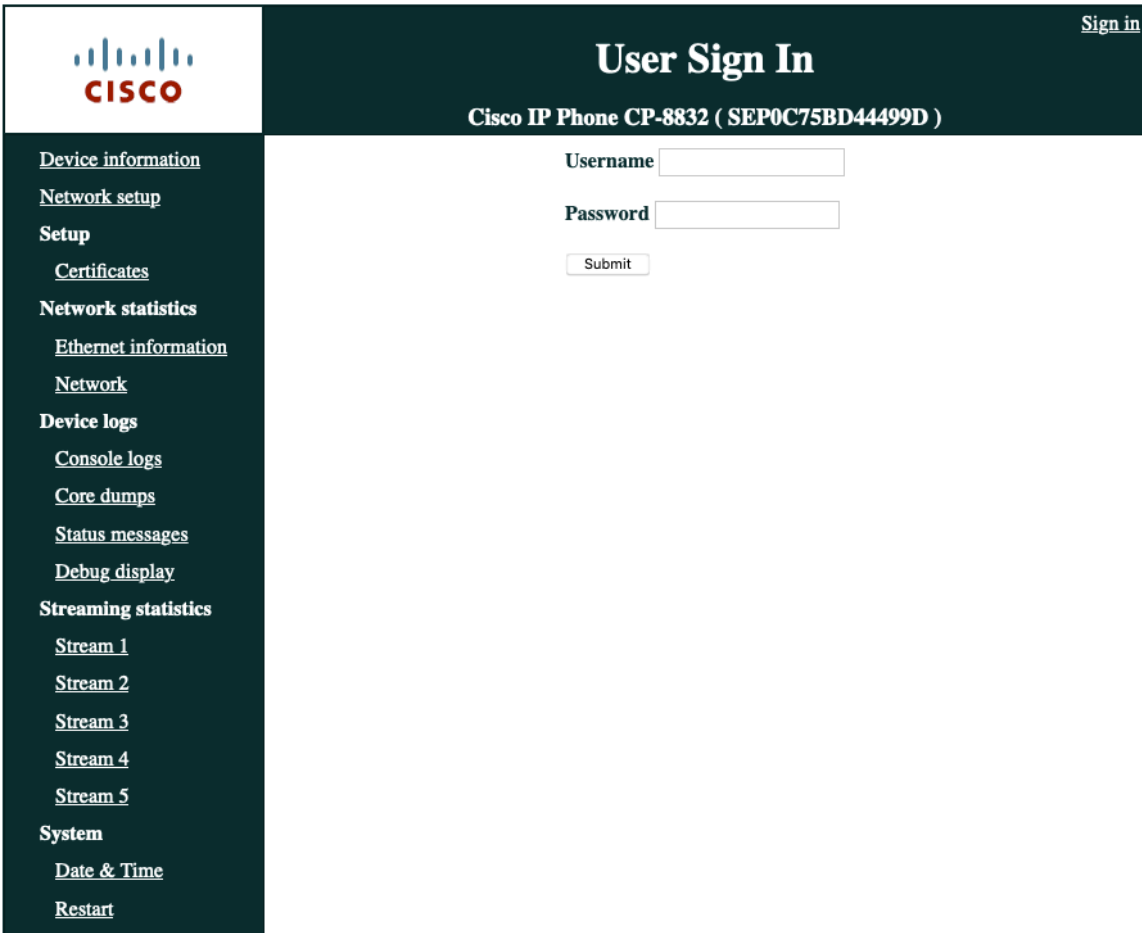
Ensure Client Authentication is listed in the Enhanced Key Usage section of the user certificate details.

Manual Installation

For out of box (factory reset) manual installation, the admin webpage interface is **Enabled**, the username is fixed to **admin**, and the password is temporarily set to **Cisco**.

The temporary password will no longer be available once the phone registers.

The admin webpage interface will be **Disabled** on the phone once it registers regardless if it contains support for the **Web Admin** and **Admin Password** options.



The image shows the Cisco IP Phone User Sign In page. The header includes the Cisco logo and the title "User Sign In" for device "Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)". A "Sign in" link is in the top right. A left sidebar lists navigation options: Device information, Network setup, Setup (Certificates), Network statistics (Ethernet information, Network), Device logs (Console logs, Core dumps, Status messages, Debug display), Streaming statistics (Stream 1-5), and System (Date & Time, Restart). The main content area contains a "Username" field, a "Password" field, and a "Submit" button.

Once the phone has registered to CUCM, set **Web Admin** to **Enabled** in CUCM to enable the admin webpage interface. Then configure **Admin Password** by specifying a 8-127 character string.

If wanting to keep the admin webpage interface access enabled long-term, then should utilize a secure profile with TFTP encryption enabled.



A snippet of the configuration page showing "Web Admin*" set to "Enabled" and "Admin Password" masked with dots.

For out of box (factory reset), will need to ensure the date and time is configured correctly.

Can set the **Date & Time** by syncing to the local machine or setting the **Date & Time** manually.



The image shows the Cisco IP Phone Date & Time Settings page. The header includes the Cisco logo and the title "Date & Time Settings" for device "Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)". A "Signed in as admin, Sign out" link is in the top right. A left sidebar lists navigation options: Device information, Network setup, Setup (Certificates). The main content area shows "Current Phone Date & Time" as "September 25, 2023 19:43:01". A red note states: "Note: Phone Date & Time may change when phone registered with Cisco Unified Communications Manager". Below are two options: "Local Date & Time" (set to "September 25, 2023 19:43:34") with a "Set Phone to Local Date & Time" button, and "Specify Date & Time" with dropdowns for month, day, year, hour, minute, and second, and a "Set Phone to Specific Date & Time" button.

Can utilize either the internal Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC) or a custom User Installed certificate to be used as the User Certificate for EAP-TLS.

Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC)

The pre-installed Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC) can be used as the **User Certificate** for **EAP-TLS**.

The MIC's CA chain must be exported and added to the RADIUS server's trust list if wanting to use the **MIC** as the **User Certificate** for **EAP-TLS**.

Click **Export** to download the root and sub CA certificates from the admin webpage interface.

Cisco		Certificates				Signed in as admin, Sign out	
		Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)					
Device information	Type	Common name	Issuer name	Valid from	Valid to		
Network setup	Manufacturing issued	CN=CP-8832-SEP0C75BD44499D, O=Cisco Systems Inc., OU=CTG, serialNumber=PID:C P-8832 SN:FCH2342EPVX	CN=Cisco Manufacturing CA SHA2, O=Cisco	10/05/2019 19:30:27	10/12/2037 18:00:17		
Setup	Manufacturing CA	CN=Cisco Manufacturing CA SHA2, O=Cisco	CN=Cisco Root CA M2, O=Cisco	11/12/2012 08:50:00	11/12/2037 08:00:00	<input type="button" value="Export"/>	
Certificates	Manufacturing root CA	CN=Cisco Root CA M2, O=Cisco	CN=Cisco Root CA M2, O=Cisco	11/12/2012 08:00:00	11/12/2037 08:00:00	<input type="button" value="Export"/>	
Network statistics	User installed	<Not installed>	<Not installed>			<input type="button" value="Install"/>	
Ethernet information	Authentication server CA	<Not installed>	<Not installed>			<input type="button" value="Install"/>	
Network							

User Installed Certificate

To manually install a user certificate for **EAP-TLS**, select **Install** for **User Installed** on the main certificates webpage.

Select **Browse** to point to the user certificate in **PKCS #12** format (.p12 or .pfx).

Enter the **Extract password**, then select **Upload**.

Ensure the CA chain that issued the user certificate is added to the RADIUS server's trust list.

Signed in as admin, [Sign out](#)

Certificates

Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)

Select file (.p12 or .pfx) to upload: No file selected.

Extract password:

Will need to restart the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 after all certificates are installed.

Signed in as admin, [Sign out](#)

Certificates

Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)

User installed certificate has been updated.

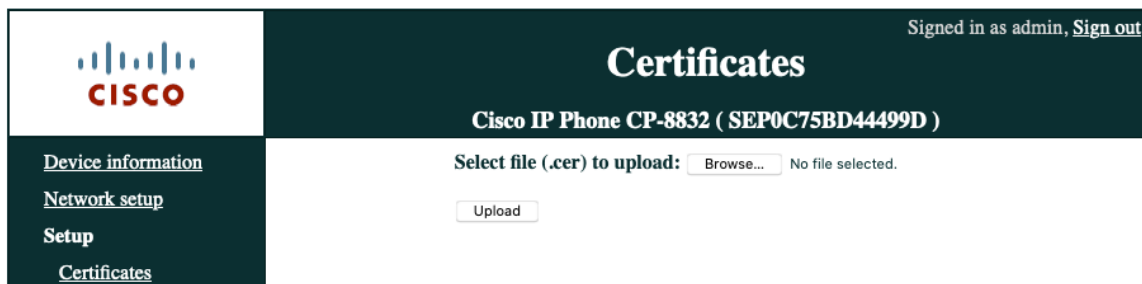
Phone will use the new certificate after reboot. You can restart the phone with:

"System/Restart"

Server Certificate

The root CA certificate that issued the RADIUS server's certificate must be installed for **EAP-TLS** or to enable **Server Validation** for **PEAP-GTC** or **PEAP-MSCHAPV2**.

To manually install a server certificate, select **Install** for **Authentication Server CA** on the main certificates webpage. Select **Browse** to point to the server certificate with **PEM (Base-64)** or **DER** encoding.



Will need to restart the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 after all certificates are installed.



Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP)

SCEP is the standard for automatically provisioning and renewing certificates avoiding manual installation and re-installation of certificates on clients.

A Cisco IOS Registration Agent (RA) (e.g. Cisco IOS router) can serve as a proxy (e.g. SCEP RA) to the SCEP enabled CA that is to issue certificates.

Need to ensure that the same CA chain is used for issuing certificates to the phones as well as for the RADIUS servers; otherwise server validation could fail.

For initial certificate enrollment via SCEP, the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 needs to be connected to an Ethernet network which has connectivity to the Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 utilizes the following parameters defined in Cisco Unified Communications Manager for SCEP requests.

The **WLAN SCEP Server** must be configured to include either the IP address or hostname of the SCEP RA.

The **WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)** must be configured to include the fingerprint of the CA that issuing the certificates. If the issuing CA in which the SCEP RA is enrolled to is a subordinate CA, then enter its fingerprint and not the fingerprint of the root CA. The defined fingerprint is used to validate the received certificate.

Removing these parameters will disable SCEP.

WLAN SCEP Server	10.195.19.65	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)	81512B4316429092925C6891701B374EBD254447	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then sends a SCEP enroll request to the SCEP RA including the phone's Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC) as the Proof of Identity (POI).

The SCEP RA validates the phone's MIC using the certificate of the subordinate CA that issued the phone's MIC, then passes it to the RADIUS server for further device authentication.

The RADIUS server validates the device and sends a response to the SCEP RA.

The SCEP RA then forwards the enroll request to the CA if RADIUS authentication was successful.

The SCEP RA receives the user certificate from the CA and sends it to the phone after it receives a poll request from the phone.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will periodically check the user and server certificate expiration periods.

Certificate renewal will occur every 24 hours until successful when the expiration date is within 50 days.

If the CA certificate used to define the **WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)** has expired, then the phone will send a SCEP getca request for a new CA certificate, but the admin would need to update the fingerprint in the phone's configuration within Cisco Unified Communication Manager to match the new CA certificate prior so it can be successfully validated. The old CA certificate will then be removed if the new one is successfully received from the CA.

If the user certificate has expired, the phone will send a new SCEP enroll request to update the user certificate. The old user certificate will then be removed if a new user certificate is successfully received from the CA.

If the **WLAN SCEP Server** or **WLAN Root CA Fingerprint (SHA256 or SHA1)** has been modified, then the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will attempt to update the CA and user certs immediately.

Certificate Authority (CA) Configuration

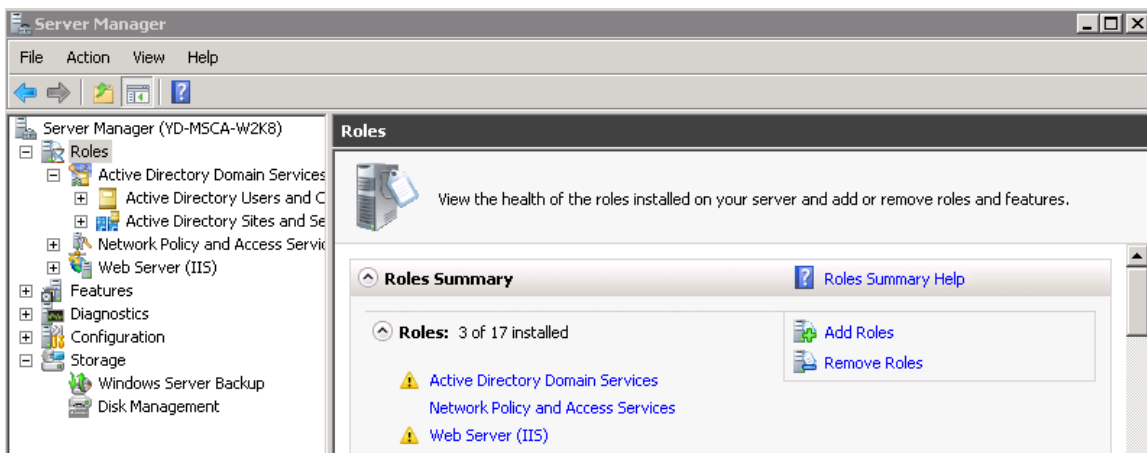
Is recommended to use Microsoft® Certificate Authority (CA) servers.

Use the following guidelines to configure the Microsoft CA.

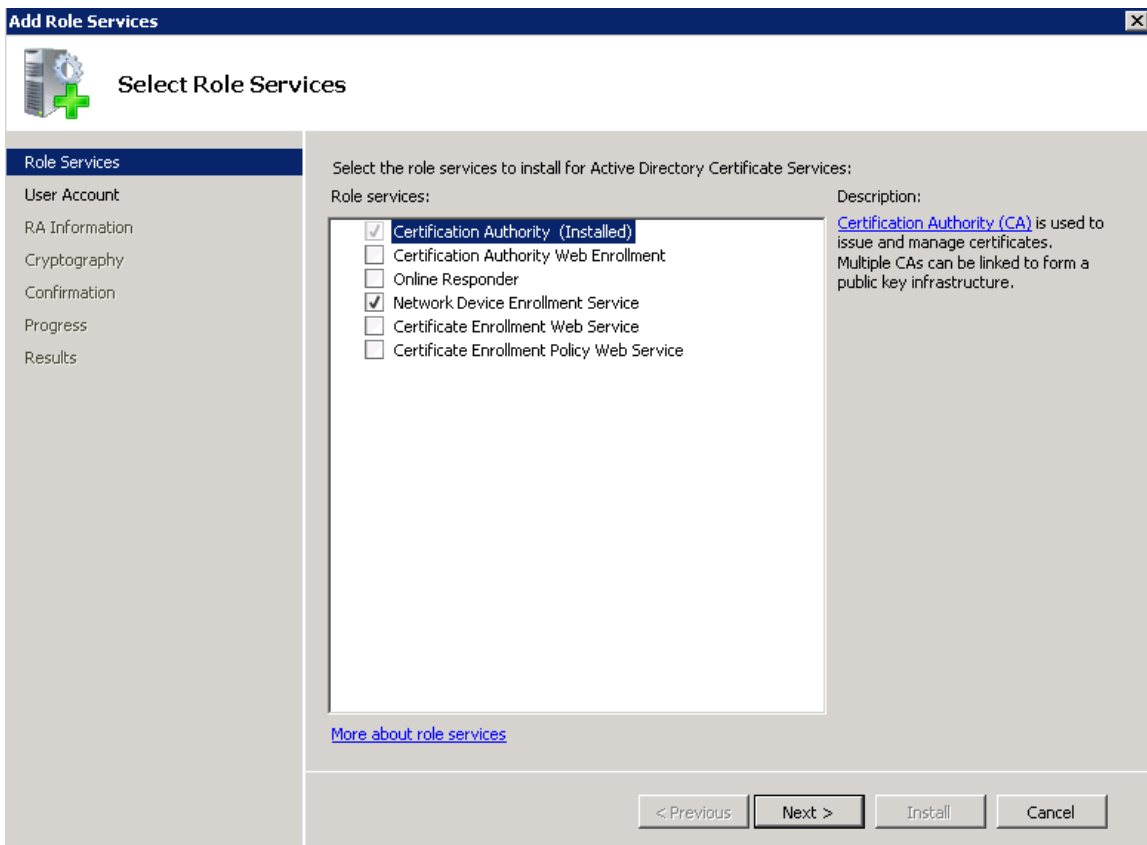
- Create Certificate Authority and Active Directory Domain Service on Microsoft Windows server.
- Enable Network Device Enrollment Service.

- Make **Administrator** a member of **IIS_IUSERS** group by going to **MemberOf** tab of user property screen.

- Launch **Server Manager**, then click **Add roles**.

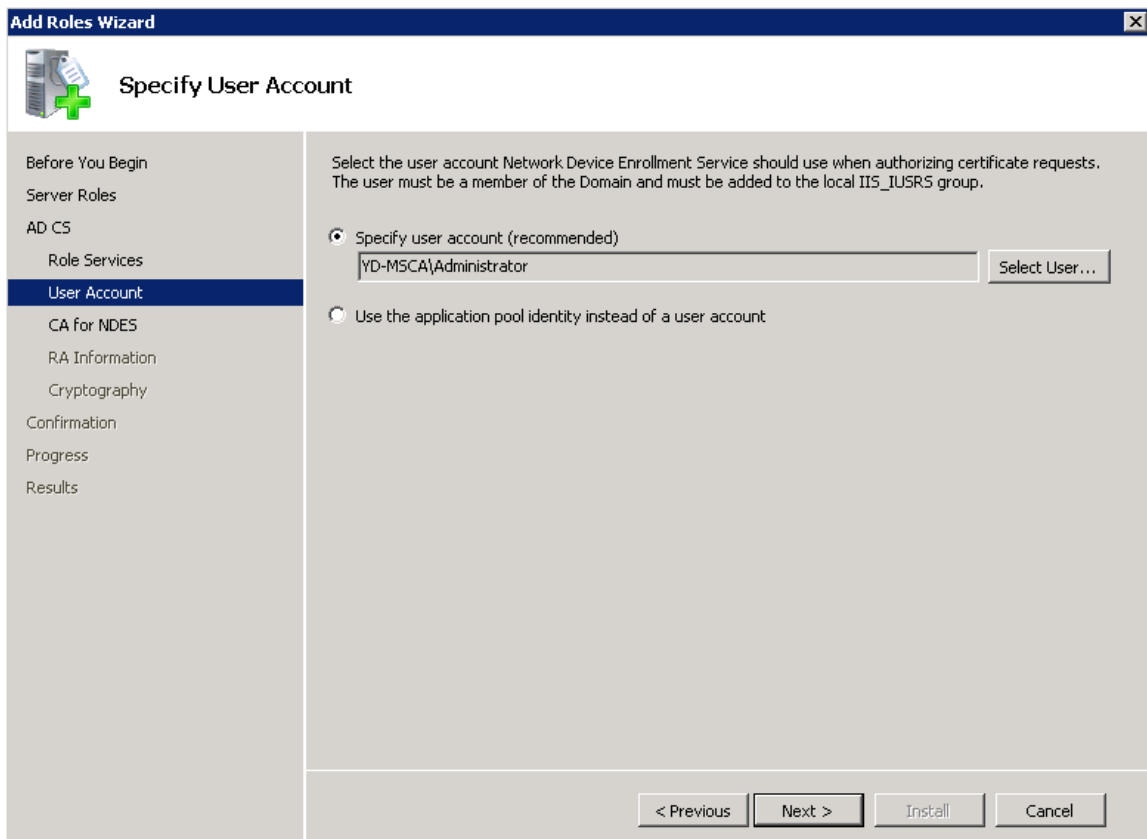


- On the **Select Server Role** page, select the **Active Directory Certificate Services** role, then click **Next**.
- Add the **Network Device Enrollment Service** role service.
- In the **Add Roles Wizard**, on the **Select Role Services** page, select the **Network Device Enrollment Service** check box, then click **Next**.

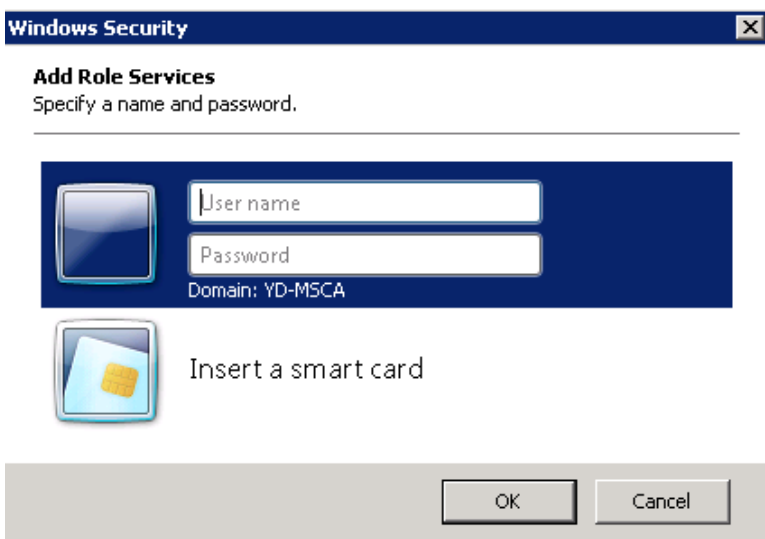


- The wizard will detect whether all the required dependencies are installed. If any dependencies are missing, you will be prompted with a dialog box explaining what is missing and requesting your permission to install the dependencies. Click **Yes** to continue the installation.

- Click **User Account** under **Role Services** and then click **Select User...**




- Type in **Administrator** as the user name, then enter the password.



- Enter the Registration Authority information.

Add Role Services [X]

 **Specify Registration Authority Information**

Role Services
User Account
RA Information
Cryptography
Confirmation
Progress
Results

A registration authority will be set up to manage Network Device Enrollment Service certificate requests. Enter the requested information to enroll for an RA certificate.

Required Information

RA Name:

Country/Region:

Optional Information

E-mail:

Company:

Department:


City:

State/Province:

< Previous Next > Install Cancel

- Select **Microsoft Strong Cryptographic Provider** for **Signature Key CSP** and **Encryption key CSP**.
- Select **2048** for **Key character length**.

Add Role Services X

 **Configure Cryptography for Registration Authority**

Role Services

User Account

RA Information

Cryptography

Confirmation

Progress

Results

To configure cryptography, you have to select cryptographic service providers and key lengths for the signature key and the encryption key used to sign and encrypt communications between the device and the CA.

Signature key is used to avoid repetition of communication between the CA and the RA.

Signature key CSP: Key character length:


Encryption key is used for secure communication between the RA and the network device.

Encryption key CSP: Key character length:

[More about signature and encryption keys](#)

- Select **Install**.

Add Role Services X

 **Confirm Installation Selections**

Role Services

User Account

RA Information


Cryptography


Confirmation


Progress

Results

To install the following roles, role services, or features, click Install.

 1 informational message below

 This server might need to be restarted after the installation completes.

 **Active Directory Certificate Services**

Network Device Enrollment Service

Account : YD-MSCA\Administrator

RA Information:

 Name : YD-MSCA-W2K8-MSCEP-RA

 Country : US

 Email : <None>

 Company : <None>

 Department : <None>

 City : <None>

 State : <None>

Signature Key CSP : Microsoft Strong Cryptographic Provider

Signature Key Length : 2048

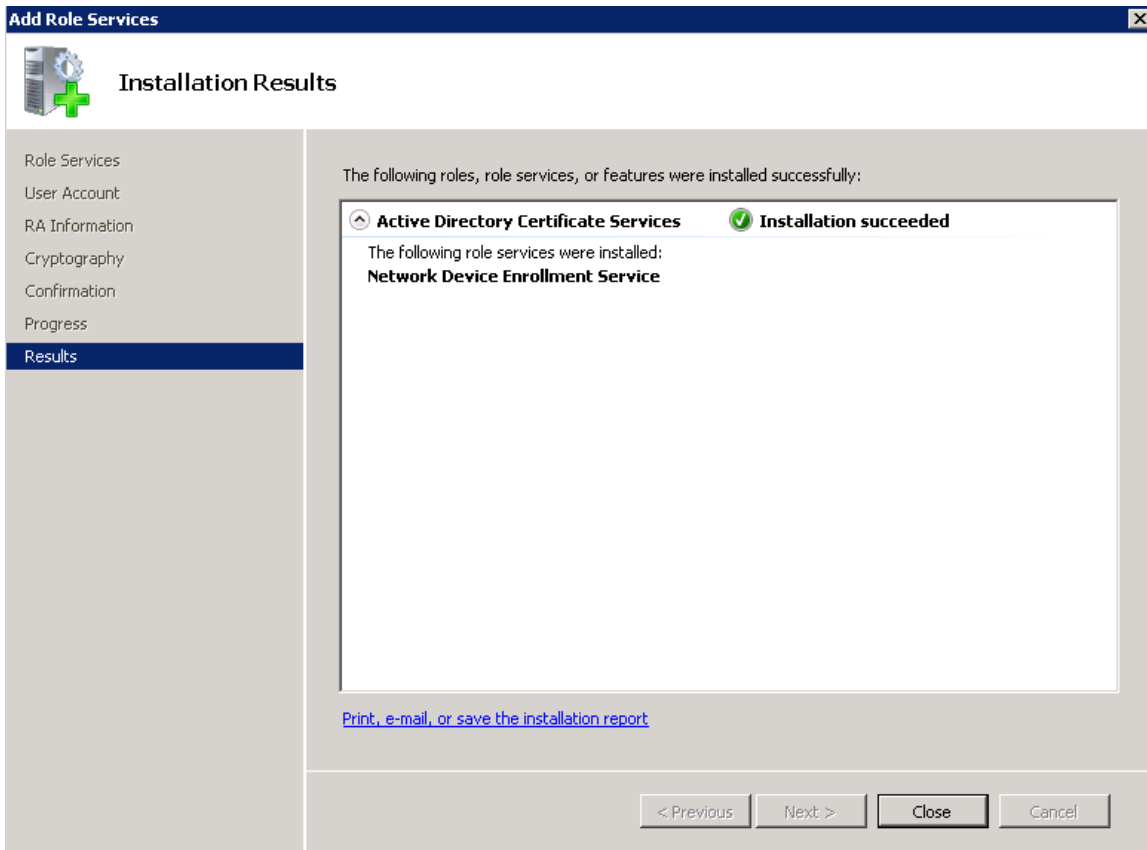
Exchange Key CSP : Microsoft Strong Cryptographic Provider

Exchange Key Length : 2048

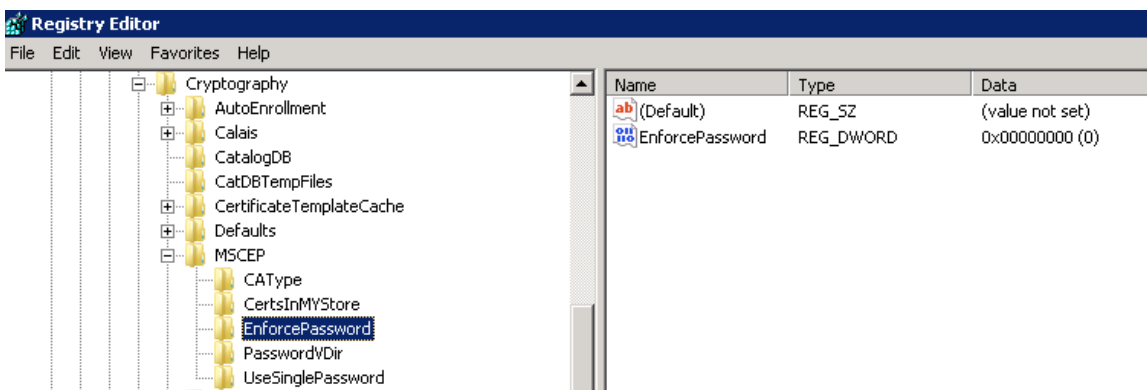
Challenge Phrase URL : http://YD-MSCA-W2K8/certsrv/mscep_admin/

[Print, e-mail, or save this information](#)

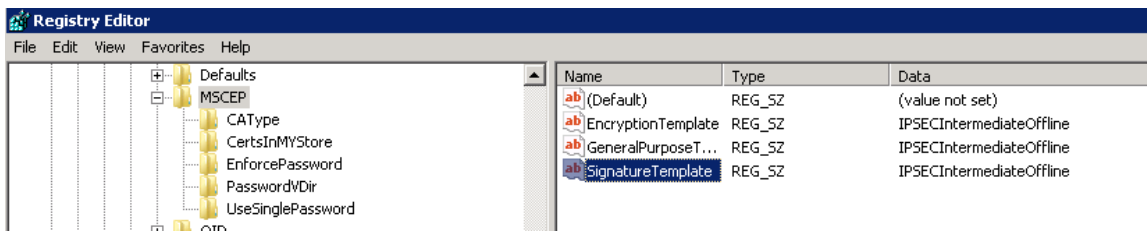
- A confirmation page will be displayed if the installation was successful.



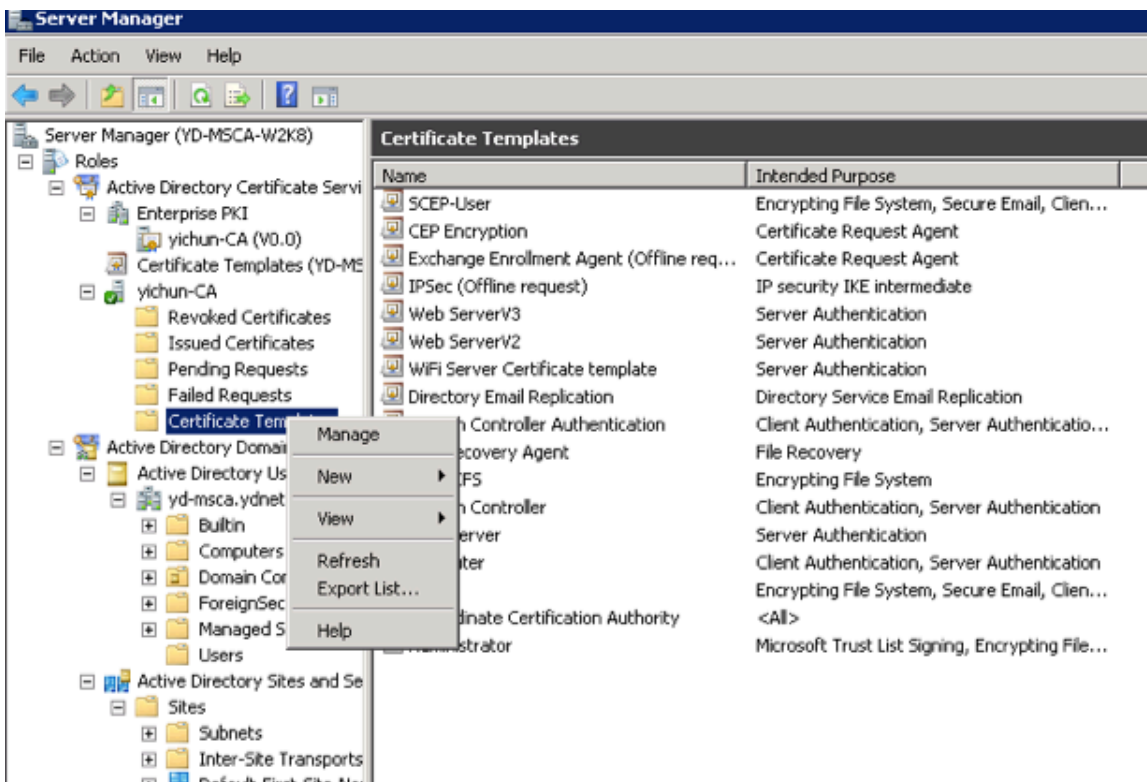
- Disable SCEP enrollment challenge password requirement via **regedit** by setting **EnforcePassword** to **0**.
(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE > SOFTWARE > Microsoft > Cryptography > MSCEP > EnforcePassword)



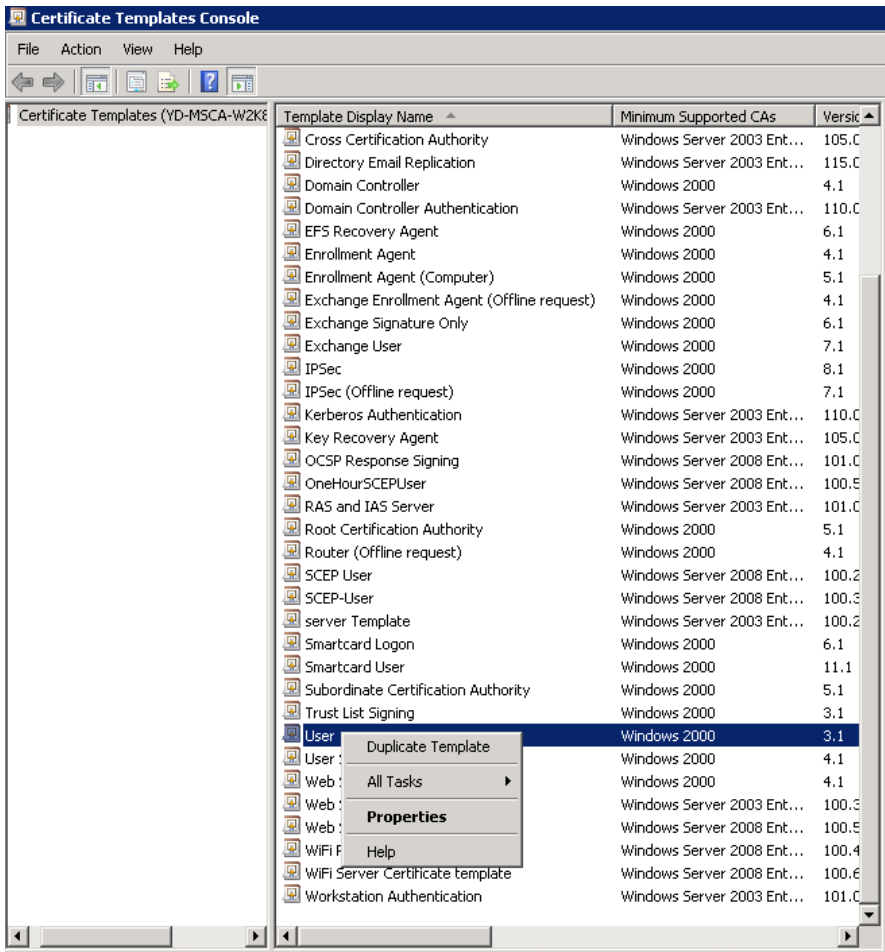
- SCEP uses the certificate template that is set in the registry for issuing certificates.
(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE > SOFTWARE > Microsoft > Cryptography > MSCEP)



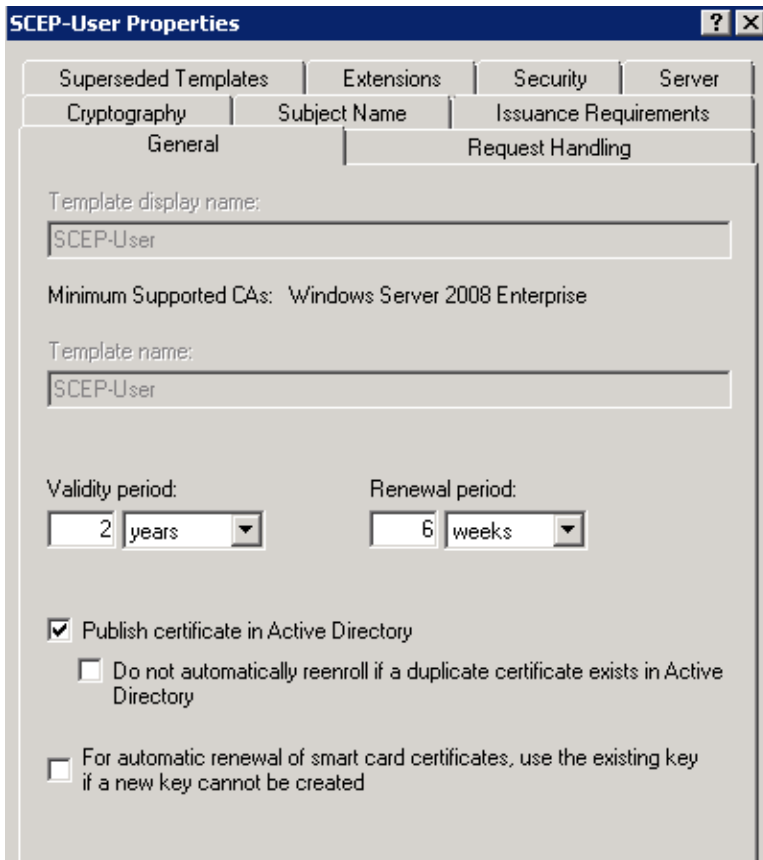
- Typically the RA will have a longer period (same as that of the CA certificate).
- The default template used for RA to be enrolled to the SCP server is **IPSECIntermediateOffline** as highlighted above.
- Make sure a correct template is set to the above registries before enrolling the RA to the SCEP server.
- After the Cisco RA is enrolled to the SCEP server, admin needs to change the template in the registry (if the user certificate period needs to be shorter than that of the root CA).
- Right click **Certificate Templates** then select **Manage**.



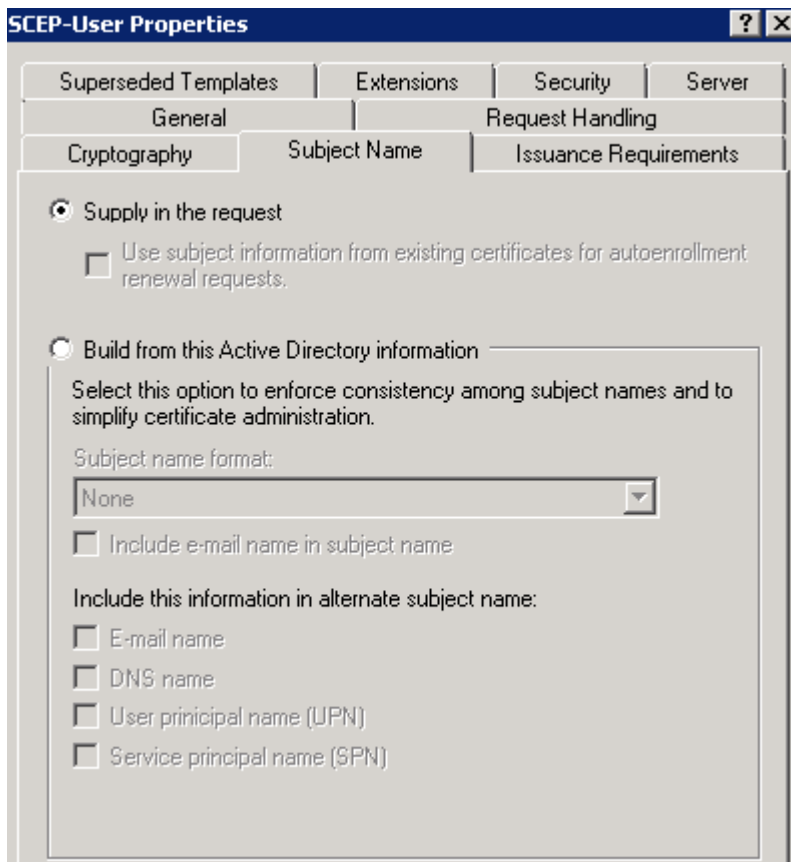
- Right click **User template** then select **Duplicate Template**.
- Select **Windows Server 2003 2008 Template**.
- Under the **General** tab, change template name and validity period.
- Under the **Extensions** tab, ensure the following:
 - **Client Authentication** is set as one of the application policies
 - **Key Usage** has **Digital Signature** attribute



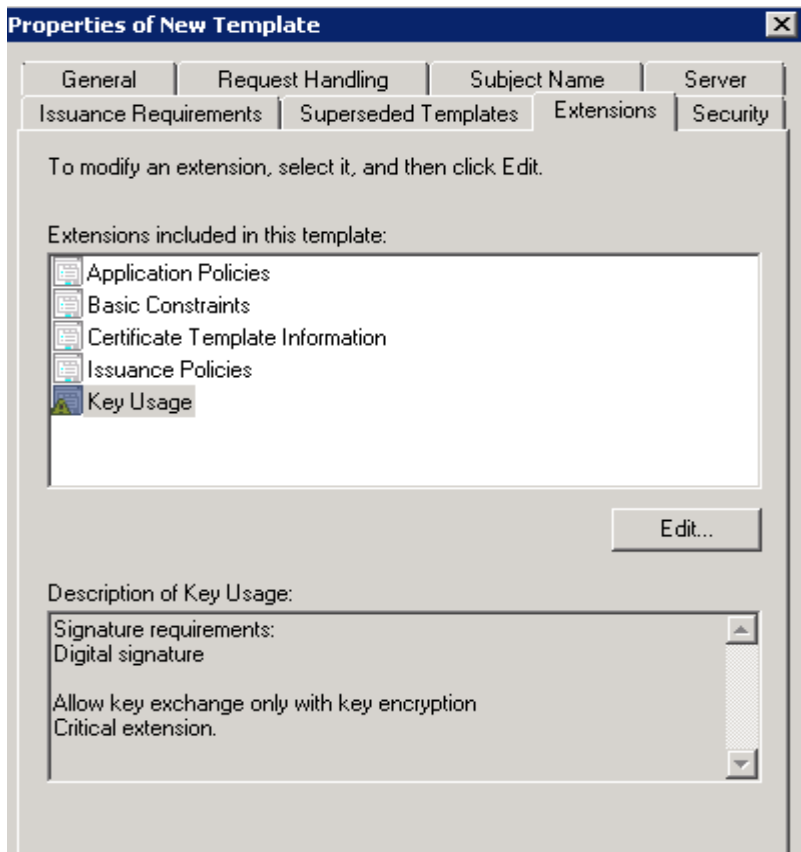
- Configure the **Validity Period** on the **General** tab as necessary.



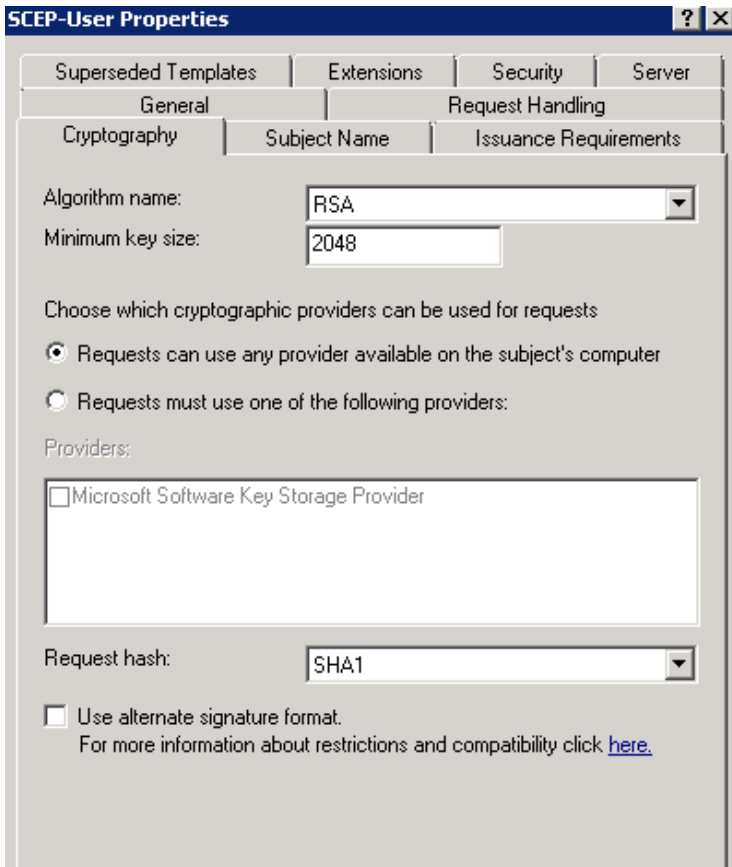
- Configure **Subject Name** tab as shown below.



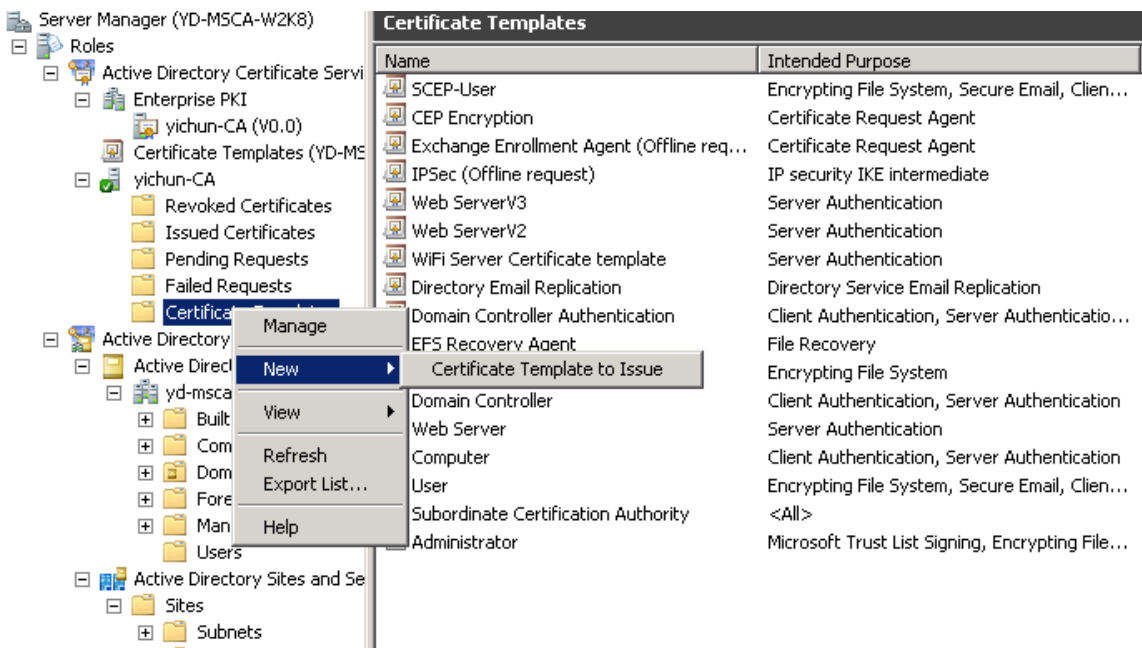
- Configure **Extensions** tab as shown below.



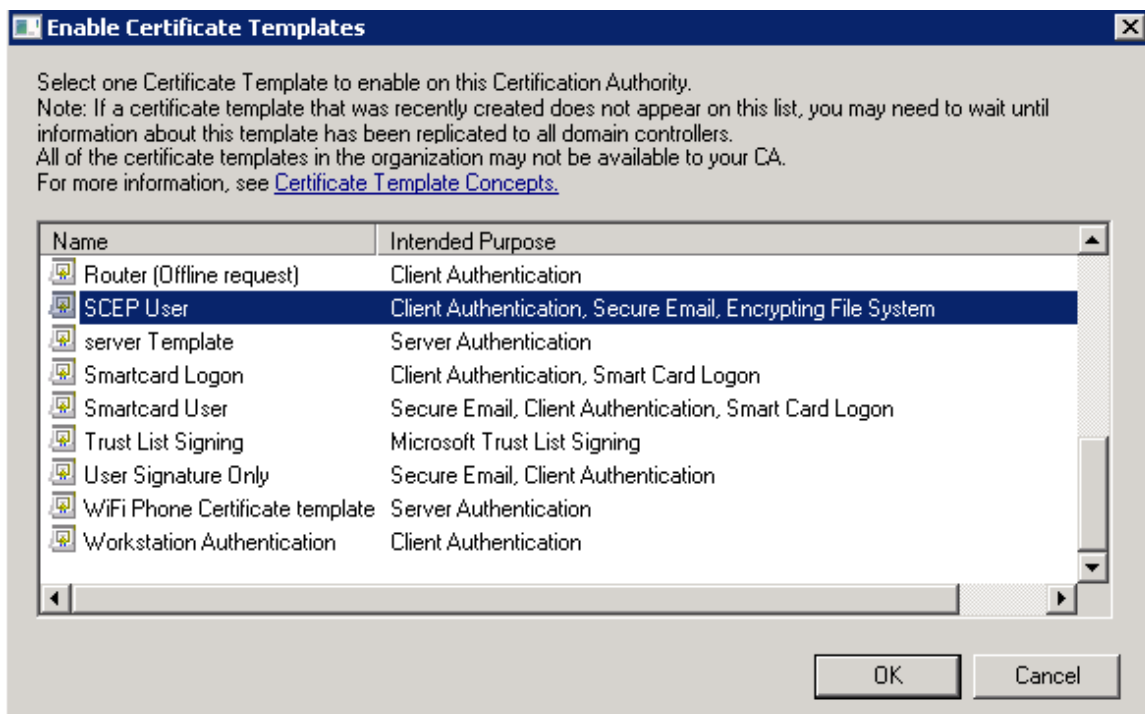
- Configure **Algorithm Name**, **Minimum Key Size**, and **Request Hash** as necessary on the **Cryptography** tab.



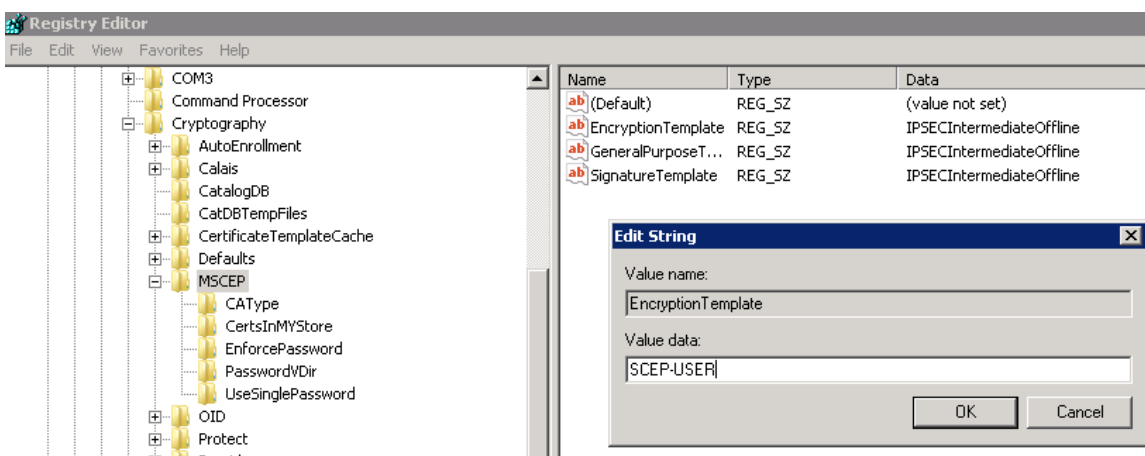
- Enable the newly created template by right clicking **Certificate Templates** then selecting **New > Certificate Template to Issue**.



- Select **SCEP User** template.



- Associate the newly created template to SCEP via **regedit**.

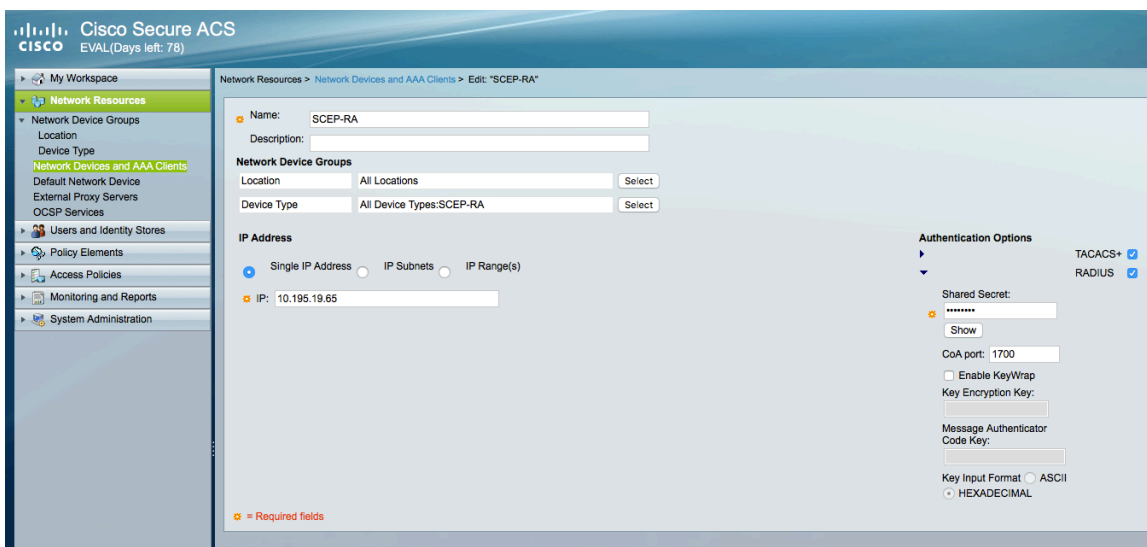


- Go to **IIS > Application Pools** to stop then start the SCEP service for the new template to take effect.

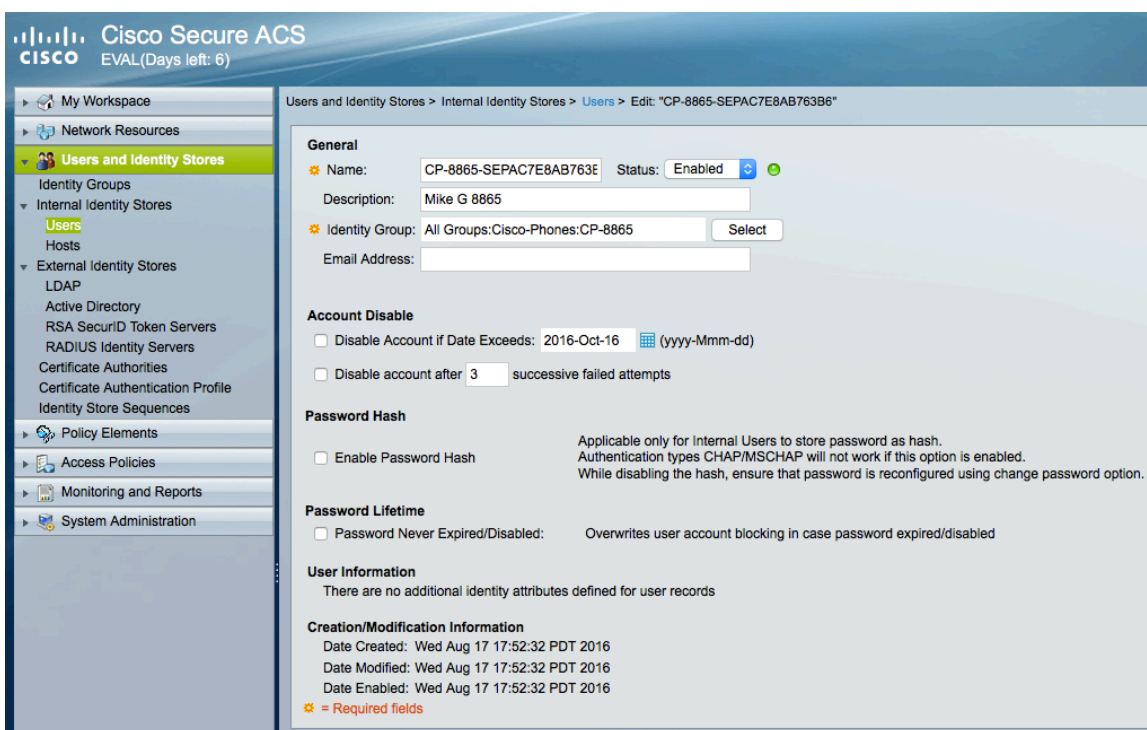
RADIUS Configuration

Use the following guidelines to configure the RADIUS server.

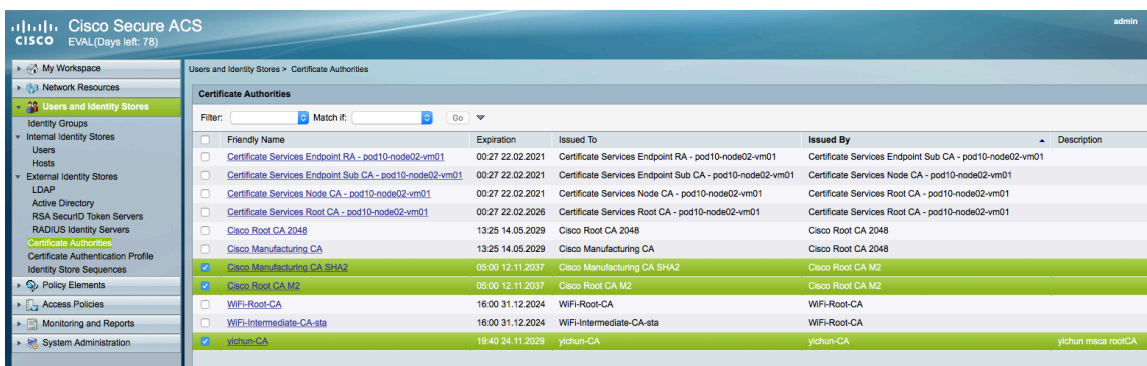
- Add the SCEP RA under **Network Device and AAA Clients**.
- Configure the RADIUS shared secret that the SCEP RA is currently configured for.



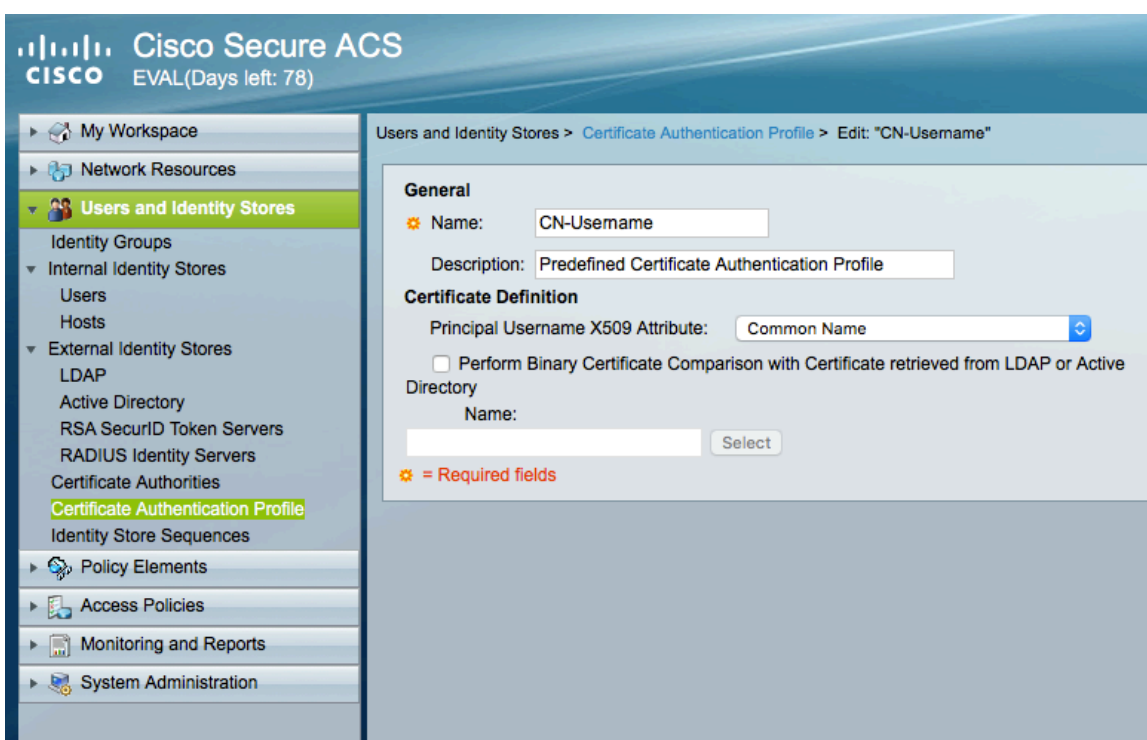
- Create a user account matching the common name of the phone's Manufacturing Installed Certificate (MIC) with the password set to **cisco** (e.g. CP-8832-SEPxxxxxxxxxxxx).



- Add the Cisco Manufacturing CA chain to the RADIUS trust list as well as any other CA chains utilized for authentication.



- Create a **Certificate Authentication Profile**.



- Create an **Identity Store Sequence** to be used for EAP-TLS authentication.
- Check **Certificate Based**, select the newly created **Certificate Authentication Profile**, and select **Internal Users** as the additional identity store.



- Create an **Identity Store Sequence** to be used for SCEP authentication.
- Check **Password Based**, select the newly created **Certificate Authentication Profile**, and select **Internal Users** as the identity store.

Cisco Secure ACS
 EVAL(Days left: 78)

Users and Identity Stores > Identity Store Sequences > Edit: "SCEP-IS"

General

Name: SCEP-IS

Description:

Authentication Method List

Certificate Based

Password Based

Authentication and Attribute Retrieval Search List

A set of identity stores that will be accessed in sequence until first authentication succeeds

Available		Selected	
AD1	>	Internal Users	⤴
Internal Hosts	<		⤴
NAC Profiler	>>		⤴
	<<		⤴

Additional Attribute Retrieval Search List

An optional set of additional identity stores from which attributes will be retrieved

Available		Selected	
AD1	>	Internal Users	⤴
Internal Hosts	<		⤴
NAC Profiler	>>		⤴
	<<		⤴

Advanced Options

⚙ = Required fields

- Create an **Authorization Profile** to be used for SCEP authorization.

Cisco Secure ACS
EVAL(Days left: 78)

Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Network Access > Authorization Profiles

Authorization Profiles

Filter: Match if: Go

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Description
<input type="checkbox"/>	Permit Access	
<input type="checkbox"/>	SCEP-RA	

Cisco Secure ACS
EVAL(Days left: 78)

Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Network Access > Authorization Profiles > Edit: "SCEP-RA"

General | **Common Tasks** | RADIUS Attributes

ACLs

Downloadable ACL Name:

Filter-ID ACL:

Proxy ACL:

Voice VLAN

Permission to Join:

VLAN

VLAN ID/Name:

Reauthentication

Reauthentication Timer:

Maintain Connectivity during Reauthentication:

QoS

Input Policy Map:

Output Policy Map:

802.1X-REV


LinkSec Security Policy:

URL Redirect

When a URL is defined for Redirect an ACL must also be defined

URL for Redirect:

URL Redirect ACL:

 = Required fields

- Under the **RADIUS Attributes** tab, add the **cisco-av-pair** attribute where the **Type** is set to **String** and **Value** is set to **pki:cert-application=all**.

Cisco Secure ACS
EVAL(Days left: 78)

Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Network Access > Authorization Profiles > Edit: "SCEP-RA"

General | Common Tasks | **RADIUS Attributes**

Common Tasks Attributes

Attribute	Type	Value

Manually Entered

Attribute	Type	Value
cisco-av-pair	String	pki:cert-application=all

Add [] Edit [] Replace [] Delete []

Dictionary Type: RADIUS-IETF

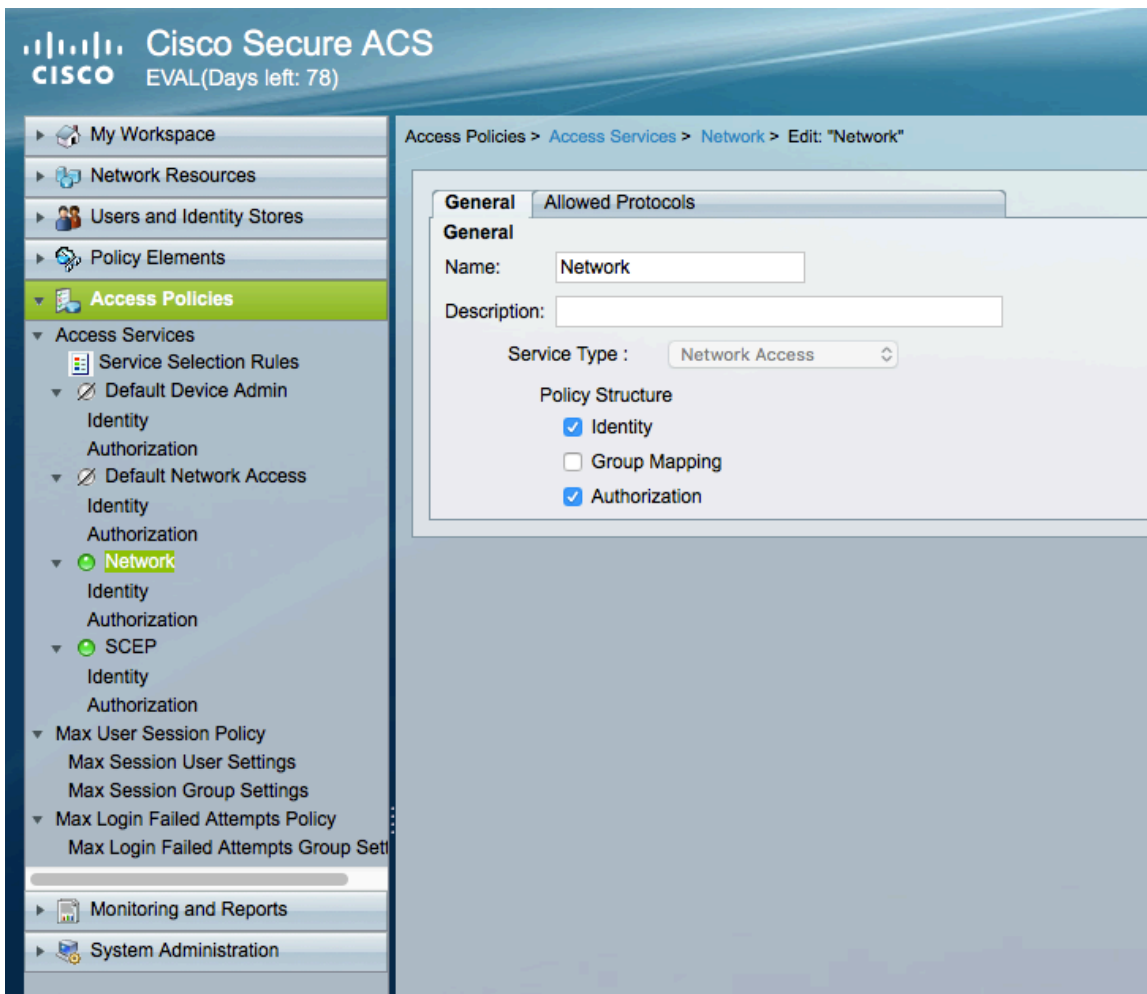
* RADIUS Attribute: [] Select

* Attribute Type: []

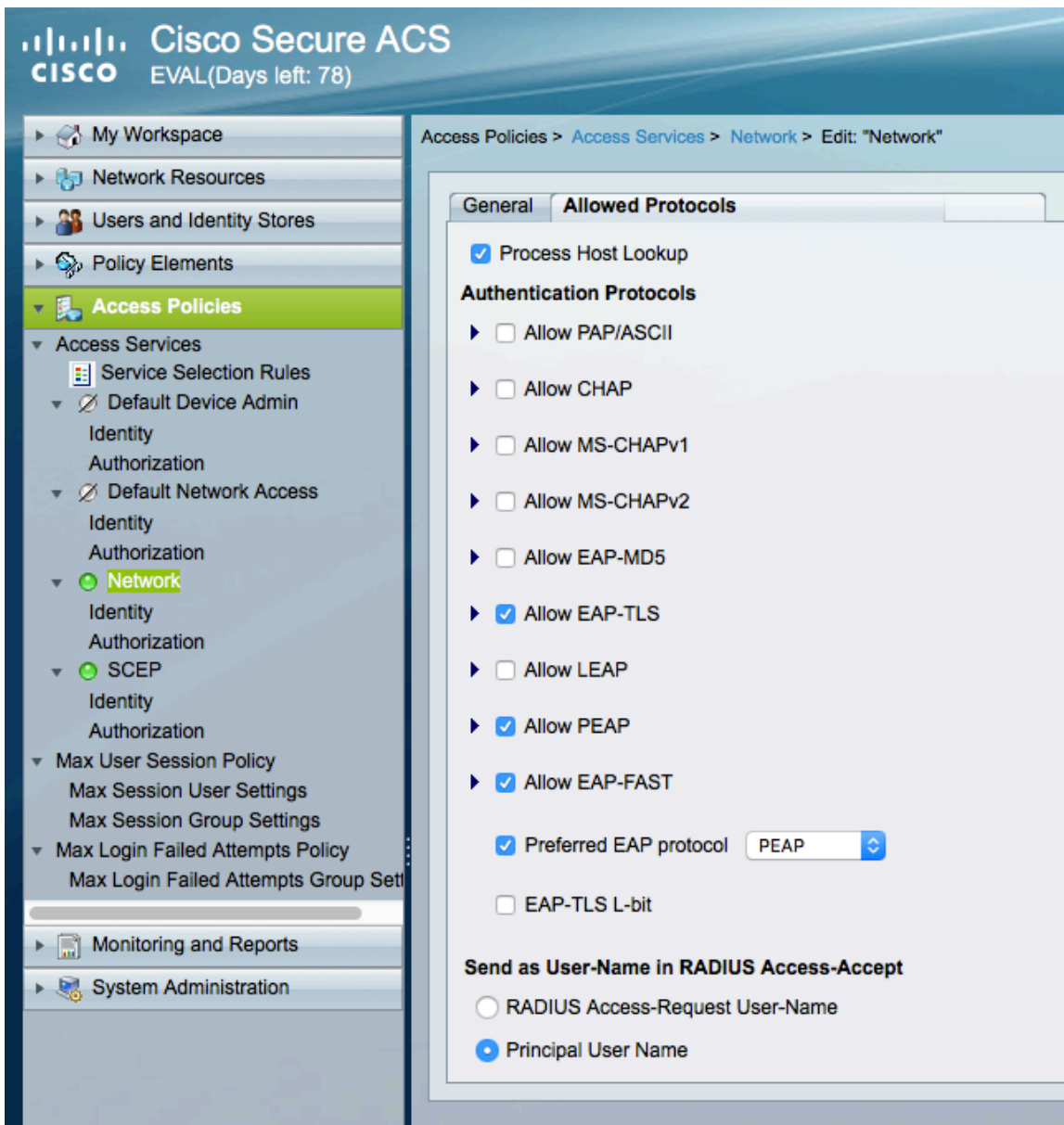
Attribute Value: Static

* = Required fields

- Create an **Access Policy** to be used for EAP-TLS authentication.



- For the **Access Service** for EAP-TLS authentication, need to ensure that **EAP-TLS** is enabled.



- Under **Identity**, rules can be defined to match EAP type then determine which identity source to use for authentication.

Cisco Secure ACS
EVAL(Days left: 78)

Access Policies > Access Services > Network > Identity

Single result selection
 Rule based result selection

Identity Policy

Filter: Status Match if: Equals Clear Filter Go

	<input type="checkbox"/>	Status	Name	Conditions	Results	Hit Count
				Compound Condition	Identity Source	
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	●	Rule-1	System:EapAuthentication match EAP-TLS	Cert-IS	0
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	●	Rule-2	System:EapAuthentication does not match EAP-TLS	Password-IS	10

- Under **Identity**, rules can be defined to match various conditions then determine which authorization profile to use.

Cisco Secure ACS
EVAL(Days left: 78)

Access Policies > Access Services > Network > Authorization

[Standard Policy](#) | [Exception Policy](#)

Network Access Authorization Policy

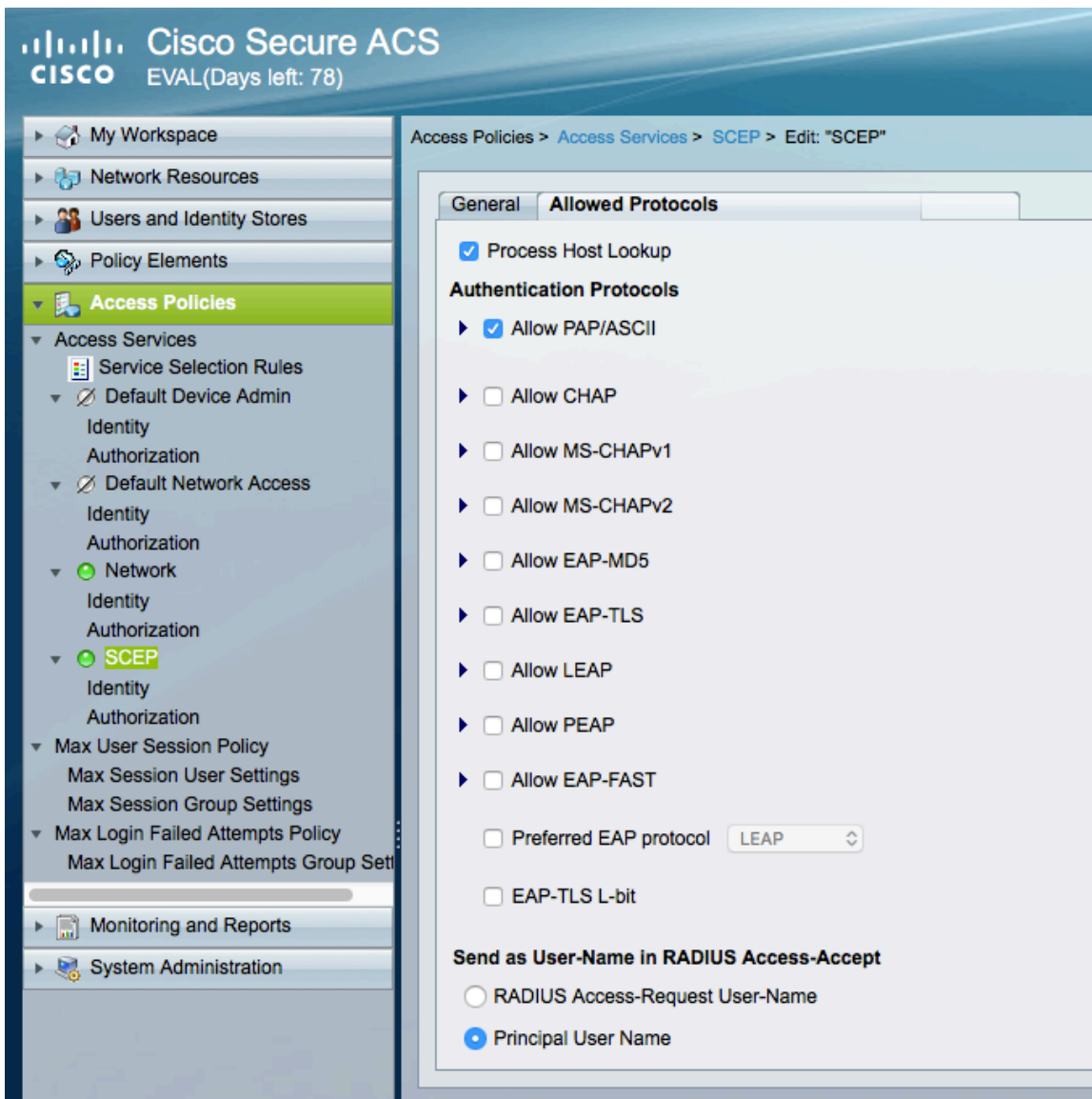
Filter: Status Match if: Equals Clear Filter Go

	<input type="checkbox"/>	Status	Name	Conditions	Results	Hit Count
				Compound Condition	Authorization Profiles	
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	●	Rule-1	NDG:Device Type not in All Device Types:SCEP-RA	Permit Access	0

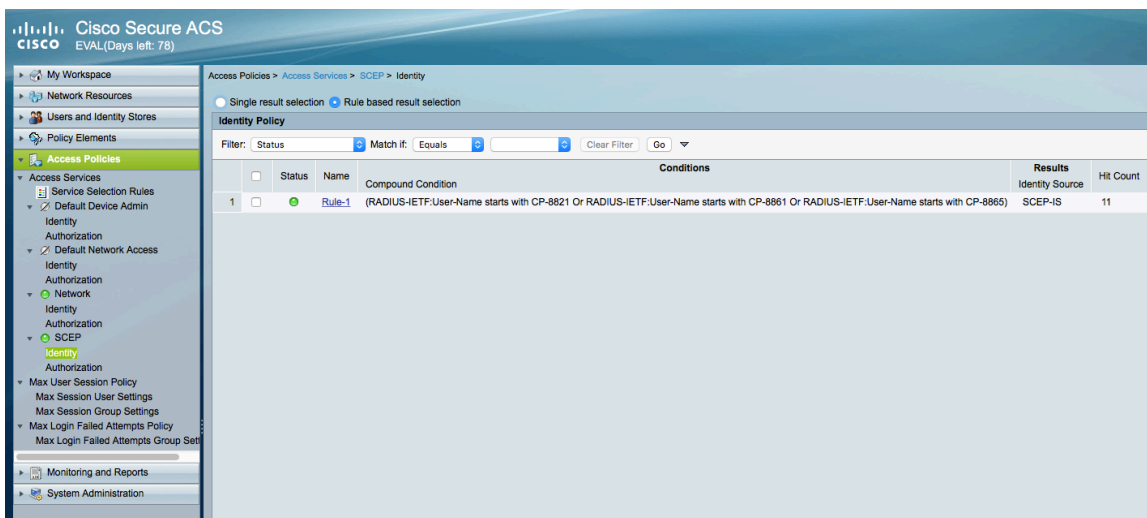
- Create an **Access Policy** to be used for SCEP authentication.



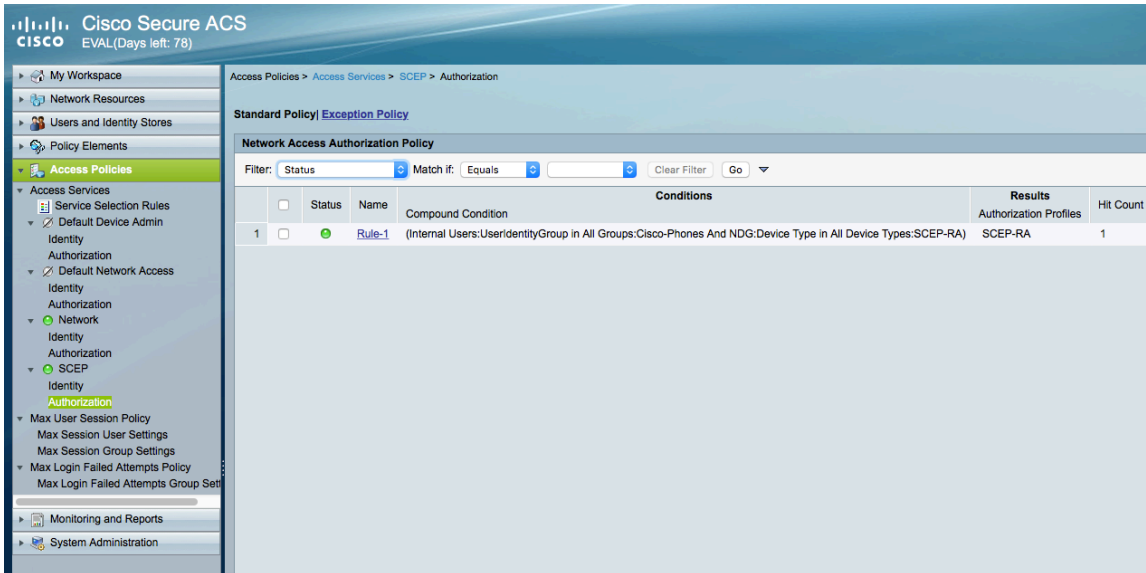
- For the **Access Service** for SCEP authentication, need to ensure that **PAP/ASCII** is enabled.



- Under **Identity**, rules can be defined to match various conditions then determine which identity source to use for authentication.



- Under **Identity**, rules can be defined to match various conditions then determine which authorization profile to use.



SCEP RA Configuration

Currently only a Cisco IOS router running IOS version 15.1(4)M10 or later is supported as the SCEP RA.

Use the following guidelines to configure a Cisco IOS router as a SCEP RA.

- Enable HTTP server on the Cisco IOS router.

```
ISR_RA# configure terminal
```

```
ISR_RA(config)# ip http server
```

```
ISR_RA(config)# exit
```

- Configure a RADIUS server for device authentication.

```
ISR_RA# configure terminal
```

```
ISR_RA(config)# radius server MyRadius
```

```
ISR_RA(config-radius-server)# address ipv4 10.195.19.63 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
```

```
ISR_RA(config-radius-server)# key <REMOVED>
```

```
ISR_RA(config-radius-server)# exit
```

```
ISR_RA(config)# aaa authorization network PhoneList group radius
```

```
ISR_RA(config)# exit
```

- Configure a PKI trustpoint for the MIC's CA chain to validate the phone's MIC.

ISR_RA# **configure terminal**

ISR_RA(config)# **crypto pki trustpoint MIC_trustpoint**

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# **authorization list PhoneList**

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# **authorization username subjectname commonname**

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# **exit**

ISR_RA(config)# **crypto pki trustpoint MIC_trustpoint**

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# **enrollment terminal**

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# **revocation-check none**

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# **exit**

ISR_RA(config)# **crypto pki authenticate MIC_trustpoint**

Enter the base 64 encoded Manufacturing CA certificate. End with a blank line or the word **quit** on a line by itself.

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

```
MIEZTCCA02gAwIBAgIBAjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADArMQ4wDAYDVQQKEwVDaXNj
bzEZMBcGA1UEAxMQQ2lzY28gUm9vdCBDQSBNMjAeFw0xMjExMTIxMzUwNThaFw0z
NzExMTIxMzAwMTdaMDYxMjEAMBgNVBAoTBUNpc2NvMSQwIgwYDQYDQDEExtDaXNjbyBN
YW51ZmFjdHVyaW5nIENBIFNIQTlwgwEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEK
AoIBAQQD0NktCAjJn3kk98hU7wUVp6QIOFrIItEce6CpbFYpeLdUeZduAo+S0otzT
IJwS2BIMhZtacu9vUpfmW9w7nQo9zVT3eyPuhF/6/9TEdVBn75zb5CfV+E6ld+fH
nuPiFyBu+HDDJRd373Op+957IdoWyPvD8hHR1HJGFJ3JJKBg0UScL4JCwleu98Xq
/yPIAqBhExa7a2/fqSmZA0vZIG1bBfWZY8ZtSeTxKg3eWynV+xElabHqTDMYWF+2
obs4YB5IINTbYgHyRETP6T8Xr6TtD0h3654OUHcW+1meBu/jctluMKppeSjVtrof
5vt+pbkCg0iQAAsL0qczT3yaNXvAgMBAAGjggGHMIIbGzAObgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMC
AQYwEgYDVR0TAQH/BAgwBgEB/wIBADBcBgNVHSAEVTBMTMFEGCisGAQQBRCRUBEGAw
QzBBBgrBgEFBQcCARY1aHR0cDovL3d3dy5jaXNjby5jb20vc2VjdXJpdHkvcGtp
L3BvbGljaWVzL2luZGV4Lmhh0bWwwHQYDVR0OBBYEFHrXeZXKu0gruFUU/aPAD7yn
D5YZMEEGA1UdHwQ6MDgwNqA0oDKGMGh0dHA6Ly93d3cuY2lzY28uY29tL3NIY3Vy
aXR5L3BraS9jcmwvY3JjYW0yLmNybDB8BgrBgEFBQcCBAQRwMG4wPgYIKwYBBQUH
MAKGMmh0dHA6Ly93d3cuY2lzY28uY29tL3NIY3VyaXR5L3BraS9jZXJ0cy9jcmNh
bTIuY2VyMwGCCsGAQUFBzABhiBodHRwczovL3Rvb2xzLmNpc2NvLmNvbS9wa2kv
b2NzcDAfBgNVHSMEGDAWgBTJAPkfh/CZr2l0m1IDiIuNMMFoDANBgkqhkiG9w0B
AQsFAAOCAQEAc1k2rH6YT4juFxs9q7ObzfcKbNvOyDsaU7av4IHFXmn/JxfnBmUv
YxAI2Hx3xRb0KtG1JGkffQjVAtBboTXynLaQso/jj46Z0ubIF8y6Ho3nTAv7Q6VH
kqSCdZCIVu91zbHV9FFYQzJxjw1QgB0a4ItS4yhdmgI3oDNEcb3trQezrQ3/857/
ISqBGVLEbKHOU8H6zOLhxAgZ08ae1oQQQJowki0Ibd+LRLGovtEwLg8yyqiTIGve
7VFL2sRa8Z3rK9tlwKVH2kpFKNAeN3rfKFqr0/weR0cyKpmLMrSBTBZcxQcJCYF4
X6FO/32KOqcxJFIOKGVIUjvAvioOqoducw==
```

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

Trustpoint 'MIC_trustpoint' is a subordinate CA and holds a non self-signed cert.

Certificate has the following attributes:

Fingerprint MD5: AC14F08F C3780F8F D9EEE6C9 39111280

Fingerprint SHA1: 90B2E06B 7AD5DAFF CFD43187 2909F381 37471BF8

% Do you accept this certificate? [yes/no]: yes

Trustpoint CA certificate accepted.

% Certificate successfully imported

ISR_RA(config)# exit

- Configure a PKI trustpoint and PKI server to enroll to the CA server.

ISR_RA# configure terminal

ISR_RA(config)# crypto pki trustpoint MSCA

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# enrollment mode ra

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# enrollment url http://10.81.116.249/certsrv/mscep/mscep.dll

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# serial-number

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# fingerprint 81512B4316429092925C6891701B374EBD254447

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# revocation-check none

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# rsakeypair MSCA_Key 2048

ISR_RA(ca-trustpoint)# exit

ISR_RA(config)# crypto pki server MSCA

ISR_RA(cs-server)# grant auto trustpointMIC_trustpoint

ISR_RA(cs-server)# hash sha1

ISR_RA(cs-server)# mode ra transparent

ISR_RA(cs-server)# no shutdown

%Some server settings cannot be changed after CA certificate generation.

% Please enter a passphrase to protect the private key

% or type Return to exit

Password:

Re-enter password:

% Generating 2048 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...

[OK] (elapsed time was 22 seconds)

Certificate has the following attributes:

Fingerprint MD5: CDE40276 04A28DA8 BDE5DF48 0BC1A8F7

Fingerprint SHA1: 81512B43 16429092 925C6891 701B374 EBD254447

Trustpoint Fingerprint: AE5CDEF2 A633DEF4 1D5A5104 7D6A8BD7 E08B576C

Certificate validated - fingerprints matched.

Trustpoint CA certificate accepted.%

% Start certificate enrollment ...

% Create a challenge password. You will need to verbally provide this password to the CA Administrator in order to revoke your certificate.

For security reasons your password will not be saved in the configuration.

Please make a note of it.

Password:

Re-enter password:

% The subject name in the certificate will include: **ISR_RA**

% The serial number in the certificate will be: **<REMOVED>**

% Include an IP address in the subject name? [no]: **no**

Request certificate from CA? [yes/no]: **yes**

% Certificate request sent to Certificate Authority

% The 'show crypto pki certificate verbose MSCA' command will show the fingerprint.

% Enrollment in progress...

ISR_RA(cs-server)#% Exporting Certificate Server signing certificate and keys...

Feb 17 15:21:42: CRYPTO_PKI: Certificate Request Fingerprint MD5: CDE40276 04A28DA8 BDE5DF48 0BC1A8F7

Feb 17 15:21:42: CRYPTO_PKI: Certificate Request Fingerprint SHA1: AE5CDEF2 A633DEF4 1D5A5104 7D6A8BD7 E08B576C

Feb 17 15:21:43: %PKI-6-CERTRET: Certificate received from Certificate Authority

Feb 17 15:21:48: %PKI-6-CS_ENABLED: Certificate server now enabled.
ISR_RA(cs-server)# end

Sample Configuration

```
version 15.1
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname SCEP-RA
!
boot-start-marker
boot system flash c3845-advsecurityk9-mz.151-4.M10.bin
boot-end-marker
!
enable password <REMOVED>
!
aaa new-model
!
aaa authentication login default local
aaa authorization network PhoneList group radius
!
aaa session-id common
!
dot11 syslog
ip source-route
!
ip cef
!
no ip domain lookup
!
multilink bundle-name authenticated
!
crypto pki server MSCA
grant auto trustpoint MIC_trustpoint
hash sha1
mode ra transparent
crypto pki token default removal timeout 0
!
crypto pki trustpoint MIC_trustpoint
enrollment terminal
revocation-check none
authorization list PhoneList
authorization username subjectname commonname
!
crypto pki trustpoint MSCA
enrollment mode ra
enrollment url http://10.81.116.249:80/certsrv/mscep/mscep.dll
serial-number
fingerprint 81512B4316429092925C6891701B374EBD254447
revocation-check none
rsa keypair MSCA_Key 2048
!
crypto pki certificate chain MIC_trustpoint
certificate ca 02
```

30820465 3082034D A0030201 02020102 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 0B050030
2B310E30 0C060355 040A1305 43697363 6F311930 17060355 04031310 43697363
6F20526F 6F742043 41204D32 301E170D 31323131 31323133 35303538 5A170D33
37313131 32313330 3031375A 3036310E 300C0603 55040A13 05436973 636F3124
30220603 55040313 1B436973 636F204D 616E7566 61637475 72696E67 20434120
53484132 30820122 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 01050003 82010F00 3082010A
02820101 00F4364B 42023267 DE493DF2 153BC145 69E9094E 16B948B4 471EE82A
5B7D8A5E 2DD51E65 DB80A3E4 B4A2DCD3 949C12D8 194C859B 5A72EF6F 5297E65B
DC3B9D0A 3DCD54F7 7B23EE84 5FFAFFD4 C4755067 EF9CDBE4 27D5F84E A577E7C7
9EE3E217 206EF870 C3251777 EF73A9FB DE7B21DA 16C8FBC3 F211D1D4 7246149D
C924A060 D1449C2F 8242C257 AEF7C5EA FF23E502 A0611316 BB6B6FDF A9299903
4BD9206D 5B05F599 63C66D49 E4F12A0D DE5B29D5 FB112569 B1EA4C33 1859FFB6
A1BB3860 1E6520D4 DB6201F2 4444CFE9 3F17AFA4 ED0F4877 EB9E0E50 7716FB59
9E06EFE3 72D96E30 AA697928 D5B6BA1F E6FB7EA5 B9028348 900008EC 2F4A9CCD
3DF268D5 EF020301 0001A382 01873082 0183300E 0603551D 0F0101FF 04040302
01063012 0603551D 130101FF 04083006 0101FF02 0100305C 0603551D 20045530
53305106 0A2B0601 04010915 01120030 43304106 082B0601 05050702 01163568
7474703A 2F2F7777 772E6369 73636F2E 636F6D2F 73656375 72697479 2F706B69
2F706F6C 69636965 732F696E 6465782E 68746D6C 301D0603 551D0E04 1604147A
D77995CA BB482BB8 5514FDA3 C00FBCA7 0F961930 41060355 1D1F043A 30383036
A034A032 86306874 74703A2F 2F777777 2E636973 636F2E63 6F6D2F73 65637572
6974792F 706B692F 63726C2F 63726361 6D322E63 726C307C 06082B06 01050507
01010470 306E303E 06082B06 01050507 30028632 68747470 3A2F2F77 77772E63
6973636F 2E636F6D 2F736563 75726974 792F706B 692F6365 7274732F 63726361
6D322E63 6572302C 06082B06 01050507 30018620 68747470 733A2F2F 746F6F6C
732E6369 73636F2E 636F6D2F 706B692F 6F637370 301F0603 551D2304 18301680
14C900F9 1F8A1FC2 66BDA5D2 6D650E22 2E34C305 A0300D06 092A8648 86F70D01
010B0500 03820101 00735936 AC7E984F 88EE171B 3DABB39B CDF70A6C DBCEC83B
1A53B6AF E081C55E 69FF2717 E706652F 631008D8 7C77C516 F42AD1B5 24691F7D
08D502D0 5BA135F2 9CB690B2 8FE38F8E 993AE6C8 17CCBA1E 8DE74C0B FB43A547
92A48275 90A556EF 75CDB1D5 F4515843 32718F0D 50801D1A E08B52E3 285D9A09
77A03344 71BDEDAD 07B3AD0D FFF39EFF 212A8119 52C46CA1 CEBBC1FA CCE2E1C4
0819D3C6 9ED68410 409A3092 2D086DDF 8B44B1A8 BED1302E 0F32CAA8 93206BDE
ED514BDA C45AF19D EB2BDB65 C0A547DA 4A4528D0 1E377ADF 285AABD3 FC1E4747
322A998B 32B4814C 165CC507 09098178 5FA14EFF 7D8A3AA7 3124520E 28654852
3BC0BE2A 0EAA876E 73

quit

crypto pki certificate chain MSCA

certificate 4F35C0050000000002F8

308205FF 308204E7 A0030201 02020A4F 35C00500 00000002 F8300D06 092A8648
86F70D01 010B0500 30593113 3011060A 09922689 93F22C64 01191603 636F6D31
15301306 0A099226 8993F22C 64011916 0579646E 65743117 3015060A 09922689
93F22C64 01191607 79642D6D 73636131 12301006 03550403 13097969 6368756E
2D434130 1E170D31 36303532 34323333 3333385A 170D3136 30373035 32333333
33385A30 2E311430 12060355 0405130B 46545831 32343441 32484131 16301406
092A8648 86F70D01 09021307 53434550 2D524130 82012230 0D06092A 864886F7
0D010101 05000382 010F0030 82010A02 82010100 F3679949 C1F3E530 C4CF0C9B
D20F82FE 7959ABAC AE40DF8E 16783930 E91D50BA B31E8DAB 8264BF8E B929A3D3
7CC284FB CE81306B A396D5B9 F5D12AD2 7508A000 36F95EDC 3DA8749D 9752B869
C799D0E7 1896DD83 56FE89B9 DF333CC9 0A480AB2 BF4FFCB9 8E407880 01C055BE
8A98F9E4 6C2026AC 34B1F52D FC1DD7A8 FC89CC97 0CE71A6D 9CBF6280 728230E6
A5866A09 7FE181ED 6B2EB712 BD34C3F3 8A1C3EDD 05E8AF0C 09D1476A 0CB47150
A7CC2BBE EEE35F30 193F893D 530F110C EB2BFE68 7D69FA54 2CAD61FE 41900DE9
7FEACFAB DCF72D2F EED90BB4 1E03F1E3 B5472BCD 2B0B3D37 4E1CC375 34C66C49
6BD821AA 2F9165BF 22B9E4B7 C8DB9061 C920FA5D 02030100 01A38202 F2308202
EE300E06 03551D0F 0101FF04 04030205 A0301D06 03551D0E 04160414 986F9130
BCF33BE4 79317708 ECE4E226 9F6A7E0A 301F0603 551D2304 18301680 14769747

5B67C892 C5DF1F03 06D761CA 3ACC560B 603081D5 0603551D 1F0481CD 3081CA30
81C7A081 C4A081C1 8681BE6C 6461703A 2F2F2F43 4E3D7969 6368756E 2D43412C
434E3D59 442D4D53 43412D57 324B382C 434E3D43 44502C43 4E3D5075 626C6963
2532304B 65792532 30536572 76696365 732C434E 3D536572 76696365 732C434E
3D436F6E 66696775 72617469 6F6E2C44 433D7964 2D6D7363 612C4443 3D79646E
65742C44 433D636F 6D3F6365 72746966 69636174 65526576 6F636174 696F6E4C
6973743F 62617365 3F6F626A 65637443 6C617373 3D63524C 44697374 72696275
74696F6E 506F696E 743081C4 06082B06 01050507 01010481 B73081B4 3081B106
082B0601 05050730 028681A4 6C646170 3A2F2F2F 434E3D79 69636875 6E2D4341
2C434E3D 4149412C 434E3D50 75626C69 63253230 4B657925 32305365 72766963
65732C43 4E3D5365 72766963 65732C43 4E3D436F 6E666967 75726174 696F6E2C
44433D79 642D6D73 63612C44 433D7964 6E65742C 44433D63 6F6D3F63 41436572
74696669 63617465 3F626173 653F6F62 6A656374 436C6173 733D6365 72746966
69636174 696F6E41 7574686F 72697479 30150603 551D1101 01FF040B 30098207
53434550 2D524130 3E06092B 06010401 82371507 0431302F 06272B06 01040182
37150887 D0FB2482 F5B91683 ED970E82 C2E50087 B2F57E81 0C81839C 39868BB0
09020164 02010430 29060355 1D250422 30200608 2B060105 05070302 06082B06
01050507 0304060A 2B060104 0182370A 03043035 06092B06 01040182 37150A04
28302630 0A06082B 06010505 07030230 0A06082B 06010505 07030430 0C060A2B
06010401 82370A03 04304406 092A8648 86F70D01 090F0437 3035300E 06082A86
4886F70D 03020202 0080300E 06082A86 4886F70D 03040202 00803007 06052B0E
03020730 0A06082A 864886F7 0D030730 0D06092A 864886F7 0D01010B 05000382
0101002A DE5C497F 48C03272 3EF18668 C86A28AA 075ADDA0 14CD4741 A3436095
F3B80053 07A6F2C5 02D116F7 D95C8B1B 9D6722E4 2DF4A074 DE705C8B 561BD450
08E36D0E 68234021 6A47137F 7EBB5341 609A6EBC EF1D1732 42AE2C78 1D5D14EC
561CE4F6 E6054DFE 4CD262C3 5FDD276D 9D101A49 C6423D94 31D2BD9A 8DB0261D
39FB0767 711E3142 85B09135 70207D91 3DA00878 CA4D8890 73D790F8 1C905389
BB129BC1 0DE4B8CA 6B008913 DD9F5E96 DBD3051E 98BA689E E3D32B86 15E5A162
B1C69135 EF9982E6 5BC60BA6 17DBB8BF 5319CF3E 3793F494 C507D2FD B7AC7499
43D43722 ADC22571 FEF9D0C1 5233023E 5B5EB92F AF35F2A7 A953B7F3 6E228A1F 9D09A2

quit

certificate ca 1E2F4A24A762A0A9456EC2983E7F6D1D

308203A5 3082028D A0030201 0202101E 2F4A24A7 62A0A945 6EC2983E 7F6D1D30
0D06092A 864886F7 0D01010B 05003059 31133011 060A0992 268993F2 2C640119
1603636F 6D311530 13060A09 92268993 F22C6401 19160579 646E6574 31173015
060A0992 268993F2 2C640119 16077964 2D6D7363 61311230 10060355 04031309
79696368 756E2D43 41301E17 0D313431 31323530 33333033 315A170D 32393131
32353033 34303330 5A305931 13301106 0A099226 8993F22C 64011916 03636F6D
31153013 060A0992 268993F2 2C640119 16057964 6E657431 17301506 0A099226
8993F22C 64011916 0779642D 6D736361 31123010 06035504 03130979 69636875
6E2D4341 30820122 300D0609 2A864886 F70D0101 01050003 82010F00 3082010A
02820101 008C280C 3896265F 1CF3BE24 89CC87A8 8DDD2674 5C0C53D5 0903B64A
D9D184C7 FB25114F 8D97F477 1E555923 3170B999 FC1DB0A0 B73DBBFA AD742BFA
77C69924 0F89FCA3 72B12430 753CA6E9 53992989 845EE0AC 26F2A3CF 2A1C0E6D
68983231 1FB8F71C 878E4A4F 6828F6D5 E6FE03AD 6A09CEE7 0458AE7E 1E83D2DB
66CF9DDB B6E7C32F BA88675B 65A39F13 F6C26B5A 692E14B2 7149C470 F06687C9
DA27BA7D 68F68CDC 43406E1D 25D013ED CC37C38C 268BFD53 460539E7 FF75AC24
FB210259 3AC480AA 75CCFA00 98B423F8 4BCC0297 ECD4E4F7 0A3F41E5 97086DEA
8FD818EB 01E5FF66 D984A379 9298FFEC 65DD902C A7757358 0AECDA0B D794E150
5237FBBE F5020301 0001A369 30673013 06092B06 01040182 37140204 061E0400
43004130 0E060355 1D0F0101 FF040403 02018630 0F060355 1D130101 FF040530
030101FF 301D0603 551D0E04 16041476 97475B67 C892C5DF 1F0306D7 61CA3ACC
560B6030 1006092B 06010401 82371501 04030201 00300D06 092A8648 86F70D01
010B0500 03820101 007D4DAD 1170BBDB 2D9A2FB5 4B2B6A52 ECF5AF2B 4AB7D9D7
EACA3085 7083958A 49ED5EC1 3331E97F 6DD88E2F 40C3968F AB6CBB86 86A8402A
5940CC72 1B1AB153 572443CA B2FF8AB4 730A0206 9359D9E3 6DFF8B47 B3AE34ED
B007C8B2 0E126243 C32FCFB6 7BF76A1B 7233D92E 4336BEB8 D9672598 ABE97BD3

```

AE4949D1 97B6A380 08AC4ABB 23A30B34 27A0A112 C63D6BFD 476C4F4B 2DBBB200
D5BDF499 F5068067 85123637 E3EBF106 7D2AF2D0 87DCF856 34E937BF 246C41BD
C0781E14 A22BCC66 2151F46B 5AD4314C 345E8871 41830E80 5D5A8416 21C5220D
409449E6 E2161582 2113833C 982B68AE 1B5E206E BC535C5B A28E1210 E7FB5296
27DB54AF 20A3FA02 5A
quit
!
license udi pid CISCO3845-MB sn <REMOVED>
archive
log config
hidekeys
username <REMOVED>privilege 15 password 0 <REMOVED>
!
redundancy
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
ip address 10.195.19.65 255.255.255.128
duplex auto
speed auto
media-type rj45
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
media-type rj45
!
ip default-gateway 10.195.19.1
ip forward-protocol nd
!
ip http server
no ip http secure-server
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.195.19.1
!
radius server MyRadius
address ipv4 10.195.19.63 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
key <REMOVED>
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 0 0
transport input all
line vty 5 15
exec-timeout 0 0
transport input all
!
scheduler allocate 20000 1000
end

```

Certificate Removal

Certificates can be removed either via the admin webpage interface or via the local user interface.

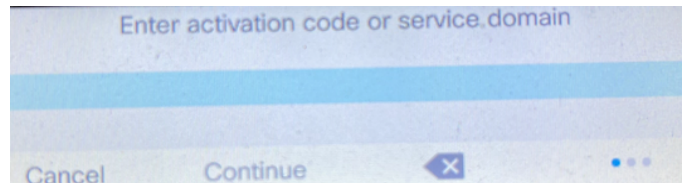
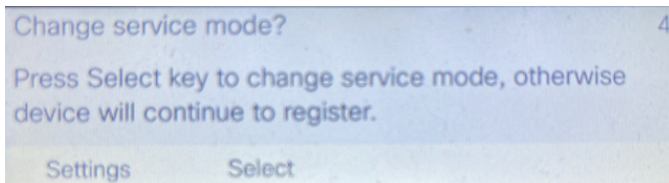
To remove a certificate via the admin webpage, select **Delete** for the corresponding certificate, then restart the phone once a certificate has been removed.

Cisco		Certificates				Signed in as admin, Sign out	
Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)							
Device information	Type	Common name	Issuer name	Valid from	Valid to		
Network setup	Manufacturing issued	CN=CP-8832-SEP0C75BD44499D, O=Cisco Systems Inc., OU=CTG, serialNumber=PID:C P-8832 SN:FCH2342EPVX	CN=Cisco Manufacturing CA SHA2, O=Cisco	10/05/2019 19:30:27	10/12/2037 18:00:17		
Setup	Manufacturing CA	CN=Cisco Manufacturing CA SHA2, O=Cisco	CN=Cisco Root CA M2, O=Cisco	11/12/2012 08:50:00	11/12/2037 08:00:00	Export	
Certificates	Manufacturing root CA	CN=Cisco Root CA M2, O=Cisco	CN=Cisco Root CA M2, O=Cisco	11/12/2012 08:00:00	11/12/2037 08:00:00	Export	
Network statistics	User installed	<Not installed>	<Not installed>			Install	
Ethernet information	Authentication server CA	C=BM, CN=QuoVadis Root CA 2, O=QuoVadis Limited	C=BM, CN=QuoVadis Root CA 2, O=QuoVadis Limited	11/24/2006 13:27:00	11/24/2031 13:23:00	Delete	
Network							
Device logs							

Call Control Configuration

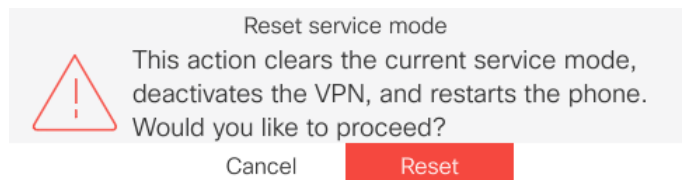
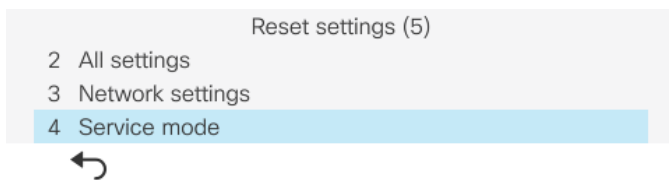
The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 supports Cisco Unified Communications Manager and Webex call control.

If wanting to register to Webex, either scan the QR code or enter the activation code.



The call control configuration of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be reset by selecting **Applications > Admin settings > Reset settings > Service mode**.

A confirmation screen will appear where **Reset** must be selected to proceed with the call control reset.



Upgrading Firmware

Cisco Unified Communications Manager

To upgrade the firmware, install the signed COP file for Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

For information on how to install the COP file, refer to the **Cisco Unified Communications Manager Operating System Administration Guide** at this URL:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/unified-communications-manager-callmanager/products-maintenance-guides-list.html>

The downloaded phone configuration file is parsed and the device load is identified. The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then downloads the firmware files to flash if it is not running the specified image already.

The Load Server can be specified as an alternate TFTP server to retrieve firmware files, which is located in the product specific configuration section of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 within Cisco Unified Communications Manager Administration. Download the firmware in ZIP file format, extract the contents, then copy those files to the load server.

Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express

To install the firmware on Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express, extract the contents of the TAR file and upload into the router's flash. Each file will need to be enabled for TFTP download. Configure the phone load and reset the phones to upgrade the firmware.

8832 Example:

```
tftp-server flash:/8832/sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26.loads alias sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26.loads
tftp-server flash:/8832/firmware28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias firmware28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/kern8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias kern8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/kern28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias kern28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/key28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias key28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/loader8832.VO-01-004.sbn alias loader8832.VO-01-004.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/loader28832.VO-01-004.sbn alias loader28832.VO-01-004.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/oemloader28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias oemloader28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/rootfs8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias rootfs8832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/rootfs28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias rootfs28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/sb28832.VO-01-016.sbn alias sb28832.VO-01-016.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/sb228832.VO-01-016.sbn alias sb228832.VO-01-016.sbn
tftp-server flash:/8832/trustzone28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn alias trustzone28832.14-2-1-0101-26.sbn
!
voice register global
load 8832 sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26
```


Troubleshooting

Problem Report Tool

A problem report can be created via the Problem Report Tool by selecting the **Report problem** softkey at **Settings > System information**.

The date and time and problem description can be defined.

The **Customer support upload URL** option in Cisco Unified Communications Manager can be configured per phone to obtain the logs automatically or manually downloaded the logs from the phone's webpage under **Console Logs**.

Problem reporting tool		Problem description (12)		
1	Date of problem	08/24/2018	1	Phone disconnect or reboot
2	Time of problem	14:56	2	Network connection failure
3	Problem description	Please select >	3	Phone registration failure
 Submit Edit		Cancel Select		

Configure a Customer Support Upload URL

You must use a server with an upload script to receive PRT files. The PRT uses an HTTP POST mechanism, with the following parameters included in the upload (utilizing multipart MIME encoding):

- devicename (example: "SEP001122334455")
- serialno (example: "FCH12345ABC")
- username (the username configured in Cisco Unified Communications Manager, the device owner)
- prt_file (example: "probrep-20141021-162840.tar.gz")

Sample Script

```
<?php
```

```
// NOTE: you may need to edit your php.ini file to allow larger
```

```
// size file uploads to work.
```

```
// Modify the setting for upload_max_filesize
```

```
// I used: upload_max_filesize = 20M
```

```
// Retrieve the name of the uploaded file
```

```
$filename = basename($_FILES['prt_file']['name']);
```

```
// Get rid of quotes around the device name, serial number and username if they exist
```

```
$devicename = $_POST['devicename'];
```

```
$devicename = trim($devicename, "\"");
```

```
$serialno = $_POST['serialno'];
```

```
$serialno = trim($serialno, "\"");
```

```

$username = $_POST['username'];
$username = trim($username, "\"");

// where to put the file
$fullfilename = "/var/prtuploads/".$filename;

// If the file upload is unsuccessful, return a 500 error and
// inform the user to try again

if(!move_uploaded_file($_FILES['prt_file']['tmp_name'], $fullfilename)) {
    header("HTTP/1.0 500 Internal Server Error");
    die("Error: You must select a file to upload.");
}

?>

```

Phone Webpages

Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 information can be gathered remotely by accessing the phone's standard or admin webpage interfaces.

The standard webpage interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) contains read-only information regarding device information, network setup, streaming statistics, device logs etc. To access the standard webpage interface, **Web Access** must be enabled.

The admin webpage interface (<https://x.x.x.x:8443>) contains all of the info as the standard read-only page plus a few extra configurable pages (i.e. Certificates, Date and time, and Phone restart). To access the admin webpage interface, **Web Admin** must be enabled and **Admin Password** must be configured.

Device Information

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 provides device information, where network status, MAC address and version information is displayed.

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then select **Device information** to view this information.

 Device information Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)	
Device information	Service mode On-premise
Network setup	Service domain
Network statistics	Service state Idle
Ethernet information	Active network interface Wireless
Network	MAC address 0C75BD44499D
Device logs	Wireless MAC address 0C75BD44499F
Console logs	Host name SEP0C75BD44499D
Core dumps	Phone DN 1001
Status messages	App load ID rootfs8832.14-2-1-0101-26
Debug display	Boot load ID sb28832.VO-01-016
Streaming statistics	Version sip8832.14-2-1-0101-26
Stream 1	Hardware revision V02
Stream 2	Serial number FCH2342EPVX
Stream 3	Model number CP-8832
Stream 4	Message waiting No
Stream 5	UDI phone Cisco IP Phone 8832, Global CP-8832 V05 FCH2342EPVX
	Time 4:09:20pm
	Time zone America/New_York
	Date 09/25/23
	System free memory 2147483647
	Java heap free memory 7775304
	Java pool free memory 2147483647
	FIPS mode enabled No

Network Setup

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 provides network setup information, where network information is displayed.

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then select **Network setup** to view this information.



Network setup

Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)

Device information	MAC address	0C75BD44499D
Network setup	Host name	SEP0C75BD44499D
Network statistics	Domain name	cisco.com
Ethernet information	DHCP server	64.101.49.191
Network	BOOTP server	No
Device logs	DHCP	Yes
Console logs	IP address	10.81.12.21
Core dumps	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Status messages	Default router	10.81.12.1
Debug display	DNS server 1	64.102.6.247
Streaming statistics	DNS server 2	171.70.168.183
Stream 1	DNS server 3	173.36.131.10
Stream 2	Alternate TFTP	Yes
Stream 3	TFTP server 1	10.195.19.43
Stream 4	TFTP server 2	
Stream 5	DHCP address released	No
	Operational VLAN ID	4095
	Admin VLAN ID	4095
	CUCM server1	10.195.19.43 Active
	CUCM server2	
	CUCM server3	
	CUCM server4	
	CUCM server5	
	Information URL	https://10.195.19.43:8443/ccmcip/GefTelecasterHelpText.jsp
	Directories URL	https://10.195.19.43:8443/ccmcip/xmldirectory.jsp
	Messages URL	
	Services URL	https://10.195.19.43:8443/ccmcip/getservicesmenu.jsp
	Idle URL	

Streaming Statistics

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 provides call statistic information, where codec type, jitter and packet count info, etc. is displayed.

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then select the necessary menu item under **Streaming statistics** to view this information.



Streaming statistics

Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)

[Device information](#)

[Network setup](#)

Network statistics

[Ethernet information](#)

[Network](#)

Device logs

[Console logs](#)

[Core dumps](#)

[Status messages](#)

[Debug display](#)

Streaming statistics

[Stream 1](#)

[Stream 2](#)

[Stream 3](#)

[Stream 4](#)

[Stream 5](#)

Remote address	10.81.12.32/29120
Local address	10.81.12.27/22280
Start time	7:31:43pm
Stream status	Active
Host name	SEP0C75BD44499D
Sender packets	1020
Sender octets	93938
Sender codec	OPUS
Sender reports sent	4
Sender report time sent	7:32:04pm
Rcvr lost packets	1
Avg jitter	8
Receiver codec	OPUS
Receiver reports sent	0
Receiver report time sent	00:00:00
Rcvr packets	1016
Rcvr octets	62930
Cumulative conceal ratio	0.0016
Interval conceal ratio	0.0000
Max conceal ratio	0.0035
Conceal seconds	3
Severely conceal seconds	0
Latency	65
Max jitter	30
Sender size	20 ms
Sender reports received	3
Sender report time received	7:32:00pm
Receiver size	20 ms
Receiver discarded	1

Device Logs

Console logs, core dumps, status messages, and debug display can be obtained from the web interface of Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 for troubleshooting purposes.

Console Logs

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then select **Console Logs** to view this information.

The screenshot shows the Cisco console logs interface for a Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D). The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with the following items: Device information, Network setup, Network statistics, Ethernet information, Network, Device logs, Console logs, Core dumps, Status messages, Debug display, Streaming statistics, Stream 1, Stream 2, Stream 3, Stream 4, and Stream 5. The main content area features a 'Report problem' button, followed by the heading 'Current logs in /var/log:' and a list of log files: messages and messages.0. Below this is the heading 'Archived logs in /cisco/logsave/main:' and a list of 20 archived log files, each with a timestamp and filename: main_20230925_231501.tar.gz through main_20230925_031501.tar.gz.

A Problem Report Tool (PRT) log can be generated from **Device logs > Console logs** by selecting **Report problem**. **PRT Status: collecting** will be displayed after **Report problem** has been selected.

This screenshot shows the same Cisco console logs interface as the previous one, but with the 'PRT Status: collecting' message displayed in the main content area. The navigation menu on the left is partially visible, showing 'Device information', 'Network setup', 'Network statistics', 'Ethernet information', and 'Network'. The log lists for 'Current logs in /var/log:' and 'Archived logs in /cisco/logsave/main:' are also visible, with the current logs list showing messages, messages.0, and messages.1.

PRT Status: completed will be displayed when the PRT log collection has completed and the file is available for download.

The PRT log will remain (even if the phone is rebooted) until the PRT log collection process is invoked again.

Core Dumps

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then select **Core dumps** to view this information.


A Java core dump can be generated from **Device logs > Core dumps** by selecting **Generate java core&heapdump**.

The Java core dump log will remain until the phone is rebooted or the Java core dump log collection process is invoked again.

	<h2>Core dumps</h2> <p>Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device information Network setup Network statistics Ethernet information Network 	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <input type="button" value="Generate java core&heapdump"/> <input type="button" value="Delete java core&heapdump"/> </div> <p>javacoredump.tar.gz</p>

Status Messages

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then **Status messages** to view this information.

	<h2>Status messages</h2> <p>Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device information Network setup Network statistics Ethernet information Network Device logs Console logs Core dumps Status messages Debug display Streaming statistics Stream 1 Stream 2 Stream 3 Stream 4 Stream 5 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [9:49:48am 09/22/23] ITL installed [9:49:49am 09/22/23] SEP0C75BD44499D.cnf.xml.sgn(HTTP) [9:49:51am 09/22/23] oAuth mode disabled [7:10:34pm 09/25/23] UCM-closed-TCP [7:10:35pm 09/25/23] ITL installed [7:10:36pm 09/25/23] SEP0C75BD44499D.cnf.xml.sgn(HTTP) [7:10:38pm 09/25/23] oAuth mode disabled [7:13:07pm 09/25/23] ITL installed [7:13:08pm 09/25/23] SEP0C75BD44499D.cnf.xml.sgn(HTTP) [7:13:10pm 09/25/23] oAuth mode disabled

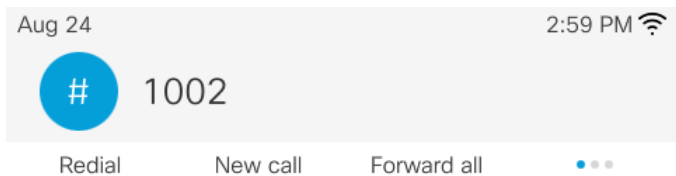
Debug Display

Browse to the standard web interface (<https://x.x.x.x>) of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 then select **Debug display** to view this information.

	<h2 style="text-align: center;">Debug display</h2> <p style="text-align: center;">Cisco IP Phone CP-8832 (SEP0C75BD44499D)</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device information Network setup Network statistics Ethernet information Network Device logs Console logs Core dumps Status messages Debug display Streaming statistics Stream 1 Stream 2 Stream 3 Stream 4 Stream 5 	<pre>[11:40:19pm 09/19/23] DeviceName=SEP0C75BD44499D DeviceIPv4Address=10.81.12.21/24 IPv4DefaultGateway=10.81.12.1 DeviceIPv6Address= IPv6DefaultGateway= ModelNumber=CP-8832 NeighborIPv4Address= NeighborIPv6Address= NeighborDeviceID= NeighborPortID= DHCPv4Status=1 DHCPv6Status=3 TFTPcfgStatus=1 DNSStatusUnifiedCM1=0 DNSStatusUnifiedCM2=0 DNSStatusUnifiedCM3=0 DNSv6StatusUnifiedCM1=0 DNSv6StatusUnifiedCM2=0 DNSv6StatusUnifiedCM3=0 VoiceVLAN= UnifiedCMIPAddress=10.195.19.43 LocalPort=50600 TimeStamp=1695181219738 ReasonForOutOfService=107 LastProtocolEventSent=Sent:SIP/2.0 200 OK Cseq:101 NOTIFY CallId:5f710400-1ef1756a- 11a-2b13c30a@10.195.19.43 LastProtocolEventReceived=Rcvd:SIP/2.0 200 OK Cseq:21192 REGISTER CallId:0c75bd44-499d000d-752b5330-5cb9da8f@10.81.12.21 ReasonForOutOfServiceText=LastTimeUpgrade ActiveInterface=Wireless [11:36:21pm 09/19/23] DeviceTLInfo DeviceName=SEP0C75BD44499D IPv4Address=10.81.12.21 IPv6Address=CTL_Signature=Not InstalledCTL_TFTP_Server=N/AITL_Signature=8E 63 CE CF 2F 4D 99 65 B0 A9 4F 05 67 11 A3 6C AD 03 81 F9 ITL_TFTP_Server=cucm-14.cisco.comStatusCode=3 [11:36:51pm 09/19/23] DeviceTLInfo DeviceName=SEP0C75BD44499D IPv4Address=10.81.12.21 IPv6Address=CTL_Signature=Not InstalledCTL_TFTP_Server=N/AITL_Signature=8E 63 CE CF 2F 4D 99 65 B0 A9 4F 05 67 11 A3 6C AD 03 81 F9 ITL_TFTP_Server=cucm-14.cisco.comStatusCode=3 [11:36:56pm 09/19/23] DeviceName=SEP0C75BD44499D DeviceIPv4Address=10.81.12.21/24 IPv4DefaultGateway=10.81.12.1 DeviceIPv6Address= IPv6DefaultGateway= ModelNumber=CP-8832 NeighborIPv4Address= NeighborIPv6Address= NeighborDeviceID= NeighborPortID= DHCPv4Status=1 DHCPv6Status=3 TFTPcfgStatus=1 DNSStatusUnifiedCM1=0 DNSStatusUnifiedCM2=0 DNSStatusUnifiedCM3=0 DNSv6StatusUnifiedCM1=0 DNSv6StatusUnifiedCM2=0 DNSv6StatusUnifiedCM3=0 VoiceVLAN= UnifiedCMIPAddress=10.195.19.43 LocalPort=52055 TimeStamp=1695181219738 ReasonForOutOfService=107 LastProtocolEventSent=Sent:REFER sip:10.195.19.43 SIP/2.0 Cseq:1000 REFER CallId:0c75bd44-499d005f-1545ce0a-43ff6200@10.81.12.21 LastProtocolEventReceived=Rcvd:SIP/2.0 200 OK Cseq:21192 REGISTER CallId:0c75bd44-499d000d-752b5330-5cb9da8f@10.81.12.21 ReasonForOutOfServiceText=LastTimeUpgrade ActiveInterface=Wireless</pre>

WLAN Signal Indicator

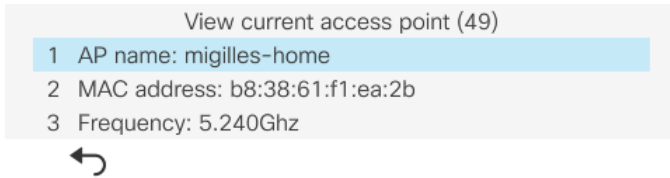
The WLAN signal indicator is displayed in the upper right hand corner of the main screen when the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is connected to an access point.



Current Access Point

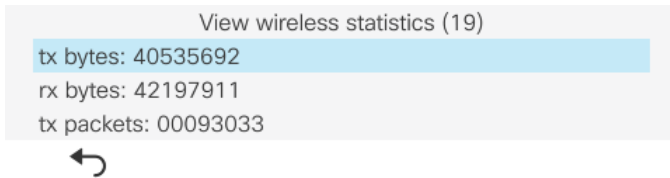
The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 only shows the current access point (no neighbor list). To view current access point details go to **Settings > Status > Current access point**.

The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is constantly scanning regardless of current signal or call state to discover new access points.



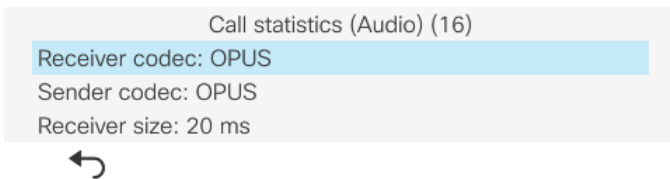
WLAN Statistics

Wireless statistic information can be viewed locally on the phone under **Settings > Status > Wireless statistics**.



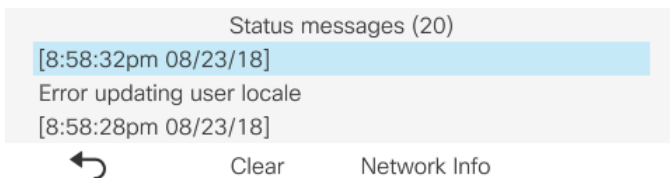
Call Statistics

Call statistic information can be viewed locally on the phone under **Settings > Status > Call statistics**.



Status Messages

Status messages can be viewed locally on the phone under **Settings > Status > Status messages**.



Restoring Factory Defaults

The configuration of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be reset to factory defaults by selecting **Settings > Admin settings > Reset settings > All settings**.

A confirmation screen will appear where **Reset** must be selected to proceed with the factory data reset.



If the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 is not able to boot properly, a factory reset can also be initiated via the following procedure:

- Turn the phone off by disconnecting the power.
- Press and hold the # key, then power on the phone.
- Keep the # key held until the LED bar light turns **White**.
- Once the LED bar light turns **White**, release the # key.
- Then press **1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 * 0 #**.
- The LED bar light will turn **Green** a few moments later to indicate the factory reset sequence has been accepted.
- The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will then continue the normal boot process and have the factory settings restored.

To boot the alternate image, perform the following procedure.

- Turn the phone off by disconnecting the power.
- Press and hold the * key, then power on the phone.
- Keep the * key held until the LED bar light turns **Green** then off.
- Once the LED bar light turns off, release the * key.
- The Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 will then boot using the alternate image.

Note: Prior to attempting to boot the alternate image, ensure the phone load specified in Cisco Unified Communications Manager for that individual phone matches the alternate image name; otherwise the phone may simply re-apply the previous load once it connects to Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

Capturing a Screenshot of the Phone Display

The current display of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 can be captured by browsing to <http://x.x.x.x/CGI/Screenshot>, where x.x.x.x is the IP address of the Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832. At the prompt enter the username and password for the account that the Cisco IP Phone is associated to in Cisco Unified Communications Manager.

Additional Documentation

Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Data Sheet

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/datasheet-c78-739624.html>

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Administration Guide

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-maintenance-guides-list.html>

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series User Guide

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-user-guide-list.html>

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Quick Start Guide

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-user-guide-list.html>

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Release Notes

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/collaboration-endpoints/unified-ip-phone-8800-series/products-release-notes-list.html>

Cisco IP Phone 8800 Series Software

<https://software.cisco.com/download/home/284729655>

Cisco Unified Communications Manager

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/unified-communications-manager-callmanager/series.html>

Cisco Unified Communications Manager Express

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/unified-communications-manager-express/series.html>

Cisco Voice Software

<https://software.cisco.com/download/home/278875240>

Real-Time Traffic over Wireless LAN Design Guide

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Mobility/RToWLAN/CCVP_BK_R7805F20_00_rtowlan-srnd.html

Cisco Unified Communications Design Guides

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/unified-communications/unified-communications-manager-callmanager/products-implementation-design-guides-list.html>

Cisco AireOS Wireless LAN Controller Documentation

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/wireless/5500-series-wireless-controllers/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html>

Cisco IP Conference Phone 8832 Wireless LAN Deployment Guide

Cisco Catalyst IOS XE Wireless LAN Controller Documentation

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/wireless/catalyst-9800-series-wireless-controllers/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html>

Cisco Mobility Express Documentation

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/wireless/mobility-express/products-installation-and-configuration-guides-list.html>

Cisco Autonomous Access Point Documentation

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/wireless/access_point/atnms-ap-8x/configuration/guide/cg-book.html

Cisco Meraki Wireless LAN Documentation

<https://documentation.meraki.com>

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